

# SUCCESS UNIVERSE GROUP LIMITED 實 德 環 球 有 限 公 司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 00487

# FORGE AHEAD CREATE A BRIGHTER FUTURE

砥礪奮進 拓展未來



ANNUAL REPORT 2021年報

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# **Corporate Information**

# 公司資料

## **DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny (Chairman)

Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman (Deputy Chairman) BBS

#### **Non-executive Director**

Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle

# **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann

Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose

Mr. Chong Ming Yu

# **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Chiu Nam Ying, Agnes

## FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Mr. Wong Chi Keung, Alvin

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman *BBS* Ms. Chiu Nam Ying, Agnes

# **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose (Chairman)

Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle

Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann

Mr. Chong Ming Yu

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann (Chairman)

Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny

Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle

Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose

Mr. Chong Ming Yu

# **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny (Chairman)

Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle

Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann

Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose

Mr. Chong Ming Yu

#### **EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**

Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny (Chairman)

Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman BBS

#### **AUDITORS**

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

# 董事

# 執行董事

楊海成先生(主席)

馬浩文先生(副主席)銅紫荊星章

## 非執行董事

蔡健培先生

# 獨立非執行董事

楊慕嫦女士

錢永樂先生

莊名裕先生

# 公司秘書

趙藍英女士

## 財務總監

干志強先生

# 法定代表

馬浩文先生 銅紫荊星章

趙藍英女士

# 審核委員會

錢永樂先生(主席)

蔡健培先生

楊慕嫦女士

莊名裕先生

# 薪酬委員會

楊慕嫦女士(主席)

楊海成先生

蔡健培先生

錢永樂先生

莊名裕先生

## 提名委員會

楊海成先生(主席)

蔡健培先生

楊慕嫦女士

錢永樂先生

莊名裕先生

#### 執行委員會

楊海成先生(主席)

馬浩文先生 銅紫荊星章

#### 核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司

香港執業會計師

# Corporate Information (Continued) 公司資料(續)

# **LEGAL ADVISERS ON HONG KONG LAWS**

lu. Lai & Li

## **LEGAL ADVISERS ON BERMUDA LAWS**

Convers Dill & Pearman

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

United Overseas Bank Limited
Public Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
The Bank of East Asia, Limited
Chong Hing Bank Limited
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Canada)
The Toronto-Dominion Bank

# PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT IN BERMUDA

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

# BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Units 1003-04A, 10/F. Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 18 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

## **SHARE LISTING**

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited Stock Code: 00487

#### **WEBSITE**

www.successug.com

# 香港法律顧問

姚黎李律師行

# 百慕達法律顧問

Conyers Dill & Pearman

# 主要往來銀行

大華銀行有限公司 大眾銀行(香港)有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司 創興銀行有限公司 中國工商銀行(加拿大) The Toronto-Dominion Bank

# 百慕達股份過戶登記總處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

# 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

## 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

# 總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 夏慤道18號 海富中心1座 10樓1003-04A室

# 股份上市資料

香港聯合交易所有限公司 股份代號:00487

# 網址

www.successug.com



The Group strives to fortify its business portfolio by leveraging on its experience in entertainment and tourist-related industries as well as property investment, strengthening its competitiveness and staying agile by exploring new investment opportunities. We endeavor to create long-term value for all of our stakeholders through the balanced and diversified business portfolio, while adhering to a high standard of corporate governance.

本集團致力憑藉在娛樂和旅遊相關行業以及物業投資的經驗增強其業務組合,並透過開拓 新投資機遇提升競爭力及保持靈活性。我們致力透過均衡及多元化之業務組合,為所有持 份者締造長遠價值,同時恪守高水平的企業管治。

# Group Structure 集團架構



# **Operational Highlights**

# 業務概覽

- Revenue was approximately HK\$151.1 million and gross profit was approximately HK\$8.8 million for 2021
- Profit attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$4.9 million
- Due to unstable situation of COVID-19 pandemic and travel restrictions imposed by counties, revenue of the travel business decreased by approximately 58% to approximately HK\$147.9 million; segment loss decreased by approximately 85% to approximately HK\$1.7 million, including an impairment loss recognised on intangible assets of approximately HK\$1.1 million.
- Revenue of the property investment business decreased by approximately 66% to approximately HK\$3.3 million, while segment profit was approximately HK\$13.7 million which was mainly due to recognition of a fair value gain on investment properties.
- Due to the lifted border restriction between Mainland China and Macau and rising tourist visitation in Macau, the Group's shared loss of associates relating to Ponte 16, the Group's flagship investment project, decreased by approximately 67% to approximately HK\$48.7 million. An Adjusted EBITDA\* loss of approximately HK\$57.6 million was recorded
- \* Adjusted EBITDA: Earnings Before Interest, Taxation, Depreciation and Amortisation (and excluded interest income from bank deposit)

- 二零二一年收益約港幣 151,100,000元,毛利約港幣 8,800,000元
- 本公司股東應佔溢利約港幣 4,900,000元
- 鑑於2019冠狀病毒病大流行疫情不穩,多國實施旅遊限制,旅遊業務的收益減少約58%至約港幣147,900,000元;此分部虧損減少約85%至約港幣1,700,000元,包括就無形資產確認減值虧損約港幣1,100,000元
- 物業投資業務收益減少約66%至約 港幣3,300,000元,而分部溢利約港 幣13,700,000元,主要來自確認投 資物業之公平值收益
- 鑑於中國內地與澳門放寬邊境限制,訪澳旅客上升,故本集團應佔與其旗艦投資項目十六浦有關的聯營公司虧損減少約67%至約港幣48,700,000元。經修訂的除利息、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利\*錄得約港幣57,600,000元虧損
- \* 經修訂的除利息、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利 (並且不包括銀行存款所帶來的利息收入)

# Financial Highlights 財務概覽

RESULTS 業績

截至十二月三十	-一日止年度
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		似土   一月二   日止十反				
		2021	2020	2019		
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元		
Revenue	收益					
Travel	旅遊	147,856	354,170	1,128,574		
Property investment	物業投資	3,274	9,661	18,797		
		151,130	363,831	1,147,371		
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績	(48,654)	(145,725)	116,757		
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	4,859	(141,936)	74,194		
Profit/(loss) attributable to	本公司股東應佔					
owners of the Company	溢利/(虧損)	4,859	(141,936)	74,194		

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# 綜合財務狀況表

# At 31 December

於	+	=	月	Ξ	+	_	日	
				_		_		

		2021	2020	2019
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Total assets	資產總值	1,388,830	1,387,114	1,385,035
Total liabilities	負債總值	381,185	384,758	240,776
Net assets	資產淨值	1,007,645	1,002,356	1,144,259

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告



# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

#### Dear Valued Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of directors of Success Universe Group Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), I would like to present the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The business environment of 2021 was still challenging as the COVID-19 pandemic continued to bring about great disruptions to many industries. Despite rising vaccination coverage, many countries kept their border closed and social distancing measures during 2021 and industries that rely on international travelling and close human contact, including tourism, hospitality and retail, continued to face huge pressure. However, China exhibited again strong economic resilience and achieved sustainable growth in 2021 amidst the ongoing pandemic and other external challenges. In terms of taming the pandemic, China and Macau have also delivered exemplary results, and their borders have largely remained opened since September 2020. Although sporadic outbreaks of COVID-19 during the year triggered the implementation of targeted travel restrictions, the gross gaming revenue and visitation of Macau for 2021 have improved significantly as compared to 2020, which showed that Macau remained an attractive tourist destination for Chinese tourists. In addition, the lack of tourists from Hong Kong posed an obstacle to Macau's full recovery, the recent outbreak of the Omicron variant will undoubtedly delay reopening the boarder between Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau. However, based on the success of the Mainland China and Macau on containing the pandemic, we are confident that with the assistance provided by the Central Government, Hong Kong will soon tame this new wave of pandemic, which would facilitate the lifting of travel restrictions and guicken the recovery of the regions.

#### 致尊貴的股東:

本人謹代表實德環球有限公司(「本公司」, 連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」) 董事會提呈本公司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的年報。

二零二一年的營商環境仍然受2019冠狀 病毒疫情困擾,各行各業繼續受到重挫。 儘管疫苗接種率已不斷攀升,惟不少國 家於二零二一年維持封關及社交距離措 施,令到旅遊、酒店及零售等倚賴國際人 流及密切的人際接觸行業繼續面對龐大 壓力。然而,在疫情持續及各種外在挑戰 下,中國再次展現出強大的經濟韌力,並 於二零二一年實現可持續的增長。在疫 情防控方面,中國及澳門亦取得驕人成 績,自二零二零年九月以來兩地邊境已 大致保持通關。雖然年內疫情仍有零星 爆發,觸發針對性的旅遊限制,惟澳門於 二零二一年的博彩毛收入及訪澳人次已 較二零二零年顯著回升,足證澳門依然 是中國旅客的熱門旅遊點。儘管如此,由 於缺乏來自香港的旅客,為澳門的全面 復甦添上一定阻力。最近爆發Omicron變 種病毒,無疑將會推遲香港與中國內地 和澳門重新通關。不過,鑑於中國內地及 澳門的抗疫成功,我們有信心在中央政 府協助下,香港將會很快控制此波疫情, 有利放寬旅遊限制,加快區內復甦。

# Chairman's Statement (Continued) 主席報告 (續)

# STRENGTHENING CAPABILITIES IN PREPARATION OF MARKET RECOVERY

Thanks to diligent and collective efforts by the Central Government and Macau Government, increased visitation and improving gaming performance in Macau have reflected the effectiveness of anti-epidemic strategy. Although there have been occasional outbreaks during 2021 in Mainland China and Macau, the decisive responses from the governments helped to contain these flare-ups swiftly. Even facing the highly transmissible Omicron variant, Mainland China and Macau stood strong and no widespread outbreaks had occurred.

The announcement of the "Master Plan of the Development of the Guangdong-Macao Intensive Cooperation Zone in Hengqin" in September 2021 provided clear targets to induce an in-depth degree of interconnectedness between Macau and Guangdong, which could drive the growth and diversification of Macau's tourism and economy. Some of the most notable developments include the extension of Macau's Light Rail Transit to link up Hengqin and the high-speed rail system in Mainland China. Macau has been actively enhancing its infrastructure network to align with the Central Government's focus on developing the Greater Bay Area, as well as to expedite interconnectedness within Macau to drive local tourism and retail. The Group foresees greater convenience for Chinese tourists to visit Macau and is confident regarding Macau's rebound from the pandemic and its long-term development in the future. The Group's flagship investment project, Ponte 16, is committed to the continual enhancement of its product and service offering to welcome this long-term development, leveraging its unique cultural resources of the Inner Harbour area and its collaboration with local retailers and tourist attractions to offer both returning tourists and local patrons the most premium of entertainment experiences.

# 增強實力迎接市場復甦

憑藉中央政府與澳門政府共同不懈的努力,澳門訪客增加以及博彩表現的改善,反映了防疫政策行之有效。儘管中國內地及澳門在二零二一年仍偶爾有疫情爆發,惟兩地政府的果斷應對迅速遏止情況惡化。即使面對高度傳播性的Omicron變種病毒,中國內地及澳門仍然堅忍不拔,讓疫情未有廣泛爆發。

於二零二一年九月公佈的「橫琴粵澳深 度合作區建設總體方案」,目標清楚訂明 促進粤澳兩地的深度連繫,推動澳門旅 遊業,經濟增長及多元發展。其中最矚 目的發展包括澳門輕軌延伸至橫琴線項 目,並與中國高速鐵路接軌。澳門一直積 極提升其基建網絡,以配合中央政府聚 焦以大灣區為發展重點,並加快澳門本 土的連繫,推動當地旅遊及零售行業。本 集團預期中國旅客訪澳將更加便利,對 澳門從疫情中反彈及其未來長遠發展充 滿信心。本集團的旗艦投資項目十六浦 致力不斷提升其產品及服務,迎合長遠 發展,憑藉其獨特的內港區文化資源,與 當地零售商及旅遊景點合作,為旅客及 本地顧客提供最優質的娛樂體驗。

# Chairman's Statement (Continued) 主席報告(續)

Towards the end of 2021, many junkets have ceased operations in the Macau gaming industry and many VIP rooms have closed down. This trend will accelerate the shift of focus of the industry towards the mass market. Ponte 16 has been catering its services to the mass market even prior to the start of the pandemic with its comprehensive facilities. Ponte 16 will be well-positioned to leverage the established advantage. With regard to the ongoing legislation update to the Gaming Law 16/2001, Ponte 16 will remain attentive and keep closely communicating with the Macau Government to facilitate a positive development in compliance with regulatory changes.

踏入二零二一年底,許多博彩中介人已終止其澳門博彩業務,不少貴賓博彩廳相繼關閉。此趨勢將加速行業轉移至中場市場。十六浦早在疫情爆發前,已配合其全方位的設施,主要為大眾市場提供服務。十六浦將整裝待發,充分發揮既有優勢。關於第16/2001號《博彩法》持續修例的最新發展,十六浦將密切關注並與澳門政府保持緊密溝通,以便促成符合監管轉變的利好發展。

It is expected that the COVID-19 pandemic will continue for a period of time and the recent outbreak of the Omicron variant posed concern as well. Ponte 16 will remain vigilant in health and safety measures, exercising utmost caution and prioritising the wellbeing of the patrons.

預期2019冠狀病毒病大流行將會持續一段時間,而近期爆發的Omicron變種病毒同樣令人關注。十六浦在健康與安全措施方面將繼續保持最高警覺,並極其謹慎及以顧客的健康為首要考慮。

# UPHOLD ATTENTIVENESS AND AGILITY TO WEATHER THE UNKNOWN

# 瞻前顧後,乘風破浪

The global tourism industry was still largely halted in 2021, but as vaccination rates increases, we are grateful to learn that various countries are gradually relaxing social distancing measures and border policies. The Government of Canada has announced the border will be open to all fully vaccinated travelers effective from 1 April 2022. The World Travel & Tourism Council recently projected that benefited from the protection offered by effective vaccination and follow-up boosters, travel and tourism in the United States of America could rebound strongly and would reaching almost USD2 trillion. The Group will prioritise maintaining the highest degree of flexibility and financial prudence, while being attentive to market trend changes and identifying the best opportunities to facilitate sustainable development.

全球旅遊業於二零二一年仍然處於停滯,但隨着疫苗接種率上升,我們樂見不少國家正逐步放寬社交距離措施及邊境政策。加拿大政府公佈由二零二二年四月一日起將對已完成疫苗接種之遊會 (World Travel & Tourism Council) 近期,受惠於有效疫苗及後續加強劑的保護,美國的旅遊及觀光有望可強勁反彈至近2萬億美元。本集團將以維持最大程度的靈活性及審慎理財為首要任務,同時注視市場走向,識別有利可持續發展的良機。

# Chairman's Statement (Continued) 主席報告(續)

The commercial property market in Hong Kong remained in slump for most of 2021. However, taken into consideration of Hong Kong's strong fundamentals as a global trading hub, the Group is of the belief that the pandemic will be tamed eventually, and that long-term prospects for the commercial property market is still splendid.

香港商用物業市場於二零二一年普遍持續向下。然而,考慮到香港作為全球貿易樞紐的雄厚基礎,本集團相信疫情終將受控,對商用物業市場的長遠發展前景仍然感到樂觀。

Having been battling with the pandemic for almost two years, worldwide inflation has been elevated mainly due to the fiscal and monetary policy stimulus and supply chain disruptions. This situation threatens to erode capital value quickly, and necessitates the Group to seek for additional investment options including equities and cryptocurrencies to ensure capital value appreciation, diversification of investment risks and to hedge against inflation.

抗疫將近兩年,財政及貨幣政策刺激,加 上供應鏈干擾兩大因素,不斷推高全球 通脹,形成快速蒸發資本值的威脅,促使 本集團尋求其他投資選項,包括股票及 加密貨幣,以確保資本增值、分散投資風 險及對沖通脹。

# ESTABLISH ROBUST FOOTHOLD TO FACE FUTURE CHALLENGES

# 紮根據點,迎接未來挑戰

As affected by the recent spread of more transmissible variants of the COVID-19 pandemic including Omicron and Delta, the Group will remain steadfast in maintaining financial prudence. However, recent scientific research suggests that even the Omicron variant is more transmissible, it causes much milder symptoms. Furthermore, the progress in vaccine and booster roll-out has been accelerated, we are confident that the epidemic will eventually be contained and the economy will be back on the right track. The Group will maintain its attentiveness in the face of this pandemic and its impact on our businesses, and will respond quickly to market challenges should the situation changes.

受到近期2019冠狀病毒病大流行散播傳染性更高的變種病毒(包括Omicron及Delta)所影響,本集團將繼續恪守審慎理財的原則。然而,最近的科學研究顯示,即使Omicron變種病毒傳染性較高,但引致的病徵則相對較為輕微。再者,疫苗及加強劑一直在加快接種進程,我們有信心疫情將終會受控,經濟重回正軌。本集團將會密切留意疫情及其對本集團業務的影響,因時制宜地迅速應對市場挑戰。

# Chairman's Statement (Continued) 主席報告(續)

## **APPRECIATION**

I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to our shareholders, customers and business partners for their trust and support, and extend my heartfelt thanks and appreciation to our fellow directors for their guidance, to all staff for their hard work and dedication during such a challenging time. Looking ahead, we will strive to overcome future challenges, remain attentive to market changes, and continuously improve our operational capabilities to bring sustainable long-term returns to our shareholders.

# 致謝

本人藉此機會衷心感謝股東、客戶及業務夥伴對本集團的信任及支持,亦對各位董事在此嚴峻時期的領導及全體員工的努力及貢獻深表謝意。展望未來,我們將會迎難而上,克服重重困難,放眼市場變化,業務精益求精,冀能為股東帶來可持續的長遠回報。

Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny

Chairman

Hong Kong 30 March 2022 *主席* 楊海成

香港 二零二二年三月三十日

# Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析



# Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### **OVERVIEW**

The global economy continued to be deeply challenging during 2021. Despite pooling of resources and efforts from governments around the world, the impacts brought by the COVID-19 pandemic had widely affected the world. The spread of new and more infectious COVID-19 variants has curtailed the efforts of governments for seeking to reopen borders. As a result, the entertainment and hospitality industries, reliant in nature to international travelling, continued to suffer during 2021.

The economy in China has been steadily growing, with the country's national gross domestic product ("GDP") expanded 8.1% year-on-year ("yoy") in 2021. Despite multiple challenges including the flare-ups of the epidemic, severe flooding, commodity price hikes and thermal coal crunch in 2021, China remained as one of the most resilient economic powers. This resilience facilitated the slow but steady recovery of Macau as borders between Mainland China and Macau reopened. It is encouraging that gross gaming revenue ("GGR") of Macau increased by approximately 43.7% yoy, representing a recovery to approximately 30% of the pre-pandemic GGR level in 2019. Meanwhile, the total visitation also recorded an increase of approximately 30.7% yoy in 2021, reaching approximately 20% of the pre-pandemic level in 2019.

As affected by the recent spread of more transmissible variants of the COVID-19 pandemic including Omicron and Delta, a full economic recovery will likely take more time. Rising geopolitical tensions across the world also put pressure on the market. In addition, the publication of the Macau Government's draft bill on amendments to Law no. 16/2001 "Legal Framework for the Operations of Casino Games of Fortune" has imposed certain new changes on the prospects of the Macau gaming industry. Facing this ever-evolving business environment, the Group will embrace the changes and remain its discipline and prudence in all of its businesses with stringent cost control measures to continue improving its efficiency, optimising its product and service offerings for the ongoing market recovery.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in this annual report.

# 概覽

全球經濟於二零二一年繼續面對重重挑戰。儘管世界各地政府投放不少資源及人力,惟2019冠狀病毒病大流行的影響已遍及全球。傳染力更強的2019冠狀病毒病新型變種病毒蔓延,已打擊政府為尋求通關所作的努力。因此,倚重國際旅遊的娛樂及酒店行業於二零二一年仍然艱困。

中國經濟一直穩步增長,二零二一年的全國國內生產總值按年上升8.1%。儘管於二零二一年面對疫情爆發、嚴重水災、商品價格攀升及動力煤緊縮等多重挑戰,中國仍然是最強韌的經濟強國之一,其韌性促成中國內地與澳門兩地重新通關,造就澳門以緩慢但穩定的步伐復甦。澳門博彩毛收入按年增加約43.7%,回復至二零一九年疫情前的博彩毛收入水平約30%,令人鼓舞。同時,於二零二一年,訪澳總人次亦按年增加約30.7%,達二零一九年疫情前水平約20%。

受到近期2019冠狀病毒病大流行散播傳染性更高的變種病毒(包括Omicron及Delta)所影響,經濟似乎需要更長時間方能全面復甦。環球地緣政治緊張局勢升溫,亦為市場增添壓力。此外,澳門政府發表修改第16/2001號法律《娛樂場幸運博彩經營法律制度》法案,亦對澳門博彩樂的前景帶來若干新轉變。面對不斷轉級的營商環境,本集團將順應變化,繼續採取嚴緊的成本控制措施審慎管理旗下所有業務,冀能提升效率,配合市場持續復甦加強其產品及服務組合。

以下討論應與本年報所載之綜合財務報 表及相關附註一併閱讀。

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### **RESULTS**

For the year ended 31 December 2021, revenue of the Group was approximately HK\$151.1 million, decreased by approximately 58% from approximately HK\$363.8 million for the last corresponding year. Gross profit decreased by approximately 49% to approximately HK\$8.8 million (2020: approximately HK\$17.5 million). The Group's shared loss of the associates relating to Ponte 16, the flagship investment project of the Group (the "Associates"), for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$48.7 million, decreased by approximately 67% from approximately HK\$145.7 million for the last corresponding year. Profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$4.9 million (2020: loss of approximately HK\$141.9 million), whilst earnings per share was 0.10 HK cents (2020: loss per share of 2.88 HK cents).

The turnaround from loss to profit was mainly attributable to (i) a fair value gain on the Group's overseas listed equity securities was recorded for the year ended 31 December 2021; (ii) the decrease in the Group's share of loss of the Associates; and (iii) a fair value gain on the Group's investment properties was recorded for the year ended 31 December 2021, while a fair value loss on the Group's investment properties was recorded for the last corresponding year.

The Group purchased an aggregate of approximately 23.4 units of Bitcoin, a cryptocurrency, at an aggregate consideration of approximately USD1.3 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$10.1 million) during the year. For further details, please refer to the announcement dated 10 May 2021 issued by the Company. An impairment loss of approximately HK\$1.7 million was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil) in the consolidated statement of profit or loss of the Group.

# 業績

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團之收益約為港幣151,100,000 元,較去年同期約港幣363,800,000元 減少約58%。毛利減少約49%至約港 幣8,800,000元(二零二零年:約港幣 17,500,000元)。截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得應佔與 其旗艦投資項目十六浦有關的聯營公司 (「聯營公司」) 虧損約港幣48,700,000 元,較去年同期約港幣145,700,000元 減少約67%。截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司股東應佔溢利 約為港幣4,900,000元(二零二零年:虧損 約港幣141,900,000元),而每股盈利為 0.10港仙(二零二零年:每股虧損2.88港 仙)。

轉虧為盈主要源自於(i)截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度本集團之海外上市股本證券錄得公平值收益;(ii)本集團應佔聯營公司之虧損減少;及(iii)截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度本集團投資物業錄得公平值收益,而去年同期本集團投資物業則錄得公平值虧損。

於年內,本集團已購入加密貨幣比特幣 合共約23.4單位,總代價約為1,300,000 美元(相等於約港幣10,100,000元)。進 一步詳情請參閱本公司所發表日期為 二零二一年五月十日之公告。截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 已於綜合損益表確認減值虧損約港幣 1,700,000元(二零二零年:無)。

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析(續)

# **DIVIDENDS**

No interim dividend was paid in 2021 (2020: nil). The directors of the Company ("Director(s)") do not recommend any payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

# 股息

二零二一年並無派付中期股息(二零二零年:無)。本公司董事(「董事」)不建議就截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度派付任何末期股息(二零二零年:無)。



# Travel Business 旅遊業務



# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析(續)

# **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS**

#### **Travel Business**

The Group operates one of the largest travel agencies in Canada, Jade Travel Ltd. ("Jade Travel"), which has dedicated segments targeting the wholesale and retail markets respectively to provide customers with professional travel solutions.

In Canada, the government relaxed border restrictions briefly in August 2021, and a recovery of travel demand was observed. However, towards December 2021, the discovery and outbreak of the Omicron variant has triggered the retightening of border restrictions which has mounted pressures on the Group's travel business in Canada.

# 業務回顧

## 旅遊業務

本集團經營加拿大最大的旅行社之一— Jade Travel Ltd. (「Jade Travel」)。Jade Travel設有針對批發及零售市場的專責分 部,為客戶提供專業的旅遊方案。

在加拿大,政府於二零二一年八月已稍 微放寬邊境限制,旅遊需求亦見恢復。然 而,及至二零二一年十二月,發現及爆發 Omicron變種病毒,導致重新收緊邊境限 制,對本集團於加拿大之旅遊業務造成 壓力。



# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)

# **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Travel Business (continued)**

For the year ended 31 December 2021, due to the lack of international tourism resulted from the unrelieved COVID-19 pandemic and the strict travel restrictions imposed by countries, revenue of the travel business decreased by approximately 58% to approximately HK\$147.9 million (2020: approximately HK\$354.2 million). Loss in this segment decreased by approximately 85% to approximately HK\$1.7 million, including an impairment loss on intangible assets of approximately HK\$1.1 million which was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: loss in this segment of approximately HK\$11.2 million, including an impairment loss on intangible assets of approximately HK\$4.3 million and allowance for expected credit losses on trade receivables of approximately HK\$2.8 million). Jade Travel is continuing its cost control measures to streamline its operating procedures for the sake of enhancing efficiency.

# 業務回顧(續)

## 旅遊業務(續)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,2019冠狀病毒病疫情未見減退及各國實施嚴格旅遊限制,國際旅遊業乏善可陳,旅遊業務之收益減少約58%至約港幣147,900,000元(二零二零年:約港幣354,200,000元)。此分部虧損減少約85%至約港幣1,700,000元,包括於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度確認之無形資產減值虧損約港幣1,100,000元(二零二零年:此分部虧損約港幣1,100,000元(二零二零年:此分部虧損約港幣1,100,000元(二零二零年:此分部虧損約港幣1,100,000元(二零二零年:此分部虧損約港幣1,100,000元(二零二零年:此分部虧損約港幣1,100,000元(二零二零年:此分部虧損約港幣1,200,000元入就應收貿易賬款作出預期信貸虧損之撥備約港幣2,800,000元)。Jade Travel正繼續實施成本控制措施,精簡其經營流程,冀能提升效率。



# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析(續)





# Property Investment Business 物業投資業務



# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析(續)



# **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)**

# **Property Investment Business**

In 2021, the overall decline of the commercial property market in Hong Kong had been gradually stabilised. By the end of the year, decline in vacancy rates and rental values for many of the Hong Kong's prime districts became more moderate. The Group will continue to remain steadfast in maintaining financial prudence and keep close monitoring of the commercial property market in search of potential projects, with an aim to optimising its investment portfolio and maintaining asset balance over time.

# 業務回顧(續)

## 物業投資業務

於二零二一年,香港商用物業市場整體 跌勢逐步回穩。於年底前,香港不少黃金 地區之空置率及租值跌幅已見緩和。本 集團將繼續恪守審慎理財的原則,密切 留意商用物業市場,尋找具潛力項目,以 加強其投資組合,因應時局維持資產均 衡。

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)



# REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

# **Property Investment Business (continued)**

In consideration of Hong Kong's strong fundamentals and its highly developed financial industry, as well as steadily rising vaccination rates, the Group remains cautiously confident about the long-term prospects of the commercial property market in Hong Kong.

# 業務回顧(續)

# 物業投資業務(續)

考慮到香港雄厚的基礎及發展成熟之金融業,加上疫苗接種率穩步上升,本集團對香港商用物業市場之長遠前景審慎樂期。

# **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Property Investment Business (continued)**

Revenue of the property investment business for the year ended 31 December 2021 amounted to approximately HK\$3.3 million, representing a decrease of approximately 66% as compared with approximately HK\$9.7 million for the last corresponding year, which was mainly due to the change of the usage of Office Units Nos. 1003 and 1004A on the 10th Floor of Tower 1 of Admiralty Centre, No. 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong from leasing to self-use. Segment profit was approximately HK\$13.7 million (2020: segment loss of approximately HK\$80.5 million), which was mainly due to the recognition of a fair value gain on investment properties of approximately HK\$8.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: fair value loss of approximately HK\$79.4 million and write-down of carrying amount of stock of properties of approximately HK\$8.9 million).

# 業務回顧(續)

#### 物業投資業務(續)

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,物業投資業務之收益約為港 幣3,300,000元,較去年同期約港幣 9,700,000元減少約66%,主要由於香 港夏慤道18號海富中心1座10樓1003及 1004A室的用途由放租改為自用。截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,分 部溢利約為港幣13,700,000元(二零二零 年:分部虧損約港幣80,500,000元),主 要來自確認投資物業之公平值收益約港 幣8,100,000元(二零二零年:公平值虧損 約港幣79,400,000元及已撇減物業存貨 之賬面金額約港幣8,900,000元)。



# Investment Project — Ponte 16 投資項目 — 十六浦



# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析(續)

# **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)**

## **Investment Project – Ponte 16**

Macau's economy fluctuated during 2021 as the COVID-19 pandemic evolved throughout the year. Fortunately, effective pandemic prevention measures adopted by Mainland China and Macau had stabilised the situation to allow visitation from Mainland China, which culminated in an encouraging performance in accumulated GGR during the first half of the year with a peak recorded during the Labour Day Golden Week. Despite the outbreak of the Delta variant in Guangdong Province in June 2021, and later the discovered local COVID-19 infections in Macau in September 2021, which cooled sentiments to some extent, tourist visitation to Macau generally resumed a steady recovery during the fourth quarter of the year.

# 業務回顧(續)

## 投資項目 - 十六浦

澳門經濟於二零二一年波動不定,源於2019冠狀病毒病於年內多次演變。幸而,中國內地及澳門採取有效之疫情防治措施,穩定局勢,允許來自中國內地之旅客訪澳,使上半年錄得較好的累計博彩毛收入,而在五一黃金週更達到高峰。雖然廣東省於二零二一年六月爆發Delta變種病毒,澳門繼而於二零二一年九月發現本地2019冠狀病毒病感染個案,某程度削弱市場氣氛,惟訪澳旅客整體上於本年度第四季度已穩步復甦。



# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)

# **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)**

## **Investment Project – Ponte 16 (continued)**

Nevertheless, Macau maintained the highest degree of vigilance regarding public health and safety. The effective pandemic preventive and control measures imposed in the Mainland China and Macau bore fruit during the year and no widespread infection occurred in Macau. This strategy aided the overall gaming performance of Macau, with GGR recovering to over 30% of pre-pandemic levels in six out of twelve months in 2021. For the whole year, GGR grew by approximately 43.7% yoy, signifying an encouraging market recovery and resilience.

In line with the market recovery, Ponte 16 achieved better results yoy in 2021 and maintained its core competitiveness as a key visitation spot in Macau resulted from its strong cultural resources in the Inner Harbour area. During 2021, Ponte 16 leveraged its resources and launched the "OLA 澳優遊" ("OLA"), a one-stop platform featuring travel information and promotions in Macau, which was collaborated with local small and medium enterprises, including merchants, hotels and hostels to provide discounts and privileges to the consumers. It has stimulated more business opportunities for the participating merchants and jointly promotes the economy of Macau Peninsula and encouraged cross-sector spending. Since the launch of OLA in November 2021, approximately 70 merchant partners and over 50,000 online viewers from the website and social media were recorded. This has helped Ponte 16 in strengthening its market presence, and firmly secured itself on the fast track to recovery once the COVID-19 pandemic is under control.

# 業務回顧(續)

#### 投資項目 - 十六浦(續)

儘管如此,澳門在公共衛生及安全方面 時刻保持警惕,絕不掉以輕心。中國內 地與澳門實施有效之防疫防控措施,於 年內成效昭著,使澳門並無發生大範圍 感染情況。此策略有助推動澳門之整體 博彩表現,於二零二一年十二個月中,有 六個月之博彩毛收入重返疫情前水平之 30%以上。以全年計,博彩毛收入按年增 長約43.7%,市場逐步復甦及剛毅堅韌。

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析(續)

# **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)**

## **Investment Project – Ponte 16 (continued)**

To ensure the health and safety of its employees and visitors, Ponte 16 continued to be diligent and has adopted comprehensive measures including frequent disinfections, temperature checks, wearing facemasks, compulsory health declaration as well as checking the health code of all visitors including its employees before entering its properties and casino. Ponte 16 also implemented an incentive program to encourage its employees to get vaccinated. The vaccination rate of its employees has reached over 90%. Additionally, Ponte 16 remained committed towards cost saving and operation streamlining, placing efficiency as its top priority during the year.

As at 31 December 2021, the casino of Ponte 16 had 101 gaming tables in operation, consisting of 91 mass tables and 10 high-limit tables. The average occupancy rate of Sofitel Macau At Ponte 16 had showed an enhancement, which compared to the low occupancy rate in the last corresponding year, and achieved over 50% in 2021. For the year ended 31 December 2021, an Adjusted EBITDA\* loss of approximately HK\$57.6 million was recorded (2020: approximately HK\$242.9 million).

# 業務回顧(續)

## 投資項目 - 十六浦(續)

為保障僱員及旅客之健康及安全,十六 浦一直努力不懈,採取全方位防疫措施, 包括經常消毒、體溫檢測、佩戴口罩、強 制健康申報,以及於所有訪客(包括其僱 員)進入物業及娛樂場前檢查彼等之健 康碼。此外,十六浦亦推出獎勵計劃鼓勵 其僱員接種疫苗,旗下僱員之疫苗接種 率已經超過90%。再者,十六浦於年內繼 續致力於節省成本及精簡業務,視效益 為其首要任務。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,十六浦 娛樂場共有101張賭桌維持營運,包括 91張中場賭桌及10張高注碼賭桌。於二 零二一年,澳門十六浦索菲特大酒店之 平均入住率較去年同期之低入住率已見 改善,達到超過50%。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,經修訂的除利 息、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利\*錄得約港 幣57,600,000元(二零二零年:約港幣 242,900,000元)虧損。

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted EBITDA: Earnings Before Interest, Taxation, Depreciation and Amortisation (and excluded interest income from bank deposit)

<sup>\*</sup> 經修訂的除利息、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利 (並且不包括銀行存款所帶來的利息收入)

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)

# **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)**

## **Investment Project – Ponte 16 (continued)**

Despite facing strong market headwinds, Ponte 16 leveraged its vast resources to continually deliver outstanding service. Such efforts were widely acknowledged and Sofitel Macau At Ponte 16 received six awards from reputable organisations. The awards include the "Green Hotel Award – Bronze 2020-2022" by the Macau Environmental Protection Bureau, "Best Excellent Service Hotel of China of 2021" by 21st China Hotel Golden Horse Awards, "Best Resort Hotel" by the Luxury Hotel Awards of 2021, "Best Resort Hotel" and "Best Executive Lounge" by the 2021 Travel & Leisure Industry Awards, and "Best City Resort" by the "2022 Enjoyable Travel Awards".

For the purposes of, among others, refinancing the existing loan facilities in the aggregate amounts of HK\$735 million and MOP273 million (the "Existing Loan Facilities") made available to Pier 16 – Property Development Limited ("Pier 16 - Property Development", an associate of the Group and is principally engaged in the investment, development and through its subsidiaries, operation of Ponte 16) by a bank pursuant to an amended and restated facility agreement dated 23 June 2017 (the "Existing Loan Agreement") and financing the general working capital for non-gaming operation of Pier 16 – Property Development, Pier 16 – Property Development entered into an amended and restated facility agreement (the "Amended Facility Agreement") with a bank as lender on 23 June 2021. Pursuant to the Amended Facility Agreement, the maturity date under the Existing Loan Agreement was extended to 23 June 2023 and the amounts of the Existing Loan Facilities were revised to the aggregate amounts of HK\$500 million and MOP273 million (the "Revised Loan Facilities").

# 業務回顧(續)

#### 投資項目 - 十六浦(續)

儘管市場風高浪急,但十六浦利用其龐大資源持續提供優質服務,並受到廣泛認可,旗下澳門十六浦索菲特大酒店獲得六項由知名組織頒發的獎項,包括澳門環境保護局頒發之「2020-2022年澳門環保酒店一銅獎」、第二十一屆中國飯店金馬獎頒發之「2021年中國最佳卓越服務酒店」、2021年高端酒店評選(Luxury Hotel Awards of 2021)頒發之「最佳精選度假酒店」、2021年度旅遊休閑行業大獎頒發之「最佳度假酒店」及「最佳行政酒廊」,以及「2022年度意游酒店星榜之選」的「最佳City度假酒店」。

為了(其中包括)為一間銀行根據日期 為二零一七年六月二十三日之經修訂 及重列信貸協議(「現有貸款協議」)向 十六浦物業發展股份有限公司(「十六 浦物業發展」,本集團之聯營公司,主要 業務為投資、發展並透過其附屬公司經 營十六浦) 所提供總額港幣735,000,000 元及273,000,000澳門元之現有貸款信貸 (「現有貸款信貸」) 再融資,以及為十六 浦物業發展非博彩營運之一般營運資金 融資,十六浦物業發展已於二零二一年 六月二十三日與一間銀行(作為貸方)訂 立經修訂及重列信貸協議(「經修訂信 貸協議」)。根據經修訂信貸協議,現有 貸款協議下之到期日已延遲至二零二三 年六月二十三日,而現有貸款信貸的金 額亦已修訂為總額港幣500,000,000元 及273,000,000澳門元(「經修訂貸款信 貸」)。

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析(續)

## SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT

The Group continued to hold overseas listed equity securities during the year to diversify its investment portfolio. As at 31 December 2021, the Group held the following significant investment which was classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

# 重大投資

本集團於年內繼續持有海外上市股本證券,以分散其投資組合。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團持有以下分類為按公平值於損益列賬之財務資產之重大投資:

										Approximat	e percentage	
		Number o	f common	Approximat	e percentage					to the Group	's total assets	
Name of investment	Trading symbol	tment Trading symbol stock held		held	eld of stockholding		Investment cost		Fair value		佔本集團總資產之	
投資名稱	交易代碼	所持普遍	通股數目	佔持股量之	佔持股量之概約百分比 投資成本		成本	公平值		概約百分比		
		as at	as at	as at	as at	as at	as at	as at	as at	as at	as at	
		31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
		於	於	於	於	於	於	於	於	於	於	
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	
						Equivalent to	Equivalent to	Equivalent to	Equivalent to			
						HK\$ million	HK\$ million	HK\$ million	HK\$ million			
						等值港幣	等值港幣	等值港幣	等值港幣			
				%	%	百萬元	百萬元	百萬元	百萬元	%	%	
Tools Inc ("Tools")	TCIA	22.250	20 0E0	0.002	0.002	47	20	267	160	10	12	
Tesla, Inc. ("Tesla")	TSLA	32,250	30,850	0.003	0.003	47	38	267	169	19		

Tesla was incorporated in the State of Delaware, the United States of America with its common stock traded on The Nasdag Global Select Market and became a Standard & Poor's 500 constituent officially in December 2020. Tesla is principally engaged in designing, developing, manufacturing and selling high-performance fully electric vehicles and energy generation and storage systems, and offering services related to its sustainable energy products. As disclosed in Tesla's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021, total revenues of Tesla was increased by approximately 71% to approximately USD53,823 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$421,353 million) for the year ended 31 December 2021 as compared with that for the last corresponding year, and its net income attributable to common stockholders for the year ended 31 December 2021 was increased by approximately 6.7 times to approximately USD5,519 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$43,205 million) (2020: approximately USD721 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$5,624 million)), which were primarily due to the increase in automotive sales revenue from increased deliveries and deployments of its products.

Tesla在美利堅合眾國特拉華州註冊成 立,其普通股在納斯達克全球精選市場 買賣,並於二零二零年十二月正式成為 標準普爾500指數成份股。Tesla主要從 事設計、開發、製造及銷售高性能全電 動汽車及能源發電與儲存系統,並提供 與其可持續能源產品相關之服務。根據 Tesla截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度之經審核綜合財務報表所披露, Tesla截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度之總收益較去年同期增加約71%至 約53,823,000,000美元(相等於約港幣 421,353,000,000元),而截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度之普通股股東應 佔淨收入增加約6.7倍至約5,519,000,000 美元(相等於約港幣43,205,000,000元) (二零二零年:約721,000,000美元(相 等於約港幣5,624,000,000元)),主要由 於產品之交付及調配數量增加,促使汽 車銷售收益增長。

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)

# **SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT (CONTINUED)**

Beginning in the first quarter of 2021, there has been a trend in many parts of the world of increasing availability and administration of vaccines against COVID-19, as well as an easing of restrictions on social, business, travel and government activities and functions. On the other hand, infection rates and regulations continue to fluctuate in various regions and there are ongoing global impacts resulting from the pandemic, including challenges and increases in costs for logistics and supply chain issues, such as increased port congestion, intermittent supplier delays and a shortfall of semiconductor supply. Tesla has also previously been affected by temporary manufacturing closures, employment and compensation adjustments, and impediments to administrative activities supporting its product deliveries and deployments.

Ultimately, Tesla cannot predict the duration of the COVID-19 pandemic. Tesla will continue to monitor macroeconomic conditions to remain flexible and to optimise and evolve its business as appropriate, and Tesla will have to accurately project demand and infrastructure requirements globally and deploy its production, workforce and other resources accordingly.

A fair value gain of approximately HK\$87.7 million was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2021 in the consolidated statement of profit or loss of the Group (2020: approximately HK\$131.1 million). During the year, Tesla did not declare any dividend.

The significant investment is held for trading. The Group will review its investment strategy regularly in response to the changes in market situation.

# 重大投資(續)

於二零二一年第一季度初,全球多個地區之2019冠狀病毒病疫苗供應及接種不斷增加,促成社交、商業、旅遊及政府活動及功能限制放寬。另一方面,不同地區之感染率及監管不斷張弛,全球仍受疫情影響,諸如加劇港口擠塞、供應間歇延請、半導體供應短缺等物流及供應鏈難題以及相關成本上漲等。Tesla早前亦受到暫時關閉生產,僱傭及補償調整,以及支援產品交付及調配之行政管理活動受阻所影響。

最後,Tesla無法預測2019冠狀病毒病疫情何時完結。Tesla將繼續監察宏觀經濟狀況,保持靈活性,並適時完善及革新業務,而Tesla將須準確預測全球的需求及基建要求,並據此部署生產、勞動力及其他資源。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團綜合損益表確認公平值收益約港幣87,700,000元(二零二零年:約港幣131,100,000元)。於年內,Tesla並無宣派任何股息。

該項重大投資乃為買賣持有。本集團將因應市況變化,定期檢討投資策略。

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW

## **Liquidity, Financial Resources and Gearing**

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$117.6 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$90.1 million) and net assets of approximately HK\$1,007.6 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$1,002.4 million). The Group adopts a conservative approach towards its treasury policies. The Group strives to reduce exposure to credit risk by monitoring the trade receivables of its customers on an ongoing basis. To manage liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that the liquidity structure of the Group's assets, liabilities and commitments can meet its funding requirements. Presently, there is no hedging policy with respect to the foreign exchange exposure. The Group's transactional currencies are Hong Kong dollars and Canadian dollars as substantially all the revenues are in Hong Kong dollars and Canadian dollars. The Group's transactional foreign exchange exposure was insignificant.

On 1 December 2008, Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny ("Mr. Yeung", being the Chairman of the Board, an executive Director and a controlling shareholder of the Company) provided a HK\$200 million term loan facility to the Company which is unsecured and charged with interest at the prime rate quoted for Hong Kong dollars loans by The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited. The principal amount of the loan facility was increased up to HK\$290 million on 14 April 2009 (the "Revised Mr. Yeung's Loan Facility") and the final repayment date of the loan and all other sums owing to Mr. Yeung under the Revised Mr. Yeung's Loan Facility was further extended from 31 October 2022 to 31 October 2024 by a supplemental letter of agreement dated 30 September 2021. As at 31 December 2021, the Company owed HK\$60.0 million to Mr. Yeung under the Revised Mr. Yeung's Loan Facility (31 December 2020: HK\$60.0 million).

# 財務回顧

#### 流動資金、財務資源及資本負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 之流動資產淨值約為港幣117,600,000 元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約港 幣90,100,000元),而資產淨值約為港 幣1,007,600,000元(二零二零年十二月 三十一日:約港幣1,002,400,000元)。本 集團採取保守之庫務政策,致力於持續 監察其客戶之應收貿易賬款,以減輕信 貸風險。為管理流動資金風險,董事會密 切監控本集團之流動資金狀況,以確保 本集團由資產、負債及承擔組成之流動 性結構足以應付其融資需要。目前,本集 團並無有關外匯風險之對沖政策。本集 團絕大部分收益以港幣及加元計值,故 本集團之交易貨幣定為港幣及加元。本 集團在交易上所承受之外匯風險甚微。

於二零零八年十二月一日,楊海成先生 (「楊先生」,本公司之董事會主席、執 行董事兼控股股東) 向本公司提供為數 港幣200,000,000元之有期貸款融資,該 貸款融資為無抵押,且按香港上海滙豐 銀行有限公司所報之港元貸款最優惠 利率計息。於二零零九年四月十四日, 該貸款融資之本金金額增至最高港幣 290,000,000元(「經修訂之楊先生之貸 款融資」),並通過日期為二零二一年九 月三十日之協議補充函件,經修訂之楊 先生之貸款融資之貸款及所有結欠楊 先生之其他款項的最後還款日期,由二 零二二年十月三十一日進一步延遲至 二零二四年十月三十一日。於二零二一 年十二月三十一日,根據經修訂之楊先 生之貸款融資,本公司結欠楊先生港幣 60,000,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一 日:港幣60,000,000元)。

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)

# FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

# Liquidity, Financial Resources and Gearing (continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's secured bank facilities were HK\$339.5 million (31 December 2020: HK\$339.5 million) which bear interest at Hong Kong interbank offered rate (HIBOR) plus a margin that was ranged from 1.7% to 1.75% per annum (2020: 1.7% to 1.75% per annum). In addition, the Group had secured general bank facilities for issuance of standby letters of credit of (i) CAD2.0 million (31 December 2020: CAD2.0 million) which carries a commission rate of 1.2% per annum; and (ii) approximately USD0.1 million (31 December 2020: approximately USD0.1 million). The proceeds of the facilities were for the Group's general operation. As at 31 December 2021, the outstanding bank loans were HK\$302.5 million (31 December 2020: HK\$302.5 million).

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had current and non-current lease liabilities of approximately HK\$0.6 million and HK\$0.3 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$0.8 million and HK\$0.9 million) respectively.

As at 31 December 2021, total equity attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$1,007.6 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$1,002.4 million). The net gearing ratio, which was measured on the basis of the interest-bearing borrowings (including lease liabilities), net of cash and cash equivalents, of the Group over total equity attributable to owners of the Company, was approximately 31% as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: approximately 25%).

# 財務回顧(續)

# 流動資金、財務資源及資本負債(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 之有抵押銀行融資為港幣339,500,000 元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:港幣 339,500,000元),該等融資按香港銀行 同業拆息加年利率1.7%至1.75%(二零 二零年:年利率1.7%至1.75%)計息。 此外,本集團已就發出(i)佣金率為每年 1.2%之2,000,000加元(二零二零年十二 月三十一日:2,000,000加元)之備用信用 證;及(ii)約100,000美元(二零二零年十二 月三十一日:約100,000美元)之備用信 用證,獲取一般銀行融資。該等融資之 所得款項用於本集團之一般營運。於二 零二一年十二月三十一日,未償還銀行 貸款為港幣302,500,000元(二零二零年 十二月三十一日:港幣302,500,000元)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團之流動及非流動租賃負債分別約為港幣600,000元及港幣300,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約港幣800,000元及港幣900,000元)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司股東應佔權益總值約為港幣1,007,600,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約港幣1,002,400,000元)。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,淨資本負債比率約為31%(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約25%)。淨資本負債比率以本集團計息借貸(包括租賃負債)(扣除現金及現金等值項目)相對本公司股東應佔權益總值為基準計算。

# **FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)**

# Provision of Financial Assistance to Pier 16 – Property Development

References were made to the announcement dated 18 June 2021 (the "Announcement") and the circular dated 12 July 2021 (the "Circular") both issued by the Company in relation to the provision of financial assistance to Pier 16 – Property Development (the "2021 Financial Assistance"). The estimated total exposure of the Company under the provision of the 2021 Financial Assistance was approximately HK\$509 million.

The provision of the 2021 Financial Assistance constituted a major transaction for the Company under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). On 18 June 2021, the Company obtained a written shareholder's approval from a shareholder, which held approximately 71.52% of the entire issued share capital of the Company as at the date of such written approval, in respect of the provision of the 2021 Financial Assistance.

For further details of the 2021 Financial Assistance, please refer to the Announcement and the Circular.

#### **Pledge of Assets**

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had secured the following assets:

(a) the Group pledged all of its investment properties, one of its stock of properties as well as the leasehold land and building totally with the carrying amount of approximately HK\$461.0 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$459.8 million) to secure against the loan facilities of approximately HK\$339.5 million and a standby letter of credit of CAD2.0 million, totally equivalent to approximately HK\$351.9 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$339.5 million and CAD2.0 million, totally equivalent to approximately HK\$351.8 million) granted to the Group;

# 財務回顧(續)

# 向十六浦物業發展提供財務資助

謹此提述本公司所發表日期為二零二一年六月十八日的公告(「該公告」)及日期為二零二一年七月十二日之通函(「該通函」),內容有關向十六浦物業發展提供財務資助(「二零二一年財務資助」)。本公司就提供二零二一年財務資助承擔之估計風險總額約為港幣509,000,000元。

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」),提供二零二一年財務資助構成本公司一項主要交易。於二零二一年六月十八日,本公司就提供二零二一年財務資助取得一名股東之書面批准。該股東於作出書面批准當日持有本公司全部已發行股本約71.52%。

有關二零二一年財務資助之進一步詳情 請參閱該公告及該通函。

## 資產抵押

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 已抵押下列資產:

(a) 本集團已抵押賬面值合計約港幣 461,000,000元(二零二零年十二 月三十一日:約港幣459,800,000 元)之所有投資物業、其中一項 物業存貨以及租賃土地及樓宇, 作為本集團獲授貸款融資約港 幣339,500,000元及備用信用證 2,000,000加元,合計相等於約港幣 351,900,000元(二零二零年十二月 三十一日:約港幣339,500,000元及 2,000,000加元,合計相等於約港幣 351,800,000元)之抵押品;

#### Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)**

#### Pledge of Assets (continued)

- (b) World Fortune Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, pledged all (31 December 2020: all) of its shares in Pier 16 Property Development to a bank in respect of the loan facilities granted to Pier 16 Property Development; and
- (c) the Group pledged the time deposits of approximately USD0.1 million, equivalent to approximately HK\$0.6 million (31 December 2020: approximately USD0.1 million, equivalent to approximately HK\$0.6 million) to a bank for the issuance of a standby letter of credit of approximately USD0.1 million, equivalent to approximately HK\$0.5 million (31 December 2020: approximately USD0.1 million, equivalent to approximately HK\$0.5 million) for the operation of the Group.

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

The Company gave a corporate guarantee (the "Guarantee") to a bank in respect of the loan facilities granted to Pier 16 – Property Development. The maximum guarantee amount borne by the Company under the Guarantee was HK\$490.0 million.

The outstanding loan under the Revised Loan Facilities as at 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$230.0 million (31 December 2020: outstanding loan under the Existing Loan Facilities was approximately HK\$185.0 million).

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had a total of 64 employees. Remuneration is determined on the basis of qualifications, experience, responsibilities and performance. In addition to the basic remuneration, staff benefits include medical insurance and retirement benefits. Share options may also be granted to eligible employees of the Group as a long-term incentive.

#### 財務回顧(續)

#### 資產抵押(續)

- (b) 世兆有限公司(本公司一間間接全資附屬公司)就十六浦物業發展獲授的貸款信貸向一間銀行抵押其於十六浦物業發展的全部股份(二零二零年十二月三十一日:全部股份);及
- (c) 本集團向一間銀行抵押定期存款約100,000美元(相等於約港幣600,000元)(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約100,000美元(相等於約港幣600,000元)),以就本集團營運獲發約100,000美元(相等於約港幣500,000元)(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約100,000美元(相等於約港幣500,000元))之備用信用證。

#### 或然負債

本公司就十六浦物業發展獲授之貸款信貸向一間銀行提供企業擔保(「該擔保」)。本公司根據該擔保承擔的最高保證金額為港幣490,000,000元。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,就經修訂貸款信貸未償還之貸款約為港幣230,000,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:就現有貸款信貸未償還之貸款約為港幣185,000,000元)。

#### 人力資源

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 共聘用64名僱員。薪酬乃按資歷、經驗、 職責及表現而釐定。除基本薪酬外,員工 福利包括醫療保險及退休福利。本集團 亦會向合資格僱員授出購股權,作為長 期獎勵。

#### Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析(續)

#### **PROSPECTS**

The global outbreak of the Omicron variant which began at the end of 2021 have undoubtedly triggered new uncertainties and challenges for the global economy. However, research from the World Health Organisation has showed that despite its higher transmissibility, the symptoms induced by Omicron are relatively milder. In the two years since the start of the COVID-19 outbreak, China has showcased impressive ability to control this pandemic. The Group is optimistic that the concerted efforts made by governments of Mainland China, Macau, and Hong Kong will soon tame this new wave of pandemic, which would bring forth economic revival for the regions in the long run.

The global tourism industry has been impacted by an unprecedented scale since the start of the pandemic. Yet, despite the new wave of more contagious pandemic sweeping through many major countries, the full recovery of the industry back to pre-pandemic levels is still on the right track. With the global rising vaccination rate, the Government of Canada will open the border to all fully vaccinated travelers effective from 1 April 2022. According to the latest research from the World Travel & Tourism Council suggested that if global vaccination continues at a steady pace and restrictions to international travel are eased around the world in 2022, the travel industry's contribution to global economy could reach USD8.6 trillion in 2022 (pre-pandemic year of 2019: approximately USD9.2 trillion). With such hope, Jade Travel will remain its highly efficient operation and be responsive to changes in border policies and tourist demands, including local tours and travel bubbles, to maintain its market position as one of the leading travel service and product providers in North America. In addition, Jade Travel is also in close and frequent discussions with its business partners in Asia and China to continue to explore and expand its product offerings in preparation for the returning of international travel. The Group will focus on improving Jade Travel's core competitiveness to facilitate its long-term growth in the post pandemic period.

#### 前景

Omicron變種病毒於二零二一年底開始 於全球爆發,無疑為全球經濟帶來新一 輪不明朗因素及挑戰。然而,世界衛生組 織研究顯示,即使Omicron傳染性較高, 惟引發之病徵則相對較為輕微。2019冠 狀病毒病首度爆發至今已達兩年,中國 一直展現卓越的疫情防控能力。本集團 有信心在中港澳政府同心協力下,在不 久將來克服新一波疫情,長遠使區內經 濟恢復繁榮穩定。

全球旅遊業自疫情出現以來,一直面對 前所未有之大規模影響。然而,儘管更 具傳染力之新一波疫情席捲不少主要國 家,惟行業仍然朝着疫情前水平之方向 全面復甦。隨着全球疫苗接種率上升,加 拿大政府將由二零二二年四月一日起向 所有全面接種疫苗之旅客開放邊境。根 據世界旅遊及觀光理事會(World Travel & Tourism Council) 之最新研究,假如全 球疫苗接種繼續穩步進行,世界各地於 二零二二年放寬國際旅遊限制,則旅遊 業可於二零二二年為全球經濟貢獻高達 8.6萬億美元(二零一九年疫情前:約9.2 萬億美元)。復甦在望, Jade Travel將維持 高效運作,迅速應對邊境政策轉變及旅 客需求,包括本地遊及旅遊氣泡,以保持 其作為其中一間北美領先旅遊服務及產 品供應商之市場地位。此外,Jade Travel 亦與亞洲及中國之業務夥伴緊密磋商, 繼續開拓及擴充產品組合,為國際旅遊 重臨做好準備。本集團將集中提升Jade Travel之核心競爭力,以促成疫情後之長 遠增長。

#### Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### **PROSPECTS (CONTINUED)**

Despite significant market disruptions, Hong Kong's economy grew by approximately 6.4% in 2021, which marked its first annual rise following two years of recession and demonstrated Hong Kong's economic resilience and gradual recovery. Considering this and coupled with Hong Kong's strong fundamentals as a central economic hub in Asia, the Group is cautiously optimistic about the outlook of Hong Kong's office property market and will be continually attentive to market changes and explore any suitable investment opportunities to diversify the Group's investment portfolio.

