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SWIRE PACIFIC LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)
(Stock Codes: 00019 and 00087)

2013 Interim Results

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Financial Highlights

| | | Six | months ende | ed | Year ended |
|--|---------|----------|-------------|--------|---------------|
| | | | 30th June | | 31st December |
| | - | 2013 | 2012 | Change | 2012 |
| | Note | HK\$M | HK\$M | % | HK\$M |
| | _ | | (Restated) | | (Restated) |
| Turnover | _ | 23,776 | 22,075 | 8% | 49,040 |
| Operating profit | | 8,783 | 11,330 | -22% | 23,487 |
| Profit attributable to the Company's shareholders | | 6,608 | 8,420 | -22% | 17,410 |
| Cash generated from operations | | 6,572 | 2,439 | 169% | 10,961 |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) before financing | | 1,043 | (5,109) | N/A | (1,816) |
| Total equity (including non-controlling interests) | | 253,702 | 237,611 | 7% | 248,382 |
| Net debt | | 47,524 | 44,325 | 7% | 44,254 |
| | - | HK\$ | HK\$ | | HK\$ |
| Earnings per share | (a) | | | | |
| 'A' share | | 4.39 | 5.60 | -22% | 11.57 |
| 'B' share | | 0.88 | 1.12 | -22% | 2.31 |
| | - | HK\$ | HK\$ | | HK\$ |
| Dividends per share | - | · | · | | <u> </u> |
| 'A' share | | 1.00 | 1.00 | | 3.50 |
| 'B' share | | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0% | 0.70 |
| | - | HK\$ | HK\$ | | HK\$ |
| Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders | - | • | * | | |
| per share | (b) | | | | |
| 'A' share | | 141.38 | 132.46 | | 138.55 |
| 'B' share | | 28.28 | 26.49 | 7% | 27.71 |
| | - | | | | |
| UNDERLYING PROFIT AND EQUITY | | Six | months ende | d | Year ended |
| | _ | | 30th June | | 31st December |
| | | 2013 | 2012 | Change | 2012 |
| | | HK\$M | HK\$M | % | HK\$M |
| | _ | | (Restated) | | (Restated) |
| Underlying profit attributable to the Company's | | | | | |
| shareholders | (c) | 3,297 | 2,234 | 48% | 8,270 |
| | - | HK\$ | HK\$ | | HK\$ |
| Underlying earnings per share | (a) | | | | |
| 'A' share | | 2.19 | 1.48 | 4007 | 5.50 |
| 'B' share | | 0.44 | 0.30 | 48% | 1.10 |
| | - | HK\$ | HK\$ | | HK\$ |
| Underlying equity attributable to the Company's | - | <u> </u> | ī | | |
| shareholders per share | (b),(c) | | | | |
| 'A' share | . , , , | 145.74 | 135.96 | | 142.37 |
| 'B' share | | 29.15 | 27.19 | 7% | 28.47 |
| | - | | | | |

Notes

- (a) Refer to note 10 to the interim accounts for the weighted average number of shares.
- (b) Refer to the glossary on page 71 for the definition of equity and underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per share.
- (c) A reconciliation between the reported and underlying profit and equity attributable to the Company's shareholders is provided on page 29.

Chairman's Statement

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

Our consolidated profit attributable to shareholders for the first half of 2013 was HK\$6,608 million, HK\$1,812 million lower than for the first half of 2012. Underlying profit attributable to shareholders, which principally adjusts for changes in the valuation of investment properties, increased by HK\$1,063 million to HK\$3,297 million. Adjusted to exclude the effect of non-recurring items, underlying profit increased by HK\$972 million to HK\$3,197 million.

This increase in adjusted underlying profit reflects higher profits from the Property, Beverages and Marine Services Divisions. Within the Aviation Division, there were improved results from the Cathay Pacific group and lower profits from the Hong Kong Aircraft Engineering Company Limited ("HAECO") group. The profit of the Trading & Industrial Division decreased.

DIVIDENDS

The Directors have declared first interim dividends of HK\$1.00 (2012: HK\$1.00) per 'A' share and HK\$0.20 (2012: HK\$0.20) per 'B' share for the period ended 30th June 2013. The first interim dividends, which total HK\$1,505 million (2012: HK\$1,505 million), will be paid on 4th October 2013 to shareholders registered at the close of business on the record date, being Friday, 13th September 2013. Shares of the Company will be traded ex-dividend as from Wednesday, 11th September 2013.

The register of members will be closed on Friday, 13th September 2013, during which day no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for entitlement to the first interim dividends, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrars, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 12th September 2013.

HALF-YEAR OPERATING PERFORMANCE

Attributable underlying profit from the Property Division increased by HK\$279 million to HK\$2,190 million in the first half of 2013. The increase reflected positive rental reversions from the investment property portfolio in Hong Kong and at Taikoo Hui in Guangzhou and Taikoo Li Sanlitun in Beijing. A property trading profit of HK\$158 million, principally from sales of units in the AZURA residential development in Hong Kong, also contributed to the increase. Performance at the hotel portfolio deteriorated due to operating losses in Mainland China.

The Property Division's net investment property valuation gain, before deferred tax in Mainland China, in the first half of 2013 was HK\$4,680 million, compared to a net gain in the first half of 2012 of HK\$7,846 million.

The Aviation Division recorded an attributable profit of HK\$271 million for the first half of 2013, compared to a loss of HK\$88 million in the first half of 2012. Cathay Pacific's core business continued to be affected by the high price of jet fuel and persistently weak air cargo demand, although there was some improvement in the passenger business. As a result of measures introduced in 2012 designed to protect the business from the high price of jet fuel, certain operating costs were significantly lower and the financial performance improved accordingly. Cathay Pacific group contributed a profit of HK\$11 million, compared with a loss of HK\$419 million in the first half of 2012. revenue for the period increased by 1%, compared with a 5% decrease in capacity. Demand on long-haul routes was strong, but regional demand did not increase with capacity, which put yields under pressure. Air cargo markets continued to be weak. There was a 2% reduction in the tonnage carried and the group's cargo revenue decreased by 5% to HK\$11,278 million.

The results of the HAECO group deteriorated in the first half of 2013. Profit attributable to shareholders was HK\$269 million, a decrease of HK\$72 million or 21% from the corresponding figure in 2012. HAECO's line maintenance business grew in line with aircraft movements at Hong Kong International Airport. HAECO's airframe maintenance business was affected by a shortage of skilled and semi-skilled labour. Manhours sold for this business fell by 18% to 1.3 million compared to the same period in 2012. Results from Taikoo (Xiamen) Engineering Company Limited ("TAECO") improved, reflecting higher demand for its airframe maintenance services. Hong Kong Aero Engine Services Limited ("HAESL")'s profit, including that derived from its interest in Singapore Aero Engine Services Pte. Limited ("SAESL"), was at a similar level to 2012. In general, the operating results of the HAECO group's joint ventures in Mainland China improved as output increased.

The Beverages Division recorded attributable profit of HK\$355 million in the first half of 2013, an increase of 65% compared to the first half of 2012. Excluding a non-recurring profit of HK\$69 million in the first half of 2013, the division reported a 33% increase in attributable profit. Overall sales volume grew by 1% to 476 million unit cases. Mainland China benefited from lower raw material costs and a favourable sales mix. Hong Kong benefited from price increases, lower raw material costs and effective management of other costs. Taiwan recorded a loss, reflecting lower sales and reduced prices. The USA results also suffered from downward pressure on prices.

The Marine Services Division reported an attributable profit of HK\$679 million, a 71% increase from the same period in 2012. Excluding the profit of HK\$60 million on disposal of four vessels by Swire Pacific Offshore ("SPO"), an attributable profit of HK\$8 million on disposal of one vessel by Hong Kong Salvage & Towage in the first half of 2013 and the profit of HK\$14 million on disposal of three vessels by SPO in the first half of 2012, the division reported a 60% increase in profit in the first half of 2013. SPO's benefited from the additional contribution from new vessels. SPO's overall fleet utilisation fell by 2.3 percentage points to 87%. Average daily charter hire rates rose by 30%, reflecting the higher day rates achieved by SPO's new specialised vessels.

Attributable profit from the Trading & Industrial Division in the first half of 2013 decreased by 9% to HK\$96 million. The decrease principally reflected a combination of weaker results from Taikoo Motors, due to the adverse effect of a product recall on passenger car sales in Taiwan, and better results from Akzo Nobel Swire Paints.

FINANCE

In the first half of 2013, we raised HK\$9,806 million of new finance. This principally comprised issues of HK dollar and US dollar denominated medium-term notes under the Group's medium-term note programmes. The remaining finance raised consisted of HK dollar, US dollar and Renminbi bank loans.

Net debt at 30th June 2013 was HK\$47,524 million, an increase of HK\$3,270 million since 31st December 2012. The increase principally reflects investments in property projects in Mainland China and Hong Kong and in new vessels for SPO. Gearing increased by 0.9 percentage points to 18.7%. Cash and undrawn committed facilities totalled HK\$22,887 million at 30th June 2013, compared with HK\$22,452 million at 31st December 2012.

PROSPECTS

Demand for the Group's office space in Hong Kong is likely to be affected by continued market weakness, particularly in the Central district of Hong Kong. At Island East, rents are expected to remain robust due to high occupancy. Despite caution from some retailers, demand for retail space in Hong Kong continues to be strong at prime locations and well-managed malls and rents are expected to continue to increase, albeit at a more moderate pace than hitherto.

In Mainland China, retail sales are expected to remain firm, with particularly strong growth in Guangzhou. Demand for office space in Guangzhou is likely to remain weak due to oversupply.

Trading conditions in the second half of 2013 for the hotel portfolio in Mainland China are expected to be difficult due to weak demand and increasing supply.

Demand for luxury residential properties in Hong Kong is expected to remain weak following the imposition of higher levels of stamp duties. In the second half of 2013, property trading profits are expected to arise on the completion of sales of seven pre-sold units at ARGENTA and any further sales of unsold units at the completed developments.

While the Cathay Pacific group continued to operate in a difficult environment in the first six months of 2013, it was pleasing to see some improvement in its business. Cathay Pacific will continue to invest to make its business stronger. It will remain focused on its long-term goals while managing short-term difficulties. The outlook for the rest of 2013 is unclear, but the core strengths of the business remain firmly in place.

The HAECO group's airframe maintenance business in the second half of 2013 is likely to be weak and in any event to continue to be affected by a shortage of skilled and semi-skilled labour. Demand for TAECO's airframe maintenance services is expected to be good. HAESL's performance in the second half of 2013 is expected to be affected by a reduction in demand for engine overhaul services. In general, the joint ventures in Mainland China are expected to continue to increase output, but are likely to continue to be affected by under-utilisation of facilities.

The Beverages Division is expected to produce good results in the second half of the year. Raw material costs remain low and sales volume increases are expected in Mainland China and Hong Kong. Prices are likely to rise in Hong Kong and the USA. The Taiwan operations are expected to remain weak.

SPO is optimistic about the market for offshore support vessels. The oil price remains strong and demand for larger and more sophisticated vessels is expected to increase in the second half of 2013 and beyond as a result of a projected rise in spending on offshore exploration and production. SPO is well-placed to meet this demand as a result of its fleet expansion.

With the exception of Taikoo Motors, the outlook for the second half of 2013 for the businesses of the Trading & Industrial Division is stable.

Christopher Pratt

Chairman Hong Kong, 15th August 2013

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS Property Division

Swire Properties' property investment portfolio in Hong Kong comprises office and retail premises in prime locations, serviced apartments and other luxury residential accommodation. The completed portfolio in Hong Kong totals 14.1 million square feet of gross floor area. In Mainland China, Swire Properties has interests in major commercial mixed-use developments in Guangzhou, Beijing, Shanghai and Chengdu, which will total 8.8 million square feet on completion. Of this, 6.3 million square feet has already been completed. In the United States, Swire Properties is the primary developer undertaking a mixed-use commercial development at Brickell CityCentre in Miami, Florida. On completion after two phases of development, Brickell CityCentre is expected to comprise approximately 2.9 million square feet (5.4 million square feet including car park and circulation areas). Swire Properties was responsible for the redevelopment of OPUS HONG KONG at 53 Stubbs Road, which is owned by Swire Pacific. Swire Properties is responsible for the leasing and management of the property.

Swire Properties wholly-owns and manages, through Swire Hotels, two hotels in Hong Kong, The Upper House at Pacific Place and EAST at Island East. Swire Properties has a 20% interest in each of the JW Marriott, Conrad Hong Kong and Island Shangri-La hotels at Pacific Place and in the Novotel Citygate in Tung Chung. In Mainland China, Swire Hotels manages two hotels, The Opposite House at Taikoo Li Sanlitun (formerly known as Sanlitun Village) in Beijing, which is wholly-owned, and EAST at INDIGO, Beijing, in which Swire Properties owns a 50% interest. At Taikoo Hui in Guangzhou, Swire Properties owns a 97% interest in the Mandarin Oriental, which opened in January 2013. In the United Kingdom, Swire Properties wholly-owns four hotels. In the United States, Swire Properties owns a 75% interest in the Mandarin Oriental Hotel in Miami.

Swire Properties' trading portfolio comprises five luxury residential projects under development in Hong Kong, a residential complex under development at Brickell CityCentre in Miami, an office property under development as part of the Daci Temple project in Chengdu and the remaining units at the completed developments at ARGENTA, AZURA and 5 Star Street in Hong Kong and at the completed ASIA development in Miami. There are also land banks in Miami and Fort Lauderdale in Florida in the United States.

Financial Highlights

| | Six months | ended | Year ended | |
|---|------------|--------|---------------|--|
| | 30th Ju | ne | 31st December | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 | |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | |
| Turnover | | | | |
| Gross rental income derived from | | | | |
| Offices | 2,619 | 2,460 | 5,008 | |
| Retail | 1,931 | 1,761 | 3,675 | |
| Residential | 161 | 169 | 332 | |
| Other revenue * | 41 | 44 | 108 | |
| Property investment | 4,752 | 4,434 | 9,123 | |
| Property trading | 571 | 99 | 4,147 | |
| Hotels | 431 | 374 | 782 | |
| Total turnover | 5,754 | 4,907 | 14,052 | |
| Operating profit/(loss) derived from | | | | |
| Property investment | 3,538 | 3,259 | 6,849 | |
| Valuation gains on investment properties | 4,016 | 7,043 | 12,159 | |
| Sale of investment properties | - | - | 12 | |
| Property trading | 278 | (18) | 2,395 | |
| Hotels | (44) | 7 | (39) | |
| Total operating profit | 7,788 | 10,291 | 21,376 | |
| Share of post-tax profits from joint venture and associated companies | 717 | 811 | 821 | |
| Attributable profit | 6,897 | 9,794 | 18,637 | |
| Swire Pacific share of attributable profit | 5,656 | 8,031 | 15,282 | |

^{*} Other revenue is mainly estate management fees.

Note: Swire Pacific has implemented the revised HKAS19: Employee Benefits (effective from 1st January 2013), which requires retrospective application. As a result, the 2012 half-year and full-year comparative results for the division have been restated from those in the Group's 2012 half-year and full-year statutory accounts.

Additional information is provided below to reconcile reported and underlying profit attributable to shareholders. These reconciling items principally adjust for net revaluation movements on investment properties and the associated deferred tax in Mainland China and for other deferred tax provisions in relation to investment properties.

| | (a) (b) (c) (d) | Six months | ended | Year ended | |
|---|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------|--|
| | (a) (b) | 30th Ju | ne | 31st December | |
| | _ | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 | |
| | Note | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | |
| Reported attributable profit | | 6,897 | 9,794 | 18,637 | |
| Adjustments in respect of investment properties: | | | | | |
| Revaluation of investment properties | (a) | (4,680) | (7,846) | (12,751) | |
| Deferred tax on investment properties | (b) | 409 | 355 | 661 | |
| Realised profit on sale of investment properties | (c) | 23 | - | 176 | |
| Depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group | (d) | 10 | 10 | 20 | |
| Non-controlling interests' share of revaluation movements | | | | | |
| less deferred tax | | 11 | 19 | 17 | |
| Underlying attributable profit | | 2,670 | 2,332 | 6,760 | |
| Swire Pacific share of underlying attributable profit | | 2,190 | 1,911 | 5,543 | |
| | _ | | | | |

Notes

- (a) This represents the Group's net revaluation movements plus the Group's share of net revaluation movements of joint venture and associated companies.
- (b) This represents deferred tax movements on the Group's investment properties and the Group's share of deferred tax movements on investment properties held by joint venture and associated companies. These comprise deferred tax on revaluation movements on investment properties in Mainland China and deferred tax provisions made in respect of investment properties held for the long-term where it is considered that the liability will not reverse for some considerable time.
- (c) Prior to the implementation of HKAS 40, changes in the fair value of investment properties were recorded in the revaluation reserve rather than the statement of profit or loss. On sale, the revaluation gains were transferred from the revaluation reserve to the statement of profit or loss.
- (d) Prior to the implementation of HKAS 40, no depreciation was charged on investment properties occupied by the Group.

Property Division - Movement in Underlying Profit on a 100% basis

| | HK\$M |
|---|-------|
| Underlying profit for six months ended 30th June 2012 | 2,332 |
| Increase in profit from property investment | 241 |
| Movement from loss to profit from property trading | 208 |
| Movement from profit to loss from hotels | (85) |
| Others | (26) |
| Underlying profit for six months ended 30th June 2013 | 2,670 |

RESULTS SUMMARY

Attributable profit from the Property Division for the first half of 2013 was HK\$5,656 million compared to HK\$8,031 million in the first half of 2012. These figures include net property valuation gains, before deferred tax in Mainland China, of HK\$4,680 million and HK\$7,846 million respectively. Underlying profit, which principally adjusts for changes in the valuation of investment properties, increased by HK\$279 million to HK\$2,190 million.

The increase in profit from property investment reflects positive rental reversions in Hong Kong and Mainland China.

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Gross rental income amounted to HK\$4,711 million in the first half of 2013, compared with HK\$4,390 million in the first half of 2012, reflecting positive rental reversions at the office and retail properties in Hong Kong and at TaiKoo Hui in Guanazhou and Taikoo Li Sanlitun in Beijing.

An operating profit of HK\$278 million from property trading activities was recognised in the first half of 2013. This largely comprised profits on closings of 12 residential units at AZURA in Hong Kong.

The performance of the hotel portfolio deteriorated due to operating losses in Mainland China.

KEY CHANGES TO THE PROPERTY PORTFOLIO

In March 2013, the company which owns the existing Citygate Outlets development at Tung Chung in Hong Kong (in which the Group has a 20% equity interest) won a tender to develop an adjacent commercial site.

In July 2013, Swire Properties acquired a plot of land adjacent to the Brickell CityCentre development in Miami, Florida, U.S.A.

| Principal Property Investme | ent Portfolio - Gross Flo | or Area ('000 s | quare feet) | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|--------|---------------|
| | | 41.00 | | | | At 31st |
| l a a arti a m | Offices | | h June 2013 | Dooldonkini | Total | December 2012 |
| Location | Offices | Retail | Hotels | Residential | Total | Total |
| Completed | | | | | | |
| Pacific Place | 2,186 | 711 | 496 | 443 | 3,836 | 3,836 |
| TaiKoo Place | 6,180 * | - | - | - | 6,180 | 6,180 |
| Cityplaza | 1,633 | 1,105 | 200 | - | 2,938 | 2,938 |
| Others | 410 | 608 | 47 | 98 | 1,163 | 1,163 |
| - Hong Kong | 10,409 | 2,424 | 743 | 541 | 14,117 | 14,117 |
| Taikoo Li Sanlitun | - | 1,296 | 169 | - | 1,465 | 1,465 |
| TaiKoo Hui | 1,732 | 1,473 | 584 | 52 | 3,841 | 3,841 |
| INDIGO | 298 | 470 | 179 | - | 947 | 947 |
| Others | - | 91 | - | - | 91 | 91 |
| - Mainland China | 2,030 | 3,330 | 932 | 52 | 6,344 | 6,344 |
| - United States | - | - | 259 | - | 259 | 259 |
| - United Kingdom | <u> </u> | - | 208 | - | 208 | 208 |
| Total completed | 12,439 | 5,754 | 2,142 | 593 | 20,928 | 20,928 |
| Under and pending develo | pment | | | | | |
| - Hong Kong | (28) ** | 105 | - | 63 | 140 | 47 |
| - Mainland China | 922 | 1,111 | 354 | 41 | 2,428 | 2,428 |
| - United States | 982 | 505 | 218 | 102 | 1,807 | 1,807 |
| Total | 14,315 | 7,475 | 2,714 | 799 | 25,303 | 25,210 |

Gross floor area represents 100% of space owned by Group companies and the Group's attributable share of space held by joint venture and associated companies.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Hong Kong

Office

The Hong Kong office portfolio's gross rental income for the first half of 2013 increased by 5% compared with the first half of 2012, to HK\$2,481 million. This reflected positive rental reversions, particularly at Island East. At 30th June 2013 the office occupancy rate was 98%.

Refurbishment of the property at 8 Queen's Road East is complete and the property has been handed over to the tenant. The entire building has been leased for a ten-year term. 28 Hennessy Road, which was completed in the second half of 2012, continues to attract interest from businesses currently located in Central and Causeway Bay.

^{*} Includes 1.8 million square feet at the three techno-centres (Somerset House, Warwick House and Cornwall House).

^{**} Somerset House is due to be demolished for development in the second half of 2013. Once complete, the total gross floor area will be approximately 28,000 square feet lower than it is currently.

Retail

The Hong Kong retail portfolio's gross rental income for the first half of 2013 increased by 7% compared with the first half of 2012, to HK\$1,277 million. Occupancy levels at the division's whollyowned malls were 100%. Retail sales in the Group's retail malls were 6% higher than in the first half of 2012.

Investment Properties under Construction

The property at 23 Tong Chong Street in Quarry Bay is being redeveloped into serviced apartments and is expected to be completed in 2014. The aggregate floor area upon completion will be approximately 75,000 square feet.

Outlook

Demand for the Group's office space in Hong Kong is likely to be affected by continued market weakness, particularly in the Central district of Hong Kong. At Island East, rents are expected to remain robust due to high occupancy. Despite caution from some retailers, demand for retail space in Hong Kong continues to be strong at prime locations and well-managed malls and rents are expected to continue to increase, albeit at a more moderate pace than hitherto.

Mainland China

Retail

The Mainland China retail portfolio's gross rental income for the first half of 2013 was HK\$654 million, an increase of 14% compared to the same period in 2012.

In April 2013, Sanlitun Village was renamed Taikoo Li Sanlitun. Gross rental income growth at this development reflected continued improvement in reversionary rents. At 30th June 2013, occupancy rates were 94% at Taikoo Li Sanlitun South and 89% at Taikoo Li Sanlitun North.

On 7th August 2013, GC Acquisitions VI Limited ("GCA"), which holds a 20% interest in the retail portion of the Taikoo Li Sanlitun development in Beijing, gave notice of its intention to exercise its option to sell that 20% interest to a subsidiary of the Company at a fair price as at 31st December 2013 based on that percentage interest. The fair price will reflect the fair market value of the portions of Taikoo Li Sanlitun in which GCA is interested, subject to certain agreed assumptions and adjustments. The sale is expected to be completed in early 2014.

Retail sales at the TaiKoo Hui development in Guangzhou continue to be encouraging. The mall was 99% leased at 30th June 2013.

At INDIGO in Beijing, tenants (including those signing letters of intent) have committed to take 88% of the retail space. 78% of the shops in the development are open and trading. Footfall and retail sales are expected to continue to increase in the second half of the year.

Office

The Mainland China office portfolio's gross rental income for the first half of 2013 was HK\$129 million, an increase of 61% compared to the same period in 2012.

Occupancy has steadily increased at the office portion of the TaiKoo Hui development. This is despite the challenging market conditions in Guangzhou. Occupancy was 85% at 30th June 2013.

Occupancy at ONE INDIGO in Beijing was 95% at 30th June 2013. The office market outside central Beijing was relatively subdued in the first half of the year following a rapid take-up of space in 2012.

Investment Properties under Construction

Superstructure works at the Daci Temple project in Chengdu are in progress. The retail portion of the project has been named Sino-Ocean Taikoo Li Chengdu and the hotel and serviced apartment portion has been named The Temple House. The development is expected to open in phases from 2014.

