寶光寶業(國際)有限公司

Annual Report 2016 年報二零一六 人的腳步是耶和華立定的,他的道路也是耶和華喜 悦的。

詩篇 37:23

The Lord makes firm the steps of the one who delights in him;

Psalm 37:23

CONTENTS

目錄

Financial Summary	財務摘要	1
Report of the Directors	董事會報告書	2
Independent Auditor's Report	獨立核數師報告	38
Consolidated Income Statement	綜合收益表	40
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	綜合全面收益表	41
Consolidated Balance Sheet	綜合資產負債表	42
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	綜合權益變動表	44
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	綜合現金流量表	45
Notes to the Financial Statements	財務報表附註	46
Corporate Governance Report	企業管治報告	143
Community Involvement	社區參與	164
Awards	獎項	167
Corporate Information	公司資料	168
Company Directory	公司資料索引	171
Financial Calendar	財務日誌	175

		2012 HK\$'M 港幣佰萬元	2013 HK\$'M 港幣佰萬元	2014 HK\$'M 港幣佰萬元	2015 HK\$'M 港幣佰萬元	2016 HK\$′M 港幣佰萬元
Consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 March	綜合收益表 截至3月31日止年度					
Revenue	收入	3,330.9	3,647.2	3,891.6	3,940.8	3,401.7
Profit/(loss) for the year	年度溢利/(虧損)	250.9	233.5	172.2	92.1	(189.8)
Interim dividend paid Final dividend proposed Special dividend proposed	已派中期股息 擬派末期股息 擬派特別股息	33.3 42.8 9.5	37.7 33.5 5.2	37.7 38.7 _	20.9 10.5 –	- -
Consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March	綜合資產負債表 3月31日結算					
Assets	資產	2,330.5	2,761.5	2,965.8	3,091.4	2,958.4
Less: Liabilities and non-controlling interests	減:負債及 非控股權益	1,157.7	1,364.5	1,507.5	1,644.9	1,728.6
Shareholders' funds	股東資金	1,172.8	1,397.0	1,458.3	1,446.5	1,229.8
Per share data	每股資料	HK\$ 港幣元	HK\$ 港幣元	HK\$ 港幣元	HK\$ 港幣元	HK\$ 港幣元
Earnings/(loss) (restated) Interim dividend paid Final dividend proposed Special dividend proposed Shareholders' funds (restated)	盈利/(虧損)(重列) 已派中期股息 擬派末期股息 擬派特別股息 股東資金(重列)	0.239 0.035 0.045 0.010 1.121	0.223 0.036 0.032 0.005 1.335	0.164 0.036 0.037 - 1.394	0.088 0.02 0.01 - 1.382	(0.182) - - 1.175

Note: Earnings per share and shareholders' funds per share of 2012 is restated to take up the effect of the bonus issue of shares during the year ended 31 March 2013.

附註: 2012年的每股盈利及每股股東資金乃經重列,以計入於2013年3月31日止年度紅股發行的影響。

The directors of the Company (the "Board") submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 35 to the financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by operating segment is set out in note 5 to the financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2016 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 40.

No interim dividend was paid during the year (2015: HK\$0.02 per ordinary share).

The directors did not recommend the payment of a final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: HK\$0.01 per ordinary share).

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable donations of HK\$293,000.

SHARES ISSUED IN THE YEAR

Details of the shares issued in the year ended 31 March 2016 are set out in note 21 to the financial statements.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 1 of this annual report.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 March 2016, the distributable reserves of the Company available for distribution as dividends to shareholders amounted to HK\$79,568,000 (2015: HK\$61,309,000).

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws although there is no restriction against such rights under the laws in Bermuda.

本公司董事會(「董事會」)提呈董事會報告書連同 截至2016年3月31日止年度的經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其主要附屬公司的業務載於財務報表附註35。

本集團年內的營運分部表現載於財務報表附註5。

業績及股息

本集團截至2016年3月31日止年度的業績載於第 40頁的綜合收益表內。

年內,本公司並沒有派發中期股息(2015:每股 普通股港幣0.02元)。

董事會不建議派發截至2016年3月31日止年度的末期股息(2015:每股普通股港幣0.01元)。

捐款

年內,本集團作出慈善捐款港幣293,000元。

年內已發行股份

截至2016年3月31日止年度已發行的股份的詳情 載於財務報表附註21。

五年財務摘要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產及負 債摘要載於年報第1頁。

可分派儲備

截至2016年3月31日,本公司可作為股息向股 東分派的可分派儲備為港幣79,568,000元(2015 年:港幣61,309,000元)。

優先認股權

本公司的公司細則並無有關優先認股權的規定, 百慕達的法例亦無對該等權利作出限制。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW

- Group Turnover decreased by 13.7% (FX neutral: 10.7%)
- Group Gross Profit Margin down 1.6 percentage point to 59.7%
- Group Net Loss at HK\$190.0 million
- Inventory reduced by HK\$229.1 million, or 17.3% y-o-y
- Net cash inflow from operating activities of HK\$226 million

The Group's businesses comprise principally of watch retailing ("CITY CHAIN"), optical retailing ("OPTICAL 88" and "eGG Optical Boutique"); and the wholesale trading of watches ("SEIKO"). Operating around 640 shops in Hong Kong, Macau, Mainland China, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand, our businesses offer affordable lifestyle products and quality services targeting middle class consumers in Asia.

In the financial year under review, the slowdown in emerging economies, volatile stock markets, a strong US dollar and a weak yuan contributed to weak consumer sentiment, falling tourist numbers and sluggish domestic consumption in markets where the Group operates.

For the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group recorded a decline in turnover of 13.7% (FX neutral: 10.7%) to HK\$3,401.7 million (2015: HK\$3,940.8 million) and a loss attributable to the Group's equity holders of HK\$190.0 million (2015: net profit of HK\$91.8 million).

管理層討論及分析

業務回顧

- 集團營業額下跌13.7%(撇除匯率因素: 10.7%)
- 集團毛利率下跌1.6百分點至59.7%
- 集團虧損淨額為HK\$190.0佰萬
- 存貨按年減少HK\$229.1佰萬或17.3%
- 營運現金流入淨額HK\$226佰萬

集團的業務主要包括鐘錶零售(「時間廊」)、眼鏡 零售(「眼鏡88」及「eGG Optical Boutique」),以 及鐘錶批發貿易(「精工」)。集團於香港、澳門、 中國內地、新加坡、馬來西亞及泰國經營約640 間店舖,目標客群為亞洲區內的中產消費者,為 其提供價格合理的時尚產品和優質服務。

回顧本財政年度,新興經濟體增長放緩、股市動 盪、美元強勢及人民幣疲弱,導致集團經營所在 地區市場消費氣氛低迷、旅客人數下降及本地消 費不景氣。

截至2016年3月31日止年度,集團錄得營業額下降13.7%(撇除匯率因素:10.7%)至HK\$3,401.7 佰萬(2015:HK\$3,940.8佰萬),集團權益持有 人應佔虧損HK\$190.0佰萬(2015:純利HK\$91.8 佰萬)。

The Group would report a loss attributable to shareholders of HK\$88.8 million (2015: Profit of HK\$147.4 million) after excluding (i) the non cash impact of an increase in the liability component of convertible bonds of HK\$71.3 million (2015: HK\$55.4 million); (ii) a provision made for onerous leases of shops of HK\$17.6 million (2015: HK\$0.2 million); (iii) an impairment of intangible assets related to our Swiss movement assembly facilities of HK\$26.4 million (2015: nil); and (iv) the bargain purchase and fair value gain made on acquisition of a subsidiary of HK\$14.1 million (2015: nil).

During the year under review, the Group adopted a two pronged strategy to reduce inventory and maintain a stable cash flow. Group net cash inflows from operating activities increased to HK\$226 million (2015: HK\$81.0 million) and Group inventory stood at HK\$1,098.6 million, down 17.3% (2015: HK\$1,327.7 million) against that as at 31 March 2015; with the size of inventory reduction outpacing the decline in turnover as inventory turnover days was shortened to 293 days (2015: 318 days).

The gross profit margin for the Group narrowed to 59.7% compared to 61.3% in FY2014/15 as aggressive promotional incentives were implemented to drive sales in a market severely impacted by the downturn. However, due to the more resilient nature of the optical business, Optical 88 and eGG, were able to maintain gross profit margins at stable levels.

Group operating costs fell by 2.1% to HK\$ 2,160.4 million (2015: HK\$ 2,207.3 million). The Group expects operating costs to be further reduced in FY2016/17. We have seen some softening of shop rentals towards the end of Q4 FY15/16, in Hong Kong, and we expect to see further downward pressure.

Group net debt decreased by around 5.6% to HK\$521.7 million (2015: HK\$552.4 million) whilst Group gearing ratio edged up to 42.4% (2015: 38.2%). Excluding convertible bonds, bank borrowings net of bank balance was reduced to HK\$75.3 million (2015: HK\$171.7 million) with increased operating cash inflow.