The outbreak of Omicron variant incited brief pessimism for the gaming and hospitality industry in Macau during the start of 2022. However, diligent and continued efforts in pandemic prevention by the Macau Government soon improved market sentiments over the Chinese New Year holidays. In consideration of Macau's impressive track record at pandemic control, the Group is confident in the gradual recovery of the Macau's economy. In the long run, aligning with the Central Government's initiative to develop the Greater Bay Area, Macau has been actively developing local infrastructure and diversifying its tourism offerings. Therefore, Macau is well-equipped to be one of the first tourist hotspots to enjoy the revitalisation of the tourism industry. Ponte 16 will ride on such market opportunities by continuing to leverage the rich cultural resources of the Inner Harbour area and coordinating more local promotional activities including the OLA to strengthen its market presence while committing its part to promote Macau as a premium travel destination.

#### 前景(續)

儘管市場遭受嚴重打擊,惟香港經濟於 二零二一年仍錄得約6.4%增長,乃經歷 兩年倒退後首次年度增長,足證香港經 濟堅毅剛韌,穩步復甦。有鑑於此,加 上香港作為亞洲經濟中心樞紐的雄厚基 礎,本集團對香港辦公室物業市場前景 審慎樂觀,將會繼續注視市場變化,發掘 任何合適之投資機會,分散本集團之投 資組合。

於二零二二年初,Omicron變種病毒爆發 為澳門博彩及酒店業蒙上陰霾。然而, 澳門政府嚴厲執行防疫工作,已在農 新年假期迅速扭轉市場氣氛。考慮到 門之抗疫佳績,本集團有信心澳門之抗疫佳績,本集團有信心澳門 整漸復甦。長遠而言,為配合中央 發展大灣區之政策,澳門一直積極 各工基建,多元化發展旅遊產品組合。 此,澳門已裝備好成為旅客首選熱 一,在旅遊業復甦機遇中受惠。十一資 會繼續善用內港區深厚之文化資源 會繼續善用內港區深厚之文化 會繼續善用內港區深厚之文 會繼續 動更多如OLA等之本地推廣活動, 電間 優質的旅遊勝地,抓緊市場機會。

#### Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析(續)

#### **PROSPECTS (CONTINUED)**

The recent announcement of the amendments to Macau's gaming regulations has shed light on uncertain facets to the gaming industry and reflected the Macau Government to take the lead in facilitating a healthy and sustainable development. As discussions regarding the amendments continues, Ponte 16 and the Group will remain in close communications with the Macau Government and formulate its strategies accordingly.

Due to the persisting and ever-developing COVID-19 pandemic and intensifying geopolitical tensions, it is anticipated that the global business environment would remain volatile and the outlook for 2022 would be subject to the considerable uncertainties. Under such a background, the Group believes that operational resilience and agility will still be the key to success, and will react to the market changes accordingly while maintaining financial prudence and discipline.

#### 前景(續)

近日宣布之澳門博彩條例修訂已釐清博 彩業之不確定性,反映澳門政府領導行 業健康可持續發展之決心。由於修訂仍 在討論當中,十六浦及本集團將與澳門 政府保持密切聯繫,以及制訂相應策略。

2019冠狀病毒病大流行持續發展,加上 地緣政治緊張局勢升溫,預期全球營商 環境仍然嚴峻,二零二二年之前景瀰漫 不明朗因素。在這大環境下,本集團相信 堅忍不拔、靈活多變仍將為業務成功之 關鍵,故將在因時制宜之餘,審慎地嚴守 財務紀律。

### Corporate Governance Report

#### 企業管治報告

Success Universe Group Limited (the "Company") is committed to maintain high corporate governance standard and procedures to ensure the integrity, transparency and quality of disclosure in order to enhance the shareholders' value.

實德環球有限公司(「本公司」)致力維持 高水平之企業管治標準及程序,以確保 資料披露之完整性、透明度及質素,藉以 提高股東價值。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

In the opinion of the directors of the Company ("Director(s)"), the Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code which were in force (the "CG Code") as contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") during the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors (the "Code of Conduct") on terms no less exacting than the required standard of the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules.

Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, each of whom has confirmed his/her compliance with the required standard set out in the Code of Conduct and the Model Code throughout the year under review.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The board of Directors (the "Board"), led by its chairman ("Chairman"), Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny, is responsible for overseeing the management of the business and affairs, considering and approving strategic plans and major corporate matters, as well as reviewing operational and financial performance. The Board is committed to make decisions in the best interests of both the Company and its shareholders ("Shareholders").

#### 企業管治

本公司董事(「董事」)認為,於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載當時生效之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)當中所有守則條文。

#### 董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納一套有關董事進行證券交易之行為守則(「行為守則」),該守則之條款不遜於上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)規定之標準。

經向全體董事作出特定查詢後,各董事 已確認彼等於回顧年度內一直遵守載於 行為守則及標準守則內之規定標準。

#### 董事會

董事會(「董事會」)由其主席(「主席」) 楊海成先生領導,負責監督業務及事務 管理、考慮和批准策略計劃及重大企業 事宜,以及審閱營運及財務表現。董事會 致力作出符合本公司及其股東(「股東」) 最佳利益之決定。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

The Board currently consists of six members, including two executive Directors, namely Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny (Chairman) and Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman (Deputy Chairman); a non-executive Director, namely Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle ("NED"); and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann, Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose and Mr. Chong Ming Yu (collectively "INEDs" or each of them "INED"). All Directors, including the NED and all INEDs, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. The Board is also characterised by diversity, whether considered in terms of gender, age, educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and/or independence. A list of Directors identifying their role and function is available on the Company's website and on the website of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The Directors' biographical information is set out in the paragraph headed "Directors" under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 114 to 118 of this annual report.

The roles of the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman who performs the function of chief executive are segregated and assumed by separate individuals to strike a balance of power and authority so that power and job responsibilities are not concentrated in any one individual of the Board. The Chairman, Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny, is responsible for overseeing the function of the Board and formulating overall strategies and policies of the Company, while the Deputy Chairman, Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman, is responsible for implementing the Company's strategies regarding the business development of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") as well as managing the Group's business and operations. The functions and responsibilities between the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman are clearly segregated.

#### 董事會(續)

董事會現時由六名成員組成,包括兩名 執行董事,即楊海成先生(主席)及馬浩文 先生(副主席);一名非執行董事,即 蔡健培先生(「非執行董事」);以及三名 獨立非執行董事,即楊慕嫦女士、錢永樂 先生及莊名裕先生(共同或各自均稱「獨 立非執行董事」)。所有董事(包括非執 行董事及全體獨立非執行董事) 為董事 會帶來各種寶貴之營商經驗、知識及專 業,使其有效率及有效地運作。從性別、 年齡、教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知識 及/或獨立性方面來看,董事會亦具備 多元特質。識別董事角色及職能之董事 名單於本公司網站及香港聯合交易所有 限公司(「聯交所」)網站可供瀏覽。董事 之履歷資料載於本年報第114至第118頁 之「董事及高級管理人員簡介」一節中之 「董事」一段。

主席及履行行政總裁職能之副主席之角 色已區分,並由不同人士擔任,以達致 權力及職權平衡,確保權力及職責不會 集中在董事會任何一名成員身上。主席 楊海成先生負責監督董事會運作及制 訂本公司整體策略及政策,而副主席 訂本公司整體策略及政策,而副主席 馬浩文先生則負責執行就本公司及其附 屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之業務發展所制 罰之本公司策略,以及管理本集團之業 務及營運事宜。主席及副主席之功能及 責任有明確區分。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

Except that Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman is the nephew of Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny, to the best knowledge of the Directors, there is no financial, business, family and/ or other material/relevant relationship among members of the Board and between the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman who performs the function of chief executive.

The Board includes three INEDs and one of them, Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose, is a certified public accountant (practising) and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as well as a fellow member of The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong. He has over 35 years of experience in auditing, accounting and taxation.

All the Directors have entered into service contracts with the Company which set out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. Pursuant to the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws"), all Directors appointed by the Board shall hold office until the next following general meeting of the Company (in case of filling a casual vacancy) or until the next following annual general meeting of the Company (in case of an addition to the number of Directors) after their appointment and the retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. In addition, at each annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation such that all Directors should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

#### 董事會(續)

除馬浩文先生為楊海成先生之外甥外, 據董事所深知,董事會各成員之間,以 及主席與履行行政總裁職能之副主席之 間,概無任何財務、業務、家屬及/或其 他重大/相關關係。

董事會成員包括三名獨立非執行董事, 其中錢永樂先生為香港會計師公會之執 業會計師及資深會員、英國特許公認會 計師公會之資深會員,以及香港稅務學 會之資深會員。彼於審核、會計及稅務積 逾35年經驗。

全體董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,當中載有其任命之主要條款及條件。根據本公司之公司細則(「公司細則」),所有獲董事會委任之董事應任職至彼等獲委任後本公司下一次股東大會(如屬斯增董事),而退任董事符合資格應選連任。此外,於本公司每屆股東週年大會上,三分之一董事須輪值告退,致使所有董事均須至少每三年輪值告退一次。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

# The Board meets regularly throughout the year as and when required. Notices of at least 14 days are given to all Directors for all regular Board meetings. The company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") assists the Chairman in preparing the agendas for the meetings and all Directors are consulted whether to include any matters in the agendas. Agenda and accompanying board papers are given to all Directors in a timely manner and at least 3 days before the appointed date of each meeting.

During the year under review, four regular Board meetings and four non-regular Board meetings were held. Details of attendance of the Directors at the said Board meetings are set out below:

#### 董事會(續)

董事會於年度內定期並於有需要時舉行會議。本公司就所有董事會常規會議向全體董事發出至少十四日通知。本公司之公司秘書(「公司秘書」)協助主席準備會議議程,並諮詢全體董事會否將任何事項納入議程內。議程及隨附之董事會會議文件會適時並於每次會議指定舉行日期前至少三日送呈全體董事。

於回顧年度內曾舉行四次董事會常規會 議及四次董事會非常規會議。董事出席 上述董事會議之記錄詳情載列如下:

> Number of Board meetings attended/held 出席董事會會議次數/ 舉行董事會會議次數

Directors	董事	attended/held 出席董事會會議次數/ 舉行董事會會議次數
		+13±3-11 11 M/X
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny (Chairman)	楊海成先生(主席)	7/8
Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman (Deputy Chairman)	馬浩文先生(副主席)	8/8
Non-executive Director	非執行董事	
Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle	蔡健培先生	8/8
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann	楊慕嫦女士	8/8
Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose	錢永樂先生	8/8
Mr. Chong Ming Yu	莊名裕先生	8/8

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

# During the year under review, one general meeting of the Company, namely the annual general meeting, was held on 11 June 2021 ("2021 AGM"). Details of attendance of the Directors at the 2021 AGM are set out below:

#### 董事會(續)

於回顧年度內本公司曾舉行一次股東大會,即於二零二一年六月十一日舉行之股東週年大會(「二零二一年股東週年大會」)。董事出席二零二一年股東週年大會之記錄詳情載列如下:

2021

		AGM attendance 二零二一年
Directors	董事	股東週年大會之出席記錄
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny (Chairman)	楊海成先生 <i>(主席)</i>	1/1
Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman (Deputy Chairman)	馬浩文先生 <i>(副主席)</i>	1/1
Non-executive Director	非執行董事	
Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle	蔡健培先生	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann	楊慕嫦女士	1/1
Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose	錢永樂先生	1/1
Mr. Chong Ming Yu	莊名裕先生	1/1

The Board has agreed on a procedure to enable the Directors to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense, to assist them in performing their duties. All Directors are provided with monthly updates giving a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, financial position and prospects to keep the Directors abreast of the Group's affairs in order to discharge their duties. All Directors are also updated from time to time on major changes/material developments in the laws, rules and regulations applicable to the Company.

董事會已協定一套讓董事於適當情況下 尋求獨立專業意見之程序,費用由本公 司支付,以協助彼等履行其職責。全體董 事均獲提供每月更新資料,當中載有關 於本集團表現、財務狀況及前景之持平 清晰評估,讓董事緊貼本集團事務,以便 履行其職責。全體董事亦不時獲提供適 用於本公司之法例、規則及規例之主要 變動/重大發展之更新資料。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

During the year, the Board has reviewed and considered that the contribution required from each of the Directors to perform his/her responsibilities to the Company was appropriate and each of the Directors has given sufficient time to perform his/her responsibilities. The Directors have informed the Company in a timely manner of any change in the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments. Each of the Directors discloses semi-annually to the Company the identity and nature of office he/she holds in the public companies or organisations as well as an indication of the time involved.

Every newly appointed Director will be given a comprehensive formal induction covering the Group's business as well as the statutory and regulatory obligations of a director of a listed company. To assist the Directors to participate in continuous professional development, the Company arranges and funds suitable training to the Directors to update and enhance their knowledge and skills for performing the Directors' roles and responsibilities. During the year under review, all Directors, namely Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny, Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman, Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle, Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann, Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose and Mr. Chong Ming Yu, were furnished with materials regarding, inter alia, directors' duties, corporate governance as well as applicable laws, rules and regulations updates, attended two in-house seminars regarding anti-corruption and ethics training as well as conclusions on review of the CG Code organised by the Company, and also viewed the e-training courses provided by the Stock Exchange. The Directors are also encouraged to attend training relevant to their duties and responsibilities that they consider appropriate. All Directors are requested to provide their respective records of training to the Company.

#### 董事會(續)

於年內,董事會已審閱並認為各董事已為要求其履行對本公司之責任作出適當貢獻,且各董事已付出足夠時間履行其責任。董事已適時通知本公司彼等於公眾公司或組織所擔任職位之數目及性質以及其他重大承擔之任何變更。各董事每半年向本公司披露其於公眾公司或組織所擔任之職銜、職位之性質以及所涉及之時間。

每名新委任董事將會獲得全面而正式 之就任須知,內容涵蓋本集團之業務以 及上市公司董事之法定及監管責任。為 協助董事參與持續專業發展,本公司為 董事安排合嫡之培訓並提供有關經費, 以更新並提升彼等履行董事角色及責任 之知識及技能。於回顧年度內,全體董事 (即楊海成先生、馬浩文先生、蔡健培 先生、楊慕嫦女士、錢永樂先生及莊名裕 先生) 均已獲提供有關(其中包括) 董事職 務、企業管治,以及適用法例、規則及規 例更新之資料,已出席由本公司籌辦關 於反貪污及道德操守培訓以及企業管治 守則審閱結論之兩場內部講座,並觀看 由聯交所提供之網上培訓課程。本公司 亦鼓勵董事出席其認為適當且與其職責 及責任相關之培訓。本公司要求全體董 事向本公司提供彼等各自之培訓記錄。

#### **DELEGATION BY THE BOARD**

The Board has established four Board committees. namely the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"), the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and the executive committee (the "Executive Committee") to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs and to assist in sharing the Board's responsibilities. The Board has reserved for its decision or consideration on matters covering corporate strategy, annual and interim results, changes of members of the Board and its committees, major acquisitions, disposals and capital transactions, and other significant operational and financial matters. All the Board committees have clear written terms of reference and have to report to the Board regularly on their decisions and recommendations. The day-to-day running of the Group, including implementation of the strategies and plans adopted by the Board and its committees, is delegated to management with divisional heads responsible for different aspects of the business/affairs.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee was established by the Board with specific written terms of reference. The terms of reference for the Audit Committee is available on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange. The Audit Committee currently consists of the NED and all INEDs and is chaired by Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose who possesses appropriate professional accounting qualification as required under the Listing Rules.

#### 董事會權力之轉授

董事會已成立四個董事委員會,即審 核委員會(「審核委員會」)、薪酬委員會 (「薪酬委員會」)、提名委員會(「提名委 員會」)及執行委員會(「執行委員會」), 以監督本公司特定範疇之事務及協助分 擔董事會之職責。董事會已保留有關決 定或審議企業策略、年度及中期業績、董 事會及其委員會之成員變動、主要收購、 出售及資本交易、以及其他重要營運及 財務事宜方面之權力。所有董事委員會 均有清晰之書面職權範圍,並須定期向 董事會匯報其決定及建議。本集團之日 常管理事務,包括董事會及其委員會所 採納策略及計劃之執行,均授權予管理 人員處理,並由各部門主管負責不同業 務/事務範疇。

#### 審核委員會

董事會已成立具備特定書面職權範圍之 審核委員會。審核委員會之職權範圍可 於本公司網站及聯交所網站查閱。審核 委員會現時由非執行董事及全體獨立非 執行董事組成,並由錢永樂先生出任主 席。錢先生具備上市規則所要求之適當 專業會計資格。

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)**

#### The Board has delegated to the Audit Committee the responsibility to perform the corporate governance duties set out in the CG Code. During the year under review, the primary duties of the Audit Committee included, inter alia, monitoring integrity of the financial statements of the Company and ensuring objectivity and credibility of financial reporting, reviewing effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group (the "Risk Management and Internal Control Systems"), overseeing the relationship with the external auditors of the Company ("External Auditors") as well as ensuring maintenance of good corporate governance standard and procedures by the Company.

During the year under review, three Audit Committee meetings were held and details of attendance of the Audit Committee members at the said Audit Committee meetings are set out below:

#### 審核委員會(續)

董事會已授權審核委員會負責履行企業 管治守則所載之企業管治職責。於回顧 年度內,審核委員會之主要職責為(其中 包括) 監察本公司財務報表之完整性及 確保財務報告客觀可信、檢討本集團風 險管理及內部監控系統 (「風險管理及內 部監控系統」) 之成效、監督與本公司外 聘核數師(「外聘核數師」)之關係,以及 確保本公司維持良好之企業管治標準及 程序。

於回顧年度內曾舉行三次審核委員會會 議,而審核委員會成員出席上述審核委 員會會議之記錄詳情載列如下:

Number of

**Audit Committee** 

Audit Committee members	審核委員會成員	meetings attended/held 出席審核委員會會議次數/ 舉行審核委員會會議次數
Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose	錢永樂先生	
(Chairman of the Audit Committee)	(審核委員會主席)	3/3
Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle	蔡健培先生	3/3
Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann	楊慕嫦女士	3/3
Mr. Chong Ming Yu	莊名裕先生	3/3

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)**

The major work performed by the Audit Committee during the year included the following:

- Reviewed the draft annual report and accounts as well as the draft annual results announcement for the year ended 31 December 2020, and the draft interim report and accounts as well as the draft interim results announcement for the six months ended 30 June 2021:
- Discussed with the External Auditors the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations;
- Considered the re-appointment of the External Auditors:
- Considered the engagement of an external independent consultant to provide internal audit function for the year ended 31 December 2021, which comprises, inter alia, enterprise risk assessment, review on the internal control system of the Group as well as review on the corporate governance practices of the Company;
- Reviewed the effectiveness of the Risk Management and Internal Control Systems, including the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions:
- Reviewed the continuing connected transactions of the Company;
- Reviewed the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report contained in the annual report;
- Considered the terms of engagement of the External Auditors, including their proposed fees;

#### 審核委員會(續)

審核委員會於年內履行之主要工作包括 以下各項:

- 審閱截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度之年報及賬目草擬稿以及 年度業績公告草擬稿,並審閱截至 二零二一年六月三十日止六個月之 中期報告及賬目草擬稿以及中期業 績公告草擬稿;
- 與外聘核數師討論核數性質及範疇 以及申報責任;
- 考慮重新委任外聘核數師;
- 考慮委聘外聘獨立顧問以提供截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 之內部審核功能(其中包括)企業 風險評估、審閱本集團之內部監控 系統以及審閱本公司之企業管治常 規;
- 檢討風險管理及內部監控系統之成效,包括本公司在會計、內部審核及財務匯報職能方面之資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算又是否充足;
- 檢討本公司之持續關連交易;
- 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則之情 況及審閱年報所載企業管治報告內 之披露;
- 審議外聘核數師之委聘條款,包括 其收費建議;

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)**

- Reviewed the arrangements for the employees of the Group ("Employees") to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters;
- Reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- Reviewed the training and continuous professional development of all Directors and the senior management of the Company ("Senior Management");
- Reviewed the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
   and
- Reviewed the codes of conduct, policy, guidelines and compliance manuals applicable to the Directors and the Employees.

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Remuneration Committee was established by the Board with specific written terms of reference. The terms of reference for the Remuneration Committee is available on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange. The Remuneration Committee currently consists of the Chairman of the Board, the NED and all INEDs with Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann acts as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

#### 審核委員會(續)

- 檢討為本集團僱員(「僱員」)所作之 安排,以就財務匯報、內部監控或 其他事宜可能出現之不當行為提出 關注;
- 檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規;
- 檢討全體董事及本公司高級管理人員(「高級管理人員」)之培訓及持續專業發展;
- 檢討本公司在遵守法律及監管規定 方面之政策及常規;及
- 檢討適用於董事及僱員之行為守則、政策、指引及合規手冊。

#### 薪酬委員會

董事會已成立具備特定書面職權範圍之薪酬委員會。薪酬委員會之職權範圍可於本公司網站及聯交所網站查閱。薪酬委員會現時由董事會主席、非執行董事及全體獨立非執行董事組成,並由楊慕嫦女士出任薪酬委員會主席。

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)

The major responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for remuneration of all Directors and Senior Management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy, to determine the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and Senior Management and also to make recommendations to the Board of the remuneration of the NED and all INEDs. The Remuneration Committee takes into consideration on factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors and the Senior Management.

薪酬委員會之主要職責為就本公司全體 董事及高級管理人員之薪酬政策及架構 以及就制訂薪酬政策設立正規及具透明 度之程序向董事會作出推薦建議,釐定 各執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待 遇,以及就非執行董事和全體獨立非執 行董事之薪酬向董事會作出推薦建議。 薪酬委員會考慮之因素包括可資比較公 司所付之薪金水平以及董事及高級管理

人員所付出之時間及其職責等。

薪酬委員會(續)

During the year under review, one Remuneration Committee meeting was held and details of attendance of the Remuneration Committee members at the said Remuneration Committee meeting are set out below: 於回顧年度內曾舉行一次薪酬委員會會議,而薪酬委員會成員出席上述薪酬委員會成員出席上述薪酬委員會會議之記錄詳情載列如下:

Number of Remuneration Committee meeting attended/held 出席薪酬委員會會議次數/Remuneration Committee members 薪酬委員會成員 舉行薪酬委員會會議次數

Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann	楊慕嫦女士	
(Chairman of the Remuneration Committee)	(薪酬委員會主席)	1/1
Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny	楊海成先生	1/1
Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle	蔡健培先生	1/1
Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose	錢永樂先生	1/1
Mr. Chong Ming Yu	莊名裕先生	1/1

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)

The major work performed by the Remuneration Committee during the year included the following:

- Reviewed the Company's remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and Senior Management;
- Reviewed and determined the remuneration packages of all executive Directors and Senior Management;
- Reviewed the remuneration packages of the NED and all INEDs; and
- Reviewed the terms of the service contracts of all executive Directors.

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was established by the Board with specific written terms of reference. The terms of reference for the Nomination Committee is available on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange. The Nomination Committee currently consists of the Chairman of the Board, the NED and all INEDs with Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny acts as the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The major responsibilities of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives) of the Board, to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on selection for directorships, to assess the independence of INEDs, to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, as well as to review the policy for nomination of Directors (the "Nomination Policy") and the Board diversity policy of the Company (the "Board Diversity Policy").

#### 薪酬委員會(續)

薪酬委員會於年內履行之主要工作包括 以下各項:

- 檢討本公司全體董事及高級管理人員之薪酬政策及架構;
- 檢討並釐定全體執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇;
- 檢討非執行董事及全體獨立非執行 董事之薪酬待遇;及
- 檢討全體執行董事之服務合約條 款。

#### 提名委員會

董事會已成立具備特定書面職權範圍之提名委員會。提名委員會之職權範圍可於本公司網站及聯交所網站查閱。提名委員會現時由董事會主席、非執行董事及全體獨立非執行董事組成,並由楊海成先生出任提名委員會主席。

提名委員會之主要職責為檢討董事會之 架構、人數及組成 (包括技能、知識、經 驗及多元化觀點),物色具備合適資格可 擔任董事會成員之人士,並甄選有關人 士競選董事或就此向董事會作出推薦建 議,評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性,就委 任或重新委任董事及就董事之繼任計劃 向董事會作出推薦建議,以及檢討本公 司之董事提名政策 (「提名政策」)及董事 會成員多元化政策 (「董事會成員多元化 政策」)。

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)

The Board has adopted the Board Diversity Policy which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance, and will select candidates for the Board basing on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and independence (the "Measurable Objectives"). The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board. The Nomination Committee reviews the Measurable Objectives set for implementing the Board Diversity Policy by considering the Company's business model and specific needs from time to time and recommends any revisions thereof, if necessary, to the Board for consideration and approval.

The Board has adopted the Nomination Policy which sets out the process of identification, selection and evaluation of a candidate for election to the Board. Where a vacancy on the Board exists or an additional Director is considered necessary, the Nomination Committee will solicit recommendations for candidates from any source it deems appropriate, including referrals from members of the Board and management of the Company or recommendations from personnel agents. The Nomination Committee will evaluate the candidate by considering, inter alia, (i) the candidate's qualifications and contribution from the candidate's background, experience, specific qualities, knowledge or skills; (ii) the candidate on merit and against the Measurable Objectives, with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board; and (iii) the requirement for the Board to have independent non-executive Directors in accordance with the Listing Rules and whether the candidate would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules, and it will also take into account of the existing structure, size and composition of the Board (collectively the "Criteria"). The Nomination Committee will make recommendation to the Board to appoint the appropriate candidate as a Director.

#### 提名委員會(續)

董事會已採納提名政策,當中載列物色、 甄選及評估董事會候選人的過程。當董 事會出現空缺或有需要新增董事時,提 名委員會將從其認為合適的任何來源尋 求候選人之推薦建議,包括由董事會成 員及本公司管理層引薦或由人事代理推 薦。提名委員會評估候選人時將考慮(其 中包括) 以下各項:(i)候選人的資格及候 選人之背景、經驗、特質、知識或技能可 作出的貢獻;(ii)基於可計量目標評估候 選人的長處,並充份考慮對董事會多元 化帶來的裨益;及(iii)董事會須按上市 規則設有獨立非執行董事的要求,以及 參照上市規則所載之獨立指引候選人是 否被視為獨立人士,且會考慮董事會之 現有架構、規模及組成(統稱為「該等準 則」)。提名委員會將就委任合適候選人 為董事向董事會作出推薦建議。

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)

The Nomination Committee evaluates retiring Directors who wish to continue their services on the Board based on the Criteria and makes recommendation to the Board for proposing re-election of the relevant Directors at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

To ensure the effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy and the Nomination Policy, the Nomination Committee reviews the said policies annually and discusses any revisions that may be required, and recommends any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

During the year under review, two Nomination Committee meetings were held and details of attendance of the Nomination Committee members at the said Nomination Committee meetings are set out below:

Mr. Chong Ming Yu

#### 提名委員會(續)

提名委員會按該等準則評估有意繼續於 董事會服務之退任董事,並就將於本公 司應屆股東週年大會建議重選之有關董 事向董事會作出推薦建議。

為確保董事會成員多元化政策及提名政策有效,提名委員會每年檢討上述政策及討論可能需要作出之任何修訂,並就任何有關修訂向董事會作出推薦建議以供審批。

於回顧年度內曾舉行兩次提名委員會會議,而提名委員會成員出席上述提名委員會議之記錄詳情載列如下:

Number of

2/2

**Nomination Committee** meetings attended/held 出席提名委員會會議次數/ **Nomination Committee members** 提名委員會成員 舉行提名委員會會議次數 楊海成先生 Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny (Chairman of the Nomination Committee) (提名委員會主席) 2/2 Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle 蔡健培先生 2/2 Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann 楊慕嫦女士 2/2 錢永樂先生 Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose 2/2

莊名裕先生

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)

The major work performed by the Nomination Committee during the year included the following:

- Assessed the independence of all INEDs;
- Considered the nomination of the retiring Directors for re-election as Directors at the annual general meeting held in 2021;
- Reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board;
- Reviewed the Nomination Policy; and
- Reviewed the Board Diversity Policy.

#### **EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**

The Executive Committee was established by the Board with specific written terms of reference. It currently consists of all executive Directors, namely Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny and Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman with Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny acts as the chairman of the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee is responsible for reviewing and approving, inter alia, any matters concerning the day-to-day management, business and operational affairs of the Company, and any matters to be delegated to it by the Board from time to time.

#### 提名委員會(續)

提名委員會於年內履行之主要工作包括以下各項:

- 評核全體獨立非執行董事之獨立 性;
- 考慮於二零二一年舉行之股東週年 大會上提名膺選連任董事之退任董 事;
- 檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成;
- 檢討提名政策;及
- 檢討董事會成員多元化政策。

#### 執行委員會

董事會已成立具備特定書面職權範圍之 執行委員會。執行委員會現時由全體執 行董事,即楊海成先生及馬浩文先生組 成,並由楊海成先生出任執行委員會主 席。執行委員會負責審議及批准(其中包 括)有關本公司日常管理、業務及營運事 務以及不時由董事會委派其處理之任何 事官。

#### **EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)**

#### During the year under review, seven Executive Committee meetings were held and details of attendance of the Executive Committee members at the said Executive Committee meetings are set out below:

#### 執行委員會(續)

於回顧年度內曾舉行七次執行委員會會 議,而執行委員會成員出席上述執行委 員會會議之記錄詳情載列如下:

> Number of **Executive Committee** meetings attended/held 出席執行委員會會議次數/ 舉行執行委員會會議次數

#### **Executive Committee members**

執行委員會成員

Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny (Chairman of the Executive Committee) Mr. Ma Ho Man. Hoffman

楊海成先生 (執行委員會主席) 馬浩文先生

7/7 7/7

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board has the overall responsibilities for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks (including environmental, social and governance-related risks ("ESG-Related Risks")) it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, maintaining appropriate and effective Risk Management and Internal Control Systems (including those for ESG-Related Risks) and reviewing their effectiveness on an ongoing basis. Management is responsible for the design, implementation and monitoring of such systems, while the Board oversees management in performing its duties. The Risk Management and Internal Control Systems are designed to provide reasonable, though not absolute, assurance against material misstatements or loss and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives.

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會整體負責評估及釐定本集團為實 現策略目標所願意接納的風險性質及程 度(包括環境、社會及管治相關風險(「環 境、社會及管治相關風險」)),以及維持 合適和有效的風險管理及內部監控系統 (包括針對環境、社會及管治相關風險 而設者),並持續檢討其成效。管理層負 責該等系統之設計、實施及監控,而董事 會則監督管理層履行其職責。風險管理 及內部監控系統之設計旨在合理而非絕 對地確保並無重大的失實陳述或損失, 以及管理而非消除未能維持營運系統及 達致本集團目標之風險。

# RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

The Group adopts a risk management system which manages the risk associated with its business and operations. The system comprises the following phases:

- Identification: Identify ownership of risks, business objectives and risks that could affect the achievement of objectives.
- Evaluation: Analyse the likelihood and impact of risks and evaluate the risk portfolio accordingly.
- Management: Consider the risk responses, ensure effective communication to the Board and on-going monitor the residual risks.

The Company has in place an internal control system which is compatible with the Committee of Sponsoring Organisations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") 2013 framework. The COSO 2013 framework enables the Group to achieve objectives regarding effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The components of the framework are shown as follows:

- Control Environment: A set of standards, processes and structures that provide the basis for carrying out internal control across the Group.
- Risk Assessment: A dynamic and iterative process for identifying and analysing risks to achieve the Group's objectives, forming a basis for determining how risks should be managed.
- Control Activities: Actions established by policies and procedures to help ensure that management directives to mitigate risks to the achievement of objectives are carried out.

#### 風險管理及內部監控(續)

本集團採納一套管理與其業務及營運相 關之風險的風險管理系統。該系統包括 以下階段:

- 識別:識別風險所屬、業務目標及可能影響達致目標之風險。
- 評估:分析風險之可能性及影響, 並相應評估風險組合。
- 管理:考慮風險應對措施,確保與 董事會有效溝通,並持續監察殘餘 風險。

本公司設有內部監控系統,與Committee of Sponsoring Organisations of the Treadway Commission (「COSO」) 2013框架相符。COSO 2013框架能夠使本集團達到營運效益及效率、財務報告可靠性以及遵守適用法例及規例之目標。該框架之組成部分列示如下:

- 監控環境:一套標準、程序及架構, 作為本集團實行內部監控之基準。
- 風險評估:一個不斷變化及多重的程序,用於識別及分析風險以實現本集團目標,為釐定如何管理風險建立基準。
- 監控活動:根據政策及程序制定之 行動,以助確保管理指令能減輕達 致目標之風險。

# RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

- Information and Communication: Internal and external communication to provide the Group with the information needed to carry out day-to-day internal control activities.
- Monitoring: Ongoing and separate evaluations to ascertain whether each components of internal control is present and functioning.

A disclosure of inside information policy is in place to ensure potential inside information being captured and confidentiality of such information being maintained until consistent and timely disclosure are made in accordance with the Listing Rules. The policy regulates the handling and dissemination of inside information, which includes:

- Designated reporting channels from different departments/operation units informing any potential inside information to the Company Secretary;
- The access of information is restricted to a limited number of employees on a need-to-know basis. Employees who are in possession of inside information are fully conversant with their obligations to preserve confidentiality;
- Confidentiality agreements are in place when the Group enters into significant negotiations;
- The Senior Management to evaluate the potential inside information and to determine further escalation, and the executive Directors to determine disclosure as required; and
- The Deputy Chairman is the designated person who speaks on behalf of the Company when communicating with external parties, such as media, analysts or investors.

#### 風險管理及內部監控(續)

- 資訊及溝通:內部及外部之溝通, 為本集團提供進行日常內部監控活動所需資訊。
- 監察:持續及獨立評估,以確定內 部監控各組成部分的存在及正常運 作。

本集團已制訂內幕消息披露政策,以確保掌握潛在的內幕消息並加以保密,直至按上市規則作出一致及適時披露為止。該政策規管內幕消息之處理及發放,其中包括以下各項:

- 特設匯報渠道,由不同部門/營運 單位通知公司秘書任何潛在內幕消息;
- 消息僅限少數需要知情的僱員獲取。確保管有內幕消息之僱員已充份熟知其保密責任;
- 當本集團進行重大商議時,會訂立 適當保密協議;
- 由高級管理人員評估潛在的內幕消息及釐定是否需要進一步上報,並由執行董事按需要釐定是否披露;及
- 於與傳媒、分析員或投資者等外界 人士溝通時,副主席為本公司指定 發言人。

# RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

During the year, the Company engaged an external independent consultant with professional staff in possession of relevant expertise (the "Independent Professional Firm") to perform internal audit function for the year, which comprised, inter alia, enterprise risk assessment and reviews on the internal control system of the Group, including financial, operational and compliance controls. The review plan was approved by the Audit Committee and the Board. Based on the risk assessments and the reviews of the internal control systems of the Group conducted by the Independent Professional Firm for the year, no significant risk and control deficiency was identified. The relevant assessment and review reports have been considered by the Audit Committee and the Board for assessing the effectiveness of the Risk Management and Internal Control Systems. The Audit Committee has also reviewed the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function as well as the Company's internal audit function which was performed by the Independent Professional Firm. The Board, through the reviews made by the Independent Professional Firm and the Audit Committee, concluded that the Risk Management and Internal Control Systems are effective and adequate for the Group as a whole.

# DIRECTORS' AND AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and ensure that the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors also ensure the timely publication of the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

#### 風險管理及內部監控(續)

於年內,本公司委聘具有相關專業技能 的專業人員効力之外聘獨立顧問(「獨立 專業公司」),以履行本年度內部審核職 能,其中包括企業風險評估及審閱本集 團之內部監控系統(包括財務、營運及合 規監控)。審閱計劃經審核委員會及董事 會批准。按照本年度由獨立專業公司進 行之風險評估及對本集團內部監控系統 之審閱,並無識別出任何重大風險及監 控漏洞。相關評估及審閱報告已經由審 核委員會及董事會考慮,以評估風險管 理及內部監控系統之成效。審核委員會 亦已審閱本公司之會計及財務匯報職能 以及由獨立專業公司所提供之內部審核 職能之資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠, 以及員工所接受之培訓課程及有關預算 又是否充足。董事會根據獨立專業公司 及審核委員會之審閱結果,總結本集團 之風險管理及內部監控系統整體上為有 效及足夠。

#### 董事及核數師對綜合財務報表 之責任

董事知悉彼等編製本集團綜合財務報表 之責任,並確保綜合財務報表乃根據法 例規定及適用會計準則編製。董事亦確 保適時刊發本集團之綜合財務報表。

# DIRECTORS' AND AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 董事及核數師對綜合財務報表 之責任(續)

The statement of the External Auditors, HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited ("HLB"), about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the paragraph headed "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" under the section headed "Independent Auditors' Report" on pages 125 to 128 of this annual report.

外聘核數師國衛會計師事務所有限公司 (「國衛」)就本集團綜合財務報表作出 報告之責任聲明載於本年報第125至第 128頁之「獨立核數師報告」一節中之「核 數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」 一段。

The Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

董事確認,經作出一切合理查詢後,就彼等所深知、全悉及確信,彼等並不知悉有任何事件或情況涉及任何重大不確定因素,可能引致對本集團持續經營之能力造成重大疑慮。

#### **AUDITORS' REMUNERATION**

#### 核數師酬金

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the amounts paid to the external auditors of the Group in respect of the following services provided to the Group are as follows:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團就獲提供以下服務向本集團 外聘核數師支付之金額如下:

....

		港幣千元
Audit services	核數服務	750
Other advisory services (Note)	其他顧問服務(附註)	380
		1,130

Note: Other advisory services mainly comprised interim review services and acting as a reporting accountant in connection with the major transaction of the Company during the year.

附註:年內之其他顧問服務主要包括中期審閱服務 及就本公司之主要交易擔任申報會計師。

#### COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board is committed to provide clear and full information of the Group to the Shareholders through the publication of notices, announcements, circulars and financial reports of the Company. Additional information, such as press releases and other business information, is also available and updated in a timely manner on the Company's website at www.successug.com.

The Board maintains a continuing dialogue with the Shareholders through annual general meetings and other general meetings. The Chairman, also being the chairmen of the Nomination Committee and the Executive Committee, as well as the chairmen of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee were present at the 2021 AGM to answer the Shareholders' questions. HLB also attended the 2021 AGM for the purposes of answering questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and contents of the auditors' report, the accounting policies and auditors' independence.

Separate resolutions are proposed at general meetings on each substantially separate issues, including the election of individual Directors. Notices of at least 20 clear business days and 10 clear business days are given to the Shareholders for all annual general meetings ("AGM(s)") and special general meetings ("SGM(s)") of the Company respectively. Detailed procedures for conducting a poll are clearly explained at the commencement of the general meetings.

The Board has adopted a Shareholders' communication policy (the "Shareholders' Communication Policy") for the purposes of ensuring that the Shareholders are provided with ready, equal and timely access to information about the Company, enabling the Shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner and allowing the Shareholders to engage actively with the Company. The Shareholders' Communication Policy was updated during the year to emphasize the Company's commitment to enhancing communication with stakeholders and to require the Shareholders' Communication Policy to be reviewed annually to ensure its effectiveness. Details regarding the necessary procedures for the Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director are set out in the "Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director", which is available on the Company's website.

#### 與股東溝通

董事會致力透過發表本公司之通告、公告、通函及財務報告,向股東提供清晰而完備之本集團資料。其他資料(如新聞稿及其他業務資料)亦可在本公司網站www.successug.com查閱,並適時作出更新。

董事會透過股東週年大會及其他股東大會與股東保持溝通。主席(同時為提名委員會及執行委員會主席)以及審核委員會及薪酬委員會主席已出席二零二年股東週年大會解答股東之提問核委中已就解答有關審計工作、編製核數師報告及其內容、會計政策以及核數師獨立性之提問出席二零二一年股東週年大會。

本公司於股東大會上就每項重要之獨立 事宜(包括選舉個別董事)提呈個別決議 案。本公司就所有股東週年大會(「股東 週年大會」)及股東特別大會(「股東特別 大會」)分別向股東發出至少足二十個營 業日及足十個營業日之通知。按股數表 決之詳細投票程序於股東大會開始時清 楚說明。

董事會已採納股東通訊政策(「股東通訊政策」),以確保股東可即時、平等與適時地獲取本公司資料,並使股東可在知情況下行使權利及讓股東與本公司加強溝通。為強調本公司對加強與持份者溝通之承諾,股東通訊政策已於年內更新,並規定每年檢討股東通訊政策以確保有效。有關股東提名人選參選董事之所需程序計情載於「股東提名人選參選董事的程序」,並可於本公司網站查閱。

# COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS (CONTINUED)

The Board has also adopted a dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy") which aims to set out the principles as a reference for the Company to determine dividend distribution so as to allow the Shareholders to participate in the Company's profits whilst preserving liquidity of the Group to capture future growth opportunities.

Any payments/recommendations of payment of dividends are subject to discretion by the Board that such declarations/recommendations of payment of dividends are in the best interests of the Company and the Shareholders and are also subject to any restrictions under and in compliance with all applicable rules and regulations (including, inter alia, the Companies Act of Bermuda) and the Bye-laws. In addition, any payment of final dividend for a financial year will be subject to Shareholders' approval.

The Board shall consider the Company's ability to pay dividends, the form, frequency and amount of any dividend in any financial year/period by taking into account of the following factors:

- capital requirements
- distributable profits
- liquidity position
- results of operations
- future prospects
- investment plans
- taxation considerations
- other funding covenants and requirements
- any other factors that the Board may deem appropriate

The Board will review the Dividend Policy from time to time and will make any revisions thereof, if necessary.

#### 與股東溝通(續)

董事會亦已採納股息政策(「股息政策」),旨在載列本公司釐定股息分派之參考原則,讓股東參與本公司溢利分派,同時保持本集團的流動資金以把握未來增長機遇。

任何派付或建議派付之股息均由董事會酌情決定,而該等宣派或建議派付之股息均符合本公司及股東之最佳利益,且受限於並須遵守所有適用之規則和規例(其中包括百慕達公司法)及公司細則。此外,任何財政年度派付之末期股息均須經股東批准。

在衡量本公司於任何財政年度/期間派付股息之能力、擬定股息之形式、次數和金額時,董事會需考慮以下因素:

- 資本需求
- 可供分派利潤
- 流動資金狀況
- 經營業績
- 未來前景
- 投資計劃
- 稅務考量
- 其他資金契約和需求
- 董事會認為適當的任何其他因素

董事會將不時審閱股息政策,並在需要 時對股息政策作出任何修訂。

#### Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Chiu Nam Ying, Agnes is the Company Secretary. Her biographical information is set out in the subparagraph headed "Company Secretary" under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on page 118 of this annual report.

During the year under review, in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, the Company Secretary has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

#### **Convening a SGM**

Pursuant to bye-law 58 of the Bye-laws, the Board may whenever it thinks fit call SGMs, and Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require a SGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition.

The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the Company's head office and principal place of business (the "Head Office") at Units 1003-04A, 10/F., Tower 1, Admiralty Centre, 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

The request will be verified with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to call the SGM and include the resolution in the agenda for such SGM.

#### 公司秘書

趙藍英女士為公司秘書,其履歷資料載於本年報第118頁「董事及高級管理人員簡介」一節中之「公司秘書」分段。

於回顧年度內,公司秘書已按上市規則 第3.29條之規定接受不少於15個小時之 相關專業培訓。

#### 股東權利

#### 召開股東特別大會

根據公司細則第58條,董事會可於其認為適當的任何時候召開股東特別大會。於遞呈要求書日期持有本公司繳足股本(附有於本公司股東大會上投票之權利)不少於十分之一的股東於任何時候有權透過向董事會或公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以處理有關要求書中指明的任何事項;且有關大會應於遞呈該要求書後兩個月內舉行。

該要求書必須列明召開大會的目的及由 遞呈要求人簽署,並送交至位於香港夏 慤道18號海富中心1座10樓1003-04A室 的本公司總辦事處及主要營業地點(「總 辦事處」),收件人註明為公司秘書。該要 求書可由多份同樣格式之文件組成,各 文件由一名或多名遞呈要求人簽署。

本公司會向其香港股份登記分處核實該要求,而於香港股份登記分處確認該要求為恰當及妥當後,公司秘書將要求董事會召開股東特別大會,並在該股東特別大會的議程內加入有關決議案。

#### **SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (CONTINUED)**

#### Convening a SGM (continued)

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

## Putting forward proposals at Shareholders' Meetings

To put forward proposals at an AGM or a SGM, the Shareholders should submit a written notice of those proposals with the detailed contact information to the Company Secretary at the Head Office at Units 1003-04A, 10/F., Tower 1, Admiralty Centre, 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong. The request will be verified with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to include the resolution in the agenda for the general meeting.

The notice period to be given to all the Shareholders for consideration of the proposal raised by the Shareholders concerned at AGM or SGM varies according to the nature of the proposal, as follows:

- (a) Not less than 21 clear days' notice or not less than 20 clear business days' notice (whichever is longer) in writing if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the Company in an AGM and not less than 21 clear days' notice or not less than 10 clear business days' notice (whichever is longer) in writing if the proposal constitutes a special resolution of the Company in any SGM; or
- (b) Not less than 14 clear days' notice or not less than 10 clear business days' notice (whichever is longer) in writing if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the Company in all other SGMs.

#### 股東權利(續)

#### 召開股東特別大會(續)

倘董事會於遞呈上述要求書日期後 二十一日內並無正式召開大會,遞呈要 求人(或代表全體遞呈要求人總投票權 一半以上之任何遞呈要求人)可自行召 開大會,惟所召開之任何大會不得於由 上述日期起計三個月屆滿後舉行。

#### 於股東大會上提出建議

如擬於股東週年大會或股東特別大會上提出建議,股東須將該等建議之書面通知,連同詳細聯絡資料,送交至位於香港夏慤道18號海富中心1座10樓1003-04A室之總辦事處,送呈公司秘書處理。本公司會向其香港股份登記分處核實該要求,而於香港股份登記分處確認該要求屬恰當及妥當後,公司秘書將要求董事會在股東大會之議程內加入有關決議案。

就考慮有關股東所提出之建議而言,須 向全體股東發出有關股東週年大會或股 東特別大會之通知期會視乎建議性質而 有異,現載列如下:

- (a) 倘建議構成本公司於股東週年大會上之普通決議案,須發出至少足二十個營業日(以較長者為準)之書面通知,而倘建議構成本公司於任何股東特別大會上之特別決議案,則須發出至少足二十一日或至少足十個營業日(以較長者為準)之書面通知;或
- (b) 倘建議構成本公司於任何其他股東 特別大會上之普通決議案,須發出 至少足十四日或至少足十個營業日 (以較長者為準)之書面通知。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (CONTINUED)

#### Shareholders' enquiries

The Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong. The Shareholders may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent that such information is publicly available. The Shareholders may also make enquiries to the Board in writing with their contact information and deposit the enquiries at the Head Office at Units 1003-04A, 10/F., Tower 1, Admiralty Centre, 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary.

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

During the year under review, there was no change in the Company's memorandum of association and the Bye-laws.

#### 股東權利(續)

#### 股東查詢

股東應向本公司之香港股份登記分處提出有關其股權之查詢。股東可隨時要求索取有關本公司之公開資料。股東亦可以書面方式向董事會作出查詢,將有關查詢連同其聯絡資料送交至位於香港夏慤道18號海富中心1座10樓1003-04A室之總辦事處,收件人註明為公司秘書。

#### 憲章文件

於回顧年度內,本公司之組織章程大綱及公司細則並無變更。

# Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

Success Universe Group Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, collectively the "Group") believes that business success depends on sustainable development and creating long-term value for stakeholders, thus the Group strives to integrate environmental, social and governance principles into its operations and business strategies.

實德環球有限公司(「本公司」, 連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」)相信, 企業的成功取決於可持續發展及為持份者創造長遠價值, 故本集團致力將環境、社會及管治原則與其經營及業務策略結合。

#### REPORTING APPROACH

#### **Reporting Standard**

This environmental, social and governance ("ESG") report summarises the Group's sustainability performance and accomplishments, aiming at providing stakeholders insight into the progress towards the Group's sustainable development during the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

This report was prepared in accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide (the "ESG Guide") contained in Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and on the basis of the four reporting principles thereon, namely materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency. Information regarding corporate governance is addressed in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 40 to 64 of this annual report.

#### 報告方針

#### 報告準則

本環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告概述本集團的可持續表現及成就,讓持份者了解本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度內, 在可持續發展方面的進程。

本報告乃遵照香港聯合交易所有限公司 證券上市規則附錄二十七之環境、社會 及管治報告指引(「環境、社會及管治報 告指引」)及按四項匯報原則(即重要性、 量化、平衡和一致性)而編製。有關企業 管治的資料載於本年報第40至第64頁之 「企業管治報告」一節。

#### **REPORTING APPROACH (CONTINUED)**

#### 報告方針(續)

#### **Reporting Principles**

In preparation of this report, the Group adhered to the reporting principles of materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency:

#### 匯報原則

於編製本報告時,本集團已遵守重要性、 量化、平衡和一致性匯報原則:

Reporting Principles 匯報原則	The Group's Application 本集團的應用
Materiality 重要性	Material environmental and social issues are identified through stakeholders' engagement, and is presented to the board of directors of the Company (the "Board"). The materiality assessment detailed on page 68 has ensured this report addresses the most material ESG topics pertaining to its businesses. 透過持份者參與識別並向本公司董事會(「董事會」)呈報重要環境及社會議題。第68頁詳述的重要性評估確保本報告處理對於其業務最為重要的環境、社會及管治議題。
Quantitative 量化	The Group records and discloses key performance indicators in quantitative terms as appropriate. 本集團已於適當情況下以量化方式記錄並披露關鍵績效指標。
Balance 平衡	This report presents an unbiased representation of the Group's ESG management approach and performance. It avoids misleading omissions and presentation. 本報告不偏不倚地呈報本集團的環境、社會及管治管理方針與表現,避免誤導性的遺漏或陳述方式。
Consistency 一致性	As far as practicable and unless stated otherwise, the Group employs consistent measurement methodology to allow for meaningful comparison of ESG data over time. 在可實行情況下,除非另有指明,否則本集團採用一致的統計方法,令環境、社會及管治數據日後可作有意義的比較。

#### **REPORTING SCOPE**

This report covers the Group's environmental and social performance during the year from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 (the "reporting year"). The data and information disclosed in the report were based on the material ESG issues identified by the materiality assessment and stakeholder engagement, covering the sustainability performance of the Group's headquarter in Hong Kong and also Jade Travel Ltd. ("Jade Travel"), the Group's travel-related business in Canada and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

#### 報告範圍

本報告涵蓋本集團自二零二一年一月 一日起至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 (「報告年度」)的環境及社會表現。本報 告所披露的數據及資料乃基於重要性評 估及持份者參與識別出的重要環境、社 會及管治議題,涵蓋本集團香港總辦事 處及Jade Travel Ltd. (「Jade Travel」)(本集 團於加拿大及中華人民共和國(「中國」) 的旅遊相關業務)的可持續發展績效。

#### REPORTING SCOPE (CONTINUED)

Property investment business in Hong Kong has been excluded from the reporting scope as certain office premises of the property investment business were leased out to tenants for their respective business operations.

Ponte 16, the Group's flagship investment project, is not under the Group's direct operational control and therefore excluded from the reporting scope.

#### THE BOARD'S STATEMENT ON ESG

The Board believes sustainable development is the key to the Group's success for the long term. The Group is committed to incorporating environmental, social and governance considerations into its business operations, and pledges to improve the sustainability performance through resources optimisation in the operation. As the highest governance body, the Board has overall responsibility for the ESG strategy and reporting, and is responsible for the overall direction and decision making of ESG governance. Corporate Communications Department was assigned to coordinate the implementation of ESG initiatives and reporting. In accordance with the material ESG-related topics identified through stakeholders' engagement surveys, the Group's ESG performance, progress, opportunities and risks are regularly reviewed and discussed by the Board.

#### 報告節圍(續)

由於物業投資業務的若干寫字樓物業出租予租戶以進行各自的業務運作,故香港的物業投資業務不包括於報告範圍內。

本集團旗艦投資項目十六浦則因其非由 本公司直接經營控制而不包括於報告範 圍內。

#### 有關環境、社會及管治的 董事會聲明

董事會相信,可持續發展是本集團長遠成功的關鍵。本集團致力將環境、社會及管治因素與其業務營運結合,並承諾過善用業務資源,提升可持續發展表現為最高管治機構,董事會對環境、社會及管治的整體管治方環境會及管治的整體管治方環境。企業傳訊部獲指派統籌工作。對環境、社會及管治措施的執行及匯報工作。董則按照透過持份者參與調查,檢討、社會及管治相關議題,檢討、並討論本集團的環境、社會及管治規類,檢討、進度、機會及風險。

#### STAKEHOLDERS' ENGAGEMENT

The Group defines its stakeholders as internal and external groups of individuals who have a significant impact on the Group's businesses. In order to understand their views and to gather their feedback on daily operations, the Group engages its key stakeholders, including representatives from the Group's headquarter in Hong Kong as well as management and employees from Jade Travel offices in Canada and the PRC, via an online ESG survey. The understanding of key stakeholders' needs and expectations enables the Group to formulate strategies that respond to their concerns and manage potential risks. The Company also holds annual general meeting ("AGM") to obtain approvals on the proposed resolutions set out in the AGM notice from its shareholders and to answer shareholders' questions.

The survey consists of 19 environmental and social topics related to the Group's business operations. These topics were identified with the assistance of an independent consultancy company. The Group analysed the survey responses, consolidated the results and ranked the top three material ESG-related topics to be as follows:

#### 持份者參與

Ton Important Tonics

本集團將其持份者界定為對本集團業務舉足輕重的內外界個人團體。為了理解持份者對於日常業務的見解並收集其意見,本集團透過線上環境、社會及管治調查,與本集團香港總辦事處代表及Jade Travel加拿大及中國辦事處管理層與僱員等關鍵持份者對話。理解關鍵持份者對話。理解關鍵持份者對話。理解關鍵持份者對話。理解關鍵持份者對話。理解關與有關與東國年大會」),以取得東國年大會(「股東週年大會」),以取得股東有關股東週年大會通告所載建議案的批准,並回應股東提問。

該調查包含19項有關本集團業務營運的 環境及社會議題。該等議題乃於獨立顧 問公司的協助下識別得出。本集團已分 析收集所得的回覆,整合結果及將首三 項重要環境、社會及管治相關議題排列 如下:

範疇	最重要議題
Social 社會	<ul> <li>Workplace health and safety 工作環境健康及安全</li> <li>Anti-corruption 反貪污</li> <li>Employee welfare 僱員福利</li> </ul>
Environmental 環境	<ul> <li>Efficient use of materials 材料的有效利用</li> <li>General waste management 一般廢棄物管理</li> <li>Greenhouse gas emission 溫室氣體排放</li> </ul>

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# STAKEHOLDERS' ENGAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Group has consolidated the identified material topics from the online ESG survey, and included them into its long-term ESG management approaches. The Group will also continue to engage and cooperate with stakeholder groups to review and update the current ESG management approaches, in order to reduce the associated operational risks.