Site clearance at the development at Dazhongli in Shanghai has been completed and above ground works are in progress. The development is expected to open in phases from 2016. This mixed-use development will comprise a retail mall, offices and hotels.

Outlook

In Mainland China, retail sales are expected to remain firm with particularly strong growth in Guangzhou. Demand for office space in Guangzhou is likely to remain weak due to oversupply.

USA

The 2.9 million square foot mixed-use development in Miami, Brickell CityCentre, comprises a multi-level shopping centre (with below ground parking) and office, hotel and residential elements. Swire Properties owns 100% of the office, hotel and residential portions of the development, and 87.5% of the retail portion.

Phase 1 of the development comprises the shopping centre, a hotel and serviced apartments (to be managed by Swire Hotels under the EAST brand), two office buildings and two residential towers. Construction work commenced in 2012, with completion scheduled for the latter half of 2015.

Valuation of Investment Properties

The portfolio of investment properties was valued at 30th June 2013 (96% by value having been valued by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung) on the basis of open market value. The amount of this valuation, before associated deferred tax in Mainland China, was HK\$209,899 HK\$205,273 compared to million at December 2012 and HK\$199,300 million at 30th June 2012.

The increase in valuation of the investment property portfolio principally reflects higher rents at the Island East offices in Hong Kong.

Under HKAS 40, hotel properties are not accounted for as investment properties but are included within property, plant and equipment at cost less accumulated depreciation and any provision for impairment losses.

| Financial Information Reviewed by Auditors | |
|---|---------|
| Investment Properties | HK\$M |
| At 1st January 2013 | 205,273 |
| Translation differences | 347 |
| Additions | 1,168 |
| Net transfers to property, plant and equipment | (750) |
| Net fair value gains | 3,861 |
| At 30th June 2013 | 209,899 |
| Add: Initial leasing costs | 298 |
| At 30th June 2013 (including initial leasing costs) | 210,197 |
| At 1st January 2013 (including initial leasing costs) | 205,588 |

HOTELS

Hong Kong

Swire Properties wholly-owns and manages two hotels in Hong Kong, The Upper House, a 117-room luxury hotel at Pacific Place, and EAST, a 345-room hotel at Island East.

The wholly-owned hotels performed well in the first half of 2013, with improvements derived from steady growth in room rates and food and beverage sales.

Swire Properties has a 20% interest in each of the JW Marriott, Conrad Hong Kong and Island Shangri-La hotels at Pacific Place and in the Novotel Citygate in Tung Chung. Performance at the non-managed hotels was steady.

Mainland China

Swire Hotels manages two hotels in Mainland China, The Opposite House, a 99-room luxury hotel at Taikoo Li Sanlitun, Beijing, and EAST, Beijing, a 369-room hotel at INDIGO. Swire Properties owns the whole of The Opposite House and 50% of EAST, Beijing. Swire Properties owns 97% of, but does not manage, the newly opened Mandarin Oriental at Taikoo Hui, Guangzhou, which has 263 rooms and 24 serviced apartments.

Trading conditions in Beijing were challenging in the first half of 2013 due to a significant increase in the supply of new hotel rooms. Business declined at The Opposite House but costs were carefully managed. EAST, Beijing has been gradually building a loyal corporate clientele since its opening in September 2012.

Occupancy at the Mandarin Oriental in the TaiKoo Hui development has been disappointing since its opening in January 2013. This reflects relatively weak demand and an oversupply of hotel accommodation.

USA

Swire Properties has a 75% interest in the 326-room Mandarin Oriental Hotel in Miami. The hotel performed well in the first half of 2013 with higher room and occupancy rates compared to the same period in 2012.

UK

Swire Properties owns four small hotels in Bristol, Exeter, Cheltenham and Brighton. Occupancy and room rates were satisfactory in the first half of 2013, showing some improvement on the prior period.

Outlook

Trading conditions in the second half of 2013 for the hotel portfolio in Mainland China are expected to be difficult. This is due to weak demand and increasing supply.

| Profile | of Capital | Commitments | for Investment | Properties of | and Hotels |
|-----------|------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------|------------|
| I I UIIIE | oi Cabilai | COMMINICIA | IOI IIIVESIIIEIII | I IODEINES (| and noters |

| | Expenditure | Forecast per | Commitments* | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Property project | Six months ended 30th June 2013 HK\$M | Six months ending 31st December 2013 HK\$M | 2014 HK\$M | 2015 HK\$M | 2016 & beyond HK\$M | at 30th June 2013 HK\$M |
| Hong Kong projects | 829 | 528 | 704 | 661 | 3,416 | 5,309 |
| Mainland China projects | 712 | 2,235 | 2,751 | 1,365 | 513 | 6,864 |
| USA and other projects | 892 | 408 | 1,940 | 224 | 25 | 2,597 |
| Total | 2,433 | 3.171 | 5,395 | 2,250 | 3,954 | 14,770 |

^{*} The capital commitments represent the division's capital commitments plus the division's share of the capital commitments of joint venture companies. The division is committed to funding HK\$887 million of the capital commitments of joint venture companies (31st December 2012: HK\$818 million).

PROPERTY TRADING

Hong Kong

Pre-sales of apartments at DUNBAR PLACE, a residential development in Ho Man Tin, Kowloon, started in April 2013. These were the first pre-sales of apartments in a new residential development in Hong Kong following the coming into force of the Residential Properties (First-hand Sales) Ordinance in April 2013. 21 of the 53 units have been presold. Superstructure works are progressing at the development, with the property expected to be ready to be handed over to purchasers in the first half of 2014. Swire Properties holds a 50% interest in this development.

Profits from the sale of 12 units at the AZURA development on Seymour Road were recorded in the first half of 2013. 111 of the 126 units have been sold. Swire Properties holds an 87.5% interest in this development. The property is managed by Swire Properties.

Handover to purchasers is due to commence shortly at the ARGENTA development. Seven of the 30 units have been pre-sold. The property is managed by Swire Properties.

Superstructure works are progressing at MOUNT PARKER RESIDENCES, a residential development in Quarry Bay, Hong Kong, with completion expected in the second half of 2013. Swire Properties holds an 80% interest in this development.

Superstructure works at Phase 1 of the residential development at 33 Seymour Road are progressing on schedule, with completion expected in 2014. Foundation works have also commenced at the adjacent Phase 2 of this residential development, with completion expected in 2016.

Two adjacent residential sites at Cheung Sha, Lantau Island, are being developed into detached houses. The development is expected to be completed and available for handover to purchasers in 2015.

Mainland China

Superstructure works at Pinnacle One, the office portion of the Daci Temple project, are in progress. The building will comprise 1,299,882 square feet of space on completion. In August, a substantial portion of Pinnacle One was pre-sold. The tower is scheduled for handover in 2014.

USA

Profits from the sale of three units at the ASIA development in Miami were recorded in the first half of 2013. A further seven units were closed subsequent to 30th June 2013. Since the ASIA development was completed in 2008, 119 out of the 123 units have been sold.

Outlook

Demand for luxury residential properties in Hong Kong is expected to remain weak following the imposition of higher levels of stamp duties. In the second half of 2013, property trading profits are expected to arise on the completion of sales of seven pre-sold units at ARGENTA and any further sales of unsold units at the completed developments.

Martin Cubbon

Aviation Division

The Aviation Division principally comprises significant investments in the Cathay Pacific group and the Hong Kong Aircraft Engineering ("HAECO") group. Cathay Pacific and HAECO are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The Cathay Pacific group includes Cathay Pacific Airways ("Cathay Pacific"), its wholly-owned subsidiary Hong Kong Dragon Airlines ("Dragonair"), its 60% owned subsidiary AHK Air Hong Kong ("Air Hong Kong"), an associate interest in Air China and an interest in Air China Cargo Co., Ltd. ("Air China Cargo"). In addition, Cathay Pacific has interests in companies providing flight catering and ramp and cargo handling services.

Financial Highlights

| | HK\$M HK\$M 3,222 2,899 174 286 269 341 | | Year ended |
|--|---|-------|---------------|
| | 30th Ju | ne | 31st December |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| HAECO group | | | |
| Turnover | 3,222 | 2,899 | 5,830 |
| Operating profit | 174 | 286 | 434 |
| Attributable profit | 269 | 341 | 618 |
| Share of post-tax profits/(losses) from associated companies | | | |
| Cathay Pacific group | 11 | (419) | 387 |
| Attributable profit/(loss) | 271 | (88) | 984 |

Note: Swire Pacific has implemented the revised HKAS19: Employee Benefits (effective from 1st January 2013), which requires retrospective application. As a result, the 2012 half-year and full-year comparative results for the division have been restated from those in the Group's 2012 half-year and full-year statutory accounts.

Cathay Pacific and Dragonair - Key Operating Highlights

| , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | Six months | | |
|--|---------------|------------|--------|----------|
| | , | 30th J | une | Change |
| | | 2013 | 2012 | |
| Available tonne kilometres ("ATK")* | Million | 12,520 | 12,944 | -3.3% |
| Available seat kilometres ("ASK")* | Million | 62,187 | 65,351 | -4.8% |
| Passenger revenue | НК\$М | 34,978 | 34,713 | +0.8% |
| Revenue passengers carried | '000 | 14,497 | 14,312 | +1.3% |
| Passenger load factor* | % | 81.3 | 80.1 | +1.2% pt |
| Passenger yield* | HK ¢ | 69.0 | 66.1 | +4.4% |
| Cargo revenue - Group | НК\$М | 11,278 | 11,897 | -5.2% |
| Cargo revenue - Cathay Pacific and Dragonair | HK\$M | 9,625 | 10,441 | -7.8% |
| Cargo and mail carried | Tonnes '000 | 741 | 754 | -1.7% |
| Cargo and mail load factor* | % | 62.4 | 64.3 | -1.9% pt |
| Cargo and mail yield* | HK\$ | 2.33 | 2.41 | -3.3% |
| Cost per ATK* | HK\$ | 3.69 | 3.72 | -0.8% |
| Cost per ATK without fuel | HK\$ | 2.23 | 2.18 | +2.3% |
| Aircraft utilisation | Hours per day | 11.6 | 12.0 | -3.3% |
| On-time performance* | % | 77.7 | 76.8 | +0.9% pt |

^{*} Refer to Glossary on page 71 for definitions.

2013 FIRST HALF OVERVIEW

The Aviation Division reported an attributable profit of HK\$271 million in the first half of 2013, compared with a loss of HK\$88 million in the same period in 2012.

CATHAY PACIFIC GROUP

RESULTS SUMMARY

The Cathay Pacific group's attributable profit on a 100% basis was HK\$24 million for the first half of 2013, compared with a loss of HK\$929 million in the first half of 2012. Turnover for the period decreased by 1% to HK\$48,584 million. The share of losses from Cathay Pacific's associated companies increased.

Cathay Pacific continued to operate in a challenging environment in the first half of the year, although there was some improvement in the passenger business. Demand in the major air cargo markets remained weak. The high price of jet fuel continued to affect the business adversely.

In 2012, Cathay Pacific introduced measures designed to protect its business, in particular from the high price of jet fuel. It changed schedules, reduced capacity and withdrew older, less fuel-efficient aircraft from service. As a result, certain operating costs in the first half of 2013 were significantly lower and the financial performance improved accordingly. Cathay Pacific did not allow cost reductions to compromise its brand or the quality of its service, and continued with major investments (in new aircraft, new products and the cargo terminal at Hong Kong International Airport) which will benefit the business significantly in the long term.

Passenger revenue for the period increased by 1% to HK\$34,978 million compared with the first half of 2012. 14.5 million passengers were carried, a rise of 1%. Capacity decreased by 5%. The passenger load factor increased by 1.2 percentage points. Yield increased by 4% to HK69.0 cents. The fall in capacity was largely due to a reduction in long-haul frequencies.

The weakness in the air cargo markets that began in April 2011 has continued in 2013. The group's cargo revenue for the first half of 2013 decreased by 5% to HK\$11,278 million compared with the same period in 2012. Cargo capacity on Cathay Pacific and Dragonair was down by 2%. The tonnage carried fell by 2% to 741,000 tonnes. The cargo load factor was down by 1.9 percentage points to 62%. Yield was lower by HK8 cents at HK\$2.33.

Fuel remains the airlines' most significant cost, accounting for 39% of total operating costs in the first half of 2013. Despite some reduction by comparison with the corresponding period of 2012, the high jet fuel price had a major impact on operating results during the period. Disregarding

the effect of fuel hedging, the group's fuel cost decreased by HK\$1,824 million (or 9%) compared with the same period in 2012. This was due to a 4% decrease in the average into-plane fuel price and a 5% decrease in consumption. In the first half of 2013, hedging activities resulted in a profit of HK\$300 million.

Profit recorded from Air China, in which the Cathay Pacific group has a 20% interest, was lower in the first half of 2013 than that recorded in the first half of 2012. This primarily reflected reduced demand and pressure on yields. The Cathay Pacific group owns an equity and an economic interest in Air China Cargo. A reduced loss was recorded from Air China Cargo in the first half of 2013, which was mainly due to a decrease in fuel costs.

Cathay Pacific remains the subject of antitrust proceedings in various jurisdictions and continues to defend itself vigorously. The outcomes are subject to uncertainties. Cathay Pacific is not in a position to assess the full potential liabilities but makes provisions based on relevant facts and circumstances.

Passenger Services

The passenger business in the first half of 2013 improved compared to the same period in 2012. Passenger demand was strong on long-haul routes in all classes of travel. Demand on regional routes did not keep pace with a significant increase in capacity, which put yields under pressure. Regional demand was affected by H7N9 avian flu and political issues in the Korean Peninsula.

Due to strong demand and the delivery of new fuel-efficient aircraft, Cathay Pacific reinstated flights to Los Angeles and Toronto that were suspended to save costs in 2012. A new fifth daily frequency to London was introduced in June. In September, a four-times daily service to New York will resume. Cathay Pacific will, subject to government approval, introduce a new fourtimes-weekly service to Male in Maldives in October and a new daily service to Newark in the USA in March 2014. Dragonair's regional network continues to be strengthened, with new services to Da Nang, Wenzhou, Yangon and Zhengzhou. A new three-times-weekly seasonal service to Siem Reap in Cambodia will be introduced in October, subject to government approval.

The new premium economy class introduced in 2012 is growing in popularity and has helped to improve economy class yield. In January 2013, the new Cathay Pacific regional business class seat was introduced. 32 long-haul Boeing 777-300ER and 24 Airbus A330 aircraft are now fitted with new business and economy class seats. Cathay Pacific started to improve its first class seats on Boeing 777-300ER aircraft in July. Dragonair is installing new business and economy class seats and a new inflight entertainment system in its aircraft.

Cargo Services

Cathay Pacific and Dragonair

Air cargo markets continue to be weak. The number of scheduled freighter flights was reduced as a result and ad hoc flight cancellations were made. More cargo has been carried in the bellies of passenger aircraft in order to reduce costs. In February, freighter services to Brussels and Stockholm were suspended. The freighter network will be expanded in the Americas with the

introduction in the last quarter of 2013 of a new service to Guadalajara, subject to government approval.

Air Hong Kong

Air Hong Kong recorded a higher profit compared with the same period in 2012. Capacity increased by 1% compared with the first half of 2012. The load factor decreased by 2 percentage points. Revenue tonne kilometres decreased by 2%.

Fleet profile *

| | | Number as | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|------------------|------------|-------------------|-------|-----|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|-----|----------------------------|-----|-------|-----|---------|------------------|
| Aircraft | 3 | 0th June 2 | | | | Firm o | orders | | | Expiry of operating leases | | eases | | | |
| type | | Le | ased | | | | '15 and | | | | | | | '18 and | Options |
| | Owned | Finance | Operating | Total | '13 | '14 | beyond | Total | '13 | '14 | '15 | '16 | '17 | beyond | |
| Aircraft oper | ated by | | | | | | • | | | | | | | • | |
| A330-300 | 14 | 15 | 8 ^(a) | 37 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 11 | | | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | |
| A340-300 | 6 | 5 | | 11 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A350-900 | | | | | | | 22 ^(b) | 22 | | | | | | | |
| A350-1000 | | | | | | | 26 | 26 | | | | | | | |
| 747-400 | 13 | | 1 | 14 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 747-400F | 3 ^(c) | 3 | | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 747-400BCF | 1 ^(d) | | 1 ^(e) | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| 747-400ERF | | 6 | | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 747-8F | | 9 | | 9 | 4 | | | 4 ^(d) | | | | | | | |
| 777-200 | 5 | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 777-200F | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 ^(d) |
| 777-300 | 7 | 5 | | 12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 777-300ER | 5 | 11 | 16 | 32 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 18 | | | | | 2 | 14 | |
| Total | 54 | 54 | 26 | 134 | 13 | 13 | 55 | 81 | | | 3 | 1 | 5 | 17 | 5 |
| Aircraft oper | ated by | Dragonair | : | | _ | | | | | | | | | | |
| A320-200 | 5 | | 10 ^(f) | 15 | | | | | | | 2 | 2 | | 6 | |
| A321-200 | 2 | | 4 ^(f) | 6 | | 2 ^{(g} | 1) | 2 | | | 2 | 2 | | | |
| A330-300 | 4 | 1 | 13 ^(h) | 18 | | | | | 3 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Total | 11 | 1 | 27 | 39 | | 2 | | 2 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 6 | |
| Aircraft oper | ated by | Air Hong | Kong: | | _ | | | | | | | | | | |
| A300-600F | 2 | 6 | | 8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 747-400BCF | | | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | 1 | 2 | | |
| Total | 2 | 6 | 3 | 11 | | | | | | | | 1 | 2 | | |
| Grand total | 67 | 61 | 56 | 184 | 13 | 15 | 55 | 83 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 23 | 5 |

^{*} Includes parked aircraft. The table does not reflect aircraft movements after 30th June 2013.

⁽a) One aircraft was transferred to Dragonair in July 2013.

⁽b) Including two aircraft on 12-year operating leases.

⁽c) One aircraft was parked in May 2013.

⁽d) Four Boeing 747-400BCF aircraft were agreed to be sold to The Boeing Company in March 2013. Three of these aircraft were delivered in the first half of 2013. One will be delivered in August 2013. An order for eight Boeing 777-200F aircraft was cancelled in March 2013. At the same time, three new Boeing 747-8F aircraft were agreed to be purchased (for delivery in the second half of 2013) and options to purchase five Boeing 777-200F aircraft were acquired.

⁽e) Aircraft was parked in August 2013.

⁽f) The operating leases of three Airbus A320-200 and three Airbus A321-200 aircraft were extended in July 2013. The leases of these aircraft will expire after 2018.

⁽g) In February, the Group agreed to lease two new Airbus A321-200 aircraft. These aircraft will be delivered in February and October 2014.

⁽h) One aircraft was returned to the lessor in July 2013.

Fleet Profile

At 30th June 2013, the total number of aircraft in the Cathay Pacific and Dragonair fleets was 173, a decrease of three since 31st December 2012.

In March 2013, Cathay Pacific entered into agreements in relation to its cargo fleet as part of a package of transactions among The Boeing Company, Cathay Pacific, Air China Cargo and Air China. Under these transactions, Cathay Pacific agreed to purchase three Boeing 747-8F freighters, for delivery in the second half of 2013, cancelled orders for eight Boeing 777-200F freighters, acquired options to purchase five Boeing 777-200F freighters and agreed to sell four Boeing 747-400BCF converted freighters. Three of the converted freighters have already left the fleet.

Three Boeing 777-300ERs, two Airbus A330-300s and one Boeing 747-8F freighter were delivered in the first half of the year. Four Boeing 747-400 passenger aircraft were retired in the first half of 2013.

In February, Dragonair agreed to lease two new Airbus A321-200 aircraft. These aircraft will be delivered in February and October 2014.

At 30th June 2013, the Cathay Pacific group had 83 aircraft on firm order, of which 13 will be delivered in the second half of 2013 and 15 in 2014.

Air China

The Cathay Pacific group's share of the profit of Air China (in which the Cathay Pacific group has a 20% interest) is based on accounts drawn up three months in arrear. Consequently the 2013 interim results include Air China's results for the six months ended 31st March 2013, with account being taken of any significant events or transactions for the period from 31st March 2013 to 30th June 2013.

Profit recorded from Air China was lower in the first half of 2013 than that recorded in the first half of 2012. This primarily reflected reduced demand and pressure on yields.

Air China Cargo

Air China Cargo, in which Cathay Pacific owns an equity and an economic interest, is the leading provider of cargo services in Mainland China.

A reduced loss was recorded from Air China Cargo in the first half of 2013. This was mainly due to a decrease in fuel costs.

Shanghai International Airport Services Co., Limited ("SIAS")

SIAS is a joint venture between a wholly owned subsidiary of Cathay Pacific, Air China, the Shanghai Airport Authority and Shanghai International Airport Co., Ltd. It provides ground handling services at Shanghai Pudong International Airport and Shanghai Hongqiao International Airport.

SIAS commenced commercial operations in December 2012. The financial results for the first half of 2013 were not as good as expected, principally because fewer flights were serviced than expected.

Cathay Pacific Services Limited ("CPSL")

CPSL, a wholly owned subsidiary of Cathay Pacific, was established to design, build and operate the new Cathay Pacific cargo terminal at Hong Kong International Airport. The terminal started to operate in February. When fully operational by the last quarter of 2013, it will have an annual capacity of 2.6 million tonnes and will employ more than 1,800 staff. The HK\$5.9 billion facility will significantly reduce the time it takes to process and ship cargo in Hong Kong.

CPSL recorded a loss for the first half of 2013 due to start up costs before it becomes fully operational by the end of this year.

Other Operations

Cathay Pacific Catering Services group ("CPCS")

CPCS, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cathay Pacific, is the principal flight kitchen in Hong Kong. CPCS reported a decrease in profit in the first half of 2013 compared to the first half of 2012 mainly due to higher operating costs.

Hong Kong Airport Services ("HAS")

HAS, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cathay Pacific, provides ramp and passenger handling services at Hong Kong International Airport.

The results for the first half of 2013 were lower than in the same period in 2012. This primarily reflected cost increases in a highly competitive environment at Hong Kong International Airport.

Outlook

While the Cathay Pacific group continued to operate in a difficult environment in the first six months of 2013, it was pleasing to see some improvement in its business. This improvement mainly reflected stronger passenger business and 2012's cost reductions. The financial position remains strong. The Cathay Pacific group will continue to invest to make its business stronger. It will remain focused on its long-term goals while managing short-term difficulties. The business outlook for the rest of 2013 is unclear, but the core strengths of the business – a superb team, a strong international network, exceptional standards of customer service, a strong relationship with Air China and its position in Hong Kong – remain firmly in place.

John R Slosar

Hong Kong Aircraft Engineering Company ("HAECO") Group

The HAECO group provides aviation maintenance and repair services, primarily in Hong Kong by HAECO and in Xiamen by its subsidiary company Taikoo (Xiamen) Aircraft Engineering Company Limited ("TAECO"). Engine overhaul work is performed by HAECO's joint venture company Hong Kong Aero Engine Services Limited ("HAESL") and by HAESL's joint venture company Singapore Aero Engine Services Pte. Limited ("SAESL"). The HAECO group has subsidiaries and joint venture companies in Mainland China which offer a range of aircraft engineering services and has a 70% interest in HAECO ITM Limited ("HXITM") an inventory technical management joint venture with Cathay Pacific in Hong Kong.

Financial Highlights

| | Six months | Year ended 31st December | |
|---|------------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | 30th June | | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| Turnover | | | |
| HAECO | 1,571 | 1,765 | 3,421 |
| TAECO | 975 | 815 | 1,668 |
| Others | 676 | 319 | 741 |
| Net operating profit | 155 | 280 | 417 |
| Profit attributable to the Company's shareholders | | | |
| HAECO | 44 | 178 | 279 |
| TAECO | 62 | 46 | 70 |
| Share of profit/(loss) of: | | | |
| HAESL and SAESL | 255 | 254 | 527 |
| Other subsidiary and joint venture companies | (2) | (23) | (54) |
| Total | 359 | 455 | 822 |
| Swire Pacific Share | 269 | 341 | 618 |

Note: Swire Pacific has implemented the revised HKA\$19: Employee Benefits (effective from 1st January 2013), which requires retrospective application. As a result, the 2012 half-year and full-year comparative results for the division have been restated from those in the Group's 2012 half-year and full-year statutory accounts.