FINAL DIVIDEND

Due to the challenging operating environment, the Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: HK\$0.01 per ordinary share).

管理層討論及分析(續)

若撇除:

(1)可換股債券負債部份增加之非現金影響 HK\$71.3佰萬(2015:HK\$55.4佰萬);

(2)就部分店舖虧損的撥備HK\$17.6佰萬(2015: HK\$0.2佰萬);

(3)與集團瑞士機芯裝嵌設施有關的無形資產減值 HK\$26.4佰萬(2015:零)及

(4)收購一間附屬公司之議價及公平值收益 HK\$14.1佰萬(2015:零)

集團錄得股東應佔虧損HK\$88.8佰萬(2015:溢 利HK\$147.4佰萬)。

回顧本年度,集團採取雙管齊下策略,減少存貨及維持穩健的現金流。與2015年3月31日相比,集團營運現金流入淨額增加至約HK\$226佰萬(2015:HK\$81佰萬),集團存貨為HK\$1,098.6佰萬,比去年同期減少17.3%(2015:HK\$1,327.7佰萬);而存貨減幅大於營業額下跌幅度,導致存貨周轉日數縮短至293日(2015:318日)。

由於經濟放緩影響,集團推行各項推廣措施以刺激銷售,毛利率從2014/15財政年度的61.3%收 窄至59.7%。然而,由於眼鏡業務較為穩定,「眼 鏡88」及「eGG」的毛利率維持穩健的水平。

集團的營運成本下降2.1%至HK\$2,160.4佰 萬(2015:HK\$2,207.3佰萬)。集團預期,於 2016/17財政年度營運成本將進一步減低。香港 店舖租金於2015/16財政年度第四季有所降低, 預期將進一步下調。

集團的淨債務減少約5.6%至HK\$521.7佰萬 (2015:HK\$552.4佰萬),而集團的借貸比率則 微升至42.4%(2015:38.2%)。若撇除可換股債 券的影響,銀行淨貸款(減去銀行結餘)下降至 HK\$75.3佰萬(2015:HK\$171.7佰萬),主要因 為營運現金流入的增加。

末期股息

由於營運環境充滿挑戰,董事會不建議宣派截至 2016年3月31日止年度之末期股息(2015:每股 普通股HK\$0.01)。

CITY CHAIN GROUP

- City Chain Group turnover down 18.5%
- City Chain Group LBIT of HK\$31.0 million

City Chain Group with around 350 stores in Hong Kong, Macau, Mainland China, Singapore, Thailand and Malaysia together with online stores at http://citychain.tmall.com/ and http://titus.tmall.com/ posted a decrease in turnover of 18.5% to HK\$1,803.8 million (2015: HK\$2,212.5 million) whilst recording a LBIT of HK\$31.0 million (2015: EBIT of HK\$189.4 million) due to the decline in turnover and a squeeze on gross profit margin. However, tight inventory management and prudent stock replenishment led to faster stock turnover and inventory was reduced by 32.2% y-o-y.

Hong Kong and Macau

City Chain Hong Kong and Macau saw turnover falling by 20.3% to HK\$1,169.9 million. (2015: HK\$1,467.4 million). This was due to the decline in Mainland Chinese tourist traffic and associated spending fall, together with the general economic slowdown in Hong Kong and Macau.

With the decrease in turnover and narrowed gross profit margin triggered by promotions to boost consumer purchase, dis-economies of scale hit bottom line and EBIT decreased to HK\$43.9 million (2015: HK\$244.3 million). This was despite operating costs (other than shop rentals) dropping by 12.2%. The Group is also streamlining fixed costs to reduce the ratio of fixed costs to turnover whilst retaining more flexibility with variable costs. Inventory was reduced by 29.9% y-o-y.

Mainland China

Our operations in Mainland China faced a very challenging operating environment following volatile stock markets and the depreciation of the yuan in mid 2015 and a further slowdown of the Chinese economy in the second half of FY 2015/16. Turnover fell by 5.6% (FX neutral: 3.3%) to HK\$218.0 million (2015: HK\$230.9 million) with a corresponding decrease in number of shops. LBIT widened to HK\$74.7 million (2015: HK\$55.1 million).

管理層討論及分析(續)

「時間廊」集團

- 「時間廊」集團營業額下降18.5%
- 「時間廊」集團除利息及税項前虧損為
 HK\$31.0佰萬

「時間廊」集團於香港、澳門、中國內地、新加坡、泰國及馬來西亞營運約350間店舖,並於 http://citychain.tmall.com/及http://titus.tmall.com/ 經營電商業務,其營業額減少18.5%至 HK\$1,803.8佰萬(2015:HK\$2,212.5佰萬), 並因營業額減少及毛利率下降而錄得除利息及税 項前虧損 HK\$31.0佰萬(2015:除利息及税項前 溢利HK\$189.4佰萬)。然而,嚴謹的存貨管理 及採購策略使存貨流轉加快,存貨水平按年減少 32.2%。

香港及澳門

「時間廊」香港及澳門營業額下跌20.3%至 HK\$1,169.9佰萬(2015:HK\$1,467.4佰萬),原 因包括中國內地旅客人數減少,相關旅客消費下 降,而香港與澳門整體經濟放緩亦影響零售表現。

銷售下跌與及市場推廣活動引致毛利率受壓及 相關負規模效應下,儘管營運成本(不包括店舖 租金)已下降12.2%,EBIT減少至HK\$43.9佰 萬(2015:HK\$244.3佰萬)。集團正調節固定成 本,以降低固定成本佔營業額之百份比,並以變 動成本提高營運彈性。存貨按年則減少29.9%。

中國內地

由於2015年股市波動及人民幣貶值,以及2015/16財政年度下半年中國經濟進一步放緩, 集團的中國內地業務面臨極具挑戰的環境。營業額下降5.6%(撤除匯率因素:3.3%)至HK\$218.0 佰萬(2015:HK\$230.9佰萬),而店舖數目亦 相應減少。虧損擴大至HK\$74.7佰萬(2015: HK\$55.1佰萬)。

Our e-business saw strong turnover growth. This momentum is expected to continue in FY2016/17. The fast growing Mainland online market is an important focal point and key to our O_2O strategy. To capture this growth, we continue to invest in our e-business by enriching the product mix and appeal of our house brands through increased marketing.

Mainland China continues to be the focus for the long term development of City Chain both online and offline.

South East Asia

With reduced number of shops in Thailand and Singapore and the introduction of GST in Malaysia, turnover dropped by 19.1% to HK\$415.9 million (2015: HK\$514.1 million) and a minor loss of HK\$0.2 million (2015: EBIT of HK\$ 0.3 million) was posted. Following a dissatisfactory performance in the first half, we saw a profit contribution in the second half.

The losses in Singapore and Thailand were contained in FY2015/16 with disciplined management of operating costs and closure of non-performing shops. Malaysia remains a profitable market despite the adverse external conditions.

管理層討論及分析(續)

集團電子商貿營業額增長強勁,增長勢頭預期於 2016/17財政年度延續。迅速發展的中國內地電 商市場是集團現在及未來發展重點以達至線上線 下交叉銷售及體驗提升(O₂O)的策略。為把握該 增長機遇,集團繼續投放資源在電子商務業務, 透過豐富產品組合及社交媒體推廣增加自有品牌 的銷售。

中國內地繼續成為「時間廊」線上、線下長期雙線 發展的策略重點。

東南亞

由於泰國及新加坡店舖數目減少,加上馬來西 亞開徵銷售税的影響,營業額下跌19.1%至 HK\$415.9佰萬(2015:HK\$514.1佰萬),並錄 得 HK\$0.2佰萬輕微虧損(2015:溢利HK\$0.3佰 萬)。集團的東南亞業務上半年表現欠佳,但下 半年則已恢復盈利貢獻。

由於關閉表現欠佳的店舖加上嚴控營運成本, 新加坡及泰國的虧損於2015/16財政年度有所下 降。儘管外在經營環境不理想,馬來西亞仍能錄 得盈利。



OPTICAL 88 GROUP

- Optical 88 Group turnover down 10.3%
- Optical 88 Group EBIT down 46.7% to HK\$32.6 million

Given cautious local consumption, Optical 88 Group with around 220 stores in Hong Kong, Macau, Mainland China, Singapore, Thailand and Malaysia posted a decrease in turnover of 10.3% to HK\$1,092.2 million (2015: HK\$1,218.1 million) and a corresponding decline in EBIT to HK\$32.6 million (2015: EBIT of HK\$61.2 million). Through a committed focus on providing differentiated professional eye care services, gross profit margin improved. Further, y-o-y, inventory was reduced by 19.3%.