The Group welcomes stakeholders' comments and suggestions on its sustainability performance and disclosure. Comments and suggestions may be sent to the Group's email at info@successug.com.

#### FOSTERING A HEALTHY WORKPLACE

The Group believes a sound working environment incorporating employees' well-being and safety should be embraced. In view of this, the Group has implemented initiatives and communication programs to preserve employees' rights in voicing opinions and achieving personal goals.

#### **Cultivating a Cohesive Team**

The Group believes a skilled and diverse workforce is vital to its long-term business success and sustainable development. Thus, the Group has implemented a number of schemes and strategies to attract, retain, motivate and nurture talented employees to develop team cohesion.

#### Attracting and retaining talents

The Group examines and compares our remuneration plans with the market on a regular basis in order to recruit and retain talents. The Group offers a wide range of perks and remuneration packages based on market conditions and individual merits. In accordance with local employment laws and regulations, this includes reasonable working hours, paid holidays, retirement scheme and medical care. In addition, the Group provides food and travel allowances for overtime work, discretionary bonuses, and may grant share options to eligible employees as a long-term incentive.

#### 持份者參與(續)

本集團已從線上環境、社會及管治調查 中整理出已識別的重要議題,並將其納 入環境、社會及管治的長遠管理方針。本 集團亦將繼續與持份者溝通合作,檢討 及更新現有環境、社會及管治管理方針, 以減低相關營運風險。

本集團歡迎持份者對我們可持續發展的表現及披露提供評價及建議。評價及建議可透過電郵至info@successug.com發送予本集團。

#### 營造健康的工作環境

本集團相信,良好的工作環境應具備包容性,顧及僱員福祉與安全。有鑑於此, 本集團已實行多項舉措及溝通渠道,保 障僱員表達意見及達成個人目標的權 利。

#### 培育有凝聚力的團隊

本集團相信既精且博的僱員團隊對本集團的長遠業務成功與可持續發展至關重要。因此,本集團已實施一系列計劃及策略,以吸引、挽留、鼓勵及培育有才能的僱員,藉此培養具凝聚力的團隊文化。

#### 吸引及挽留人才

為吸引及挽留人才,本集團定期審視及 與市場比較我們的薪酬政策。本集團會 參考市場條款及個別僱員的表現,提供 多元化的福利及薪酬組合。這包括符合 當地勞工法例規定的合理工時、有薪假 期、退休計劃及醫療保障。除此之外, 本集團亦提供超時工作的膳食及交通津 貼、酌情花紅,亦可能向合資格僱員授出 購股權,作為長期激勵。

# FOSTERING A HEALTHY WORKPLACE (CONTINUED)

## **Cultivating a Cohesive Team (continued) Upholding diversity and equal opportunities**

The Group ensures equal opportunities for all employees and job applicants, particularly in recruitment, internal transfer, and promotion. Discrimination based on gender, age, religious belief, race or any physical disability is strictly prohibited. The Group adheres to all applicable statutory and legal requirements in identifying and verifying work permits to prevent employment of any child labour or forced labour. If any child labour or forced labour is discovered, the Group will terminate the employment contract immediately and assist the child to resume education and contact social workers to follow up. During the reporting year, the Group was not involved in any incident or case regarding child labour or forced labour.

#### Investing in training and development

Employee development is inextricably linked to the Group's ongoing business expansion. Therefore, the Group provides a variety of internal training programmes for current employees, and orientation for new hires. Employees at Jade Travel receive role-specific operational and on-board training for their respective job responsibilities. Employees can also take examination leave to acquire professional certification.

#### 營造健康的工作環境(續)

#### 培育有凝聚力的團隊(續) *堅守多元化及平等機會*

本集團特別在處理招聘、內部調遷及晉 升程序時,確保全體僱員及求職者獲得 平等機會,亦禁止基於性別、年齡、宗教 信仰、種族或任何身體殘疾等所有形成 的歧視。本集團嚴格遵守所有適用法例 及法規要求,核實身份及工作簽證,防止 僱用任何童工或強制勞工。如果發現任 何童工或強制勞工,本集團將即時終止 僱傭合約,並協助兒童重返校園及聯絡 社工跟進。於報告年度內,本集團並無涉 及任何有關僱用童工及強制勞工的事件 或訴訟案件。

#### 培訓及發展方面的投資

本集團業務的持續增長與僱員的發展息息相關。因此,本集團向在職僱員提供多種內部培訓課程,及為新員工舉辦迎新會;而Jade Travel的僱員亦會因應有關職務的工作性質,接受相關的營運及在職培訓。僱員亦可利用考試假考取專業資格。

# FOSTERING A HEALTHY WORKPLACE (CONTINUED)

## Cultivating a Cohesive Team (continued) Promoting business integrity and ethics

As a responsible and business ethical corporate, the Group strictly prohibits any form of bribery and corrupt practices. In accordance with relevant regulations, anticorruption guidelines are explained to all employees on bribery, extortion, money laundering and fraud. To uphold a high standard in business integrity, the Group's whistle-blowing policy guarantees confidentiality when employees report any concerns, improprieties, or fraudulent conducts. If a case of corruption is identified, it will be examined to determine its validity and subsequent disciplinary actions.

To increase the knowledge of anti-corruption laws and upholding high ethical standards, the Group have arranged anti-corruption training for directors and employees. During the reporting year, all directors of the Company and about 31% of the employees have joined the anti-corruption training programme. The Group will provide anti-corruption trainings to its directors and employees annually.

#### **Nourishing Employees' Wellness and Health**

To build a cohesive corporate culture centred on people, the Group prioritizes its employees' well-being and safety. The Group strives to promote workplace safety as well as employees' health and wellness, particularly in times of a pandemic.

#### Employees' wellness

The Group is committed to providing a healthy and pleasant work environment for employees to thrive. During the reporting year, the Group strengthened employees' engagement and communication through regular staff newsletters, pandemic health tips and coupon giveaways. These engagement initiatives significantly improved employees' sense of belonging and morale to create a strong and collaborative culture.

#### 營告健康的工作環境(續)

#### 培育有凝聚力的團隊(續) 提倡商業誠信及道德

作為恪守商業道德的負責任企業,本集團嚴格禁止任何形式的賄賂及貪污行為。根據相關法規,本集團就有關賄賂、勒索、洗黑錢及詐騙等議題向所有僱員解釋反貪污指引。為保持最高的商業與信標準,本集團設立的舉報政策確保員工可以在保密的情況下舉報任何問題、不當行為或欺詐行為。如果發現貪污個案,本集團將會進行調查,以確定其真實性,並作出適當的紀律處分。

為增進對反貪污法例的知識並維持最高的道德標準,本集團已為董事與僱員安排反貪污培訓。於報告年度,本公司全體董事及約31%的僱員已參與反貪污培訓課程。本集團將每年為董事及僱員提供反貪污培訓。

#### 關顧僱員身心健康

為培育以人為本且有凝聚力的企業文化,本集團極為重視僱員的福祉及安全。 本集團致力提升工作環境的安全與僱員 的身心健康發展,特別是在疫情的威脅 下。

#### 僱員的健康

本集團致力通過提供健康和諧的工作環境,讓僱員盡展所長。於報告年度內,本集團通過定期員工通訊,連同於疫情下提供健康小貼士,以及以派發優惠券等方式,加強與僱員對話和溝通。此等交流行動顯著提高僱員歸屬感、提振士氣以及營造強大的相互合作文化。

# FOSTERING A HEALTHY WORKPLACE (CONTINUED)

# Nourishing Employees' Wellness and Health (continued)

#### Workplace health and safety

The Group works to integrate human-centred design in the office interior to create a comfortable work environment. This includes thermal comfort, lighting, noise management, ergonomics, and air quality, for which the Group has installed temperature control and air circulation devices. The Group has created a healthier workplace with indoor office plants, which provide a chance for employees to connect with nature indoors. In terms of workplace safety, the office is equipped with Automated External Defibrillators (AEDs) and first-aid kits, which are regularly maintained, in order to raise our capacity to ensure workplace safety.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, our Hong Kong headquarter has geared up with a temperature screening device at the main entrance to ensure staff's safety and health. Employees are given daily updates on the pandemic and the latest anti-epidemic information from the government, as well as sponsored COVID-19 test and a day of vaccination leave for each vaccination dose. Besides, the Group has set the instructions for COVID-19 pandemic, if the COVID-19 situation gets worse, the Group would implement flexible working hours and workfrom-home arrangements for employees to maintain social distancing. Jade Travel provided masks and hand sanitisers to the employees at work, and managed the volume of customer appointments to maintain social distancing. Transparent hard plastic barriers were also installed at the service desks, while conferences and meetings were shifted online.

## 營造健康的工作環境(續)

#### 關顧僱員身心健康(續)

#### 工作環境健康及安全

為求營造一個舒適的工作環境,本集團致力於辦公室的室內設計中融會以人為本的元素,包括室溫舒適度、燈光照明、噪音控制、人體工學及空氣質素(本集團已安裝溫度控制及通風裝置)等。為了讓僱員在室內也有機會接觸大自然,本集團已於室內種植辦公室植物,營造更健康的工作環境。工作場所安全方面,辦公室已設置自動體外心臟去顫器(AEDs)及急救用品,並定期保養,以強化本集團確保工作環境安全的能力。

為應對2019冠狀病毒病,香港總辦事處已作好準備,於主要入口配置體溫檢測器,確保僱員安全及健康。僱員每日接收政府發佈的最新疫情及抗疫資料,並資助僱員進行2019冠狀病毒病檢測,僱員每接種一劑疫苗可享有一日疫苗處與一个。 與此外,本集團已制訂2019冠狀病毒病檢測指示,倘疫情轉差,則本集團將實施彈性工作時間及在家工作安排,讓僱員可以保持社交距離。Jade Travel向上班僱員是不過過一個人。 是以保持社交距離。服務櫃檯亦已轉換透明硬質塑膠隔板。會議及會談亦轉換為虛擬形式及於線上進行。

# ESTABLISHING A CUSTOMER-ORIENTED CULTURE

### **Elevating Customer Experience**

The Group strives to improve customers' experience with a diversified business portfolio. The Group uses an integrated quality management strategy to deliver customer focused and oriented services, including complaint handling, protection of intellectual property rights and customers' privacy.

#### Delivering quality service

The Group is dedicated to creating memorable travel experiences with premium quality tours. This requires a robust supply chain management where suppliers' cost, timing and performance are primary considerations. In this respect, Jade Travel has established a comprehensive supply chain management policy to select quality suppliers for air tickets, travel tours, shuttle bus service, etc. As one of the largest travel agencies in Canada, Jade Travel is an endorsed agent under the International Air Transport Association (IATA) accreditation. The Group also places a high emphasis on its supply chain risk management. All potential suppliers are required to undergo a comprehensive assessment on their product or service quality, price and ESG performance. The Group considers business ethics, environmental performance and labour practices of the potential suppliers through document screening in order to minimise ESG risks in its supply chain. If the potential suppliers fail in the assessment, the Group will provide feedback to improve their sustainability performance and invite them to be reassessed in the following year.

# 建立以客為本的文化

#### 提升客戶服務體驗

本集團努力透過多元化業務組合提升客戶體驗。本集團採納優質管理綜合策略, 提供以客為尊、以客為本的服務,包括投 訴處理以及保護知識產權及客戶私隱。

#### 提供優質服務

本集團竭力藉優質的豪華旅程締造難忘 的旅遊體驗。此舉有賴穩健的供應鏈管 理,當中的主要考慮因素包括供應商成 本、時間及表現。就此而言, Jade Travel 已建立全面的供應鏈管理政策,以挑選 優質的機票、旅行團、穿梭巴士服務等供 應商。作為加拿大最大的旅遊代理之一, Jade Travel為國際航空運輸協會(IATA)認 證的代理。本集團亦非常重視供應鏈風 險管理。所有潛在供應商均須通過全面 評估,涵蓋產品或服務質素、定價以及環 境、社會及管治績效。本集團會透過審閱 文件,考慮潛在供應商的商業道德、環境 表現及勞工常規,從而將供應鏈中的環 境、社會及管治風險降至最低。如果潛在 供應商未能通過評估,本集團則會提供 反饋,鼓勵提升可持續發展表現,並邀請 潛在供應商於下一年再接受評估。

# ESTABLISHING A CUSTOMER-ORIENTED CULTURE (CONTINUED)

# Elevating Customer Experience (continued) Improving customer satisfaction

The Group endeavours to craft expectational customer offerings that meet customers' needs. The Group has established various feedback channels and mechanisms to solicit and respond to various customer concerns. Every opinion and comment from our customers is an opportunity for the Group to review its services and improve its management. Any complaint received will be redirected to the relevant department for inspection and follow-up. During the reporting year, the Group did not identify any complaints related to customer experience.

#### Protecting customers' privacy

Safeguarding customers' privacy and personal data is fundamental to the Group's operation. In accordance with local laws, the Group's employees' handbook specifies the standard operating procedure when handling customer data and other confidential or sensitive information. The Group only collects and retains information of its business partners and customers that is necessary for its business activities. To ensure data confidentiality, only authorised parties have access to such information.

#### Safeguarding intellectual property rights

The Group works to protect intellectual property rights. In compliance with the "Copyright Ordinance" of the Laws of Hong Kong, all unauthorised use and copy of computer software are prohibited within the Group. The Group's Information Technology Department is responsible for ensuring all installed software uses the authorised versions.

## 建立以客為本的文化(續)

# 提升客戶服務體驗(續) 提高客戶滿意度

本集團致力設計符合客戶需求的貼心服務。本集團設有眾多回應渠道和機制以收集並回應客戶各種的關注事宜。客戶的每一個意見及評價全部均是讓本集團檢討其服務及改善其管理的機會。如果接獲任何投訴,均會轉交至相關部門,以便調查及妥善跟進。於報告年度內,本集團並無接獲任何有關客戶體驗的投訴個案。

#### 保障客戶私隱

保障客戶私隱及個人資料乃本集團營運中的首要任務。遵照當地法例,本集團的僱員手冊內訂明處理客戶資料及其他機密或敏感資料的標準運作流程。本集團只會就業務活動向業務夥伴及客戶收集及保留必要的資料。為保持資料機密,只有經授權人士可讀取有關資料。

#### 保護知識產權

本集團竭力保護知識產權。為遵守香港 法例的《版權條例》,於本集團內一切未 授權使用及複製的電腦軟件均被禁止。 本集團的資訊科技部門負責確保所有安 裝的軟件為授權版本。

#### **GIVING BACK TO THE COMMUNITY**

As a global citizen, the Group cares about the global sustainable development, equity, human health and well-being. Starting with caring about the communities, the Group has been discharging its corporate social responsibility and recognising it could contribute to the prosperity and health of local communities. The Group is committed to giving back to the community through different charitable events, and supporting its employees in getting involved in and contributing to the society. During the reporting year, the Group participated in various community activities, including TWGHs Flag Day 2021 organised by Tung Wah Group of Hospitals and Dress Casual Day organised by The Community Chest.

The aim of TWGHs Flag Day 2021 was to raise funds for the community and education services. Donation boxes were placed in office, staff were encouraged to donate on the event day. The Group hopes that joining the event could provide help to the society on social welfare and education services especially during the pandemic crisis.

The Group strives to promote a healthy and environmental friendly lifestyle. Since 2011, the Group has been participating in Dress Casual Day organised by The Community Chest every year. The theme of Dress Casual Day 2021 was to promote a healthy lifestyle, to have fun and to be positive for dressing casual for a worthy cause, which aligns with the Group's values: to enhance social vitality, to improve the quality of life, to establish a model of sustainable lifestyle, and to create value to the society.

The Group attaches high priority to youth development and believes that young people are the future and have the highest potential to drive the community forward. During the reporting year, the Group supported JA Company Programme by Junior Achievement Hong Kong, which provides a platform for high school students to develop entrepreneurship, leadership, team spirit, and their own talent. The Group's representative was also invited as the honourable judge for the programme and shared his professional experience with the youth.

## 回饋社區

作為全球公民,本集團關心全球可持續發展、平等、人類健康及福祉。本集團從關懷身處的社區開始,一直履行企業社會責任,局負為當地社區繁榮健康作出貢獻的責任,承諾透過參與不同的慈善活動回饋社會,並支持僱員積極參與及貢獻社會。於報告年度內,本集團參與多項社區活動,如由東華三院舉辦的賣旗日2021及由公益金舉辦的便服日。

東華三院賣旗日2021的目的是為其社區和教育服務籌募經費。本集團在辦公室內擺放捐款箱,並鼓勵僱員於活動日捐款。本集團冀能透過參與活動幫助社會福利和教育服務等社區服務,尤其是在疫情的困難時期。

本集團致力提倡健康及環保的生活方式,自二零一一年起每年參與公益金便服日。二零二一年的便服日主題為推廣健康生活,藉穿着便服輕鬆分享正能量,同時共襄善舉,與本集團提升社會活力、提高生活質素、建立可持續的生活模式和為社會創造價值的價值觀一致。

本集團高度重視年青人的發展,並相信年青人是我們的未來,具有推動社會進步的最大潛力。於報告年度內,本集團支持青年成就香港部的JA學生營商體驗計劃,為中學生提供一個平台,培養其創業精神、領導能力、團隊精神及個人才能。本集團代表也應邀擔任該計劃的榮譽評委,與年青人分享其專業經驗。

# GIVING BACK TO THE COMMUNITY (CONTINUED)

In addition, during the reporting year, the Group fully supported the Success EZ Rolling Team, aiming to boost and encourage the general public to do more exercise, maintain healthy living habits, enhance social vitality and improve the quality of life. Furthermore, cycling is one of the best ways to reduce carbon footprint, the Group hope to arouse people's awareness of climate change and create value for society by supporting this event.

The Group will carry on with its endeavour in community engagement and leverage its network and influence in community investment initiatives to fulfil its corporate social responsibility as a corporate citizen.

#### **ADVOCATING GREEN OPERATIONS**

#### **Enriching a Green Office Culture**

Working towards building a sustainable society, the Group strives to incorporate sustainability into the business decision making process and operation. Besides from compliance with relevant environmental protection-related laws and regulations, the Group is also continuously integrating green practices into the daily operations.

Adhering to the goal of being environmentally responsible, the Group is committed to reducing its negative environmental impacts in its operations as far as permissible. In order to achieve this, the Group's environmental policy is developed to help reduce negative impact from business operations, and to allow business to be conducted in an environmentally conscious manner. All business operations of the Group are required to comply with the Group's policy. The "Green Office Guideline", a main component of the policy, was established to implant the concepts of environmental protection and responsibility into daily operations. The aim of the guideline is to increase environmental awareness among employees and to improve resource efficiency. Furthermore, the Group's environmental performance is regularly monitored and reviewed to ensure compliance with regulatory requirements, industry standards and to reduce environmental footprints.

## 回饋社區(續)

此外,於報告年度內,本集團全力支持實 德車隊Success EZ Rolling Team,旨在推 廣及鼓勵大眾市民多做運動,促進身心 健康,提升社會活力,提高生活質素。再 者,單車為減少碳足印的最佳方法之一, 本集團期望透過此項活動提高人們對氣 候變化的關注,為社會創造價值。

本集團努力堅持與社區對話,於社區投 資活動中利用其人脈及影響力,履行作 為企業公民的企業社會責任。

## 提倡環保理念

### 培養綠色辦公室文化

本集團竭力將可持續發展的概念融入其 業務決策及運營中,積極為建設可持續 發展的社區作出貢獻。除遵守相關環境 保護法例及法規外,本集團亦繼續於日 常業務中結合綠色常規。

依照對環境負責的目標,本集團銳意盡可能降低其營運對環境的負面影響。為此,本集團已制定環境政策減輕業務營運的負面影響,以環保的方式運作。本集團的所有業務營運均須遵守本集團的策。「綠色辦公室指引」的制定,作為該政策的一部分,將環境保護及責任時為政策的一部營運中。該指引旨在提外,概念融入日常營運中。該指引旨在提外,與工的環保意識及改善資源效益。此外,確以實守監管規定及行業標準,並減少環境足跡。

# ADVOCATING GREEN OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Enriching a Green Office Culture (continued)**

In order to raise environmental awareness, the Group also participated in the "Earth Hour" campaign promoted by the environmental organization WWF-Hong Kong in 2021, showing its support in creating a sustainable environment and reducing energy consumption.

In addition to environmental impacts arise from the Group's business operations, the Group has also considered potential climate-related issues that may impact its operations. It is aware of the growing customer preference for more low-carbon travel options, and lower-carbon travel options will be considered to be incorporated in the future.

#### **Monitoring Energy Use and Emissions**

Understanding the urgency of calling for climate changing actions, the Group is committed to tackling its greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions through reduction in electricity and fuel use for office operation and transportation. The Group will organise climate change-related workshops and campaigns in order to arouse employees' awareness of sustainable behaviour and encourage them to reduce energy consumption in daily operations. In the following year, the Group is targeting to maintain or reduce the GHG emissions and energy intensity below this year's level.

In order to maximise energy efficiency, the Group has been using LED lights at the headquarter of Hong Kong since 2016. The Group understands that changing the behaviour of employees is the key to the success of office environmental management. The Group has implemented green office practices, to encourage and educate its employees to save energy in daily operations.

## 提倡環保理念(續)

#### 培養綠色辦公室文化(續)

為提高環保意識,本集團亦參與環保組織世界自然基金會香港分會於二零二一年舉辦的「地球一小時」活動,以示對創造可持續環境及減少能源消耗的支持。

除本集團業務運作對環境造成的影響外,本集團亦已考慮可能對其營運造成 影響的潛在氣候變化議題。本集團明白 客戶日益重視環保,優先選購低碳旅遊 產品,故日後將考慮吸納更多低碳旅遊 產品。

## 監察能源使用及排放

本集團明白呼籲採取氣候變化行動乃當 務之急,因此致力透過減少辦公室運作 及日常運輸的電力及燃料消耗,以應對 其溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)排放。本集團 將舉辦氣候變化相關工作坊與活動,提 高僱員有關可持續行為的意識,鼓勵員 工於日常業務中節省能源。本集團來年 的目標為將溫室氣體排放量及能源密度 維持於或降至低於本年度的水平。

為最大程度地提高能源效率,本集團自 二零一六年開始在香港總辦事處使用 LED燈。本集團明瞭改變僱員行為乃辦公 室環境管理的成功關鍵。本集團已實踐 綠色辦公室,鼓勵並教育僱員在日常營 運中節省能源。

# ADVOCATING GREEN OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Managing Waste**

In light with waste reduction, the Group also practices green purchasing for sustainable office supplies. Since 2013, the Group has been using refillable stationery products and Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) certified paper for the printing of annual and interim reports of the Company. On top of that, the Group's headquarter has been utilising lighter-weight paper as an ecologically responsible choice since 2017 to reduce paper consumption and waste generation. Moreover, the Group has been used a plant-based soy ink printing for the 2021 interim report, the Group shall continue this practice so as to protect the environment. To further decrease paper consumption and encourage paperless operations, Jade Travel has been employing e-marketing and communication strategies. The Group is targeting to maintain or reduce non-hazardous waste intensity below the level in the reporting year. The Group shall follow the "4R" principle to reduce the use of non-environmental friendly substances. Reuse, recycle and recover the substances in order to mitigate waste impact from the Group's operation and promote circular economy. Jade Travel has developed facilities to collect and classify various types of waste for recycling prior to ultimate disposal.

The relevant data about general waste and intensity was not available, as the respective building management handled the waste disposal at the Hong Kong headquarter and Jade Travel offices. The Group did not produce any significant hazardous waste due to its business nature.

## 提倡環保理念(續)

#### 管理廢棄物

除減少廢棄物方面外,本集團亦對可持 續辦公用品實行綠色採購。本集團自二 零一三年起一直採用可填充替換的文 具,及於印製本公司年報及中期報告時 使用獲森林管理委員會(FSC)認證的紙 張。除此之外,自二零一七年起,本集團 的總辦事處亦開始使用更環保的較輕紙 張,以減少消耗紙張及產生廢棄物。此 外,本集團印刷二零二一年中期報告時 使用植物性的大豆油墨,並將繼續以此 方式保護環境。為進一步減少用紙,並鼓 勵無紙化運作, Jade Travel亦採用電子營 銷及溝通的方法。本集團銳意將無害廢 棄物密度維持或降至低於報告年度的水 平。本集團將依循「4R」原則,減少使用 影響環境的物質。重用、回收及循環再 用有助減輕本集團業務廢棄物的影響, 同時推廣循環經濟。Jade Travel已安裝設 施,以於最終處置前收集及分類不同類 型的廢棄物作回收用途。

由於香港總辦事處及Jade Travel辦事處的廢棄物處理乃由各自的大廈管理處負責,故未能提供有關一般廢棄物及密度的數據。由於業務性質關係,本集團並無產生任何重大的有害廢棄物。

#### **LOOKING FORWARD**

Sustainable development is a continuous journey. The Group shall not hesitate to explore opportunities to further advance sustainability principles across its operations for its environment, employees, customers and community.

## 展望

可持續發展任重道遠,本集團將不遺餘 力探索機會,在各營運的環境、僱員、客 戶及社區範疇推進可持續發展原則。

## **PERFORMANCE TABLE**

#### **Environmental Performance**

# 績效表

### 環境表現

Indicator	Unit	2021	2020	2019
指標	單位	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年

## Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions 溫室氣體排放

Scope 1: Direct Emission 範圍1:直接排放	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent (tCO <sub>2</sub> -e) 公噸 (二氧化碳當量)	45.71	40.31	39.40
Scope 2: Indirect Emission 範圍2:間接排放	tCO <sub>2</sub> -e 公噸(二氧化碳當量)	44.86	68.09	58.55
Total 總計	tCO <sub>2</sub> -e 公噸 (二氧化碳當量)	90.57	108.4	97.96
GHG Intensity 溫室氣體密度	tCO <sub>2</sub> -e/millions of revenues (HK\$) 公噸 (二氧化碳當量) / 每百萬元 (港幣) 收益	0.6	0.3	0.09

Remarks

備註

For 2021, due to the significant change in revenue, the GHG intensity is relatively higher compared to that in 2020.

於二零二一年,由於收益大幅變動,故與二零二零年相比,溫室氣體的密度比較高。

For 2020, due to the significant change in revenue, the GHG intensity is relatively higher compared to that in 2019.

於二零二零年,由於收益大幅變動,故與二零一九 年相比,溫室氣體的密度比較高。

Certain number of offices in Canada were excluded in Scope 2 "Indirect Emission" whose electricity charges had already been included in rent.

加拿大的部分辦事處租金已包括電費,故並無計入 範圍2之「間接排放」數據。

The amount of Scope 3 "Other Indirect GHG Emission" and air emission (particulate matter, sulphur dioxide, and nitrogen oxides) were insignificant to the Group's operation, therefore the relevant data was not disclosed.

範圍3之「其他間接溫室氣體排放」及廢氣排放 (顆粒物、二氧化硫及氮氧化物) 對本集團的營運而言並不重要,因此並無披露有關數據。

Unit

## PERFORMANCE TABLE (CONTINUED)

#### **Environmental Performance (continued)**

Indicator

#### 環境表現(續)

2021

2020

2019

績效表(續)

指標	單位	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年
Electricity Consumption 耗電量				
Head Office in Hong Kong 香港總辦事處	kWh 千瓦時	51,128	66,540	66,203
Travel-related Business in Canada & the PRC 加拿大及中國旅遊相關業務	kWh 千瓦時	138,112	178,188	130,044
Total Consumption 總耗電量	kWh 千瓦時	189,393	244,728	196,247
Total Intensity 總密度	000' kWh/millions of revenues (HK\$) 兆瓦時/每百萬元 (港幣) 收益	1.25	0.67	0.17

Remarks 備註

The electricity consumption of the head office in Hong Kong is decreased due to the relocation of the office and the use of LED lighting in the new office.

由於辦事處遷址及新辦公室使用LED照明,故香港 總辦事處的耗電量有所減少。

The electricity consumption of travel-related business in Canada & the PRC is decreased. Due to the pandemic situation, the Group has arranged its employees to work from home.

加拿大及中國旅遊業務的耗電量有所減少。本集團 已因應疫情安排僱員在家工作。

For 2021, due to the significant change in revenue, the total intensity is relatively higher compared to that in 2020.

於二零二一年,由於收益大幅變動,故與二零二零年相比,總密度比較高。

For 2020, due to the significant change in revenue, the total intensity is relatively higher compared to that in 2019.

於二零二零年,由於收益大幅變動,故與二零一九 年相比,總密度比較高。

Certain number of offices in Canada were excluded whose electricity charges had already been included in rent.

加拿大的部分辦事處租金已包括電費,故並無計入 耗電量數據。

# PERFORMANCE TABLE (CONTINUED)

## 績效表(續)

#### **Environmental Performance (continued)**

#### 環境表現(續)

2021

2020

2019

指標	單位	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年
Vehicle Fuel Consumption 汽車	燃油耗用量			
Head Office in Hong Kong 香港總辦事處	L 升	11,185	9,954	9,612
Travel-related Business in Canada & the PRC 加拿大及中國旅遊相關業務	L 升	6,000	6,000	6,000
Total Consumption 總耗用量	L 升	17,185	15,954	15,612
Total Intensity 總密度	L/millions of revenues (HK\$) 升/每百萬元 (港幣) 收益	113.71	43.95	13.61

Unit

Remarks

Indicator

備註

For 2021, due to the significant change in revenue, the total intensity is relatively higher compared to that in 2020.

於二零二一年,由於收益大幅變動,故與二零二零年相比,總密度比較高。

For 2020, due to the significant change in revenue, the total intensity is relatively higher compared to that in 2019.

於二零二零年,由於收益大幅變動,故與二零一九年相比,總密度比較高。

Shuttle bus service was provided by supplier for the travel business in Canada, and the respective fuel consumption was not available; no fuel consumption in the office in the PRC.

加拿大旅遊業務的穿梭巴士服務由供應商提供,並 無提供有關燃油耗用量;而中國的辦事處並無耗用 燃料。

# PERFORMANCE TABLE (CONTINUED)

績效表(續)

**Environmental Performance (continued)** 

環境表現(續)

Indicator	Unit	2021	2020	2019
指標	單位	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年

#### Hazardous Waste 有害廢棄物

Total	Tonnes	N/A	N/A	N/A
總計	公噸	不適用	不適用	不適用

Remark 備註

The Group did not produce hazardous waste in its operation. 本集團於營運中並無產生有害廢棄物。

 Indicator
 Unit
 2021
 2020
 2019

 指標
 單位
 二零二一年
 二零二零年
 二零一九年

#### Non-Hazardous Waste 無害廢棄物

General waste 一般廢棄物	Tonnes 公噸	2.0	_	-
Paper waste 廢紙	Tonnes 公噸	0.1	0.2	0.1
Total 總計	Tonnes 公噸	2.1	0.2	0.1

Remark

The figure in 2021 included general waste and paper waste, while figures in 2020 and 2019 only show the paper waste in the head office in Hong Kong. The Group has established a better data collection system, the general waste data can be collected during this reporting year. The Group shall consider improving the data collection system to collect other non-hazardous waste in the future.

備註

二零二一年的數據包括一般廢棄物及廢紙,而二零二零年及二零一九年的數據僅指香港總辦事處所耗用的紙張。於本報告年度內,本集團已設立更佳的數據收集系統,以便收集一般廢棄物數據。本集團日後將考慮改善數據收集系統,以收集其他無害廢棄物的數據。

**PERFORMANCE TABLE (CONTINUED)** 

績效表(續)

**Environmental Performance (continued)** 

環境表現(續)

二零二一年

Indicator Unit 指標 單位

**2021** 2020

二零二零年

2019 二零一九年

Water Consumption 耗水量

Total m³ 立方米

N/A 不適用

N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用

Remark

Water was provided by municipal suppliers, the Group did not have any significant issues in sourcing water. The relevant data was not available as the respective building management offices managed all water utilities of the head office in Hong Kong and the offices relating to the travel-related

備註

供水由市政供應商提供,本集團在求取水源上不存在任何重大問題。香港總辦事處及有關加拿大及中國旅遊相關業務的辦事處的所有供水由相關大廈管理處管理,故並無提供有關數據。

Indicator Unit 指標 單位 2021 二零二一年 2020

2019

二零二零年 二零一九年

Packaging Material 包裝物料

business in Canda and the PRC.

Total Tonnes 總計 公噸

N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用

Remark

備註

The Group did not utilise packaging material in its operation.

本集團於營運中並無使用包裝物料。

# PERFORMANCE TABLE (CONTINUED) 績效表(續)

Social Performance 社會表現

		Busines 業務	
Employment (number of people)		Head Office in Hong Kong	Canada & the PRC 加拿大及
僱傭 (人數)		香港 總辦事處	中國的旅遊相關業務
Total Number of Employees 僱員總數		48	16
By Gender 性別	Male 男性	16	5
	Female 女性	32	11
By Employment Category 僱傭類別	Top Management 高級管理人員	5	1
	Management 管理人員	8	5
	General Staff 一般職員	35	10
By Age Group	< 30	5	1
年齡組別	30 – 39	11	3
	40 – 49	15	3
	50 – 59	12	7
	> 60	5	2
By Employment Type 僱傭類型	Full time 全職	48	16
	Part time 兼職	0	0
By Geographical Region 地區	Hong Kong 香港	48	0
	Canada	0	12
	加拿大 The PRC 中國	0	4

#### PERFORMANCE TABLE (CONTINUED) 績效表(續)

**Social Performance (continued)** 社會表現(續)

		Business Units 業務單位		
			Tr	avel-related
			1.000	Business in
Francisco Transco Detect (0/)			d Office	Canada &
Employee Turnover Rates (%)		in Hoi	ng Kong	the PRC
			香港	加拿大及 中國的旅遊
僱員流失比率(%)		4	ョル 悤辦事處	相關業務
		TV.	W 11 7 122	1111011111
Total 總計			23	48
By Gender	Male		12	57
性別	男性			
	Female		29	43
	女性			
By Age Group	< 30		22	100
年齡組別	30-39		18	44
	40-49		40	50
	50-59		16	25
	> 60		0	86
By Geographical Region	Hong Kong		23	0
地區	香港		23	· ·
	Canada		0	55
	加拿大			
	The PRC		0	22
	中國			
		2024	2020	2010
Indicator 指標	Unit 單位	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2019
<u>扫惊</u>	- 単位	令	令令开	零一九年
Health and Safety 健康與安全				
Total number of work-related fatalities 因工亡故的總人數	No. of people 人數	0	0	0
Lost days due to work injury 因工傷損失工作日數	Days 日數	0	0	0

# PERFORMANCE TABLE (CONTINUED) 績效表(續)

Social Performance (continued) 社會表現(續)

Training 培訓		Percentage of employees trained (%) 受訓僱員百分比(%)	Average training hours 平均受訓時數
Overall 總百分比		67.19	3.26
By Gender 性別	Male 男性	30.23	3.75
(土 <i>力</i> 以	カロ Female 女性	69.77	3.02
By Employment Category 僱傭類別	Top Management 高級管理人員	23.26	12.49
	Management 管理人員	25.58	5.02
	General Staff 一般職員	51.16	1.52
Remark		備註	

Only current employees' data are included in the training table (percentage of employees trained and average training hours).

培訓表內僅包括現時僱員數據(受訓僱員百分比及平均培訓時數)。

Indicator	2021
指標	二零二一年

#### Suppliers (number of suppliers) 供應商(供應商數目)

Total 總計		571
By Geographical Region 地區	Hong Kong 香港	21
	Canada 加拿大	500
	The PRC 中國	50

Remark 備註

PERFORMANCE TABLE (CONTINUED)	績效表(續)
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**Social Performance (continued)** 

社會表現(續)

No. of complaints

投訴數目

Indicator	Unit	2021
指標	單位	二零二一年

%

#### Product Responsibility 產品責任

Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recall for safety and health reasons by sales values 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比(按銷售價值計算)

Number of products and service-related complaints 關於產品及服務的投訴數目

Remarks 備註

The data related to service quality and safety is disclosed from this reporting year.

Since the Group's business is not related to product selling, no relevant information related to quality assurance process and recall procedures are available.

產品品質及安全數據自本報告年度起披露。

由於本集團的業務不涉及出售產品,故並無有關質量檢定過程及回收程序的資料。

Indicator	Unit	2021	2020	2019
指標	單位	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年

#### Anti-corruption 反貪污

Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices 已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目

No. of case 案件的數目 0

0

0

N/A

0

不適用

# **COMPLIANCE TABLE**

# 合規表

The Group strictly complied with the laws and regulations in different aspects listed as follows:

本集團嚴格遵守下列各層面的法例和法 規:

Aspect 範疇	Laws and Regulation 法例和法規
A1: Emissions 排放物	<ul> <li>Waste Disposal Ordinance of Hong Kong 香港《廢物處置條例》</li> <li>Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China 《中華人民共和國環境保護法》</li> <li>The Canadian Environmental Protection Act</li> </ul>
B1: Employment 僱傭 B4: Labour Standards 勞工準則	<ul> <li>Employees' Compensation Ordinance of Hong Kong 香港《僱員補償條例》</li> <li>Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong 香港《僱傭條例》</li> <li>Minimum Wage Ordinance of Hong Kong 香港《最低工資條例》</li> <li>Race Discrimination Ordinance of Hong Kong 香港《種族歧視條例》</li> <li>Sex Discrimination Ordinance of Hong Kong 香港《性別歧視條例》</li> <li>Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China 《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》</li> <li>Canada Labour Code</li> <li>Canada Labour Standards Regulations</li> <li>Employment Equity Act of Canada</li> <li>The Canadian Human Rights Act</li> </ul>
B2: Health and Safety 健康及安全	<ul> <li>Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance of Hong Kong 香港《職業安全及健康條例》</li> <li>Measures for the Supervision and Administration of Employers' Occupational Health Surveillance 《用人單位職業健康監護監督管理辦法》</li> <li>Occupational Health and Safety Act of Canada</li> </ul>
B6: Product Responsibility 產品責任	<ul> <li>Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance of Hong Kong 香港《個人資料 (私隱) 條例》</li> <li>Copyright Ordinance of Hong Kong 香港《版權條例》</li> <li>The Canadian Code of Advertising Standards</li> <li>Travel Industry Act of Canada</li> </ul>
B7: Anti-corruption 反貪污	<ul> <li>Prevention of Bribery Ordinance of Hong Kong 香港《防止賄賂條例》</li> <li>Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China 《中華人民共和國刑法》</li> <li>The Corruption of Foreign Public Officials Act of Canada</li> </ul>

# Report of Directors 董事會報告

The directors ("Director(s)") of Success Universe Group Limited (the "Company") present their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2021.

實德環球有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之年報連同經審核綜合財務報表。

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries were principally engaged in the travel-related and property investment businesses during the year.

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2021 are set out in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The business review of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 8 to 13 and pages 14 to 39 respectively of this annual report as well as the following sub-paragraphs headed "Environmental Policies and Performance", "Compliance with Laws and Regulations" and "Relationships with Key Stakeholders".

#### **Environmental Policies and Performance**

The Group endeavors to attain long-term sustainable development, and proactively determines ways to address environmental, social and governance issues effectively in the corporate decisions.

The Group upholds its principles of environmental friendly practices by implementation of reducing, reusing, recycling and replacing in its daily operations, and develops initiatives to improve employee welfare and staff development for betterment of working environment and efficiency. The Group also believes in good corporate citizenship and contributes to society by supporting various charitable programmes.

For details, please refer to the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 65 to 88 of this annual report.

## 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司,於本年度 內其附屬公司經營之主要業務為旅遊相 關業務及物業投資業務。

本公司之主要附屬公司於二零二一年 十二月三十一日之資料載於綜合財務報 表附註40。

### 業務審視

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度之業務審視分別載於本年報第8 至第13頁之「主席報告」一節以及第14至 第39頁之「管理層討論及分析」一節,以 及下文「環境政策及表現」、「遵守法例及 規例」及「與主要持份者之關係」各分段。

#### 環境政策及表現

本集團致力於維持長遠可持續發展,積極於企業決策中釐定應對環境、社會及 管治議題之有效方法。

本集團於日常營運中堅守實行減少使 用、物盡其用、循環再用及替代使用之環 保原則,並制定改善僱員福利及員工發 展之計劃,以優化工作環境及提升效率。 本集團亦秉持良好企業公民之信念,透 過支持各類慈善項目貢獻社會。

詳情請參閱本年報第65至第88頁「環境、 社會及管治報告」一節。

## 董事會報告(續)

## **BUSINESS REVIEW (CONTINUED)**

### **Compliance with Laws and Regulations**

The Group is committed to maintain a high level of corporate compliance with the legal and regulatory requirements in respect of business and operations. During the year, the Group's operations were mainly carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in Canada, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Hong Kong while the Company itself was incorporated in Bermuda and the shares of which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The Group accordingly should comply with relevant laws and regulations in, inter alia, Canada, the PRC, Hong Kong and Bermuda during the year.

As far as the board of Directors (the "Board") is aware, during the year and up to the date of this report, the Group has complied with the relevant laws and regulations that have significant impact on its business and operations.

#### **Relationships with Key Stakeholders**

The Group's success also depends on the support from its key stakeholders which comprise, inter alia, employees, business partners, suppliers and customers.

Employees are regarded as important and valuable assets of the Group. Therefore, the Group provides competitive remuneration packages to attract, motivate and retain employees for their continued contribution to the Group and also encourages them by way of sponsorship to attend training courses which help employees' career development.

Besides, the Group has developed and maintained solid and steady relationships with its business partners and suppliers, and provides high quality services to its customers so as to enhance its competitiveness, sustainability and future development.

## 業務審視(續)

#### 遵守法例及規例

本集團致力保持高水平之企業合規,恪守有關業務及營運之法律及監管規定。於本年度內,本集團主要透過本公司之附屬公司於加拿大、中華人民共和國(「中國」)及香港經營業務,而本公司本身則於百慕達註冊成立,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。因此,於本年度內,本集團應遵守(其中包括)加拿大、中國、香港及百慕達之相關法例及規例。

就董事會(「董事會」)所知,於本年度內 及截至本報告日期止,本集團已遵守對 其業務及營運構成重大影響之相關法例 及規例。

#### 與主要持份者之關係

本集團之成功亦有賴各主要持份者(其中包括僱員、業務夥伴、供應商及客戶) 之支持。

僱員乃本集團重要寶貴資產。因此,本集團提供具競爭力之薪酬待遇,以吸引、激勵及挽留僱員繼續為本集團効力,同時透過資助鼓勵僱員修讀培訓課程,協助彼等發展事業。

此外,本集團一直與其業務夥伴及供應 商建立並維持穩固關係,並向其客戶提 供優質服務,從而提升本集團之競爭力、 可持續性及未來發展。

# Report of Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 129 of this annual report.

No interim dividend was paid during the year (2020: nil). The Directors do not recommend any payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The annual general meeting of the Company will be held on Friday, 10 June 2022 (the "2022 AGM"). For the purpose of determining the shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the 2022 AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 7 June 2022 to Friday, 10 June 2022, both days inclusive, during such period no transfer of shares of the Company will be effected. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2022 AGM, all share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 6 June 2022 for registration.

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year ended 31 December 2021 by business and geographical segments is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A financial summary of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on pages 313 and 314 of this annual report.

## 業績及分派

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度之業績載於本年報第129頁之綜 合損益表。

於本年度內並無派付中期股息(二零二零年:無)。董事不建議就截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度派付任何末期股息(二零二零年:無)。

#### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司將於二零二二年六月十日(星期 五)舉行股東週年大會(「二零二二年股東 週年大會」)。為確定股東符合資格出席 並於二零二二年股東週年大會上投票, 本公司將於二零二二年六月七日(星期 二)至二零二二年六月十日(星期五)(包 括首尾兩天)期間暫停辦理股份過戶登 記手續,於此期間內本公司任何股份過 戶將不予登記。為確保符合資格出席二 零二二年股東週年大會並於會上投票, 所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票必須不 遲於二零二二年六月六日(星期一)下午 四時三十分送抵本公司之香港股份登記 分處卓佳登捷時有限公司,地址為香港 皇后大道東183號合和中心54樓,以辦理 登記手續。

## 分部資料

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度按業務及地區分部劃分之表現分 析載於綜合財務報表附註6。

# 五年財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之財務概要載 於本年報第313及第314頁。

## 董事會報告(續)

#### **RESERVES**

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 133 and 134 of this annual report and note 39 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

#### **CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS**

No charitable and other donations were made by the Group during the year (2020: nil).

### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

# PROPERTIES HELD FOR INVESTMENT OR SALE

Details of the properties held by the Group for investment or sale as at 31 December 2021 are set out in notes 17 and 21 to the consolidated financial statements and in the section headed "Particulars of Properties" on pages 315 and 316 of this annual report.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

There was no movement in the share capital of the Company during the year. Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### LOANS AND BORROWINGS

Details of the loans and borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2021 are set out in notes 27 and 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 儲備

本集團及本公司於本年度內之儲備變動 之詳情分別載於本年報第133及第134頁 之綜合權益變動表及綜合財務報表附註 39。

## 慈善捐款

於本年度內本集團並無作出慈善及其他 捐款(二零二零年:無)。

## 物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度內之物業、廠房及設備 變動之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註15。

## 持作投資或出售物業

本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日之 持作投資或出售物業之詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註17及21及載於本年報第315 及第316頁之「物業詳情」一節。

#### 股本

本公司之股本於本年度內並無變動。本公司股本之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 32。

# 貸款及借貸

本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日之 貸款及借貸之詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註27及29。

# Report of Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

## **DIRECTORS**

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report are:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny (Chairman)
Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman (Deputy Chairman)

#### Non-executive Director ("NED"):

Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle

#### Independent Non-executive Directors ("INED(s)"):

Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose

Mr. Chong Ming Yu

Biographical information of the Directors is set out in the paragraph headed "Directors" under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 114 to 118 of this annual report.

In accordance with bye-law 87 of the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws"), Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle and Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann shall retire by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the 2022 AGM.

The Company has received from each of the existing INEDs, namely Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann, Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose and Mr. Chong Ming Yu, an annual confirmation of her/his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and all of the said INEDs were considered to be independent.

## 董事

於本年度內及截至本報告日期止在任之 董事為:

#### 執行董事:

楊海成先生*(主席)* 馬浩文先生*(副主席)* 

#### 非執行董事(「非執行董事」):

蔡健培先生

#### 獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」):

楊慕嫦女士 錢永樂先生 莊名裕先生

董事之履歷資料載於本年報第114至第 118頁之「董事及高級管理人員簡介」一 節中之「董事」一段。

根據本公司之公司細則(「公司細則」)第 87條,蔡健培先生及楊慕嫦女士將於二 零二二年股東週年大會上輪席告退,且 彼等符合資格並願意膺選連任。

本公司已收悉在任獨立非執行董事 楊慕嫦女士、錢永樂先生及莊名裕先生 各自根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市 規則」)第3.13條發出之年度獨立性確認 書,本公司認為所有上述獨立非執行董 事均屬獨立人士。

## 董事會報告(續)

### **CHANGES OF DIRECTORS' INFORMATION**

There was no change in the information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules subsequent to the date of the Interim Report 2021 of the Company and up to the date of this report.

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the 2022 AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS**

Details of the emoluments of the Directors on a named basis are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements. There has been no arrangement under which a Director or a director of the subsidiaries of the Company has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the Bye-laws, the Directors shall be indemnified out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they may incur or sustain in or about the execution of the duties in their respective offices or otherwise in relation thereto, provided that this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any Directors.

During the year and up to the date of this report, the Company has in force indemnity provisions as permitted under the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) for the benefit of the Directors and directors/former directors of the subsidiaries of the Company.

## 董事資料之變更

自本公司二零二一年中期報告日期之後 至本報告日期期間,概無任何根據上市 規則第13.51B(1)條規定須予披露之董事 資料變更。

## 董事之服務合約

擬於二零二二年股東週年大會重選之董 事概無與本公司訂立不可由本公司於一 年內終止而毋須支付任何賠償(法定賠 償除外)之服務合約。

### 金陋事董

列出每名董事姓名之董事酬金詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註11。董事或本公司附 屬公司之董事概無作出豁免或同意豁免 任何酬金之安排。

### 獲准許的彌償條文

根據公司細則,董事可從本公司之資產 及溢利中獲得彌償保證,就各自之職務 履行其職責或在其他方面與此有關之情 況所招致或蒙受之所有訴訟、費用、收 費、損失、損害及開支獲得彌償,惟此彌 償保證不延伸至任何與董事之欺詐或不 誠實有關之事宜。

於本年度內及截至本報告日期止,本公司按公司條例(香港法例第622章)的 允許,備有以董事及本公司附屬公司 董事/前董事為受益人的彌償條文。

# Report of Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS/
CONTINUING CONNECTED
TRANSACTIONS/DIRECTORS' AND
CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS'
MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS,
ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF
SIGNIFICANCE

關連交易/持續關連交易/董 事及控股股東於交易、安排或 重要合約中之重大權益

- (1) On 1 December 2008, the Company as borrower and Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny ("Mr. Yeung"), being the Chairman of the Board and an executive Director as well as a controlling shareholder of the Company, as lender entered into a letter of agreement regarding an unsecured term loan facility of up to HK\$200 million (the "Loan Facility"). The rate of interest on the entire principal amount drawn and outstanding under the Loan Facility was the prime rate guoted for Hong Kong dollars loans by The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited. On 14 April 2009, the Company and Mr. Yeung entered into a supplemental letter of agreement to increase the principal amount of the Loan Facility up to HK\$290 million (the "Revised Loan Facility") and to confirm that Mr. Yeung undertook not to demand early repayment of the loan and all other sums owing to him under the Revised Loan Facility before 30 June 2010. The final repayment date of the Revised Loan Facility (the "Final Repayment Date") was extended to (i) 30 June 2011 by a supplemental letter of agreement dated 25 June 2009; and (ii) 30 October 2012 by another supplemental letter of agreement dated 23 June 2010.
- (1) 於二零零八年十二月一日,本公司 (作為借方)與董事會主席、執行 董事兼本公司控股股東楊海成先生 (「楊先生」)(作為貸方)就一項金 額最高達港幣200,000,000元之無 抵押有期貸款融資(「貸款融資」) 訂立一份協議函件。貸款融資之已 提取及未償還本金全額之利率為 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司所報 之港元貸款最優惠利率。於二零零 九年四月十四日,本公司與楊先生 訂立一份補充協議函件,以增加 貸款融資之本金金額至最高達港 幣290,000,000元(「經修訂貸款融 資」),並確認楊先生承諾不會在二 零一零年六月三十日前要求本公司 提前償還經修訂貸款融資之貸款及 所有結欠楊先生之其他款項。經修 訂貸款融資之最後還款日期(「最 後還款日期」)已(i)透過日期為二零 零九年六月二十五日之補充協議函 件延遲至二零一一年六月三十日; 及(ii)透過日期為二零一零年六月 二十三日之另一份補充協議函件延 遲至二零一二年十月三十日。

董事會報告(續)

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS/
CONTINUING CONNECTED
TRANSACTIONS/DIRECTORS' AND
CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS'
MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS,
ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF
SIGNIFICANCE (CONTINUED)

關連交易/持續關連交易/董事及控股股東於交易、安排或 重要合約中之重大權益(續)

#### (1) (continued)

On 15 March 2012, Mr. Yeung entered into a supplemental letter of agreement with the Company to further extend the Final Repayment Date to 31 October 2013 and to confirm that any amount repaid under the Revised Loan Facility should be available to further advances within the availability period of the Revised Loan Facility.

The Final Repayment Date was subsequently extended by various supplemental letters of agreement to 31 October 2022. On 30 September 2021, Mr. Yeung entered into a supplemental letter of agreement with the Company to further extend the Final Repayment Date to 31 October 2024.

The transaction mentioned in this sub-paragraph (1) constitutes a connected transaction for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, which is fully exempt from shareholders' approval and all disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules as the said borrowing from Mr. Yeung is on normal commercial terms or better and it is not secured by any assets of the Group.

#### (1) (續)

於二零一二年三月十五日,楊先生 與本公司訂立一份補充協議函件, 將最後還款日期進一步延遲至二零 一三年十月三十一日,並確認經修 訂貸款融資項下任何已償還金額應 可於經修訂貸款融資可用期內進一 步墊付。

最後還款日期其後經多份補充協議 函件延遲至二零二二年十月三十一 日。於二零二一年九月三十日,楊 先生與本公司訂立一份補充協議函 件,將最後還款日期進一步延遲至 二零二四年十月三十一日。

本分段(1)所述之交易根據上市規則第十四A章構成本公司一項關連交易,惟該交易根據上市規則第十四A章獲全面豁免遵守股東批准及所有披露之規定。此乃由於來自楊先生之上述借貸乃按一般商務條款或更佳條款進行,而其並無由本集團任何資產作出抵押。

# Report of Directors (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS/
CONTINUING CONNECTED
TRANSACTIONS/DIRECTORS' AND
CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS'
MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS,
ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF
SIGNIFICANCE (CONTINUED)

關連交易/持續關連交易/董事及控股股東於交易、安排或 重要合約中之重大權益(續)

- (2) On 25 June 2019, the Group entered into two tenancy agreements with Success International Management Services Limited ("SIMSL", a company indirect wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Yeung) to renew the leasing of the properties (collectively the "Tenancy Agreements") with details as follows:
  - Powerful Concept Limited ("Powerful Concept", an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) as landlord entered into a tenancy agreement with SIMSL as tenant in respect of the renewal of the leasing of the premises situated at Office Unit No. 1001A on the 10th Floor of Tower 1 of Admiralty Centre, No. 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for a term of two years commencing from 2 July 2019 to 1 July 2021 (both dates inclusive) (with an option on SIMSL to renew for a further term of two years at the then open market rent) at a monthly rental of HK\$93,600, exclusive of government rates, air-conditioning charges and management fees and all other outgoings ("Unit 1001A Tenancy Agreement"); and
- (2) 於二零一九年六月二十五日,本集團與Success International Management Services Limited (「SIMSL」,一間由楊先生間接全資實益擁有之公司) 訂立兩份租賃協議,以續租物業(統稱「該等租賃協議」),詳情如下:
  - (i) 權創有限公司(「權創」,本公司 一間間接全資附屬公司,作為 業主)與SIMSL(作為租戶)訂立 一份租賃協議,內容有關重心 位於香港夏慤道18號海富中心 1座10樓1001A室之物業租馬 租期由二零一九年七月二日(包括 百選擇按當時公開市場租 至二零天)止,為期兩年(SIMSL 可選擇按當時公開市場租港幣 93,600元,不包括差餉、空 費用、管理費及所有其他支出 (「1001A室租賃協議」);及

## 董事會報告(續)

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS/
CONTINUING CONNECTED
TRANSACTIONS/DIRECTORS' AND
CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS'
MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS,
ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF
SIGNIFICANCE (CONTINUED)

關連交易/持續關連交易/董事及控股股東於交易、安排或 重要合約中之重大權益(續)

#### (2) (continued)

Famous Capital International Limited ("Famous Capital", an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) as landlord entered into a tenancy agreement with SIMSL as tenant in respect of the renewal of the leasing of the premises situated at Office Unit No. 1004B on the 10th Floor of Tower 1 of Admiralty Centre, No. 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for a term of two years commencing from 2 July 2019 to 1 July 2021 (both dates inclusive) (with an option on SIMSL to renew for a further term of two years at the then open market rent) at a monthly rental of HK\$204,900, exclusive of government rates, air-conditioning charges and management fees and all other outgoings ("Unit 1004B Tenancy Agreement").

Further details of the Tenancy Agreements are set out in the announcement dated 25 June 2019 issued by the Company.