HAECO Group - Movement in Attributable Profit

| | HK\$M |
|--|-------|
| Profit for six months ended 30th June 2012 | 455 |
| Turnover | |
| HAECO | (194) |
| TAECO | 160 |
| Others | 357 |
| Staff remuneration and benefits | (187) |
| Cost of direct materials and job expenses | (325) |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment | 23 |
| Others | 70 |
| Profit for six months ended 30th June 2013 | 359 |

Key Operating Highlights

| | | Six months ended | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------------|------|--------|--|
| | | 30th June | | Change | |
| | _ | 2013 | 2012 | | |
| | | | | | |
| Airframe maintenance manhours sold - HAECO | Million | 1.32 | 1.60 | -17.5% | |
| Airframe maintenance manhours sold - TAECO | Million | 1.95 | 1.77 | +10.2% | |
| Line maintenance movements handled - HAECO | Average per day | 326 | 319 | +2.2% | |

RESULTS SUMMARY

The HAECO group's profit attributable to shareholders in the first half of 2013 on a 100% basis was HK\$359 million, a decrease of 21% compared to the corresponding figure in 2012 of HK\$455 million. Overall demand for HAECO's line maintenance services in Hong Kong increased in line with aircraft movements. Airframe maintenance and component overhaul services were adversely affected by shortages of skilled and semi-skilled labour, which resulted in a significant reduction in capacity during the first half of 2013.

Results from TAECO improved, reflecting higher demand for its airframe maintenance services. The HAECO group's share of the after-tax profit of HAESL, including that derived from HAESL's interest in SAESL, increased slightly in the first half of 2013 to HK\$255 million. In general, the operating results of the HAECO group's joint ventures in Mainland China improved as output increased and facilities were better utilised.

HAECO

Manhours sold by HAECO for airframe maintenance decreased from 1.60 million in the first half of 2012 to 1.32 million in the first half of 2013. Airframe maintenance services were materially affected by shortages of skilled and semi-skilled labour, which restricted available capacity. Approximately 79% of work was for airlines based outside Hong Kong.

Demand for HAECO's line maintenance services in Hong Kong increased in line with aircraft movements at Hong Kong International Airport. The average daily number of aircraft movements handled by HAECO increased by 2% to 326 per day in the first half of 2013 from the corresponding period in 2012.

HAECO's operating expenses decreased by 2% to HK\$1,536 million due to lower direct material costs.

TAECO

TAECO recorded a 35% increase in attributable profit in the first half of 2013 to HK\$62 million. Demand for airframe maintenance was strong, with manhours sold increasing from 1.77 million in the first half of 2012 to 1.95 million in the first half of 2013. One passenger to freighter conversion took place during the first half of the year. TAECO's operating expenses increased by 26% to HK\$879 million, mainly due to increased staff and direct material costs.

TAECO developed its capacity for cabin modification and cabin completion services.

HAESL and SAESL

HAESL recorded a 2% decrease in profit to HK\$201 million. HAESL was affected by the early retirement of Boeing 747-400 aircraft belonging to Cathay Pacific. This was mostly offset by better demand for Trent 700 engine overhaul services. SAESL recorded a 10% increase in profit in the first half of 2013, as a result of more overhaul work being done per engine.

HXITM

HXITM provides inventory technical management for a total of 213 aircraft including Airbus A300, A310, A320, A330, A340, Boeing 747 and 777 aircraft. HXITM made a small profit in the first half of 2013.

<u>Taikoo Engine Services (Xiamen) Company</u> <u>Limited</u> ("TEXL")

TEXL completed 17 quick turn repairs and five performance restorations of GE engines. TEXL recorded higher engine module output and reduced losses in the first half of 2013.

<u>Taikoo (Xiamen) Landing Gear Services Company Limited</u> ("TALSCO")

The operations of TALSCO continue to be affected by the fire which occurred in November 2012. No landing gear overhaul work was done in the first half of 2013. Work preparatory to reconstruction of TALSCO's premises is being done, with a view to partial resumption of operations in the early part of 2014.

Outlook

The outlook is challenging. Forward bookings for HAECO's airframe maintenance services in Hong Kong are weak by historical standards and are in any event constrained by the shortage of skilled and semi-skilled labour. Demand for line maintenance services is expected to continue to grow in line with the growth of aircraft movements at Hong Kong International Airport, despite an uncertain outlook for movements of cargo aircraft.

The overall labour market in Hong Kong continues to be tight. The effect on HAECO's aircraft maintenance capacity is particularly severe because of the need to transfer staff from airframe maintenance to line maintenance to support the growth of the latter business. Since last year, various efforts have been made to improve remuneration, career development opportunities and training with a view to recruiting and retaining high quality staff. The rate of attrition has slowed, but it takes a long time to train new staff to reach the required standard. HAECO is working closely with local educational promote career and institutions to opportunities in the aircraft maintenance industry, and continues to seek support from the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Government for the importation on contract of overseas qualified engineers and mechanics to ease constraints on the availability of people with such skills in the local labour market.

Demand for TAECO's airframe maintenance services in the second half of the year is expected to be good.

HAESL's performance in the second half of 2013 is expected to continue to be affected by a reduction in demand for engine overhaul services resulting from the early retirement of Boeing 747-400 aircraft belonging to Cathay Pacific.

Except at TALSCO, output is expected to increase at the Mainland China joint ventures, but they are likely to continue to be affected by under-utilisation of facilities.

The HAECO group will continue to take measures to improve productivity in order to mitigate the effect of cost increases.

Augustus Tang

Beverages Division

Swire Beverages has the exclusive right to manufacture, market and distribute products of The Coca-Cola Company ("TCCC") in Hong Kong, Taiwan, seven provinces in Mainland China and an extensive area of the western USA.

Swire Beverages has two wholly-owned franchise businesses, in Taiwan and the USA, and five majority-owned franchise businesses, in Hong Kong and Fujian, Henan, Anhui and Shaanxi provinces in Mainland China. It has joint venture interests in three other franchises in Mainland China and an associate interest in a manufacturing company, Coca-Cola Bottlers Manufacturing Holdings Limited, which supplies still beverages to all Coca-Cola franchises in Mainland China.

Swire Beverages manufactures over 56 beverage brands and distributes them to a franchise population of over 440 million people.

Financial Highlights

| | Six months | ended | Year ended | |
|--|------------------|----------------|---------------|--|
| | 30th Ju | ne | 31st December | |
| | 2013 2012 | | 2012 | |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | |
| Turnover | 7,263 | 7,067 | 14,397 | |
| Operating profit | 373 | 373 343 | | |
| Share of post-tax profits from joint venture and | | | | |
| associated companies | 202 | 66 | 204 | |
| Attributable profit | 355 | 215 | 556 | |

Segment Information

| | Turnover | | | Attribu | Attributable Profit / (Loss) | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|-------|---------------|------------|------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| _ | Six months e | ended | Year ended | Six months | Year ended | | | |
| | 30th Jur | ne | 31st December | 30th Ju | ne | 31st December | | |
| _ | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 | | |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | | |
| Mainland China | 3,760 | 3,494 | 6,950 | 203 | 67 | 207 | | |
| Hong Kong | 993 | 973 | 2,123 | 73 | 62 | 175 | | |
| Taiwan | 657 | 715 | 1,500 | (2) | (5) | 18 | | |
| USA | 1,853 | 1,885 | 3,824 | 95 | 102 | 178 | | |
| Central costs | - | - | - | (14) | (11) | (22) | | |
| Beverages Division | 7,263 | 7,067 | 14,397 | 355 | 215 | 556 | | |

Accounting for the Beverages Division

The seven wholly-owned and majority-owned franchise businesses (in Hong Kong, Taiwan, the USA and Fujian, Henan, Anhui and Shaanxi provinces in Mainland China) are accounted for as subsidiaries and fully consolidated in the financial statements of Swire Pacific. Turnover and operating profit shown above, therefore, are attributable to these franchise businesses only. The division's joint venture interests in three other franchises in Mainland China and its associate interest in Coca-Cola Bottlers Manufacturing Holdings Limited are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Swire Pacific recognises its share of net profit or loss from each of these interests as a single line-item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

For reference, the total turnover from the joint venture interests in three franchises in Mainland China was HK\$4,267 million in the first half of 2013 (2012 first-half: HK\$4,360 million). The turnover of Coca-Cola Bottlers Manufacturing Holdings Limited, excluding sales to the seven franchises, was HK\$2,656 million in the first half of 2013 (2012 first-half: HK\$2,373 million). The sales volume for Mainland China shown in the table below represents sales in the seven franchises only.

Note 1: Swire Pacific has implemented the revised HKAS19: Employee Benefits (effective from 1st January 2013), which requires retrospective application. As a result, the 2012 half-year and full-year comparative results for the division have been restated from those in the Group's 2012 half-year and full-year statutory accounts.

Note 2: Swire Pacific has considered the impact of revised accounting standard HKFRS 11: Joint Arrangements (effective from 1st January 2013) on its Mainland China franchise businesses and has concluded that three of these franchise businesses, which were previously accounted for as jointly controlled interests, should now be accounted for as subsidiaries and fully consolidated into its financial statements. As a result, the 2012 half-year and full-year comparative results for the division have been restated from those in the Group's 2012 half-year and full-year statutory accounts

Note 3: The results of the Campbell Swire joint venture (which were previously included in the results of the Beverages Division) have been included in the results of the Trading & Industrial Division from the 2012 year-end statutory accounts onwards. As a result, the 2012 half-year results for the division have been restated from those in the Group's 2012 half-year statutory accounts.

Sales Volume by Territory (million unit cases)

| | Mainland | Hong | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|------|--------|------|-------|
| | China | Kong | Taiwan | USA | Total |
| Six months ended 30th June 2013 | 378.2 | 29.8 | 27.2 | 40.3 | 475.5 |
| Six months ended 30th June 2012 | 374.2 | 29.8 | 27.7 | 40.3 | 472.0 |

Breakdown of Total Volume by Category (%)

| | | Still | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-------|-----|-------|-------------|--|--|
| | Sparkling | Juice | Tea | Water | Other still | | |
| Six months ended 30th June 2013 | 59.2 | 16.5 | 2.9 | 17.0 | 4.4 | | |
| Six months ended 30th June 2012 | 59.0 | 15.1 | 3.1 | 18.5 | 4.3 | | |

RESULTS SUMMARY

Swire Beverages made an attributable profit of HK\$355 million in the first half of 2013, an increase of 65% compared with the same period in 2012. Excluding a non-recurring profit of HK\$69 million in the first half of 2013, the division reported a 33% increase in attributable profit. This increase principally reflected lower raw material costs, a favourable sales mix in Mainland China and an improved result in Hong Kong.

Overall sales volume grew by 1% to 476 million unit cases. Sales volumes increased in Mainland China but fell in Taiwan. Sales volumes were unchanged in Hong Kong and the USA.

Mainland China

Excluding a non-recurring profit of HK\$69 million on remeasurement of an associate, attributable profit from Mainland China for the first half of 2013 was HK\$134 million, a 100% increase from the first half of 2012. The increase in profit reflected lower raw material costs and a favourable sales mix.

Overall sales volume increased by 1% compared with the same period in 2012. Sparkling sales volume grew by 2% and juice sales volume grew by 11%. The volume of water sales (on which margins are lower than those on sparkling and juice products) fell by 10%.

Beverage consumption per capita in Mainland China remains low. Urbanisation, growth of the middle class and government policies designed to stimulate domestic consumption should continue to benefit the business.

Hong Kong

Attributable profit from Hong Kong for the first half of 2013 was HK\$73 million, an 18% increase from the first half of 2012. This reflected price increases, lower raw material costs and effective management of other costs.

The overall beverage market grew in Hong Kong by 3%. Our sparkling sales volume was in line with the same period in 2012. Sales of the Schweppes and Sprite sparkling brands were strong. Sales of Aquarius sports drinks grew. Juice sales volume continued to decline.

Taiwan

The attributable loss from Taiwan for the first half of 2013 was HK\$2 million compared with a loss of HK\$5 million in the first half of 2012.

Sales volume in Taiwan fell by 2% compared with the same period in 2012. Retail sales were lower, reflecting the weak economic environment. Sparkling sales volume fell by 7% while still sales volume grew by 7%. Prices were affected by aggressive promotions as competitors responded to the weak economy. Margins benefited from a 5% reduction in raw material costs.

USA

Attributable profit from the USA for the first half of 2013 was HK\$95 million, a 7% decrease from the first half of 2012.

Overall sales volume was in line with the same period in 2012. Sparkling sales volume was down by 3%. Still sales volume increased by 9%, with growth from water, tea and energy drinks. Sales of tea grew by 107%.

Margins decreased by 1% due to weakness in pricing. Price increases are planned for the latter part of 2013.

Outlook

In Mainland China, an innovative marketing campaign is being undertaken in the peak summer season to support sparkling sales. Raw material costs should remain low, but pricing pressure is expected as competitors pass on cost savings to consumers.

The outlook for the Hong Kong business is favourable. Consumption is expected to be robust. The business should benefit from volume and price growth as well as low raw material prices.

The Taiwanese economy is expected to remain weak in the second half of the year and this will continue to affect volumes and pricing.

In the USA, demand is expected to be in line with the same period last year. Aluminium and PET prices remain favourable. High fructose corn syrup is likely to increase in price due to a late corn crop.

Swire Pacific announced in April 2013 that Swire Coca-Cola USA will assume territories in Colorado including Denver and Colorado Springs under a re-organisation of TCCC's USA operations. This territory grant is proceeding according to agreed timelines.

Patrick Healy

HK¢W

MARINE SERVICES DIVISION

The Marine Services Division, through the Swire Pacific Offshore group ("SPO"), operates a fleet of offshore support vessels servicing the energy industry in every major offshore production and exploration region outside North America. SPO also has a logistics business working in the oil and gas industry and a subsea Inspection, Maintenance and Repair ("IMR") business. The division also has joint venture interests in engineering and harbour towage services in Hong Kong through the Hongkong United Dockyards ("HUD") group.

Financial Highlights

| | Six months ended | | Year ended | |
|--|---|---------------|------------|--|
| | Six months ended 30th June 2013 2012 HK\$M HK\$M 2,412 1,856 465 396 2,877 2,252 452 221 256 177 708 398 642 369 | 31st December | | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 | |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | |
| Swire Pacific Offshore group | | | | |
| Charter hire revenue | 2,412 | 1,856 | 3,870 | |
| Non-charter hire revenue | 465 | 396 | 994 | |
| Turnover | 2,877 | 2,252 | 4,864 | |
| Charter hire related operating profit | 452 | 221 | 665 | |
| Non-charter hire related operating profit | 256 | 177 | 319 | |
| Operating profit | 708 | 398 | 984 | |
| Attributable profit | 642 | 369 | 911 | |
| Share of post-tax profits from joint venture companies | | | | |
| HUD group | 37 | 27 | 53 | |
| Attributable profit | 679 | 396 | 964 | |

Note: Swire Pacific has implemented the revised HKAS19: Employee Benefits (effective from 1st January 2013), which requires retrospective application. As a result, the 2012 half-year and full-year comparative results for the division have been restated from those in the Group's 2012 half-year and full-year statutory accounts.

Fleet Size

| | At 30th June | | At 31st December | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----|---------------------|--|
| | 2013 20 | | 2012 | |
| Fleet size (number of vessels) | | | | |
| Swire Pacific Offshore group | 80 | 77 | 80 | |
| HUD group - Hongkong Salvage & Towage | 20 | 21 | 21 | |
| Total | 100 | 98 | 101 | |

SPO - Movement in Attributable Profit

| | пкэм |
|---|-------|
| Attributable profit for six months ended 30th June 2012 | 369 |
| Increase in profit on sale of vessels | 46 |
| Increase in revenue from existing fleet | 162 |
| Increase in revenue from additional capacity | 394 |
| Increase in non-charter hire revenue | 69 |
| Increase in operating costs | (368) |
| Others | (30) |
| Attributable profit for six months ended 30th June 2013 | 642 |
| | |

RESULTS SUMMARY

The attributable profit of the Marine Services Division in the first half of 2013 was HK\$679 million, an increase of 71% compared to the first half of 2012.

Swire Pacific Offshore Group

SPO reported an attributable profit of HK\$642 million for the first half of 2013, an increase of 74% compared to the first half of 2012. Excluding the non-recurring profit of HK\$60 million on disposal of four vessels in the first half of 2013, and the profit of HK\$14 million on disposal of three vessels in the first half of 2012, attributable profit increased by 64% compared with the first half of 2012.

During the first half of 2013, four new vessels were delivered, comprising two large Anchor Handling Tug Supply ("AHTS") vessels, one large Platform Supply Vessel ("PSV") and one accommodation barge. The two Wind farm Installation Vessels ("WIVs") delivered in 2012 began operating in Europe. Four older vessels were sold in the first half of 2013, in line with SPO's strategy of phasing out its older tonnage.

The fleet size at 30th June 2013 was 80, compared to 77 at 30th June 2012.

Charter hire revenue increased by 30% to HK\$2,412 million in the first half of 2013. HK\$394 million of the increase was contributed by new vessels delivered since the end of the first half of 2012.

Fleet utilisation during the first half of 2013 was 87%, 2.3 percentage points lower than in the first half of 2012. Utilisation of SPO's core fleet of AHTSs and PSVs decreased by 2.6 percentage points to 87%. Utilisation of SPO's fleet of Construction and Specialist Vessels ("CSVs") improved by 14.9 percentage points to 81%, mainly due to newly delivered vessels commencing charters.

Average charter hire rates rose 30% to USD25,100 per day. Average charter hire rates for the core fleet were USD19,500 per day, an increase of 7%. The CSV fleet's average charter hire rates rose 67% to USD91,000 per day.

Non-charter hire income increased by 17% to HK\$465 million in the first half of 2013. This reflected liquidated damages for the late delivery of vessels, revenue from IMR vessels for subsea project work and additional revenue from Altus Logistics.

Total operating costs increased by HK\$368 million in the first half of 2013. The increase was in line with revenue and reflected additional costs at Altus Logistics and of operating new vessels.

Fleet Expansion

Total capital expenditure on new vessels and other fixed assets during the first half of 2013 amounted to HK\$2,664 million, compared to HK\$2,672 million in the first half of 2012.

During the first half of 2013, SPO did not make any additional commitments to purchase new vessels. Two large PSVs ordered by SPO, which were due to be delivered in 2014, are now expected to be delivered in 2015.

At 30th June 2013, SPO had a total capital expenditure commitment of HK\$7,866 million (31st December 2012: HK\$10,301 million, 30th June 2012: HK\$11,889 million).

Outlook

SPO is optimistic about the market for offshore support vessels. The oil price remains strong and demand for larger and more sophisticated vessels is expected to increase in the second half of 2013 and beyond as a result of a projected rise in spending on offshore exploration and production. SPO is well-placed to meet this demand as a result of its fleet expansion.

SPO - Profile of Capital Commitments

| | Expenditure | Forecast perio | Forecast period of expenditure | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | Six months ended 30th June 2013 HK\$M | Six months ending 31st December 2013 HK\$M | 2014 HK\$M | 2015 HK\$M | 2016 HK\$M | at 30th June 2013 HK\$M | | |
| Anchor Handling Tug Supply Vessels and Platform Supply Vessels | 2,026 | 2,434 | 3,240 | 1,651 | 108 | 7,433 | | |
| Construction and Specialist Vessels | 581 | 368 | - | - | - | 368 | | |
| Other fixed assets | 57 | 29 | 27 | 9 | - | 65 | | |
| Total | 2,664 | 2,831 | 3,267 | 1,660 | 108 | 7,866 | | |

SPO - Fleet Size Growth

| | | | | | Vesse | ls expe | cted | |
|--|------|-------------------------------|-------------|----|--------------------|---------|------|--|
| | | Additions Disposals Half-year | | | to be received in: | | | |
| Vessel class | 2012 | 30t | h June 2013 | | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | |
| Anchor Handling Tug Supply Vessels | 47 | - | 4 | 43 | - | - | - | |
| Large Anchor Handling Tug Supply Vessels | 15 | 2 | - | 17 | 3 | 4 | - | |
| Platform Supply Vessels | 8 | - | - | 8 | - | 2 | 4 | |
| Large Platform Supply Vessels | 3 | 1 | - | 4 | - | 4 | 4 | |
| Construction and Specialist Vessels | 7 | 1 | - | 8 | 1 | - | - | |
| | 80 | 4 | 4 | 80 | 4 | 10 | 8 | |

Note: SPO's fleet includes one PSV and one CSV chartered from external parties.

Hongkong United Dockyards ("HUD") Group

The attributable profit of the HUD Group for the first half of 2013 was HK\$37 million, compared to HK\$27 million for the same period in 2012.

The engineering division recorded a loss (before tax and interest and on a 100% basis) of HK\$14 million in the first half of 2013, compared with a loss of HK\$24 million in the corresponding period in 2012. Demand for marine engineering services remained poor, reflecting the continued weakness of the global shipping industry. However, restructuring of the division resulted in reduced losses. Operating costs continued to be affected by skilled labour shortages in Hong Kong.

The profit of Hong Kong Salvage and Towage ("HKST") (before tax and interest and on a 100% basis) in the first half of 2013 was HK\$102 million, compared to HK\$94 million for the same period in 2012. The result for the first half of 2013 included a profit of HK\$16 million on the sale of a 4,000 BHP tug in January. Tug moves in the period were 9% lower than in the same period in 2012. This reflected the adverse effect of a strike in the second quarter of the year at Hong Kong International Terminals and a general reduction in harbour vessel movements in Hong Kong.

HKST expects to sell another 4,000 BHP tug in 2014. The total fleet size including container vessels currently stands at 20.

Outlook

The engineering division will continue to face high operating costs due to labour shortages. Against a background of continued weak demand in shipping markets, the division expects to generate a greater proportion of its revenue from work connected with onshore engineering and infrastructure projects in Hong Kong.

Tug operations in Hong Kong harbour remain highly competitive and the weakness in demand continues to put pressure on towage rates. HKST aims to do more sea-going and project work in order to improve fleet utilisation.

J B Rae-Smith

Trading & Industrial Division

The Trading & Industrial Division has interests in the following wholly-owned and joint venture companies:

- Swire Resources group distribution and retailing of sports and casual footwear and apparel in Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China
- Taikoo Motors group distribution and retailing of motor vehicles in Taiwan and Hong Kong
- Swire Foods group:
 - (i) Taikoo Sugar packaging and selling of sugar and tea in Hong Kong and Mainland China
 - (ii) Campbell Swire manufacture and distribution of soup, broth and concentrated chicken stock products in Mainland China
 - (iii) Swire Foods sale of hot cereal products in Mainland China
- Swire Pacific Cold Storage group provision of cold storage, warehousing and logistics services in Mainland China
- Akzo Nobel Swire Paints manufacture and distribution of paint in Mainland China and Hong Kong

Financial Highlights

| | Six months | ended | Year ended | |
|--|------------|-------|---------------|--|
| | 30th Ju | ine | 31st December | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 | |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | |
| Turnover | | | | |
| Swire Resources group | 1,841 | 1,658 | 3,584 | |
| Taikoo Motors group | 2,574 | 3,030 | 5,763 | |
| Swire Foods group | 327 | 357 | 738 | |
| Other subsidiary companies | - | - | 3 | |
| | 4,742 | 5,045 | 10,088 | |
| Operating profits/(losses) | | | | |
| Swire Resources group | 65 | 71 | 180 | |
| Taikoo Motors group | 17 | 69 | 122 | |
| Swire Foods group | 3 | 1 | 7 | |
| Swire Pacific Cold Storage group | (16) | (10) | (24) | |
| Other subsidiary companies and central costs | (6) | (5) | (14) | |
| | 63 | 126 | 271 | |
| Attributable profits/(losses) | | | | |
| Swire Resources group * | 54 | 57 | 141 | |
| Taikoo Motors group | 9 | 51 | 89 | |
| Swire Foods group | 1 | 1 | 3 | |
| Swire Pacific Cold Storage group ^ | (13) | (11) | (22) | |
| Other subsidiary companies and central costs | (6) | (5) | (14) | |
| | 45 | 93 | 197 | |

 $^{^{}st}$ Including post-tax profits from a joint venture company within the Swire Resources group shown below.