Hong Kong and Macau

With weak local consumption and reduced tourist spend, Hong Kong and Macau posted a turnover decrease of 9.2% to HK\$758.5 million (2015: HK\$835.6 million) with EBIT falling by 44.5% to HK\$52.9 million (2015: HK\$95.4 million) but a healthy gross profit margin was maintained. Operating costs other than shop rentals dropped by 4.6%.

We are targeting the market potential of aging demographics and the ever increasing demand of children with eye-care needs. The Group is also developing the market for hearing aid care and so far results have been within expectations. Therefore, we will continue to further explore and develop this in the next year.

Mainland China

Amid weak market sentiment and fierce competition, our Mainland China business maintained turnover at HK\$105.0 million (2015: HK\$105.8 million) and achieved a significant reduction in loss to HK\$9.7 million (2015: HK\$27.5 million), contributed by profit growth in Southern China. Excluding Eastern China, where operations have ceased, Mainland China turnover in local currency terms edged up 5.2% and loss fell to HK\$8.4 million (2015: HK\$20.2 million). Southern China reported almost break-even results in the second half of FY2015/16 as operating costs decreased by 4.0% y-o-y.

管理層討論及分析(續)

「眼鏡88」集團

- 「眼鏡88」集團營業額下降10.3%
- 「眼鏡 88」集團 EBIT 下降 46.7% 至 HK\$32.6 佰萬

鑒於消費意欲下滑,「眼鏡88」集團(於香港、澳門、中國內地、新加坡、泰國及馬來西亞擁有約220間店舖)之營業額減少10.3%至HK\$1,092.2 佰萬(2015:HK\$1,218.1佰萬),EBIT相應減少 至HK\$32.6佰萬(2015:EBIT為HK\$61.2佰萬)。 透過重點發展專業護眼服務,毛利率因而有所提 升。另外,存貨亦按年減少約19.3%。

香港及澳門

受本地消費疲弱及旅客消費下降影響,香港及澳門之營業額減少9.2%至HK\$758.5佰萬(2015: HK\$835.6佰萬),EBIT下降44.5%至HK\$52.9佰 萬(2015:HK\$95.4佰萬),但毛利率仍維持在 穩健的水平。營運成本(不包括店舖租金)則下降 4.6%。

集團致力開拓因人口老化而帶來的市場商機,以 及不斷增長的兒童護眼市場。集團亦正拓展助聽 器市場,迄今為止成效符合預期。因此,集團將 於來年繼續開發該具潛力市場。

中國內地

由於市場氣氛低迷及競爭激烈,中國內地業務 營業額維持在HK\$105.0佰萬(2015:HK\$105.8 佰萬),虧損則大幅收窄至HK\$9.7佰萬(2015: HK\$27.5佰萬),主因受益於華南地區營運效益 提升。若撇除已撤店的華東區,中國內地業務按 當地貨幣計算的營業額增加5.2%,虧損下降至 HK\$8.4佰萬(2015:HK\$20.2佰萬)。華南地區 於2015/16年下半年之業績接近收支平衡,而營 運成本亦按年減少4.0%。

South East Asia

Faced with sluggish domestic consumption and depreciation of local currencies, turnover declined by 17.3% to HK\$228.7 million (2015: HK\$ 276.7 million) and a loss of HK\$ 10.6 million (2015: HK\$6.7 million) was reported. Gross profit margin in Thailand was under pressure whilst gross profit margin in Malaysia saw an uplift.

However, bottom line performance in Southeast Asia greatly improved, turning to a profit in the second half of FY2015/16 with positive contributions from Thailand and Malaysia.

Well contained operating costs helped to alleviate the unfavorable decline in gross profit and the loss in Singapore narrowed in the second half of FY2015/16.

管理層討論及分析(續)

東南亞

由於消費疲弱兼貨幣貶值,營業額減少17.3%至 HK\$228.7佰萬(2015:HK\$276.7佰萬),並錄得 虧損HK\$10.6佰萬(2015:HK\$6.7佰萬)。泰國 毛利率略為下降,但同時馬來西亞毛利率則有所 改善。

然而,由於東南亞業績於2015/16財政年度下半 年大幅改善並扭虧為盈,主要受惠於泰國及馬來 西亞的盈利貢獻。

透過控制營運成本紓緩毛利下滑的不利影響,新加坡的虧損於2015/16財政年度下半年已有所收窄。



eGG OPTICAL BOUTIQUE

- Turnover up 42.5% to HK\$161.6 million
- Breakeven in Hong Kong
- Positive same store sales growth

With the gradual roll out of eGG, there are currently 23 stores in Hong Kong, 38 stores in Mainland China and 7 stores in Southeast Asia. Organic growth contributed to a turnover of HK\$161.6 million, a rise of 42.5% from FY2014/15. (2015: HK\$113.4 million).

eGG Hong Kong has gained popularity achieving a pleasing turnover growth of 43.4% to HK\$102.4 million (2015: HK\$71.4 million) and almost breakeven results (2015: loss of HK\$0.7 million).

In Mainland China, turnover was sharply up by 40.7% as there were further shop rollouts in Southwestern China and Guangdong. Loss increased to HK\$20.1 million (2015: HK\$15.3 million) due to initial diseconomies of scale associated with new shops. The Group maintains a positive view on the prospects of eGG in Mainland China.

eGG was started in Malaysia and Singapore in FY2015/16 and results achieved so far have been within expectations. There are plans for further roll out.

管理層討論及分析(續)

[eGG OPTICAL BOUTIQUE]

- 營業額上升42.5%至 HK\$161.6 佰萬
- 香港業務收支平衡
- 同店銷售繼續增長

隨著「eGG」逐步拓展業務,現時香港已有23間 店舖,中國內地有38間店舖,而東南亞有7間店 舖。得益於內部增長,營業額增加至HK\$161.6佰 萬,較2014/15年度上升42.5%(2015:HK\$113.4 佰萬)。

香港的「eGG」受到追求時尚的消費者歡迎,營 業額大幅增長43.4%至HK\$102.4佰萬(2015: HK\$71.4佰萬),業績並接近收支平衡(2015:虧 損HK\$0.7佰萬)。

中國內地營業額顯著上升40.7%,由於集團在中國西南地區及廣東進一步開設新店所帶動。虧損增加至HK\$20.1佰萬(2015:HK\$15.3佰萬),乃由於新店開業初期未能產生規模效益。集團對中國內地的「eGG」前景展望保持樂觀。

「eGG」於2015/16財政年度開始在馬來西亞及新加坡營運,迄今為止的表現符合預期。集團計劃 進一步在當地拓展分店網絡。



SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT AND WHOLESALE TRADING

This business division is made up of the Group's supply chain and watch and optical wholesale units.

Turnover decreased by 13.3% to HK\$344.1 million (2015: HK\$396.9 million) due to the slowdown in the Group's watch and optical wholesale businesses hit by a contraction in orders from retailers.

In view of the current sluggish sentiment in the traditional Swiss made mechanical watch market segment, a non-cash impairment of HK\$26.4 million was made with respect to our Swiss subsidiary engaged in the manufacture and assembly of Swiss mechanical watch movements. This impairment resulted in EBIT falling to HK\$10.2 million (2015: HK\$85.1 million).

OUTLOOK

As we expect the soft retail climate in the regions where we operate to persist in the foreseeable future, we shall continue in FY2016/17 with prudent strategies adopted in FY2015/16, such as maintaining healthy cash flow; reducing/containing costs and CAPEX; and maintaining strict inventory control.

Nevertheless, we believe that the middle class demographic will continue to expand and favorable consumption patterns will eventually return. Therefore, our vision to transform the Group into a major retailer in Greater China has not changed and remains pivotal to the Group's future growth.

FINANCE

The Group's gearing ratio as at 31 March 2016 was 42.4% (2015: 38.2%). Group gearing ratio was calculated based on the Group's net debt of HK\$521.7 million (2015: HK\$552.4 million) and shareholders' funds of HK\$1,229.8 million (2015: HK\$1,446.5 million). The Group's net debt was calculated based on the Group's borrowings of HK\$674.5 million (2015: HK\$631.8 million) and convertible bonds of HK\$446.4 million (2015: HK\$380.7 million) less the Group's bank balances and cash of HK\$599.2 million (2015: HK\$460.1 million).

Of the Group's borrowings at balance sheet date, HK\$656.4 million (2015: HK\$579.7 million) were repayable within 12 months.

管理層討論及分析(續)

供應鏈管理及批發貿易

此業務分部由集團供應鏈以及鐘錶及眼鏡批發業 務組成。

營 業 額 減 少13.3%至HK\$344.1佰 萬(2015: HK\$396.9佰萬),此乃由於集團鐘錶及眼鏡批發 業務受零售商訂單減少所影響。

鑒於傳統瑞士製機械手錶市場不景,集團已就從 事瑞士機械手錶機芯製造及裝嵌業務之附屬公司 作出非現金減值撥備HK\$26.4佰萬。減值導致此 分部EBIT下跌至HK\$10.2佰萬(2015:HK\$85.1 佰萬)。

前景

預期區內零售市場在可見的將來會持續疲弱,集 團於2015/16財政年度所執行的各項審慎策略, 如維持穩健的現金流;減少及控制成本及資本 開支;以及維持嚴謹的存貨控制及採購,將於 2016/17年繼續執行。

儘管如此,集團相信,區內中產消費人口將持續 擴大,零售市場亦會重現興旺。因此,致力將集 團建設成大中華地區的主要零售商,仍然是集團 的長遠發展目標,沒有改變!