#### (2) (續)

(ii) Famous Capital International Limited (「Famous Capital」,本 公司一間間接全資附屬公司, 作為業主)與SIMSL(作為租戶) 訂立一份租賃協議,內容有關 重續位於香港夏慤道18號海富 中心1座10樓1004B室之物業 租賃,租期由二零一九年七月 二日起至二零二一年七月一日 (包括首尾兩天)止,為期兩 年(SIMSL可選擇按當時公開 市場租金進一步重續兩年), 月租港幣204,900元,不包括 差餉、空調費用、管理費及所 有其他支出(「1004B室租賃協 議」)。

該等租賃協議之進一步詳情載於本公司發出日期為二零一九年六月 二十五日之公告。

# Report of Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS/
CONTINUING CONNECTED
TRANSACTIONS/DIRECTORS' AND
CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS'
MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS,
ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF
SIGNIFICANCE (CONTINUED)

關連交易/持續關連交易/董事及控股股東於交易、安排或 重要合約中之重大權益(續)

#### (2) (continued)

On 25 June 2021, Powerful Concept and Famous Capital, both as landlords, entered into respective tenancy agreements with SIMSL as tenant to renew Unit 1001A Tenancy Agreement and Unit 1004B Tenancy Agreement (collectively the "New Tenancy Agreements") for a term of two years commencing from 2 July 2021 to 1 July 2023 (both dates inclusive) (with an option on SIMSL to renew for a further term of two years at the then open market rent) at the respective monthly rentals of HK\$65,400 and HK\$129,000, both exclusive of government rates, air-conditioning charges and management fees and all other outgoings. The rentals chargeable under the New Tenancy Agreements were determined after taking into account of the opinion letters issued by an independent valuer in connection with the fairness and reasonableness of the rentals chargeable under the New Tenancy Agreement.

#### (2) (續)

於二零二一年六月二十五日,權創 及Famous Capital (均作為業主) 與 SIMSL (作為租戶) 分別訂立各自之 租賃協議,以重續1001A室租賃協 議及1004B室租賃協議(統稱「該等 新租賃協議」),租期由二零二一 年七月二日起至二零二三年七月 一日(包括首尾兩天)止,為期兩年 (SIMSL可選擇按當時公開市場租 金進一步重續兩年),月租分別為港 幣65,400元及港幣129,000元,均不 包括差餉、空調費用、管理費及所 有其他支出。根據該等新租賃協議 應收取之租金乃參照獨立估值師所 發出有關根據該等新租賃協議應收 取之租金之公平性及合理性的意見 函件而釐定。

董事會報告(續)

**CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS/** CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS/DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS. ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF **SIGNIFICANCE (CONTINUED)** 

關連交易/持續關連交易/董 事及控股股東於交易、安排或 重要合約中之重大權益(續)

#### (2) (continued)

The entering into of Unit 1001A Tenancy Agreement, Unit 1004B Tenancy Agreement and the New Tenancy Agreements, all of which are on normal commercial terms, constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules but are fully exempt from shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements pursuant to Rule 14A.76(1)(c) of the Listing Rules as all the applicable percentage ratios calculated on an annual basis pursuant to Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules are less than 5% and the annual caps for the aggregate amount payable by SIMSL to Powerful Concept and Famous Capital for each of the three financial years ending 31 December 2023 are below HK\$3,000,000.

Save as disclosed above, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its parent company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or any entity connected with him/her or a controlling shareholder of the Company or any of the subsidiaries of the controlling shareholder had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during or at the end of the year.

#### (2) (續)

訂立1001A室租賃協議、1004B室租 賃協議及該等新租賃協議(全部按 照一般商務條款進行) 根據上市規 則第十四A章構成本公司持續關連 交易,惟根據上市規則第14A.76(1) (c)條,此等持續關連交易獲全面豁 免遵守股東批准、年度審核及所有 披露之規定,此乃由於根據上市規 則第14.07條按年計算之所有適用 百分比率均低於5%,以及截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止三個財政 年度各年SIMSL應付權創及Famous Capital之款項總額之年度上限低於 港幣3,000,000元。

除上文所披露者外,本公司、其母公司 或其任何附屬公司概無就本集團之業務 訂立於本年度內任何時間或年終仍然生 效,而任何董事或與其有關連之實體或 本公司控股股東或本公司控股股東之任 何附屬公司直接或間接擁有重大權益之 交易、安排或重要合約。

# **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

# 董事於競爭業務之權益

During the year and up to the date of this report, Mr. Yeung has the following interests in the companies listed below whose business may compete or is likely to compete with the Group's property investment business (the "Competing Business") pursuant to the Listing Rules:

於本年度內及截至本報告日期止,根據 上市規則,楊先生於下列公司中擁有以 下權益,而該等公司之業務也許或可能 與本集團之物業投資業務(「競爭業務」) 構成競爭:

Name of company 公司名稱	Nature of competing business 競爭業務性質	Nature of interest 權益性質
Active Profit Investment Limited	property investment in Hong Kong (commercial building) 香港物業投資 (商廈)	director and ultimate beneficial owner 董事及最終實益擁有人
Asia City Holdings Limited 亞城集團有限公司	property investment in Hong Kong (commercial building) 香港物業投資 (商廈)	owned as to 50% beneficial interest 實益擁有50%權益
Crownpeak International Investment Limited 冠達國際投資有限公司	property investment in Hong Kong (commercial building) 香港物業投資 (商廈)	director and ultimate beneficial owner 董事及最終實益擁有人
Lucky Hero Limited 雄福有限公司	property investment in Hong Kong (commercial building) 香港物業投資 (商廈)	ultimate beneficial owner 最終實益擁有人
Super Genius Investments Limited 超俊投資有限公司	property investment in Hong Kong (commercial building) 香港物業投資(商廈)	ultimate beneficial owner 最終實益擁有人

Since any significant business decision of the Group is to be determined by the Board in which half of the members are INEDs, the Group is capable of carrying on its business independently of, and at arm's length from, the Competing Business.

由於本集團任何重大業務決策由董事會 決定,而董事會中一半成員為獨立非執 行董事,故本集團能按公平原則獨立經 營其業務,而不受競爭業務所影響。

董事會報告(續)

# **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS (CONTINUED)**

Save as disclosed above, during the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this report, none of the Directors was interested in any business, apart from the Group's business, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business, other than those business where the Directors were appointed as directors to represent the interests of the Group.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or subsisted during the year.

## **DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES**

As at 31 December 2021, the Directors or chief executive of the Company and/or any of their respective associates had the following interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise, notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in the Listing Rules:

## 董事於競爭業務之權益(續)

除上文所披露者外,截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度及截至本報告日 期止,除本集團業務外,概無董事於與 本集團業務存在或可能存在直接或間接 競爭之任何業務擁有權益,惟董事被委 任以董事身份代表本集團權益之業務除 外。

## 管理合約

於本年度內,本公司概無訂立或存在任 何與本公司之全部或任何重大部分業務 之管理及行政有關之合約。

## 董事及最高行政人員於證券之 權益

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,董事或 本公司最高行政人員及/或彼等各自之 任何聯繫人於本公司或其任何相聯法團 (定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨 條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股 份、相關股份或債券中擁有以下記錄於 根據證券及期貨條例第352條之規定本 公司須予存置之登記冊,或根據上市規 則所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的 標準守則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及 聯交所之權益及淡倉:

# **DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES (CONTINUED)**

Interest in the shares of the Company ("Share(s)")

# 董事及最高行政人員於證券之 權益(續)

**Approximate** percentage of issued voting

於本公司股份(「股份」)之權益

Name of Director 董事姓名	Long position/ Short position 好倉/淡倉	Nature of interest 權益性質	Number of Shares held 所持股份數目	Shares as at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 佔已發行 具投票權股份之 概約百分比 %
Mr. Yeung (Note) 楊先生 (附註)	Long position 好倉	Corporate interest 公司權益	3,526,490,987	71.58

Note: Mr. Yeung had a corporate interest in 3,526,490,987 Shares by virtue of the interest of the Shares held by Silver Rich Macau Development Limited, which is direct wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Yeung.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company, or their respective associates, had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise, notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註:劭富澳門發展有限公司乃由楊先生直接全資 實益擁有,因此楊先生擁有由劭富澳門發展 有限公司持有之3,526,490,987股股份之公司 權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二 月三十一日,董事或本公司最高行政人 員或彼等各自之聯繫人概無於本公司或 其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條 例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債券中 擁有任何記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第 352條之規定本公司須予存置之登記冊, 或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所 之權益或淡倉。

董事會報告(續)

## SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 5 June 2014 (the "Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible persons for their contribution to the Group or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest and any subsidiary of such entity ("Invested Entity"). The Share Option Scheme became effective on 10 June 2014 and, unless early termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board, shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption on 5 June 2014.

Under the Share Option Scheme, the Directors are authorised at their absolute discretion to invite eligible persons to take up options to subscribe for Shares. Eligible persons under the Share Option Scheme include (i) any employee (whether full time or part time and including executive director) of any member(s) of the Group or any Invested Entity; (ii) any non-executive director (including independent non-executive director) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (iii) any consultant, adviser or agent engaged by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity, who is eligible to participate in a share option scheme of the Company; and (iv) any vendor, supplier of goods or services or customer of or to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity, who is eligible to participate in a share option scheme of the Company.

There is no provision in the Share Option Scheme to require a grantee to fulfill any performance target or to hold the option for a certain period before exercising the option, but the Board may at its absolute discretion from time to time provide such requirements in the offer of grant of options.

# 購股權計劃及董事購入股份或 債券之權利

本公司於二零一四年六月五日採納一項 購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),旨在提供 激勵或獎勵予對本集團或本集團任何成 員公司持有任何股權之任何實體以及該 實體之任何附屬公司(「投資實體」)作出 貢獻之合資格人士。購股權計劃於二零 一四年六月十日生效,並將自採納日期 二零一四年六月五日起持續有效十年, 惟可由本公司於股東大會或由董事會提 早終止。

根據購股權計劃,董事獲授權可全權酌 情邀請合資格人士接納購股權以認購股 份。購股權計劃之合資格人士包括(i)本 集團任何成員公司或任何投資實體之任 何僱員(不論全職或兼職,並包括執行董 事);(ii)本集團任何成員公司或任何投資 實體之任何非執行董事(包括獨立非執 行董事);(iii)本集團任何成員公司或任何 投資實體所委聘且合資格參與本公司購 股權計劃之任何顧問、專家顧問或代理; 及(iv)本集團任何成員公司或任何投資實 體合資格參與本公司購股權計劃之任何 賣家、產品或服務供應商或客戶。

購股權計劃內並無條文規定承授人在行 使購股權前須達致任何表現目標,亦無 規定其在行使購股權前須持有該購股權 的若干時限,但董事會可不時全權酌情 決定於授出購股權之要約中附加該等規 定。

# Report of Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

# **SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND** DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACOUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES (CONTINUED)

The maximum number of Shares available for issue under options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company is 492,649,119 Shares (being not more than 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme (the "Scheme Limit")), representing approximately 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of this annual report.

The Company may seek approval of its shareholders in general meeting for refreshing the Scheme Limit save that the total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company under the Scheme Limit so refreshed shall not exceed 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of such approval (the "New Scheme Limit"). Options previously granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with the respective provisions of the scheme(s) of the Company or exercised options) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the New Scheme Limit.

Notwithstanding aforesaid in above, the maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company must not exceed 30% of the total number of Shares in issue from time to time.

# 購股權計劃及董事購入股份或 債券之權利(續)

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股 權計劃可授出之購股權項下可予發行之 股份最高數目為492,649,119股(即不超 過於購股權計劃採納當日已發行股份總 數之10%(「計劃上限」)),相當於本年報 日期已發行股份總數約10%。

本公司可於股東大會上尋求其股東批准 更新計劃上限,惟在計劃上限更新後,因 根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股 權計劃將予授出之全部購股權獲行使而 可予發行之股份總數,不得超過批准更 新計劃上限當日已發行股份總數之10% (「新計劃上限」)。就計算新計劃上限而 言,先前根據購股權計劃及本公司任何 其他購股權計劃已授出之購股權(包括 按照本公司相關計劃條文尚未行使、已 註銷、已失效或已行使之購股權) 將不會 計算在內。

儘管如前文所述,因根據購股權計劃及 本公司任何其他購股權計劃授出且尚未 行使之全部在外流通購股權獲行使而可 予發行之股份最高數目,不得超過不時 已發行股份總數之30%。

## 董事會報告(續)

# SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND **DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES** OR DEBENTURES (CONTINUED)

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option scheme(s) adopted by the Company (whether exercised, cancelled or outstanding) to each eligible person in any 12-month period up to and including the date of offer shall not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue on the date of offer, unless such grant is approved by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting at which such eligible person and his or her associates shall abstain from voting.

The exercise price in respect of any option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board in its absolute discretion but in any event shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of the option, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date on which the option is offered; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

The offer of a grant of share option must be accepted not later than 28 days after the date of offer, upon payment of a consideration of HK\$1 by the grantee. The exercise period of the share option granted is determined by the Board, save that such period shall not exceed a period of 10 years commencing on the date upon which the share option is granted.

No share options had been granted under the Share Option Scheme since its adoption and up to 31 December 2021.

# 購股權計劃及董事購入股份或 債券之權利(續)

於任何截至並包括要約日期止十二個月 期間,因根據購股權計劃或本公司所採 納之任何其他購股權計劃已授出及將授 出之購股權(不論為已行使、已註銷或未 行使) 獲行使而已經及將會發行予每名 合資格人士之股份總數,不得超過於要 約日期當日已發行股份總數之1%,惟本 公司股東已於股東大會上批准授出有關 購股權,且有關合資格人士及其聯繫人 已於有關會議上放棄表決,則屬例外。

根據購股權計劃授出之任何購股權之行 使價將由董事會全權酌情決定,惟在任 何情況下不得低於以下三者中之最高 者:(i)股份於購股權要約日期(必須為營 業日) 在聯交所每日報價表所報之收市 價;(ii)股份於緊接購股權要約日期前五 個營業日在聯交所每日報價表所報之平 均收市價;及(iii)股份之面值。

授出購股權之要約最遲須於要約日期後 二十八日內由承授人透過支付港幣1元 之代價接納。所授購股權之行使期由董 事會釐定,惟該期間不得超過自購股權 獲授出當日起計十年。

自採納購股權計劃以來及截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止,概無根據購股權 計劃授出任何購股權。

# Report of Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

# **SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND** DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACOUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES (CONTINUED)

At no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

### **EOUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Other than the Share Option Scheme as disclosed above, no equity-linked agreements which will or may result in the Company issuing Shares or which require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' **INTERESTS IN SECURITIES**

As at 31 December 2021, the following persons (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) had, or were deemed or taken to have, interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

# 購股權計劃及董事購入股份或 債券之權利(續)

本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度內任 何時間概無訂立任何安排,致使董事可 绣猧購買本公司或任何其他法人團體之 股份或債券而從中獲取利益。

## 股票掛鈎協議

除上文所披露之購股權計劃外,本公司 概無訂立於本年度內任何時間或年終仍 然生效之股票掛鈎協議,而將會或可能 導致本公司發行股份,或規定本公司訂 立將會或可能導致本公司發行股份之任 何協議。

# 主要股東於證券之權益

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,下列人 士(董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)於 股份及相關股份中擁有或被視為或當作 擁有以下記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第 336條之規定本公司須予存置之登記冊 之權益或淡倉:

## Report of Directors (Continued)

## 董事會報告(續)

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' **INTERESTS IN SECURITIES (CONTINUED)**

## 主要股東於證券之權益(續)

**Approximate** percentage of

Interest in the Shares

股份權益

Name of substantial shareholder 主要股東名稱/姓名	Long position/ Short position 好倉/淡倉	Capacity 身份	Number of Shares held 所持股份數目	issued voting Shares as at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 佔已發行 具投票權股份 之概約百分比 %
Silver Rich Macau Development Limited 劭富澳門發展有限公司	Long position 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	3,526,490,987	71.58
Ms. Liu Siu Lam, Marian (Note) 廖小琳女士 (附註)	Long position 好倉	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	3,526,490,987	71.58

Note: Ms. Liu Siu Lam, Marian, being the spouse of Mr. Yeung, was deemed to be interested in 3,526,490,987 Shares in which Mr. Yeung had a corporate interest.

附註:廖小琳女士(楊先生之配偶)被視為擁有由 楊先生擁有公司權益之3,526,490,987股股 份。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, no other person (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) had, or was deemed or taken to have, an interest or short position in the Shares and underlying Shares which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二 月三十一日,概無其他人士(董事或本 公司最高行政人員除外) 於股份及相關 股份中擁有或被視為或當作擁有任何記 錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336條之規 定本公司須予存置之登記冊之權益或淡 倉。

## **DISCLOSURE UNDER RULES 13.20 AND** 13.22 OF THE LISTING RULES

References were made to the announcement dated 18 June 2021 and the circular dated 12 July 2021 both issued by the Company in relation to the provision of financial assistance (the "2021 Financial Assistance") to Pier 16 - Property Development Limited ("Pier 16 -Property Development"), a 49% owned associate of World Fortune Limited ("World Fortune", an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company).

Based on the disclosure obligations under Rules 13.20 and 13.22 of the Listing Rules, the 2021 Financial Assistance, which was made by the Group by way of the shareholder's loans provided by World Fortune, and a corporate guarantee given by the Company in respect of the payment obligation of Pier 16 – Property Development under the revised loan facilities granted to Pier 16 -Property Development in the aggregate amounts of HK\$500 million and MOP273 million, continued to exist as at 31 December 2021. Pier 16 – Property Development is principally engaged in the investment, development and, through its subsidiaries, operating Ponte 16, a world-class integrated casino-entertainment resort located in Macau. The 2021 Financial Assistance is mainly used for the development and operations of Ponte 16.

## 根據上市規則第13.20條及第 13.22條作出之披露

茲提述本公司發出日期為二零二一年六 月十八日之公告及日期為二零二一年七 月十二日之通函,內容有關向十六浦物 業發展股份有限公司(「十六浦物業發 展」,為世兆有限公司(「世兆」,本公司一 間間接全資附屬公司)擁有49%股權之聯 營公司)提供財務資助(「二零二一年財務 資助」)。

根據上市規則第13.20條及第13.22條須 作出之披露責任,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,二零二一年財務資助以世兆 提供之股東貸款及本公司根據授予十六 浦物業發展總額港幣500,000,000元及 273,000,000澳門元之經修訂貸款融資 之付款責任而發出的企業擔保之方式 作出。十六浦物業發展之主要業務為投 資、發展及透過其附屬公司經營十六浦。 十六浦為一個位於澳門之世界級綜合娛 樂場度假村。二零二一年財務資助主要 用作發展及經營十六浦。

## Report of Directors (Continued)

## 董事會報告(續)

## **DISCLOSURE UNDER RULES 13.20 AND 13.22 OF THE LISTING RULES** (CONTINUED)

## 根據上市規則第13.20條及第 13.22條作出之披露(續)

The amounts of the 2021 Financial Assistance as at 31 December 2021 were set out below:

二零二一年財務資助於二零二一年十二 月三十一日之金額載列如下:

	Shareholder's	Corporate	Aggregate financial
Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	<b>loans</b> 股東貸款 HK\$ million	guarantee 企業擔保 HK\$ million	assistance 財務資助總額 HK\$ million
	港幣百萬元	港幣百萬元	港幣百萬元
Pier 16 – Property Development 十六浦物業發展	337	490	827

The shareholder's loans provided by World Fortune are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

由世兆提供之股東貸款為無抵押、免息 及無固定還款期。

Further details are set out in notes 18 and 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

進一步資料載列於綜合財務報表附註18 及35。

Set out below is a consolidated statement of financial position of Pier 16 - Property Development and the Group's attributable interests in this associate according to its audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021:

以下載列十六浦物業發展之綜合財務狀 況表及本集團應佔該聯營公司之權益, 此乃按照十六浦物業發展截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合 財務報表編製:

		Consolidated	
		statement of	Group's
		financial	attributable
		position	interests
		綜合財務狀況表	本集團應佔權益
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	623,986	305,753
Current assets	流動資產	78,665	38,546
Current liabilities	流動負債	(326,268)	(159,871)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(625,467)	(306,479)

## CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES, OPTIONS, WARRANTS OR SIMILAR RIGHTS

The Company had no outstanding convertible securities, options, warrants or other similar rights as at 31 December 2021.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of the listed securities of the Company.

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the five largest customers of the Group accounted for approximately 84% of total revenue of the Group, of which the largest customer accounted for approximately 56% and the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 85% of total purchases of the Group, of which the largest supplier accounted for approximately 85%.

None of the Directors or any of their respective close associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company) had any beneficial interest in the above five largest customers or five largest suppliers.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws and there is no restriction against such rights under the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to its existing shareholders.

## 可換股證券、購股權、認股權證 或類似權利

本公司於二零二一年十二月三十一日概 無未行使之可換股證券、購股權、認股權 證或其他類似權利。

### 購買、出售或贖回本公司上市 證券

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

## 主要客戶及供應商

於本年度內,本集團之五大客戶佔本集 團之總收益約84%,其中最大客戶約佔 56%;而本集團之五大供應商佔本集團 之購貨總額約85%,其中最大供應商約 佔85%。

概無董事、彼等各自之任何緊密聯繫人 或任何據董事所深知擁有本公司已發行 股份數目5%以上之股東,於上述五大客 戶或五大供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

## 優先購買權

公司細則下概無優先購買權條文,百慕 達法例下亦無對有關權利作出任何限 制,規定本公司須按比例向其現有股東 提呈發售任何新股份。

## Report of Directors (Continued)

### 董事會報告(續)

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as prescribed under the Listing Rules, based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors.

#### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") of the Board is responsible for determining the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management of the Company ("Senior Management"). Besides, the Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the Board for its determination on the remuneration of the NED and all INEDs. Factors which include, inter alia, salaries paid by comparable companies, qualifications, experience, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors and the Senior Management as well as prevailing market condition are considered by the Remuneration Committee for determining/making proposals on remuneration of the relevant Directors and Senior Management.

The remuneration packages of employees of the Group (other than the executive Directors and the Senior Management) are determined and reviewed periodically on the basis of their respective qualifications, experience, responsibilities and performance as well as prevailing market condition. In addition to salaries, the Company offers staff benefits which include medical insurance and retirement benefits under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme. The Group also operates a share option scheme pursuant to which share options might be granted as a long-term incentive to its directors and employees.

#### RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

Details of the retirement benefit scheme of the Group are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 足夠公眾持股量

於本報告日期,根據本公司從公開涂徑 所得之資料及據董事所知,本公司一直 維持上市規則所規定之足夠公眾持股 量。

#### 薪酬政策

董事會轄下之薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員 會」) 負責釐定各執行董事及本公司高級 管理人員(「高級管理人員」)之薪酬待 遇。此外,薪酬委員會就董事會釐定非執 行董事及全體獨立非執行董事之薪酬向 董事會作出推薦建議。於釐定/建議相 關董事及高級管理人員之薪酬時,薪酬 委員會考慮之因素包括(其中包括)可予 比較公司所付之薪金水平、董事及高級 管理人員之資歷、經驗、付出之時間、職 責以及現時市場情況等。

除執行董事及高級管理人員外,本集團 僱員之薪酬待遇乃根據彼等各自之資 歷、經驗、職責與表現以及現時市場情 況而釐定,並會定期作出檢討。除薪金 外,本公司提供之員工福利包括醫療保 險及根據強制性公積金計劃規定之退休 福利。本集團亦設有購股權計劃,可據此 向其董事及僱員授出購股權以作長期獎 勵。

#### 退休福利計劃

本集團之退休福利計劃詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註33。

## Report of Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Company has published its Corporate Governance Report, details of which are set out on pages 40 to 64 of this annual report.

#### **AUDITORS**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited, who shall retire at the 2022 AGM and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 March 2022

## 企業管治

本公司已刊發其企業管治報告,詳情載 於本年報第40至第64頁。

#### 核數師

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度之綜合財務報表經由國衛會計師 事務所有限公司審核,其將於二零二二 年股東週年大會上退任,惟其符合資格 並願意獲重新委任。

代表董事會 主席 楊海成

香港,二零二二年三月三十日

## Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員簡介

#### **DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny, aged 67, joined the Group in 2003. He is an executive director of the Company and the Chairman of the board of directors (the "Board") of the Company as well as a director of the subsidiaries of the Company. He is also the chairman of the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and the executive committee (the "Executive Committee") of the Board, and a member of the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") of the Board. Mr. Yeung is responsible for the overall corporate planning and business development of the Group. He was a member of the Eighth to Eleventh National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and has over 38 years of experience in finance industry in Hong Kong. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Yeung held managerial roles in several financial service sectors such as leveraged foreign exchange trading, and securities and futures brokerage. He is presently the sole beneficial owner of Success Securities Limited ("Success Securities"), which is a licensed corporation under the Securities and Futures Ordinance as well as a participant of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), principally engaged in the provision of securities brokerage services. Mr. Yeung has private investments in certain properties and real estate development. He is also the sole beneficial owner and a director of Silver Rich Macau Development Limited, being a controlling shareholder of the Company. Mr. Yeung is the uncle of Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman, an executive director of the Company and the Deputy Chairman of the Board.

#### 董事

#### 執行董事

楊海成先生,67歲,於二零零三年加盟本 集團。彼為本公司之執行董事兼本公司 董事會(「董事會」)主席以及本公司附屬 公司之董事,彼亦出任董事會轄下之提 名委員會(「提名委員會」)及執行委員會 (「執行委員會」) 之主席,並出任董事會 轄下之薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)之成 員。楊先生負責本集團之整體企業規劃 及業務發展工作。彼為第八至十一屆中 國人民政治協商會議全國委員會委員, 並於香港金融業累積逾38年經驗。在加 盟本集團前,楊先生擔任槓桿外匯買賣、 證券及期貨經紀等金融服務業務之管理 角色。彼現時為實德證券有限公司(「實 德證券」)之唯一實益擁有人,該公司為 一間根據證券及期貨條例註冊之持牌法 團及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」) 之參與者,主要從事提供證券經紀 服務。楊先生擁有若干物業及房地產發 展之私人投資。彼亦為劭富澳門發展有 限公司之唯一實益擁有人及董事,該公 司為本公司之控股股東。楊先生為本公 司執行董事兼董事會副主席馬浩文先生 之舅父。

## **DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Executive Directors (continued)**

Mr. Ma Ho Man, Hoffman, aged 48, joined the Group in 2005. He is an executive director of the Company and the Deputy Chairman of the Board as well as a director of the subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Ma is also a member of the Executive Committee. He is responsible for implementing the Company's strategies regarding the business development of the Group as well as managing the Group's business and operations. Mr. Ma has over 25 years of experience in the financial industry and years of managerial experience. He joined Success Securities, which is beneficially wholly-owned by Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny ("Mr. Yeung"), being the Chairman of the Board and an executive director as well as a controlling shareholder of the Company, in 2000. He has been a director of Success Securities since November 2008 and is responsible for overseeing its marketing affairs. Mr. Ma is presently a member of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (the "CPPCC") and a Standing Committee member of the CPPCC Chongging Committee. He was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2018. Besides, Mr. Ma was awarded Fellowship by Canadian Chartered Institute of Business Administration and Honorary Doctorate of Management by Lincoln University in 2009 and 2010 respectively. He is the nephew of Mr. Yeung.

## 董事(續)

#### 執行董事(續)

馬浩文先生,48歲,於二零零五年加盟 本集團。彼為本公司之執行董事兼董事 會副主席以及本公司附屬公司之董事。 馬先生亦出任執行委員會之成員,彼負 責執行就本集團之業務發展所制訂之 本公司策略,以及管理本集團之業務及 營運事宜。馬先生於金融業積逾25年經 驗,在管理方面亦擁有多年經驗。彼於二 零零零年加入實德證券(該公司由董事 會主席兼本公司之執行董事及控股股東 楊海成先生(「楊先生」) 實益全資擁有)。 彼自二零零八年十一月起出任實德證券 之董事一職,並負責監督該公司之市場 推廣事務。馬先生現擔任中國人民政治 協商會議(「政協」)全國委員會委員,亦為 政協重慶市委員會常務委員。彼於二零 一八年獲香港特別行政區政府頒授銅紫 荊星章。此外,馬先生分別於二零零九年 及二零一零年獲加拿大特許管理學院頒 授院士名銜及獲林肯大學頒授榮譽管理 博士名銜。彼為楊先生之外甥。

#### **DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

#### Non-executive Director

Mr. Choi Kin Pui, Russelle, aged 67, joined the Group in 2003. He is a non-executive director of the Company as well as a member of the audit committee (the "Audit Committee") of the Board, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Choi graduated from St. Pius X High School in 1976. He has extensive management experience in the telecommunication industry in Hong Kong, the United States of America (the "US") and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). Mr. Choi established Elephant Talk Limited in 1994, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Elephant Talk Communications Inc. ("ETCI"). ETCI was an American corporation whose securities were quoted on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board in the US and engaged in the provision of telecommunications services in Hong Kong and the US. Mr. Choi was a director of ETCI from 2002 to 2008 as well as the president and the chief executive officer of ETCI from 2002 to 2006 and was responsible for the planning of the overall strategy of ETCI. He also served as the chairman of ET Network Services Limited (now known as Guangdong Ming Ying Financial Leasing Co Limited), a Hong Kong company engaged in the provision of internet access and outsourcing services in the PRC and Hong Kong. Mr. Choi is presently an independent director of Goldenbridge Acquisition Limited, a company whose securities are listed on The NASDAQ Capital Market in the US. He was a non-executive independent director of Wealthbridge Acquisition Limited (now known as Scienjoy Holding Corporation), a company whose securities were listed on The NASDAQ Capital Market in the US.

#### 董事(續)

#### 非執行董事

蔡健培先生,67歲,於二零零三年加盟 本集團。彼為本公司之非執行董事,並 出任董事會轄下之審核委員會(「審核委 員會」)、薪酬委員會及提名委員會之成 員。蔡先生於一九七六年畢業於St. Pius X High School。彼於香港、美利堅合眾國 (「美國」)及中華人民共和國(「中國」) 電訊業擁有豐富的管理經驗。蔡先生於 一九九四年成立廣像電訊有限公司,該 公司為Elephant Talk Communications Inc. (「ETCI」) 之全資附屬公司。ETCI過去為 一間美國公司,其證券曾於美國場外電 子交易板掛牌,並曾在香港及美國提供 電訊服務。蔡先生曾於二零零二年至二 零零八年出任ETCI之董事一職,以及於 二零零二年至二零零六年擔任ETCI之主 席兼行政總裁,負責規劃ETCI之整體策 略。彼亦曾擔任廣像網絡服務有限公司 (現稱廣東民盈融資租賃有限公司)(一 間曾於中國及香港從事提供連接互聯網 及外判服務之香港公司) 之主席。蔡先生 現為Goldenbridge Acquisition Limited(該 公司之證券於美國納斯達克資本市場 上市) 之獨立董事。彼曾為Wealthbridge Acquisition Limited (現稱Scienjoy Holding Corporation)(該公司之證券曾於美國納 斯達克資本市場上市) 之非執行獨立董 事。

#### **DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Ms. Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann, aged 57, joined the Group in 2004. She is an independent non-executive director of the Company. She is also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee. Ms. Yeung holds a Bachelor degree of Retail Marketing with honours in the United Kingdom and a Diploma in Marketing from The Chartered Institute of Marketing. She pursued her further study on legal course and was awarded a Diploma in Legal Practice in the United Kingdom in 1998. Ms. Yeung has over 23 years of experience in legal field and is presently a consultant of Messrs. Fung & Fung, Solicitors, a legal firm in Hong Kong. She is also an independent non-executive director of Merdeka Financial Group Limited and E Lighting Group Holdings Limited, the issued shares of the said companies are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose, aged 57, joined the Group in 2012. He is an independent non-executive director of the Company. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Chin is a certified public accountant (practising) and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and The Chartered Governance Institute as well as a fellow member of The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong. He has over 35 years of experience in auditing, accounting and taxation. Mr. Chin is presently the sole practitioner of CNT & Co., Certified Public Accountants.

## 董事(續)

#### 獨立非執行董事

楊慕嫦女士,57歲,於二零零四年加盟本 集團。彼為本公司之獨立非執行董事,彼 亦出任薪酬委員會之主席,並出任審核 委員會及提名委員會之成員。楊女士於 英國持有零售市場學榮譽學士學位,及 英國特許市場學學會之市場學文憑。彼 其後於一九九八年在英國進修法律課程 並獲頒執業律師法律實務文憑。楊女士 於法律界積逾23年經驗,現為馮霄,馮 國基律師行(一間香港律師行)之顧問律 師。彼亦為領智金融集團有限公司及壹 照明集團控股有限公司(上述公司之已發 行股份均於聯交所創業板上市) 之獨立非 執行董事。

錢永樂先生,57歲,於二零一二年加盟本 集團。彼為本公司之獨立非執行董事,彼 亦出任審核委員會之主席,並出任薪酬 委員會及提名委員會之成員。錢先生為 香港會計師公會之執業會計師及資深會 員、英國特許公認會計師公會、香港公司 治理公會及英國特許公司治理公會之資 深會員,以及香港稅務學會之資深會員。 彼於審核、會計及稅務積逾35年經驗。錢 先生現為栢德會計師事務所之獨營執業 老。

#### **DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors (continued)**

Mr. Chong Ming Yu, aged 48, joined the Group in 2014. He is an independent non-executive director of the Company as well as a member of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Chong holds a Bachelor degree of Laws and a Postgraduate Certificate in Laws from City University of Hong Kong. He has been admitted as a practising solicitor since January 1999, with focus on the field of conveyancing, civil litigation and commercial. Mr. Chong has over 25 years of experience in legal field and is presently a consultant to Messrs. Kong & Tang, Solicitors, a legal firm in Hong Kong.

#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

#### **Company Secretary**

Ms. Chiu Nam Ying, Agnes, aged 48, joined the Group in 2003. She is the company secretary of the Company and is responsible for overseeing all legal matters of the Group. Ms. Chiu is a qualified solicitor and an associate member of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and The Chartered Governance Institute. She holds a Master degree of Laws from The University of Sheffield, United Kingdom. Before joining the Group, Ms. Chiu was a practising solicitor in a local law firm and possessed experience in banking and finance as well as property related matters.

#### **Financial Controller**

Mr. Wong Chi Keung, Alvin, aged 59, joined the Group as the financial controller in 2008 until 2015 and rejoined the Group in 2018. He is the financial controller of the Group and is responsible for financial and accounting matters of the Group. Mr. Wong is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as well as an associate member of The Chartered Institute of Management Accountants. He has over 34 years of experience in accounting and corporate finance gained in entertainment and travel-related, property development, construction and manufacturing companies.

#### 董事(續)

#### 獨立非執行董事(續)

莊名裕先生,48歲,於二零一四年加盟本 集團。彼為本公司之獨立非執行董事,並 出任審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委 員會之成員。莊先生持有香港城市大學 法律學學士學位及法學專業證書。彼自 一九九九年一月起獲認許為執業律師, 專門處理物業轉易、民事訴訟及商業事 官。莊先生於法律界積逾25年經驗,現為 江鄧律師行(一間香港律師行)之顧問律 師。

## 高級管理人員

#### 公司秘書

趙藍英女士,48歲,於二零零三年加盟本 集團。彼為本公司之公司秘書,並負責監 督本集團之法律事宜。趙女士為合資格 律師,並為香港公司治理公會及英國特 許公司治理公會之會員。彼持有英國The University of Sheffield頒發之法學碩士學 位。於加盟本集團前,趙女士一直在本地 一間律師事務所擔任執業律師,並於銀 行、財務及物業相關事宜上擁有經驗。

#### 財務總監

王志強先生,59歲,於二零零八年加盟 本集團出任財務總監一職直至二零一五 年,並於二零一八年重新加盟本集團。彼 為本集團之財務總監,負責本集團之財 務及會計事宜。王先生為香港會計師公 會及英國特許公認會計師公會之資深會 員,以及英國特許管理會計師公會會員。 彼於娛樂及旅遊相關、物業發展、建築及 製造等行業之公司積逾34年會計及企業 財務經驗。

## Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告



#### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SUCCESS UNIVERSE GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Success Universe Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 129 to 312, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

31/F, Gloucester Tower 香港 The Landmark 中環

11 Pedder Street 畢打街11號 置地廣場 Central

告羅士打大廈31樓 Hong Kong

#### 致實德環球有限公司各股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載 於第129至第312頁的實德環球有限公司 (以下簡稱「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(統 稱為「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜 合財務報表包括於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日 止年度的綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他 全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現 金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括 主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香 港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈 的《香港財務報告準則》(「香港財務報告 準則」) 真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於 二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務 狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現 及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條 例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

## 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香 港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」) 進行審 計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在 本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承 擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據 香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道 德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立 於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專 業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審 計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意 見提供基礎。

## 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們專業判斷,認 為對本期綜合財務報表之審計最為重要 之事項。這些事項於我們審計整體綜合 財務報表及出具意見時進行處理。我們 不會對這些事項提供單獨意見。

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Valuation of Investment Properties**

Refer to Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 閣鍵審計事項(續)

#### 投資物業之估值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註17。

#### The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

The Group's investment properties measured at fair value amounted to approximately HK\$138,600,000 as at 31 December 2021 and there was a revaluation gain of approximately HK\$8,100,000 for the year then ended. The fair value was determined by the Group with reference to the valuations performed by independent professional valuers engaged by the Group.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 貴集團按 公平值計量的投資物業約為港幣138,600,000 元,而截至該日止年度的重估收益約為港幣 8,100,000元。有關公平值乃由 貴集團參 考 貴集團委聘的獨立專業估值師進行的估值 釐定。

The valuations of investment properties involved significant judgements and estimates including: 投資物業估值涉及重大判斷及估計,包括:

- The determination of valuation techniques, which is using combination of income capitalisation method and direct comparison method of each property;
  - 估值方法的確定,各物業採用合併收入資 本化法及直接比較法;
- The section of different inputs in the valuation models.
  - 在多種估值模式下不同的輸入值。

Considering the significance of judgements, estimates and the financial impacts of the valuations, we paid specific attention to this matter in our audit.

考慮到判斷及估計之重要性及估值之財務影 響,我們於審核工作中對該事項給予特別關注。

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們進行審計時處理該事項之方法

Our procedures in relation to management's valuation of investment properties included but not

我們就管理層對投資物業之估值開展之程序包括 但不限於:

- Evaluation the competency, capability and objectivity of the independent professional external valuers.
  - 評估獨立專業外部估值師之資格、能力及客 觀性。
- Assessing the appropriateness of valuation methodology, key assumptions and estimates used based on our knowledge of the property industry and using our valuation experts.
  - 依據我們對物業行業的知識並透過我們的估 值專家,評估所採用的估值方法、關鍵假設及 估計的恰當性。
- Checking, on a sampling basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data used.
  - 運用抽樣方法,檢查所採用的輸入數據的準 確性和相關性。

We found the key assumptions were supported by the available evidence. The fair market rents were supportable by recent renewals and in line with our expectation. We found the disclosures in Note 17 to be appropriate.

我們發現,關鍵假設與所獲證據相符。公平市場租 金可由近期續訂支持,並與我們預期一致。我們認 為附註17所作之披露屬適當。

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)**

#### Impairment Assessment of Interests in **Associates**

Refer to Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

under the equity method. As at 31 December 2021, the interests in associates amounted to approximately HK\$547,052,000, including goodwill of approximately HK\$19,409,000, and the related loss on share of results of associates for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$48,654,000.

The interests in associates are accounted for

於聯營公司之權益採用權益法列賬。於二零 二一年十二月三十一日,於聯營公司之權益 (包括商譽約港幣19,409,000元)約為港幣 547,052,000元,而截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,應佔聯營公司業績的相關虧 損約為港幣48,654,000元。

## 閣鍵審計事項(續)

#### 於聯營公司之權益之減值評估

請參閱綜合財務報表附註18。

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們進行審計時處理該事項之方法

Our procedures in relation to the management's impairment assessment of interests in associates included but not limited to:

我們就管理層對於聯營公司之權益減值評估開展 之程序包括但不限於:

- Evaluating the competency, capabilities and objectivity of the independent professional external valuer.
  - 評估獨立專業外部估值師之資格、能力及客 觀性。
- Assessing the valuation methodology, key assumptions and estimates used against our knowledge of the business and industry.
  - 比對我們對相關業務及行業的知識,評估所 採用的估值方法、關鍵假設及估計。

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)**

## Impairment Assessment of Interests in **Associates (continued)**

#### The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

The management performed impairment assessment of interests in associates with the use of valuation performed by an independent professional external valuer based on the value in use calculation. The valuation requires the application of significant judgement and estimation by the management in determining the appropriate valuation methodology to be used, use of subjective assumptions and various unobservable inputs.

管理層已就聯營公司之權益進行減值評估並使 用獨立專業外部估值師根據使用價值計算得出 的估值。估值要求管理層於釐定將予使用之適 當估值方法、主觀假設及各類不可觀察輸入數 據之使用時運用重大判斷及估計。

## 關鍵審計事項(續)

#### 於聯營公司之權益之減值評估(續)

## How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們進行審計時處理該事項之方法

- Assessing the appropriateness of valuation methodology, key assumptions and estimates used based on our knowledge of the business and using our valuation experts.
  - 依據我們對相關業務的知識並透過我們的估 值專家,評估所採用的估值方法、關鍵假設及 估計的恰當性。
- Challenging the reasonableness of key assumptions used based on our knowledge of the business and industry.
  - 依據我們對該業務和行業的知識,質疑關鍵 假設的合理性。
- Checking, on a sampling basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data used.
  - 運用抽樣方法,檢查所採用的輸入數據的準 確性和相關性。

We found that the assumptions made by the management in relation to the value in use calculations to be reasonable based on available evidence. We found the disclosures in Note 18 to be appropriate.

根據所得證據,我們認為管理層就使用價值計算作 出之假設屬合理。我們認為附註18所作之披露屬滴 當。

#### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## 其他信息

董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 刊載於年度報告內的信息,但不包括綜 合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表 任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們 的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考 慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們 在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵 觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。 基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為 其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要 報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報 告。

## 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務 報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》 的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務 報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的 擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重 大錯誤陳述所需的內部監控負責。

## **RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS** AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## **AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR** THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

## 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務 報表須承擔的責任(續)

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評 估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用 情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以 及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事 有意將 貴集團清盤或終止經營,或別 無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務 報告過程。

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是 否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大 錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我 們意見的核數師報告。我們按照百慕達 一九八一年公司法第90條的規定,僅向 整體股東作出報告,除此以外本報告並 無其他用途。我們不會就本報告的內容 向任何其他人士承擔或負上任何責任。 合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證 按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某 一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤 陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理 預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響綜合 財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作 出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被 視作重大。

## **AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR** THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任(續)

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程 中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷 疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的 風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對 這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的 審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。 由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄 意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕於內部 監控之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而 導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳 述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部監控,以設 計適當的審計程序,但目的並非 對 貴集團內部監控的有效性發表 意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性 及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理 性。

## **AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR** THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的 恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審 計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情 況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能 導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產 生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重 大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報 告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報 表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露 不足,則我們應當發表非無保留意 見。我們的結論是基於核數師報告 日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未 來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不 能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方 式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜 合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事 項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的 財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計 憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表 意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方 向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見 承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通 了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計 發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部 監控的任何重大缺陷。

## **AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR** THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Ng Ka Wah.

# 承擔的責任(續)

核數師就審計綜合財務報表

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我 們已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求, 並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影 響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項, 以及在適用的情況下,為消除威脅而採 取的行動或採用的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確 定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計 最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們 在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法 律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在 極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我 們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超 過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報 告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目董事 是吳家華。

## **HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited**

Certified Public Accountants

#### Ng Ka Wah

Practising Certificate Number: P06417

Hong Kong, 30 March 2022

#### 國衛會計師事務所有限公司

香港執業會計師

#### 吳家華

執業證書編號:P06417

香港,二零二二年三月三十日

## **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss** 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
		113 Par	78.15 1 78	78113 1 78
Revenue	收益	6, 7	151,130	363,831
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(142,298)	(346,369)
	Til			47.460
Gross profit	毛利 # ///// # 7 // 2		8,832	17,462
Other revenue and gain	其他收益及收入 投資物業之公平值	8	4,649	7,106
Fair value gain/(loss) on investment properties	收益/(虧損)	17	8,100	(79,400)
Gain arising on change in fair	按公平值於損益列賬之	17	8,100	(79,400)
value of financial assets at fair				
value through profit or loss	產生之收益		87,725	131,119
Loss arising on disposal of	出售按公平值於其他		0.7.20	.5.,5
financial assets at fair value	全面收益列賬之			
through other comprehensive	財務資產產生之虧損			
income			(143)	_
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(46,479)	(50,411)
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支	9(c)	(1,659)	(16,029)
Profit from operations	經營溢利		61,025	9,847
Finance costs	財務成本	9(a)	(8,195)	(6,629)
Share of results of joint ventures	應佔合營企業業績		683	571
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績		(48,654)	(145,725)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除稅前溢利/(虧損)	9	4,859	(141,936)
Taxation	稅項	10(a)	_	
D., 64//1> f th	十年英兴和 / (転担)		4.050	(1.44.026)
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)		4,859	(141,936)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of	本公司股東應佔本年度 溢利/(虧損)			
the Company			4,859	(141,936)
Earnings/(loss) per share	每股盈利/(虧損)			
– Basic and diluted	一基本及攤薄	14	0.10 HK cents港仙	(2.88) HK cents港仙

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註為本綜合財務報表之組成部 分。

## Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	4,859	(141,936)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	其他全面收益/(虧損)		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas	其後可能重新分類至損益之 項目: 換算海外附屬公司財務報表 所產生之匯兌差額		
subsidiaries Profit/(loss) arising on change in fair value of financial assets through	按公平值於其他全面收益 列賬之財務資產公平值	214	249
other comprehensive income Release upon derecognition of financial assets at fair value through	變動產生之溢利/(虧損) 終止確認按公平值於其他 全面收益列賬之財務資產	73	(216)
other comprehensive income	時解除	143	
Total other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	除稅後之本年度其他全面 收益總額	430	33
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	本年度全面收益/(虧損) 總額	5,289	(141,903)
Total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year attributable to	本公司股東應佔本年度全面 收益/(虧損)總額		
owners of the Company	,	5,289	(141,903)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註為本綜合財務報表之組成部 分。

## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position** 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

			n, — 4 —	-     —/J —   H
			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
		113	,5,1,5,1,7,5	78.15 1 78
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipmen	t物業、廠房及設備	15	247,675	270,008
Intangible assets	無形資產	16	9,855	2,464
Investment properties	投資物業	17	138,600	130,500
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	18	547,052	556,506
Interests in joint ventures	於合營企業之權益	19	7,323	6,640
Financial assets at fair	按公平值於其他全面		-	,
value through other	收益列賬之財務資產			
comprehensive income	, , <u> </u>	20	_	7,405
			950,505	973,523
Current assets	流動資產			
Stock of properties	物業存貨	21	111,400	110,900
Trade and other receivables	應收貿易賬款及其他			
	應收賬款	22	9,952	15,311
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值於損益列賬之			
through profit or loss	財務資產	23	266,804	169,435
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	24	558	551
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	25	49,611	117,394
			438,325	413,591
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及其他			
frade and other payables	應付賬款	26	17 202	10 606
Bank loans	銀行貸款	26 27	17,282	19,606
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		302,500 584	302,500
		28		773
Financial guarantee contract	財務擔保合約	30	322	644
			320,688	323,523
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		117,637	90,068
Total accets loss summers	资多纳估试达制各售			
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		1,068,142	1,063,591
			, ,	,,

## Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued) 綜合財務狀況表(續)

As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note 附註	一~一 HK\$′000 港幣千元	-
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	28	336	911
Loan from a director and	一名董事兼控股股東			
controlling shareholder	貸款	29	60,000	60,000
Financial guarantee contract	財務擔保合約	30	161	324
			60,497	61,235
Net assets	資產淨值		1,007,645	1,002,356
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	32	49,265	49,265
Reserves	儲備		958,380	953,091
Total equity	權益總值		1,007,645	1,002,356

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 March 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

綜合財務報表已於二零二二年三月三十 日獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並由以下 董事代表簽署:

Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny 楊海成 Director 董事

Ma Ho Man, Hoffman 馬浩文 Director 董事

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註為本綜合財務報表之組成部 分。

## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

## Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司股東應佔

		华公司放木 悠山							
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	premium	Distributable reserve 可供分派儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note b) (附註b)	Revaluation reserve 重估儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note c) (附註c)	Exchange reserve 匯兌儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note d) (附註d)	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total equity 權益總值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年 一月一日	49,265	1,418,963	52,333	-	(4,219)	976	(373,059)	1,144,259
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(141,936)	(141,936
Other comprehensive (loss)/ income for the year	本年度其他全面 (虧損) / 收益	-	_	-	(216)	249	_	-	33
Total comprehensive (loss)/ income for the year	本年度全面(虧損)/ 收益總額	-	-	-	(216)	249	-	(141,936)	(141,903
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日及 二零二一年 一月一日	49,265	1,418,963	52,333	(216)	(3,970)	976	(514,995)	1,002,356
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	-	(3)370)	-	4,859	4,859
Other comprehensive income for the year Release upon derecognition of financial assets at fair value through other	本年度其他全面收益 終止確認按公平值 於其他全面收益列賬 之財務資產時發放	-	-	-	73	214	-	-	287
comprehensive income		-	-	-	143	-	-	-	143
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	-	-	-	216	214	-	4,859	5,289
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	49,265	1,418,963	52,333	-	(3,756)	976	(510,136)	1,007,645

## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Continued)

### 綜合權益變動表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### (a) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by section 40 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda

#### (b) Distributable reserve

The distributable reserve is the reserve of the Company available for distribution to the shareholders as calculated under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

#### (c) Revaluation reserve

The revaluation reserve represents cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that have been recognised in other comprehensive income, net of amounts reclassified to profit or loss when those debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income are disposed of or are determined to be impaired.

#### (d) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2(r).

#### (a) 股份溢價

股份溢價賬之應用受百慕達 一九八一年公司法第40條所規管。

#### (b) 可供分派儲備

可供分派儲備指本公司按照百慕達 一九八一年公司法計算可供分派予 股東之儲備。

#### (c) 重估儲備

重估儲備指重估按公平值於其他全 面收益列賬之債務工具所產生日已 於其他全面收益確認的累計收益及 虧損,並扣減當該等按公平值於其 他全面收益列賬之債務工具出售或 釐定為減值時重新分類至損益的金 額。

#### (d) 雁兌儲備

匯兌儲備包括因換算海外業務之財 務報表而產生之所有外匯差額。該 儲備乃根據附註2(r)所載會計政策 處理。

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註為本綜合財務報表之組成部 分。

## **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows** 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
CASH FLOW FROM	經營業務之現金流			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除稅前溢利/(虧損)		4,859	(141,936)
Adjustments for:	已就下列各項作出調整:			
Fair value (gain)/loss on	投資物業之公平值			
investment properties	(收益)/虧損	17	(8,100)	79,400
Gain arising on change in	按公平值於損益列賬之			
fair value of financial	財務資產公平值變動			
assets at fair value	產生之收益			
through profit or loss		23	(87,725)	(131,119)
Loss arising on disposal of	出售按公平值於其他			
financial assets at fair	全面收益列賬之			
value through other	財務資產產生之虧損			
comprehensive income		20	143	_
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	8	(59)	(147)
Interest income from	出售按公平值於其他			
financial assets at fair	全面收益列賬之			
value through other	財務資產之利息收入	0	(420)	(0.42)
comprehensive income	2010至此停事停扣開	8	(139)	(842)
COVID-19-related rental concessions	2019冠狀病毒病相關 租金優惠	0		(07)
Finance costs	財務成本	8 9(a)	8,195	(87) 6,629
Depreciation:	折舊:	3(a)	0,193	0,029
– owned property,	一自置物業、廠房及			
plant and equipment	設備	9(d), 15	12,175	3,584
<ul><li>right-of-use assets</li></ul>	一使用權資產	9(d), 15	788	5,367
Amortisation on financial	財務擔保合約攤銷	3 (0.// . 3		3,33.
guarantee contract	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	8,30	(485)	(644)
Share of results of	應佔合營企業業績	,	, ,	,
joint ventures		19	(683)	(571)
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績	18	48,654	145,725
(Reversal of write-down)/write	- 物業存貨(撇減撥回)/			
down of stock of properties		9(c), 21	(500)	8,850
Impairment loss recognised	就無形資產確認之減值			
on intangible assets	虧損	9(c), 16	2,811	4,338
(Reversal of allowance)/	就應收貿易賬款作出			
allowance for expected	預期信貸虧損之			
credit losses on trade	(撥備撥回)/撥備,	0()		
receivables, net	淨額 ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※	9(c), 22	(652)	2,841
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整 山焦物業 麻気刃 割 供		(1,432)	(462)
(Gain)/loss on disposal	出售物業、廠房及設備			
of property, plant and	之(收益)/虧損	0(4)	(207)	42
equipment		9(d)	(297)	42

## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

## 綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		N	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note 附註	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前之經營			
<b>changes in working capital</b> Decrease in trade and other	<b>現金流</b> 應收貿易賬款及其他應收		(22,447)	(19,032)
receivables Decrease in trade and other	賬款減少 應付貿易賬款及其他應付		6,090	25,846
payables	應的員勿聚 <u>級</u> 及其他應的 賬款減少		(2,491)	(25,904)
NET CASH USED IN	經營業務動用之現金淨額			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			(18,848)	(19,090)
CASH FLOW FROM	投資活動之現金流			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Payment for purchase of	購買物業、廠房及設備			
property, plant and equipmen		15	(705)	(5,380)
Net proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipmen	出售物業、廠房及設備之 t 所得款淨額		10 /11	20
Increase in amounts due from	( )		10,411	20
an associate	款項增加	18	(39,200)	(78,043)
(Increase)/decrease in pledged	已抵押銀行存款		(22,233)	(,,
bank deposits	(增加)/減少		(20)	9,865
Purchases of intangible assets	購買無形資產	16	(10,131)	_
Sale proceeds/(purchases) of	按公平值於其他全面收益			
financial assets at fair value	列賬的財務資產銷售			
through other comprehensive income	所得款/(購買)	20	7,479	(7,615)
Purchases of financial assets	購買按公平值於損益	20	7,473	(7,013)
at fair value through profit or	列賬的財務資產			
loss	, 3, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(8,275)	(38,438)
Bank interest income received	已收銀行利息收入	8	59	147
Interest income received from	已收按公平值於其他			
financial assets at fair value	全面收益列賬之財務			
through other comprehensive	資產之利息收入		120	421
income			139	431
NET CASH USED IN	投資活動動用之現金淨額			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	ススルガガバルへの並行以		(40,243)	(119,013)
-				

## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) 綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
CASH FLOW FROM	融資活動之現金流	.,,,,,		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
New bank loan raised	新籌集銀行貸款		_	272,500
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款		_	(164,000)
Loan from a director and	一名董事兼控股股東			
controlling shareholder	貸款		50,000	60,000
Repayment of loan from a	償還一名董事兼控股			
director and controlling	股東貸款		(50.000)	
shareholder	十分日本		(50,000)	- (C 005)
Finance costs paid	支付財務成本		(8,027)	(6,895)
Payment of lease rentals	支付租賃租金		(802)	(5,337)
NET CASH (USED IN)/ GENERATED FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動(動用)/產生 之現金淨額		(8,829)	156,268
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at	現金及現金等值項目 (減少)/增加淨額 年初現金及現金等值項目		(67,920)	18,165
the beginning of year			117,394	98,752
Effect of foreign exchange rate	匯率變動之影響		117,001	30,732
changes			137	477
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END	年末現金及現金等值項目			
OF THE YEAR			49,611	117,394
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents Cash and bank balances	<b>現金及現金等值</b> <b>項目之結餘分析</b> 現金及銀行結餘	25	49,611	117,394
Casil aliu palik palalices	- 元 並 / 义 业 门 二 に 既	23	43,011	117,394

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註為本綜合財務報表之組成部 分。

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 1. ORGANISATION AND PRINCIPAL **ACTIVITIES**

The Company was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in Bermuda on 27 May 2004 under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and its issued shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The Company's registered office is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Units 1003-04A, 10/F., Tower 1, Admiralty Centre, 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong. Its controlling shareholder is Silver Rich Macau Development Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI") with limited liability.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS(s)"), which collective term includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS(s)") and interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and applicable disclosure requirements under the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "Companies Ordinance"). For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosures provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

## 1. 組織及主要業務

本公司於二零零四年五月二十七日 根據百慕達一九八一年公司法在 百慕達註冊成立為獲豁免有限公 司,而其已發行股份於香港聯合交 易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本 公司之註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM 11, Bermuda。本公司主要營業 地點是位於香港夏慤道18號海富中 心1座10樓1003-04A室。其控股股 東為劭富澳門發展有限公司(一間 於英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」) 註冊成立之有限公司)。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,其 附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務 報表附註40。

#### 2 主要會計政策

#### (a) 守童聲明

此等綜合財務報表乃根據香港 會計師公會(「香港會計師公 會」) 頒佈之所有適用香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」,此統稱包括所有適用個 別香港財務報告準則、香港會 計準則(「香港會計準則」)及 詮釋)、香港公認會計原則以 及公司條例(香港法例第622 章)(「公司條例」)所規定之適 用披露要求編製。就編製綜合 財務報表而言,倘有關資料合 理預期會影響主要用者作出決 定,則有關資料被視為重大。 此等綜合財務報表亦遵守聯交 所證券上市規則(「上市規則」) 所規定之適用披露條文。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## (a) Statement of compliance (continued)

The HKICPA has issued certain amendments and interpretations which are or have become effective. It also issued certain new and revised standards, amendments and interpretation ("New HKFRSs"), which are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group (as defined hereinafter). Note 3 provides information on initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

### (b) Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements included the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") and the Group's interests in associates and joint ventures made up to 31 December each year.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand ("HK\$'000") except when otherwise indicated.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (a) 守章聲明(續)

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干現 時或已經生效之修訂本及詮 釋,亦已頒佈若干於本集團(定 義見下文) 當期之會計期間首 次生效或可供提早採納之新 訂及經修訂準則、修訂本及詮 釋(「新香港財務報告準則」)。 附註3載列於此等綜合財務報 表內所反映之當期及過往會計 期間首次應用當中與本集團有 關之發展的資料。

#### (b) 綜合財務報表之編製基準

綜合財務報表包括截至每年 十二月三十一日止本公司及其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之財 務報表,以及本集團於聯營公 司及合營企業之權益。

綜合財務報表以本公司之功能 貨幣港幣(「港幣」)呈列。除非 另有註明,否則所有價值已四 捨五入至最接近之千位數(「港 幣千元」)。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

#### Basis of measurement

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is the historical cost basis except that investment properties, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"), financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") and financial guarantee contract are stated at their fair value as explained in notes 2(h) and 2(k) to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in orderly transactions between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or liability, the Group takes into account the characteristic of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Sharebased Payment", leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (b) 綜合財務報表之編製基準 (續)

#### 計量基準

編製綜合財務報表所採用之計 量基準為歷史成本基準(惟綜 合財務報表附註2(h)及2(k)所 載分別以公平值列賬之投資物 業、按公平值於其他全面收益 列賬 (「按公平值於其他全面收 益列賬」)之財務資產、按公平 值於損益列賬(「按公平值於損 益列賬」)之財務資產及財務擔 保合約除外)。

歷史成本一般按交換貨品及服 務時所付代價之公平值計量。

公平值為於計量日期市場參與 者之間進行有序交易中出售資 產所收取或轉讓負債所支付之 價格,不論該價格是否直接觀 察可得或使用另一估值方法估 計。估計資產或負債之公平值 時,本集團考慮市場參與者於 計量日期為資產或負債進行定 價時將會考慮該資產或負債之 特點。在該等綜合財務報表計 量及/或披露之公平值均在此 基礎上予以確定,惟香港財務 報告準則第2號「股份付款」範 圍內之股份付款交易、按照香 港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」 入賬之租賃交易以及與公平值 有若干相似之處但並非公平值 (例如香港會計準則第2號「存 貨」之可變現淨值或香港會計 準則第36號「資產減值」之使用 價值) 之計量除外。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## (b) Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

#### Basis of measurement (continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying amount of assets and liabilities not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

## (b) 綜合財務報表之編製基準 (續)

#### 計量基準(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,公平 值計量根據公平值計量輸入數 據之可觀察程度及輸入數據對 公平值計量之整體重要性分類 為第一級、第二級或第三級, 載沭如下:

- 第一級輸入數據指實體 於計量日期可取得之相 同資產或負債在活躍市 場之報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據指就資 產或負債可直接或間接 觀察之輸入數據(第一級 內包括之報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據指資產 或負債之不可觀察之輸 入數據。

於編製符合香港財務報告準則 之綜合財務報表時,管理層須 作出判斷、估計及假設,而該 等判斷、估計及假設會影響政 策之應用以及資產、負債、收 入及支出之呈報金額。該等估 計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗 及在有關情況下視為合理之多 項其他因素而作出,其結果構 成管理層在無法依循其他途徑 即時得知資產與負債之賬面值 時所作出判斷之基礎。實際結 果可能與該等估計數額存在差 異。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 主要會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

#### Basis of measurement (continued)

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the consolidated financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are discussed in note 5.