[^] Including post-tax profits from a joint venture company within the Swire Pacific Cold Storage group shown below.

| Share of post-tax profits/ (losses) from joint venture companies | | | |
|--|------|------|------|
| Swire Resources group | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| Campbell Swire | (46) | (44) | (82) |
| Swire Pacific Cold Storage group | 4 | - | 3 |
| Akzo Nobel Swire Paints | 98 | 59 | 138 |
| Other joint venture companies | (1) | (2) | (6) |
| | 59 | 15 | 56 |
| Attributable profit | 96 | 106 | 247 |

Note 1: Swire Pacific has implemented the revised HKAS19: Employee Benefits (effective from 1st January 2013), which requires retrospective application. As a result, the 2012 half-year and full-year comparative results for the division have been restated from those in the Group's 2012 half-year and full-year statutory accounts.

Note 2: The results of the Campbell Swire joint venture (which were previously included in the results of the Beverages Division) have been included in the results of the Trading & Industrial Division from the 2012 year-end statutory accounts onwards. As a result, the 2012 half-year results for the division have been restated from those in the Group's 2012 half-year statutory accounts.

RESULTS SUMMARY

Attributable profit from the Trading & Industrial Division in the first half of 2013 decreased by 9% from the corresponding period in 2012 to HK\$96 million. The decrease principally reflected a combination of weaker results from Taikoo Motors and better results from Akzo Nobel Swire Paints.

Swire Resources group

Attributable profit decreased by 5% in the first half of 2013 to HK\$54 million.

Turnover in Hong Kong and Macau was 11% higher than in the same period in 2012. Retail sales benefited from strong demand from Mainland China visitors. Gross margins improved due to less discounting but operating costs, in particular staff and occupancy costs, continued to increase.

The group operated 180 retail outlets in Hong Kong and Macau at the end of the period, a net increase of five outlets since 31st December 2012.

Turnover in Mainland China was 11% higher than in the same period in 2012. This principally reflected growth in sales of Columbia and Chevignon products. Gross margins declined as a result of more promotions and discounting.

The group operated 141 retail outlets in Mainland China at the end of June 2013, a net increase of seven outlets since 31st December 2012.

Taikoo Motors group

Taikoo Motors recorded an attributable profit in the first half of 2013 of HK\$9 million, compared with a profit of HK\$51 million in the same period in 2012. This principally reflected a decrease in the number of vehicles sold.

Turnover decreased by 15% in the first half of 2013, mainly due to a reduction in the number of passenger cars sold in Taiwan following a product recall related to gearbox problems. In total, 6,768 cars and commercial vehicles were sold in Taiwan and Hong Kong in the first half of 2013, 26% fewer than in the same period in 2012.

Taiwan

Volkswagen passenger car sales fell by 38% compared with the same period in 2012 to 3,566 units. 639 Škoda cars were sold in the first half of 2013, compared with 995 in the same period last year.

1,310 Volkswagen light commercial vehicles were sold, 14% more than in the same period in 2012.

Sales of Volvo commercial vehicles increased by 16% compared with the same period last year. 270 Volvo trucks and buses were sold and 312 Volvo trucks were assembled in the first half of the year.

Sales of Harley-Davidson motorcycles and Vespa scooters continued to grow. 294 motorcycles and 1,757 scooters were sold, an increase of 29% and 148% respectively compared with the same period in 2012.

Hong Kong

202 Fiat and Alfa Romeo passenger cars were sold in the first half of 2013, a decrease of 41% compared with the same period in 2012 as no new models were launched in the first half of the year. 154 Volvo and UD trucks were sold in the first half of the year.

Swire Foods group

Taikoo Sugar

Taikoo Sugar reported an attributable profit of HK\$1 million for the first half of 2013, in line with that of the first half of 2012.

Taikoo Sugar sold 80 million pounds of sugar to retail, catering and bulk users in Hong Kong, a decrease of 11% compared with the first half of 2012. In Mainland China, Taikoo Sugar sold 14 million pounds of sugar in the first half of 2013, an increase of 13% compared with the same period in 2012. Margins benefited from a decrease in the cost of sugar but this was partly offset by higher staff and advertising costs. A third plant in Chengdu is expected to start operations in the second half of 2013.

Campbell Swire

The joint venture with The Campbell Soup Company manufactures, sells and distributes soup, broth and concentrated chicken stock products in Mainland China under the Campbell's and Swanson brands.

Campbell Swire's attributable loss in the first half of 2013 was HK\$46 million, compared with a loss of HK\$44 million in the same period in 2012. Sales volumes increased by 14% in the first half of 2013. Margins remained low due to high production and operating costs.

Swire Foods

Swire Foods started to sell hot cereals in May. These were distributed to supermarkets in Guangzhou and Shanghai under the Taikoo brand.

Swire Pacific Cold Storage group

Swire Pacific Cold Storage recorded an attributable loss for the first half of 2013 of HK\$13 million, compared with a loss of HK\$11 million in the same period in 2012. This principally reflected the cost of developing new cold stores in Shanghai, Hebei, Nanjing and Ningbo. This was partly offset by a profit of HK\$4 million from the 60% interest in Guangdong Swire Cold Chain Logistics Co. Ltd., where performance was in line with expectations.

Construction of cold storage facilities in Shanghai and Hebei is in progress and they are scheduled for completion in 2014. Construction of cold storage facilities in Nanjing and Ningbo is due to commence in 2013, with completion due in 2015.

Akzo Nobel Swire Paints

Attributable profit at Akzo Nobel Swire Paints for the first half of 2013 was HK\$98 million, compared to HK\$59 million in the same period in 2012.

Sales volumes in Mainland China in the first half of 2013 were 132 million litres, an increase of 11% over the same period in 2012. A favourable product mix resulted in better gross margins. Operating expenses were higher than those of the same period in 2012.

In Hong Kong, there was an attributable profit of HK\$2 million, in line with that of the first half of 2012.

Outlook

The outlook for Swire Resources in Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China in the second half of the year is stable. Staff and occupancy costs are likely to continue to put pressure on margins.

Swire Resources' Columbia distributorship in Mainland China expires in December 2013. The distributorship will continue by way of a joint venture with Columbia, in which Swire Resources will hold a 40% interest. The joint venture is expected to begin operations in January 2014.

Taikoo Motors is cautious about the prospects for the second half of 2013, due to the adverse effect of gearbox problems on Volkswagen passenger car sales in Taiwan.

The Volkswagen group plans to set up a national sales company in Taiwan. There will be a transitional period up to the end of 2014 for Taikoo Motors to cease to be the Volkswagen importer in Taiwan.

New Volkswagen dealership businesses in Mainland China and Malaysia are expected to commence operations in the second half of 2013.

The outlook for Taikoo Sugar in the second half of 2013 is stable. Taikoo Sugar has a 34% interest in a recently formed joint venture to build and operate a sugar refinery in Guangdong province in the second half of 2013. The refinery is expected to begin operations in 2014.

Campbell Swire intends to expand the product range offered to its retail and catering trade customers.

Swire Foods will look to expand its product range.

Swire Pacific Cold Storage will continue to focus on constructing its four cold stores and acquiring additional suitable sites in Mainland China.

Akzo Nobel Swire Paints expects sales of its premium products to continue to grow in Mainland China in the second half of the year. The business in Hong Kong is expected to remain stable.

J B Rae-Smith

Financial Review

Additional information is provided below to reconcile reported and underlying profit and equity attributable to the Company's shareholders. The reconciling items principally adjust for net revaluation movements on investment properties and the associated deferred tax in Mainland China and for other deferred tax provisions in relation to investment properties. There is also an analysis of the effect of other significant non-recurring items.

| Underlying profit 30H June 10 | | | Six montl | ns ended | Year ended |
|--|--|------------------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| Profit attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts HK\$M (Restated) HK\$M (Restated) Adjustments in respect of investment properties: 4,608 8,420 17,410 Revaluation of investment properties: (a) (4,525) (7,920) (12,739) Deferred tax on investment properties (b) 409 355 661 Realised profit on sale of investment properties occupied by the Group Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments (c) 23 8 763 Deferred tax in investment properties occupied by the Group Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments (d) 10 10 20 Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments 772 1,361 2,155 Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders 3,297 2,234 8,270 Other significant non-recurring items: (g) (19) 135 Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments (g) (19) 651 Net (impairment reversal)/impairment of property, plant and equipment, leasehold land and intangible assets (61) 19 82 Adjusted underlying profit 212,727 199,304 | | _ | 30th | June | 31st December |
| Profit attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts 6.608 8.420 17,410 Adjustments in respect of investment properties: (a) (4,525) (7,920) (12,739) Revaluation of investment properties (b) 409 355 661 Realised profit on sale of investment properties occupied by the Group (c) 23 8 763 Depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group (d) 10 10 20 Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments 772 1,361 2,155 Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders 3,297 2,234 8,270 Other significant non-recurring items: (Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments (39) (19) 135 Profit on sale of investment properties 5 (9) (651) Net (impairment reversal)/impairment of property, plant and equipment, leasehold and an intangible assets (61) 19 8 Adjusted underlying profit 212,727 19,930 208,467 Deferred tax on investment properties 212,727 199,304 208,467 | Underlying profit | | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| Profit attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts Adjustments in respect of investment properties: Revaluation of investment properties Revaluation of investment properties Deferred tax on investment properties (b) 409 355 661 Realised profit on sale of investment properties (c) 23 8 763 Depreciation of investment properties (c) 10 10 10 20 Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments T72 1.361 2.155 Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders Other significant non-recurring items: (Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments Profit on sale of investment properties (a39) (19) 135 Profit on sale of investment properties (a9) (51) 19 82 Adjusted underlying profit Deferred tax on investment of property, Plant and equipment, leasehold land and intangible assets Underlying equity Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts Deferred tax on investment properties Underlying equity Equity attributable not he Company's shareholders per accounts Deferred tax on investment properties Unrecognised valuation gains on hotels held as part of mixed-use developments Revoluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Outperlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Outperlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Outperlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Outperlying equity attributable to the Company's shar | | Note | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| Adjustments in respect of investment properties: Revaluation of investment properties Deferred tax on investment properties Realised profit on sale of investment properties Co. 23 8 763 Depreciation of investment properties C. 23 8 763 Depreciation of investment properties C. 23 8 763 Depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments 7772 1.361 2.155 Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders 7772 1.361 2.155 Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders 7772 1.361 2.155 Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders 7772 1.361 2.155 Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders 7772 1.361 2.155 Underlying so sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments 779 (651) Net (impairment reversal)/impairment of property, plant and equipment, leasehold land and intangible assets (61) 19 82 Adjusted underlying profit 7,000 Underlying equity Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts 7,000 Underlying equity 1,1283 1.423 Unrecognised valuation gains on hotels held as part of 7,000 mixed-use developments (e) 1,807 1.283 1.423 Revoluation of investment properties occupied by the Group 1,1115 945 1.036 Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group 65 59 58 Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders 219,283 204,572 214,220 Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders 219,283 39,512 41,227 | | _ | | (Restated) | (Restated) |
| Deferred tax on investment properties Realised profit on sale of investment properties occupied by the Group Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments Value of the Company's shareholders Other significant non-recurring items: (Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments Realised profit attributable to the Company's shareholders Profit on sale of investment properties Ref (impairment reversal)/impairment of property, plant and equipment, leasehold land and intangible assets Adjusted underlying profit Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts Deferred tax on investment properties Underlying equity Requity attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying equity attributable to the Company's s | , , | | 6,608 | 8,420 | 17,410 |
| Realised profit on sale of investment properties Depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders Other significant non-recurring items: (Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments Other investments Profit on sale of investment properties Net (impairment reversal)/impairment of property, plant and equipment and equipment, leasehold land and intangible assets Adjusted underlying profit Underlying equity Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts Deferred tax on investment properties Unrecognised valuation gains on hotels held as part of mixed-use developments Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Occupied | Revaluation of investment properties | (a) | (4,525) | (7,920) | (12,739) |
| Depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments 7772 1,361 2,155 Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders 3,297 2,234 8,270 Other significant non-recurring items: (Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments (39) (19) 135 Profit on sale of investment properties (9) (651) Net (impairment reversal)/impairment of property, plant and equipment, leasehold land and intangible assets (61) 19 82 Adjusted underlying profit (10) 19 82 Adjusted underlying profit (61) 19 82 Underlying equity Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts Deferred tax on investment properties (9) 2,981 3,236 Unrecognised valuation gains on hotels held as part of mixed-use developments (e) 1,807 1,283 1,423 Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group (1,115 945 1,036) Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group (219,283 204,572 214,220) Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders (219,283 204,572 214,220) Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders (219,283 39,512 41,227) | Deferred tax on investment properties | (b) | 409 | 355 | 661 |
| Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders Other significant non-recurring items: (Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments Profit on sale of investment properties Net (impairment reversal)/impairment of property, plant and equipment, leasehold land and intangible assets Adjusted underlying profit Underlying equity Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts Deferred tax on investment properties Unrecognised valuation gains on hotels held as part of mixed-use developments Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Plant Tibutable to the Company's shareholders 219,283 204,572 211,220 Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders 219,283 204,572 214,220 Underlying non-controlling interests | Realised profit on sale of investment properties | (c) | 23 | 8 | 763 |
| Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders Other significant non-recurring items: (Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments Profit on sale of investment properties Profit on sale of investment of property, plant and equipment, leasehold land and intangible assets (61) Profit on sale of investment properties 3,197 2,225 7,836 (61) Profit on sale of investment properties 212,727 Profit on sale of investment properties 3,569 2,981 3,236 208,467 | Depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group | (d) | 10 | 10 | 20 |
| Other significant non-recurring items: (Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments (39) (19) 135 Profit on sale of investment properties Net (impairment reversal)/impairment of property, plant and equipment, leasehold land and intangible assets (61) 19 82 Adjusted underlying profit 3,197 2,225 7,836 Underlying equity Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts Deferred tax on investment properties Unrecognised valuation gains on hotels held as part of mixed-use developments Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders 219,283 204,572 214,220 Underlying non-controlling interests 42,465 39,512 41,227 | Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments | _ | 772 | 1,361 | 2,155 |
| (Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments Profit on sale of investment properties Profit on sale of investment properties Net (impairment reversal)/impairment of property, plant and equipment, leasehold land and intangible assets Adjusted underlying profit Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts Deferred tax on investment properties Unrecognised valuation gains on hotels held as part of mixed-use developments Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying non-controlling interests (39) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (1 | Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders | _ | 3,297 | 2,234 | 8,270 |
| Adjusted underlying profit 3,197 2,225 7,836 Underlying equity Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts Deferred tax on investment properties 3,569 2,981 3,236 Unrecognised valuation gains on hotels held as part of mixed-use developments (e) 1,807 1,283 1,423 Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group 65 59 58 Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders 219,283 204,572 214,220 Underlying non-controlling interests 42,465 39,512 41,227 | (Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments Profit on sale of investment properties Net (impairment reversal)/impairment of property, | | - | (9) | (651) |
| Underlying equity Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts Deferred tax on investment properties Unrecognised valuation gains on hotels held as part of mixed-use developments Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying non-controlling interests 212,727 199,304 208,467 2,981 3,236 1,423 1,423 1,423 1,036 219,283 204,572 214,220 214,220 | | - | | | |
| Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per accounts Deferred tax on investment properties Unrecognised valuation gains on hotels held as part of mixed-use developments Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying non-controlling interests 212,727 199,304 208,467 2,981 3,236 1,423 1,423 1,423 65 59 58 Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying non-controlling interests 42,465 39,512 41,227 | | - | 0,177 | 2,220 | 7,000 |
| Deferred tax on investment properties Unrecognised valuation gains on hotels held as part of mixed-use developments Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying non-controlling interests 3,569 2,981 3,236 1,423 1,423 1,423 1,036 2,745 1,036 2,787 2,981 2,981 2,981 3,236 2,981 2,9 | | | 212 727 | 199.304 | 208.467 |
| mixed-use developments (e) 1,807 1,283 1,423 Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying non-controlling interests (e) 1,807 1,283 1,423 1,423 5 59 58 219,283 204,572 214,220 41,227 | Deferred tax on investment properties | | - | | |
| Revaluation of investment properties occupied by the Group Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Underlying non-controlling interests 1,115 945 1,036 58 219,283 204,572 214,220 41,227 | · · | (0) | 1 007 | 1 283 | 1 402 |
| Cumulative depreciation of investment properties occupied by the Group 65 59 58 Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders 219,283 204,572 214,220 Underlying non-controlling interests 42,465 39,512 41,227 | · | (e) | | | |
| occupied by the Group655958Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders219,283204,572214,220Underlying non-controlling interests42,46539,51241,227 | , | | 1,113 | 743 | 1,036 |
| Underlying non-controlling interests 42,465 39,512 41,227 | | | 65 | 59 | 58 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders | _ | 219,283 | | |
| Underlying equity 261,748 244,084 255,447 | Underlying non-controlling interests | _ | 42,465 | 39,512 | 41,227 |
| | Underlying equity | _ | 261,748 | 244,084 | 255,447 |

Notes:

- (a) This represents the net revaluation movements as shown in the consolidated statement of profit or loss plus the Group's share of net revaluation movements of joint venture and associated companies.
- (b) This represents deferred tax movements on the Group's investment properties and the Group's share of deferred tax movements on investment properties held by joint venture and associated companies. These comprise deferred tax on revaluation movements on investment properties in Mainland China and deferred tax provisions made in respect of investment properties held for the long-term where it is considered that the liability will not reverse for some considerable time.
- (c) Prior to the implementation of HKAS 40, changes in the fair value of investment properties were recorded in the revaluation reserve rather than the consolidated statement of profit or loss. On sale, the revaluation gains were transferred from the revaluation reserve to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.
- (d) Prior to the implementation of HKAS 40, no depreciation was charged on investment properties occupied by the Group
- (e) Under HKAS 40, hotel properties are stated in the accounts at cost less accumulated depreciation and any provision for impairment losses, rather than at fair value. If HKAS 40 did not apply, those hotel properties owned by subsidiary and joint venture companies and held for the long-term as part of mixed-use property developments would be accounted for as investment properties. Accordingly, any increase or write-down in their value would be recorded in the revaluation reserve rather than the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Financing

Summary of Cash Flows

| | Six months | Year ended | |
|---|-----------------|------------|---------------|
| | 30th Ju | ne | 31st December |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | | (Restated) | (Restated) |
| Net cash from/(used by) businesses and investments | | | |
| Cash generated from operations | 6,572 | 2,439 | 10,961 |
| Dividends received | 735 | 960 | 1,502 |
| Tax paid | (425) | (387) | (1,364) |
| Net interest paid | (948) | (878) | (1,956) |
| Cash used in investing activities | (4,891) | (7,243) | (10,959) |
| | 1,043 | (5,109) | (1,816) |
| Cash received from/(paid to) shareholders and net funding | by external deb | ot | |
| Dividends paid | (4,312) | (4,014) | (6,064) |
| Increase in borrowings | 5,387 | 12,919 | 9,878 |
| Capital contribution from non-controlling interests | 15 | 97 | 97 |
| Security deposits uplifted | - | 42 | 42 |
| | 1,090 | 9,044 | 3,953 |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents | 2,133 | 3,935 | 2,137 |
| | | | |

Cash used in investing activities during the first half of 2013 included cash used for stage payments for offshore support vessels under construction, for capital expenditure on property projects and for investments in joint venture companies.

Changes in Financing

| Financial Information Reviewed by Auditors | | |
|--|------------------|---------------|
| Analysis of Changes in Financing During the Period | | |
| | Six months ended | Year ended |
| | 30th June | 31st December |
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| Loans, bonds and perpetual capital securities | | |
| At 1st January | | |
| as originally stated | 50,370 | 39,650 |
| impact on change in accounting policy | - | 154 |
| as restated | 50,370 | 39,804 |
| Loans drawn and refinancing, as restated | 10,931 | 19,210 |
| Repayment of loans and bonds, as restated | (5,544) | (9,332) |
| Changes in composition of Group | - | 585 |
| Other non-cash movements | 160 | 103 |
| | 55,917 | 50,370 |
| Overdrafts, as restated | | 27 |
| At 30th June / 31st December | 55,917 | 50,397 |

During the first half of 2013, the Group raised financing amounting to HK\$9,806 million. This principally comprised:

- the issue of two ten-year medium-term notes totalling HK\$700 million under Swire Pacific's US\$5 billion medium-term note programme
- the issue of a seven-year US dollar denominated medium-term note of US\$500 million under Swire Properties' US\$3 billion medium-term note programme
- a three-year term loan facility of US\$13 million
- a five-year term and revolving credit facility of HK\$1,000 million
- a three-year term and revolving credit facility of RMB196 million
- a four-year term loan facility of US\$500 million

Sources of Finance

At 30th June 2013, committed loan facilities and debt securities amounted to HK\$69,135 million, of which HK\$14,543 million remained undrawn. In addition, the Group had undrawn uncommitted facilities totalling HK\$8,197 million. Sources of funds at 30th June 2013 comprised:

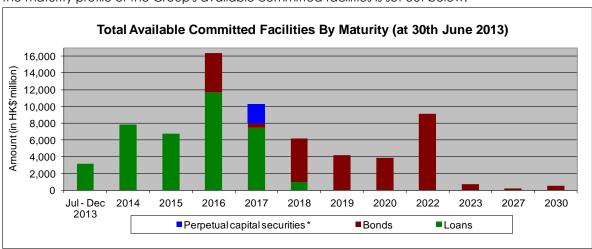
| Financial Information Reviewed by Auditors | Available | Drawn | Undrawn expiring within | Undrawn expiring after |
|--|-----------|--------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | one year HK\$M | one year HK\$M |
| Committed facilities | | | | |
| Loans and bonds | | | | |
| Fixed/floating rate bonds | 28,921 | 28,921 | _ | - |
| Bank loans, overdrafts and other loans | 37,887 | 23,344 | 1,843 | 12,700 |
| Perpetual capital securities | 2,327 | 2,327 | _ | - |
| Total committed facilities | 69,135 | 54,592 | 1,843 | 12,700 |
| Uncommitted facilities | | | | |
| Bank loans, overdrafts and other loans | 9,867 | 1,670 | 8,197 | - |
| Total | 79,002 | 56,262 | 10,040 | 12,700 |

Note: The figures above are stated before unamortised loan fees of HK\$345 million.

The Group had bank balances and short-term deposits of HK\$8,344 million at 30th June 2013 compared to HK\$6,091 million, as restated, at 31st December 2012.