財務

集團於2016年3月31日的借貸比率為42.4% (2015:38.2%),該項比率是根據集團的淨債務 HK\$521.7佰萬(2015:HK\$552.4佰萬)及股東 資金HK\$1,229.8佰萬(2015:HK\$1,446.5佰萬) 計算。集團的淨債務是根據集團的貸款 HK\$674.5佰萬(2015:HK\$631.8佰萬)和可換 股債券HK\$446.4佰萬(2015:HK\$380.7佰萬) 減集團的銀行結餘及現金HK\$599.2佰萬(2015: HK\$460.1佰萬)。

集團於結算日的貸款總額中,HK\$656.4佰萬 (2015:HK\$579.7佰萬)的貸款須於未來十二個 月內償還。

Of the Group's borrowings, 3% (2015: 3%) were denominated in foreign currencies. The Group's bank borrowings denominated in Hong Kong Dollars were on a floating rate basis at either bank prime lending rates or short term inter-bank offer rates.

Prior to the date of this report, the Group has obtained a one-off waiver from a bank from strict compliance with certain covenant requirement of a bank borrowing amounted to HK\$222,364,000.

The Group does not engage in speculative derivative trading.

As at 31 March 2016, the Group does not have any significant contingent liabilities.

On 23 June 2016, the Company announced that the Company entered into an amendment deed with the holder of convertible bonds of HK\$371,022,600 issued on 18 December 2012, (the "Convertible Bonds") to early redeem the outstanding Convertible Bonds at 100% of their principal amount, to pay the accrued coupon interest of HK\$6,493,000 up to 18 December 2016, and a sum equivalent to a payment for the put option of the Convertible Bonds (if the put option in the original Convertible Bond Instrument has not been exercised on or prior to the early redemption date) of HK\$111,306,780 on or before 30 September 2016.

STAFF

The Group's remuneration policies are reviewed on a regular basis and remuneration packages are in line with market practices in the relevant countries where the Group operates. As of 31 March 2016, the Group had 3,668 (2015: 3,876) employees. The Group offers KPI related bonuses to eligible employees based on the performance of the Group and the individual employee. The Group also provides related training programmes to improve the quality, competence and skills of its employees.

管理層討論及分析(續)

集團的貸款總額中約3%(2015:3%)以外幣結 算。而集團的港幣貸款,均按銀行最優惠利率或 短期銀行同業拆息基準,以浮動息率計算。

在此報告日期前,本集團已從一間銀行獲得有關 借貸金額HK\$222,364,000的合約要求的相關豁 免。

集團不參與純投機的衍生工具交易。

於2016年3月31日,集團並沒有任何重大的或然 負債。

於2016年6月23日,本公司宣佈,本公司與於 2012年12月18日發行的HK\$371,022,600可換 股債券(「可換股債券」)持有人訂立修訂契據, 於2016年9月30日或之前,提早贖回可換股債 券百分百本金、支付截至2016年12月18日的 已產生票面利息HK\$6,493,000,及支付相等於 HK\$111,306,780可換股債券的認沽期權款項(如 果該可換股債券認沽期權在提早贖回日或之前尚 未被行使)。

員工

集團以其經營國家的人力資源市場為準則,釐定 給予當地僱員的報酬,並定時進行檢討。本集團 於2016年3月31日共有3,668位(2015年:3,876 位)僱員。集團就業績及個別僱員表現提供按「關 鍵績效指標」釐定之獎金予合資格的僱員。集團 亦提供相關的培訓計劃改善僱員質素、能力及技 能。

DIRECTORS AND INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

The directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Joseph C. C. Wong	(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)
Vincent Lau Tak Bui	(retirement effective from 1 July 2015)
Wallace Kwan Chi Kin	
Sakorn Kanjanapas	
Mary Ma Xuezheng	(resignation effective on the Early
(also known as Mary Ma)	Redemption Date)
Alex Wong Yu Tsang	(resignation effective on the Early
(also known as Alex Wong)	Redemption Date)
Nelson Wu Chun Sang	(independent non-executive)
Lawrence Wu Chi Man	(independent non-executive)
Agnes Kwong Yi Hang	(independent non-executive)

Mr. Vincent Lau Tak Bui resigned on 1 July 2015 as executive director of the Company due to retirement.

Due to the early redemption by the Company of the HK\$371,022,600 convertible bonds due 2017 issued by the Company on 18 December 2012 (the "Convertible Bonds"), the outstanding Convertible Bonds shall be redeemed no later than 30 September 2016 (the "Early Redemption Date"), Ms. Ma Xuezheng (also known as Mary Ma) and Mr. Wong Yu Tsang, Alex (also known as Alex Wong) have tendered their resignations as non-executive directors of the Company with effect from the Early Redemption Date.

Each of Mr. Lau, Ms. Ma and Mr. Wong have confirmed that they have no disagreement with the Board and nothing relating to the affairs of the Company needed to be brought to the attention of the shareholders of the Company.

In accordance with Bye-law 110(A), Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang and Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas will retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益

年內及直至本報告日期的在任董事如下:

 黃創增 (主席及行政總裁)

 劉德杯 (於2015年7月1日退休)

 關志堅

 黃創江

 馬雪征 (於提早贖回日辭任)

 黃宇錚 (於提早贖回日辭任)

 胡春生 (獨立非行政董事)

 胡志文 (獨立非行政董事)

 鄺易行 (獨立非行政董事)

劉德杯先生已於2015年7月1日因退休辭任本公司執行董事。

由於本公司提前贖回本公司於2012年12月18日 發行的2017年到期HK\$371,022,600可換股債券 (「可換股債券」),未行使可換股債券須於2016年 9月30日(「提早贖回日」)前贖回,馬雪征女士及 黃字錚先生已提呈辭任本公司非行政董事一職, 自提早贖回日起生效。

劉先生、馬女士及黃先生各自確認,彼等與董事 會並無意見分歧,亦無有關本公司之事宜須予知 會本公司股東。

按照公司細則第110(A)條,胡春生先生及黃創江 先生將於應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)輪 席告退,惟彼等合資格並願膺選連任。

DIRECTORS AND INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS (continued)

During the year and up to the date of this report, Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong, Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas, Mr. Wallace Kwan Chi Kin and Mr. Vincent Lau Tak Bui (up to 1 July 2015) are also directors in certain subsidiaries of the Company. Other directors of the Company's subsidiaries in Hong Kong during the year and up to the date of this report are: Ms. Caroline Chong Sue Peng, Mr. William Hui Kin Wai, Mr. Cheng Hok Yuk, Ms. Stella Chow Yin Oi, Mr. Lancelot Lo Kwun Fung, Mr. Wong Kai Kwong, Ms. Emily Choy Pik Yin, Ms. Leung Sze Mun and Mr. Johnny Chan Koon Kiu.

No director has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

The Company's directors have formal letters of appointment setting out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. During the year, Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong, Mr. Wallace Kwan Chi Kin and Mr. Vincent Lau Tak Bui (up to 1 July 2015) were each eligible to an annual bonus determinable under the terms of a KPI based executive bonus scheme with respect to their management of the Group. Provision for the bonuses in respect of the directors eligible under the executive bonus scheme for the year ended 31 March 2016 amounted to HK\$9,936,000 (2015: HK\$16,945,000).