#### (c) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its return.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more or the three elements of control listed above.

### (b) 綜合財務報表之編製基準 (續)

#### 計量基準(續)

估計及有關假設按持續基準審 閱。倘若會計估計之修訂僅影 響該修訂期間,有關修訂於該 期間內確認;或倘若修訂對當 前及未來期間均有影響,則於 作出修訂之期間及未來期間確 認。

有關管理層就應用對綜合財務 報表有重大影響之香港財務報 告準則時所作之判斷以及對下 一個年度有重大調整風險之估 計,將於附註5討論。

#### (c) 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及受 本公司及其附屬公司控制之實 體(包括架構實體)之財務報 表。倘屬以下情況,本公司則 獲得控制權:

- 可對被投資者行使權力;
- 因參與被投資者之業務 而可獲得或有權獲得浮 動回報;及
- 有能力運用其權力影響 其回報。

倘有事實或情況顯示上述三項 控制因素中有一項或以上出現 變數,本集團會重新評估其是 否仍控制該名被投資者。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Basis of consolidation (continued)

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- right arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expense of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (c) 綜合基準(續)

常本集團於被投資者之投票權 未能佔大多數,但只要投票權 足以賦予本集團實際能力可單 方面掌控被投資者之相關業 務,本集團即可對被投資者行 使權力。在評估本集團於被投 資者之投票權是否足以賦予其 權力時,本集團會考慮所有相 關事實及情況,其中包括:

- 本集團所持投票權之規 模相對於其他持票人所 持投票權之規模及分散 程度;
- 本集團、其他持票人或其 他人士持有之潛在投票 權;
- 其他合約安排所產生之 權利;及
- 於需要作出決定時,表明 本集團當前擁有或並無 擁有指導相關活動之能 力之任何額外事實及情況 (包括先前股東大會上 之投票模式)。

本集團於獲得附屬公司控制權 時將附屬公司綜合入賬,並於 失去附屬公司控制權時終止綜 合入賬。具體而言,年內購入 或出售附屬公司之收入及開支 於本集團獲得控制權當日起至 本集團失去附屬公司控制權當 日止,計入綜合損益及其他全 面收益表內。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 主要會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Basis of consolidation (continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the noncontrolling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the noncontrolling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income and expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

## Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries.

Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair values of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

#### (c) 綜合基準(續)

溢利或虧損及其他全面收益之 每一部分,均歸屬於本公司股 東及非控股權益。附屬公司之 全面收益總額亦歸屬於本公司 股東及非控股權益,即使此舉 會導致非控股權益出現虧絀結 餘。

如有需要,附屬公司之財務報 表會作出調整,使其會計政策 與本集團會計政策一致。

所有集團內公司之間之資產及 負債、權益、收入、開支及現金 流量(與本集團成員公司之間 之交易有關),於綜合賬目時 全數對銷。

### 本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權 權益之變動

本集團於附屬公司擁有權權益 之變動如並無導致本集團失去 對該等附屬公司之控制權,將 作為權益交易入賬。本集團之 權益及非控股權益之賬面值已 作調整,以反映彼等於附屬公 司之相對權益之變動。

非控股權益所調整之金額與已 付或已收代價之公平值之間的 差額,均直接於權益中確認並 歸屬於本公司股東。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Basis of consolidation (continued)

### Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries (continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in subsidiaries is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(j)).

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (c) 綜合基準(續)

### 本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權 權益之變動(續)

當本集團失去一間附屬公司之 控制權時,收益或虧損會於損 益中確認,並按(i)已收代價之 公平值及任何保留權益之公平 值之總額與(ji)附屬公司之資產 (包括商譽)及負債以及任何 非控股權益之先前賬面值之間 的差額計算。所有先前於其他 全面收益確認有關該附屬公司 之款項,將按猶如本集團已直 接出售該附屬公司之相關資產 或負債入賬(即按適用香港財 務報告準則所規定/許可重新 分類至損益或轉撥至另一類權 益)。於失去控制權當日於前 附屬公司保留之任何投資之公 平值按香港財務報告準則第9號 「金融工具」,或(如適用),於 其後入賬時被列作首次確認之 公平值,於首次確認時列作於 一間聯營公司或一間合營企業 之投資成本。

在本公司財務狀況表內,於附 屬公司之投資按成本扣除減值 虧損列賬(見附註2(j))。

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#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. (CONTINUED)

#### (d) Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exits only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates or a joint venture are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations". Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

## (d) 於聯營公司及合營企業之 投資

聯營公司指本集團對其擁有重 大影響力之實體。重大影響力 乃參與被投資者之財務及營運 政策決定而非控制或共同控制 該等政策之權力。

合營企業乃一項合資安排,據 此,對安排有共同控制權之各 方對合資安排之資產淨值擁有 權利。共同控制權乃經合約協 定分享一項安排之控制權,並 僅於相關活動之決定須分享控 制權各方一致同意時存在。

聯營公司或合營企業之業績及 資產與負債乃按權益會計法記 入綜合財務報表,惟分類為持 作出售之投資或其部分則根據 香港財務報告準則第5號「持作 出售之非流動資產及已終止 經營業務」入賬。根據權益法, 於聯營公司或合營企業之投資 於綜合財務狀況表按成本首 次確認,並於其後作出調整, 以確認本集團應佔該聯營公司 或合營企業之損益及其他全面 收益。當本集團應佔聯營公司 或合營企業之虧損超出其於該 聯營公司或合營企業之權益時 (包括實質上構成本集團於該 聯營公司或合營企業投資淨額 一部分之任何長期權益),本 集團則終止確認其應佔之進一 步虧損。額外虧損僅於本集團 已產生法定或推定責任或代該 聯營公司或合營企業付款時, 方予確認。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (d) Investments in associates and joint ventures (continued)

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate or a joint venture may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

## (d) 於聯營公司及合營企業之 投資(續)

於聯營公司或合營企業之投資 由被投資者成為聯營公司或 合營企業當日起,按權益法入 賬。在收購於一間聯營公司或 一間合營企業之投資時,投資 成本超出本集團應佔被投資者 可識別資產及負債之公平淨值 之任何部分將確認為商譽,並 計入投資之賬面值內。本集團 應佔可識別資產及負債公平淨 值超出投資成本之任何部分, 經重新評估後於收購投資期間 於損益中即時確認。

本集團評估是否存在於聯營公 司或合營企業之權益可能減值 之客觀證據。當存在任何客觀 證據時,投資(包括商譽)之全 部賬面值會根據香港會計準則 第36號作為單一資產,藉比較 其可收回金額(即使用價值與 公平值減出售成本之較高者) 與其賬面值進行減值測試。任 何已確認之減值虧損不會分配 至構成投資賬面值之一部分之 資產(包括商譽)。該減值虧損 之任何撥回乃根據香港會計準 則第36號確認,惟僅以投資之 可收回金額其後增加為限。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## (d) Investments in associates and joint ventures (continued)

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of the relevant interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate or joint venture.

# 2. 主要會計政策(續)

## (d) 於聯營公司及合營企業之 投資(續)

當本集團不再對聯營公司擁有 重大影響力或不再對合營企 業擁有共同控制權時,入賬列 作出售於被投資者全部權益, 所產生之收益或虧損於損益確 認。當本集團保留於前聯營公 司或合營企業之權益,且保留 權益為香港財務報告準則第9 號範圍內的財務資產時,本集 團按該日之公平值計量保留權 益,而該公平值則被視為首次 確認時之公平值。聯營公司或 合營企業之賬面值與任何保留 權益之公平值及出售聯營公司 或合營企業相關權益所得任何 款項之間的差額,均計入釐定 出售聯營公司或合營企業之損 益。此外,本集團將先前於其 他全面收益就該聯營公司或合 營企業確認之所有金額入賬, 基準與假設該聯營公司或合營 企業直接出售相關資產或負債 時所規定之基準相同。因此, 倘若聯營公司或合營企業先前 於其他全面收益確認之損益於 出售相關資產或負債時重新分 類至損益,則本集團將於出售 /部分出售相關聯營公司或合 營企業時將權益之收益或虧損 重新分類至損益(列作重新分 類調整)。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## (d) Investments in associates and joint ventures (continued)

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interests in associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interests if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

In the Group's consolidated statement of financial position, interests in associate and joint venture are stated at cost less impairment loss. If there is an indication of impairment, then the impairment test applied follows the principles in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" (see note 2(j)).

# 2. 主要會計政策(續)

## (d) 於聯營公司及合營企業之 投資(續)

常於聯營公司之投資成為於合 營企業之投資或於合營企業 之投資成為於聯營公司之投 資時,本集團則繼續使用權益 法。擁有權權益出現上述變動 時,公平值不會重新計量。

於本集團削減其於聯營公司或 合營企業之擁有權權益而又繼 續使用權益法時,倘先前於其 他全面收益確認有關削減擁有 權權益之收益或虧損將於出售 相關資產或負債時重新分類至 損益,本集團則會將該收益或 虧損按比例重新分類至損益。

當一組實體與本集團之聯營公 司或合營企業進行交易時,與 聯營公司或合營企業交易所產 生之溢利及虧損僅在聯營公司 或合營企業之權益與本集團無 關之情況下,方會於本集團之 綜合財務報表內確認。

於本集團之綜合財務狀況表 內,於聯營公司及合營企業之 權益按成本扣除減值虧損列 賬。倘出現減值跡象,則所應 用之減值測試乃依循香港會計 準則第36號「資產減值」之原則 (見附註2(i))。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (e) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if anv.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash generating units ("CGU(s)") (or group of CGUs) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, which represent the lowest level at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and not larger than an operating segment.

A CGU (or group of CGUs) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the CGU (or group of CGUs) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or group of CGUs).

On disposal of the relevant CGU or any of the CGU within the group of CGUs, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of an operation within the CGU (or a CGU within a group of CGUs), the amount of goodwill disposed of is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation (or the CGU) disposed of and the portion of the CGU (or the group of CGUs) retained.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (e) 商譽

收購業務產生之商譽按於收購 業務常日設定之成本(見上述 會計政策) 扣減累計減值虧損 (如有)列賬。

就減值測試而言,商譽被分配 至預期可從合併之協同效應中 獲益之本集團各個現金產生單 位(「現金產生單位」)(或各組 現金產生單位),亦即就內部 管理目的監察商譽且並不大於 經營分部之最低層級。

獲分配商譽之現金產生單位 (或一組現金產生單位)每年 測試減值,如有跡象顯示單位 可能減值,則更頻密地測試。 就遲報告期內收購而產生之商 譽,獲分配商譽之現金產生單 位(或一組現金產生單位)於該 報告期末前測試減值。倘可收 回金額低於其賬面值,則減值 虧損先分配至扣減任何商譽之 賬面值,其後基於每項資產於 該單位(或該組現金產生單位) 賬面值之比例分配至其他資 產。

於出售相關現金產生單位或某 組現金產生單位內之任何現金 產生單位時,商譽應佔金額於 釐定出售損益金額時會計算在 內。當本集團出售某一現金產 生單位(或某組現金產生單位 內之一項現金產生單位)內之 某項業務時,所出售之商譽金 額按所出售業務(或現金產生 單位)與所保留現金產生單位 (或該組現金產生單位)部分 之相對價值計量。

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## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 2(j)).

Gain or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds on disposal and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life at the following rates per annum:

Land and buildings	2.5% – over the
	lease terms
Leasehold improvements	20% – over the
	lease terms
Furniture, fittings and	18% − 33¹/₃%
office equipment	
Motor vehicles	30%
Motor yacht and equipment	10% – 20%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually. There is no depreciation imposed on the freehold land.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (f) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減累 計折舊及減值虧損於綜合財務 狀況表列賬(見附註2(j))。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備 項目產生之收益或虧損,以出 售所得款項淨額與項目賬面值 間之差額釐定,並於報廢或出 售日期在損益中確認。

折舊予以確認,藉此以直線法 按物業、廠房及設備根據以下 年率於估計可使用年期撇銷 項目成本減估計剩餘價值(如 有):

土地及樓宇	2.5%-
	於租期內
租賃裝修	20%-
	於租期內
<b>傢俬、裝置及</b>	18% – 33¹/₃%
辦公室設備	
汽車	30%
游艇及設備	10%-20%

倘若物業、廠房及設備項目部 分之可使用年期不同,項目成 本則於各部分之間按合理基準 分配,而各部分將個別折舊。 資產可使用年期及其剩餘價值 (如有)會每年審閱。並無就 永久業權土地作出折舊。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (f) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

## (g) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets, other than goodwill, identified on business combinations are capitalised at their fair values. They represent mainly trademark relationship with customers and cryptocurrencies. Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis from the date of acquisition over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Client list 15 years

The asset's useful lives and their amortisation method are reviewed annually.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised. The intangible asset and its status are reviewed annually to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support indefinite useful life. Should the useful life of an intangible asset change from indefinite to finite, the change would be accounted for prospectively from the date of change and in accordance with the policy for amortisation of intangible assets with finite lives as set out above.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (f) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售 時或預期持續使用該資產不會 產生未來經濟利益時終止確 認。出售或報廢物業、廠房及 設備項目產生之任何收益或虧 損按銷售所得款項與資產賬值 之差額釐定,並於損益確認。

#### (q) 無形資產(商譽除外)

業務合併時所識別之無形資產 (商譽除外)乃按彼等之公平 值撥作資本,其主要為商標、 與客戶之關係及加密貨幣。首 次確認後,具有限可使用年期 之無形資產按成本減累計攤銷 及累計減值虧損列賬。具有限 可使用年期之無形資產由收購 當日起,於其以下估計可使用 年期內按直線法攤銷計入損 益:

客戶名單 15年

資產之可使用年期及彼等之攤 銷方法於每年進行檢討。

具無限可使用年期之無形資產 不作攤銷。無形資產及其狀況 於每年進行檢討,以確定事件 及情況是否持續令無限可使用 年期可以繼續下去。倘無形資 產之可使用年期由無限轉變為 有限,則由轉變當日起,根據 上述具有限可使用年期之無形 資產攤銷政策對是次轉變進行 往後之會計處理。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (g) Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (continued)

Cryptocurrencies purchased and held by the Group include Bitcoins, which are accounted for as intangible assets under the cost model. The Group has ownership of and control over the cryptocurrencies held and employs thirdparty custodian services to monitor them. The cryptocurrencies held by the Group are considered to have indefinite life, given there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the relevant cryptocurrencies are expected to generate net cash inflows for the Group. They are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. The accounting policies applied for impairment of cryptocurrencies are consistent with those for impairment of non-financial assets, as described in note 2(j). Cryptocurrencies that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period. The increased carrying amount of cryptocurrencies attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss, which is recognised in profit or loss, will not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the cryptocurrencies in prior accounting periods.

# 2. 主要會計政策(續)

## (a) 無形資產(商譽除外)(續)

本集團購買及持有之加密貨幣 包括比特幣,根據成本模式入 賬列作無形資產。本集團對持 有之加密貨幣擁有所有權及控 制權,並僱用第三方託管服務 監察加密貨幣。鑒於相關加密 貨幣預期為本集團產生現金 流入淨額的期間並無可預見 限制,本集團持有之加密貨幣 被視為具有無限可使用年期。 該等加密貨幣無需攤銷,惟每 年須就減值進行測試,或倘出 現事件或情況有改變顯示加密 貨幣可能減值,則更頻密地進 行測試。應用於加密貨幣減值 之會計政策與附註2(i)所述之 非財務資產減值之會計政策一 致。已蒙受減值之加密貨幣於 各報告期末就是否可以撥回減 值進行檢討。倘於過往會計期 間並未就加密貨幣確認任何減 值虧損,則任何減值虧損增加 後賬面值(於損益內確認)不得 超過原應釐定之賬面值。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## (g) Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (continued)

The recoverable amount of cryptocurrencies are determined based on fair value less costs of disposal. In determining the fair values, the relevant available markets are identified by the Group, and the Group considers accessibility to, and activity within those markets in order to identify the principal cryptocurrency markets for the Group. The fair value of cryptocurrencies traded in active markets (such as trading and exchange platforms) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. Therefore, the fair value used for assessment of recoverable amount in impairment tests is determined as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for cryptocurrencies.

#### **Derecognition of intangible assets**

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

## (a) 無形資產(商譽除外)(續)

加密貨幣之可收回金額乃按公 平值減出售成本釐定。於釐定 公平值時,本集團識別相關可 選市場,並考慮該等市場之便 利度及活動,為本集團識別出 主要加密貨幣市場。於活躍市 場(例如買賣及交易平台)買賣 加密貨幣的公平值按於報告期 末所報市價計算。如可從交易 所隨時定期取得報價,而該等 價格代表實際定期出現之公平 市場交易,則該市場即被視為 活躍。因此,於減值測試中評 估可收回金額所用之公平值被 釐定為加密貨幣活躍市場之報 價(未經調整)。

#### 終止確認無形資產

於出售或預期使用或出售該無 形資產將不會帶來未來經濟利 益時,方會終止確認為無形資 產。因終止確認無形資產而產 生之收益及虧損(按出售所得 款項淨額與該資產賬面值間之 差額計算)將於終止確認資產 時於損益中確認。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (h) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value, adjusted to exclude any prepaid or accrued operating lease income. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Construction costs incurred for investment properties under construction are capitalised as part of the carrying amount of the investment properties under construction.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (h) 投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金及/ 或資本增值之物業(包括就該 等目的之在建物業)。投資物 業初步按成本(包括任何直接 應佔支出)計量。首次確認後, 投資物業按公平值計量,並作 調整以剔除任何預付或應計經 營和賃收入。投資物業公平值 變動所產生之收益或虧損於其 產生期間計入損益。

在建投資物業所產生之建築成 本予以資本化為在建投資物業 之賬面值之一部分。

於出售後或於投資物業永久不 再使用及預期出售該投資物業 將不會帶來未來經濟利益時, 方會終止確認為投資物業。因 終止確認物業而產生之任何收 益或虧損(按出售所得款項淨 額與該資產賬面值間之差額計 算) 將於終止確認物業之期間 內計入損益。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (i) Leases

#### **Definition of a lease**

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or arising from business combinations on or after the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

#### The Group as a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or nonlease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative standalone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the nonlease components.

The Group also applies practical expedient not to separate non-lease components from lease component, and instead account for the lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (i) 租賃

#### 租賃的定義

當一項合約以轉讓控制使用一 項已識別資產一段期間的權利 換取代價,則該合約為(或包 含)租賃。

就於香港財務報告準則第16號 首次應用日期或之後訂立、修 訂或因業務合併而產生的合約 而言,本集團於開始時、修訂 日期或收購日期(倘適用)評估 該項合約是否根據香港財務報 告準則第16號的定義為(或包 含) 租賃。除非該合約的條款 及條件其後變更,否則有關合 約將不予重新評估。

#### 本集團作為承和人

分配代價至合約的部分

就一項合約其中包含一項租賃 部分及一項或多項額外租賃或 非租賃部分,本集團將合約中 的代價按租賃部分的相關單獨 價格及非租賃組成部分的單獨 價格總和分配至各自租賃組成 部分。

本集團亦可應用可行權宜方 法,不將非租賃部分自租賃部 分分離,而是將租賃部分及任 何相關的非租賃部分入賬為個 別租賃部分。

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## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (i) Leases (continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (continued)

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of lowvalue assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

#### Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (i) 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃 本集團將短期和賃確認豁免應 用於租賃期為開始日期起12個 月或以下及不含購買選擇權的 辦公室設備租賃。本集團亦對 於低價值資產租賃應用確認豁 免。短期和賃及低價值資產和 賃的租賃付款於租賃期內按直 線法或其他系統性基準確認為 開支。

#### 使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債首次計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前作出 的任何租賃付款,減任何 已收取的租賃優惠;
- 本集團所產生的任何首 次直接成本; 及
- 本集團拆卸及搬遷相關 資產、回復其所在的地點 或將相關資產回復至租 賃條款及條件要求的狀 況所產生的估計成本。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (i) Leases (continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (continued)

Right-of-use assets (continued)

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, rightof-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property or inventory in "property, plant and equipment", the same line item within which the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

#### Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-ofuse assets.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (i) 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產(續)

使用權資產按成本減任何累計 折舊及減值虧損計量,並就任 何重新計量租賃負債作出調 整。

本集團於和期結束時合理確定 獲取相關租賃資產擁有權的使 用權資產,自開始日期起至使 用年期結束期間計提折舊。否 則,使用權資產以直線法於其 估計使用年期及租賃期(以較 短者為準)內計提折舊。

本集團將不符投資物業或存 貨定義的使用權資產列入「物 業、廠房及設備」,載於相應相 關資產(倘彼等擁有)的同一項 目內呈列。

#### 可退回租賃按金

已付的可退回租賃按金按香港 財務報告準則第9號計算,並 初步按公平值計量。首次確認 時對公平值的調整被視為額外 租賃付款,並計入使用權資產 的成本內。

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## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (i) Leases (continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable:
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- the amount expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (i) 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

和賃負債

於和賃開始日期,本集團按該 日未付租賃付款現值確認及計 量為租賃負債。於計算租賃付 款的現值時,倘租賃的隱含利 率難以釐定,本集團則採用於 和賃開始日期的增量借貸利

#### 租賃付款包括:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定 付款)減任何應收租賃優 惠;
- 取決於指數或比率的可 變租賃付款,於租賃開始 日期時使用該指數或比 率作初步計量;
- 根據剩餘價值擔保預期 應由本集團支付的金額;
- 購買權的行使價(倘本集 團合理確定將行使該購 買權);及
- 於租賃條款反映本集團 行使選擇權終止租賃時, 終止租賃所支付的罰款。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 主要會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (i) Leases (continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities (continued)

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### (i) 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債(續)

於開始日期後,和賃負債按利 息增長及租賃付款作出調整。

倘出現以下情況,本集團會重 新計量和賃負債(並就相關使 用權資產作出相應調整):

- 租賃條款已改變或行使 購買權的評估有變,在此 情況下,相關租賃負債透 過採用於重新計量當日 的經修訂貼現率貼現經 修訂租賃付款而重新計 量。
- 租賃付款因根據有擔保 餘值的預期付款後的市 場租金率變動而出現變 動,在此情況下,相關租 賃負債透過採用首次貼 現率貼現經修訂租賃付 款而重新計量。

本集團將租賃負債載於綜合財 務狀況表呈列為單獨項目。

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## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (i) Leases (continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease modifications

Except for COVID-19-related rent concessions in which the Group applied the practical expedient, the Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the nonlease components.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (i) 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

和賃修訂

除本集團應用可行權官法之 2019冠狀病毒病相關租金優 惠外,倘出現以下情況,本集 團會將租賃的修改列賬為個別 租賃:

- 該項修改誦過增加使用 一項或多項相關資產的 權利擴大了租賃範圍; 及
- 租賃代價增加,增加的金 額相當於範圍擴大對應 的單獨價格,加上為反映 特定合約的實際情況而 對單獨價格進行的任何 滴當調整。

就未入賬為一項單獨租賃的租 賃修訂而言,本集團透過使用 修訂生效日期的經修訂貼現率 貼現經修訂租賃付款的經修改 租賃的租期,重新計量租賃負

本集團透過對相關使用權資產 進行相應調整對租賃負債的重 新計量入賬。倘經修訂合約包 含租賃部分及一項或多項額外 租賃或非租賃部分,則本集團 會根據租賃部分的相對獨立價 格及非租賃部分的總獨立價 格,將經修訂合約中的代價分 配至各租賃部分。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 主要會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (i) Leases (continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (continued)

COVID-19-related rent concessions

In relation to rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has elected to apply the practical expedient not to assess whether the change is a lease modification if all of the following conditions are met:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 if the changes are not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waivers of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

#### (i) 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

2019冠狀病毒病相關租金優惠 因2019冠狀病毒病疫情的直接 影響而產生的租金優惠,倘符 合下列所有條件,本集團已選 擇應用可行權宜法不評估該變 動是否為租賃修訂:

- 租賃付款變動導致租賃 的經修訂代價與緊接變 動前的租賃代價大致相 同或低於該代價;
- 租賃付款的任何減少僅 影響原定於二零二二年 六月三十日或之前到期 的付款;及
- 租賃的其他條款及條件 並無實質性變動。

承租人採用該可行權宜法時, 對於租金優惠所導致的租賃付 款變動的會計處理方式,須與 在變動並非租賃修改的情況下 應用香港財務報告準則第16號 處理變動的方式一致。寬免或 豁免租賃付款作為可變租賃款 項列賬。相關租賃負債作出調 整以反映寬免或豁免的金額, 並於事件發生的期間內在損益 確認相應調整。

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## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (i) Leases (continued)

#### The Group as a lessor

Classification and measurement of leases Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recognised as receivables at the commencement date at amounts equal to the Group's net investment in the leases, measured using the interest rate implicit in the respective lease. Initial direct costs (other than those incurred by manufacturer or dealer lessors) are included in the initial measurement of the net investments in the leases. Interest income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straightline basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset, and such costs are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term except for investment properties measured under fair value model.

Interest and rental income which are derived from the Group's ordinary course of business are presented as revenue.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (i) 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為出租人

租賃的分類及計量

承和人為本集團的和賃分類為 融資或經營租賃。倘租賃條款 將所有權的絕大部分風險及回 報轉移予承租人,該合約分類 為融資租賃。所有其他租賃分 類為經營和賃。

融資租賃下應收承租人的款項 於開始日期確認為應收款項, 其金額相等於租賃的投資淨 額,並使用各租賃隱含的利率 計量。首次直接成本(製造商 或經銷商出租人產生的直接成 本除外) 計入租賃投資淨額的 首次計量中。利息收入分配至 會計期間,以反映本集團有關 租賃的未償還投資淨額的固定 定期回報率。

經營租賃租金收入以直線法按 相關租賃期於損益內確認。就 經營租賃進行磋商和作出安排 所產生的首次直接成本,會加 入租賃資產的賬面值,而有關 成本以直線法按租賃期確認為 開支(根據公平價值模式計量 的投資物業除外)。

來自本集團日常業務過程的利 息及租金收入呈列為收益。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (i) Leases (continued)

#### The Group as a lessor (continued)

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

When a contract includes both lease and nonlease components, the Group applies HKFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers" to allocate the consideration in a contract to lease and non-lease components. Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative standalone selling prices.

#### Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits received are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments from lessees.

#### Lease modification

The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

# 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (i) 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為出租人(續)

分配代價至合約的部分

倘一項合約包括租賃及非租賃 部分,則本集團應用香港財務 報告準則第15號「來自與客戶 訂約之收益」將合約中的代價 分配至和賃及非和賃部分。非 租賃部分根據其相對單獨售價 與租賃部分分開呈列。

#### 可退回租賃按金

已收可退回租賃按金按香港財 務報告準則第9號入賬,並初 步按公平值計量。首次確認時 對公平值的調整被視為承租人 的額外和賃付款。

#### 租賃修訂

本集團由經營租賃修訂之生效 日期起將修改入賬列為新租 賃,當中會將任何就原租賃預 付或累計之租賃付款視為新租 賃之租賃付款的一部分。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Impairment on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and intangible assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

In testing a CGU for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant CGU when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of CGUs for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the CGU or group of CGUs to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant CGU or group of CGUs.

# 2. 主要會計政策(續)

## (i) 物業、廠房及設備、使用權 資產、於附屬公司、聯營公 司及合營企業之投資以及 無形資產(商譽除外)減值

於報告期末,本集團審閱具有 限可使用年期之物業、廠房及 設備、使用權資產、於附屬公 司、聯營公司及合營企業之投 資以及無形資產之賬面值,以 釐定資產有否蒙受減值虧損之 跡象。倘存在任何相關跡象, 則會估計相關資產之可收回金 額,以釐定減值虧損(如有)之 程度。具有無限可使用年期之 無形資產及未可供使用之無形 資產至少每年及於可能有減值 跡象時測試減值。

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 產、於附屬公司、聯營公司及 合營企業之投資以及無形資產 之可收回金額個別估計。當不 可能個別估計可收回金額時, 本集團估計資產所屬現金產生 單位之可收回金額。

於測試現金產生單位之減值 時,倘能建立合理一致之分配 基準,公司資產會被分配至相 關現金產生單位,否則會分配 至能建立合理一致分配基準之 最小組別之現金產生單位內。 可收回金額會按公司資產所屬 之現金產生單位或現金產生單 位組別釐定,並與相關現金產 生單位或現金產生單位組別之 賬面值比對。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and intangible assets other than goodwill (continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a CGU) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a CGU, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of CGUs, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of CGUs, with the recoverable amount of the group of CGUs. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of CGUs. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated prorata to the other assets of the unit or the group of CGUs. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# 2. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 物業、廠房及設備、使用權 資產、於附屬公司、聯營公 司及合營企業之投資以及 無形資產(商譽除外)減值

> 可收回金額乃公平值減出售成 本與使用價值兩者之較高者。 於評估使用價值時,估計未來 現金流使用稅前貼現率貼現至 其現值,而有關稅前貼現率反 映金錢時間價值之當前市場估 計,以及並無調整未來現金流 估計之資產(或某一現金產生 單位) 特定風險。

> 倘某一資產(或某一現金產生 單位) 之可收回金額估計少於 其賬面值,則該資產(或現金 產生單位) 之賬面值減記至其 可收回金額。至於不能按合理 一致基準分配至一項現金產生 單位之公司資產或其部分,本 集團將某一組現金產生單位之 賬面值(包括公司資產或其部 分之賬面值) 與該組現金產生 單位之可收回金額比較。在分 配減值虧損時,減值虧損會先 分配至扣減任何商譽(如適用) 之賬面值,其後基於每項資產 於該單位(或該組現金產生單 位) 賬面值之比例分配至其他 資產。某一資產之賬面值不會 扣減至低於其公平值減出售成 本(如可計量)、其使用價值(如 可釐定)及零之最高者。原應已 分配至資產之減值虧損金額按 比例分配至該單位或該組現金 產生單位之其他資產。減值虧 損即時於損益確認。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Impairment on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and intangible assets other than goodwill (continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU or a group of CGUs) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a CGU or a group of CGUs) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### (k) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Group's statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers who are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

# (i) 物業、廠房及設備、使用權 資產、於附屬公司、聯營公 司及合營企業之投資以及 無形資產(商譽除外)減值

倘其後撥回減值虧損,則資產 (或現金產生單位或某組現金 產生單位)之賬面值會增加至 其經修訂之估計可收回金額, 惟就此增加之賬面值不得超出 如過往年度資產(或現金產生 單位或某組現金產生單位)並 無確認減值虧損時原應釐定之 賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時於 損益確認。

## (k) 金融工具

當本集團成為工具合約條文之 訂約方時,則於本集團的財務 狀況表確認財務資產及財務負 債。

財務資產及財務負債最初按公 平值計量,惟與客戶訂約產生 的應收貿易賬款除外,其初步 根據香港財務報告準則第15號 計量。應直接計入收購或發行 財務資產及財務負債(按公平 值於損益列賬之財務資產及財 務負債除外)之交易成本,於 首次確認時加入或從財務資產 或財務負債之公平值扣減(如 適用)。直接應佔收購按公平 值於損益列賬之財務資產或財 務負債之交易成本,即時於損 益中確認。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 主要會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income which are derived from the Group's ordinary course of business are presented as revenue.

#### (i) Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

實際利率法乃計算金融資產或 金融負債攤銷成本及於相關期 間分配利息收入及利息開支的 方法。實際利率指確切貼現金 融資產或金融負債預計年期內 或(如適用)較短時間內估計未 來現金收入及付款(包括所有 屬於實際利率一部分的已付或 已收費用及點數、交易成本及 其他溢價或貼現) 至初步確認 時賬面淨值的利率。

本集團日常業務過程中所產生 之利息收入乃呈列為收益。

#### 財務資產

財務資產的分類及其後 計量 符合以下條件的財務資 產於其後按攤銷成本計 量:

- 商業模式下持有之 財務資產以收取合 約現金流量為目的; 及
- 該財務資產之合約 條款令於特定日期 產生之現金流量僅 為支付本金及未償 還本金之利息。

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## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at **FVTOCI**:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets: and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial application/initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations" applies.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

財務資產的分類及其後 計量(續)

符合以下條件的財務資 產於其後按公平值計入 其他全面收益計量:

- 財務資產以出售及 收取合約現金流量 達致為目的之商業 模式下持有;及
- 該財務資產之合約 條款於指定日期產 生之現金流量僅為 支付本金及未償還 本金之利息。

除於初始應用/初始確 認財務資產之日本集團 不可撤銷地選擇於其他 全面收益中呈列權益投 資之公平值其後變動外 (倘該等權益投資並非 持作買賣及收購方於香 港財務報告準則第3號「業 務合併」適用之業務合併 中確認的或然代價)所有 其他財務資產其後按公 平值計入損益計量。

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## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 主要會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

財務資產的分類及其後 計量(續)

在以下情況,財務資產分 類為持作買賣:

- 主要購入目的為於 短期內出售;或
- 於初始確認時構成 本集團一併管理指 定之已識別金融工 具組合之一部分,且 具有近期實際短期 獲利模式;或
- 其並非指定及有效 作為對沖工具之衍 生工具。

此外,倘可消除或大幅減 少會計錯配,本集團不可 撤銷地將須按攤銷成本 計量或按公平值計入其 他全面收益計量之財務 資產指定為按公平值計 入損益計量。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

Amortised cost and effective interest method

> Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost and at FVTOCI. For financial assets other than purchased or originated creditimpaired financial assets, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If, in subsequent reporting periods, the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### 財務資產(續) (i)

財務資產的分類及其後 計量 (續)

攤銷成本及實際 利率法

> 其後按攤銷成本及 按公平值計入其他 全面收益計量的債 務工具的利息收入 乃使用實際利率法 確認。對於除購買或 發起的信貸減值財 務資產以外的財務 資產,利息收入乃對 財務資產賬面總值 使用實際利率予以 計算,惟其後出現信 貸減值的財務資產 除外(見下文)。對於 其後出現信貸減值 的財務資產,利息收 入乃對財務資產攤 銷成本使用實際利 率確認。若在後續報 告期內,信貸減值金 融工具的信貸風險 好轉,使財務資產不 再信貸減值,則自釐 定資產不再信貸減 值後的報告期初起, 利息收入透過對財 務資產賬面總值使 用實際利率確認。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 主要會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

(ii) Debt instruments classified as at **FVTOCI** 

> Subsequent change in the carrying amounts for debt instruments classified as at FVTOCI as a result of interest income calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. All other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of reserve. Impairment allowances are recognised in profit or loss with corresponding adjustment to other comprehensive income without reducing the carrying amounts of these debt instruments. When these debt instruments are derecognised, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

財務資產的分類及其後 計量(續)

(ii) 分類為按公平值 計入其他全面收益 之債務工具

因按實際利率法計 算的利息收入而導 致分類為按公平值 計入其他全面收益 的債務工具賬面值 的其後變動於損益 中確認。該等債務工 具賬面值的所有其 他變動均於其他全 面收益確認並於儲 備下累計。減值撥備 於損益確認,並對其 他全面收益作出相 應調整,而不會減少 該等債務工具之賬 面值。當該等債務工 具被取消確認時,先 前在其他全面收益 確認的累計收益或 虧損重新分類至損 益。

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## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

(iii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair values gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

#### Foreign exchange gains and losses

The carrying amount of financial assets that are denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of each reporting period. Specifically:

- for financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss; and
- for financial assets measured at FVTPL that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

財務資產的分類及其後 計量(續)

(iii) 按公平值計入損益 之財務資產

> 不符合以攤銷成本 或按公平值計入其 他全面收益計量條 件的財務資產按公 平值計入損益計量。

> 按公平值計入損益 的財務資產按各報 告期末的公平值計 量,而任何公平值收 益或虧損於損益內 確認。

#### 外匯收益及虧損

以外幣計值的財務資產 的賬面值以該外幣釐定, 並按各報告期末的現貨 匯率換算。具體而言:

- 對於不構成指定對 沖關係的以攤銷成 本計量的財務資產, 匯兌差額於損益中 確認;及
- 對於不構成指定對 沖關係的按公平值 計入損益計量的財 務資產,匯兌差額於 損益中確認。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit losses ("ECL(s)") on financial assets (including trade and other receivables as well as amounts due from an associate and a joint venture) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECLs is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessments are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須進行減值評估的 財務資產減值

本集團對根據香港財務 報告準則第9號須進行減 值評估的財務資產(包括 包括應收貿易賬款及其 他應收賬款以及應收一 間聯營公司和一間合營 企業款項) 使用預期信貸 虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模 式進行減值評估。預期信 貸虧損金額於各報告日 期更新,以反映信貸風險 自初始確認以來的變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指相 關工具預期年期內所有 可能發生的違約事件導 致的預期信貸虧損。相 反,12個月預期信貸虧損 指預計於報告日期後12 個月內可能發生的違約 事件導致的部分全期預 期信貸虧損。預期信貸虧 損乃根據本集團過往信 貸虧損經驗進行評估,並 就債務人特定因素、一般 經濟狀況以及於報告日 期之現時狀況及未來狀 況預測之評估作出調整。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

# 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須推行減值評估的 財務資產減值(續)

本集團一直就應收貿易 賬款確認可使用年期內 的預期信貸虧損。該等財 務資產的預期信貸虧損 是利用基於本集團過往 信貸虧損經驗的撥備矩 陣進行估算,並按在報告 日期債務人的個別因素、 整體經濟狀況及對當前 和預測整體經濟狀況的 評估方向(在適當時包括 金錢的時間價值) 進行調 整。

至於所有其他金融工具, 本集團會於自首次確認 後該金融工具的信貸風 險顯著增加時確認可使 用年期內的預期信貸虧 損。然而,倘自首次確認 後該金融工具的信貸風 險並無顯著增加,本集團 按十二個月預期信貸虧 損的相同金額計量該金 融工具的虧損撥備。

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### 財務資產(續) (i)

根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須推行減值評估的 財務資產減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加 為評估一項金融工 具的信貸風險自首 次確認後是否顯著 增加,本集團將報 告日期評估的金融 工具違約風險與首 次確認日期的金融 工具的違約風險進 行比較。在開展評估 時,本集團考慮合理 可靠的定量及定性 資料,包括毋須付出 過多成本或努力即 可獲得的過往經驗 及前瞻性資料。所考 慮的前瞻性資料包 括獲取自經濟專家 報告、金融分析師、 政府機構、相關智庫 及其他類似組織的 本集團債務人經營 所在行業的未來前 景,以及與本集團核 心業務相關的實際 及預測經濟資料的 各種外部來源。

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## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

- Significant increase in credit risk (continued) In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:
  - an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
  - significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor, or the length of time or the extent to which the fair value of a financial asset has been less than its amortised cost:
  - existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
  - an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須推行減值評估的 財務資產減值(續)

- 信貸風險顯著增加 (續) 在評估信貸風險是 否顯著增加時,尤其 考慮以下資料:
  - 金融工具的外部 (如有)或內部 信貸評級的實 際或預期顯著 惡化;
  - 特定金融工具 信貸風險的外 部市場指標顯 著惡化,例如 債務人的信貸 息差、信用違 約掉期價格顯 著上升,或財 務資產公平值 低於攤銷成本 的時長或幅度;
  - 商業、金融或 經濟情況目前 或預期有不利 變動,預計將 導致債務人償 還債項的能力 顯著下降;
  - 債務人的經營 業績的實際或 預期顯著惡化;

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## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 主要會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

- Significant increase in credit risk (continued)
  - significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor;
  - an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須進行減值評估的 財務資產減值(續)

- 信貸風險顯著增加 (續)
  - 同一債務人其 他金融工具的 信貸風險顯著 上升;
  - 債務人的監 管、經濟或技 術環境有實際 或預計重大不 利變動,導致 債務人償還債 項的能力顯著 下降。

無論上述評估的結 果如何,倘合約已逾 期還款超過30日,則 財務資產的信貸風 險自首次確認以來 已顯著上升,除非本 集團有合理且有據 可查的資料證明實 際情況與上述判斷 不一致。

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## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

> Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (1) the financial instrument has a low risk of default:
- (2) the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- (3) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須推行減值評估的 財務資產減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加 (續)

> 儘管有上述規定,若 於報告日期金融工 具被判定為具有較 低信貸風險,本集團 會假設金融工具信 貸風險自首次確認 以來並未顯著上升。 在以下情況下,金融 工具會被判定為具 有較低信貸風險:

- (1) 金融工具具有 較低違約風險;
- (2) 債務人有很強 的能力履行近 期的合約現金 流量責任;及
- (3) 經濟及商業環 境的長期不利 變動有可能但 未必會降低借 款人履行合約 現金流量責任 的能力。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 主要會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

> The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of 'investment grade' in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of 'performing'. Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

> The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須進行減值評估的 財務資產減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加 (續)

> 本集團認為,若根據 眾所周知的定義,財 務資產的外部信貸 測評為「投資級」,或 (倘未有外部評級) 該資產的內部測評為 「良好」,則該財務 資產具有較低信貸 風險。良好指交易對 手的財務狀況穩健, 且並無任何逾期款 項。

> 本集團定期監測用 以識別信貸風險是 否顯著增加的準則 的有效性,並適當對 其進行修訂,以確保 該準則能夠在金額 到期前確定信貸風 險是否顯著增加。

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### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

Definition of default (ii)

> The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that financial assets that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the debtor; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須推行減值評估的 財務資產減值(續)

(ii) 違約的定義

本集團認為以下情 況就內部信貸風險 管理目的而言構成 違約事件,因為禍往 經驗表明符合以下 任何一項條件的財 務資產一般無法收 □ :

- 債務人違反財 務契諾;或
- 內部產生或獲 取自外部來源 的資料表明, 債務人不太可 能向債權人(包 括本集團) 全額 還款(不考慮本 集團持有的任 何抵押品)。

無論上述分析如何, 本集團認為倘財務 資產已逾期還款90 天,則可視為違約, 除非本集團有合理 及有據可查的資料 證明更滯後的違約 標準更為合適。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

- (iii) Credit-impaired financial assets A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:
  - (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
  - (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
  - (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須進行減值評估的 財務資產減值(續)

- (iii) 財務資產信貸減值 當發生一項或多項 對財務資產預計未 來現金流量產牛不 利影響的事件時,則 該財務資產即被視 為出現信貸減值。財 務資產出現信貸減 值的憑據包括以下 可觀察事件:
  - (a) 發行人或借款 人存在嚴重財 政困難;
  - (b) 違反合約,例 如違約或逾期 事件;
  - (c) 借款人的貸款 人基於與借款 人財務困難有 關之經濟或合 約原因,給予 借款人一項貸 款人在一般情 況下不會考慮 的優惠安排;

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

- (iii) Credit-impaired financial assets (continued)
  - (d) it becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
  - the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

#### (iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須推行減值評估的 財務資產減值(續)

- (iii) 財務資產信貸減值 (續)
  - (d) 借款人可能進 行破產清算或 其他財務重組 安排;或
  - (e) 由於財政困難 導致該財務資 產失去活躍市 場。

#### (iv) 撇銷政策

常有資料顯示債務 人陷入嚴重財困,且 並無實際收回的可 能之時(例如債務人 已清算或進入破產 程序),或當應收貿 易賬款逾期超過兩 年時(以最早發生者 為準),本集團會撇 銷財務資產。已撇銷 的財務資產仍可根 據本集團的收回程 序實施強制執行,在 適當情況下考慮法 律意見。任何收回款 項會於損益中確認。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECLs is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

# 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### 財務資產(續) (i)

根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須進行減值評估的 財務資產減值(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損的 計量及確認

> 預期信貸虧損的計 量為違約概率、違約 損失率(即違約時的 損失程度) 及違約風 險暴露的函數。評估 違約概率及違約損 失率的依據是過往 數據,並按上述前瞻 性資料調整。而財務 資產的違約風險暴 露則由資產於報告 日期的賬面總值代 表;就財務擔保合同 而言,風險包括於報 告日期提取的金額 連同任何基於歷史 趨勢、本集團對債務 人特定未來融資需 求的理解以及其他 相關前瞻性資料釐 定的預計將於未來 違約日期前提取的 額外金額。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (continued)

> The ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. For a lease receivable, the cash flows used for determining the ECLs is consistent with the cash flows used in measuring the lease receivable in accordance with HKFRS 16.

> If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須推行減值評估的 財務資產減值(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損的 計量及確認(續) 預期信貸虧損按根 據合約應付本集團 的所有合約現金流 量與本集團預計收 取的所有現金流量 (按原定實際利率 折現) 之間的差額估 算。就租賃應收款項 而言,根據香港財務 報告準則第16號用 於釐定預期信貸虧 捐的現金流與用於 計量租賃的現金流 一致。

> 如果本集團已在上 一報告期內以等於 可使用年期內的預 期信貸虧損的金額 計量金融工具的虧 損 撥 備,但在當期 報告日確定不再符 合可使用年期內的 預期信貸虧損的條 件,則本集團計量虧 損撥備等於當期的 十二個月預期信貸 虧損的金額,但使用 簡化方法的資產除 外。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

# 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產(續)

終止確認財務資產

本集團僅於從資產收取 現金流量的合約權利屆 滿時,或向另一方轉讓財 務資產及該資產擁有權 之絕大部分風險及回報 時終止確認財務資產。倘 本集團並無轉移亦無保 留擁有權之絕大部分風 險及回報並繼續控制已 轉讓資產,本集團按其必 須支付之金額確認其保 留之資產權益並確認相 關負債。倘本集團保留已 轉讓財務資產擁有權之 絕大部分風險及回報,本 集團繼續確認財務資產, 亦就已收取之所得款項 確認有抵押借貸。

於終止確認以攤銷成本 計量之財務資產時,資產 賬面值與已收及應收代 價間之差額於損益確認。

常取消確認於分類為按 公平值於其他全面收益 列賬的債務工具之投資 時,先前於重估儲備累計 之累計收益或虧損重新 分類至損益。

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### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (ii) Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

### (ii) 財務負債及權益

分類為債務或權益 債務及權益工具根據所 訂立合約安排之內容以 及財務負債及權益工具 之定義分類為財務負債 及權益。

#### 權益工具

權益工具為證明實體於 扣除其所有負債後之剩 餘資產權益之任何合約。 本集團發行之權益工具 按所收取之所得款項扣 減直接發行成本確認。

購回本公司本身權益工 具已直接於權益確認及 扣除。概無就購買、出 售、發行或註銷本公司本 身權益工具於損益確認 收益或虧損。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (ii) Financial liabilities and equity (continued)

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

However, financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies, and financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group, are measured in accordance with the specific accounting policies set out below.