Maturity Profile and Refinancing

The maturity profile of the Group's available committed facilities is set out below:



^{*} The perpetual capital securities have no fixed maturity date. In the above graph their maturity has been presented as their first call date, 13th May 2017.

| Financial Information Reviewed by Auditors | | | | |
|--|----------|------|------------|------|
| Gross Borrowings Maturity Profile | | | | |
| | 30th Jur | ie | 31st Decen | nber |
| | 2013 | | 2012 | |
| | HK\$M | | HK\$M | |
| | | | (Restated) | |
| Within 1 year | 7,413 | 13% | 7,155 | 14% |
| 1 - 2 years | 5,899 | 11% | 6,962 | 14% |
| 2 - 5 years | 23,198 | 41% | 17,205 | 34% |
| After 5 years | 19,407 | 35% | 19,075 | 38% |
| Total | 55,917 | 100% | 50,397 | 100% |
| | | | | |

Currency Profile

An analysis of the carrying amounts of gross borrowings by currency (after cross-currency swaps) is shown below:

| | 30th Jun | е | 31st December | | |
|----------------------|----------|-------------|---------------|------|--|
| | 2013 | 2013 | | | |
| HK\$M | | | HK\$M | | |
| | | | (Restated) | | |
| Currency | | | | | |
| Hong Kong dollar | 40,670 | 73 % | 35,337 | 70% | |
| Renminbi | 7,214 | 13% | 7,948 | 16% | |
| United States dollar | 7,831 | 14% | 6,441 | 13% | |
| New Taiwan dollar | 116 | - | 579 | 1% | |
| Others | 86 | - | 92 | - | |
| Total | 55,917 | 100% | 50,397 | 100% | |
| | | | | | |

Finance Charges

At 30th June 2013, 57% of the Group's gross borrowings were on a fixed rate basis and 43% were on a floating rate basis (31st December 2012: 57% and 43% as restated respectively). Interest charged and earned was as follows:

| Financial Information Reviewed by Auditors | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|----------|---------------|
| Financial information keviewed by Additors | Civ months | andad | Voorondad |
| | Six months ended 30th June | | Year ended |
| | | | 31st December |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | (Re | estated) | (Restated) |
| Finance Charges | | | |
| Interest charged on: | | | |
| - Bank loans and overdrafts | (358) | (349) | (714) |
| - Other loans, bonds and perpetual capital securities | (781) | (634) | (1,380) |
| Fair value gains on derivative instruments: | | | |
| - Interest rate swaps: cash flow hedges, | | | |
| transferred from other comprehensive income | 61 | 1 | 19 |
| Amortised loan fees - loans at amortised cost | (41) | (29) | (67) |
| Fair value loss on put option over a non-controlling | | | |
| interest in Taikoo Li Sanlitun | (142) | (103) | (175) |
| Fair value loss on put options over non-controlling | | | |
| interests in subsidiary companies | (2) | - | - |
| Other financing costs | (56) | (50) | (113) |
| Capitalised on: | • , | . , | , |
| - Investment properties | 25 | 57 | 95 |
| - Properties for sale | 130 | 115 | 244 |
| - Hotels and other properties | 6 | 20 | 43 |
| - Vessels | 53 | 21 | 55 |
| | (1,105) | (951) | (1,993) |
| Interest income on: | (-,) | () | (17.70) |
| - Short-term deposits and bank balances | 25 | 20 | 47 |
| - Other loans | 46 | 70 | 145 |
| 333 | 71 | 90 | 192 |
| Net finance charges | (1,034) | (861) | (1,801) |
| The state of the s | (1,004) | (001) | (1,001) |

Gearing Ratios and Interest Cover

| | 30th Ju | 30th June | |
|------------------------------|---------|------------|------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | | (Restated) | (Restated) |
| Gearing ratio* | | | |
| Per accounts | 18.7% | 18.7% | 17.8% |
| Underlying | 18.2% | 18.2% | 17.3% |
| Interest cover - times* | | | |
| Per accounts | 8.5 | 13.2 | 13.0 |
| Underlying | 4.8 | 4.9 | 6.7 |
| Adjusted # | 4.7 | 4.9 | 6.4 |
| Cash interest cover - times* | | | |
| Per accounts | 7.0 | 10.5 | 10.5 |
| Underlying | 4.0 | 3.9 | 5.4 |
| Adjusted # | 3.9 | 3.9 | 5.2 |

^{*} Refer to Glossary on page 71 for definition.

[#] After excluding significant non-recurring items from underlying operating profit. (Refer to page 29 for the list of significant non-recurring items)

Debt in Joint Venture and Associated Companies

In accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, the net debt of the Group reported in the consolidated statement of financial position does not include the net debt of its joint venture and associated companies. These companies had the following net debt positions at 30th June 2013 and 31st December 2012:

| | Total net | debt/(cash) of | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|----------------|------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|
| | joint v | enture and | Portion of | net debt/(cash) | Debt guar | anteed by Swire |
| | associat | ed companies | attributab | le to the Group | Pacific o | r its subsidiaries |
| | 30th June | 31st December | 30th June | 31st December | 30th June | 31st December |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | | (Restated) | | (Restated) | | |
| Property Division | 6,584 | 3,264 | 2,654 | 1,613 | 471 | 467 |
| Aviation Division | | | | | | |
| Cathay Pacific group | 34,784 | 35,364 | 15,653 | 15,914 | - | - |
| HAECO group | 1,061 | 1,043 | 128 | 188 | 67 | 68 |
| Others | (3) | (2) | (1) | (1) | - | - |
| Beverages Division | 2,265 | 3,070 | 814 | 1,127 | - | - |
| Marine Services Division | 686 | 682 | 343 | 341 | 500 | 500 |
| Trading & Industrial Division | (1,734) | (1,391) | (543) | (448) | 73 | 72 |
| | 43,643 | 42,030 | 19,048 | 18,734 | 1,111 | 1,107 |

If the attributable portion of the net debt in joint venture and associated companies were to be added to the Group's net debt, gearing would rise to 26.2% and underlying gearing would rise to 25.4%.

REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM ACCOUNTS

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF SWIRE PACIFIC LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

Introduction

We have reviewed the condensed interim accounts set out on pages 36 to 65, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position of Swire Pacific Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") as at 30th June 2013 and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity for the six-month period then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of a report on interim accounts to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the interim accounts in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the interim accounts based on our review and to report our conclusion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the condensed interim accounts are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 15th August 2013

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

for the six months ended 30th June 2013

| for the six months ended both June 2013 | | /I lin ou i | الم مال | (Audited) |
|---|---------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | (Unau | | |
| | | Six month | | Year ended |
| | • | 30th . | | 31st December |
| | NI-4- | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | Note | HK\$M | HK\$M (Restated) | HK\$M (Restated) |
| Turnovor | 4 | 23,776 | 22,075 | 49,040 |
| Turnover Cost of sales | 4 | 23,776 (13,997) | (13,402) | (28,532) |
| Gross profit | · | 9,779 | 8,673 | 20,508 |
| Distribution costs | | (2,826) | (2,650) | (5,528) |
| Administrative expenses | | (1,965) | (1,746) | (3,560) |
| Other operating expenses | | (153) | (132) | (348) |
| Other net gains | 5 | 87 | 68 | 268 |
| Change in fair value of investment properties | | 3,861 | 7,117 | 12,147 |
| Operating profit | • | 8,783 | 11,330 | 23,487 |
| Finance charges | | (1,105) | (951) | (1,993) |
| Finance income | | 71 | 90 | 192 |
| Net finance charges | 7 | (1,034) | (861) | (1,801) |
| Share of profits less losses of joint venture companies | | 1,108 | 1,138 | 1,519 |
| Share of profits less losses of associated companies | į | 210 | (358) | 582 |
| Profit before taxation | | 9,067 | 11,249 | 23,787 |
| Taxation | 8 | (951) | (850) | (2,343) |
| Profit for the period | , | 8,116 | 10,399 | 21,444 |
| Profit attributable to: | | | | |
| The Company's shareholders | | 6,608 | 8,420 | 17,410 |
| Non-controlling interests | , | 1,508 | 1,979 | 4,034 |
| | , | 8,116 | 10,399 | 21,444 |
| Cash dividends | | | | |
| First Interim - declared/paid | | 1,505 | 1,505 | 1,505 |
| Second Interim - paid | | - | - | 3,761 |
| Special interim dividend by way of a distribution in specie | | • | 31,589 | 31,589 |
| | 9 | 1,505 | 33,094 | 36,855 |
| | | HK\$ | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Earnings per share from profit attributable to the | • | | | |
| Company's shareholders (basic and diluted) | 10 | | | |
| 'A' shares | | 4.39 | 5.60 | 11.57 |
| 'B' shares | | 0.88 | 1.12 | 2.31 |
| | | | | |
| | 2013 | | 2012 | |
| | First | First | Second | |
| | Interim | Interim | Interim | Total |
| | HK\$ | HK\$ | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Cash dividends per share | | | | _ |
| 'A' shares | 1.00 | 1.00 | 2.50 | 3.50 |
| 'B' shares | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.50 | 0.70 |
| | | | | |

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

for the six months ended 30th June 2013

| for the 31x filoritis efficed 2011 Julie 2012 | | | |
|---|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| | (Unaud | dited) | (Audited) |
| | Six month | s ended | Year ended |
| | 30th J | une | 31st December |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | | (Restated) | (Restated) |
| Profit for the period | 8,116 | 10,399 | 21,444 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | | |
| Revaluation of property previously occupied by the Group | | | |
| gains recognised during the period | 17 | 15 | 54 |
| deferred tax | - | (2) | (9) |
| Defined benefit plans | | | |
| actuarial gains recognised during the period | - | - | 67 |
| deferred tax | - | - | (18) |
| | 17 | 13 | 94 |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | | | |
| Cash flow hedges | | | |
| gains/(losses) recognised during the period | 127 | (9) | 92 |
| transferred to net finance charges | (61) | (1) | (19) |
| transferred to operating profit - exchange differences | (10) | 25 | 33 |
| transferred to initial cost of non-financial assets | (121) | 27 | (56) |
| deferred tax | (4) | (10) | 13 |
| Net fair value changes on available-for-sale assets | 77 | 50 | 1.50 |
| gains recognised during the period | 77 | 50 | 153 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of joint venture and associated companies | 1,247 | (102) | 891 |
| · | 1,247 256 | (193) (195) | 215 |
| Net translation differences on foreign operations | | (173) | |
| | 1,511 | (306) | 1,322 |
| Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax | 1,528 | (293) | 1,416 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | 9,644 | 10,106 | 22,860 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: | | | |
| The Company's shareholders | 8,032 | 8,181 | 18,772 |
| Non-controlling interests | 1,612 | 1,925 | 4,088 |
| | 9,644 | 10,106 | 22,860 |
| | | | |

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

at 30th June 2013

| at 30th June 2013 | | (Unaudited) 30th June 2013 | (Audited) 31st December 2012 |
|--|------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Note | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| ACCEPT AND HADILETS | | | (Restated) |
| ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Non-current assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 11 | 37,775 | 34,842 |
| Investment properties | 11 | 210,197 | 205,588 |
| Leasehold land and land use rights | 11 | 1,172 | 1,080 |
| Intangible assets | 12 | 4,646 | 4,592 |
| Properties held for development | | 193 | 188 |
| Joint venture companies | 13 | 21,279 | 20,222 |
| Associated companies | 14 | 28,312 | 27,420 |
| Available-for-sale assets | | 418 | 340 |
| Long-term other receivables | | 16 | 17 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 16 | 635 | 643 |
| Deferred tax assets | 19 | 580 | 555 |
| Retirement benefit assets | | 183 | 210 |
| | | 305,406 | 295,697 |
| Current assets | | 7.400 | (010 |
| Properties for sale | | 7,620 | 6,910 |
| Stocks and work in progress Trade and other receivables | 17 | 3,394 | 4,265 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 16 | 9,315 34 | 9,164 31 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 10 | 8,207 | 6,080 |
| Short-term deposits | | 137 | 11 |
| Short form doposits | | 28,707 | 26,461 |
| | | | |
| Current liabilities | 10 | 15 /50 | 1.5.400 |
| Trade and other payables | 18 | 15,650 | 15,438 886 |
| Taxation payable Derivative financial instruments | 16 | 1,105 161 | 64 |
| Bank overdrafts and short-term loans | 10 | 1,553 | 1,941 |
| Long-term loans and bonds due within one year | | 5,860 | 5,214 |
| Long term rearra and bories add within one year | | 24,329 | 23,543 |
| Not consent and to | | 4,378 | 2,918 |
| Net current assets | | - | |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 309,784 | 298,615 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | 1 |
| Perpetual capital securities | | 2,327 | 2,325 |
| Long-term loans and bonds Receipt in advance from an associated company | | 46,177 43 | 40,917 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 16 | 77 | 48 125 |
| Other payables | 18 | 508 | 215 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 19 | 6,050 | 5,673 |
| Deferred profit | 17 | 72 | 114 |
| Retirement benefit liabilities | | 828 | 816 |
| | | 56,082 | 50,233 |
| NET ASSETS | | 253,702 | 248,382 |
| | | - | |
| EQUITY | 00 | | 000 |
| Share capital | 20 | 903 | 903 |
| Reserves | 21 | 211,824 | 207,564 |
| Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders | | 212,727 | 208,467 |
| Non-controlling interests | 22 | 40,975 | 39,915 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | 253,702 | 248,382 |
| | | | |

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the six months ended 30th June 2013

| for the six months ended 30th June 2013 | | | |
|---|-----------|-------------|---------------|
| | (Unaud | (Unaudited) | |
| | Six month | ns ended | Year ended |
| | 30th . | June | 31st December |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | | (Restated) | (Restated) |
| Operating activities | | | |
| Cash generated from operations | 6,572 | 2,439 | 10,961 |
| Interest paid | (1,085) | (924) | (2,058) |
| Interest received | 137 | 46 | 102 |
| Tax paid | (425) | (387) | (1,364) |
| | 5,199 | 1,174 | 7,641 |
| Dividends received from joint venture and associated companies | | | |
| and available-for-sale assets | 735 | 960 | 1,502 |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | 5,934 | 2,134 | 9,143 |
| Investing activities | | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | (3,605) | (3,665) | (7,532) |
| Additions of investment properties | (1,276) | (1,401) | (2,616) |
| Purchase of intangible assets | (22) | (8) | (39) |
| Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment | 42 | 54 | 102 |
| Proceeds from disposals of vessels | 67 | 50 | 49 |
| Proceeds from disposals of investment properties | 17 | 46 | 995 |
| Purchase of shares in subsidiary companies | 12 | (219) | (220) |
| Purchase of shares in joint venture companies | (25) | (23) | (296) |
| Purchase of shares in associated companies | (62) | (16) | (63) |
| Purchase of available-for-sale assets | (1) | - | - |
| Proceeds from disposal of interest in a joint venture company | 4 | - | - |
| Loans to joint venture companies | (636) | (938) | (1,426) |
| Repayment of loans by joint venture companies | 400 | 126 | 293 |
| Net loans from/(to) associated companies | 125 | (27) | 66 |
| Net decrease/(increase) in deposits maturing after more than three months | 98 | (1,184) | (157) |
| Initial leasing costs incurred | (29) | (38) | (115) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (4,891) | (7,243) | (10,959) |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) before financing | 1,043 | (5,109) | (1,816) |
| Financing activities | | | |
| Loans drawn and refinancing | 10,931 | 14,088 | 19,210 |
| Repayment of loans and bonds | (5,544) | (1,169) | (9,332) |
| | 5,387 | 12,919 | 9,878 |
| Security deposits uplifted | - | 42 | 42 |
| Capital contribution from non-controlling interests | 15 | 97 | 97 |
| Dividends paid to the Company's shareholders | (3,761) | (3,536) | (5,041) |
| Dividends paid to non-controlling interests | (551) | (478) | (1,023) |
| Net cash generated from financing activities | 1,090 | 9,044 | 3,953 |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents | 2,133 | 3,935 | 2,137 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1st January | 6,053 | 3,920 | 3,920 |
| Currency adjustment | 21 | (2) | (4) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period | 8,207 | 7,853 | 6,053 |
| Represented by: | | | |
| Bank balances and short-term deposits maturing within three months | 8,207 | 7,943 | 6,080 |
| Bank overdrafts | - | (90) | (27) |
| | 8,207 | 7,853 | 6,053 |
| | 0,207 | 7,000 | 6,033 |

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the six months ended 30th June 2013

| | Attributal | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|---|--------------------------|
| | Share capital HK\$M | Revenue reserve HK\$M | Other reserves HK\$M | Total HK\$M | Non- controlling interests HK\$M | Total equity HK\$M |
| At 1st January 2013 | | | | | | |
| as originally stated | 903 | 202,007 | 6,731 | 209,641 | 39,693 | 249,334 |
| impact of change in accounting policy | - | (1,176) | 2 | (1,174) | 222 | (952) |
| as restated | 903 | 200,831 | 6,733 | 208,467 | 39,915 | 248,382 |
| Profit for the period | - | 6,608 | - | 6,608 | 1,508 | 8,116 |
| Other comprehensive income | - | 12 | 1,412 | 1,424 | 104 | 1,528 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | - | 6,620 | 1,412 | 8,032 | 1,612 | 9,644 |
| Cash dividends paid | - | (3,761) | - | (3,761) | (576) | (4,337) |
| Capital contribution from non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | 15 | 15 |
| Change in composition of the Group | - | (11) | - | (11) | 9 | (2) |
| At 30th June 2013 (unaudited) | 903 | 203,679 | 8,145 | 212,727 | 40,975 | 253,702 |

| | Attributal | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|---|--------------------------|
| At let January 2012 | Share capital HK\$M | Revenue reserve HK\$M | Other reserves HK\$M | Total HK\$M | Non- controlling interests HK\$M | Total equity HK\$M |
| At 1st January 2012 as originally stated | 903 | 221,209 | 5,447 | 227,559 | 4,917 | 232,476 |
| impact of change in accounting policy | - | (1,180) | 2 | (1,178) | 221 | (957) |
| as restated | 903 | 220,029 | 5,449 | 226,381 | 5,138 | 231,519 |
| Profit for the period, as restated | - | 8,420 | - | 8,420 | 1,979 | 10,399 |
| Other comprehensive income, as restated | - | - | (239) | (239) | (54) | (293) |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | - | 8,420 | (239) | 8,181 | 1,925 | 10,106 |
| Cash dividends paid | - | (3,536) | - | (3,536) | (467) | (4,003) |
| Dividend by way of a distribution in specie | - | (31,589) | - | (31,589) | 31,589 | - |
| Change in composition of the Group | - | (11) | - | (11) | 122 | 111 |
| Recognition of a put option over a non-controlling | | | | | | |
| interest in a subsidiary company | - | (122) | - | (122) | - | (122) |
| At 30th June 2012 (unaudited) | 903 | 193,191 | 5,210 | 199,304 | 38,307 | 237,611 |

Notes to the Interim Accounts

1. Segment Information

(a) Analysis of Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

| | External | Inter-segment | | Finance | Finance | Share of profits less losses of joint venture | Share of profits less losses of associated | Tax | Profit for the | Profit attributable to the Company's |
|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|------------------|---------|---------|---|--|--------|----------------|--|
| | turnover | | Operating profit | charges | income | companies | companies | | period | shareholders |
| Six months ended 30th June 2013 | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| Property | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property investment | 4,718 | 34 | 3,538 | (803) | 41 | 121 | - | (395) | 2,502 | 2,044 |
| Change in fair value of | | | | | | | | | | |
| investment properties | - | - | 4,016 | - | - | 548 | 1 | (294) | 4,271 | 3,493 |
| Property trading | 571 | - | 278 | (1) | 1 | (17) | - | (53) | 208 | 139 |
| Hotels | 431 | - | (44) | (31) | - | (5) | 69 | (14) | (25) | (20) |
| | 5,720 | 34 | 7,788 | (835) | 42 | 647 | 70 | (756) | 6,956 | 5,656 |
| Aviation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cathay Pacific group | - | - | | - | - | - | 11 | - (00) | 11 | 11 |
| HAECO group | 3,222 | - | 174 | (27) | 8 | 278 | - | (32) | 401 | 269 |
| Others | 2 000 | - | (26) | - (07) | 8 | 3 | | - (20) | (23) | (9) |
| Davarage | 3,222 | - | 148 | (27) | 8 | 281 | - 11 | (32) | 389 | 271 |
| Beverages Mainland China | 3,760 | | 173 | (31) | 12 | 72 | 130 | (70) | 286 | 203 |
| Hong Kong | 992 | 1 | 88 | (31) | 12 | /2 | 130 | | 80 | 73 |
| Taiwan | 657 | | 1 | (3) | - | - | - | (8) | (2) | (2) |
| USA | 1,853 | _ | 125 | (3) | - | - | _ | (30) | (2) 95 | 95 |
| Central costs | 1,000 | _ | (14) | _ | _ | _ | _ | (50) | (14) | (14) |
| Cermareosis | 7,262 | 1 | 373 | (34) | 12 | 72 | 130 | (108) | 445 | 355 |
| Marine Services | ,,202 | • | 0,0 | (04) | | ,- | 100 | (100) | 4-10 | 000 |
| Swire Pacific Offshore group | 2,877 | _ | 708 | (48) | 3 | 4 | (1) | (20) | 646 | 642 |
| HUD group | _, | _ | - | - | - | 37 | - | () | 37 | 37 |
| | 2,877 | - | 708 | (48) | 3 | 41 | (1) | (20) | 683 | 679 |
| Trading & Industrial | | | | . , | | | | • • | | |
| Swire Resources group | 1,841 | - | 65 | - | 4 | 4 | - | (23) | 50 | 54 |
| Taikoo Motors group | 2,574 | - | 17 | (3) | 1 | - | - | (6) | 9 | 9 |
| Swire Foods group | 275 | 52 | 3 | - | - | - | - | (2) | 1 | 1 |
| Campbell Swire | - | - | - | (4) | - | (42) | - | - | (46) | (46) |
| Swire Pacific Cold Storage group | - | - | (16) | - | - | 4 | - | (1) | (13) | (13) |
| Akzo Nobel Swire Paints | - | - | - | - | - | 102 | - | (4) | 98 | 98 |
| Other activities | - | - | (6) | - | - | (1) | - | - | (7) | (7) |
| | 4,690 | 52 | 63 | (7) | 5 | 67 | - | (36) | 92 | 96 |
| Head Office | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income/(expenses) | 5 | 9 | (142) | (652) | 499 | - | - | 1 | (294) | (294) |
| Change in fair value of | | | | | | | | | | |
| investment properties | - | - | (155) | - | | - | - | | (155) | (155) |
| | 5 | 9 | (297) | (652) | 499 | - | - | 1 | (449) | (449) |
| Inter-segment elimination | | (96) | | 498 | (498) | | - | | | |
| Total | 23,776 | | 8,783 | (1,105) | 71 | 1,108 | 210 | (951) | 8,116 | 6,608 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes: Sales between business segments are accounted for at competitive market prices charged to unaffiliated customers for similar goods and services.

Interest charged by Head Office to the business segments is based on market interest rates and the Group's cost of debt.

(a) Analysis of Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss (continued)

| | External | Inter-segment | Operating | Finance | Finance | Share of profits less losses of joint venture | Share of profits less losses of associated | Tax | Profit for the | Profit attributable to the Company's |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|---|--|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | turnover | turnover | profit | charges | income | companies | companies | (charge)/credit | period | shareholders |
| Six months ended 30th June 2012 | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | (Restated) | • | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) |
| Property | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property investment | 4,402 | 32 | 3,259 | (692) | 54 | 73 | = | (394) | 2,300 | 1,877 |
| Change in fair value of | | | | | | | | | | |
| investment properties | = | = | 7,043 | = | = | 665 | = | (217) | 7,491 | 6,128 |
| Property trading | 99 | - | (18) | = | 2 | (7) | - | - | (23) | (17) |
| Hotels | 373 | 1 | 7 | (20) | - | 8 | 72 | (15) | 52 | 43 |
| | 4,874 | 33 | 10,291 | (712) | 56 | 739 | 72 | (626) | 9,820 | 8,031 |
| Aviation | | | | | | | | - | | |
| Cathay Pacific group | - | - | - | - | - | - | (419) | - | (419) | (419) |
| HAECO group | 2,899 | - | 286 | (15) | 9 | 271 | - | (65) | 486 | 341 |
| Others | - | - | (27) | - | - | 3 | - | - | (24) | (10) |
| | 2,899 | - | 259 | (15) | 9 | 274 | (419) | (65) | 43 | (88) |
| Beverages | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| Mainland China | 3,494 | - | 134 | (34) | 12 | 77 | (11) | (60) | 118 | 67 |
| Hong Kong | 972 | 1 | 77 | = | - | = | - | (9) | 68 | 62 |
| Taiwan | 715 | - | = | (4) | - | = | - | (1) | (5) | (5) |
| USA | 1,885 | - | 143 | - | - | - | - | (41) | 102 | 102 |
| Central costs | - | - | (11) | - | | - | | - | (11) | (11) |
| | 7,066 | 1 | 343 | (38) | 12 | 77 | (11) | (111) | 272 | 215 |
| Marine Services | | | | (4.0) | | | | | | |
| Swire Pacific Offshore group | 2,252 | - | 398 | (13) | 2 | - | - | (13) | 374 | 369 |
| HUD group | - | - | - | - | - | 27 | - | - (40) | 27 | 27 |
| Touristic or O to should all | 2,252 | - | 398 | (13) | 2 | 27 | - | (13) | 401 | 396 |
| Trading & Industrial | 1 /50 | | 71 | | | | | (00) | 5.4 | 57 |
| Swire Resources group | 1,658 3,030 | = | 71 69 | - | 1 | 2 | = | (20) | 54 51 | 57 51 |
| Taikoo Motors group | | - / / | 69 | (4) | ı | - | - | (15) | 1 | |
| Swire Foods group Campbell Swire* | 293 | 64 | · | | - | (41) | - | - | (44) | 1 |
| Swire Pacific Cold Storage group | - | - | (10) | (3) | - | (41) | - | (1) | (44) (11) | (44) (11) |
| Akzo Nobel Swire Paints | - | - | (10) | - | - | 62 | - | (3) | 59 | 59 |
| Other activities | - | - | (5) | - | - | (2) | - | (3) | (7) | (7) |
| Office delivities | 4,981 | 64 | 126 | (7) | 2 | 21 | | (39) | 103 | 106 |
| Head Office | 4,701 | 0-4 | 120 | (7) | 2 | 21 | - | (37) | 103 | 100 |
| Net income/(expenses) | 3 | 7 | (161) | (699) | 542 | | | 4 | (314) | (314) |
| Change in fair value of | 9 | , | (101) | (077) | 342 | | | - | (514) | (014) |
| investment properties | = | _ | 74 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 74 | 74 |
| investment properties | 3 | 7 | (87) | (699) | 542 | | | 4 | (240) | (240) |
| | ŭ | , | (0,) | (0,7) | U-12 | | | 7 | (240) | (240) |
| Inter-segment elimination | - | (105) | - | 533 | (533) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 22,075 | - | 11,330 | (951) | 90 | 1,138 | (358) | (850) | 10,399 | 8,420 |
| | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | |

Notes: Sales between business segments are accounted for at competitive market prices charged to unaffiliated customers for similar goods and services.