Apart from the foregoing, no other transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's businesses to which the Company's subsidiaries or its holding company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Joseph C. C. WONG, aged 56, was appointed executive director of the Company in 1986. Mr. Wong undertook his tertiary studies in the United Kingdom. He graduated from the University of Bradford with a B.Sc. in Industrial Engineering (First Class Honours). Mr. Wong also holds a M.Sc. (with Distinction) in Operational Research from the University of Southampton. Mr. Wong is the Founding Honorary Patron of the HKU Foundation for Education Development and Research and has been serving the Board of Directors of the Foundation for over 15 years. He is also a member of the Court of the University of Hong Kong. He was awarded an Honorary Fellowship by the University of Hong Kong in 2012. He is a brother of Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas, a nonexecutive director of the Company.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

年內及直至本報告日期,黃創增,黃創江,關志 堅及劉德杯(至2015年7月1日)同為本公司若干 附屬公司董事。年內及直至本報告日期,其他香 港附屬公司董事:張素萍大律師、許健偉先生, 鄭學玉先生,周燕愛女士,盧冠峯先生,黃啓光 先生,蔡碧欣女士,梁思敏女士及陳冠橋先生。

各董事概無與本公司訂立本公司不可於1年內免 付補償(法定賠償除外)而終止的服務合約。

本公司董事均有正式委任信,載列其委任的主要 條款及條件。年內,黃創增先生、關志堅先生及 劉德杯先生(至2015年7月1日)就管理本集團 作出貢獻而合資格根據「關鍵績效指標」之行政 人員花紅計劃條款獲得待定金額之年度花紅。截 至2016年3月31日止年度,就行政人員花紅計 劃合資格董事而作出之行政人員花紅撥備為港幣 9,936,000元(2015年:港幣16,945,000元)。

除上述者外,於年終時或年內任何時間,概無任 何本公司、其附屬公司或其控股公司所簽訂而本 公司董事及其關聯方直接或間接享有重大利益之 與本集團業務有關之重要交易、協議及合約。

董事及高級管理人員的履歷詳情

主席及行政總裁

黃創增先生,56歲,於1986年獲委任為本公司董 事。黃先生於英國接受高等教育,畢業於布拉德 福德大學並擁有工業工程專業理學士學位(一級 榮譽)。黃先生亦持有英國南開普敦大學運籌學 理碩士學位(最優等)。黃先生為香港大學教育發 展研究基金會名譽贊助人並已於該基金的董事會 任職逾十五年。彼亦為香港大學校董會的成員並 於2012年獲得香港大學名譽院士銜頭。黃先生為 本公司非行政董事黃創江先生之胞弟。

DIRECTORS AND INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS (continued) BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES (continued)

Directors

Vincent LAU Tak Bui (retirement effective on 1 July 2015), aged 58, was appointed executive director of the Company in 2006. Mr. Lau was CEO of the Thong Sia Group of Companies ("Thong Sia Group") (acquired by the Company in September 2005) between 2002 and 2012. He was appointed Vice-Chairman of Thong Sia Group in 2012. He is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Up till Mr. Lau's retirement, he was Group Chief Operating Officer.

Wallace KWAN Chi Kin, aged 46, joined the Group in November 2011 as Group Finance Director and was appointed an executive director and Chief Financial Officer of the Company in July 2013. Mr. Kwan holds a Bachelor of Social Science Degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He also holds a Master of Business Administration Degree from the University of Manchester and a Master of Laws in Corporate & Financial Law from The University of Hong Kong. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and also a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Kwan has over 20 years of experience in financial management having worked at an international audit firm and listed companies.

Sakorn KANJANAPAS, aged 66, was appointed a non-executive director of the Company in 1987. He is a brother of the Chairman and CEO of the Company.

Mary MA Xuezheng, aged 64, was appointed a non-executive director of the Company in December 2012. Ms. Ma graduated from Capital Normal University. She was appointed a nonexecutive director of the Securities and Futures Commission on 15 November 2013. She is a Managing Partner of Boyu Capital Advisory Co. Ltd., the adviser to the investment fund which ultimately owns Sapphire Illuminatus Holdings Limited. Prior to Boyu Capital, Ms. Ma was a Partner of TPG Capital and co-Chairman of TPG China where she primarily focused on investments in the Greater China region. Before joining TPG, Ms. Ma was a Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Lenovo Group Ltd. Ms. Ma has been a member of the Lenovo board since 1997 and currently serves as non-executive Vice Chairman, a role she has served since 2007. She is also a nonexecutive director of Wumart Stores, Inc. and a non-executive 董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

董事及高級管理人員的履歷詳情(續)

董事

劉德杯先生(於2015年7月1日退休),58歲,於 2006年獲委任為本公司行政董事。自2002年至 2012年期間,劉先生為通城集團(本公司於2005 年9月收購)的行政總裁。劉先生於2012年獲委任 為通城集團副主席。彼為香港會計師公會會員, 截至劉先生的退休之日,彼為本集團首席營運總 監。

關志堅先生,46歲,自2011年11月加入本集團 出任集團財務總監及於2013年7月獲委任為本公 司行政董事及首席財務總裁。彼擁有香港中文大 學社會科學學士。彼亦擁有曼徹斯特大學工商管 理碩士及香港大學公司及金融法法學碩士。彼為 香港會計師公會會員及特許公認會計師公會資深 會員。關先生曾在國際審計師事務所及上市公司 任職,擁有超過20年的財務管理經驗。

黃創江先生,66歲,於1987年獲委任為本公司非 行政董事。彼乃本公司主席兼行政總裁之胞兄。

馬雪征女士,64歲,於2012年12月獲委任為本 公司非行政董事。馬女士畢業於首都師範大學。 彼於2013年11月15日獲委任為證券及期貨事務 監察委員會非執行董事。彼為博裕投資顧問有限 公司的管理合夥人,而博裕投資顧問有限公司為 最終擁有Sapphire Illuminatus Holdings Limited 的投資基金的顧問。加入博裕資本前,馬女士為 TPG Capital的合夥人及TPG中國區的聯席主席, 主要專注於大中華區投資。加入TPG前,馬女士 為聯想集團有限公司的資深副總裁及首席財務總 裁。馬女士自1997年起出任聯想董事會成員, 並自2007年擔任董事會非行政副主席。馬女士 亦為北京物美商業集團股份有限公司的非行政董 事及聯合利華的非行政董事。2009年至2011年 期間,馬女士為達芙妮國際控股有限公司的非行

DIRECTORS AND INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS (continued) BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES (continued)

Directors (continued)

director of Unilever N.V. and Unilever PLC. Between 2009 and 2011, Ms. Ma was a non-executive director of Daphne International Holdings Ltd. Between 2009 and 2013, Ms. Ma was a member of the Listing Committee of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and between 2004 and 2013, was an independent non-executive director of Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited. Ms. Ma has been a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Directors since 2000. Ms. Ma worked for The Chinese Academy of Sciences before joining Lenovo.

Alex WONG Yu Tsang, aged 38, was appointed a non-executive director of the Company in December 2012. Mr. Wong holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree (First Class Honours) from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. Mr. Wong is an executive director of Boyu Capital Advisory Co. Ltd., the adviser to the investment fund which ultimately owns Sapphire Illuminatus Holdings Limited. Prior to Boyu Capital, Mr. Wong was an executive director at Goldman Sachs' Principal Investment Area. Prior to this, Mr. Wong was a consultant in McKinsey & Company's Corporate Finance Practice.

WU Chun Sang, aged 59, was appointed an independent nonexecutive director of the Company in 2004. He is a Macau Registered Auditor. He is also a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, UK and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Lawrence WU Chi Man, aged 58, was appointed an independent non-executive director of the Company in 2005. He graduated from Bristol University, UK with a BSc(Eng) and PhD in Aeronautical Engineering. He is a Professor at the Department of Physics and Material Science at the City University of Hong Kong. He is a fellow of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE). He is also a Council Member of the HKIE. He received the Taishan (泰 山學者) Scholar award from the Shandong Provincial Government in 2012.

Agnes KWONG Yi Hang, aged 57, holds a PhD in Molecular Immunology from the University of Hong Kong. She was appointed an independent non-executive director of the Company in 2006. She is a director of Health Wisdom Limited, the company is a health consultancy. 董事及高級管理人員的履歷詳情(續)

董事(續)

政董事。馬女士自2009年至2013年期間為香港 聯交所上市委員會成員,並於2004年至2013年 期間為渣打銀行(香港)有限公司的獨立非行政董 事。馬女士自2000年起為香港董事學會成員。馬 女士於加入聯想前曾任職中國科學院。

黃宇錚先生,38歲,於2012年12月獲委任為本 公司非行政董事。黃先生持有香港中文大學頒授 的工商管理學士學位(一級榮譽)。彼為博裕投資 顧問有限公司的行政董事,而博裕投資顧問有限 公司為最終擁有Sapphire Illuminatus Holdings Limited的投資基金的顧問。加入博裕資本前,黃 先生為高盛直接投資部的執行董事。此前,黃先 生為麥肯錫公司企業財務部顧問。

胡春生先生,59歲,於2004年獲委任為本公司獨 立非行政董事。彼為澳門註冊核數師。彼亦為英 國特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公 會會員。

胡志文教授,58歲,於2005年獲委任為本公司獨 立非行政董事。彼畢業於英國布里斯托大學,獲 得航空工程學士及博士銜頭。彼為香港城市大學 物理及材料科學系教授及香港工程師學會資深會 員,亦為香港工程師學會理事。於2012年,彼獲 得山東省政府頒發的泰山學者獎。

鄺易行博士,57歲,擁有香港大學頒授之分子免疫學博士銜頭。彼於2006年獲委任為本公司獨立非行政董事。彼為一所健康顧問公司,Health Wisdom Limited的董事。

DIRECTORS AND INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS (continued) BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES (continued)

Chief Counsel and Company Secretary

Caroline CHONG, aged 54, joined the Group in 1997. She graduated from the University of Kent, United Kingdom with a Bachelor of Arts (Law) (Hons) degree. She is admitted as a Barrister in England and Wales, and, Hong Kong. She heads the Group Legal and Corporate Secretariat and Group Human Resources. Ms. Chong was awarded the "Managing IP In-House Award" organised by the Euromoney Legal Media Group in 2012 to recognize leading lawyers.