Financial liabilities measured subsequently at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables, bank loans, lease liabilities, loan from a director and controlling shareholder are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities that are not (i) contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, (ii) held-fortrading, or (iii) designated as at FVTPL, are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (ii) 財務負債及權益(續)

#### 財務負債

所有財務負債其後採用 實際利率法以攤銷成本 或按公平值計入損益計 量。

然而,財務資產轉移不符 合終止確認條件或繼續 涉入被轉移財務資產所 形成之財務負債,以及本 集團發出的財務擔保合 約按下文載列之特定會 計政策計量。

### 財務負債其後按攤銷 成本計量

財務負債包括應付貿易 賬款及其他應付賬款、銀 行貸款、租賃負債、一名 董事兼控股股東貸款,其 後採用實際利率法以攤 銷成本計量。

並非(i)業務合併中收購 方的或然對價;(ji)持作交 易;或(iii)指定為按公平值 計入損益的財務負債其 後採用實際利率法以攤 銷成本計量。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (ii) Financial liabilities and equity (continued)

Financial liabilities measured subsequently at amortised cost (continued)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

#### Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contract liabilities are measured initially at their fair values. It is subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9: and
- the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised over the guarantee period.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (ii) 財務負債及權益(續)

財務負債其後按攤銷 成本計量(續)

實際利率法為計算於有 關期間內財務負債之攤 銷成本及分配利息開支 **之方法。**實際利率乃按財 務負債之估計年期或(如 適用) 較短期間,準確貼 現估計未來現金付款(包 括所有構成一個實際利 率組成部分之已付或已 收費用及利率差價、交易 成本及其他溢價或折讓) 至財務負債的攤銷成本 **之**利率。

#### 財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約是指當特 定債務人未按時償還債 務時,保證人按照債務工 具條款約定償還債務以 彌補債權持有者損失之 合約。財務擔保合同負債 按其公平值進行初始計 量。後續按以下兩者中之 較高者計:

- 根據香港財務報表 準則第9號確定之虧 捐撥備金額; 及
- 初始確認金額減去 (如適當) 根據收入 確認政策而確認之 擔保期累計攤銷額。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (ii) Financial liabilities and equity (continued)

Foreign exchange gains and losses For financial liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency and are measured at amortised cost at the end of each reporting period, the foreign exchange gains and losses are determined based on the amortised cost of the instruments. These foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss for financial liabilities that are not part of a designated hedging relationship.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **(I)** Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 金融工具(續)

#### (ii) 財務負債及權益(續)

外匯收益及虧損 對於以外幣計值、以各報 告期末攤銷成本計量之 財務負債,外匯收益及虧 損乃根據該等工具之攤 銷成本釐定。對於不構成 指定對沖關係之財務負 債,外匯收益及虧損於損 益確認。

#### 終止確認財務負債

本集團於且僅於本集團 責任已履行、撤銷或到期 時終止確認財務負債。終 止確認的財務負債賬面 值與已付及應付對價之 間的差額於損益確認。

### (I) 現金及現金等值項目

現金及現金等值項目包括銀行 及手上現金、銀行及其他財務 機構之活期存款以及短期及流 動性高之投資,而有關投資可 隨時兌換成可知數額現金及須 承受之價值變動風險不大,且 於收購時之屆滿期限為三個月 內。

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### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (m) Employee benefits

### (i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

#### (ii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

#### (n) Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### (i) **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit/(loss) before taxation" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (m) 僱員福利

#### (i) 短期僱員福利及定額供 款退休計劃供款

薪金、花紅、有薪年假、 定額供款計劃供款及非 貨幣福利成本於僱員提 供相關服務之年度計入。 倘付款或結算有延誤及 影響重大,則有關款額將 以其現值列賬。

#### (ii) 離職福利

離職福利只會在本集團 有正式具體辭退計劃而 並無撤回該計劃之實質 可能性,並明確表示會終 止僱用或由於自願遣散 而提供福利時予以確認。

#### (n) 所得稅

所得稅開支指即期應付稅項及 遞延稅項之總和。

#### 即期稅項 (i)

即期應付稅項按本年度 應課稅溢利計算。鑒於不 計入其他年度之應課稅 或可扣稅收支項目及從 未課稅或扣稅之項目,應 課稅溢利有別於綜合損 益表中呈報之「除稅前溢 利/(虧損)」。本集團之 即期稅項負債採用於報 告期末前已頒佈或實質 上已頒佈之稅率計算。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (n) Income tax (continued)

#### (ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (n) 所得稅

#### (ii) 遞延稅項

綜合財務報表當中之資 產及負債賬面值與用作 計算應課稅溢利之相應 稅基之暫時差額確認為 遞延稅項。一般會就所有 應課稅暫時差額確認號 延稅項負債。

遞延稅項資產一般就所 有可扣減暫時差額於可 能出現應課稅溢利對銷 可用之可扣稅暫時差額 時確認。倘暫時差額因商 譽或不影響應課稅溢利 或會計溢利之交易中首 次確認(業務合併除外)之 其他資產及負債而產生, 有關遞延稅項資產及負 **債則不予確認。此外,如** 暫時差額由初步確認商 譽產生,則不會確認遞延 稅項負債。

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### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (n) Income tax (continued)

#### (ii) Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in associates and joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (n) 所得稅(續)

#### (ii) 遞延稅項(續)

遞延稅項負債就與附屬 公司之投資以及於聯營 公司及合營企業之權益 相關的應課稅暫時差額 予以確認,惟倘本集團可 控制其撥回及暫時差額 有可能不會於可見將來 撥回則除外。因與有關投 資及權益相關之可扣減 暫時差額而產生之遞延 稅項資產僅於可能產生 足夠應課稅溢利以動用 暫時差額利益並預期可 於可見將來撥回時確認。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值 於各報告期末檢討,並於 可能沒有足夠應課稅溢 利收回全部或部分資產 價值時作出調減。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (n) Income tax (continued)

#### (ii) Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (n) 所得稅(續)

#### (ii) 遞延稅項(續)

基於在報告期末前已頒 佈或實質上已頒佈之稅率 (及稅法),遞延稅項資 產及負債按清償負債或 變現資產期間預期適用 之稅率計算。

遞延稅項負債及資產之 計量反映本集團預期如 何於報告期末收回或清 償有關資產及負債賬面 值之稅務影響。

就計量本集團確認使用 權資產及相關和賃負債 之租賃交易之遞延稅項 而言,本集團首先確定扣 減稅項是否歸屬於使用 權資產或租賃負債。

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### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (n) Income tax (continued)

#### (ii) Deferred tax (continued)

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" requirements to right-ofuse assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to rightof-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

#### (iii) Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (n) 所得稅(續)

#### (ii) 遞延稅項(續)

就租賃交易之扣減稅項 歸屬於和賃負債而言,本 集團將香港會計準則第 12號「所得稅」規定分別應 用於使用權資產及租賃 負債。由於應用首次確認 豁免,有關使用權資產及 租賃負債之暫時性差異 於首次確認時及租賃年 期內不予確認。

常有在法律上可強制執 行權利將即期稅項資產 對銷即期稅項負債,且相 關資產及負債與同一稅 務部門向同一課稅實體 徵收之所得稅有關,則對 銷遞延稅項資產及負債。

### (iii) 本年度之即期及遞延稅 項

即期及遞延稅項於損益 中確認,惟當即期及遞延 稅項與在其他全面收益 內確認或直接在權益內 確認之項目相關,則即期 及遞延稅項亦分別於其 他全面收益或直接於權 益中確認。倘因業務合併 之首次會計處理而產生 即期或遞延稅項,則有關 稅務影響會計入業務合 併之會計處理內。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (o) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

#### (p) Contingent assets/liabilities

#### **Contingent assets**

Contingent assets arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the Group and they are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements. The Group assesses continually the development of contingent assets. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the Group recognises the asset and the related income in the consolidated financial statements in the reporting period in which the change occurs.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (o) 撥備

當本集團因過去事項須承擔當 前責任(法定或推定),而本集 團將有可能需要履行該責任及 能可靠地估計該責任之金額, 則確認撥備。

確認為撥備之金額乃於報告期 末履行當前責任所需代價之最 佳估計,當中考慮與責任相關 之風險及不明朗因素。當使用 估計履行當前責任之現金流計 量撥備時,其賬面值乃該等現 金流之現值(在金錢時間價值 有重大影響之情況下)。

當結算撥備所需之部分或所有 經濟利益預期從第三方收回, 且大致確定將會收取補償及應 收款項金額能可靠地計量時, 應收款項確認為資產。

#### (p) 或然資產/負債

#### 或然資產

或然資產源於可能產生流入本 集團之經濟利益之非計劃或其 他預期以外事件,不會於綜合 財務報表確認。本集團持續評 估或然資產之發展。倘大致確 定將產生經濟利益流入,本集 團於出現變動之報告期內在綜 合財務報表確認資產及相關收 入。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (p) Contingent assets/liabilities (continued)

#### **Contingent liabilities**

A contingent liability is a present obligation arising from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Where the Group is jointly and severally liable for an obligation, the part of the obligation that is expected to be met by other parties is treated as a contingent liability and it is not recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group assesses continually to determine whether an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously dealt with as a contingent liability, a provision is recognised in the consolidated financial statements in the reporting period in which the change in probability occurs, except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

#### (q) Revenue recognition

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. A performance obligation represents a goods or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

### (p) 或然資產/負債(續)

#### 或然負債

或然負債乃源自過去事件之當 前責任,惟基於不大可能需要 流出經濟利益內含資源以履行 責任而不予確認。

倘本集團共同及各別地為責任 負責,則預期由其他方履行之 責任部分被視為或然負債,且 不會於綜合財務報表確認。

本集團持續評估經濟利益內含 資源是否有可能流出。倘一項 之前以或然負債處理之項目可 能需要未來經濟利益流出,則 於可能性轉變之報告期內在綜 合財務報表確認撥備,惟在不 能作出可靠估計之極罕見情況 除外。

#### (a) 收益確認

本集團於完成履約責任時(或 就此)確認收益,即與特定履約 責任相關之貨品或服務之「控 制權」轉移予客戶時。履約責任 指一項明確貨品或服務(或一 批貨品或服務)或一系列大致 相同之明確貨品或服務。

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#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 主要會計政策(續) 2. (CONTINUED)

### (q) Revenue recognition (continued)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct goods or service.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. A contract asset and a contract liability relating to the same contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

#### (a) 收益確認(續)

倘符合以下其中一項標準,則 控制權按時間轉移,而收益則 經參考完全達成相關履約責任 之進度按時間確認:

- 客戶於本集團履約時同 時收取及消耗本集團於 履約時所提供之利益;
- 本集團履約時會創建及 增強客戶於本集團履約 時控制之資產;或
- 本集團履約時並無創建 對本集團具有替代用途 之資產,而本集團有強制 可執行權收取迄今已履 約部分之款項。

否則,於客戶獲得明確貨品或 服務控制權之時確認收益。

合約資產指本集團可就交換本 集團已向客戶轉交之貨品或服 務獲得代價之尚未屬無條件之 權利。其乃根據香港財務報告 準則第9號評估減值。相反,應 收款項指本集團可無條件獲得 代價之權利,即於該代價到期 支付前僅須待時間流逝。

合約負債指本集團向客戶轉交 貨品或服務之責任,而本集團 已就此向客戶收取代價(或到 期應收之代價金額)。與相同 合約有關的合約資產及合約負 債以淨額基礎呈列。

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### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (q) Revenue recognition (continued)

For contracts that contain more than one performance obligations, the Group allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation on a relative stand-alone selling price basis.

- Travel-related service fee income (j)
  - Revenue from the sale of air tickets is recognised at a point in time when the booking tickets are delivered to and have been accepted by the customers.
  - Revenue from the sale of tour packages is recognised at a point in time when travel arrangements have been booked and confirmed with customers.
  - Revenue from the sale of group tours is recognised at a point in time of group departure.
- Rental income in respect of investment properties under operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the respective lease term.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (q) 收益確認(續)

對包含超過一項履約責任的合 約而言,本集團按相對單獨售 價基礎將交易價分配至每項履 約責任。

- 旅遊相關服務費收入
  - 一 來自機票銷售之收 益於某一時點(即交 付訂購機票且獲客 戶接納之時)予以確 認。
  - 來自旅遊套餐銷售 之收益於某一時點 (即旅游安排訂購 且獲客戶確認之時) 予以確認。
  - 來自團體旅遊銷售 之收益於某一時點 (即團體出發時)予 以確認。
- (ii) 就經營租賃項下之投資 物業的租賃收入於各租 賃期內按直線法確認。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 主要會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (q) Revenue recognition (continued)

- (iii) Revenue from sale of properties is recognised when the control over the ownership or physical possession of the property is transferred to the customer, which is the point in time when the Group satisfies its performance obligations under the contracts. Deposits and instalments received on properties sold prior to the date of revenue recognition are presented in the statement of financial position as deposits received on sale of properties which are regarded as contract liabilities.
- (iv) Management fee income is recognised when the amounts are measurable and the ultimate collections are reasonable assumed.
- (v) Interest income is recognised on a time apportioned basis using the effective interest method.
- (vi) Services income is recognised when services are provided.
- (vii) Other income consists of revenue earned based on volume sales through various online ticket processing systems and is recognised when it is measurable and all contractual obligations have been fulfilled.

#### (a) 收益確認(續)

- (iii) 銷售物業收益於對物業 所有權或實體管有權之 控制權轉移予客戶時確 認,即本集團根據合約達 成履約責任之時間點。就 已出售物業而於確認收 益日期前已收之按金及 分期付款於財務狀況表 呈列為出售物業已收按 金,被視為合約負債。
- (iv) 管理費收入於款額可計 量及可合理假定可收取 最終款項時確認。
- (v) 利息收入按時間比例使 用實際利率法確認。
- (vi) 服務收入於提供服務時 確認。
- (vii) 其他收入包括根據透過 不同網上機票處理系統 所取得之大量銷售而賺 取之收益,於可計量時, 以及已履行所有合約責 任時確認。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (r) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual entity, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange difference arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve (and attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (r) 外幣

於編製各個別實體之財務報表 時,以本公司功能貨幣以外之 貨幣(外幣) 進行之交易乃按於 交易日之現行匯率予以確認。 於報告期末,以外幣計值之貨 幣項目乃按該日之現行匯率重 新換算。按公平值列賬並以外 幣計值之非貨幣項目乃按其公 平值釐定當日之現行匯率重新 換算。按外幣歷史成本計量之 非貨幣項目毋須重新換算。

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣 項目所產牛之匯兌差額在產牛 期間於損益確認。

為呈列綜合財務報表,本集團 海外業務之資產及負債乃按於 各報告期末之匯率換算為本集 團之呈列貨幣(即港幣)。收入 及開支乃按期內之平均匯率進 行換算,除非匯率於該期間內 出現大幅波動則另作別論,在 該情況下則採用交易當日之匯 率。所產生之匯兌差額(如有) 於其他全面收益確認,並於權 益內的外匯儲備累計(及於適 當時撥作非控股權益)。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (r) Foreign currencies (continued)

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### (s) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (r) 外幣(續)

出售海外業務時(即出售涉及 失去包括海外業務之聯營公司 的重大影響力),本公司股東 就該業務應佔之所有於權益累 計之匯兌差額須重新分類至損 益。

於收購海外經營業務時產生之 有關已收購可識別資產之商譽 及公平值調整作為該海外經營 業務之資產及負債處理,並按 各報告期末之現行匯率換算。 產生之匯兌差額於其他全面收 益確認。

#### (s) 借貸成本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產 直接應佔之借貸成本加進該等 資產之成本,直至資產大致上 可作其擬定用途或出售之時為 止。合資格資產乃需要長時間 才可以投入擬定用途或銷售之 資產。

就計算一般借貸之資本化率 時,於相關資產可作擬定用途 或出售後仍未償還之任何特定 借貸計入一般借貸內。有待用 於合資格資產之特定借貸於暫 時投資所賺取之投資收入在 合資格資本化之借貸成本中扣 除。

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### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (s) Borrowing costs (continued)

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (t) Related parties transactions

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - has control or joint control of the Group;
  - has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - one entity is an associate or joint (ii) venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (s) 借貸成本(續)

所有其他借貸成本在產生期間 之損益確認。

#### (t) 關聯方交易

- (a) 如屬以下人士,該人士或 其近親家族成員則與本 集團有關聯:
  - 對本集團有控制權 或共同控制權;
  - (ji) 對本集團有重大影 響力;或
  - (jii) 為本集團或本集團 母公司之主要管理 人員。
- (b) 如符合下列任何條件,該 實體則與本集團有關聯:
  - 該實體與本集團屬 同一集團之成員公司 (即各母公司、附屬 公司及同系附屬公 司彼此間有關聯)。
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一間 實體之聯營公司或 合營企業(或該實體 為與另一間實體同 屬集團旗下之成員 公司之聯營公司或 合營企業)。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 主要會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

### (t) Related parties transactions (continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (continued)
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

#### (t) 關聯方交易(續)

- (b) 如符合下列任何條件,該 實體則與本集團有關聯: (續)
  - (iii) 該實體與本集團均 為同一第三方之合 營企業。
  - (iv) 一間實體為一間第 三方實體之合營企 業,而另一間實體為 該第三方實體之聯 營公司。
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或 本集團相關實體之 僱員離職後福利計 割。
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)項所指 人士控制或共同控 制。
  - (vii) (a)(i)項所指人士可對 該實體有重大影響 力或屬該實體(或該 實體之母公司) 之主 要管理人員。
  - (viii) 該實體或該實體所 屬集團之任何成員 公司向本集團或本 集團之母公司提供 主要管理人員服務。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (t) Related parties transactions (continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

#### (u) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical location.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (t) 關聯方交易(續)

該人士之近親家族成員指預期 可於該人士處理實體交易時 對其產牛或受其影響之家族成

凡於關聯方之間進行資源或責 任轉移之交易均被視為關聯方 交易。

#### (u) 分部報告

經營分部及各分部項目於綜合 財務報表呈報之金額,乃根據 就分配資源至本集團不同業務 及地理位置分部以及評估該等 分部之表現而定期提供予本集 團主要經營決策者(「主要經營 決策者」) 之財務資料識別。

就財務呈報而言,除非分部具 備相似之經濟特徵及在產品及 服務性質、生產工序性質、客 戶類型或類別、用作分銷產品 或提供服務之方法及監管環境 之性質方面相似,否則個別重 大之經營分部不會進行合算。 個別非重大之經營分部,如果 符合上述大部分標準,則可進 行合算。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (v) Stock of properties

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of land, development expenditure and other directly attributable expenses. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, determined by management based on prevailing market conditions. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

#### (x) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as a deduction from the carrying amount of the relevant asset in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (v) 物業存貨

持作出售物業以成本及可變現 淨值之較低者列賬。成本包括 土地成本、開發支出及其他直 接歸屬的開支。可變現淨值為 於日常業務過程之估計售價 減估計作出該銷售所需成本, 乃由管理層按現行市場狀況釐 定。銷售所需成本包括銷售直 接應佔之增量成本及本集團為 銷售必須產生之非增量成本。

### (x) 政府補助

政府補助於本集團確認相關補 助擬補償之相關成本為開支 之期間,按系統基準於損益確 認。具體而言,以本集團應購 買、建造或以其他方式取得非 流動資產為主要條件之政府補 助於綜合財務狀況表確認為相 關資產賬面值之扣減,並於相 關資產之可使用年期內按系統 及合理基準轉撥至損益。

政府補助如與就補償已產生開 支或虧損之應收收入有關,或 為向本集團提供即時財務支援 而不附帶任何未來相關成本, 則於政府補助成為應收時於損 益確認。

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### 3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS**

#### Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following New HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, Interest Rate Benchmark HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and Reform – Phase 2 HKFRS 16 (Amendments)

In addition, the Group has elected to early apply the amendment to HKFRS 16 "COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021".

In addition, the Group applied the agenda decision of the IFRS Interpretations Committee (the "Committee") of the International Accounting Standards Board issued in June 2021 which clarified the costs an entity should include as "estimated costs necessary to make the sale" when determining the net realisable value of inventories.

Except for described below, the application of the amendments to HKFRS in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/ or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

### 3. 應用香港財務報告準則之 修訂本

#### 於本年度強制生效之香港財務 報告準則之修訂本

於本年度,本集團已就編製綜合財 務報表首次應用下列由香港會計師 公會頒佈之新香港財務報告準則, 有關新香港財務報告準則於二零 二一年一月一日或之後開始之年度 期間強制牛效:

香港財務報告準則第9號、 利率基準 香港會計準則第39號、 改革一 香港財務報告準則 第2階段 第7號、香港財務報告 準則第4號及香港財務 報告準則第16號 (修訂本)

此外,本集團已選擇提早應用香港 財務報告準則第16號之修訂本「二 零二一年六月三十日後之2019冠狀 病毒病相關租金優惠」。

此外,本集團已應用國際會計準則 理事會於二零二一年六月頒佈之國 際財務報告準則詮釋委員會(「委 員會」) 之議程決定, 當中澄清實體 在釐定存貨之可變現淨值時應計入 「銷售需要之估計成本」之成本。

除下文所述者外,於本年度應用香 港財務報告準則之修訂本並無對本 集團於本年度及過往年度之財務狀 況及表現及/或此等綜合財務報表 所載披露造成重大影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

### Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (continued)

Impacts on early application of amendment to **HKFRS 16 "COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions** beyond 30 June 2021" ("2021 Amendment")

The Group has perviously applied the practical expedient of HKFRS 16 "Leases" such that as lessees it was not required to assess whether rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic were lease modifications, if the eligibility conditions are met. One of these conditions requires the reduction in lease payments affect only payments originally due on or before a specified time limit. The 2021 Amendment extents this time limit from 30 June 2021 to 30 June 2022. The Group has elected to early apply the 2021 Amendment in this financial year. There is no impact on the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2021.

The application of this amendment has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years.

Impacts on application of amendments to HKFRS 9. HKAS 39. HKFRS 7. HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 "Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2"

The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the current year. The amendments relate to changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows of financial assets, financial liabilities and lease liabilities as a result of interest rate benchmark reform, specific hedge accounting requirements and the related disclosure requirements applying HKFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures".

### 3. 應用香港財務報告準則之 修訂本(續)

### 於本年度強制生效之香港財務 報告準則之修訂本(續)

### 提早應用香港財務報告準則第16號 之修訂本「二零二一年六月三十日 後之2019冠狀病毒病相關租金優惠」 (「二零二一年修訂本」) 之影響

本集團先前已應用香港財務報告準 則第16號「租賃」之可行權宜法,如 符合若干資格條件,則作為承租人 毋需評估因2019冠狀病毒病大流 行直接後果產生之租金優惠是否屬 租賃修改。該等條件之一要求租金 付款扣減僅影響於某一指定期限或 之前到期應付之付款。二零二一年 修訂本將此期限由二零二一年六月 三十日延長至二零二二年六月三十 日。本集團已選擇於本財政年度提 早應用二零二一年修訂本。於二零 二一年一月一日之權益期初結餘並 未受到任何影響。

應用本修訂本對本集團於本年度及 過往年度之財務狀況及表現並無造 成重大影響。

### 應用香港財務報告準則第9號、香港 會計準則第39號、香港財務報告 準則第7號、香港財務報告準則 第4號及香港財務報告準則 第16號之修訂本「利率基準改革-第2階段」之影響

本集團於本年度首次應用此等修訂 本。此等修訂本關於因利率基準改 革、特定對沖會計規定及應用香港 財務報告準則第7號「金融工具:披 露」之相關披露規定,導致釐定財務 資產、財務負債及租賃負債合約現 金流量之基準出現之變動。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

### Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (continued)

Impacts on application of amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 "Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2" (continued)

As at 1 January 2021, the Group has several interestbearing bank loans denominated in Hong Kong dollars on the Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR"), the interests of which are indexed to benchmark rates that may be subject to interest rate benchmark reform. As at reporting date, the relevant counterparties have no intention to change the interest rate benchmark in the interest-bearing bank loans. The transition is subject to the negotiation between the Group and the relevant counterparties.

The amendments do not have an impact on these consolidated financial statements as none of the relevant contracts has been transitioned to the relevant replacement rates during the year.

The Group had certain interest-bearing bank loans denominated in Hong Kong dollars based on the HIBOR as at 31 December 2021. The Group expects that HIBOR will continue to exist and the interest rate benchmark reform has not had an impact on the Group's HIBOR-based loans. If the interest rates of these loans are replaced by risk-free rates in a future period, the Group will apply the above-mentioned practical expedient upon the modification of these loans provided that the "economically equivalent" criterion is met.

### 3. 應用香港財務報告準則之 修訂本(續)

### 於本年度強制生效之香港財務 報告準則之修訂本(續)

應用香港財務報告準則第9號、香港 會計準則第39號、香港財務報告 準則第7號、香港財務報告準則 第4號及香港財務報告準則 第16號之修訂本「利率基準改革一 第2階段」之影響(續)

於二零二一年一月一日,本集團有 多項以香港銀行同業拆息率(「香港 銀行同業拆息」)計息並以港幣計值 之計息銀行貸款,其利息以基準利 率掛鈎可能因利率基準改革而受到 影響。於報告日期,相關對手方無 意改變計息銀行貸款之利率基準。 過渡須經由本集團與相關對手方磋 商作會。

由於概無相關合約於年內過渡至相 關替代利率,故此等修訂本並無對 此等綜合財務報表產生任何影響。

本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一 日持有以香港銀行同業拆息為基準 並以港幣計值之若干計息銀行貸 款。本集團預期,香港銀行同業拆 息將繼續存在,而利率基準改革並 不影響本集團以香港銀行同業拆息 為基準之貸款。倘若此等貸款之利 率於某一未來期間由無風險利率替 代,則本集團將於滿足「經濟上等 同」條件之前提下,對此等貸款之修 訂應用上述可行權宜法。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

### Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (continued)

### Impacts on application of the agenda decision of the Committee - Costs necessary to sell inventories (HKAS 2 "Inventories")

In June 2021, the Committee, through its agenda decision, clarified the costs an entity should include as "estimated costs necessary to make the sale" when determining the net realisable value of inventories. In particular, whether such costs should be limited to those that are incremental to the sale. The Committee concluded that the estimated costs necessary to make the sale should not be limited to those that are incremental but should also include costs that an entity must incur to sell its inventories including those that are not incremental to a particular sale.

The Group's accounting policy prior to the Committee's agenda decision was to determine the net realisable value of inventories taking into consideration incremental costs only. Upon application of the Committee's agenda decision, the Group changed its accounting policy to determine the net realisable value of inventories taking into consideration both incremental costs and other cost necessary to sell inventories such as agency commissions and legal fee. The new accounting policy has been applied retrospectively.

The application of the Committee's agenda decision has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance.

### 3. 應用香港財務報告準則之 修訂本(續)

#### 於本年度強制生效之香港財務 報告準則之修訂本(續)

### 應用委員會之議程決定一出售存貨 所需成本(香港會計準則第2號 「存貨」) 之影響

於二零二一年六月,委員會誘過其 議程決定澄清實體在釐定存貨之可 變現淨值時應計入「銷售需要之估 計成本」之成本。尤其是,此類成本 是否應僅限於隨銷售增量的成本。 委員會總括銷售需要之估計成本不 應限於增量成本,亦應包括實體出 售其存貨而必須承擔之成本,包括 非隨某一特定銷售增量的成本。

於委員會議程決定前,本集團之會 計政策為於釐定存貨可變現淨值時 僅計及增量成本。於應用委員會議 程決定後,本集團已改變其會計政 策,於釐定存貨可變現淨值時計及 增量成本及出售存貨所需之其他成 本,例如代理佣金及法律費用。該 新會計政策已追溯應用。

應用委員會議程決定對本集團之財 務狀況及表現並無重大影響。

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### 3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS (CONTINUED)**

### New HKFRSs that have been issued but not vet effective

The Group has not early applied the following New HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 (Amendments)	Disclosure of Accounting Policies <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 8 (Amendments)	Definition of Accounting Estimates <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 12 (Amendments)	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 16 (Amendments)	Property, Plant and Equipment  – Proceeds before Intended Use <sup>1</sup>
HKAS 37 (Amendments)	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract <sup>1</sup>
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018 – 2020 <sup>1</sup>
HKFRS 3 (Amendments)	Reference to the Conceptual Framework <sup>1</sup>
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>3</sup>
HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments <sup>2</sup>

# Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January

### 3. 應用香港財務報告準則之 修訂本(續)

### 已頒佈但尚未生效之新香港 財務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但 尚未生效之新香港財務報告準則:

香港會計準則第1號 將負債分類為流動或非流動

(修訂本)	及香港詮釋第5號 (二零二零年) 之相關修訂本 <sup>2</sup>
香港會計準則第1號及 香港財務報告準則 實務公告第2號 (修訂本)	會計政策之披露2
香港會計準則第8號 (修訂本)	會計估計之定義2
香港會計準則第12號 (修訂本)	有關單一交易所產生資產及 負債之遞延稅項 <sup>2</sup>
香港會計準則第16號 (修訂本)	物業、廠房及設備-作擬定 用途之前的所得款項'
香港會計準則第37號 (修訂本)	虧損性合約-履行合約之 成本 <sup>1</sup>
香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)	二零一八年至二零二零年 香港財務報告準則之 年度改進 <sup>1</sup>
香港財務報告準則第3號 (修訂本)	概念框架之提述1
香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計 準則第28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合營 企業之間之資產出售或 投入 <sup>3</sup>

香港財務報告準則

第17號

保險合約及相關修訂本2

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效。

<sup>2</sup> 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效。

於待定日期或之後開始之年度期間生

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### 3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS (CONTINUED)**

### New HKFRSs that have been issued but not vet effective (continued)

The directors of the Company ("Directors") anticipate that the application of all New HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

#### 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (a) Categories of financial instruments

### 3. 應用香港財務報告準則之 修訂本(續)

### 已頒佈但尚未生效之新香港 財務報告準則(續)

本公司董事(「董事」)預期,應用所 有新香港財務報告準則於可見未來 將不會對綜合財務報表帶來重大影 響。

#### 4. 金融工具

### (a) 金融工具之類別

		At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial assets Amortised costs Financial assets at FVTOCI Financial assets at FVTPL	財務資產 攤銷成本 按公平值於其他全面 收益列賬之財務資產 按公平值於損益列賬之 財務資產	395,764 - 266,804	427,038 7,405 169,435
	제·1개·후/庄	662,568	603,878
Financial liabilities Amortised costs Financial guarantee contract	<b>財務負債</b> 攤銷成本 財務擔保合約	380,702 483 381,185	383,790 968 384,758

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### 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values

The Group's major financial instruments include financial assets at FVTOCI and FVTPL, trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, bank loans, financial quarantee contract, trade and other payables and lease liabilities. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes.

The Group has exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk) from its use of financial instruments. This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Group's management of capital.

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment

Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Group. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancement to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets.

The Group's credit risk exposures are primarily attributable to bank balances and deposits, trade receivables, deposit and other receivables and amounts due from an associate and joint venture. The carrying amounts of these balances represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

### 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值

本集團之主要金融工具包括按 公平值於其他全面收益列賬及 按公平值於損益列賬之財務資 產、應收貿易賬款及其他應收 賬款、已抵押銀行存款、現金 及現金等值項目、銀行貸款、 財務擔保合約、應付貿易賬款 及其他應付賬款以及租賃負 債。金融工具詳情於相應附註 披露。

本集團因使用金融工具而面對 信貸風險、流動資金風險及市 場風險(包括貨幣風險、利率風 險及其他價格風險)。本附註 載有本集團面對上述各風險、 本集團對於計量及管理風險之 目標、政策及程序,以及本集 團管理資本之資料。

#### 信貸風險及減值評估

信貸風險指本集團對手 方違反合約義務導致本 集團招致財務損失之風 險。本集團並無就財務資 產之信貸風險持有任何 抵押品或其他增信措施。

本集團之信貸風險主要 來自銀行結餘及存款、應 收貿易賬款、按金及其他 應收賬款以及應收一間 聯營公司及合營企業款 項。該等結餘之賬面值代 表本集團就財務資產面 對之最高信貸風險。

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### 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

### (i) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

In respect of cash deposited at banks, the credit risk is considered to be low as the counterparties are reputable banks. The existing counterparties do not have defaults in the past. Therefore, ECL rate of cash at bank is assessed to be close to zero and no provision was made as of 31 December 2021 and 2020.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECLs prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime ECL provision for all trade receivables. To measure the ECLs, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics. The Group has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and ECL. It considers available reasonable and supportive forward-looking information.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, trade and other receivables as well as amounts due from an associate and a joint venture that are individually significant have been separately assessed for impairment. The Group makes periodic assessments on the recoverability of the receivables based on the background and reputation of the customers and debtors, historical settlement records and past experience.

### 4. 金融工具(續)

### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續) (i)

就存放於銀行之現金而 言,信貸風險被視為很 低,乃由於對手方為知名 銀行。現有對手方過去並 無違約記錄。因此,於二 零二一年及二零二零年 十二月三十一日,銀行現 金之預期信貸虧損比率 為近乎零,且並無作出撥

本集團應用香港財務報 告準則第9號所訂明之簡 化方法就預期信貸虧損 作出撥備,該規定允許對 所有應收貿易賬款採用 全期預期信貸虧損撥備。 為計量預期信貸虧損,應 收貿易賬款已按共有信 貸風險特徵分類。本集團 已進行歷史分析,並確定 影響信貸風險及預期信 貸虧損之主要經濟變數。 其考慮可取得之合理可 靠前瞻性資料。

於二零二一年及二零二 零年十二月三十一日,個 別重大之應收貿易賬款 及其他應收賬款以及應 收一間聯營公司及一間 合營企業款項已就減值 作出獨立評估。本集團根 據客戶及債務人之背景 及聲譽、過往結算記錄及 過往經驗,定期評估應收 賬款之可收回程度。

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### 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

### Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Majority of the Group's revenue is received from individual customers in relation to sales of air tickets and service fee income from provision of travelrelated services. The Group's trade receivables majority arise from sales of air tickets to the customers. As at the end of the year, the top five customers and the largest customer accounted for approximately 27% and 5% respectively (2020: approximately 38% and 0%) of the Group's trade receivables balance. In view of the history of business dealings with the customers and the sound collection history of the receivables due from them, management believes that there is no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding receivables balance due from these debtors saved for the debtor related to the impaired trade receivables disclosed in the below. Management makes periodic assessment on the recoverability of the trade and other receivables based on historical payment records, the length of overdue period, the financial strength of the debtors and whether there are any disputes with the debtors.

### 4. 金融工具(續)

### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續) (i)

本集團大部分收益乃來 自向個人客戶銷售機票 以及提供旅遊相關服務 收取之服務費收入。本集 團大部分應收貿易賬款 來自向客戶銷售機票。於 年末,五大客戶及最大客 戶分別佔本集團應收貿 易賬款結餘約27%及5% (二零二零年:約38%及 0%)。鑒於與該等客戶之 業務往來記錄及應收彼 等之應收賬款的收回記 錄良好,管理層相信本集 未收回應收賬款結餘本 身並無重大信貸風險,惟 下文披露與已減值應收 貿易賬款有關之債務人 除外。管理層根據債務人 之過往付款記錄、逾期時 間、債務人之財政實力及 與債務人是否有任何糾 紛,定期評估應收貿易賬 款及其他應收賬款之可 收回程度。

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#### 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

#### (i) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Individual credit evaluations are performed on all of the Group's customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 30 days from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

#### 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續) (i)

本集團對所有要求超過 一定信貸金額之客戶進 行個別信貸評估。該等評 估集中於客戶過往於賬 項到期時之還款記錄及 目前之還款能力,並考慮 客戶以及客戶營運所處 經濟環境之特定資料。應 收貿易賬款於開具發票 日期起計30天內到期。一 般而言,本集團不要求客 戶提供抵押品。

本集團按相等於全期預 期信貸虧損之金額計量 應收貿易賬款之虧損撥 備,其乃使用撥備矩陣計 算。由於本集團過往之信 貸虧損經驗並無顯示不 同客戶分部之虧損模式 有重大差異,故基於逾期 狀態之虧損撥備不會進 一步於本集團不同客戶 基礎之間進一步區分。

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## 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

#### (i) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

The Group provided allowance for expected credit losses on trade receivables in amount of approximately HK\$2,243,000 (2020: approximately HK\$2,986,000) for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續) (i)

截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團 就應收貿易賬款作出之 預期信貸虧損撥備約為 港幣2,243,000元(二零二 零年:約港幣2,986,000 元)。

			Gross		Net
		Expected	carrying	Lifetime	carrying
		loss rate	amount	ECL	amount
		預期虧損	賬面值	全期預期	賬面值
		比率	總額	信貸虧損	淨額
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年				
	十二月三十一日				
Current (not past due)	即期(未逾期)	1.1	3,536	(38)	3,498
31 to 60 days past due	逾期31至60日	1.7	562	(10)	552
61 to 90 days past due	逾期61至90日	5.8	143	(8)	135
Over 90 days past due	逾期90日以上	75.2	2,908	(2,187)	721
		31.4	7,149	(2,243)	4,906

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## 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 4. 金融工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management and fair (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續) values (continued)
  - (i) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)
- - (i) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

			Gross		Net
		Expected	carrying	Lifetime	carrying
		loss rate	amount	ECL	amount
		預期虧損	賬面值	全期預期	賬面值
		比率	總額	信貸虧損	淨額
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
As at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日				
Current (not past due)	即期 (未逾期)	0.2	2,700	(5)	2,695
31 to 60 days past due	逾期31至60日	0.4	240	(1)	239
61 to 90 days past due	逾期61至90日	3.6	640	(23)	617
Over 90 days past due	逾期90日以上	60.6	4,880	(2,957)	1,923
		35.3	8,460	(2,986)	5,474

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#### 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

#### (i) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

The closing loss allowances for trade receivables as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 reconciled as follows:

#### 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續) (i)

於二零二一年及二零二 零年十二月三十一日之 應收貿易賬款年末虧損 撥備對賬如下:

> Trade receivables 應收貿易賬款 HK\$'000 港幣千元

At 1 January 2020 Loss allowance recognised in profit or loss during the year Exchange alignment	於二零二零年一月一日 年內於損益確認之 虧損撥備 匯兌調整	(2,841) (145)
At 31 December 2020 and	於二零二零年	
1 January 2021	十二月三十一日及	
	二零二一年一月一日	(2,986)
Loss allowance reversed in profit or	年內於損益撥回之	
loss during the year	虧損撥備	652
Bad debt written off	撇銷壞賬	118
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	(27)
	於二零二一年	
At 31 December 2021	十二月三十一日	(2,243)

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group, and a failure to make contractual payments for a period greater than agreed contract terms.

Impairment losses on trade receivables are presented as net impairment losses within operating profit. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

應收貿易賬款於再無收 回之合理希望時撇銷。再 無收回之合理希望的指 標包括(其中包括)債務人 未能與本集團訂立還款 計劃,以及未能於超過所 協議合約條款的期間內 支付合約款項。

應收貿易賬款之減值虧 損於經營溢利內呈列為 減值虧損淨額。其後收回 先前已撇銷之款項將計 入同一項目。

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## 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

#### (i) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 1 year. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the trade receivables.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statement.

The management monitored the financial background and creditability of those debtors on an ongoing basis. The Group seeks to minimise its risk by dealing with counterparties which have good credit history. Majority of the trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have no default payment history. In this regard, the Directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

For other receivables as well as amounts due from an associate and a joint venture, management makes periodic collective assessments as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables based on historical settlement records and past experience. The Directors believe that there is no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding balances.

#### 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續) (i)

預期虧損比率乃根據過 往一年之實際虧損經驗 計算。該等比率已為反映 收集過往數據的期間之 經濟狀況、目前狀況及本 集團對應收貿易賬款預 期年期內經濟狀況的看 法之間的差異而作出調 整。

有關本集團應收貿易賬 款所產生之信貸風險的 進一步量化披露載於綜 合財務報表附註22。

管理層持續監察該等債 務人之財務背景及信貸 能力。本集團透過與具有 良好信貸記錄之交易對 手進行交易,務求將風險 減至最低。大部分未逾期 亦未減值之應收貿易賬 款並無拖欠還款記錄。就 此而言,董事認為本集團 之信貸風險已大幅降低。

就其他應收賬款以及應 收一間聯營公司和一間 合營企業的款項而言,管 理層定期就其他應收賬 款之可收回性按過往清 算記錄及過去經驗作出 集體以及個別評估。董事 相信本集團尚未收回結 餘本身並無重大信貸風 險。

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#### 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

#### (i) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

For financial assets at FVTOCI, the Group only invests in debt securities with low credit risk. Management considers 'low credit risk' for listed debt securities to be an investment grade credit rating with at least one major rating agency. For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group assessed the ECL for debt instrument at FVTOCI are insignificant and thus no loss allowance is recognised.

#### (ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its current and expected liquidity requirement and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's nonderivative financial liabilities, which are based on the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

#### 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續) (i)

就按公平值於其他全面 收益列賬之財務資產而 言,本集團只投資於低信 貸風險之債務證券。管理 層認為上市債務證券在 最少一間主要評級機構 之投資信貸評級中為「低 信貸風險」。截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團評估按公 平值於其他全面收益列 賬之債務工具的預期信 貸虧損微不足道,因此並 無確認虧損撥備。

#### (ii) 流動資金風險

流動資金風險指本集團 無法履行到期之財務責 任之風險。本集團之政策 乃定期監察現有及預期 流動資金需求及遵守借 貸契約之情況,確保維持 充足現金儲備及獲得主 要財務機構提供足夠信 貸額度,以應付短期及長 遠之流動資金需求。

下表詳載於報告期末,本 集團之非衍生財務負債 之餘下合約到期日(按合 約到期日計)。表內披露 之款額乃合約未貼現現 金流量(包括利用合約利 率或(如為浮息)於報告期 末之現行利率計算之利 息付款),以及本集團可 被要求付款之最早日期:

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## **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

## 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

# (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

(ii) Liquidity risk (continued)

(ii) 流動資金風險(續)

			At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日				
		Weighted average	Within	More than 1 year but	More than 2 years but	Total contractual	
		effective interest rate 加權平均	1 year or on demand 一年內或	less than 2 years 超過一年	less than 5 years 超過兩年	undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現	Carrying amount
		實際利率	按要求	但少於兩年	但少於五年	現金流量總額	賬面值
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及 其他應付賬款		17,282			17,282	17,282
Bank loans (note)	銀行貸款(附註)	1.9	308,309	_	_	308,309	302,500
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3.3	590	337	-	927	920
Loan from a director and	一名董事兼控股						
controlling shareholder	股東貸款	5.0	-	63,000		63,000	60,000
			326,181	63,337	-	389,518	380,702

More than Weighted Total More than average Within 1 year but 2 years but contractual less than less than undiscounted 1 year or 2 years 5 years cash flow 一年內或 超過一年 超過兩年 合約未貼現 按要求 但少於兩年 但少於五年 現金流量總額

At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

effective Carrying interest rate on demand amount 加權平均 實際利率 賬面值 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 Trade and other payables 應付貿易賬款及 其他應付賬款 19,606 19,606 19,606 2.7 Bank loans (note) 銀行貸款(附註) 310,724 310,724 302,500 Lease liabilities 租賃負債 3.5 789 584 335 1,708 1,684 一名董事兼控股 Loan from a director and controlling shareholder 股東貸款 5.0 63,000 63,000 60,000 331,119 63.584 335 395.038 383.790

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

## 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

(ii) Liquidity risk (continued) Note:

> There is a clause for repayment on demand under the facility letters regarding the bank loans granted to the Group. Thus, the bank loans are categorised into the time band of "within 1 year or on demand" in the above maturity analysis. As at 31 December 2021, the aggregate undiscounted principal amount and interest of bank loans was approximately HK\$308,309,000 (2020: approximately HK\$310,724,000). Taking into account of the Group's financial position, the Directors believe that the bank exercising its discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment is remote and such bank loans shall be repaid one year after the end of the reporting period in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the aggregate principal and interest cash outflows will be in the amount of approximately HK\$308,309,000 (2020: approximately HK\$310,724,000) calculated with weighted average effective interest rate.

> As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, it was not probable that the counterparties to the financial guarantee will claim under the contracts. Consequently, the carrying amount of the financial guarantee contract of approximately HK\$ HK\$0.5 million (2020: approximately HK\$1.0 million) has not been presented above.

#### 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

(ii) 流動資金風險(續) 附註:

> 有關授予本集團銀行貸款的融 資函件項下訂有按要求償還之 條款。因此,該銀行貸款於上文 到期日分析內分類為「一年內或 按要求!時間組別。於二零二一 年十二月三十一日,該銀行貸款 之未貼現本金及利息總金額約 為港幣308.309.000元(二零二 零年:約港幣310.724.000元)。 經考慮本集團之財務狀況,董 事認為,銀行行使其酌情權要 求即時還款之可能性甚微,而 有關銀行貸款應按照貸款協議 所載預定還款日期於報告期末 一年後償還。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,按加權 平均實際利率計算之本金及利 息現金流出總金額將約為港幣 308,309,000元 (二零二零年:約 港幣310,724,000元)。

> 於二零二一年及二零二 零年十二月三十一日,財 務擔保之交易方不大可 能根據合約提出申索。因 此,財務擔保合約之賬面 值約港幣500,000元(二零 二零年: 約港幣1,000,000 元) 並無於上文呈列。

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## 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

#### (ii) Liquidity risk (continued)

# (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### (ii) 流動資金風險(續)

	At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日		<b>於二零二一年</b>		At 31 Decembe 於二零二章 十二月三十	零年
	HK\$'000 港幣千元	Expiry period 屆滿期	HK\$'000 港幣千元	Expiry period 屆滿期		
Guarantee given to 就授予一間聯營公司之 bank in respect of 銀行融資向銀行作出 banking facilities 之擔保 granted to an associate	490,000	2023	490,000	2022		

#### (iii) Currency risk

Presently, there is no hedging policy with respect to the foreign exchange exposure. The Group's transactional currency are HK\$ and Canadian dollars ("CAD") as substantially all the revenue are in HK\$ and CAD. The Group's transactional foreign exchange exposure was insignificant.

#### (iv) Interest rate risk

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

#### (iii) 貨幣風險

目前,本集團並無有關外 匯風險之對沖政策。本集 團之交易貨幣為港幣及 加元(「加元」),原因為絕 大部分收益乃以港幣及 加元計值。本集團在交易 上所承受之外匯風險甚 微。

#### (iv) 利率風險

公平值利率風險指金融 工具之價值因市場利率 變動而波動之風險。現金 流量利率風險指金融工 具之未來現金流量因市 場利率變動而波動之風 險。

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## 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

#### (iv) Interest rate risk (continued)

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to floating-rate borrowing. The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis on interest rate risk Regarding the cash flow interest rate risk, the sensitivity analysis set out below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For variable-rate borrowings, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

#### 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### (iv) 利率風險(續)

本集團之現金流量利率 風險主要涉及浮動利率 借貸。本集團之收入及經 營現金流量大致不受市 場利率變動影響。本集團 現時並無任何利率對沖 政策。然而,管理層監察 利率風險,並考慮在必要 時對沖重大利率風險。

利率風險敏感度分析 就現金流量利率風險而 言,下文所載敏感度分析 為根據報告期末非衍生 工具承受之利率風險而 釐定。就浮息借貸而言, 分析乃假設於報告期末 之未償還負債金額於整 個年度仍為未償還而編 製。增加或減少50個基點 乃於向內部主要管理人 員報告利率風險時使用, 並代表管理層對有關利 率合理可能變動之評估。

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## 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

#### (iv) Interest rate risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis on interest rate risk (continued)

If interest rates had been 50 basis point higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2021 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$1,813,000 (2020: loss would decrease/ increase by approximately HK\$1,813,000). This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its floatingrate borrowings.

#### Interest rate benchmark reform

As listed in note 27, several of the Group's interest-bearing bank loans based on HIBOR will or may be subject to the interest rate benchmark reform. The Group is closely monitoring the market and managing the transition to new benchmark interest rates, including announcements made by the relevant interbank offered rate (IBOR) regulators, risks arising from the interest rate benchmark reform and the progress in completing the transaction to alternative benchmark.

#### **HIBOR**

While the Hong Kong Dollar Overnight Index Average ("HONIA") has been identified as an alternative to HIBOR, there is no plan to discontinue HIBOR. The multirate approach has been adopted in Hong Kong, whereby HIBOR and HONIA will coexist.

#### 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### (iv) 利率風險(續)

利率風險敏感度分析(續)

倘若利率上升/下降 50個基點而所有其他 因素維持不變,則本集 團截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度之溢 利將增加/減少約港幣 1,813,000元(二零二零 年:虧損將減少/增加約 港幣1,813,000元),主要 歸因於本集團之浮息借 貸所面對之利率風險。

#### 利率基準改革

如附註27所列,本集團若 干以香港銀行同業拆息 為基準計息之銀行貸款 將會或可能面對利率基 準改革。本集團正密切監 察市場,並應對向新基準 利率之過渡,包括由相關 銀行同業拆息監管機構 所作公告、利率基準改革 所產生之風險及完成過 渡至新基準利率之進度。

#### 香港銀行同業拆息

雖然港元隔夜平均指數 被視為香港銀行同業拆 息之替代選擇,惟現時並 無計劃廢除香港銀行同 業拆息。香港採用多利率 方針,香港銀行同業拆息 與港元隔夜平均指數並 行。

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## 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

#### (v) Fair value

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis Some of the Group's financial instruments are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. In estimating the fair value, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The management of the Group works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

The Group's financial assets at FVTPL and financial assets at FVTOCI are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

The following table analyses the financial instruments which are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period into the three-level hierarchy.

#### 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### (v) 公平值

本集團按經常性基準以 公平值計量的財務資產及 財務負債之公平值

本集團之若干金融工具 就財務報告目的以公平 值計量。於估計公平值 時,本集團使用可獲得的 之市場可觀察數據。倘無 法獲得第一級輸入數據, 則本集團將委聘第三方 合資格估值師進行估值。 本集團管理層與合資格 外聘估值師緊密合作,確 定適當之估值方法及模 型輸入數據。

本集團按公平值於損益 列賬之財務資產及按公 平值於其他全面收益列 賬之財務資產按於各報 告期末之公平值計量。

下表以三級架構分析於 報告期末按公平值計量 之財務工具。

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## 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

#### (v) Fair value (continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

## (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### (v) 公平值(續)

4. 金融工具(續)

本集團按經常性基準以 公平值計量的財務資產 及財務負債之公平值(續)

Fair value as at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之公平值

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Fair value hierarchy 公平值 架構	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值方法及 主要輸入數據
Financial assets Financial assets at FVTOCI  - Listed note	財務資產 按公平值於其他 全面收益列賬之 財務資產 一上市票據	-	7,405	Level 1 第一級	Quoted prices in active markets 活躍市場報價
Financial assets at FVTPL  - Listed equity investment	按公平值於損益 列賬之財務資產 一上市股本投資	266,804	169,435	Level 1 第一級	Quoted prices in active markets 活躍市場報價
There was no tran	sfer between Leve	l 1, 2			夏內,第一級、第 第三級之間 並無

and 3 in both years.

二級及第三級之間並無 轉移。

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## 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

#### (v) Fair value (continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The fair values of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices or rates from observable current market transactions. The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2021 and 2020, except for the following financial instrument, for which their carrying amounts and fair value and the level of fair value hierarchy are disclosed below:

#### 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### (v) 公平值(續)

並非按經常性基準以 公平值計量的財務資產 及財務負債

本集團財務資產及財務 負債之公平值乃根據普 遍採納之定價模式,按 貼現現金流量分析採用 從可觀察當時市場交易 所得價格或費率釐定。 董事認為,於綜合財務報 表內按攤銷成本記錄之 財務資產及財務負債之 賬面值與其於二零二一 年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日之公平值並無 重大差異,惟下列金融工 具則除外,其賬面值、公 平值及公平值等級披露 如下:

		Carrying	Fair			
		amount at	value at	Fair va	lue measureme	nts as
		31 December	31 December	at 3	31 December 20	21
		2021	2021	(	ategories into:	
		於	於			
		二零二一年	二零二一年			
		十二月	十二月			
		三十一日之	三十一日之	於二零二	一年十二月三十	-一日之
		賬面值	公平值	公平	·值計量分類如下	<b>5</b> :
				Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
				第一級	第二級	第三級
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	ж НК\$'000	# HK\$′000	#####################################
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Financial guarantee	財務擔保合約					
contract		483	_*	-	-	_*

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## 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Financial risk management and fair values (continued)

#### (v) Fair value (continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

#### 4. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

#### (v) 公平值(續)

並非按經常性基準以 公平值計量的財務資產 及財務負債(續)

		Carrying	Fair			
		amount at	value at	Fair va	lue measuremen	ts as
		31 December	31 December	at 31 December 2020		
		2020	2020	(	categories into:	
		於	於			
		二零二零年	二零二零年			
		十二月	十二月			
		三十一日之	三十一日之	於二零二	零年十二月三十	目之
		賬面值	公平值	公平	值計量分類如下	₹:
				Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
				第一級	第二級	第三級
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Financial guarantee	財務擔保合約					
contract	划分据床口料	968	_*	-	-	_*

less than HK\$1,000

#### (vi) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its investments in measured at FVTPL. For equity securities measured at FVTPL quoted in National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations (NASDAQ) in United States of America (the "USA"), the management of the Group manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risks. The management of the Group closely monitor the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

#### 少於港幣1.000元

#### (vi) 其他價格風險

本集團因以按公平值於 損益列賬方式計量之投 資而面對股本價格風險。 就按公平值於損益列賬 並於美利堅合眾國(「美 國」)全國證券交易商協會 自動報價系統(納斯達克) 報價之股本證券而言,本 集團之管理層透過維持 涉及不同風險之投資組 合管理有關風險。本集團 之管理層密切監察價格 風險,並考慮在必要時對 沖有關風險。

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#### 5. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGEMENTS**

#### (a) Key sources of estimated uncertainty

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies which are described in note 2, management has made certain key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimated uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as discussed below:

#### (i) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and land and buildings

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset, which requires significant judgement relating to the level of revenue and the amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of the recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of revenue and operating costs. Changes in these estimates could have a significant impact on the carrying amount of the assets and could result in additional impairment charge or reversal of impairment in future periods.

#### 5. 會計估計及判斷

# (a) 估計不明朗因素之主要來

於應用附註2所述本集團之會 計政策之過程中,管理層已作 出關於未來之若干主要假設, 以及於報告期末存在可能對下 個財政年度之資產及負債賬面 值作出重大調整之主要風險之 估計不明朗因素之其他主要來 源,茲討論如下:

#### 物業、廠房及設備以及 土地及樓宇減值

資產之可收回金額為其 銷售淨價與使用價值兩 者中之較高者。評估使用 價值時,是以除稅前貼現 率將估計未來現金流量 貼現至現值,而該貼現率 反映當時市場對金錢之 時間價值之評估及該項 資產之特有風險,當中需 要對收益水平及經營成 本金額作出重大判斷。本 集團運用所有可得資料, 以釐定可收回金額之合 理概約數字,包括根據對 收益及經營成本之合理 和具支持之假設和預測 所作出之估計。該等估計 之變動可能對資產賬面 值產生重大影響,並可產 生未來期間額外減值費 用或撥回減值。

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#### 5. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Key sources of estimated uncertainty (continued)

#### (ii) Provision for ECL for trade receivables and amounts due from a joint venture and an associate

Trade receivables and amounts due from a joint venture and an associate with significant balances and credit-impaired are assessed for ECL individually.

In addition, for trade receivables which are individually insignificant or when the Group does not have reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort to measure ECL on individual basis, collective assessment is performed by grouping debtors based on the shared credit risk characteristics under simplified approach. For amounts due from a joint venture and an associate, the Group assess by using general approach.

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. Due to ongoing financial uncertainty triggered by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has increased the expected loss rates in the current year as there is higher risk that a prolonged pandemic could lead to increase credit default rates.

#### 5. 會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (a) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)

(ii) 應收貿易賬款以及應收 一間合營企業及一間聯 營公司款項之預期信貸 虧損撥備

> 結餘龐大及信貸減值之 應收貿易賬款以及應收 一間合營企業及一間聯 營公司款項須個別評估 預期信貸虧損。

> 此外,倘若應收貿易賬款 個別結餘並不龐大,或本 集團無法毋須付出過多 成本或努力而取得合理 可靠之資料以個別計量 預期信貸虧損,則根據簡 化方法基於共享信貸風 險特徵將債務人分組進 行集體評估。至於應收一 間合營企業及一間聯營 公司款項,本集團使用一 般方法進行評估。

> 預期信貸虧損撥備容易 受估計變動影響。鑑於 2019冠狀病毒病疫情令 金融方面持續出現不明 朗因素,本集團亦已提高 了本年度之預期虧損比 率,因為疫情持續可能導 致信貸違約比率上升之 風險提高。

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## 5. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Key sources of estimated uncertainty (continued)

#### (iii) Fair value of investment properties

As set out in note 17, investment properties were revalued as at 31 December 2021 on an open market value existing use basis by the independent professional valuers, whose have among their staff, fellow members of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyor (the "Valuer(s)"). Such valuations were based on certain assumptions, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. In making the judgement, the Group considers information from current prices in an active market for similar properties and uses assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at each of reporting period.

#### 5. 會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (a) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)

#### (iii) 投資物業之公平值

如附註17所載,投資物 業於二零二一年十二月 三十一日按獨立專業估 值師(其員工包括香港測 量師學會資深會員)(「估 值師」) 基於現時用涂按公 開市值重估。該等估值建 基於若干假設,涉及不明 朗因素且可能與實際結 果有重大差異。在作出判 斷時,本集團會考慮活躍 市場中類似物業之現有 價格資料,並使用主要根 據於各報告期之當時市 況作出之假設。

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## 5. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Key sources of estimated uncertainty (continued)

#### (iii) Fair value of investment properties (continued)

In relying on the valuation report, the Directors have exercised their judgement and are satisfied that the method of valuation, assumptions and key inputs are reflective of the current market conditions taking into consideration the impact of COVID-19. The Group use valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data to estimate the fair value of investment properties. Note 17 provides detailed information about the valuation techniques, inputs and key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of investment properties.

#### 5. 會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (a) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)

(iii) 投資物業之公平值(續)

在倚賴估值報告時,董事 已行使其判斷,並信納估 值方法、假設及主要輸入 數據反映當前市況,當中 已考慮2019冠狀病毒病 之影響。本集團使用包括 並非基於可觀察市場數 據之輸入數據之估值方 法,以估計投資物業之公 平值。附註17提供有關用 於釐定投資物業公平值 之估值方法、輸入數據及 主要假設之詳細資料。

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## 5. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Key sources of estimated uncertainty (continued)

#### (iv) Impairment test for interests in associates

The Group completed its annual impairment test for interests in associates by comparing the recoverable amount of interests in associates to its carrying amount as at 31 December 2021. The Group has engaged the Valuer to carry out a valuation of the interests in associates as at 31 December 2021 based on the value in use calculations. This valuation uses cash flow projections based on financial estimates assuming the extension of the existing concessions until 31 December 2022 and covering a further ten-year period, and a pre-tax discount rate of approximately 7% (2020: approximately 8%). The cash flows beyond the above mentioned period are extrapolated using a steady 2.5% (2020: 3.0%) growth rate for the casino and hotel industries in which are operated by associates.