Interest charged by Head Office to the business segments is based on market interest rates and the Group's cost of debt.

^{*} Campbell Swire has been accounted for under the Trading & Industrial Division rather than the Beverages Division from the 2012 year-end statutory accounts to reflect the basis on which the Group's internal segment reports are prepared.

(a) Analysis of Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss (continued)

| | | | | | | Share of profits less losses of | Share of profits less losses of | | | Profit attributable to |
|----------------------------------|------------|---------------|------------------|------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|----------------|------------------------|
| | External | Inter-segment | | Finance | Finance | joint venture | associated | Tax | Profit for the | the Company's |
| | turnover | | Operating profit | charges | income | companies | companies | <u> </u> | year | shareholders |
| Year ended 31st December 2012 | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | (Restated) | | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) |
| Property | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property investment | 9,060 | 63 | 6,861 | (1,443) | 113 | 146 | - | (768) | 4,909 | 4,011 |
| Change in fair value of | | | | | | | | | | |
| investment properties | - | - | 12,159 | - | - | 568 | 1 | (638) | 12,090 | 9,900 |
| Property trading | 4,147 | - | 2,395 | - | 3 | (14) | - | (422) | 1,962 | 1,360 |
| Hotels | 781 | 1 | (39) | (40) | - | (40) | 160 | (29) | 12 | 11 |
| | 13,988 | 64 | 21,376 | (1,483) | 116 | 660 | 161 | (1,857) | 18,973 | 15,282 |
| Aviation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cathay Pacific group | - | - | - | - | - | - | 387 | - | 387 | 387 |
| HAECO group | 5,830 | - | 434 | (35) | 18 | 560 | - | (122) | 855 | 618 |
| Others | - | - | (52) | - | - | 6 | - | - | (46) | (21) |
| | 5,830 | - | 382 | (35) | 18 | 566 | 387 | (122) | 1,196 | 984 |
| Beverages | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mainland China | 6,950 | - | 268 | (67) | 24 | 171 | 33 | (113) | 316 | 207 |
| Hong Kong | 2,122 | 1 | 212 | - | - | - | - | (19) | 193 | 175 |
| Taiwan | 1,500 | - | 30 | (7) | - | - | - | (5) | 18 | 18 |
| USA | 3,824 | - | 277 | - | 1 | - | - | (100) | 178 | 178 |
| Central costs | - | _ | (22) | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | (22) | (22) |
| | 14,396 | 1 | 765 | (74) | 25 | 171 | 33 | (237) | 683 | 556 |
| Marine Services | , | | | . , | | | | , , | | |
| Swire Pacific Offshore group | 4,864 | _ | 984 | (24) | 4 | _ | 1 | (42) | 923 | 911 |
| HUD group | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | 53 | _ | - | 53 | 53 |
| 3 - 1 | 4,864 | _ | 984 | (24) | 4 | 53 | 1 | (42) | 976 | 964 |
| Trading & Industrial | ., | | | () | | | | (/ | | |
| Swire Resources group | 3,584 | _ | 180 | _ | 3 | 3 | _ | (53) | 133 | 141 |
| Taikoo Motors group | 5,763 | _ | 122 | (8) | 2 | - | _ | (27) | 89 | 89 |
| Swire Foods group | 606 | 132 | 7 | - | - | _ | _ | (4) | 3 | 3 |
| Campbell Swire | - | - | _ | (6) | _ | (76) | _ | (' ') | (82) | (82) |
| Swire Pacific Cold Storage group | _ | _ | (24) | - | _ | 3 | _ | (1) | (22) | (22) |
| Akzo Nobel Swire Paints | _ | _ | (21) | _ | _ | 145 | _ | (7) | 138 | 138 |
| Other activities | 3 | _ | (14) | _ | _ | (6) | _ | - | (20) | (20) |
| o mor do minos | 9,956 | 132 | 271 | (14) | 5 | 69 | _ | (92) | 239 | 247 |
| Head Office | 7,700 | .02 | 2 | (1-7) | J | • | | (/-/ | 20, | 2-11 |
| Net income/(expenses) | 6 | 42 | (279) | (1,414) | 1,075 | _ | | 7 | (611) | (611) |
| Change in fair value of | O | 72 | (2//) | (1,414) | 1,070 | | | , | (011) | (011) |
| investment properties | _ | _ | (12) | _ | | | | | (12) | (12) |
| invesiment properties | 6 | 42 | (291) | (1,414) | 1,075 | | | 7 | (623) | (623) |
| | • | 42 | (271) | (1,414) | 1,075 | - | - | , | (023) | (023) |
| Inter-segment elimination | - | (239) | - | 1,051 | (1,051) | _ | - | - | _ | _ |
| Total | 49,040 | - | 23,487 | (1,993) | 192 | 1,519 | 582 | (2,343) | 21,444 | 17,410 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes: Sales between business segments are accounted for at competitive market prices charged to unaffiliated customers for similar goods and services. Interest charged by Head Office to the business segments is based on market interest rates and the Group's cost of debt.
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(b) Analysis of Total Assets of the Group

At 30th June 2013

| 7.11 CO.11 C | | Joint | | Bank deposits | |
|--|---------|-----------|------------|---------------|---------|
| | Segment | venture | Associated | and | Total |
| | assets | companies | companies | securities | assets |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| Property | 010 011 | 10.407 | | 0.707 | 007.100 |
| Property investment | 210,911 | 13,426 | 57 | 2,796 | 227,190 |
| Property trading and | 0.010 | 1.00/ | | 770 | 10.077 |
| development | 8,012 | 1,286 | - | 779 | 10,077 |
| Hotels | 5,678 | 1,146 | 415 | 52 | 7,291 |
| | 224,601 | 15,858 | 472 | 3,627 | 244,558 |
| Aviation | | | | | |
| Cathay Pacific group | - | - | 26,565 | - | 26,565 |
| HAECO group | 8,250 | 1,181 | - | 1,774 | 11,205 |
| Others | 4,701 | 2,819 | - | - | 7,520 |
| | 12,951 | 4,000 | 26,565 | 1,774 | 45,290 |
| Beverages | | | | | |
| Swire Beverages | 8,632 | 647 | 1,205 | 1,050 | 11,534 |
| Marine Services | | | | | |
| Swire Pacific Offshore group | 21,451 | - | 8 | 565 | 22,024 |
| HUD group | - | 47 | - | - | 47 |
| | 21,451 | 47 | 8 | 565 | 22,071 |
| Trading & Industrial | | | | | |
| Swire Resources group | 679 | 22 | 62 | 364 | 1,127 |
| Taikoo Motors group | 2,039 | - | - | 153 | 2,192 |
| Swire Foods group | 148 | - | - | 50 | 198 |
| Campbell Swire | - | (74) | - | - | (74) |
| Swire Pacific Cold Storage group | 277 | 265 | - | 205 | 747 |
| Akzo Nobel Swire Paints | - | 507 | - | - | 507 |
| Other activities | 83 | 7 | _ | 10 | 100 |
| | 3,226 | 727 | 62 | 782 | 4,797 |
| Head Office | 5,268 | | - | 595 | 5,863 |
| | 276,129 | 21,279 | 28,312 | 8,393 | 334,113 |
| | | | | | |

(b) Analysis of Total Assets of the Group (continued)

At 31st December 2012

| | | Joint | | Bank deposits | |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|------------|
| | Segment | venture | Associated | and | Total |
| | assets | companies | companies | securities | assets |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) |
| Property | | | | | |
| Property investment | 205,888 | 12,737 | 55 | 1,529 | 220,209 |
| Property trading and development | 7,272 | 1,063 | - | 345 | 8,680 |
| Hotels | 5,532 | 1,078 | 666 | 66 | 7,342 |
| | 218,692 | 14,878 | 721 | 1,940 | 236,231 |
| Aviation | | | | | |
| Cathay Pacific group | - | - | 25,707 | - | 25,707 |
| HAECO group | 7,869 | 1,156 | - | 1,423 | 10,448 |
| Others | 4,727 | 2,821 | - | - | 7,548 |
| | 12,596 | 3,977 | 25,707 | 1,423 | 43,703 |
| Beverages | | | | | |
| Swire Beverages | 8,291 | 696 | 981 | 649 | 10,617 |
| Marine Services | | | | | |
| Swire Pacific Offshore group | 19,412 | 2 | 11 | 251 | 19,676 |
| HUD group | - | 53 | - | - | 53 |
| | 19,412 | 55 | 11 | 251 | 19,729 |
| Trading & Industrial | | | | | |
| Swire Resources group | 844 | 19 | - | 364 | 1,227 |
| Taikoo Motors group | 2,759 | - | - | 14 | 2,773 |
| Swire Foods group | 135 | - | - | 50 | 185 |
| Campbell Swire | - | (55) | - | - | (55) |
| Swire Pacific Cold Storage group | 81 | 255 | - | 33 | 369 |
| Akzo Nobel Swire Paints | - | 395 | - | - | 395 |
| Other activities | 143 | 2 | - | 78 | 223 |
| | 3,962 | 616 | - | 539 | 5,117 |
| Head Office | 5,420 | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | 1,341 | 6,761 |
| | 268,373 | 20,222 | 27,420 | 6,143 | 322,158 |

(c) Analysis of Total Liabilities and Non-controlling Interests of the Group

At 30th June 2013

| | | Current and | Inter-segment | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|
| | Segment | deferred tax | borrowings/ | External | Total | Non-controlling |
| | liabilities | liabilities | (advances) | borrowings | liabilities | Interests |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| Property | | | | | | |
| Property investment | 6,634 | 5,745 | 7,862 | 19,220 | 39,461 | 34,263 |
| Property trading and development | 1,017 | 520 | 4,579 | 709 | 6,825 | 686 |
| Hotels | 143 | - | - | 509 | 652 | 1,195 |
| | 7,794 | 6,265 | 12,441 | 20,438 | 46,938 | 36,144 |
| Aviation | | | | | | |
| HAECO group | 1,788 | 335 | - | 2,190 | 4,313 | 3,956 |
| Beverages | | | | | | |
| Swire Beverages | 3,996 | 350 | 1,270 | 116 | 5,732 | 847 |
| Marine Services | | | | | | |
| Swire Pacific Offshore group | 1,443 | 63 | 8,864 | 85 | 10,455 | 18 |
| Trading & Industrial | | | | | | |
| Swire Resources group | 768 | 1 | (171) | - | 598 | 10 |
| Taikoo Motors group | 853 | 13 | - | - | 866 | - |
| Swire Foods group | 83 | 1 | - | - | 84 | - |
| Campbell Swire | - | _ | 168 | - | 168 | - |
| Swire Pacific Cold Storage group | 13 | - | - | - | 13 | - |
| Other activities | 23 | 17 | - | - | 40 | - |
| | 1,740 | 32 | (3) | - | 1,769 | 10 |
| Head Office | 578 | 110 | (22,572) | 33,088 | 11,204 | - |
| | 17,339 | 7,155 | - | 55,917 | 80,411 | 40,975 |

(c) Analysis of Total Liabilities and Non-Controlling Interests of the Group (continued)

At 31st December 2012

| | 16,820 | 6,559 | • | 50,397 | 73,776 | 39,915 |
|--|--------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Head Office | 551 | 113 | (23,589) | 32,726 | 9,801 | - |
| | 1,862 | 53 | 114 | 470 | 2,499 | 14 |
| Other activities | 27 | 12 | - | - | 39 | - |
| Swire Pacific Cold Storage group | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| Campbell Swire | - | - | 144 | - | 144 | - |
| Swire Foods group | 84 | 2 | - | - | 86 | - |
| Taikoo Motors group | 1,026 | 25 | - | 470 | 1,521 | - |
| Trading & Industrial Swire Resources group | 724 | 14 | (30) | -1 | 708 | 14 |
| Swire Pacific Offshore group | 1,792 | 55 | 6,816 | 102 | 8,765 | 15 |
| Marine Services | | | | | | |
| Swire Beverages | 3,422 | 346 | 1,395 | 132 | 5,295 | 801 |
| Beverages | | | | | | |
| HAECO group | 1,643 | 334 | - | 1,664 | 3,641 | 3,921 |
| Aviation | | | | | | |
| | 7,550 | 3,030 | 10,204 | 10,000 | 40,773 | 33,104 |
| | 7,550 | 5,658 | 15,264 | 15,303 | 43,775 | 35,164 |
| Hotels | 165 | 407 | 4,∠65 | 423 691 | 3,714 856 | 1,167 |
| Property investment Property trading and development | 6,828 557 | 5,189 469 | 10,999 4,265 | 14,189 423 | 37,205 5,714 | 33,393 604 |
| Property | | | | | | |
| | (Restated) | (Restated) | · | (Restated) | (Restated) | (Restated) |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | liabilities | liabilities | (advances) | borrowings | liabilities | Interests |
| | Segment | deferred tax | borrowings/ | External | Total | Non-controlling |
| | | Current and | Inter-segment | | | |

The Swire Pacific Group is organised on a divisional basis: Property, Aviation, Beverages, Marine Services and Trading & Industrial.

The reportable segments within each of the five divisions are classified according to the nature of the business. The Head Office is also considered to be a reportable segment as discrete financial information is available for the Head Office activities and regularly provided to the executive directors of the Board.

The Beverages Division is considered to be a single reportable segment as the nature of its operations in different geographical locations is similar. The analysis of the consolidated statement of profit or loss in note 1 (a) presents the results of the Beverages Division by geographical location in order to provide further information to the user of the Interim Report.

There are no differences from the last annual accounts in the basis of segmentation or in the basis of measurement of segment profit or loss.

2. Basis of Preparation

(a) The unaudited condensed interim accounts have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of The Listing Rules of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The accounting policies, methods of computation and presentation used in the preparation of the interim accounts are consistent with those described in the 2012 annual accounts except for those noted in 2(b) below.

(b) The following relevant new and revised standards were required to be adopted by the Group effective from 1st January 2013:

HKFRSs (Amendment)

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle

HKAS 1 (Amendment) Presentation of Financial Statements

HKAS 19 (revised 2011) Employee Benefits

HKAS 28 (revised 2011) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

HKFRS 7 (Amendment) Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

HKFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

HKFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurements

Amendments to HKFRS10, Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements

HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities:

Transition Guidance

The improvements to HKFRSs 2009 to 2011 cycle consists of six amendments to five existing standards, including an amendment to HKAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". The amendment aligns the disclosure requirements for segment assets and liabilities in interim financial reports with those in HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments". It has had no significant impact on the results and financial position of the Group.

The amendment to HKAS 1 focuses on improving the presentation of components of other comprehensive income items. It requires items presented in other comprehensive income to be grouped on the basis of whether they are potentially reclassifiable to the profit or loss account subsequently or not. The Group's presentation of other comprehensive income in these interim accounts has been modified accordingly.

HKFRS 11 provides guidance on what constitutes a joint arrangement by focusing on the rights and obligations of the arrangement, rather than its legal form. There are two types of joint arrangements: joint operations and joint ventures. Joint operations arise where a joint operator has rights to the assets and obligations relating to the arrangement and hence accounts for its interest in assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Joint ventures arise where the joint operator has rights to the net assets of the arrangement and hence equity accounts for its interest. Proportional consolidation of joint ventures is no longer allowed. The adoption of HKFRS 11 has prompted the Group to review the accounting treatment of certain of its franchise businesses in Mainland China within the Beverages Division. Having regard to HKFRS 11, it has concluded that certain franchises previously accounted for as jointly controlled companies no longer meet the definition of joint ventures under the new standard. Having regard to the relevant standards, the group has reclassified these franchise businesses as subsidiaries and has fully consolidated them in its interim accounts. The change has been applied retrospectively.

HKAS 19 was amended in 2011. The impact on the Group's defined benefit plans and post employment benefits is as follows: to immediately recognise all past service costs; and to replace interest cost and expected return on plan assets with a net interest amount that is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability. In addition, it removes the accounting policy choice that previously permitted only the recognition of actuarial gains and losses outside a 10% 'corridor' to be recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss. Instead all such remeasurements are required to be recognised in other comprehensive income, when they occur. The above change is required to be applied retrospectively.

As a result of the adoption of the new HKFRS 11 and revised HKAS 19, the Group has changed its accounting policy with respect to certain of its interests in joint venture companies and defined benefit plans. These changes in accounting policy have been applied retrospectively by restating the balances at 31st December 2012, and the results for the six months ended 30th June 2012 and year ended 31st December 2012 as summarised in the below table:

| Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss for the six months ended 30th June 2012 | As previously reported HK\$M | Effect of adopting HKFRS 11 HK\$M | Effect of adopting revised HKAS 19 HK\$M | As restated HK\$M |
|---|------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| Turnover | 19,389 | 2,686 | _ | 22,075 |
| Cost of sales | 11,512 | 1,890 | _ | 13,402 |
| Distribution costs | 2,101 | 549 | _ | 2,650 |
| Administrative expenses | 1,571 | 139 | 36 | 1,746 |
| Other net gains | 34 | 34 | - | 68 |
| Finance charges | 946 | 5 | - | 951 |
| Finance income | 89 | 1 | - | 90 |
| Share of profits less losses of joint venture companies | 1,198 | (58) | (2) | 1,138 |
| Share of profits less losses of associated companies | 360 | (38) | 36 | 358 |
| Taxation | 818 | 39 | (7) | 850 |
| Profit attributable to the Company's shareholders | 8,441 | 38 | (59) | 8,420 |
| Profit attributable to non-controlling interests | 1,946 | 41 | (8) | 1,979 |
| | HK\$ | HK\$ | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Earnings per 'A' share (basic and diluted) | 5.61 | 0.03 | (0.04) | 5.60 |
| Earnings per 'B' share (basic and diluted) | 1.12 | 0.01 | (0.01) | 1.12 |
| Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the six months ended 30th June 2012 | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| Cash flow hedge losses recognised during the period | 10 | (1) | - | 9 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of | 10 | (') | | , |
| joint venture and associated companies | 133 | 60 | _ | 193 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to | | | | |
| the Company's shareholders | 8,261 | (21) | (59) | 8,181 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to | | | | |
| non-controlling interests | 1,892 | 41 | (8) | 1,925 |
| Consolidated Statement of Brofit or Loss for the | | | | |
| Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss for the year ended 31st December 2012 | HK\$M | HK\$M | HKSM | HK\$M |
| | • | - | пкэм | - |
| Turnover | 43,859 | 5,181 | - | 49,040 |
| Cost of sales | 24,923 | 3,609 | - | 28,532 |
| Distribution costs | 4,406 | 1,122 | - | 5,528 |
| Administrative expenses | 3,236 | 255 | 69 | 3,560 |
| Other net gains | 194 | 74 | - | 268 |
| Finance charges | 1,988 191 | 5 1 | - | 1,993 192 |
| Finance income Share of profits less losses of joint venture companies | 1,647 | (119) | (9) | 1,519 |
| Share of profits less losses of associated companies | 607 | 46 | (7) | 582 |
| Taxation | 2,289 | 67 | (13) | 2,343 |
| Profit attributable to the Company's shareholders | 17,484 | 46 | (120) | 17,410 |
| Profit attributable to non-controlling interests | 3,971 | 79 | (120) | 4,034 |
| | HK\$ | HK\$ | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Earnings per 'A' share (basic and diluted) | 11.62 | 0.03 | (80.0) | 11.57 |
| Earnings per 'X' share (basic and alloted) Earnings per 'B' share (basic and diluted) | 2.32 | - | (0.00) | 2.31 |
| | 2.02 | | (3.51) | 2.01 |

| Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st December 2012 | As previously reported HK\$M | Effect of adopting HKFRS 11 HK\$M | Effect of adopting revised HKAS 19 HK\$M | As restated HK\$M |
|---|------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| Defined benefit plans - actuarial gains | | | | |
| recognised during the period | - | - | 67 | 67 |
| Defined benefit plans - deferred tax | - | - | 18 | 18 |
| Cash flow hedge gains recognised during the year | 86 | 6 | - | 92 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of | | | | |
| joint venture and associated companies | 860 | (40) | 71 | 891 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to | | | | |
| the Company's shareholders | 18,767 | 12 | (7) | 18,772 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to | | | 4-1 | |
| non-controlling interests | 4,018 | 79 | (9) | 4,088 |
| Consolidated Statement of Financial Position | | | | |
| as at 31st December 2012 | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| Property, plant and equipment | 33,641 | 1,201 | - | 34,842 |
| Leasehold land and land use rights | 998 | 82 | - | 1,080 |
| Intangible assets | 4,509 | 83 | - | 4,592 |
| Joint venture companies | 20,969 | (731) | (16) | 20,222 |
| Associated companies | 27,946 | 17 | (543) | 27,420 |
| Deferred tax assets | 338 | 78 | 139 | 555 |
| Retirement benefit assets | 637 | - | (427) | 210 |
| Stocks and work in progress | 3,860 | 405 | - | 4,265 |
| Trade and other receivables | 8,835 | 329 | - | 9,164 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5,888 | 192 | - | 6,080 |
| Short-term deposits | 310 | (299) | - | 11 |
| Trade and other payables | 14,376 | 1,277 | - | 15,653 |
| Taxation payable | 873 | 13 | - | 886 |
| Derivative financial instrument liabilities | 174 | 15 | - | 189 |
| Bank overdrafts and short-term loans | 1,918 | 23 | - | 1,941 |
| Long-term loans and bonds due within one year | 5,508 | (294) | - | 5,214 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 5,757 | - | (84) | 5,673 |
| Retirement benefit liabilities | 304 | - | 512 | 816 |
| Reserves | 208,738 | 17 | (1,191) | 207,564 |
| Non-controlling interests | 39,693 | 306 | (84) | 39,915 |
| Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows | | | | |
| for the period ended 30th June 2012 | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| Cash generated from operations | 2,043 | 396 | - | 2,439 |
| Interest paid | 919 | 5 | - | 924 |
| Interest received | 45 | 1 | - | 46 |
| Tax paid | 350 | 37 | - | 387 |
| Dividends received from joint venture and | | | | |
| associated companies and available-for-sale assets | 929 | 31 | - | 960 |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | 3,396 | 269 | - | 3,665 |
| Purchase of intangible assets | 4 | 4 | - | 8 |
| Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment | 53 | 1 | - | 54 |
| Net increase in deposits maturing more than three months | 1,244 | (60) | - | 1,184 |
| Loans drawn and refinancing | 14,271 | (183) | - | 14,088 |
| Repayment of loans and bonds | 1,102 | 67 | - | 1,169 |
| Dividends paid to non-controlling interests | 453 | 25 | - | 478 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1st January | 3,706 | 214 | - | 3,920 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period | 7,740 | 113 | - | 7,853 |

| Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st December 2012 | As previously reported HK\$M | Effect of adopting HKFRS 11 HK\$M | Effect of adopting revised HKAS 19 HK\$M | As restated HK\$M |
|--|------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| Cash generated from operations | 10,186 | 775 | _ | 10,961 |
| Interest paid | 2,053 | 5 | - | 2,058 |
| Interest received | 101 | 1 | - | 102 |
| Tax paid | 1,290 | 74 | - | 1,364 |
| Dividends received from joint venture and | | | | |
| associated companies and available-for-sale assets | 1,337 | 165 | - | 1,502 |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | 7,183 | 349 | - | 7,532 |
| Purchase of intangible assets | 19 | 20 | - | 39 |
| Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment | 100 | 2 | - | 102 |
| Net increase in deposits maturing more than three months | 134 | 23 | - | 157 |
| Loans drawn and refinancing | 19,455 | (245) | - | 19,210 |
| Repayment of loans and bonds | 9,129 | 203 | - | 9,332 |
| Dividends paid to non-controlling interests | 954 | 69 | - | 1,023 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1st January | 3,706 | 214 | - | 3,920 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year | 5,884 | 169 | - | 6,053 |

HKFRS 10 builds on existing principles by identifying the concept of control as the determining factor in whether an entity should be included within the consolidated financial statements of the parent company. The standard provides additional guidance to assist in the determination of control where this is difficult to assess. The Group has considered whether to consolidate Cathay Pacific Airways Limited ("Cathay Pacific") as a subsidiary in its accounts from 2013 in light of the provisions of HKFRS 10 and has concluded that because it does not have unilateral control of Cathay Pacific it should not consolidate it from 2013 but should continue to account for its interest in Cathay Pacific as an associate interest.