SHARE OPTIONS

The Company and its subsidiaries did not set up or operate any share option scheme for the year ended 31 March 2016 and up to the date of publication of this Annual Report.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

As at 31 March 2016, the interests and short positions of the directors, and the Company's chief executive in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies were as follows:

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

董事及高級管理人員履歷(續)

首席法律顧問及公司秘書

張素萍大律師,54歲,於1997年加入本集團。 彼畢業於英國肯特大學,榮獲法律(榮譽)學士 學位。彼在英格蘭及威爾斯以及香港獲認可為大 律師。彼領導集團法律及公司秘書事務及集團 人力資源。張大律師於2012年榮獲Euromoney Legal Media Group(「歐洲貨幣法律傳媒集團」)之 Managing IP In-House Award (「企業內部知識產 權管理獎」)。

購股權

本公司及其附屬公司於截至2016年3月31日止年 度及直至本年報刊發日期並無設立或進行任何購 股權計劃。

董事之權益

於2016年3月31日,按本公司根據證券及期貨條 例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條而置存之登記冊 所記錄,董事及本公司之最高行政人員於本公司 或其任何相聯法團(按證券及期貨條例第XV部之 定義)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有之權益及 淡倉,或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標 準守則而須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如 下:

DIRECTORS AND INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS (continued) DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (continued)

(a) The Company – Ordinary shares

Long position in shares and underlying shares of the Company

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

董事之權益(續)

(a) 本公司一普通股

於本公司之股份及相關股份之好倉

Approvimato

		N	Number of shares 股份數目			percentage of issued share
Name of Director 董事姓名	Personal interest 個人權益	Family interest 家屬權益	Corporate/ trust interest 法團/ 信託權益	Other interest 其他權益	Total 總數	capital 佔已發行 股本之 概約百分比
Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong 黃創增先生	548,474,814	11,000	1,195,100 <i>(Note 2)</i> <i>(附註 2)</i>	-	549,680,914	52.53
Mr. Wallace Kwan Chi Kin 關志堅先生	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas 黃創江先生	67,221,078 (Note 1) (附註1)	_	1,195,100 (Note 2) (附註 2)	_	68,416,178	6.54

Notes:

- Options granted by Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas to Mr. Joseph C.C. Wong to purchase such shares within a period of 3 years from 27 August 2012 lapsed on 27 August 2015.
- (2) Yee Hing Company Limited, directly and indirectly through its subsidiary including Active Lights Company Limited, held 1,195,100 shares of the Company as at 31 March 2016. 55% of the total issued ordinary shares of Yee Hing Company Limited is held by Klayze Holdings Limited, which is the trustee of a discretionary trust (the "Trust"). Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong and Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas are the beneficiaries of the Trust and were therefore deemed to be interested in 1,195,100 shares of the Company through the Trust's interest in Yee Hing Company Limited.

附註:

- (1) 黃創江先生授予黃創增先生自2012年8月27日 起計3年期內購買有關股份的購股權已於2015年 8月27日失效。
- (2) 於2016年3月31日,義興有限公司直接或間接 通過其附屬公司Active Lights Company Limited 持有本公司1,195,100股股份。Klayze Holdings Limited以作為一項酌情信託(「信託」)之受託人身 份持有義興有限公司全部已發行普通股之55%權 益。黃創增先生及黃創江先生為信託之受益人, 故被視為通過信託於義興有限公司之權益而擁有 本公司1,195,100股股份權益。

(b) Subsidiaries

DIRECTORS AND INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS (continued) DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (continued)

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

董事之權益(續)

(b) 附屬公司

(-)			(10)			
			Number 股份	of shares		Approximate percentage of the total preference shares in issue as at 31 March 2016 於2016年
	_	Personal	版1万 Family	<u>要日</u> Corporate		3月31日 佔全部巳
		interests	interest	interests	Total	發行優先股
		個人權益	家屬權益	法團權益	總數	概約百分比
(i)	City Chain (Thailand) Company Limite City Chain (Thailand) Company Limite		e shares ¹			
	Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong 黃創增先生	200	-	208,800	209,000	99.52
	Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas 黃創江先生	200	_	208,800	209,000	99.52
(ii)	Stelux Watch (Thailand) Company Lir Stelux Watch (Thailand) Company Lir					
	Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong 黃創增先生	600	_	_	600	16.67
	Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas 黃創江先生	600	_	_	600	16.67
(iii)	Optical 88 (Thailand) Company Limit Optical 88 (Thailand) Company Limit		ce shares ³			
	Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong 黃創增先生	5,000	_	225,000	230,000	90.20
	Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas 黃創江先生	5,000	_	225,000	230,000	90.20
(iv)	Stelux (Thailand) Limited – Preference Stelux (Thailand) Limited – 優先股 ⁴	e shares ⁴				
	Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong 黃創増先生	5,100	_	_	5,100	100

DIRECTORS AND INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS (continued) DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (continued)

(b) Subsidiaries (continued)

Notes:

- (1) City Chain (Thailand) Company Limited is a subsidiary of the Company. Each preference share carries a right to vote and a right to an annual fixed dividend but not to any other profit sharing. The corporate interests of each of Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong and Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas in 208,800 preference shares duplicate with each other.
- (2) Stelux Watch (Thailand) Company Limited is a subsidiary of the Company. Each preference share carries a right to vote and a right to an annual fixed dividend but not to any other profit sharing.
- (3) Optical 88 (Thailand) Company Limited is a subsidiary of the Company. Each preference share carries a right to vote and a right to an annual fixed dividend but not to any other profit sharing. The corporate interests of each of Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong and Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas in 225,000 preference shares duplicate with each other.
- (4) Stelux (Thailand) Limited is a subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong is entitled to approximately 8.6% of the voting power of such subsidiary and an annual fixed dividend by virtue of the 5,100 preference shares held by him but not to any other profit sharing.

Save as disclosed above, no directors, chief executive of the Company or their associates have any interest or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies.

INTERESTS OF SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSEABLE PURSUANT TO THE SFO

As at 31 March 2016, the following persons had interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO:

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

董事之權益(續)

(b) 附屬公司(續)

附註:

- (1) City Chain (Thailand) Company Limited 為本公司的附屬公司。每股優先股享有投票權及每年的固定股息,但並無權利分取任何其他盈利。黃創增先生及黃創江先生各自以法團名義權益持有的208,800股優先股為互相重複。
- (2) Stelux Watch (Thailand) Company Limited為本公司的附屬公司。每股優先股享有投票權及每年的固定股息,但並無權分取任何其他盈利。
- (3) Optical 88 (Thailand) Company Limited 為本公司的附屬公司。每股優先股享有投票權及每年的固定股息,但並無權分取任何其他盈利。黃創增先生及黃創江先生各自以法團名義權益持有的225,000股優先股為互相重複。
- (4) Stelux (Thailand) Limited 為本公司的附屬公司。 黃創增先生於該附屬公司所持有的5,100股優先 股享有該附屬公司大概8.6%投票權及每年的固 定股息,但並無權分取任何其他盈利。

除上文所披露者外,根據本公司依據證券及期貨 條例第352條而置存登記冊所記錄或本公司及聯 交所根據上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則 所獲通知,本公司各董事、最高行政人員或彼等 的聯繫人士概無在本公司或其任何相聯法團(按 證券及期貨條例第XV部的定義)的股份或相關股 份中擁有任何權益或淡倉。

根據證券及期貨條例須予以披露之股東權益

根據證券及期貨條例第336條而置存之登記冊所 記錄,以下人士於2016年3月31日於本公司之股 份或相關股份中擁有權益:

DIRECTORS AND INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS (continued) INTERESTS OF SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSEABLE PURSUANT TO THE SFO (continued)

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

根據證券及期貨條例須予以披露之股東權益(續)

. . .

Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

於本公司之股份及相關股份之好倉

			Number of shares 股份數目 Corporate/			Approximate percentage of issued share capital
Name of Director 董事姓名	Personal interest 個人權益	Family interest 家屬權益	trust interest 法團/ 信託權益	Other interest 其他權益	Total 總數	佔已發行 股本之 概約百分比
Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong 黃創增先生	548,474,814	11,000	1,195,100 (Note 1) (附註 1)	_	549,680,914	52.53
Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas 黃創江先生	67,221,078	-	1,195,100 (Note 1) (附註 1)	-	68,416,178	6.54
Boyu Capital Holdings Ltd.	_	-	190,268,000 (Note 2) (附註 2)	-	190,268,000	18.18
NTAsian Discovery Master Fund	54,250,000	_	_	_	54,250,000	5.18

Notes:

- (1) Yee Hing Company Limited, directly and indirectly through its subsidiary including Active Lights Company Limited, held 1,195,100 shares of the Company as at 31 March 2016. 55% of the total issued ordinary shares of Yee Hing Company Limited is held by Klayze Holdings Limited, which is the trustee of a discretionary trust (the "Trust"). Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong and Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas are the beneficiaries of the Trust and were therefore deemed to be interested in 1,195,100 shares of the Company through the Trust's interest in Yee Hing Company Limited.
- (2) The Company has issued convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$371,022,600 to Sapphire Illuminatus Holdings Limited (the "Convertible Bonds"), all of which were outstanding as at 31 March 2016. The Convertible Bonds are convertible into shares of the Company at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.95 per new share. Assuming the exercise in full of the conversion right attaching to the Convertible Bonds at the initial conversion price, a total of 190,268,000 new shares of the Company will be issued. Sapphire Illuminatus Holdings Limited is wholly-owned by Boyu Capital Fund I, L.P., which is wholly-owned by Boyu Capital General Partner I, L.P., which is in turn wholly-owned by Boyu Capital Holdings Ltd.

附註:

- (1) 於2016年3月31日,義興有限公司直接或間接 通過其附屬公司Active Lights Company Limited 持有本公司1,195,100股股份。Klayze Holdings Limited以作為一項酌情信託(「信託」)之受託人身 份持有義興有限公司全部已發行普通股之55%權 益。黃創增先生及黃創江先生為信託之受益人, 故被視為通過信託於義興有限公司之權益而擁有 本公司1,195,100股股份權益。
- (2) 本 公 司 向Sapphire Illuminatus Holdings Limited (「Sapphire」)發行綜合本金總額為港幣 371,022,600元的可換股債券,截至2016年3月 31日 Sapphire尚未行使該權益。可換股債券可以 根據初步兑換價每股港幣1.95元兑換為公司之股 份。若按初步兑換價悉數行使可換股債券附帶之 換股權,公司將會發行總數190,268,000股新股 份。Sapphire 由 Boyu Capital Fund I, L.P.全資擁 有,而 Boyu Capital Fund I, L.P.由 Boyu Capital General Partner I, L.P. 全資擁有,而Boyu Capital General Partner I, L.P. 由 Boyu Capital General Partner I, Ltd. 全資擁有,而Boyu Capital General Partner I, Ltd.又是由 Boyu Capital Holdings Ltd. 全資擁有。

DIRECTORS AND INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS (continued) INTERESTS OF SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSEABLE PURSUANT TO THE SFO (continued)

Save as disclosed above, the directors are not aware of any person (other than a director or chief executive of the Company or his/ her respective associate(s)), who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO as at 31 March 2016.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's shares during the year.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The percentages of purchases and sales for the year attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

Purchases

- the largest supplier
- five largest suppliers combined
 Sales
 - the largest customer
 - five largest customers combined

None of the directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information publicly available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the directors of the Company, at least 25% of issued share capital of the Company was held by public members as at the date of this report.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

根據證券及期貨條例須予以披露之股東權益(續)

除上文所披露者外,於2016年3月31日,按本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條而置存之登記冊 所記錄,董事概無知悉有任何人士(董事或本公 司之最高行政人員或其各自之聯繫人除外)於本 公司之股份或相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉。

上市證券的購買、出售或贖回

本公司於年內並無贖回其任何股份。本公司或其 任何附屬公司於年內並無購買或出售本公司的任 何股份。

主要客戶及供應商

本集團主要供應商及客戶應佔本年度採購額及銷 售額百分比如下:

採購額	
- 最大供應商	26%
-五大供應商合計	46%
銷售額	
- 最大客戶	1%
-五大客戶合計	2%

就各董事所知各董事、彼等之聯繫人士擁有本公 司已發行股本5%以上之股東並無於上述主要供 應商或客戶擁有權益。

管理合約

年內,本公司並無簽訂或存有任何有關於整體或 部分主要業務的管理及行政合約。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開獲得之資料及據本公司董事所 知,於本報告日期本公司已發行股本中至少25% 由公眾人士持有。

DIRECTORS AND INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS (continued) CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received confirmations of independence from its independent non-executive directors, who have confirmed their independence as of 1 April 2015 up to and including 31 March 2016. The Company considers its independent nonexecutive directors to be independent.

Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang was appointed an independent non-executive director of the Company in 2004 and by the forthcoming AGM will have served 12 years. Mr. Wu has confirmed his independence as regards each of the factors referred to in Rule 3.13(1) to (8) of the Listing Rules; he does not have any past or present financial or other interest in the business of the Company or its subsidiaries or any connection with any connected person (as defined under the Listing Rules); and there are no other factors that may affect his independence. Therefore, the Board believes that Mr. Wu is independent and proposes his re-election as an independent non-executive director of the Company at the forthcoming AGM.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The following continuing connected transactions are based on normal commercial terms agreed after arms' length negotiations between the parties and are in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group. The continuing connected transactions are subject to the annual review, reporting and announcement requirements under Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") and exempt from independent shareholders' approval.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

獨立非行政董事的獨立性確認

本公司已接獲獨立非行政董事對彼等由2015年4 月1日至2016年3月31日(包括該日)期內的獨立 性的確認。本公司認為獨立非行政董事均具獨立 性。

胡春生先生於2004年獲委任為本公司獨立非行政 董事及截至應屆股東週年大會已任職12年。胡先 生已就上市規則第3.13(1)至(8)條所述各因素確認 其獨立性,其過往或現時並無於本公司或其附屬 公司的業務中擁有任何財務或其他利益或與任何 關連人士(定義見上市規則)有任何關連及概無其 他因素可能影響其獨立性。因此,董事會相信胡 先生仍具獨立性及建議其於應屆股東週年大會重 選為本公司獨立非行政董事。

持續關連交易

以下持續關連交易乃基於訂約各方經公平磋商後 協定的一般商業條款,並於本集團一般及日常業 務過程中進行。持續關連交易須遵守聯交所證券 上市規則(「上市規則」)第十四A章有關年度審 閱、申報及公告的規定,並獲豁免獨立股東的批 准。

Continuing connected transactions of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2016

The following continuing connected transactions under the heading above have been reviewed by the directors (including the independent non-executive directors) of the Company. The independent non-executive directors of the Company have confirmed that during the year all these transactions were entered into:

- (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (b) either (i) on normal commercial terms; or (ii) where there was no available comparison on terms no less favourable to or from the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and
- (c) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions on terms that were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Company's auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing his findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group below in accordance with paragraph 14A.56 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

本集團截至2016年3月31日止財政年度之持續關 連交易

上述標題下的以下各項持續關連交易已由本公司 董事(包括獨立非行政董事)審閱。本公司的獨立 非行政董事已確認年內的所有該等交易:

- (a) 於本集團一般及日常業務過程中訂立;
- (b) (i) 按一般商業條款訂立;或(ii) 倘無可供比較的公司作為參考時,則按對本集團而言不遜於給予或取自獨立第三方的條款訂立;及
- (c) 根據規管該等交易的相關協議按公平合理 並符合本公司股東整體利益的條款訂立。

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港鑒證業務準則第 3000號(修訂)「歷史財務資料審核或審閱以外之 鑒證工作」並參考實務説明第740號「香港上市規 則規定的持續關連交易的核數師函件」,本公司 核數師已受聘對本集團持續關連交易作出報告。 根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則第 14A.56條,本公司核數師已就本集團以下披露的 持續關連交易發出無保留意見函件,其中載有其 發現及結論。本公司已向香港聯合交易所有限公 司提供核數師函件副本。

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

Summary of the continuing connected transactions: 持續關連交易概要:

Connected persons 關連人士	Nature of transactions 交易性質	Income/ (expenses) 收入/(支出) HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Annual Caps 年度上限 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Notes 附註
International Optical Manufacturing Company Limited and its subsidiaries ("IOM") 國際眼鏡製造廠有限公司及其附屬公司 (「IOM」)	Manufacture and supply of optical products and purchase of optical products 製造及供應眼鏡產品及購 買眼鏡產品	(913)	(5,600)	(i) & (xiii)
Mengiwa Property Investment Limited ("MPIL") as Landlord 明華物業投資有限公司(「明華」), 作為業主	Leasing of properties 租賃物業	(14,750)	(15,308)	(ii) to (viii) & (xiii)
Active Lights Company Limited ("ALCL") and Thong Sia Company Limited ("TSCL"), each of them as Landlord Active Lights Company Limited (「ALCL」) 及Thong Sia Company Limited (「TSCL」),彼等各自作為業主	Leasing of properties 租賃物業	(1,975)	(1,975)	(ix) to (xi) & (xiii)
MPIL as Principal 明華,作為委託人	Provision of management and property agency liaison services 提供管理及物業代理 聯絡服務	2,340	2,831	(xii) & (xiii)

Notes:

Manufacture and supply of optical products and purchase of optical products

(i) The Group announced on 22 March 2013 ("Announcement"), that on 21 March 2013, the Group, through certain of its whollyowned subsidiaries, entered into the Manufacturing and Supply Agreements 2013 with IOM with effect from 1 April 2013 to 31 March 2016 to renew the Manufacturing and Supply Agreements. All definitions in this note have the same meaning as referred to in the Announcement.