#### 5. 會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (a) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)

#### (iv) 於聯營公司之權益之減值 測試

本集團將其於聯營公司 之權益於二零二一年 十二月三十一日之可收 回金額與賬面值作比較, 藉以完成對於聯營公司 之權益之年度減值測試。 本集團已委聘估值師根 據使用價值計算方法為 於二零二一年十二月 三十一日之於聯營公司 之權益進行估值。是次 估值使用假設現時批給 延長至二零二二年十二 月三十一日及根據涵蓋 其後十年期之財務估計 以及除稅前貼現率約7% (二零二零年:約8%)得 出之現金流量預測進行。 超逾上述年期之現金流 量則採用聯營公司所經 營娛樂場及酒店業之穩 定增長率2.5%(二零二零 年:3.0%)推算。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 5. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### (a) Key sources of estimated uncertainty (continued)

#### (iv) Impairment test for interests in associates (continued)

As at 31 December 2021, in view of impairment indicators/indicators of reversal of impairment to specify, the Group performed impairment assessment reversal of impairment on associates. Determining whether impairment loss should be recognised/reversed requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the relevant associate which is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal. The value in use calculation requires the management of the Group to estimate the present value of the estimated cash flows expected to arise from dividends to be received from the associates and the proceeds from the ultimate disposal of the investment taking into account. In cases where the actual cash flows are less or more than expected, or change in facts and circumstances which result in revision of future cash flows estimation or discount rate, a material reversal or further recognition of impairment may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the period in which such a reversal or further recognition takes place. Furthermore, the estimated cash flows and discount rate are subject to higher degree of estimation uncertainties due to uncertainty on how the COVID-19 pandemic and the Macau's law revision may progress and evolve.

#### 5. 會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (a) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)

#### (iv) 於聯營公司之權益之減值 測試(續)

於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,鑒於出現有待 指明之減值指標/減值 撥回指標,故本集團對聯 營公司進行減值撥回之 減值評估。釐定應否確認 / 撥回減值虧損時需要 估計相關聯營公司之可 收回金額,即使用價值與 公平值減出售成本兩者 中之較高者。計算使用價 值時,本集團之管理層需 要估計現金流量之現值, 當中考慮預期從聯營公 司收取之股息及最後出 售投資之所得款項。倘若 實際現金流量少於或多 於預期,或事實與情況改 變導致須修訂估計未來 現金流量或貼現率,則可 能須大規模撥回或進一 步確認減值,並於出現撥 回或進一步確認期間之 損益內確認。此外,鑒於 2019冠狀病毒病疫情及 澳門法例修訂之發展及 演變趨勢不明朗,估計現 金流量及貼現率涉及更 多估計不明朗因素。

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#### 5. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### (b) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

In determining the carrying amounts of some assets and liabilities, the Group makes assumptions for the effects of uncertain future events on those assets and liabilities at the end of each reporting period. These estimates involve assumptions about such items as cash flows and discount rates used. The Group's estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and expectations of future events and are reviewed periodically. In addition to assumptions and estimations of future events, judgements are also made during the process of applying the Group's accounting policies.

#### (i) Impairment test for interests in associates

Management has considered the above assumptions and valuation and also taken into account the business plan going forward. The valuation depends upon an estimate of future cash flows from the interests in associates and other key assumptions, which are based on the Directors' best estimates. The valuation is sensitive to these parameters. Changes in these parameters could lead to a material revision of the valuation which may have effects on the net assets and results of the Group.

#### 5. 會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (b) 應用本集團會計政策之 主要會計判斷

於釐定部分資產與負債之賬面 值時,本集團於各報告期末就 不明朗之未來事項對資產與負 債之影響作出假設。該等估計 涉及對現金流量及所採用貼現 率等項目之假設。本集團之估 計及假設按以過往經驗及對未 來事項之預測為依據,並將定 期檢討。除對未來事項之假設 及估計外,於應用本集團之會 計政策時亦需作出判斷。

#### (i) 於聯營公司之權益之減值 測試

管理層已考慮上述假設 及估值,亦已計及未來業 務規劃。估值取決於於 聯營公司之權益於未來 之估計現金流量及其他 主要假設(該等假設乃根 據董事之最佳估計而作 出)。此估值易受該等參 數影響。倘若該等參數出 現變動,估值可能需作出 重大修訂,繼而可能對本 集團之資產淨值及業績 構成影響。

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## 5. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies (continued)

#### (ii) Principal versus agent consideration

Determining whether the Group is acting as a principal or an agent requires considering of all relevant facts and circumstances, including whether (i) the nature of its promise is a performance obligation to provide the specified goods or services to the customer or to arrange for the other party to provide those goods or services; (ii) the Group obtains control of each specific goods or service before that goods or service is transferred to the customer; and (iii) the Group has latitude in establishing prices.

The Group's management performs the assessment based on the above mentioned factors and reaches the conclusion that the Group acts as a principal in the provision of travel-related services and in sales of air tickets when all the factors set above are fulfilled and recognises the sales on a gross basis accordingly. Otherwise, the Group acts as an agent and recognises the sales on a net basis.

#### 5. 會計估計及判斷(續)

# (b) 應用本集團會計政策之主 會計判斷(續)

#### (ii) 主事人與代理人之考慮 事項

釐定本集團擔任主事人 或代理人時需要考慮一 切有關事實及情況,包括 (i)其承諾性質是否向客戶 提供指定貨品或服務或 安排其他方提供該等貨 品或服務之履約責任;(ii) 本集團是否已於每項指 定貨品或服務轉交予客 戶前獲得該貨品或服務 之控制權;及(iii)本集團是 否擁有產品定價之自主 權。

本集團管理層根據上述 因素進行評估並得出結 論,是當達成上述所有因 素時,本集團於提供旅遊 相關服務及銷售機票時 擔任主事人,並據此按總 額基準確認銷售。否則本 集團擔任代理人並按淨 額基準確認銷售。

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#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports which provide information about components of the Group. This information are reported to and reviewed by the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

The CODM considers the business from both geographic and service perspective.

The Group has presented the following two reportable segments.

- Travel business: sales of air tickets and provision of travel-related services.
- Property investment business: receiving rental streams from leasing office premises and sales of properties in Hong Kong.

#### (a) Segment results, assets and liabilities

The travel reportable operating segment derives their revenue primarily from sales of air tickets and provision of travel-related services. Geographically, management considers the performance of the travel business in North America.

The property investment reportable operating segment derives their revenue from leasing office premises and sales of properties in Hong Kong.

In accordance with HKFRS 8, segment information disclosed in these consolidated financial statements has been prepared in a manner consistent with the information used by the Group's CODM for the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's CODM monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following basis:

#### 6. 分部資料

經營分部按提供有關本集團組成部 分資料之內部報告區分。該等資料 乃提呈予主要經營決策者並由其審 閱,以分配資源及評估表現。

主要經營決策者從地區及服務兩方 面考慮業務。

本集團已呈列以下兩個須予呈報分 部。

- 旅遊業務:銷售機票及提供旅 遊相關服務。
- 物業投資業務:於香港租賃辦 公室物業獲取租金收入及銷售 物業。

#### (a) 分部業績、資產及負債

旅遊須予呈報經營分部之收益 主要來自銷售機票及提供旅遊 相關服務。地區方面,管理層 考慮位於北美之旅遊業務表 現。

物業投資須予呈報經營分部之 收益來自於香港租賃辦公室物 業及銷售物業。

根據香港財務報告準則第8 號,於此等綜合財務報表披露 之分部資料乃按與本集團之主 要經營決策者用以評估分部表 現及於分部之間分配資源之資 料貫徹一致之方式編製。就此 而言,本集團之主要經營決策 者按照以下基準監察各須予呈 報分部應佔之業績、資產及負 債:

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## 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

Segment profit represents the profit from each segment without allocation of corporate administrative costs such as directors' emoluments, share of results of associates and joint ventures, gain arising on change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL, loss arising on disposal of financial assets at FVTOCI, impairment loss recognised on intangible assets which are allocated to corporate assets and corporate finance costs. To arrive at reportable segment profit, the management additionally provides segment information concerning interest income, finance costs and major noncash items such as depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses derived from reportable segments. Unallocated corporate income mainly comprises amortisation on financial guarantee contract, interest income and other sundry income. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment. Taxation is not allocated to reportable segments.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments.

The revenue from external parties reported to the CODM is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### 6. 分部資料(續)

## (a) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

分部溢利指各分部所賺取之 溢利,而並無分配企業行政開 支(如董事酬金)、應佔聯營公 司及合營企業業績、按公平值 於損益列賬之財務資產公平值 變動產生之收益、出售按公平 值於其他全面收益列賬之財務 資產產生之虧損、就分配至企 業資產之無形資產確認之減值 虧損及企業財務成本。於計算 須予呈報分部溢利時,管理層 額外提供有關來自須予呈報分 部之利息收入、財務成本以及 折舊、攤銷及減值虧損等主要 非現金項目之分部資料。未分 配企業收入主要包括財務擔保 合約攤銷、利息收入及其他雜 項收入。此乃就資源分配及表 現評估向主要經營決策者匯報 之計量標準。稅項並無分配至 須予呈報分部。

收益及開支乃經參考有關分部 產生之銷售及開支而分配至須 予呈報分部。

呈報予主要經營決策者之來自 外界人士之收益與簡明綜合損 益表所用之計量方法一致。

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## 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

All assets are allocated to reportable segments other than amount due from an associate, interests in associates and joint ventures, financial assets at FVTOCI and financial assets at FVTPL. Unallocated corporate assets mainly include part of the property, plant and equipment as well as intangible assets, together with cash and cash equivalents of the central administration companies.

All liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than corporate liabilities. Unallocated corporate liabilities mainly include financial guarantee contracts, bank loans, loan from a director and controlling shareholder and part of other payables borne by the central administration companies.

#### 6. 分部資料(續)

#### (a) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

所有資產均分配至須予呈報分 部,惟應收聯營公司款項、於 聯營公司及合營企業之權益、 按公平值於其他全面收益列賬 之財務資產及按公平值於損益 列賬之財務資產除外。未分配 企業資產主要包括中央行政公 司之部分物業、廠房及設備以 及無形資產連同現金及現金等 值項目。

所有負債均分配至須予呈報分 部,惟企業負債除外。未分配 企業負債主要包括財務擔保合 約、銀行貸款、一名董事兼控 股股東貸款連同中央行政公司 承擔之部分其他應付賬款。

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#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the year is set out below:

# 6. 分部資料(續)

## (a) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

於本年度向本集團主要經營決 策者提供有關本集團須予呈報 分部以分配資源及評估分部表 現之資料載列如下:

		Travel 旅遊		Property investment 物業投資		Total 合計	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue from external customers and reportable segment revenue	來自外部客戶之收益及 須予呈報分部收益	147,856	354,170	3,274	9,661	151,130	363,831
Reportable segment (loss)/profit	須予呈報分部(虧損)/溢利	(1,654)	(11,242)	13,667	(80,548)	12,013	(91,790)
Share of results of joint ventures Share of results of associates Gain arising on change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	應佔合營企業業績 應佔聯營公司業績 按公平值於損益列賬之 財務資產公平值					683 (48,654)	571 (145,725)
Impairment loss recognised on	製動產生之收益 就無形資產確認之減值虧損					87,725	131,119
intangible assets Loss arising on disposal of	出售按公平值於其他					(1,681)	-
financial assets at FVTOCI  Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs	全面收益列賬之 財務資產產生之虧損 未分配企業收入 未分配企業開支 財務成本					(143) 915 (37,821) (8,178)	3,980 (36,932) (3,159)
Consolidated profit/(loss) before taxation	除稅前綜合溢利/(虧損)					4.859	(141,936)
Taxation	稅項					-	-
Consolidated profit/(loss) for the year	r 本年度綜合溢利/(虧損)					4,859	(141,936)
Reportable segment assets Unallocated corporate assets	須予呈報分部資產 +公司公共资本	34,662	51,382	250,493	242,483	285,155	293,865
- Interests in associates - Interests in joint ventures - Financial assets at FVTOCI	未分配企業資產 一於聯營公司之權益 一於合營企業之權益 一按公平值於其他全面					547,052 7,323	556,506 6,640
– Financial assets at FVTPL	收益列賬之財務資產 一按公平值於損益列賬之					-	7,405
– Corporate assets	財務資產一企業資產					266,804 282,496	169,435 353,263
						1,388,830	1,387,114
Reportable segment liabilities	須予呈報分部負債	11,638	12,213	1,503	1,697	13,141	13,910
Unallocated corporate liabilities  – Corporate liabilities	未分配企業負債 一企業負債					368,044	370,848
						381,185	384,758

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## 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

## 6. 分部資料(續)

#### (b) Other segment information

#### (b) 其他分部資料

			vel 遊		investment (投資		rate entities 業實體	Total 合計	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Bank interest income Interest income from financial assets at FVTOCI	銀行利息收入 按公平值於其他全面 收益列賬之財務資產	48	55	-	9	11	83	59	147
Fair value gain/(loss) on investment properties Depreciation:	之利息收入 投資物業之公平值 收益/(虧損) 折舊:	-	-	8,100	(79,400)	139	842	139 8,100	(79,400)
<ul> <li>owned property,</li> <li>plant and equipment</li> <li>right-of-use assets</li> <li>Reversal of allowance/</li> <li>(allowance) for expected</li> </ul>	一自置物業、廠房及設備 一使用權資產 就應收貿易賬款作出 預期信貸虧損之	(532) (775)	(573) (530)	-	-	(11,643) (13)	(3,011) (4,837)	(12,175) (788)	(3,584) (5,367)
credit losses on trade receivables Impairment loss recognised on intangible assets	撥備撥回/(撥備) 就無形資產確認之 減值虧損	652 (1,130)	(2,841) (4,338)	-	-	- (1,681)	-	652 (2,811)	(2,841) (4,338)
Reversal of write-down/ (write-down) of stock of properties Finance costs Additions to non-current assets	物業存貨撤減 撥回/(撤減) 財務成本	(1,130) - (17) 243	(4,536) - (13) 188	500	(8,850) (3,457)	(1,661) - (8,178) 462	- (3,159) 11,000	500 (8,195) 705	(8,850) (6,629) 11,188

Additions to non-current assets only include the additions to property, plant and equipment but excluded right-of-use assets for both years.

添置非流動資產僅包括兩個年 度之添置物業、廠房及設備,但 不包括使用權資產。

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## 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

## 6. 分部資料(續)

(c) Disaggregation of revenue

(c) 收益分類

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers:	來自與客戶訂約之收益:		
Recognised at a point in time	於某一個時間點確認		
<u>Travel business:</u>	旅遊業務:		
Sales of air tickets	銷售機票	145,957	348,950
Travel and related service	旅遊及相關服務費收入		
fee income		1,899	5,220
		147,856	354,170
Revenue from other sources:	其他來源之收益:		
Rental income	租金收入	3,274	9,661
Total revenue	收益總額	151,130	363,831

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## 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### (d) Geographical information

The following is an analysis of geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers; and (ii) the Group's noncurrent assets. The geographical location of customers refers to the location at which the services were provided. The Group's non-current assets included property, plant and equipment, investment properties, intangible assets, interests in associates and joint ventures, but excluded financial assets at FVTOCI ("Specific non-current assets").

The geographical location of property, plant and equipment and investment properties is based on the physical location of the asset under consideration. In the case of intangible assets, it is based on the location of operations to which these intangibles are allocated. In the case of interests in associates and joint ventures, it is based on the location of operations of such associates and joint ventures.

#### 6. 分部資料(續)

#### (d) 地區資料

以下為(i)本集團來自外部客戶 之收益;及(ii)本集團之非流動 資產之地區地點分析。客戶之 地區地點指提供服務之地點。 本集團之非流動資產包括物 業、廠房及設備、投資物業、無 形資產、於聯營公司及合營企 業之權益,惟不包括按公平值 於其他全面收益列賬之財務資 產(「指定非流動資產」)。

物業、廠房及設備以及投資物 業之地區地點乃以所考慮資產 之實際地點為基準。如屬無形 資產,則以該等無形資產獲分 配之經營地點為基準。如屬於 聯營公司及合營企業之權益, 則以該等聯營公司及合營企業 之經營地點為基準。

	Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶之收益		Specific non-current assets 指定非流動資產 At 31 December 於十二月三十一日	
	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Hong Kong 香港 (place of domicile) (所在地) Macau 澳門 North America 北美 The People's Republic of 中華人民共和國 China ("PRC") (「中國」)	<b>3,274</b> 9,661  <b>147,856</b> 354,170		398,685 547,052 4,542 226	392,646 556,506 16,586
	151,130	363,831	950,505	966,118

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## 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### (e) Major customers

Revenue from customers arising from travel business segment who contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group is set out as follows:

## 6. 分部資料(續)

## (e) 主要客戶

佔本集團總收益10%以上來自 旅遊業務分部之客戶收益載列 如下:

		202 二零二一 HK\$′00 港幣千	年 二零二零年 HK\$'000
Customer A Customer B Customer C Customer D	客戶A 客戶B 客戶C 客戶D	N/A不適 N/A不適 N/A不適 85,0	用* 59,495 用* 48,342

The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for the respective year.

<sup>\*</sup> 於相關年度之相關收益並不佔 本集團總收益10%以上。

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#### 7. REVENUE

The principal activities of the Group are engaged in the travel-related and property investment businesses.

Revenue represents sales of air tickets, service fee income from provision of travel-related services, rental income as well as sales of properties. The amount of each significant category of revenue recognised in revenue during the year is as follows:

#### 7. 收益

本集團之主要業務為從事旅遊相關 及物業投資業務。

收益指銷售機票、提供旅遊相關服 務之服務費收入、租金收入及銷售 物業。於年內,各項已於收益內確 認之主要類別收益金額如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers:	來自與客戶訂約之收益:		
Recognised at a point in time	於某一個時間點確認		
Sales of air tickets	銷售機票	145,957	348,950
Travel and related service	旅遊及相關服務費收入		
fee income		1,899	5,220
		147,856	354,170
Revenue from other sources:	其他來源之收益:		
Rental income	租金收入	3,274	9,661
		151,130	363,831

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#### 8. OTHER REVENUE AND GAIN

#### 8. 其他收益及收入

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Other revenue	其他收益			
Bank interest income Interest income from	銀行利息收入 按公平值於其他全面		59	147
financial assets at FVTOCI	收益列賬之財務資產 之利息收入		139	842
Government grants (note)	政府補貼 (附註) 2019冠狀病毒病相關		923	2,410
rent concessions	租金優惠		_	87
Other income	其他收益		3,043	2,976
			4,164	6,462
			4,104	0,402
Other gain	其他收入			
Amortisation of financial guarantee contract	財務擔保合約攤銷	30	485	644
gaarantee contract		30	403	
Total	合計		4,649	7,106

Note: For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group recognised government grants of approximately HK\$923,000 in respect of COVID-19-related subsidies which are related to several subsidies schemes provided by the Canada government to support the enterprises which are severe disruption caused by the COVID-19 (2020: approximately HK\$2,410,000 in respect of COVID-19related subsidies which are related to Employment Support Scheme under the Anti-epidemic Fund provided by the Hong Kong government. The purpose of the funding is to provide financial support to enterprises to retain their employees who would otherwise be made redundant. Under the terms of the grant, the Group was required not to make redundancies during the subsidy period and to spend all the funding on paying wages to the employees).

附註:於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團就2019冠狀病毒病相關 補貼確認政府補貼約港幣923,000元, 該補貼涉及加拿大政府就支援受2019 冠狀病毒病嚴重打擊之企業所提供之 若干補助計劃(二零二零年:2019冠狀 病毒病相關補貼約港幣2,410,000元, 涉及香港政府所提供「防疫抗疫基金」 下之「保就業」計劃。該資助的目的是 為企業提供財務支援,以保留可能會 被遣散之僱員。根據補貼條款,本集團 於補貼期間不得裁員,並將所有資助 用於支付僱員之工資)。

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## 9. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

# 9. 除稅前溢利/(虧損)

Profit/(loss) before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting) as follows:

除稅前溢利/(虧損)已扣除/(計 入)下列項目:

				2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
(a)	Finance costs Interest on bank loans Interest on lease liabilities Interest on loan from a director and controlling	(a)	財務成本 銀行貸款之利息 租賃負債之利息 一名董事兼控股股東 貸款之利息	5,690 17	6,348 57
	shareholder (note 36)		(附註36)	2,488	224
				8,195	6,629
(b)	Staff costs Salaries, wages and other benefits (including directors' emoluments)	(b)	<b>員工成本</b> 薪金、工資及其他 福利(包括董事 酬金)	20,032	22,809
	Contributions to defined contribution retirement plan		定額供款退休計劃之 供款	693	989
	contribution retirement plan		17 \ /19\	20,725	23,798
_				20,723	23,790
(c)	Other operating expenses (Reversal of write-down)/ write-down of stock of properties (note 21) Impairment loss recognised on intangible assets (note 16) (Reversal of allowance)/ allowance for expected credit losses on trade	(c)	其他經營開支物業存貨(撇減撥回) /撇減 (附註21) 就無形資產確認之 減值虧損 (附註16) 就應收貿易賬款作出 預期信貸虧損之 (撥備撥回)/撥備	(500) 2,811	8,850 4,338
	receivables			(652)	2,841
				1,659	16,029
(d)	Other items Auditors' remuneration – audit services – other services Depreciation	(d)	核數師酬金 一核數服務 一其他服務 折舊	750 380	725 280
	<ul><li>owned property, plant and equipment</li><li>right-of-use assets</li><li>Operating lease rentals</li></ul>		一自置物業、廠房及 設備 一使用權資產 經營租賃租金	12,175 788	3,584 5,367
	<ul><li>short-term lease</li><li>low-value assets</li><li>Net exchange (gain)/loss</li><li>(Gain)/loss on disposal</li></ul>		一短期租賃 一短期租賃 一低價值資產 外匯淨(收益)/虧損 出售物業、廠房及 設備之(收益)/	1,595 89 (1,398)	2,139 219 109
	of property, plant and equipment		成	(297)	42

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#### 10. TAXATION IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

#### 10. 於綜合捐益表之稅項

#### (a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

#### (a) 於綜合損益表之稅項指:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current tax Deferred tax	即期稅項 遞延稅項	_ _	-
Tax charge	稅項開支	_	_

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2020: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year. No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for both years as the Group has no assessable profits in Hong Kong.

Canadian subsidiaries are subject to Canadian Corporate Income Tax which comprises federal and provincial income taxes. The net federal income tax is calculated at 15% (2020: 15%) and the provincial income tax is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant provinces. No provision for Canadian Corporate Income Tax has been made as the Group has no assessable profit arising in Canada for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

PRC subsidiary is subject to PRC Enterprise Income Tax at 25% (2020: 25%). No provision for PRC Enterprise Income Tax has been made as the Group has no assessable profits arising in the PRC for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

香港利得稅乃根據本年度估計 應課稅溢利按16.5%(二零二 零年:16.5%)計算。由於本集 團於兩個年度內概無在香港產 牛應課稅溢利,因此,概無就 香港利得稅作出撥備。

加拿大附屬公司須繳付加拿大 企業所得稅,當中包含聯邦及 省級所得稅。淨聯邦所得稅按 15% (二零二零年: 15%) 計 算,而省級所得稅則按相關省 份之當前稅率計算。由於本集 團於截至二零二一年及二零二 零年十二月三十一日止年度 內概無在加拿大產生應課稅溢 利,因此,概無就加拿大企業 所得稅作出撥備。

中國附屬公司須按25%(二零 二零年:25%)繳付中國企業 所得稅。由於本集團於截至二 零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度內概無在中國 產生應課稅溢利,因此,概無 就中國企業所得稅作出撥備。

於其他司法權區產生之稅項按 於相關司法權區之當前稅率計 算。

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## 10. TAXATION IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

## 10. 於綜合損益表之稅項(續)

- (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit/(loss) at applicable tax rates:
- (b) 按適用稅率計算之稅項開 支與會計溢利/(虧損)之對 賬:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除稅前溢利/(虧損)	4,859	(141,936)
National tax on profit/(loss)	按適用於有關國家溢利		
before tax, calculated at the			
tax rates applicable to profit	溢利/(虧損)名義稅項		
in the countries concerned		8,738	427
Tax effect of share of results	應佔聯營公司業績之		
of associates	稅項影響	(8,028)	(24,045)
Tax effect of share of results	應佔合營企業業績之		
of joint ventures	稅項影響	113	94
Tax effect of non-deductible	不可扣稅開支之稅項		
expense	影響	16,255	44,599
Tax effect of non-taxable	毋須課稅收益之稅項		
revenue	影響	(19,818)	(22,387)
Tax effect of unrecognised	未確認稅項虧損之稅項		
tax losses	影響	1,972	1,924
Utilisation of tax losses	動用稅項虧損	(151)	(147)
Unrecognised temporary	未確認暫時性差額		
differences		919	(465)
Tax expense for the year	本年度稅項開支	_	_

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#### 11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

## Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Company Ordinance, Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Chapter 622G of the laws of Hong Kong) and the Listing Rules are as follows:

## 11. 董事酬金

根據公司條例第383(1)條、公司(披 露董事利益資料) 規例(香港法例第 622G章) 第2部及上市規則予以披露 之董事酬金載列如下:

		Directors' fee 董事袍金		Salaries, allowance and other benefits 薪金、津貼及其他福利		Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利計劃供款		Total 合計	
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
N									二零二零年
Name		HK\$'000 ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
姓名		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Executive Directors	執行董事								
Yeung Hoi Shing, Sonny	楊海成								
(Chairman)	(主席)	-	-	864	841	18	18	882	859
Ma Ho Man, Hoffman	馬浩文								
(Deputy chairman)	(副主席)	-	-	588	590	18	18	606	608
Non-executive Director	非執行董事								
Choi Kin Pui, Resselle	<i>乔州门里</i> 蔡健培	144	144	_	_	_	_	144	144
Chor Kirr al, Resselle	<b>水</b> 陸山	144	177					177	177
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事								
Yeung Mo Sheung, Ann	楊慕嫦	144	144	_	_	_	_	144	144
Chin Wing Lok, Ambrose	錢永樂	144	144	_	_	_	_	144	144
Chong Ming Yu	莊名裕	144	144	_	_	_	_	144	144
		576	576	1,452	1,431	36	36	2,064	2,043

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## 11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Notes:

- For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, no directors waived any emoluments and no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.
- Director's material interests in transaction, arrangement or contract is stated as below:

Pursuant to an agreement dated 1 December 2008 made between the Company and Mr. Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny, being a Director and a controlling shareholder of the Company ("Mr. Yeung"), Mr. Yeung provided a HK\$200 million term loan facility to the Company with interest at the prime rate quoted for Hong Kong dollars loans by The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited. The principal amount of the loan facility was increased up to HK\$290 million on 14 April 2009. The Company paid the interest of approximately HK\$2,488,000 for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: approximately HK\$224,000) in relation to this transaction. Other details of the transaction are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

Save for contracts amongst group companies and the aforementioned transaction, no other significant transactions, arrangements and contracts to which the Company was a party and in which a director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

#### 11. 董事酬金(續)

#### 附註:

- 截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日,概無董事放棄任何酬金,本 集團亦無向任何董事支付任何酬金, 作為加入本集團或於加入本集團時之 獎勵,或作為離職補償。
- 董事於交易、安排或合約中之重大權 益載列如下:

根據本公司與董事兼本公司控股股東 楊海成先生(「楊先生」)於二零零八年 十二月一日訂立之協議,楊先生向本 公司提供港幣200,000,000元之有期貸 款融資,按香港上海滙豐銀行有限公 司所報之港元貸款最優惠利率計息。 於二零零九年四月十四日,該筆貸款 融資之本金金額已增加至最高達港幣 290,000,000元。截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度,本公司已就此交 易支付利息約港幣2,488,000元(二零 二零年:約港幣224,000元)。交易之其 他詳情載於綜合財務報表附註29。

除集團公司間之合約以及上述交易 外,本公司概無訂立其他於年終或於 本年度內任何時間仍然生效,而董事 於當中直接或間接擁有重大權益之重 大交易、安排及合約。

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### 12. SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S **EMOLUMENTS AND INDIVIDUALS** WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

#### (a) Five highest paid individuals

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2020: two) were executive Directors, whose emoluments are disclosed in note 11. The emoluments of the remaining three (2020: three) individuals, included two (2020: two) senior management, are as follows:

## 12. 高級管理人員酬金及最高 薪人士

#### (a) 五名最高薪人士

本集團五名最高薪人士中,兩 名(二零二零年: 兩名) 為執 行董事,其酬金已於附註11披 露。其餘三名(二零二零年:三 名) 人士當中包括兩名 (二零二 零年: 兩名) 高級管理人員,其 酬金總額載列如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Salaries, allowances and	薪金、津貼及其他福利		
other benefits		2,036	1,951
Retirement benefit	退休福利計劃供款		
scheme contributions		50	53
		2,086	2,004

The emoluments of the three (2020: three) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following band:

該三名(二零二零年:三名)最 高薪人士之酬金介乎下列範圍 內:

#### **Number of individuals**

人數

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至港幣1,000,000元	3	3

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## 12. SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S **EMOLUMENTS AND INDIVIDUALS** WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 12. 高級管理人員酬金及最高 薪人士(續)

#### (b) Senior management of the Company

The emoluments of the senior management of the Company are within the following band:

#### (b) 本公司高級管理人員

本公司高級管理人員之酬金介 乎下列範圍內:

# **Number of individuals**

人數

		/\x		
		2021	2020	
		二零二一年	二零二零年	
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至港幣1,000,000元	2	2	

#### 13. DIVIDENDS

No interim dividend was paid during the year (2020: nil). The Directors do not recommend any payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

#### 13. 股息

年內並無派付中期股息(二零二零 年:無)。董事不建議就截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度派付 任何末期股息(二零二零年:無)。

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#### 14. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

# 14. 每股盈利/(虧損)

The calculation of the basic earnings/(loss) per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

本公司股東應佔每股基本盈利/ (虧損) 乃根據以下數據計算:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Profit/(loss): Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company	溢利/(虧損): 本公司股東應佔本年度 溢利/(虧損)	4,859	(141,936)
		2024	2020
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		′000	′000
		千股	千股
Number of shares: Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of basic	股份數目: 計算每股基本盈利/ (虧損) 之股份加權		1005 101
earnings/(loss) per share	平均數	4,926,491	4,926,49

Diluted earnings/(loss) per share for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 were the same as the basic earnings/(loss) per share. There were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding for both years presented.

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度,每股攤薄盈利/ (虧損) 相等於每股基本盈利/(虧 損)。於該兩個呈報年度內概無發行 在外之潛在攤薄普通股。

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# 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Land and buildings	Leasehold improvements	Furniture, fittings and office equipment 傢俬、裝置	Motor vehicles	Motor yacht and equipment	Right-of- use assets	Total
		土地及樓宇	租賃裝修	及辦公室設備	汽車	遊艇及設備	使用權資產	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Cost	成本							
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	15,424	2,624	1,922	5,118	20,047	10,838	55,973
Additions	添置	68	8,297	849	1,284	690	1,320	12,508
Transfer from investment	轉撥自投資物業 (附註17)	224.000						224.000
properties (note 17)	山住	234,900	(2.422)	(1.462)	- (FCO)	-	(277)	234,900
Disposals	出售	- 200	(2,433)	(1,463)	(560)	-	(377)	(4,793)
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	296	58	122	1		4	481
At 31 December 2020 and	於二零二零年							
1 January 2021	十二月三十一日及							
	二零二一年一月一日	250,688	8,546	1,430	5,843	20,737	11,825	299,069
Additions	添置	-	55	247	403	-	-	705
Disposals	出售	(13,825)	(1,802)	(104)	(854)	-	(9,864)	(26,449)
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	99	45	43	-	-	25	212
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	236,962	6,844	1,616	5,392	20,737	1,986	273,537
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊							
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	2,950	2,174	1,661	4,956	7,684	5,146	24,571
Charge for the year	年內支出	961	283	128	139	2,073	5,367	8,951
Disposals	出售	-	(2,418)	(1,416)	(560)	-	(337)	(4,731)
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	76	79	96	2	-	17	270
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日及							
	二零二一年一月一日	3,987	118	469	4,537	9,757	10,193	29,061
Charge for the year	年內支出	7,506	1,755	264	507	2,143	788	12,963
Disposals	出售	(3,681)	(1,802)	(64)	(854)	-	(9,864)	(16,265)
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	18	42	39	-		4	103
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	7,830	113	708	4,190	11,900	1,121	25,862
Carrying amount At 31 December 2021	振面値 於二零二一年	720 422	6.77		4 202	0.00-	227	247.675
	十二月三十一日	229,132	6,731	908	1,202	8,837	865	247,675
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	246 704	0.420	061	1 200	10.000	1 (22	270.000
	T=ガニT=ロ 	246,701	8,428	961 	1,306	10,980	1,632	270,008

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		At 31 December 2021 於 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	At 31 December 2020 於 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
held outside Hong Kong	於香港以外地區持有之 永久業權土地及樓宇 於香港持有之租賃土地及 樓宇	2,002 227,130 229,132	12,399 234,302 246,701

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group has pledged the leasehold land and building with carrying amount of approximately HK\$227.1 million (2020: HK\$234.3 million) to secure bank loans granted to the Group (note 27).

Lease liabilities of approximately HK\$920,000 (2020: approximately HK\$1,684,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$865,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: approximately HK\$1,632,000).

Details of total cash outflow of leases are set out in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group leases properties as office. Lease contracts were entered into for fixed term of one to three years. Lease terms were negotiated on an individual basis and contained a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applied the definition of a contract and determined the period for which the contract was enforceable. No additional lease contract is entered upon the end of lease term for the year ended 31 December 2021.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團已抵押賬面值約港 幣227.100.000元(二零二零年:港 幣234,300,000元) 之租賃土地及樓 宇,作為本集團獲授銀行貸款之抵 押品(附註27)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,已 確認約港幣920,000元(二零二零 年:約港幣1,684,000元)之租賃負 債連同約港幣865,000元(二零二零 年:約港幣1,632,000元)之相關使 用權資產。

租賃現金流出總額的之詳情載於綜 合現金流量表。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團租賃物業作辦公室。 所訂立的租賃合約之固定期限為一 至三年。租賃年期乃按個別基準協 商,並包含廣泛之條款及條件。於 釐定租賃年期及評估不可撤銷期間 之期限時,本集團應用合約之定義 並確定合約可強制執行之期間。截 至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度並無於租賃年期結束後訂立額外 租賃合約。

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## **16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

# 16. 無形資產

		<b>Trademark</b> <b>商標</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元	Client list 客戶名單 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Crypto- currencies 加密貨幣 HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>Total</b> <b>合計</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cost At 1 January 2020 Exchange alignment	成本 於二零二零年 一月一日 匯兌調整	25,972 496	7,260 139	-	33,232 635
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日及 二零二一年	490	133		033
Addition Exchange alignment	一月一日 添置 匯兌調整	26,468 - 165	7,399 - 46	- 10,131 46	33,867 10,131 257
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	26,633	7,445	10,177	44,255
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses At 1 January 2020 Impairment loss (note 9(c)) Exchange alignment	累計攤銷及減值虧損 於二零二零年 一月一日 減值虧損(附註9(c)) 匯兌調整	19,080 4,338 586	7,260 - 139	- - -	26,340 4,338 725
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021  Impairment loss (note 9(c)) Exchange alignment	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日及 二零二一年 一月一日 減值虧損 <i>(附註9(c))</i> 匯兌調整	24,004 1,130 135	7,399 - 46	- 1,681 5	31,403 2,811 186
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	25,269	7,445	1,686	34,400
Carrying amount At 31 December 2021	賬面值 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	1,364	-	8,491	9,855
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	2,464	-	-	2,464

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#### 16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

#### **Trademark**

The trademark named as "Jade Tours" is a wellknown travel agency brand registered in Canada. The Directors assessed that the trademark is having indefinite useful lives because the trademark was expected to contribute to net cash inflow indefinitely and can be renewed by the Group at minimal cost.

In accordance with HKAS 36, the Group completed its annual impairment test for the trademark by comparing its recoverable amount to its carrying amount as at 31 December 2021 and 2020. The Group has conducted a valuation of the trademark based on the value in use calculations. With reference to the valuations carried out by the Valuer, the recoverable amount of the trademark is lower than its carrying amount. The recoverable amount of trademark was reduced equivalent to approximately HK\$1,364,000 (2020: equivalent to approximately HK\$2,464,000). Therefore, an impairment loss equivalent to approximately HK\$1,130,000 has been recognised for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: equivalent to approximately HK\$4,338,000). The recognition of impairment loss is mainly contributed by the decline in profit forecast of the travel business in Canada under global pandemic environment. Any adverse change in the assumptions used in the calculation of the recoverable amount would result in further impairment loss.

The valuation of the trademark is based on the relief-from-royalty method and uses cash flow projections based on financial estimates covering a five-year period, the expected sales deriving from the trademark in the travel CGU and a pre-tax discount rate of approximately 25% (2020: approximately 25%). The cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a steady 2% (2020: 2%) growth rate. This growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for travel markets in which the Group operates. The values assigned to the above assumptions reflect past experience and are consistent with management plans for focusing operations in these markets. Management believes that the assumption is reasonably achievable.

#### 16. 無形資產(續)

#### 商標

「Jade Tours」商標名稱乃加拿大知 名註冊旅遊代理品牌。由於商標預 期可無限期貢獻現金流入淨額,並 可由本集團以微不足道之成本續 新,故董事評估商標之可使用年期 為無限。

根據香港會計準則第36號,本集團 將商標於二零二一年及二零二零 年十一月三十一日之可收回金額 與其賬面值作比較,藉以完成對商 標之年度減值測試。本集團已根據 使用價值計算方法為商標進行估 值。參考估值師進行之估值,商標 之可收回金額低於賬面值。商標之 可收回金額減少至相等於約港幣 1,364,000元 (二零二零年:相等於 約港幣2,464,000元)。故此,截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度已 確認相等於約港幣1,130,000元(二 零二零年:約港幣4,338,000元)之 減值虧損。確認減值虧損主要由於 在全球疫情下,加拿大旅遊業務之 溢利預測倒退。計算可收回金額時 使用之假設如有任何不利變動,將 可能導致進一步減值虧損。

商標之估值按免納專利權使用費方 法計算,並採用根據涵蓋五年期之 財務估計、預期來自旅遊現金產生 單位之商標之銷售額以及除稅前貼 現率約25%(二零二零年:約25%) 得出之現金流量預測進行。超逾五 年期之現金流量則採用穩定增長率 2% (二零二零年:2%) 推算。有關 增長率並不超過本集團經營所在旅 遊市場之長期平均增長率。上述假 設之相關價值反映過往經驗,並與 管理層專注於該等市場業務之計劃 相符。管理層相信該假設可合理實 路。

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#### 16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

#### **Client List**

The Directors assessed that the client list is having 15 years of useful lives from the date of acquisition. The carrying amount of the client list was fully impaired in the year ended 31 December 2014. The recognition of impairment loss is mainly contributed by the increase in contributory charge of fixed assets.

#### **Cryptocurrencies**

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group purchased an aggregate of approximately 23.4 units of Bitcoin, a cryptocurrency, at an aggregate consideration of equivalent to approximately HK\$10.1 million on an open market cryptocurrency exchange platform. The Directors consider the economic lives of cryptocurrency are indefinite as they lack of physical form and there is no limit to their useful life. The Group accounts for all cryptocurrencies held as indefinite-lived intangible assets in accordance with HKAS 38 "Intangible Assets" and adopts the cost model for the measurement. The cryptocurrencies are initially recorded at cost and are subsequently remeasured on the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, net of any impairment losses incurred since acquisition.

In accordance with HKAS 36, the Group completed its annual impairment test for the cryptocurrencies by comparing the carrying amount with the recoverable amount as at 31 December 2021. The recoverable amount is determined in fair value less cost of disposal, the recoverable amount of the cryptocurrencies was reduced to an amount equivalent to approximately HK\$8,491,000. Therefore, an impairment loss equivalent to approximately HK\$1,681,000 was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2021. As at 31 December 2021, the fair value was determined based on the prevailing market prices quoted in an opening cryptocurrency exchange platform.

#### 16. 無形資產(續)

#### 客戶名單

董事評估客戶名單之可使用年期 為收購日期起計15年。客戶名單之 賬面值於截至二零一四年十二月 三十一日止年度已全面減值。確認 減值虧損主要來自固定資產之繳納 支出增加。

#### 加密貨幣

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團於公開市場上之加密 貨幣交易平台購入合共約23.4單位 之加密貨幣比特幣,總代價相等於 約港幣10,100,000元。董事認為,加 密貨幣由於並無實際形態,且可使 用年期並無限制,故並無確定經濟 年期。本集團按照香港會計準則第 38號「無形資產」將持有之所有加密 貨幣入賬列作無限期無形資產,並 應用成本模式計量。加密貨幣初步 按成本入賬,其後於綜合財務狀況 表按成本扣除自收購以來產生的任 何減值虧損重新計量。

按照香港會計準則第36號,本集團 將加密貨幣於二零二一年十二月 三十一日之賬面值與可收回金額作 比較,藉以完成對加密貨幣之年度 減值測試。可收回金額按公平值減 出售成本釐定,加密貨幣之可收回 金額減至相等於約港幣8,491,000 元。因此,截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度已確認相等於約港 幣1,681,000元之減值虧損。於二零 二一年十二月三十一日,公平值乃 按當時公開市場上之加密貨幣交易 平台所報市價釐定。

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#### 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

## 17. 投資物業

Fair value 公平值		HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	444,800
Decrease in fair value recognised in the	於綜合損益表內確認之公平值減少	111,000
consolidated statement of profit or loss Transfer to property, plant and equipment	轉撥至物業、廠房及設備(附註15)	(79,400)
(note 15)		(234,900)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及	
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	二零二一年一月一日	130,500
Increase in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss	於綜合損益表內確認之公平值增加	8,100
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	138,600

A fair value gain on the investment properties of approximately HK\$8,100,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: fair value loss on the investment properties of approximately HK\$79,400,000). The direct operating expense from investment properties is amounting to approximately HK\$313,000 (2020: approximately HK\$817,000) and the rental income generated from the investment properties is approximately HK\$3,274,000 (2020: approximately HK\$9,661,000).

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度,投資物業之公平值收益約港 幣8,100,000元於綜合損益表中確 認(二零二零年:投資物業之公平 值虧損約港幣79,400,000元)。來自 投資物業之直接經營開支約為港 幣313,000元(二零二零年:約港幣 817,000元),而來自投資物業之租 金收入約為港幣3,274,000元(二零 二零年:約港幣9,661,000元)。

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## 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

The Group's properties interest held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purpose are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for investment properties. The fair value of the investment properties for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 have been arrived at on the basis of valuations carried out on the respective dates by the Valuers who have appropriate qualification and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. The management works closely with the Valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to model. The management reports the valuation report and findings to the Directors half yearly to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the investment properties. The highest and best use of the investment properties are its current use in estimating the fair value of the properties.

The fair value of investment properties located in Hong Kong is determined using combination of income capitalisation method and direct comparison method (2020: combination of income capitalisation method and direct comparison method) by reference to recent sales price of comparable properties on a price per saleable square foot basis and rental value per saleable square foot.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the investment properties were classified as level 3 under the fair value hierarchy (2020: level 3). There were no transfers into or out of level 1, 2 and 3 during the vear.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out the fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

#### 17. 投資物業(續)

本集團根據經營租賃持有以賺取租 金或作資本增值用途的物業權益 採用公平值模式計量,並作為投資 物業分類及入賬。截至二零二一年 及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,投資物業之公平值乃由具備適 當資格並於相關地區之類似物業估 值方面具有近期經驗之估值師,於 相關日期按估值基準達致。管理層 與估值師緊密合作,制定合適之估 值方法及模式之輸入數據。管理層 每半年向董事匯報一次估值報告及 結果,以解釋投資物業公平值波動 之原因。在估計物業之公平值時, 投資物業之最高及最佳用途為其目 前用途。

位於香港之投資物業之公平值乃經 參考可比較物業按估計每平方呎實 用面積價格得出之近期售價及每平 方呎實用面積租金價值,結合使用 收入資本化法及直接比較法(二零 二零年:結合使用收入資本化法及 直接比較法) 釐定。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度,投資物業被分類至公平值架 構級別下之第三級(二零二零年:第 三級)。年內,第一、二及三級概無 轉入或轉出。

本集團之政策是於導致轉移之事件 或情況變化發生之日確認各公平值 架構級別之間的轉入及轉出。

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# 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES 17. 投資物業(續) (CONTINUED)

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's investment properties:

下表描述本集團投資物業之公平值 計量層級:

Pair value at 31 December 2021 Valuation technique hierarchy unobservable inputs weighted average						
HK5'000 港幣千元  Office No. 1001A, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre	Description	31 December 2021 於二零二一年	Valuation technique		-	-
10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海富中心1座10樓 1001A號辦公室  Diffice No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海富中心1座10樓 1004B號辦公室  Diffice No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海富中心1座10樓 1004B號辦公室  Diffice No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海富中心1座10樓 1004B號辦公室  Diffice No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海富中心1座10樓 1004B號辦公室  Diffice No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海富中心1座10樓 1004B號辦公室  Diffice No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海富中心1座10樓 1004B號辦公室  Diffice No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海富中心1座10樓 1004B號辦公室  Diffice No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海富中心1座10樓 1004B號辦公室  Diffice No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海富中心1座10樓 1004B號辦公室  Diffice No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海雷中心1座10樓 1004B號辦公室  Diffice No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre Admiralty Centre  W入資本化法及直接 W入资本化法及直接 W入资本化法 WARRANTANA	描述	HK\$'000	估值方法	公平值層級	重大不可觀察輸入數據	範圍或加權平均
日の1A號辦公室 比較法 價格 Capitalisation rate 資本化率 Monthly rental rate per saleable square foot 每平方呎實用面積月租 港幣57元  Office No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海富中心1座10樓 收入資本化法及直接 第三級 1004B號辦公室 比較法 第三級 估計每平方呎實用面積 港幣41,776元至港幣42,216元 價格 Capitalisation rate 方 電力 表際41,776元至港幣42,216元 價格 Capitalisation rate 有力 表際41,776元至港幣42,216元 原本化率 Monthly rental rate per saleable square foot 每平方呎實用面積 港幣41,776元至港幣42,216元 原本化率 Monthly rental rate per saleable square foot 每平方呎實用面積月租 港幣52元	10th Floor, Tower 1,	53,000	method and direct	Level 3		HK\$45,848 to HK\$46,367
資本化率 Monthly rental rate per saleable square foot 每平方呎實用面積月租 港幣57元  Office No. 1004B, 85,600 Income capitalisation Level 3 Estimated price per saleable square foot 每平方呎實用面積 港幣57元  Office No. 1004B, 1004B。				第三級		港幣45,848元至港幣46,367元
Saleable square foot 每平方呎實用面積月租 港幣57元  Office No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre 海富中心1座10樓 收入資本化法及直接 第三級 1004B號辦公室 比較法 第三級 估計每平方呎實用面積 港幣41,776元至港幣42,216元						1.5%
Office No. 1004B, 85,600 Income capitalisation Level 3 Estimated price per saleable square foot saleable square foot						HK\$57
10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre comparison method 海富中心1座10樓 收入資本化法及直接 第三級 估計每平方呎實用面積 港幣41,776元至港幣42,216元 1004B號辦公室 比較法 價格 Capitalisation rate 資本化率 Monthly rental rate per saleable square foot 每平方呎實用面積月租 港幣52元					每平方呎實用面積月租	港幣57元
1004B號辦公室 比較法 價格 Capitalisation rate 1.5% 資本化率 Monthly rental rate per HK\$52 saleable square foot 每平方呎實用面積月租 港幣52元	10th Floor, Tower 1,	85,600	method and direct	Level 3		HK\$41,776 to HK\$42,216
資本化率 Monthly rental rate per HK\$52 saleable square foot 每平方呎實用面積月租 港幣52元				第三級		港幣41,776元至港幣42,216元
saleable square foot 每平方呎實用面積月租 港幣52元						1.5%
						HK\$52
138,600			-		每平方呎實用面積月租	港幣52元
		138,600				

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## 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

## 17. 投資物業(續)

Description	Fair value at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	Valuation technique	Fair value hierarchy	Significant unobservable inputs	Range or weighted average
描述 	之公平值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	估值方法	公平值層級	重大不可觀察輸入數據	範圍或加權平均
Office No. 1001A, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre	47,600	Income capitalisation method and direct comparison method	Level 3	Estimated price per saleable square foot	HK\$37,730 to HK\$48,522
海富中心1座10樓, 1001A號辦公室		收入資本化法及直接 比較法	第三級	估計每平方呎實用面積 價格 Capitalisation rate 資本化率	港幣37,730元至港幣48,522元 2.3%
Office No. 1004B, 10th Floor, Tower 1, Admiralty Centre	82,900	Income capitalisation method and direct comparison method	Level 3	Estimated price per saleable square foot	HK\$37,051 to HK\$47,649
海富中心1座10樓 1004B號辦公室		收入資本化法及直接 比較法	第三級	估計每平方呎實用面積 價格	港幣37,051元至港幣47,649元
		-		Capitalisation rate 資本化率	2.3%
	130,500				

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the valuations of investment properties were based on either the income capitalisation method which capitalises the rent receivables from the existing tenancies and the potential reversionary market rent of the properties or direct comparison method by reference to comparable market transactions.

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日,投資物業乃根據收入 資本化法(即將物業的現行租賃應 收之租金及潛在復歸市場租金資本 化) 或直接比較法 (即參考可資比較 市場交易) 進行估值。

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## 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

A significant increase/(decrease) in estimated rental value per saleable square foot in isolation would result in a significantly higher/(lower) fair value of the investment properties. A significant increase/ (decrease) in the capitalisation rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower/(higher) fair value of the investment properties.

A significant increase/(decrease) in selling price per saleable square foot in isolation would result in significantly higher/(lower) fair value of the investment properties.

The Directors believe that any possible changes in input values would not cause significant change in fair value of the investment properties.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group had pledged all (2020: all) of the investment properties with carrying amount of approximately HK\$138.6 million (2020: approximately HK\$130.5 million) to secure bank loans granted to the Group (note 27).

## 17. 投資物業(續)

估計每平方呎實用面積租金價值單 獨大幅增加/(減少)會令投資物 業之公平值大幅上升/(下降)。資 本化率單獨大幅增加/(減少)會令 投資物業之公平值大幅下降/(上 升)。

每平方呎實用而積價格單獨大幅增 加/(減少)會令投資物業之公平值 大幅上升/(下降)。

董事相信,輸入數據之任何可能變 動將不會對投資物業之公平值造成 重大變動。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團已抵押賬面值約港幣 138,600,000元 (二零二零年:約港 幣130,500,000元)的所有(二零二零 年:所有)投資物業,作為本集團獲 授的銀行貸款之抵押品(附註27)。

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## **18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES**

# 18. 於聯營公司之權益

			A.4	Λ ±
			At	At
			31 December	31 December
			2021	2020
			於	於
			二零二一年	二零二零年
			十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
Deemed capital contribution	視作資本出資	(b)	103,200	103,200
Goodwill	商譽	(c)	19,409	19,409
Share of results of associate	應佔聯營公司業績		87,424	136,078
			210,033	258,687
Amounts due from an associate	應收聯營公司款項	(d), 36	337,019	297,819
Amounts shown under	非流動資產中列示金額			
non-current assets			547,052	556,506

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## 18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interests in associates recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

# 18. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

上文概列之財務資料與於綜合財務 報表中所確認於聯營公司之權益賬 面值之對賬:

		At	At
		7.10	,
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於	於
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Net liabilities of the associates	聯營公司負債淨額	(312,783)	(213,489)
	本集團之擁有權權益比例	(312,703)	(213,403)
Proportion of the Group's ownership interests	平 亲 閚 之 擁	49%	49%
Ownership interests		45 /0	49 70
Share of net liabilities of the	應佔聯營公司負債淨額		
associates		(153,263)	(104,609)
Goodwill	商譽	19,409	19,409
Effect of fair value adjustments	收購時公平值調整之影響		
at acquisition		240,687	240,687
Deemed capital contribution	視作資本出資	103,200	103,200
Amounts due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項		
(note 36)	(附註36)	337,019	297,819
		E47.0E2	EEG EOG
		547,052	556,506

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

## **18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES** (CONTINUED)

- (a) The following list contains only the particulars of associates, all of which are unlisted corporate entities, which principally affected the results or assets of the Group:
- 18. 於聯營公司之權益(續)
  - (a) 下表僅載列對本集團業績或資 產構成主要影響之聯營公司之 詳情,該等聯營公司全部為非 上市法人實體:

#### Proportion of ownership interests 擁有權權益比例

					·· -	
Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operations 註冊成立/ 營業地點	Particulars of issued and paid up share capital 已發行及	Group's effective interests 本集團 實際權益 %	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有 %	Held by a subsidiary 由一間 附屬公司持有 %	Principal activity 主要業務
Pier 16 – Property Development Limited ("Pier 16 – Property	Macau	100,000 shares of MOP100 each	49	-	49	Property holding
Development") (note) 十六浦物業發展股份有限公司 (「十六浦物業發展」) (附註)	澳門	100,000股每股面值 100澳門元之股份				物業控股

Note: As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, Pier 16 -Property Development held the equity interests of the following companies with the details as below:

附註:於二零二一年及二零二零年 十二月三十一日,十六浦物業發 展持有下列公司股權,詳情如 下:

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## 18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

(a) The following list contains only the particulars of associates, all of which are unlisted corporate entities, which principally affected the results or assets of the Group: (continued)

# 18. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

(a) 下表僅載列對本集團業績或資 產構成主要影響之聯營公司之 詳情,該等聯營公司全部為非 上市法人實體:(續)

Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operations 註冊成立/營業地點	Particulars of issued and paid up share capital	interests held Property De 由十六浦物	of effective d by Pier 16 – evelopment 業發展持有 益比例	Principal activity 主要業務
			<b>2021</b> 二零二一年 %	2020 二零二零年 %	
Pier 16 – Entertainment Group Corporation Limited 十六浦娛樂集團有限公司	Macau 澳門	2 shares of MOP24,000 and MOP1,000 respectively 2股分別面值24,000 澳門元及1,000澳門元	100	100	Provision of management services for casino operations 為娛樂場營運提供管理服務
Pier 16 – Management Limited 十六浦管理有限公司	Macau 澳門	之股份 2 shares of MOP24,000 and MOP1,000 respectively 2股分別面值24,000 澳門元及1,000澳門元	100	100	Hotel operations 酒店營運

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## 18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

(b) The deemed capital contribution is referenced to the financial guarantee contract (note 30) granted by the Group to the associates.

For the purposes of, among others, refinancing the existing loan facilities in the aggregate amounts of HK\$735 million and MOP273 million (the "Existing Loan Facilities") made available to Pier 16 - Property Development by a bank pursuant to an amended and restated facility agreement on 23 June 2017 (the "Existing Loan Agreement") and financing the general working capital for non-gaming operation of Pier 16 - Property Development, Pier 16 - Property Development entered into an amended and restated facility agreement (the "Amended Facility Agreement") with a bank as lender on 23 June 2021. Pursuant to the Amended Facility Agreement, the maturity date under the Existing Loan Agreement was extended to 23 June 2023 and the amounts of the Existing Loan Facilities were revised to the aggregate amounts of HK\$500 million and MOP273 million (the "Revised Loan Facilities"). The Revised Loan Facilities are secured, among others, a guarantee (note 30) and a share pledge (note 38(b)) provided by the Group.

#### (c) Goodwill

Because goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the interests in associates and is not separately recognised, it is not tested for impairment separately by applying the requirements for impairment testing in HKAS 36. Instead, the entire carrying amount of the interests in associates is tested for impairment as set out in note 18(d) below.