HKFRS 13 aims to improve consistency and reduce complexity by providing a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use in all relevant HKFRSs. The requirements do not extend the use of fair value accounting but provide guidance on how fair value should be measured where its use is already required or permitted by other standards in HKFRSs. It also provides new disclosure requirements. The adoption of HKFRS 13 only affects disclosures on fair value measurements of financial assets and financial liabilities in the Group's interim accounts.

The adoption of the other revisions, amendments and new standards has had no effect on the Group's interim financial information.

(c) The preparation of the interim accounts in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Those areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the Group's consolidated accounts are detailed in the 2012 annual accounts.

3. Financial Risk Management

Financial risk factors

In the normal course of business the Group is exposed to financial risks attributable to interest rates, currencies, credit and liquidity.

The interim accounts do not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's 2012 annual accounts. There have been no changes in the Group's financial risk management structure, policies and procedures since the year end.

4. Turnover

Turnover represents sales by the Company and its subsidiary companies to external customers and comprises revenue from:

| | Six month | ns ended | Year ended |
|--|-----------|------------|---------------|
| | 30th . | June | 31st December |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | | (Restated) | (Restated) |
| Gross rental income from investment properties | 4,679 | 4,378 | 8,954 |
| Property trading | 571 | 99 | 4,147 |
| Hotels | 431 | 373 | 781 |
| Aircraft and engine maintenance services | 3,064 | 2,849 | 5,603 |
| Sales of goods | 11,974 | 12,059 | 24,447 |
| Charter hire | 2,412 | 1,856 | 3,870 |
| Rendering of other services | 645 | 461 | 1,238 |
| | 23,776 | 22,075 | 49,040 |

5. Other Net Gains

Other net gains include the following:

| | Six months | ended | Year ended |
|---|------------|------------|---------------|
| | 30th Ju | ıne | 31st December |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | | (Restated) | (Restated) |
| Profit on sale of investment properties | - | 1 | 66 |
| Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment | 8 | 18 | 22 |
| Net foreign exchange (losses)/gains | (42) | 6 | 18 |
| Fair value gains/(losses) on derivative instruments | | | |
| transferred from cash flow hedge reserve | | | |
| Cross-currency swaps | 10 | (25) | (33) |
| Fair value gains/(losses) on derivative instruments | | | |
| not qualifying as hedges | | | |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts | 21 | (20) | (6) |
| Dividend income on available-for-sale assets | - | - | 3 |
| | | | |

6. Expenses by Type

Expenses included in cost of sales, distribution costs, administrative expenses and other operating expenses are analysed as follows:

| , | Six months ended Year en | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|------------|---------------|--|--|
| | 30th J | une | 31st December | | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 | | |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | | |
| | | (Restated) | (Restated) | | |
| Direct operating expenses of investment properties that | | | | | |
| generated rental income | 697 | 678 | 1,490 | | |
| did not generate rental income | 69 | 43 | 102 | | |
| Cost of stocks sold | 8,834 | 8,775 | 18,773 | | |
| Write-down of stocks and work in progress | 23 | 12 | 41 | | |
| Goodwill written off | - | 8 | 8 | | |
| Impairment losses recognised on | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | - | 13 | 58 | | |
| Intangible assets (note 12) | 2 | 3 | 10 | | |
| Trade receivables | 38 | 2 | 22 | | |
| Reversal of impairment losses on | | | | | |
| Properties held for development | (6) | _ | (4) | | |
| Property, plant and equipment (note 11) | (61) | - | - | | |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 11) | 1,101 | 896 | 1,846 | | |
| Amortisation of | | | | | |
| Leasehold land and land use rights (note 11) | 15 | 15 | 30 | | |
| Intangible assets (note 12) | 31 | 29 | 60 | | |
| Initial leasing costs | 50 | 41 | 89 | | |
| Staff costs | 4,307 | 3,730 | 7,665 | | |
| Operating lease rentals | | | | | |
| Properties | 388 | 349 | 728 | | |
| Vessels | 67 | 70 | 129 | | |
| Plant and equipment | 12 | 14 | 21 | | |
| Others | 3,374 | 3,252 | 6,900 | | |
| Total cost of sales, distribution costs, administrative | | | | | |
| expenses and other operating expenses | 18,941 | 17,930 | 37,968 | | |
| | | | | | |

7. Net Finance Charges

Refer to page 33 for details of the Group's net finance charges.

8. Taxation

| | Six months | ended | Year ended |
|---|------------|----------|---------------|
| | 30th Ju | ıne | 31st December |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | (Re | estated) | (Restated) |
| Current taxation | | | |
| Hong Kong profits tax | (447) | (408) | (1,240) |
| Overseas taxation | (198) | (220) | (438) |
| Over/(under)-provisions in prior years | 1 | - | (2) |
| | (644) | (628) | (1,680) |
| Deferred taxation (note 19) | | | |
| Change in fair value of investment properties in Mainland China | (181) | (176) | (249) |
| Origination and reversal of temporary differences | (126) | (46) | (414) |
| | (307) | (222) | (663) |
| | (951) | (850) | (2,343) |

Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 16.5% (2012: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the period. Overseas tax is calculated at rates applicable in the jurisdictions in which the Group is assessable to tax.

The Group's share of joint venture and associated companies' tax charges for the six months ended 30th June 2013 of HK\$234 million (30th June 2012: HK\$238 million, as restated; year ended 31st December 2012: HK\$239 million, as restated) and HK\$98 million (30th June 2012: HK\$33 million, as restated; year ended 31st December 2012: HK\$220 million, as restated) respectively is included in the share of profits less losses of joint venture and associated companies shown in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

9. Dividends

| | Six months ended | | Year ended |
|---|------------------|--------|---------------|
| | 30th June | | 31st December |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| Cash dividends | | | |
| First interim dividend declared on 15th August 2013 | | | |
| of HK\$1.00 per 'A' share and HK\$0.20 per 'B' share (2012 | | | |
| first interim dividend paid: HK\$1.00 and HK\$0.20) | 1,505 | 1,505 | 1,505 |
| Second interim dividend paid on 3rd May 2013 of | | | |
| HK\$2.50 per 'A' share and HK\$0.50 per 'B' share | - | - | 3,761 |
| Special interim dividend by way of a distribution in specie | | 31,589 | 31,589 |
| | 1,505 | 33,094 | 36,855 |

10. Earnings Per Share (Basic and Diluted)

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders for the period ended 30th June 2013 of HK\$6,608 million (30th June 2012: HK\$8,420 million, as restated; 31st December 2012: HK\$17,410 million, as restated) by the weighted average number of 905,578,500 'A' shares and 2,995,220,000 'B' shares in issue during the period (30th June and 31st December 2012: 905,578,500 'A' shares and 2,995,220,000 'B' shares) in the proportion five to one.

11. Property, Plant and Equipment and Leasehold Land and Land Use Rights

| | | Leasehold | |
|---|-----------------|-----------|--------|
| | Property, plant | land and | |
| | and | land use | |
| | equipment | rights | Total |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| Cost | | | |
| At 1st January 2013 | | | |
| as originally stated | 46,800 | 1,160 | 47,960 |
| impact of change in accounting policy | 2,122 | 99 | 2,221 |
| as restated | 48,922 | 1,259 | 50,181 |
| Translation differences | 54 | 7 | 61 |
| Change in composition of Group | 2 | - | 2 |
| Additions | 3,810 | 101 | 3,911 |
| Disposals | (945) | - | (945) |
| Net transfers from investment properties | 749 | - | 749 |
| Other transfers | (5) | - | (5) |
| Revaluation surplus | 17 | - | 17 |
| At 30th June 2013 | 52,604 | 1,367 | 53,971 |
| A | ···· | | |
| Accumulated depreciation/amortisation and At 1st January 2013 | impairment | | |
| as originally stated | 13,159 | 162 | 13,321 |
| | 921 | 17 | 938 |
| impact of change in accounting policy as restated | 14,080 | 179 | 14,259 |
| Translation differences | 14,000 | 1/9 | 14,259 |
| Change in composition of Group | 2 | ı | 2 |
| Charge for the period (note 6) | 1,101 | 15 | 1,116 |
| Reversal of impairment losses (note 6) | (61) | 13 | (61) |
| Disposals | (303) | - | (303) |
| Net transfers from investment properties | (303) | - | (303) |
| | | - | |
| At 30th June 2013 | 14,829 | 195 | 15,024 |
| Net book value | | | |
| At 30th June 2013 | 37,775 | 1,172 | 38,947 |
| At 1st January 2013 | 34,842 | 1,080 | 35,922 |
| • | | • | |

- (a) During the period, certain properties occupied by the Group (together with the associated leasehold land) were transferred to investment properties following the end of occupation by the Group. The valuation increase from their carrying amount to their fair value at the date of transfer of HK\$17 million has been recognised in other comprehensive income and the property revaluation reserve.
- (b) Property, plant and equipment and leasehold land and land use rights are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The Directors do not consider there to be any additional impairment provision required at 30th June 2013.

Refer to page 9 for details of the Group's investment properties.

12. Intangible Assets

| | Goodwill | Computer software | licences | Others HK\$M | Total HK\$M |
|--|-------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Cost | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | пкэм | пкэм |
| At 1st January 2013 | | | | | |
| as originally stated | 3,975 | 231 | 535 | - | 4,741 |
| impact of change in accounting policy | 45 | 96 | - | - | 141 |
| as restated | 4,020 | 327 | 535 | - | 4,882 |
| Translation differences | 4 | (1) | - | - | 3 |
| Transfer from property, plant and equipment | - | 5 | - | - | 5 |
| Additions | - | 12 | - | 67 | 79 |
| At 30th June 2013 | 4,024 | 343 | 535 | 67 | 4,969 |
| Accumulated amortisation and impairment | | | | | |
| At 1st January 2013 | 10 | 1.40 | 71 | | 000 |
| as originally stated | 19 | 142 | 71 | - | 232 |
| impact of change in accounting policy | - 10 | 58 | - 71 | - | 58 |
| as restated | 19 | 200 | 71 | - | 290 |
| Amortisation for the period (note 6) | - | 18 | 13 | - | 31 |
| Provision for impairment losses (note 6) At 30th June 2013 | 21 | - 010 | - 0.4 | - | 323 |
| | | 218 | 84 | - | 323 |
| Net book value At 30th June 2013 | 4,003 | 125 | 451 | 67 | 4,646 |
| At 1st January 2013 | 4,001 | 127 | 464 | - | 4,592 |
| Share of net assets, unlisted | | | 2013 HK\$M 9,837 | (F | 2012 HK\$M Restated) 9,014 |
| Goodwill | | | 94 | | 95 |
| Loans due from joint venture companies less p | orovisions | | 9,931 | | 9,109 |
| Interest-free | Ø 1 500Ø) | | 10,517 | | 10,395 |
| Interest-bearing at 1.71% to 5.00% (2012: 1.71 | % to 5.00%) | | 21,279 | | 718 |
| | | | 21,277 | | 20,222 |
| 14. Associated Companies | | | 30th June | 31st D | ecember |
| | | | 2013 | | 2012 |
| | | | HK\$M | | HK\$M |
| | | | | (F | Restated) |
| Share of net assets | | | | | |
| Listed in Hong Kong | | | 25,808 | | 24,950 |
| Unlisted | | | 1,690 | | 1,530 |
| | | | 27,498 | | 26,480 |
| Goodwill | | | 757 | | 757 |
| | | | 28,255 | | 27,237 |
| Loans due from associated companies | | | | | |
| Interest-free | | | 52 | | 176 |
| Interest-bearing at 6.0% (2012: 6.0%) | | - | 5 | | 7 |
| | | | 28,312 | | 27,420 |

The market value of the shares in the listed associated company at 30th June 2013 was HK\$24,004 million (31st December 2012: HK\$25,173 million).

15. Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

(a) Financial instruments that are measured at fair value are included in the following fair value hierarchy:

| | | | | Total |
|---|--------------|---------|---------|------------|
| | | | | carrying |
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | amount |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | | | (| (Restated) |
| Assets as per consolidated statement of financial position | | | | |
| At 30th June 2013 | | | | |
| Available-for-sale assets | | | | |
| - Shares listed in Hong Kong | 99 | - | - | 99 |
| - Shares listed overseas | 306 | - | - | 306 |
| - Unlisted investments | - | 13 | - | 13 |
| Derivatives used for hedging (note 16) | - | 669 | - | 669 |
| Total | 405 | 682 | - | 1,087 |
| At 31st December 2012 | | | | |
| Available-for-sale assets | | | | |
| - Shares listed in Hong Kong | 103 | _ | _ | 103 |
| - Shares listed overseas | 225 | | _ | 225 |
| - Unlisted investments | - | 12 | _ | 12 |
| Derivatives used for hedging (note 16) | - | 674 | - - | 674 |
| Total | 328 | 686 | | 1,014 |
| iolai | 320 | 000 | | 1,014 |
| Liabilities as per consolidated statement of financial position | | | | |
| At 30th June 2013 | | | | |
| Derivatives used for hedging (note 16) | - | 238 | - | 238 |
| Put option over a non-controlling interest in | | | | |
| Taikoo Li Sanlitun (note 18) | - | 1,254 | - | 1,254 |
| Put options over non-controlling interests in | | | | |
| subsidiary companies (note 18) | - | - | 508 | 508 |
| Total | | 1,492 | 508 | 2,000 |
| At 31st December 2012 | | | | |
| Derivatives used for hedging (note 16) | _ | 189 | _ | 189 |
| Put option over a non-controlling interest in | | 107 | | 107 |
| Taikoo Li Sanlitun (note 18) | _ | 1,112 | _ | 1,112 |
| Put options over non-controlling interests in | | 1,114 | | 1,112 |
| subsidiary companies (note 18) | _ | _ | 215 | 215 |
| Total | - | 1,301 | 215 | 1,516 |
| IOIGI | | 1,001 | 210 | 1,010 |

Notes:

The levels in the hierarchy represent the following:

Level 1 – Financial instruments measured at fair value using quoted prices in active markets.

Level 2 – Financial instruments measured at fair value using inputs other than quoted prices but where those inputs are based on observable market data.

Level 3 – Financial instruments measured at fair value using inputs not based on observable market data.

There were no transfers of financial instruments between level 1 and level 2 fair value classifications and there were no transfers into or out of level 3 fair value hierarchy classifications.

15. Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments (continued)

The following table presents the changes in level 3 financial instruments for the period ended 30th June 2013:

| | Group |
|--|-------|
| | HK\$M |
| Put options over non-controlling interests in subsidiary companies | |
| At 1st January 2013 | 215 |
| Recognition of a new put option | 291 |
| Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss during the period | 2 |
| At 30th June 2013 | 508 |
| Total losses for the period included in profit or loss in respect of | |
| financial liabilities held at 30th June 2013 | 2 |
| | |

There has been no change in valuation techniques for Level 2 and Level 3 fair value hierarchy classifications.

The fair value of derivatives used for hedging in Level 2 has been determined based on quotes from market makers or alternative market participants supported by observable inputs. The most significant inputs are market interest rates, exchange rates and yields and commodity prices.

The fair value of the put option over a non-controlling interest in Taikoo Li Sanlitun in Level 2 has been determined based on the market value of the investment property, Taikoo Li Sanlitun, carried out by an independent property valuer DTZ Debenham Tie Leung. The most significant inputs are open market rents and yields.

The fair value of the put options over non-controlling interests in subsidiary companies classified as Level 3 is determined using a discounted cash flow valuation technique. For the put options in place at 1st January 2013, the significant unobservable inputs used are expected future growth rates and discount rates. The valuations of these put options are sensitive to changes in each of these assumptions. The new put option recognised in the period relates to the Property Division. It is classified as Level 3 as it contains a number of significant non-market observable valuation inputs. These include forecasts of future cash flows, the discount rate applied to these cash flows and the expected date of the opening of this development. In addition, it contains market based assumptions of rents and yields. The valuation of the put option is sensitive to changes in each of these assumptions.

The Group's finance departments perform the valuations of financial instruments required for reporting purposes, including Level 3 fair values. The valuations are reviewed and approved by Divisional Finance Directors.

(b) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value:

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31st December 2012 and 30th June 2013 except for the following financial liabilities, for which their carrying amounts and fair value are disclosed below:

| | At 30th | June 2013 | At 31st December 2012 | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------|------------|--|
| | Carrying | | Carrying | | |
| _ | amount Fair value | | amount | Fair value | |
| | HK\$M HK\$M | | HK\$M | HK\$M | |
| Perpetual capital securities | 2,327 | 2,467 | 2,325 | 2,604 | |
| Long-term loans and bonds due after one year | 46,177 | 47,179 | 40,917 | 43,860 | |

16. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments solely for management of an underlying risk. The Group minimises its exposure to market risk since gains and losses on derivatives offset the losses and gains on the assets, liabilities or transactions being hedged. It is the Group's policy not to enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes.

| | 30th June | | 31st December | | |
|---|-----------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| | 2013 | 3 | 201 | 2 | |
| | Assets | ets Liabilities | Assets | Liabilities | |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | |
| | | | (Restated) | (Restated) | |
| Cross-currency swaps - cash flow hedges | 611 | 49 | 632 | 83 | |
| Interest rate swaps - cash flow hedges | 18 | - | - | - | |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges | 25 | 165 | 33 | 80 | |
| Not qualifying as hedges | 15 | 1 | 5 | 9 | |
| Commodity swaps | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges | - | 16 | - | 15 | |
| Not qualifying as hedges | - | 7 | 4 | 2 | |
| Total | 669 | 238 | 674 | 189 | |
| Less non-current portion: | | | | | |
| Cross-currency swaps - cash flow hedges | 611 | 49 | 632 | 83 | |
| Interest rate swaps - cash flow hedges | 18 | - | - | - | |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges | - | 27 | 9 | 34 | |
| Not qualifying as hedges | 6 | 1 | 2 | 8 | |
| | 635 | 77 | 643 | 125 | |
| Current portion | 34 | 161 | 31 | 64 | |
| | | | | | |

17. Trade and Other Receivables

| | 30th June | 31st December |
|--|-----------|---------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | | (Restated) |
| Trade debtors | 3,200 | 3,119 |
| Amounts due from joint venture companies | 392 | 369 |
| Amounts due from associated companies | 688 | 439 |
| Interest-bearing advances to joint venture companies | 99 | 190 |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 1,892 | 1,867 |
| Other receivables | 3,044 | 3,180 |
| _ | 9,315 | 9,164 |

The analysis of the age of trade debtors (based on the invoice date) is as follows:

| 30th June | 31st December |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| 2013 | 2012 |
| HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | (Restated) |
| 2,958 | 2,957 |
| 159 | 113 |
| 83 | 49 |
| 3,200 | 3,119 |
| | 2013 HK\$M 2,958 159 83 |

The various Group companies have different credit policies, depending on the requirements of their markets and the businesses in which they operate. Analyses of the age of debtors are prepared and closely monitored with a view to minimising the credit risk associated with receivables.

18. Trade and Other Payables

| made and officer ayables | 30th June | 31st December |
|--|-----------|---------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | | (Restated) |
| Trade creditors | 3,285 | 3,231 |
| Amounts due to immediate holding company | 162 | 253 |
| Amounts due to joint venture companies | 235 | 197 |
| Amounts due to associated companies | 177 | 134 |
| Interest-bearing advances from joint venture companies | 491 | 484 |
| Advances from non-controlling interests | 396 | 365 |
| Rental deposits from tenants | 2,142 | 1,953 |
| Put option over a non-controlling interest in Taikoo Li Sanlitun | 1,254 | 1,112 |
| Put options over non-controlling interests | | |
| in subsidiary companies | 508 | 215 |
| Accrued capital expenditure | 852 | 1,235 |
| Other accruals | 4,083 | 4,058 |
| Other payables | 2,573 | 2,416 |
| | 16,158 | 15,653 |
| Amounts due after one year included under | | |
| non-current liabilities | (508) | (215) |
| _ | 15,650 | 15,438 |
| The analysis of the age of trade creditors is as follows: | | |
| | 30th June | 31st December |
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | | (Restated) |
| Under three months | 2,945 | 2,995 |
| Between three and six months | 280 | 200 |
| Over six months | 60 | 36 |
| - | 3,285 | 3,231 |
| | | |

19. Deferred Taxation

The movement on the net deferred tax liabilities account is as follows:

| HK\$M |
|-------|
| |
| 5,419 |
| (301) |
| 5,118 |
| 41 |
| 307 |
| 4 |
| 5,470 |
| |
| (580) |
| 6,050 |
| 5,470 |
| |

20. Share Capital

| | Company | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|--|--|
| | 'A' shares of | 'B' shares of | 'A' shares | 'B' shares | Total | | |
| | HK\$0.60 each | HK\$0.12 each | HK\$M | HK\$M | HK\$M | | |
| Authorised: | | | | | | | |
| At 30th June 2013 and 31st December 2012 | 1,140,000,000 | 3,600,000,000 | 684 | 432 | 1,116 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Issued and fully paid: | | | | | | | |
| At 30th June 2013 and 31st December 2012 | 905,578,500 | 2,995,220,000 | 543 | 360 | 903 | | |

Except for voting rights, which are equal, the entitlements of 'A' and 'B' shareholders are in the proportion five to one.

21. Reserves

| | Revenue reserve * HK\$M | Share premium account HK\$M | Capital redemption reserve HK\$M | Properties revaluation reserve HK\$M | Investment revaluation reserve HK\$M | Cash flow hedge reserve HK\$M | Translation reserve HK\$M | Total HK\$M |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|---------------------------------|----------------|
| At 1st January 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| as originally stated | 202,007 | 342 | 49 | 1,686 | 605 | 105 | 3,944 | 208,738 |
| impact of change in accounting policy | (1,176) | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | (1,174) |
| as restated | 200,831 | 342 | 49 | 1,686 | 605 | 105 | 3,946 | 207,564 |
| Profit for the period | 6,608 | = | = | = | = | = | = | 6,608 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges | | | | | | | | |
| - recognised during the period | - | - | - | - | - | 122 | - | 122 |
| - transferred to net finance charges | - | - | - | - | - | (61) | - | (61) |
| - transferred to operating profit - | - | - | - | - | - | | - | |
| exchange differences | | | | | | (10) | | (10) |
| - transferred to initial cost of | - | - | - | - | - | | - | |
| non-financial assets | | | | | | (121) | | (121) |
| - deferred tax | - | - | - | _ | _ | (3) | - | (3) |
| Net fair value changes on | | | | | | | | |
| available-for-sale assets | | | | | | | | |
| - net gains recognised during the period | - | = | - | - | 77 | - | - | 77 |
| Revaluation of property previously | | | | | | | | |
| occupied by the Group | | | | | | | | |
| - gain recognised during the period | - | = | - | 14 | - | - | - | 14 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of | | | | | | | | |
| joint venture and associated companies | 12 | = | - | - | 14 | 880 | 306 | 1,212 |
| Net translation differences on | | | | | | | | |
| foreign operations | - | = | - | = | = | = | 194 | 194 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | 6,620 | - | • | 14 | 91 | 807 | 500 | 8,032 |
| Change in composition of Group | (11) | _ | - | - | | _ | _ | (11) |
| 2012 second interim dividend | (3,761) | - | - | - | - | - | - | (3,761) |
| At 30th June 2013 | 203,679 | 342 | 49 | 1,700 | 696 | 912 | 4,446 | 211,824 |

^{*} The revenue reserve includes HK\$1,505 million representing the declared first interim dividend for the period (31st December 2012: HK\$3,761 million representing the second interim dividend for 2012).