## 18. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

(b) 視作資本出資指本集團向聯營 公司授出之財務擔保合約(附 註30)。

> 為了(其中包括)為一間銀行 根據日期為二零一七年六月 二十三日的經修訂及重列信貸 協議(「現有貸款協議」)向十六 浦物業發展所提供總額港幣 735,000,000元及273,000,000 澳門元的現有貸款信貸(「現 有貸款信貸」) 再融資,以及為 十六浦物業發展非博彩營運 的一般營運資金融資,十六浦 物業發展已於二零二一年六 月二十三日與一間銀行(作為 貸方) 訂立經修訂及重列信貸 協議(「經修訂信貸協議」)。根 據經修訂信貸協議,現有貸款 協議下之到期日已延遲至二 零二三年六月二十三日,而現 有貸款信貸的金額亦已修訂 為總額港幣500,000,000元及 273,000,000澳門元(「經修訂 貸款信貸」)。經修訂貸款信貸 乃由(其中包括)本集團提供的 擔保(附註30)及股份抵押(附 註38(b)) 作抵押。

#### (c) 商譽

由於商譽列入於聯營公司之權 益之賬面值,並無獨立確認, 故並無應用香港會計準則第36 號之減值測試規定進行獨立減 值測試。然而,誠如下文附註 18(d)所載,於聯營公司之權益 之賬面值已整項接受減值測 試。

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## 18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

(d) The amounts due from an associate are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment. Their carrying amounts are not materially different from their fair value.

The Group completed its annual impairment test for interests in associates by comparing the recoverable amount of interests in associates to its carrying amount as at 31 December 2021 and 2020. The Group has engaged the Valuer to carry out a valuation of the interests in associates as at 31 December 2021 based on the value in use calculations. This valuation uses cash flow projections based on financial estimates assuming the extension of the existing concessions until 31 December 2022 and covering a further ten-year period, and a pretax discount rate of approximately 7% (2020: approximately 8%). The cash flows beyond the above mentioned period are extrapolated using a steady 2.5% (2020: 3.0%) growth rate for the casino and hotel industries in which are operated by associates. The values assigned to the above assumptions reflect past experience, the potential impact on draft bill on amendments to Law no. 16/2001 "Legal Framework for the Operations of Casino Games of Fortune" that was published by the Macau Government concerning the terms for renewal of gaming concession and are consistent with management plans for focusing operations in these markets. Management believes that the assumption is reasonably achievable.

## 18. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

(d) 應收聯營公司款項為無抵押、 免息及並無固定還款期。該等 款項之賬面值與公平值並無重 大差異。

> 本集團將其於聯營公司之權益 於二零二一年及二零二零年 十二月三十一日之可收回金額 與賬面值作比較,藉以完成對 於聯營公司之權益之年度減值 測試。本集團已委聘估值師根 據使用價值計算方法為於二零 二一年十二月三十一日之於聯 營公司之權益進行估值。是次 估值使用假設現時批給延長至 二零二二年十二月三十一日及 根據涵蓋其後十年期之財務估 計以及除稅前貼現率約7%(二 零二零年:約8%)得出之現 金流量預測進行。超逾上述年 期之現金流量則採用聯營公司 所經營娛樂場及酒店業之穩 定增長率2.5%(二零二零年: 3.0%) 推算。上述假設之相關 價值反映過往經驗,以及澳門 政府就博彩批給續期條款發表 修改第16/2001號法律《娛樂場 幸運博彩經營法律制度》法案 之潛在影響,並與管理層專注 於該等市場業務之計劃相符。 管理層相信該假設可合理實 踐。

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# **18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES** (CONTINUED)

**(e)** The following is summary of aggregate amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and results of the Group's associates:

# 18. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

(e) 本集團聯營公司之資產、負 債、收益及業績總額概述如 下:

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於	於
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	623,986	633,970
Current assets	流動資產	78,665	64,877
Current liabilities	流動負債	(326,292)	(304,416)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(689,142)	(607,920)
Net liabilities	負債淨額	(312,783)	(213,489)
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Revenue	收益	220,111	41,364
Other revenue and gains	其他收益及收入	11,199	14,373
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(99,294)	(297,399)

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## 19. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

# 19. 於合營企業之權益

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		2021 於	之 於
		二零二一年	
		十二月三十一日	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨值	5,553	4,870
Amount due from a joint	應收一間合營企業款項		,
venture <i>(note 36)</i>	(附註36)	8,970	8,970
- Veritare (note 30)	(II) ELSO)	0,510	0,510
		14,523	13,840
Less: Recognised of impairment loss	減:確認減值虧損	(7,200)	(7,200)
		7,323	6,640

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## 19. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

#### Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interests in a joint venture recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

# 19. 於合營企業之權益(續)

上文概列之財務資料與於綜合財務 報表中所確認於合營企業之權益賬 面值之對賬:

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		2021 於	2020 於
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		75 15 1 70	70113 1 70
Net assets of the joint venture	合營企業資產淨值	17,536	15,829
Less: Non-controlling interests	減:非控股權益	(6,431)	(6,090)
Less. Non-controlling interests	//以・ タトラエハンイ性皿	(0,431)	(0,030)
Nisk seeds asselled to some or	人 <b>然</b> 人		
Net assets attributable to owners	合營企業股東應佔資產淨值	44.405	0.720
of joint venture	→ <b>(</b>	11,105	9,739
Proportion of the Group's	本集團之擁有權權益比例	<b>500</b> /	F00/
ownership interests		50%	50%
Share of net assets of the	應佔合營企業資產淨值		
joint venture		5,553	4,870
Amount due from a joint venture	應收一間合營企業款項		
(note 36)	(附註36)	8,970	8,970
Less: Recognised of impairment loss	減:確認減值虧損	(7,200)	(7,200)
		7,323	6,640

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## 19. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES 19. 於合營企業之權益(續) (CONTINUED)

## (a) Details of the Group's interests in the joint ventures are as follows:

#### (a) 本集團於合營企業之權益 詳情如下:

Name of joint venture	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation	Particulars of issued and paid up share capital 已發行及	Group's effective interests 本集團	Principal activity
合營企業名稱	業務架構形式	註冊成立地點	繳足股本詳情	實際權益 %	主要業務
				70	
Surplus Win Enterprises Limited (note)	Incorporated	BVI	2 shares of USD1 each	50	Investment holding
盈勝企業有限公司 (附註)	法團	英屬處女群島	2股每股面值1美元 之股份		投資控股

Note: As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, Surplus Win Enterprises Limited held 80% effective interests in Double Diamond International Limited ("Double Diamond", a company incorporated in the BVI with limited liability). The principal activity of Double Diamond is pier operation in Macau.

附註:於二零二一年及二零二零年 十二月三十一日,盈勝企業有 限公司持有Double Diamond International Limited (「Double Diamond」,一間於英屬處 女群島註冊成立之有限公 司) 之80%實際權益。Double Diamond主要在澳門營運碼頭 業務。

## (b) Aggregate financial information of the joint ventures that is not individually material:

## (b) 個別並不重大之合營企業 之財務資料總述:

		<b>At</b> At
	31 December	er 31 December
	202	2020
	j	於於
	_零	= 二零二零年
	十二月三十一	日 十二月三十一日
	HK\$'00	HK\$'000
	港幣千	港幣千元
Non-current assets 非流動資產	29,29	29,293
Current assets 流動資產	6,63	4,933
Current liabilities 流動負債	(18,38	<b>(18,397)</b>
Net assets      資產淨值	17,53	15,829

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# 19. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

# 19. 於合營企業之權益(續)

- (b) Aggregate financial information of the joint ventures that is not individually material: (continued)
- (b) 個別並不重大之合營企業 之財務資料總述:(續)

(0011011000	•		
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		— → — HK\$'000	— ₹ — ₹ — HK\$′000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		75.15 1 70	78113 1 78
Revenue	收益	1,988	1,915
Expenses	開支	(281)	(488)
Profit before taxation Taxation	除稅前溢利 稅項	1,707 _	1,427
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	1,707	1,427
The above amounts of include the following:	f assets and liabilities	上述資產及負 各項:	負金額包括以下
		At 31 December	At 31 December

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於	於
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	6,272	4,933
Amounts due to shareholders	應付股東款項	(17,940)	(17,940)

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## 19. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

- (c) The amount due from a joint venture is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.
- (d) The Group has advanced HK\$12 million to the joint venture to finance the acquisition of certain assets. In the opinion of the Directors, the Group will not demand for repayment within twelve months from the end of the reporting period and is therefore classified as non-current assets.

As at 31 December 2021 the carrying amount of amount due from a joint venture was approximately HK\$9.0 million (2020: approximately HK\$9.0 million).

As at 31 December 2021, the accumulated impairment loss of the interest in a joint ventures was approximately HK\$7.2 million (2020: approximately HK\$7.2 million), which is considered to be adequate as there are no indication for further impairment (2020: nil).

#### 19. 於合營企業之權益(續)

- (c) 應收一間合營企業款項為無抵 押、免息及並無固定還款期。
- (d) 本集團已向合營企業墊付港幣 12,000,000元,為收購若干資 產提供資金。董事認為,本集 團將不會要求於報告期末起 十二個月內環款,故已將該筆 墊款分類為非流動資產。

於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,應收一間合營企業款項 之賬面值約為港幣9,000,000 元(二零二零年:約港幣 9,000,000元)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,於合營企業之權益之累計 減值虧損約為港幣7,200,000 元(二零二零年:約港幣 7,200,000元),由於並無跡象 顯示需進一步作出減值,故被 視為足夠(二零二零年:無)。

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#### 20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE **INCOME**

## 20. 按公平值於其他全面收益 列賬之財務資產

	At 31 December 2021 於 二零二一年	
	十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	+ HK\$'000 港幣千元
Investment in listed note, with 於上市票據之投資,其固定 fixed interest of 12% per annum 年利率為12%,到期日為 and maturity date on 22 二零二四年一月 January 2024 listed in Singapore 二十二日並於新加坡上市	_	7,405

The investment in listed note was issued by China Evergrande Group, a listed company in Hong Kong. This note is held by the Group within a business model whose objective is both to collect their contractual cash flows which are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and to sell these financial assets. Hence, the investment in listed note is classified as at financial assets FVTOCI. During the year, the Group disposed the investment in listed note, at a consideration of approximately HK\$7,479,000, which was also the fair value as at the date of disposal. The debit balance within revaluation reserve of approximately HK\$143,000 is reclassified to profit or loss.

於上市票據之投資乃由中國恒大集 團(一間香港上市公司)發行。本集 團持有該票據的業務模式之目的是 收取其合約現金流(僅為支付本金 及未償還本金額之利息) 及出售該 等財務資產。因此,於上市票據之 投資被分類為按公平值於其他全面 收益列賬之財務資產。於上市票據 之投資已於年內出售,代價約為港 幣7.479.000元,即於出售日期之公 平值。而於重估儲備中之借方結餘 約港幣143,000元已重新分類至損 益。

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#### 21. STOCK OF PROPERTIES

#### 21. 物業存貨

At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	111,400
(note 9(c))		500
Reversal of write-down of stock of properties	及二零二一年一月一日 物業存貨撇減撥回 <i>(附註9(c))</i>	110,900
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	
Write-down of stock of properties (note 9(c))	物業存貨撇減 (附註9(c))	(8,850)
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	119,750
		HK\$'000 港幣千元

#### 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

# 22. 應收貿易賬款及其他應收 賬款

		At 31 December 2021 於 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	At 31 December 2020 於 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trade receivables Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	應收貿易賬款 減:預期信貸虧損之撥備	7,149 (2,243)	8,460 (2,986)
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	4,906 901	5,474 1,556
Trade and other receivables  Prepayment and deposits	應收貿易賬款及其他應收 賬款 預付款項及按金	5,807 4,145	7,030 8,281
		9,952	15,311

All of the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered within one year.

Including in trade receivables, the lease receivables of approximately HK\$203,000 (2020: approximately HK\$709,000) arise from properties rental income.

所有應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款 預期於一年內收回。

應收貿易賬款包括來自物業租金收 入之應收租金約港幣203,000元(二 零二零年:約港幣709,000元)。

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## 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

#### Aging analysis

Included in trade and other receivables, the aging analysis for trade receivables, based on the due date and net of allowance for expected credit losses, is as follows:

#### 22. 應收貿易賬款及其他應收 賬款(續)

#### 賬齡分析

包括在應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬 款中之應收貿易賬款按到期日及扣 除預期信貸虧損之撥備後之賬齡分 析如下:

		At 31 December 2021 於 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	
Current 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days Over 90 days	即期 31至60日 61至90日 超過90日	3,498 552 135 721 4,906	2,695 239 617 1,923

The Group normally allows an average credit period of 30 days to customers of travel business (2020: average credit period of 30 days). For the customers of property investment business, no credit period was granted.

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

As at 31 December 2021, receivables that were past due 90 days or more and is not considered as in default as these relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Details of impairment assessment of trade and other receivables are set out in note 4(b).

本集團一般給予旅遊業務客戶30日 之平均信貸期(二零二零年:30日之 平均信貸期)。就物業投資業務客戶 而言,並無授予信貸期。

並無逾期或減值之應收賬款乃與近 期並無拖欠還款記錄之各類型客戶 有關。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,逾 期90日或以上且未被視為拖欠還 款之應收賬款乃與若干獨立客戶有 關,該等客戶與本集團之往績記錄 良好。本集團並無就該等結餘持有 任何抵押品。

應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款減值 評估詳情載於附註4(b)。

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#### 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

# 23. 按公平值於損益列賬之 財務資產

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於	於
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Listed equity securities in the USA	於美國上市股本證券	266,804	169,435
Analysed for reporting	就報告目的作出分析:		
purposes as:	V 71.55		
– Current assets	一流動資產	266,804	169,435

The fair value of the listed securities is determined based on the closing prices quoted in active market in the USA.

上市證券之公平值乃按於美國活躍 市場所報之收市價而釐定。

#### 24. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

The amounts are pledged to secure certain banking facilities granted to the Group (note 38). The pledged bank deposits carry fixed interest rate of approximately 0.30% to 1.15% per annum (2020: approximately 0.30% to 1.15% per annum).

#### 24. 已抵押銀行存款

該等款項已予抵押,藉以取得授予 本集團之若干銀行融資(附註38)。 該等已抵押銀行存款按固定年利率 約0.30%至1.15% (二零二零年:年 利率約0.30%至1.15%) 計息。

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#### 25. CASH AND CASH EOUIVALENTS

### 25. 現金及現金等值項目

		At 31 December 2021 於	At 31 December 2020 於
		二零二一年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	二零二零年
Cash and bank balances Non-pledged bank deposits	現金及銀行結餘 無抵押銀行存款	49,611 –	114,908 2,486
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statements of financial position and cash flows	綜合財務狀況表及綜合現金 流量表之現金及現金 等值項目	49,611	117,394

Deposits with banks carry interest at market rates which is approximately 0.001% to 0.35% per annum for current year (2020: approximately 0.001% to 0.20% per annum).

Included in cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2021, there has an amount denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") of approximately RMB40,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$49,000) (2020: approximately RMB285,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$342,000)). Remittance of RMB out of the PRC is subject to exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC government.

於本年度,銀行存款按市場年利率 約0.001%至0.35%(二零二零年: 年利率約0.001%至0.20%)計息。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日之現 金及現金等值項目中,包括一筆以 人民幣(「人民幣」)計值之款項約人 民幣40,000元(相等於約港幣49,000 元)(二零二零年:約人民幣285,000 元(相等於約港幣342,000元))。將 人民幣匯出中國境外須受中國政府 實施之外匯管制規限。

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# 25. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 25. 現金及現金等值項目 (續) (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing 融資活動產生之負債對賬: activities:

		Interest payables (included in other payables) 應付利息(計入其他應付款項) HK\$'000	Bank loans 銀行貸款 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note 27) (附註27)	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note 28) (附註28)	Loan from a director and controlling shareholder 一名董事兼 控股股東貸款 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note 29) (附註29)	Total 合計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
					(11) 6123)	
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	522	194,000	5,740	-	200,262
Changes in financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:					
New bank loan raised	新籌集銀行貸款	-	272,500	-	-	272,500
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款	-	(164,000)	-	-	(164,000)
Loan from a director and controlling shareholder	一名董事兼控股股東貸款	_	_	_	60,000	60,000
Payment of lease rentals	支付租賃租金	-	-	(5,337)	_	(5,337)
Interest paid	已付利息	(6,895)				(6,895)
Total changes in financing	融資現金流量變動總額					
cash flows		(6,895)	108,500	(5,337)	60,000	156,268
Other shares	甘/山総新・					
Other changes: Increase in lease liabilities	<b>其他變動:</b> 租賃負債增加			1,320		1,320
Finance costs recognised	已確認財務成本			1,320		1,320
(note 9(a))	(附註9(a))	6,572	_	57	_	6,629
COVID-19-related rental	2019冠狀病毒病相關	·				·
concessions	租金優惠	-	-	(87)	-	(87)
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	_	-	(9)	_	(9)
Total other changes	其他變動總額	6,572	-	1,281	-	7,853

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# 25. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 25. 現金及現金等值項目(續) (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing 融資活動產生之負債對賬:(續) activities: (continued)

		Interest payables (included in other payables) 應付利息 (計入其他應付款項) HK\$'000 港幣千元	Bank loans 銀行貸款 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note 27) (附註27)	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note 28) (附註28)	Loan from a director and controlling shareholder 一名董事兼 控股股東貸款 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (note 29) (附註29)	Total 合計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日及 於二零二一年一月一日	199	302,500	1,684	60,000	364,383
Changes in financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:					
Repayment of loan from a director and controlling shareholder	償還一名董事兼控股股東 貸款	_	-	-	(50,000)	(50,000)
Loan from a director and controlling shareholder	一名董事兼控股股東貸款	_	_	_	50,000	50,000
Payment of lease rentals	支付租賃租金	_	_	(802)	-	(802)
Interest paid	已付利息	(8,027)	_	-	_	(8,027)
Total changes in financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	(8,027)	_	(802)	_	(8,829)
Other changes:	其他變動:					
Finance costs recognised	已確認財務成本					
(note 9(a))	(附註9(a))	8,178	-	17	-	8,195
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	-	-	21	-	21
Total other changes	其他變動總額	8,178	-	38	-	8,216
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年					
At 31 Detellinet 2021	十二月三十一日	350	302,500	920	60,000	363,770

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#### 26. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

## 26. 應付貿易賬款及其他應付 賬款

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於	於
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Trade payables Accrued charges and other	應付貿易賬款 應計費用及其他應付	5,148	5,722
payables	賬款	12,134	13,884
		17,282	19,606

#### **Aging analysis**

Included in trade and other payables, the aging analysis of trade payables, based on the due date, is as follows:

#### 賬齡分析

包括在應付貿易賬款及其他應付賬 款中之應付貿易賬款按到期日之賬 齡分析如下:

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於	於
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Current	即期	3,587	1,705
31 to 60 days	31至60日	95	106
61 to 90 days	61至90日	68	135
Over 90 days	超過90日	1,398	3,776
		5,148	5,722

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#### 27. BANK LOANS

#### 27. 銀行貸款

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於	於
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元_
Bank loans, secured	有抵押銀行貸款	302,500	302,500
Carrying amount repayable:	須於下列期間償還之		
	賬面值:		
On demand or within one year	按要求或一年內	302,500	302,500
Less: Amount shown under	減:流動負債列示金額		
current liabilities		(302,500)	(302,500)
Amounts shown under non-current	非流動負債列示金額		
liabilities		_	-

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had pledged all of its investment properties (note 17), the leasehold land and building (note 15) as well as one of its stock of properties (note 21) (2020: all of its investment properties, leasehold land and building and one of its stock of properties) to secure the bank loans granted to the Group. The bank loans are carrying an interest rate at HIBOR plus 1.7% to 1.75% per annum (2020: 1.7% to 1.75% per annum). The weighted average effective interest rate on the bank loans was approximately 1.9% per annum for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: approximately 2.7% per annum).

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本 集團已抵押其所有投資物業(附註 17)、租賃土地及樓宇(附註15)以 及一項物業存貨(附註21)(二零 二零年:其所有投資物業、租賃土 地及樓宇以及一項物業存貨),作 為本集團獲授的銀行貸款之抵押 品。銀行貸款按香港銀行同業拆息 加年利率1.7%至1.75%(二零二零 年:1.7%至1.75%)計息。截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 銀行貸款之加權平均實際年利率 約為1.9%(二零二零年:年利率約 2.7%) 。

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#### 28. LEASE LIABILITIES

The Group's lease liabilities arise from lease properties in Canada and PRC for fixed term of one to three years. Interest rates underlying the leases are fixed at respective contract rates from 2.95% to 4.75% per annum (2020: 2.95% to 4.75% per annum).

At 31 December 2021, the Group had lease liabilities repayable as follows:

## 28. 和賃負債

本集團之和賃負債來自加拿大及中 國固定年期為一至三年之租賃物 業。租賃之利率固定為相應合約利 率每年2.95%至4.75% (二零二零 年:每年2.95%至4.75%)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本 集團應償還之租賃負債如下:

		At 31 December 2021 At 31 December 2020		mber 2020	
		於二零二一年-	<b>卜二月三十一日</b>	於二零二零年-	十二月三十一日
		Present		Present	
		value of the	Total	value of the	Total
		minimum	minimum	minimum	minimum
		lease	lease	lease	lease
		payments	payments	payments	payments
		最低租賃	最低租賃	最低租賃	最低租賃
		付款現值	付款總額	付款現值	付款總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Within 1 year	一年內	584	590	773	789
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內	336	337	577	584
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內	-	-	334	335
		336	337	911	919
		920	927	1,684	1,708
Less: Total future interest expenses	減:未來利息開支總額		(7)		(24)
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債現值		920		1,684

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#### **28. LEASE LIABILITIES**

## 28. 租賃負債(續)

Lease obligations that are denominated in currencies are set out below:

以下列貨幣計值之租賃責任列載如 下:

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於	於
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
HK\$	港元	_	13
CAD	加元	807	1,396
RMB	人民幣	113	275
		920	1,684

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### 29. LOAN FROM A DIRECTOR AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER

### 29. 一名董事兼控股股東貸款

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於	於
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Loan from Mr. Yeung	楊先生貸款	60,000	60,000

On 1 December 2008, Mr. Yeung provided a HK\$200 million term loan facility to the Company which is unsecured and charged with interest at the prime rate quoted for Hong Kong dollars loans by The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited. The principal amount of the loan facility was increased up to HK\$290 million on 14 April 2009 (the "Revised Mr. Yeung's Loan Facility") and the final repayment date of the loan and all other sums owing to Mr. Yeung under the Revised Mr. Yeung's Loan Facility was further extended from 31 October 2022 to 31 October 2024 by a supplemental letter of agreement dated 30 September 2021.

In the opinion of the Directors, the borrowing of the said loan from Mr. Yeung was for the benefit of the Company and on normal commercial terms where no security over the assets of the Company was granted.

於二零零八年十二月一日,楊 先生向本公司提供為數港幣 200,000,000元之有期貸款融資,該 貸款融資為無抵押,且按香港上海 滙豐銀行有限公司所報之港元貸款 最優惠利率計息。於二零零九年四 月十四日,該貸款融資之本金金額 增至港幣290,000,000元(「經修訂 之楊先生之貸款融資」),而通過日 期為二零二一年九月三十日之協議 補充函件,經修訂之楊先生之貸款 融資之貸款及所有結欠楊先生之其 他款項之最後還款日期由二零二二 年十月三十一日進一步延遲至二零 二四年十月三十一日。

董事認為,上述楊先生貸款項下之 借貸符合本公司之利益,乃按一般 商務條款訂立,且本公司概無授出 資產抵押。

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## 30. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACT 30. 財務擔保合約

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於	於
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Carrying amount	賬面值		
At the beginning of the year	於年初	968	1,612
Amortisation for the year (note 8)	本年度攤銷 (附註8)	(485)	(644)
At the end of the year	於年末	483	968
Current liabilities	流動負債	322	644
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	161	324
		483	968

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## 30. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACT (CONTINUED)

In 2017, the Company gave a corporate guarantee (the "Guarantee") to a bank in respect of the loan facilities granted to Pier 16 – Property Development. The maximum guarantee amount borne by the Company under the Guarantee was HK\$490.0 million.

The outstanding loan under the Revised Loan Facilities as at 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$230.0 million (2020: the outstanding loan under the Existing Loan Facilities was approximately HK\$185.0 million). The contingent liabilities were disclosed in note 35.

The carrying amount of the financial guarantee contract recognised in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position is in accordance with HKFRS 9 and is carried at amortised cost.

Pursuant to the Amended Facility Agreement, the maturity date under the Existing Loan Agreement was extended from 29 June 2022 to 23 June 2023. The Group has engaged the Valuer to carry out a valuation to measure the fair value of the financial quarantee contract for the changes of terms and conditions under the Amended Facility Agreement as at the signing date of the Amended Facility Agreement (i.e. 23 June 2021). No provision for financial guarantee contract has been made at 23 June 2021 as the fair value is lower than the carrying amount of the financial guarantee contract.

No provision for financial guarantee contracts has been made at 31 December 2021 and 2020 as the Directors considered the default risk is low.

### 30. 財務擔保合約(續)

於二零一七年,本公司就十六浦物 業發展獲授之貸款信貸向一間銀行 提供企業擔保(「該擔保」)。本公司 根據該擔保承擔之最高保證金額為 港幣490,000,000元。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,就 經修訂貸款信貸未償還之貸款約為 港幣230,000,000元(二零二零年: 就現有貸款信貸未償還之貸款約為 港幣185,000,000元)。或然負債於 附註35披露。

根據香港財務報告準則第9號,財務 擔保合約之賬面值已於本集團之綜 合財務狀況表確認,並按攤銷成本 列賬。

根據經修訂信貸協議,現有貸款協 議下之到期日已由二零二二年六月 二十九日延遲至二零二三年六月 二十三日。本集團已委聘估值師進 行估值,以就經修訂信貸協議項下 之條款及條件變動計量財務擔保合 約於經修訂信貸協議簽署日期(即 二零二一年六月二十三日) 之公平 值。由於財務擔保合約之公平值低 於賬面值,故並無於二零二一年六 月二十三日就財務擔保合約作出撥 備。

由於董事認為違約風險低,故於 二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日並無就財務擔保合約作出 撥備。

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### 31. TAXATION IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Deferred tax assets are recognised for tax loss carried forward to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through utilisation against future taxable profits is probable. At 31 December 2021, the Group had tax losses of approximately HK\$230.4 million (2020: approximately HK\$196.3 million) that are available to carry forward indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits. Estimated tax losses of approximately HK\$6.5 million and HK\$45.0 million will expire within 5 years and over 5 years respectively (2020: approximately HK\$4.5 million and HK\$42.5 million will expire within 5 years and over 5 years respectively).

No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses due to the unpredictability of future tax profit streams.

## 31. 綜合財務狀況表內之稅項

倘若有關稅務利益可透過用於抵 銷未來應課稅溢利變現,則就所 結轉之稅項虧損確認遞延稅項資 產。於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團之稅項虧損約為港幣 230,400,000元 (二零二零年:約港 幣196,300,000元),可供無限期結 轉以抵銷未來應課稅溢利。估計稅 項虧損分別約港幣6,500,000元及港 幣45,000,000元將分別於五年內及 五年後到期(二零二零年:約港幣 4,500,000元及港幣42,500,000元將 分別於五年內及五年後到期)。

由於未來稅務溢利來源不可預測, 故並無就未動用稅項虧損確認任何 遞延稅項資產。

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#### 32. SHARE CAPITAL

## 32. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目 '000 千股	Nominal value 面值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	<b>法定:</b> 每股面值港幣0.01元之 普通股		
At 1 January 2020, 31 December 2020, 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021		160,000,000	1,600,000
<b>Issued and fully paid:</b> Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	已發行及繳足: 每股面值港幣0.01元之 普通股		
At 1 January 2020, 31 Decembe 2020, 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	r 於二零二零年一月一日、 二零二零年 十二月三十一日、 二零二一年一月一日及 二零二一年 十二月三十一日	4,926,491	49,265

The owners of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at general meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank pari passu in all respects among themselves.

普通股持有人有權獲得不時宣派之 股息及有權於本公司股東大會上按 一股一票之方式投票。所有普通股 彼此間在各方面均具有相同地位。

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#### 33. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFIT

#### (a) Defined contribution retirement plan

The Group participates in a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000 effective from 1 June 2014. Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

Pursuant to the regulations of the relevant authorities in the PRC, the Group participates in the relevant social retirement benefit schemes (the "PRC Schemes") whereby the Group is required to contribute to the PRC Schemes to fund the retirement benefits of the eligible employees. Contributions made to the PRC Schemes are calculated based on certain percentages of the applicable payroll costs as stipulated under the requirements in the PRC. The relevant authorities of the PRC are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the PRC Schemes is to pay the ongoing required contributions under the PRC Schemes.

### 33. 僱員退休福利

#### (a) 定額供款退休計劃

本集團根據香港強制性公積 金計劃條例,為於香港僱傭條 例管轄範圍內受聘之僱員參 與強制件公積金計劃(「強積 金計劃1)。強積金計劃為定額 供款退休計劃,由獨立信託人 管理。根據強積金計劃,僱主 及其僱員各自須為計劃作出 供款,金額為僱員有關收入之 5%,每月有關收入之上限自 二零一四年六月一日起為港幣 30,000元。計劃供款將即時歸 屬。

根據中國有關部門之法規,本 集團參與相關社會退休福利計 劃(「中國計劃」),據此,本集 團須向中國計劃供款,以支付 合資格僱員之退休福利。根據 中國之規定,向中國計劃所作 供款按適用工資費用之若干百 分比計算。中國有關主管部門 負責向退休僱員支付所有退休 金。本集團於中國計劃之唯一 責任為根據中國計劃持續支付 所需供款。

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## 33. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFIT (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Share option scheme

The retirement benefit schemes contribution represents gross contributions by the Group to the PRC Schemes operated by the relevant authorities of the PRC.

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 5 June 2014 (the "Share Option Scheme") which became effective on 10 June 2014. Unless early termination by the Company in general meeting or by the board of Directors (the "Board"), the Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption.

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives or rewards to eligible persons for their contribution to the Group or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest and any subsidiary of such entity ("Invested Entity").

Under the Share Option Scheme, the Directors are authorised at their absolute discretion to invite eligible persons to take up options to subscribe for shares. Eligible persons under the Share Option Scheme include (i) any employee (whether full time or part time and including executive director) of any member(s) of the Group or any Invested Entity; (ii) any nonexecutive director (including independent nonexecutive director) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (iii) any consultant, adviser or agent engaged by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity, who is eligible to participate in a share option scheme of the Company; and (iv) any vendor, supplier of goods or services or customer of or to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity, who is eligible to participate in a share option scheme of the Company.

### 33. 僱員退休福利(續)

#### (b) 購股權計劃

退休福利計劃供款指本集團向 由中國有關主管部門管理之中 國計劃所作之供款總額。

本公司於二零一四年六月五日 採納一項購股權計劃(「購股權 計劃1),並於二零一四年六月 十日生效。除非由本公司於股 東大會上或由董事會(「董事 會」)提早終止,否則購股權計 劃將自採納日期起持續有效十

購股權計劃目的旨在提供激勵 或獎勵予對本集團或本集團任 何成員公司持有任何股權之任 何實體以及該實體之任何附屬 公司(「投資實體」)作出貢獻之 合資格人十。

根據購股權計劃,董事獲授權 可全權酌情邀請合資格人士接 納購股權以認購股份。購股權 計劃之合資格人士包括(i)本集 團任何成員公司或任何投資實 體之任何僱員(不論全職或兼 職,並包括執行董事);(ii)本集 團任何成員公司或任何投資實 體之任何非執行董事(包括獨 立非執行董事);(iii)本集團任 何成員公司或任何投資實體所 委聘且合資格參與本公司購股 權計劃之任何顧問、專家顧問 或代理;及(iv)本集團任何成 員公司或任何投資實體合資格 參與本公司購股權計劃之任何 賣家、產品或服務供應商或客 戶。

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## 33. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFIT (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Share option scheme (continued)

There is no provision in the Share Option Scheme to require a grantee to fulfill any performance target or to hold the option for a certain period before exercising the option, but the Board may at its absolute discretion from time to time provide such requirements in the offer of grant of options.

The maximum number of shares available for issue under options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company is 492,649,119 shares (being not more than 10% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme (the "Scheme Limit"), representing approximately 10% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of this annual report.

The Company may seek approval of its shareholders in general meeting for refreshing the Scheme Limit save that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company under the Scheme Limit so refreshed shall not exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of such approval (the "New Scheme Limit"). Options previously granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with the respective provisions of the scheme(s) of the Company or exercised options) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the New Scheme Limit.

### 33. 僱員退休福利(續)

#### (b) 購股權計劃(續)

購股權計劃內並無條文規定承 授人在行使購股權前須達致任 何表現目標,亦無規定其在行 使購股權前須持有該購股權若 干時間,但董事會可不時全權 酌情決定於授出購股權之要約 中附加該等規定。

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何 其他購股權計劃可授出之購股 權可予發行之股份最高數目為 492,649,119股(即不超過購股 權計劃採納當日已發行股份總 數之10%(「計劃上限」)),相 當於本年報日期已發行股份總 數約10%。

本公司可於股東大會上尋求其 股東批准更新計劃上限,惟在 計劃上限更新後,因根據購股 權計劃及本公司任何其他購股 權計劃將予授出之全部購股權 獲行使而可予發行之股份總 數,不得超過批准更新計劃上 限當日已發行股份總數之10% (「新計劃上限」)。就計算新 計劃上限而言,先前根據購股 權計劃及本公司任何其他購股 權計劃已授出之購股權(包括 按照本公司相關計劃條文尚未 行使、已註銷、已失效或已行 使之購股權)將不會計算在內。

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## 33. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFIT (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Share option scheme (continued)

Notwithstanding aforesaid in above, the maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company must not exceed 30% of the total number of shares in issue from time to time.

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option scheme(s) adopted by the Company (whether exercised, cancelled or outstanding) to each eligible person in any 12-month period up to and including the date of offer shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue on the date of offer, unless such grant is approved by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting at which such eligible person and his or her associates shall abstain from voting.

The exercise price in respect of any option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board in its absolute discretion but in any event shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of the option, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date on which the option is offered; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

### 33. 僱員退休福利(續)

#### (b) 購股權計劃(續)

儘管如前文所述,因根據購股 權計劃及本公司任何其他購股 權計劃已授出且尚未行使之全 部在外流通購股權獲行使而可 予發行之股份最高數目,不得 超過不時已發行股份總數之 30%。

於任何截至並包括要約日期止 十二個月期間,因根據購股權 計劃或本公司所採納之任何其 他購股權計劃已授予及將授予 每名合資格人士之購股權(不 論為已行使、已註銷或未行使) 獲行使而已發行及將發行之股 份總數,不得超過於要約日期 當日已發行股份總數之1%, 惟本公司股東已於股東大會 上批准授出有關購股權,且有 關合資格人士及其聯繫人已於 有關會議上放棄表決,則屬例 外。

根據購股權計劃授出之任何購 股權之行使價將由董事會全權 酌情決定,惟在任何情況下不 得低於以下三者中之最高者: (i)股份於購股權要約日期(必 須為營業日)在聯交所每日報 價表所報之收市價;(ii)股份於 緊接購股權要約日期前五個營 業日在聯交所每日報價表所報 之平均收市價;及(iii)股份之面 值。

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## 33. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFIT (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Share option scheme (continued)

The offer of a grant of share option must be accepted not later than 28 days after the date of offer, upon payment of a consideration of HK\$1 by the grantee. The exercise period of the share option granted is determined by the Board, save that such period shall not exceed a period of 10 years commencing on the date upon which the share option is granted.

No share options had been granted under the Share Option Scheme since its adoption and up to 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

## 33. 僱員退休福利(續)

#### (b) 購股權計劃(續)

授出購股權之要約最遲須於要 約日期後二十八日內由承授 人透過支付港幣1元之代價接 納。所授出購股權之行使期由 董事會釐定,惟該期間自購股 權授出當日起計不得超過十 年。

自採納購股權計劃以來及截 至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止,概無根據購股權計劃授 出任何購股權(二零二零年: 無)。

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#### 34. COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2021, the Group had contracted with the tenants for the following future minimum lease receivables:

#### The Group as lessor

### 34. 承擔

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本 集團與租戶訂約之未來最低應收租 金如下:

### 本集團作為出租人

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於	於
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Within one year	一年內	3,180	4,881
After one year but within			
two years	一年後但兩年內	1,173	847
After two years but within			
three years	兩年後但三年內	-	-
		4,353	5,728

Property rental income earned during the year was approximately HK\$5,989,000 (2020: approximately HK\$12,598,000). All of the Group's investment properties are held for rental purpose and one of its stock of properties is rented. It is expected to generate rent yield of approximately 2.3% (2020: approximately 2.0%) on an ongoing basis. The Group's rental property has committed tenant for the next one to two years.

年內賺取之物業租金收入約為港幣 5,989,000元 (二零二零年:約港幣 12,598,000元)。本集團所有投資物 業均持有作租賃用途,且其中一項 物業存貨亦已經出租,預期可持續 帶來約2.3%(二零二零年:約2.0%) 之租金回報率。本集團之租賃物業 已就未來一至兩年與租戶訂約。

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#### 35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company gave the Guarantee to a bank in respect of the Loan Facilities in 2017. The maximum guarantee amount borne by the Company under the Guarantee was HK\$490.0 million (notes 18 and 30).

The outstanding loan under the Loan Facilities as at 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$230.0 million (2020: approximately HK\$185.0 million).

#### **36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

In addition to the transactions and balances detail elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

## (a) The Group had the following transactions with the related parties during the year:

# Note: The management fee was charged on actual cost incurred by the Group for provision of management

and technical services.

### 35. 或然負債

於二零一七年,本公司就貸款信貸 向一間銀行提供該擔保。本公司根 據該擔保承擔之最高保證金額為港 幣490,000,000元(附註18及30)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,就 貸款信貸未償還之貸款約為港幣 230,000,000元 (二零二零年:約為 港幣185,000,000元)。

#### 36. 關聯方交易

除綜合財務報表其他地方詳述之交 易及結餘外,本集團於年內與關聯 方有以下重大交易:

### (a) 本集團於年內與關聯方進 行以下交易:

	Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 进数工二	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
	門」	港幣千元	冷帘十九
Interest expenses paid 已付一名董事兼控股 to a director and 股東之利息開支 controlling shareholder	9(a), 29	2,488	224
Rental income received 已收及應收一間關聯 and receivable from a 公司之租金收入			
related company	36(f)	2,961	8,842

#### 附註:

管理費乃按本集團就提供管理 及技術服務所產生之實際成本 收取。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

## 36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 36. 關聯方交易(續) (CONTINUED)

- (b) The outstanding balances with related parties at the end of the reporting period are as follows:
- (b) 於報告期末與關聯方之未 償還結餘如下:

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Amounts due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司 款項	18	337,019	297,819
Amounts due from a joint venture	應收一間合營企業 款項	19	8,970	8,970
Loan from a director and controlling shareholder	一名董事兼控股 股東貸款	29	60,000	60,000

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

## **36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (CONTINUED)

### (c) Key management personnel compensation

Compensation for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the Directors as disclosed in note 11, senior management of the Company and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in note 12 is as follows:

## 36. 關聯方交易(續)

#### (c) 主要管理人員補償

主要管理人員之補償(包括於 附註11披露之已付董事款項及 附註12披露之已付本公司高級 管理人員及若干最高薪僱員之 款項)如下:

### The Group 本集團

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
Salaries, allowance and other benefits	薪金、津貼及其他 福利		3,487	3,383
Retirement scheme contributions	退休計劃供款		85	88
Total emoluments are included in "staff costs"	報酬總額列入「員工成本」	9(b)	3,572	3,471

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### **36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (CONTINUED)

(d) On 1 December 2008, the Company entered into a letter of agreement with Mr. Yeung regarding a term loan facility of up to HK\$200 million, the loan is unsecured and charged with interest at the prime rate quoted for Hong Kong dollars loans by The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited. The principal amount of the loan facility was increased up to HK\$290 million on 14 April 2009 and the final repayment date of the loan and all other sums owing to Mr. Yeung under the Revised Mr. Yeung's Loan Facility was further extended from 31 October 2022 to 31 October 2024 by a supplemental letter of agreement dated 30 September 2021. The said loan from Mr. Yeung constitutes a connected transaction for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, but is fully exempt from shareholders' approval and all disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

## 36. 關聯方交易(續)

(d) 於二零零八年十二月一日,本 公司與楊先生就一項金額最高 達港幣200,000,000元之有期 貸款融資訂立一份協議函件, 該貸款為無抵押,且按香港上 海滙豐銀行有限公司所報之港 元貸款最優惠利率計息。於二 零零九年四月十四日,該貸款 融資之本金金額增至最高達港 幣290,000,000元,且通過日期 為二零二一年九月三十日所 訂立之補充協議函件,經修訂 楊先生貸款融資項下之貸款及 所有結欠楊先生之其他款項之 最後還款日期由二零二二年十 月三十一日進一步延遲至二零 二四年十月三十一日。根據上 市規則第十四A章,上述來自 楊先生之貸款構成本公司一項 關連交易,惟根據上市規則第 十四A章獲全面豁免遵守股東 批准及所有披露之規定。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### **36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (CONTINUED)

- (e) In June 2021, the Group entered into two tenancy agreements (the "Tenancy Agreements") for a term of two years to renew the tenancy agreements which were signed in June 2019 in respect of the leasing of all investment properties of the Group to a company which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Yeung, the tenant is therefore a connected person of the Company. The rentals chargeable under the Tenancy Agreements were determined after taking into account of the opinion letters issued by the Valuer in connection with the fairness and reasonableness of the rentals chargeable under the Tenancy Agreements in respect of the said properties. The entering into the Tenancy Agreements constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules but are fully exempt from shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements pursuant to Rule 14A.76(1)(c) of the the Listing Rules as all the applicable percentage ratios calculated on an annual basis pursuant to Rule 14A.07 of the the Listing Rules are less than 5% and annual cap is below HK\$3,000,000.
- (f) In September 2020, the Group, as landlord and a company which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Yeung, as tenant entered into a deed of surrender in relation to the early termination of the one of the tenancy agreements in respect of the leasing of the premises situated at Office Units Nos. 1003 and 1004A on the 10th Floor of Tower 1 of Admiralty Centre, No. 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong on and with effect from 1 October 2020. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 September 2020.

## 36. 關聯方交易(續)

(e) 於二零二一年六月,本集團 訂立兩份為期兩年之租賃協議 (「租賃協議」),以重續於二 零一九年六月簽立的租賃協 議,當中涉及將本集團所有投 資物業出租予一間公司,而該 公司由楊先生全資實益擁有, 因此,該租戶為本公司之關連 人士。於租賃協議項下的可收 取租金乃經參照估值師就上述 物業於租賃協議項下的可收取 租金是否公平合理出具的意 見書而釐定。根據上市規則第 十四A章,訂立租賃協議構成 本公司之持續關連交易,惟根 據上市規則第14A.07條按年計 算之所有適用百分比率均低 於5%,且年度上限低於港幣 3,000,000元,故根據上市規則 第14A.76(1)(c)條獲全面豁免遵 守股東批准、年度審核及所有 披露規定。

(f) 於二零二零年九月,本集團(作 為業主)與一間由楊先生全資 實益擁有之公司(作為租戶)訂 立一份退租契據,據此提早於 二零二零年十月一日終止其中 一份有關租賃位於香港夏慤道 18號海富中心1座10樓1003及 1004A室的物業的租賃協議, 自二零二零年十月一日起生 效。更多詳情請參閱本公司日 期為二零二零年九月十五日之 公告。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 37. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholders returns that might be possible with higher level of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of debt-to-capital ratio. For this purpose the Group defines debt as total borrowings which are bearing variable interest rate such as bank loans (note 27), lease liabilities (note 28) together with loan from a director and controlling shareholder (note 29), and net of cash and cash equivalents (note 25). Capital represents total equity attributable to owners of the Company in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group's strategy was to maintain the debt-tocapital ratio as low as feasible. In order to maintain or adjust the ratio, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. As at 31 December 2021, the debt-to-capital ratio is approximately 31% (2020: approximately 25%).

#### 37. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之主要目的乃保障 本集團能夠持續經營,從而可繼續 為股東帶來回報及為其他持份者帶 來利益,並維持優良資本架構,以 減低資本成本。

本集團積極及定期檢討及管理其資 本架構,以在維持較高股東回報(可 能帶來較高借貸水平) 與穩健資本 狀況所帶來之好處及保障之間取得 平衡,以及因應經濟狀況轉變而調 整資本架構。

本集團按債務對資本比率監控其資 本架構。為此,本集團將債務界定 為按浮動利率計息(如銀行貸款(附 註27)、租賃負債(附註28)連同一 名董事兼控股股東貸款(附註29), 扣除現金及現金等值項目(附註 25)) 之借貸總額。資本指綜合財務 狀況表內之本公司股東應佔權益總 值。

本集團之策略為盡力將債務對資本 比率維持於低水平。為維持或調整 該比率,本集團可能調整向股東派 付之股息金額、向股東退還資本、 發行新股或出售資產減低債務。於 二零二一年十二月三十一日,債務 對資本比率約為31%(二零二零年: 約25%)。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 38. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has pledged the following assets:

- (a) the Group's all of investment properties, the leasehold land and building as well as one of its stock of properties totally with carrying amount of approximately HK\$461.0 million (2020: approximately HK\$459.8 million) were pledged to secure against bank loans (note 27) and a standby letter of credit granted to the Group;
- (b) World Fortune Limited ("World Fortune") pledged all (2020: all) of its shares in Pier 16 - Property Development to a bank in respect of the loan facilities granted to Pier 16 -Property Development; and
- the Group pledged the time deposit (C) of approximately HK\$558,000 (2020: approximately HK\$551,000) to a bank for the issuance of banking facility of approximately HK\$548,000 (2020: approximately HK\$545,000) for the operations of the Group (note 24).

### 38. 資產抵押

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本 集團已抵押下列資產:

- (a) 本集團已抵押賬面值合計約 港幣461,000,000元(二零二零 年:約港幣459,800,000元)之 所有投資物業、租賃土地及樓 宇以及其中一項物業存貨,作 為本集團獲授銀行貸款(附註 27) 及備用信用證之抵押品;
- (b) 世兆有限公司(「世兆」)就十六 浦物業發展獲授之貸款信貸向 一間銀行抵押其於十六浦物業 發展之全部股份(二零二零年: 全部股份);及
- (c) 本集團向一間銀行抵押定期 存款約港幣558,000元(二零 二零年:約港幣551,000元), 以就本集團營運取得約港幣 548,000元 (二零二零年:約港 幣545,000元) 之銀行融資(附 註24)。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 39. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE **COMPANY**

## 39. 本公司之財務狀況表及 儲備變動

### (a) Statement of financial position of the **Company**

### (a) 本公司之財務狀況表

		At 31 December 2021 於 二零二一年 十二月三十一日	2020 於 二零二零年
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Non-current asset	非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	1,197,041	1,155,446
<b>Current assets</b> Deposits, prepayments and	<b>流動資產</b> 按金、預付款項及其他		
other receivables	應收賬款	912	453
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	27,052	93,204
		27,964	93,657
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付賬款及應計 費用	1,164	814
Bank loans	銀行貸款	140,000	140,000
Financial guarantee contract	財務擔保合約	322	644
		141,486	141,458
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨值	(113,522)	(47,801)
Total asset less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債	1,083,519	1,107,645

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

## 39. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE **COMPANY (CONTINUED)**

## 39. 本公司之財務狀況表及 儲備變動(續)

### (a) Statement of financial position of the **Company (continued)**

### (a) 本公司之財務狀況表(續)

		At	At
		31 December 2021	31 December 2020
		於 於	於 於
		二零二一年	
		十二月三十一日	
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
		他带干兀	/ 它带干兀
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Financial guarantee contract	財務擔保合約	161	324
Loan from a director and	一名董事兼控股股東		
controlling shareholder	貸款	60,000	60,000
		60,161	60,324
NI d	- 次 文 河 <i>住</i>	4 022 250	4 0 47 224
Net assets	資產淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	1,023,358	1,047,321
Canital and manner	次 <del>十</del> 五/4/4		
Capital and reserves Share capital	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本	49,265	49,265
Reserves (note 39(b))	斌本 儲備 <i>(附註39(b))</i>	974,093	998,056
	HH IM (11) PT > (~//	27.1,033	333,330
Total equity	權益總值	1,023,358	1,047,321

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 March 2022.

董事會已於二零二二年三月三十日 批准及授權刊發。

On behalf of the board

代表董事會

Yeung Hoi Sing, Sonny 楊海成 Director 董事

Ma Ho Man, Hoffman 馬浩文 Director 董事

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

## 39. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE **COMPANY (CONTINUED)**

## 39. 本公司之財務狀況表及 儲備變動(續)

### (b) Reserve movement of the Company

#### (b) 本公司之儲備變動

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>Total</b> <b>合計</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2020 Loss and other comprehensive loss for the year	於二零二零年一月一日 本年度虧損及其他全面 虧損	1,418,963 -	(344,159) (76,748)	1,074,804 (76,748)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 Loss and other comprehensive	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日 本年度虧損及其他全面	1,418,963	(420,907)	998,056
loss for the year  At 31 December 2021	虧損 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	1,418,963	(23,963) (444,870)	(23,963) 974,093

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **40. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES**

(a) The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

All of these are controlled subsidiaries as defined under note 2(c) and have been consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### 40. 主要附屬公司

(a) 下表僅載列對本集團業績、資 產或負債構成主要影響之附屬 公司詳情。除另有列明外,所 持股份類別均指普通股。

> 所有該等公司均為附註2(c)所 界定之受控附屬公司,並已綜 合計入本集團之綜合財務報 表。

#### Proportion of ownership interests 擁有權權益比例

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operations 註冊成立/ 營業地點	Particulars of issued shares and paid up share capital 已發行股份及	Group's effective interests 本集團 實際權益 %	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有 %	Held by a subsidiary 由一間 附屬公司持有 %	Principal activities 主要業務
Macau Success (Hong Kong) Limited 澳門實德 (香港) 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	10,000,000 shares/ HK\$1,076,000 10,000,000股股份/ 港幣1,076,000元	100	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Macau Success Management Services Limited	Hong Kong 香港	100 shares/HK\$100 100股股份/港幣100元	100	-	100	Provision of administration services 提供行政服務
World Fortune 世兆	Hong Kong 香港	1,000 shares/HK\$1,000 1,000股股份/港幣1,000元	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

## **40. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

## 40. 主要附屬公司(續)

### (a) (continued)

#### (a) (續)

#### Proportion of ownership interests 擁有權權益比例

					•	
Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operations 註冊成立/ 營業地點	Particulars of issued shares and paid up share capital 已發行股份及 繳足股本詳情	Group's effective interests 本集團 實際權益 %	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有 %	Held by a subsidiary 由一間 附屬公司持有 %	Principal activities 主要業務
Jade Travel Ltd.	Canada 加拿大	15,000 class "A" nonvoting special shares of CAD1,500,000 and 7 common shares without par value 為數1,500,000加元之15,000股「A」類無投票權特別股及7股並無面值之普通股	100	-	100	Wholesale and retail business of selling airline tickets and tour packages 銷售機票及旅行套票 之批發及零售業務
Good Sun Development Limited 日佳發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 share/HK\$1 1股股份/港幣1元	100	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Total Gain Limited 全溢有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 share/HK\$1 1股股份/港幣1元	100	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Powerful Concept Limited 權創有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 share/HK\$1 1股股份/港幣1元	100	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Famous Capital International Limited	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/ 香港	1,000 shares/USD1,000 1,000股股份/ 1,000美元	100	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Perfect Top Development Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	1 share/USD1 1股股份/1美元	100	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Better Talent Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	1 share/USD1 1股股份/1美元	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股

#### (b) Significant Restriction

Cash of RMB held in the PRC are subject to local exchange control regulations. These local exchange control regulations provide for restrictions on exporting capital from the PRC, other than through normal dividends.

#### (b) 重大限制

於中國持有以人民幣計值之現 金須受當地外匯管制條例所規 限。該等當地外匯管制條例限 制從中國輸出資本,惟透過正 常股息除外。

# Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

#### 業績 **RESULTS**

### Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

					— · ·~	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務					
Revenue	收益	151,130	363,831	1,147,371	1,120,278	589,935
Profit/(loss) before taxation from continuing operations Taxation	來自持續經營業務之 除稅前溢利/(虧損) 稅項	4,859 -	(141,936) –	74,194 –	54,213 -	4,369 -
Profit/(loss) after taxation from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之 除稅後溢利/(虧損)	4,859	(141,936)	74,194	54,213	4,369
<b>Discontinued operations</b> Loss after taxation from discontinued operations	<b>已終止經營業務</b> 來自已終止經營業務之 除稅後虧損	-	-	_	-	(37,825)
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	4,859	(141,936)	74,194	54,213	(33,456)
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	<b>由以下各項應佔:</b> 本公司股東 非控股權益	4,859 -	(141,936) –	74,194 -	54,464 (251)	(29,810) (3,646)
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	4,859	(141,936)	74,194	54,213	(33,456)
Earnings/(loss) per share attributable to owners of the Company:	本公司股東應佔每股 盈利/(虧損):					
From continuing and discontinued operations  — Basic and diluted	來自持續經營及 已終止經營業務 一基本及攤薄	0.10 HK cents 港仙	(2.88) HK cents 港仙	1.51 HK cents 港仙	1.11 HK cents 港仙	(0.61) HK cents 港仙

## Five-Year Financial Summary (Continued) 五年財務概要(續)

## **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

## 資產及負債

#### As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

					•	
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Total assets	資產總值	1,388,830	1,387,114	1,385,035	1,382,749	1,046,047
Total liabilities	負債總值	(381,185)	(384,758)	(240,776)	(314,628)	(48,191)
Net assets	資產淨值	1,007,645	1,002,356	1,144,259	1,068,121	997,856
	上 /2 = m + ch / L					
Total equity attributable to	本公司股東應佔					
owners of the Company	權益總值	1,007,645	1,002,356	1,144,259	1,068,121	1,010,630
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	-	-	_		(12,774)
Total assists	梅艾纳佐	4 007 645	1 002 250	1 144 250	1 000 121	007.056
Total equity	權益總值	1,007,645	1,002,356	1,144,259	1,068,121	997,856

# **Particulars of Properties** 物業詳情

Particulars of the properties held by the Group at the end of the reporting year are as follows:

於報告年末,本集團持有的物業詳情如

## A. Investment properties

#### A. 投資物業

					Attributable interest of
Location		Use/Status	Туре	Tenure	the group 本集團
地	<b>點</b>	用途/狀況	類型	租用年期	應佔權益
1	Office No. 1001A on the 10th Floor of Tower 1 of Admiralty Centre, No. 18 Harcourt Road, Admiralty, Hong Kong	Rental	Commercial building	Medium term lease	100%
	香港金鐘夏慤道18號 海富中心1座10樓 1001A號辦公室	出租	商廈	中期契約	
2	Office No. 1004B on the 10th Floor of Tower 1 of Admiralty Centre, No. 18 Harcourt Road, Admiralty, Hong Kong	Rental	Commercial building	Medium term lease	100%
	香港金鐘夏慤道18號 海富中心1座10樓 1004B號辦公室	出租	商廈	中期契約	

# Particulars of Properties (Continued)

## 物業詳情(續)

## B. Stock of properties

### B. 物業存貨

				Tenure/ Gross	Attributable interest of	
Location		Use/Status	Use/Status Type		the group 本集團	
地黑	<u>t</u>	用途/狀況	類型	總樓面面積	應佔權益	
1	34th Floor and Store Room of Sunshine Plaza, No. 353 Lockhart Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong	On Sale	Commercial building	Medium term lease/ Approximately 5,134 square feet	100%	
	香港灣仔駱克道353號 三湘大廈34 樓及儲物室	待售	商廈	中期契約/ 約5,134 平方呎		
2	Office Nos. 1905 and 1906 on the 19th Floor of Eastern Commercial Centre, Nos. 395–399 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong	On Sale	Commercial building	Medium term lease/ Approximately 1,532 square feet	100%	
	香港灣仔軒尼斯道395至399號 東區商業中心19樓 1905號及1906 號辦公室	待售	商廈	中期契約/ 約1,532平方呎		



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