22. Non-controlling Interests

| | HK\$M |
|---|--------|
| At 1st January 2013 | |
| as originally stated | 39,693 |
| impact of change in accounting policy | 222 |
| as restated | 39,915 |
| Share of profits less losses for the period | 1,508 |
| Share of cash flow hedges | |
| - recognised during the period | 5 |
| - deferred tax | (1) |
| Share of revaluation of property previously occupied by the Group | |
| - gain recognised during the period | 3 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of joint venture | |
| and associated companies | 35 |
| Share of translation differences on foreign operations | 62 |
| Share of total comprehensive income for the period | 1,612 |
| Dividends paid and payable | (576) |
| Change in composition of the Group | 9 |
| Capital contribution from non-controlling interests | 15 |
| At 30th June 2013 | 40,975 |

23. Capital Commitments

| | 30th June | 31st December |
|--|-----------|---------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$M | HK\$M |
| | | (Restated) |
| Outstanding capital commitments at the end of the period in respect of: Property, plant and equipment | | |
| Contracted for | 6,546 | 8,291 |
| Authorised by Directors but not contracted for | 5,363 | 3,182 |
| Investment properties | | |
| Contracted for | 1,230 | 1,648 |
| Authorised by Directors but not contracted for | 6,947 | 7,064 |
| The Group's share of capital commitments of joint venture companies * | | |
| Contracted for | 3,559 | 1,799 |
| Authorised by Directors but not contracted for | 2,592 | 4,898 |
| _ | 6,151 | 6,697 |

^{*} of which the Group is committed to funding HK\$1,056 million (31st December 2012: HK\$818 million).

24. Contingencies

(a) Guarantees outstanding at the end of the period in respect of bank loans and other liabilities of joint venture companies totalled HK\$1,111 million (31st December 2012: HK\$1,107 million).

(b) Contingent tax liabilities

Certain Group companies have been unable to finalise their liability to profits tax in respect of the years 1997/98 to 2006/07 inclusive as a consequence of queries raised by the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department ("IRD"). These queries relate to the deductibility, in the assessment of profits tax, of interest on borrowings of those companies during the periods under review.

A number of discussions have taken place between the companies and the IRD to understand the precise nature of the IRD queries. However, at this stage there is insufficient information available to determine the ultimate outcome of the IRD's review with an acceptable degree of certainty. Consequently no provision has been recognised in these interim accounts for any amounts that may fall due in regard to these queries.

There is a contingent tax liability totalling HK\$579 million in respect of the IRD queries for the years under review. The companies involved have objected to these assessments. The IRD has agreed to hold over conditionally part of the tax in dispute in the sum of HK\$42 million and one of the companies involved has purchased Tax Reserve Certificates of the same amount. The IRD has agreed to hold over unconditionally the balance of the tax in dispute in the sum of HK\$537 million. In addition, the estimated interest which would be payable in respect of the Notices of Assessment totalled HK\$303 million as at 30th June 2013. It is not possible, given the lack of information available, to determine the ultimate outcome of the IRD's review of this matter and consequently to make a judgement as to its materiality.

(c) Cathay Pacific Airways

Cathay Pacific Airways Limited ("Cathay Pacific") remains the subject of antitrust proceedings in various jurisdictions and continues to defend itself vigorously. The proceedings are focused on issues relating to pricing and competition. Cathay Pacific is represented by legal counsel in connection with these matters.

In 2006 the Competition Bureau of Canada (the "Bureau") commenced a non-public investigation of Cathay Pacific's air cargo operations. On 20th June 2013, pursuant to a plea agreement entered into by Cathay Pacific and the Bureau, the Ontario Superior Court of Justice accepted Cathay Pacific's plea of guilty with respect to certain violations of the Canadian Competition Act relating to a NavCan surcharge. Pursuant to the plea agreement and the Court's judgment, Cathay Pacific agreed to pay a fine of CAD\$1.5 million (approximately HK\$11 million at the exchange rate current when the judgment was entered). Cathay Pacific has satisfied the judgment.

In December 2008, Cathay Pacific received a statement of claim, since amended, from the New Zealand Commerce Commission ("NZCC") with regard to Cathay Pacific's air cargo operations. Agreement has been reached between Cathay Pacific and the NZCC to settle the allegations which arose out of the amended statement of claim. Under the settlement, which has been approved by the High Court of New Zealand, Cathay Pacific has pleaded guilty to certain violations of the Commerce Act 1986 and agreed to make a payment of NZ\$4.56 million (approximately HK\$30 million at the April 2013 exchange rate), made up of a penalty of NZ\$4.30 million and a contribution of NZ\$0.26 million to the legal costs of the NZCC. Cathay Pacific has satisfied the judgment.

In November 2010, the European Commission issued a decision in its airfreight investigation finding that, amongst other things, Cathay Pacific and a number of other international cargo carriers agreed to cargo surcharge levels and that such agreements infringed European competition law. The European Commission imposed a fine of €57.12 million (equivalent to HK\$618 million at the exchange rate current as of the date of the announcement) on Cathay Pacific. In January 2011, Cathay Pacific filed an appeal with the General Court of the European Union. The appeal is currently pending.

24. Contingencies (continued)

(c) Cathay Pacific Airways (continued)

Cathay Pacific has been named as a defendant in a number of civil complaints, including class litigation and third party contribution claims, in a number of countries including the United States, Canada, the United Kingdom, the Netherlands and Australia alleging violations of applicable competition laws arising from Cathay Pacific's conduct relating to its air cargo operations. In addition, civil class action claims have been filed in the United States and Canada alleging violations of applicable competition laws arising from Cathay Pacific's conduct relating to certain of its passenger operations. Cathay Pacific is represented by legal counsel and is defending those actions.

The proceedings and civil actions, except as otherwise stated above, are ongoing and the outcomes are subject to uncertainties. Cathay Pacific is not in a position to assess the full potential liabilities but makes provisions based on facts and circumstances in line with the relevant accounting policy.

25. Related Party Transactions

There are agreements for services ("Services Agreements"), in respect of which John Swire & Sons (H.K.) Limited ("JSSHK") provides services to various companies in the Group and under which costs are reimbursed and fees payable. In return for these services, JSSHK receives annual fees calculated (A) in the case of the Company, as 2.5% of the dividends receivable from joint venture and associated companies of the Company, where there are no agreements for services with such companies, and (B) in the case of its subsidiary and associated companies with such agreements, as 2.5% of their relevant consolidated profits before taxation and non-controlling interests after certain adjustments. The current Services Agreements commenced on 1st January 2011 and will last for three years until 31st December 2013. For the period ended 30th June 2013, service fees payable amounted to HK\$125 million (2012: HK\$108 million). Expenses of HK\$100 million (2012: HK\$102 million) were reimbursed at cost; in addition, HK\$142 million (2012: HK\$143 million) in respect of shared administrative services was reimbursed.

Under a tenancy framework agreement ("JSSHK Tenancy Framework Agreement") between the Company and JSSHK dated 5th August 2010, members of the Group enter into tenancy agreements with members of the JSSHK group from time to time on normal commercial terms based on prevailing market rentals. The JSSHK Tenancy Framework Agreement is for a term of six years from 1st January 2010 to 31st December 2015. For the period ended 30th June 2013, the aggregate rentals payable to the Group under the tenancies pursuant to the JSSHK Tenancy Framework Agreement amounted to HK\$40 million (2012: HK\$35 million).

The above transactions under the Services Agreement and the JSSHK Tenancy Framework Agreement are continuing connected transactions, in respect of which the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

In addition, the following is a summary of significant transactions between the Group and related parties (including transactions under the JSSHK Tenancy Framework Agreement), which were carried out in the normal course of the Group's business, in addition to those transactions disclosed elsewhere in the accounts.

25. Related Party Transactions (continued)

For the six months ended 30th June

| | | | venture panies | Associated companies | | Fellow subsidiary companies | | Immediate holding company | |
|---|------|---------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| | Note | 2013 HK\$M | 2012 HK\$M (Restated) | 2013 HK\$M | 2012 HK\$M (Restated) | 2013 HK\$M | 2012 HK\$M | 2013 HK\$M | 2012 HK\$M |
| Revenue from Sales of beverage drinks | (a) | - | - | 8 | 9 | - | - | - | _ |
| Aircraft and engine maintenance Rendering of services | | 18 | 36 | 1,341 2 | 1,206 1 | 2 | - | - | - |
| Purchases of beverage drinks | (a) | 26 | 51 | 935 | 920 | - | - | - | - |
| Purchases of other goods | (a) | 3 | 3 | 5 | 12 | - | - | - | - |
| Purchases of services | (a) | 9 | 4 | 9 | 6 | 26 | 14 | - | - |
| Rental revenue | (b) | 2 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 7 | 33 | 30 |
| Interest income | (c) | 16 | 11 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Interest charges | (c) | 3 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Notes:

- (a) Sales and purchases of goods and rendering of services to and from related parties were conducted in the normal course of business at prices and on terms no less favourable to the Group than those charged to/by and contracted with other customers/suppliers of the Group.
- (b) The Swire Properties group has, in the normal course of its business, entered into lease agreements with related parties to lease premises for varying periods up to six years. The leases were entered into on normal commercial terms.
- (c) Loans advanced to joint venture and associated companies are disclosed in notes 13 and 14. Advances to and from joint venture companies are disclosed in notes 17 and 18.

26. Events After the Reporting Period

- (a) As referred to in Note 44 to the Company's consolidated accounts for the year ended 31st December 2012, the options in respect of the remaining part of the Group's additional interest in the Daci Temple project were extended for a further year from January 2013. Sino-Ocean Land exercised its call option and purchased from the Group a 13% interest in the Daci Temple project during July 2013. Following the completion of this transaction, the Group's interest in the project was reduced to 50% and Sino-Ocean Land's interest in the project was increased to 50%. This has no impact on the Group's accounting for its interest in the Daci Temple project, as it had previously accounted for this as a 50% interest in a joint venture. The exercise of the call option will be treated as a repayment of a secured loan in the second half of 2013.
- (b) On 7th August 2013, GC Acquisitions VI Limited ("GCA"), which holds a 20% interest in the retail portion of the Taikoo Li Sanlitun development in Beijing, gave notice of its intention to exercise its option to sell that 20% interest to a subsidiary of the Company at a fair price as at 31st December 2013 based on that percentage interest. The fair price will reflect the fair market value of the portions of Taikoo Li Sanlitun in which GCA is interested, subject to certain agreed assumptions and adjustments. The sale is expected to be completed in early 2014.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company complied with all the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") throughout the accounting period covered by the interim report with the following exceptions which it believes do not benefit shareholders:

• Sections A.5.1 to A.5.4 of the CG Code in respect of the establishment, terms of reference and resources of a nomination committee. The Board has considered the merits of establishing a nomination committee but has concluded that it is in the best interests of the Company and potential new appointees that the Board collectively reviews and approves the appointment of any new Director as this allows a more informed and balanced decision to be made by both the potential Director and the Board as to suitability for the role.

The Company has adopted codes of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors and by relevant employees (as defined in the CG Code) on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

On specific enquiries made, all Directors have confirmed that, in respect of the accounting period covered by the interim report, they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Company's code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions.

The interim results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company and by the external auditors.

SHARE CAPITAL

During the period under review, the Group did not purchase, sell or redeem any of its shares.

DIRECTORS' PARTICULARS

Changes in the particulars of the Directors are set out as follows:

- 1. T.G. Freshwater ceased to be a Director of the Community Chest of Hong Kong with effect from 25th June 2013 and Chairman and a Non-Executive Director of Grosvenor Asia Pacific Limited with effect from 1st July 2013.
- 2. R.W.M. Lee was appointed as a Member of the Financial Services Advisory Committee of Hong Kong Trade Development Council with effect from 1st April 2013. She was also appointed Cochairman of the Campaign Committee of the Community Chest of Hong Kong with effect from 1st April 2013, Board Member of the Community Chest of Hong Kong with effect from 25th June 2013 and Vice-Chairman of the Finance Professional Committee of Guangdong's Association for Promotion of Cooperation between Guangdong, Hongkong & Macao in June 2013. She ceased to be Vice-Chairman of the China Committee of Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce with effect from 9th July 2013.
- 3. M.C.C. Sze was appointed as a Director of SADS HK Foundation Limited with effect from 11th June 2013.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

At 30th June 2013, the register maintained under Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") showed that Directors held the following interests in the shares of Swire Pacific Limited and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), John Swire & Sons Limited, Swire Properties Limited, Cathay Pacific Airways Limited and Hong Kong Aircraft Engineering Company Limited:

| | Capacity | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|----------|------------|------------|-------------|------|
| | Beneficial interest | | | | | |
| | | | | | Percentage | |
| | | | Trust | Total no. | of issued | |
| | Personal | Family | interest | of shares | capital (%) | Note |
| Swire Pacific Limited | | | | | | |
| 'A' shares | | | | | | |
| Baroness Dunn | 100,000 | - | - | 100,000 | 0.0110 | |
| T G Freshwater | 41,000 | - | - | 41,000 | 0.0045 | |
| P A Johansen | 31,500 | - | - | 31,500 | 0.0035 | |
| P A Kilgour | 5,000 | - | - | 5,000 | 0.0006 | |
| C D Pratt | 41,000 | - | - | 41,000 | 0.0045 | |
| J B Rae-Smith | - | - | 5,000 | 5,000 | 0.0006 | 1 |
| M C C Sze | 6,000 | - | - | 6,000 | 0.0007 | |
| | | | | | | |
| <u>'B' shares</u> | | | | | | |
| P A Johansen | 200,000 | - | - | 200,000 | 0.0067 | |
| C Lee | 850,000 | _ | 21,605,000 | 22,455,000 | 0.7497 | 2 |
| C D Pratt | 100,000 | - | - | 100,000 | 0.0033 | |
| J B Rae-Smith | 17,500 | _ | - | 17,500 | 0.0006 | |
| ISC Shiu | - | 20,000 | - | 20,000 | 0.0007 | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Capacity | | | | |
| | Beneficial | interest | _ | | Percentage | |
| | | | Trust | Total no. | of issued | |
| | Personal | Family | interest | of shares | capital (%) | Note |
| John Swire & Sons Limited | | | | | | |
| Ordinary Shares of £1 | | | | | | |
| Baroness Dunn | 8,000 | - | - | 8,000 | 0.01 | |
| J B Rae-Smith | 97,066 | - | 97,659 | 194,725 | 0.19 | 1 |
| M B Swire | 3,140,523 | - | 19,222,920 | 22,363,443 | 22.36 | 3 |
| | | | | | | |
| 8% Cum. Preference | | | | | | |
| Shares of £1 | | | | | | |
| Baroness Dunn | 2,400 | - | - | 2,400 | 0.01 | |
| J B Rae-Smith | 18,821 | - | 9,628 | 28,449 | 0.09 | 1 |
| M B Swire | 846,476 | | 5,655,441 | 6,501,917 | 21.67 | 3 |

| | | Capacity | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| | Beneficial interest | | | _ | | |
| | · | | | | Percentage | |
| | | | Trust | Total no. | of issued | |
| | Personal | Family | interest | | capital (%) | Note |
| Swire Properties Limited | - | , | | | | |
| Ordinary Shares | | | | | | |
| Baroness Dunn | 70,000 | - | - | 70,000 | 0.00120 | |
| T G Freshwater | 28,700 | _ | - | 28,700 | 0.00049 | |
| P A Johansen | 50,050 | _ | - | 50,050 | 0.00086 | |
| P A Kilgour | 3,500 | _ | _ | 3,500 | 0.00006 | |
| C Lee | 200,000 | - | 3,024,700 | 3,224,700 | 0.05512 | 2 |
| C D Pratt | 4,200 | _ | - | 4,200 | 0.00007 | |
| J B Rae-Smith | 2,450 | _ | 3,500 | 5,950 | 0.00010 | 1 |
| IS C Shiu | - | 2,800 | - | 2,800 | 0.00005 | |
| M B Swire | - | - | 138,855 | 138,855 | 0.00237 | 3 |
| M C C Sze | 4,200 | - | - | 4,200 | 0.00007 | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Ca | pacity | | | | |
| | Benefic | ial interest | | | | |
| | | | | Talalasas | Percentage of | |
| | Personal | Family | / | Total no. of | issued capital | |
| _ | | | | shares | (%) | |
| Cathay Pacific Airways | | | | | | |
| Limited | | | | | | |
| Ordinary Shares | | | | | | |
| IS C Shiu | 1,000 | - | | 1,000 | 0.00003 | |
| _ | | | | | | _ |
| | Ca | pacity | | | | |
| | Beneficial interest | | | | | |
| | | | | Total no. of | Percentage of | |
| | Personal | Other | - | shares | issued capital | |
| _ | | | 3110103 | (%) | | |
| Hong Kong Aircraft | | | | | | |
| Engineering Company | | | | | | |
| Limited | | | | | | |
| <u>Ordinary Shares</u> | | | | | | |
| T G Freshwater | 10,000 | 1,200 | | 11,200 | 0.0067 | |
| ISC Shiu | 1,600 | - | | 1,600 | 0.0010 | |
| M C C Sze | 12,800 | - | | 12,800 | 0.0077 | |

Notes:

- 1. All the shares held by J B Rae-Smith under "Trust interest" are held by him as beneficiary of trusts.
- 2. All the shares held by C Lee under "Trust interest" are held by him as beneficiary of trusts.
- 3. M B Swire is a trustee of trusts which held 138,855 shares in Swire Properties Limited and 10,766,080 ordinary shares and 3,121,716 preference shares in John Swire & Sons Limited included under "Trust interest" and does not have any beneficial interest in those shares.

Other than as stated above, no Director or Chief Executive of the Company had any interest or short position, whether beneficial or non-beneficial, in the shares or underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO).

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER INTERESTS

The register of interests in shares and short positions maintained under Section 336 of the SFO shows that as at 30th June 2013, the Company had been notified of the following interests in the Company's shares:

| | | Percentage | | Percentage | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|------|
| | | of issued | | of issued | |
| Long position | 'A' shares | capital (%) | 'B' shares | capital (%) | Note |
| Substantial Shareholders | | | | | |
| John Swire & Sons Limited | 278,769,520 | 30.78 | 2,051,533,782 | 68.49 | 1 |
| Aberdeen Asset Management plc | 118,712,051 | 13.11 | 360,638,226 | 12.04 | 2 |
| JPMorgan Chase & Co. | 45,346,013 | 5.01 | - | - | 3 |
| | | | | | |
| | | Percentage | | Percentage | |
| | | of issued | | of issued | |
| Short position | 'A' shares | capital (%) | 'B' shares | capital (%) | Note |
| JPMorgan Chase & Co. | 187,100 | 0.02 | - | - | 4 |

Notes:

- 1. John Swire & Sons Limited is deemed to be interested in a total of 278,769,520 'A' shares and 2,051,533,782 'B' shares of the Company as at 30th June 2013, comprising:
 - (a) 885,861 'A' shares and 13,367,962 'B' shares held directly;
 - (b) 12,632,302 'A' shares and 37,597,019 'B' shares held directly by its wholly-owned subsidiary Taikoo Limited:
 - (c) 39,580,357 'A' shares and 1,482,779,222 'B' shares held directly by its wholly-owned subsidiary John Swire & Sons (H.K.) Limited; and
 - (d) the following shares held directly by wholly-owned subsidiaries of John Swire & Sons (H.K.) Limited: 206,455,500 'A' shares and 95,272,500 'B' shares held by Elham Limited, 2,055,000 'B' shares held by Canterbury Holdings Limited, 9,140,000 'A' shares and 321,240,444 'B' shares held by Shrewsbury Holdings Limited, 99,221,635 'B' shares held by Tai-Koo Limited and 10,075,500 'A' shares held by Waltham Limited.
- 2. Aberdeen Asset Management plc is interested in the 'A' shares and 'B' shares in its capacity as investment manager. These include shares in which wholly-owned controlled corporations of Aberdeen Asset Management plc are interested.

3. The shares held by JPMorgan Chase & Co. are held in the following capacities:

CapacityNo. of sharesBeneficial owner1,368,631Investment manager290,420Custodian Corporation / Lending agent43,686,962

4. This short position is held in the capacity as beneficial owner and comprises physically settled derivatives listed or traded on a stock exchange or on a futures exchange.

At 30th June 2013, the Swire group owned interests in shares of the Company representing 45.80% of the issued capital and 59.74% of the voting rights.

Interim Report

The 2013 Interim Report containing all the information required by the Listing Rules will be published on the Stock Exchange website and the Group website www.swirepacific.com on or before 27th August 2013. Printed copies will be sent to shareholders who have elected to receive printed copies on 28th August 2013.

Directors

The Directors of the Company as at the date of this announcement are:

Executive Directors: C.D. Pratt (Chairman), M. Cubbon, P.A. Kilgour, J.B. Rae-Smith, I.S.C. Shiu, J.R. Slosar, A.K.W. Tana;

Non-Executive Directors: Baroness Dunn, J.W.J. Hughes-Hallett, P.A. Johansen, M.B. Swire; and Independent Non-Executive Directors: T.G. Freshwater, C.K.M. Kwok, C. Lee, R.W.M. Lee, M.C.C. Sze and M.M.T. Yang.

By Order of the Board **Swire Pacific Limited** Christopher Pratt *Chairman* Hong Kong, 15th August 2013

Website: www.swirepacific.com

GLOSSARY

Terms

Financial

Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders Equity before non-controlling interests.

Gross borrowings Total of loans, bonds, overdrafts and perpetual capital securities.

Net debt or consolidated borrowed money Total of loans, bonds, overdrafts and perpetual capital securities net of bank deposits, bank balances and certain available-for-sale investments.

Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholdersReported equity before non-controlling interests, adjusted for the impact of deferred tax on changes in the fair value of investment properties in Mainland China.

Underlying profit Reported profit adjusted principally for net revaluation movements on investment properties and the associated deferred tax in Mainland China and for deferred tax provisions made in respect of investment properties held for the long-term where it is considered that the liability will not reverse for some considerable time.

Ratios <u>Financial</u>

| <u>Financial</u> | | |
|--|---|---|
| Earnings/(loss) per share | = | Profit/(loss) attributable to the Company's shareholders Weighted average number of shares in issue during the period |
| Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per share | = | Equity before non- controlling interests Weighted average number of shares in issue during the period |
| Underlying equity attributable to the Company's shareholders per share | = | Underlying equity before non-controlling interests Weighted average number of shares in issue during the period |
| Interest cover | = | Operating profit/(loss) Net finance charges |
| Cash interest cover | = | Operating profit/(loss) Total of net finance charges and |

Aviation

Available seat kilometres ("ASK") Passenger seat capacity, measured in seats available for the carriage of passengers on each sector multiplied by the sector distance.

Available tonne kilometres ("ATK") Overall capacity, measured in tonnes available for the carriage of passengers, excess baggage, cargo and mail on each sector multiplied by the sector distance.

On-time performance Departure within 15 minutes of scheduled departure time.

Revenue tonne kilometres ("RTK") Traffic volume, measured in load tonnes from the carriage of passengers, excess baggage, cargo and mail on each sector multiplied by the sector distance.

Aviation

| Passenger/Cargo | Revenue passenger kilometres/Cargo and mail tonne kilometres | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| and mail load factor | Available seat kilometres / Available cargo and mail tonne kilometres | | |

| Passenger/Cargo | | Passenger turnover/Cargo and mail turnover | |
|-----------------|-----|--|--|
| and mail yield | = - | Revenue passenger kilometres/Cargo and mail tonne kilometres | |

capitalised interest

Financial Calendar and Information for Investors

Financial Calendar 2013

Interim Report sent to shareholders
'A' and 'B' shares trade ex-dividend
Share registers closed
Payment of 2013 first interim dividends
Annual results announcement
Second interim dividends payable
Annual General Meeting

28th August
11th September
4th October
March 2014
May 2014

Registered Office

Swire Pacific Limited 33rd Floor, One Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong

Registrars

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Website: www.computershare.com

Depositary

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Website: www.bnymellon.com/shareowner E-mail: shrrelations@bnymellon.com

Tel: Calls within USA – toll free: 1-888-BNY-ADRS

International callers: 1-201-680-6825

Stock Codes'A''B'Hong Kong Stock Exchange1987ADRSWRAYSWRBY

Except for voting rights, which are equal, the entitlements of 'A' and 'B' shareholders are in the proportion 5 to 1.

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Investor Relations

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Public Affairs

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Request for Feedback

In order that we may improve our reporting, we would be grateful to receive your comments on our public announcements and disclosures via e-mail to ir@swirepacific.com