The Group has continued to engage IOM to design, manufacture and supply house-brand and licensed-brand optical products to the Group typically for cash with payment terms ranging from 30 days to 90 days, upon receipt of invoice. The terms of purchases have been determined on an individual purchase order basis based on prevailing industry conditions and the purchases have been made on normal commercial terms.

The annual cap for the year ended 31 March 2016 was set at HK\$5,200,000 based on the Group's past experience and best estimation of the maximum amount of future purchases.

In order for the Group to continue to make purchases of optical products for the Group's retail operations from the IOM Group after the expiry of the Renewal Retail Purchase Agreement on 31 March 2013, on 21 March 2013, the Group and IOM Group, through their respective subsidiaries, entered into a Further Renewal Retail Purchase Agreement with effect from 1 April 2013 to 31 March 2016.

The annual cap for the year ended 31 March 2016 was set at HK\$400,000 based on the Group's past experience and best estimation of the maximum amount of future purchases.

Based on the above, the maximum aggregate annual values of purchases of optical products by the Group from the IOM Group under the Manufacturing and Supply Agreements 2013 and the Further Renewal Retail Purchase Agreement in aggregate for the year ended 31 March 2016 were set at HK\$5,600,000.

The Group is satisfied with the business relationship with IOM over the previous years, and IOM's market knowledge and trend perception in certain major markets, as evidenced by its success in being a supplier to various internationally renowned brands of optical products.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

附註:

製造及供應眼鏡產品及購買眼鏡產品

(i) 本集團於2013年3月22日公告(「該公告」),於 2013年3月21日,本集團透過其全資附屬公司與 IOM訂立2013年製造及供應協議,自2013年4月 1日起至2016年3月31日止生效,以重續製造及 供應協議。本附註所有定義與該公告所載者具相 同涵義。

> 本集團一直委聘IOM設計、製造及供應自家品牌 及特許品牌眼鏡產品,主要以現金支付,支付期 限為收取發票後起計30日至90日。採購條款將按 現行行業情況及個別採購訂單而釐定,而採購將 按正常商業條款進行。

> 截至2016年3月31日止年度的年度上限設定為港幣5,200,000元,乃根據本集團過往經驗及就未 來採購上限所作的最佳預測而釐定。

> 為了令本集團於2013年3月31日更新零售採購協 議屆滿後就本集團的零售業務向 IOM 集團購買眼 鏡產品,於2013年3月21日,本集團與IOM 集 團透過彼等各自的附屬公司訂立再度更新零售採 購協議,自2013年4月1日起至2016年3月31日 止期間生效。

> 截至2016年3月31日止年度的年度上限設定為港幣400,000元,乃根據本集團過往經驗及就未來 採購上限所作的最佳預測而釐定。

> 基於上文所述,截至2016年3月31日止年度,本 集團根據2013年製造及採購協議及再度更新零售 採購協議從IOM集團採購之眼鏡產品的最高年度 購買值設定為港幣5,600,000元。

> 本集團滿意多年來與IOM的業務關係,而IOM於 若干主要市場的市場知識及潮流觸角,自其成功 擔任多個國際知名眼鏡產品品牌的供應商足以證 明。

Notes: (continued)

(i) (continued)

The directors (including all independent non-executive directors) of the Company are of the view that the Manufacturing and Supply Agreements 2013 and the Further Renewal Retail Purchase Agreement were entered into in the usual and ordinary course of business of the Group on normal commercial terms which were agreed after arm's length negotiations between the parties, and that the terms of the above-mentioned agreements and the maximum aggregate annual values of purchases of optical products by the Group from IOM Group are fair and reasonable and are in the interests of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

Leasing of office premises and carparking spaces

(ii) The Group announced on 10 December 2012 ("Announcement"), that on 10 December 2012, Stelux Holdings Limited ("SHL"), Thong Sia Watch Company Limited ("TSWCL") and Thong Sia Optics (Hong Kong) Company Limited ("TSOHK"), wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, each individually as tenant, entered into the Stelux House Renewal Tenancy Agreements 2013 with Mengiwa Property Investment Limited ("MPIL") in respect of the following properties:

Premises A:	whole of 27th floor and portion of 28th floor (including 12 carparking spaces) at Stelux House
Premises B:	whole of 21st floor (including 3 carparking spaces) at Stelux House
Premises C:	office unit numbers 502, 503, 505 and 506 on the 5th floor at Stelux House
Premises D:	office unit numbers 1901, 1902 and 1903 with two storerooms numbers 1A and 1B on the 19th floor at Stelux House
Premises E:	office unit numbers 1702 and 1703 on the 17th floor at Stelux House
Premises F:	storeroom no. 6A on 18th floor at Stelux House
Premises G:	portion of office unit numbers 1905 and 1906 with storeroom no. 6A on 19th floor at Stelux House
Premises H:	office unit numbers 2201, 2202 and 2206 with storeroom numbers 1A, 1B, 6A and 6B on the 22nd floor of Stelux House

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

附註:(續)

(i) (續)

本公司董事(包括全體獨立非執行董事)認為, 2013年製造及採購協議及再度更新零售採購協議 為於本集團日常業務中按訂約各方公平磋商後協 定的一般商業條款訂立,上述協議之條款及本集 團從IOM集團採購之眼鏡產品的最高年度購買值 屬公平合理,符合本集團及股東之整體利益。

租賃辦公場所及停車位

- (ii) 本集團於2012年12月10日公告(「該公告」), 於2012年12月10日,Stelux Holdings Limited (「SHL」)及本公司之全資附屬公司通城鐘錶有限 公司(「通城鐘錶」)及通城光學(香港)有限公司 (「通城光學」)(各自個別作為租戶)與明華物業投 資有限公司(「明華」)訂立2013年寶光商業中心租 賃更新協議,內容有關以下物業:
 - 物業 A: 寶光商業中心27樓全層及28樓部分 (包括12個停車位)
 - 物業 B: 寶光商業中心21樓全層(包括3個停 車位)
 - 物業 C: 寶光商業中心5樓502室、503室、 505室及506室之辦公室單位
 - 物業 D: 寶光商業中心19樓1901室、1902室 及1903室之辦公室單位(連同1A及 1B兩個儲存室)
 - 物業 E: 寶光商業中心17樓1702室及1703 室之辦公室單位
 - 物業 F: 寶光商業中心 18 樓 6A 儲存室
 - 物業G: 寶光商業中心19樓1905室及1906室 之部分辦公室單位(連同 6A 儲存室)
 - 物業 H: 寶光商業中心22樓2201室、2202室 及2206室之辦公室單位(連同1A、 1B、6A及6B儲存室)

Notes: (continued)

(ii) (continued)

All definitions in this note have the same meaning as referred to in the Announcement.

The lease term of the above premises was from 1 April 2013 up to and including 31 March 2016 with no rent-free period.

The total monthly rental of HK\$881,700 comprising HK\$830,000 per calendar month for the office premises (Premises A, B, C, D, E, G and H exclusive of rates, government rent and management charges) and HK\$51,700 per calendar month for the 15 carparking spaces and a storeroom (Premises F) (inclusive of rates, government rent and management charges), both payable monthly in advance in cash by the tenant on the first day of each and every calendar month.

On 21 March 2013, the renewed tenancy agreement in respect of Premises G above was surrendered ("Surrendered Tenancy Agreement") and SHL (as tenant) entered into a new tenancy agreement with MPIL (as landlord) to rent a larger portion of office unit numbers 1905 and 1906 with storeroom no. 6A on 19th floor and an additional 6 carparking spaces at Stelux House for the same rental period as that for the Surrendered Tenancy Agreement ("Tenancy Agreement"). The monthly rental for the Tenancy Agreement was HK\$70,762.90 comprising HK\$51,862.90 per calendar month for the portion of the office units with a storeroom (exclusive of rates, government rent and management charges) and HK\$18,900 per calendar month for the 6 carparking spaces (inclusive of rates, government rent and management charges), both payable in advance in cash by the tenant on the first day of each and every calendar month.

In addition to the above, before the expiration of the Stelux House Renewal Tenancy Agreements 2013, SHL has surrendered the leases of the following premises to MPIL:

- the lease of one car parking space under Premises B was early terminated with effect from 1 June 2014;
- (b) the lease of the Premises C was early surrendered on 31 May 2015 (see (viii) below for further details); and
- (c) the lease of the Premises E was early surrendered on 31 October 2015.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

附註:(續)

(ii) (續)

本附註所有定義與該公告所載者具相同涵義。

上述物業租期自2013年4月1日起至2016年3月 31日(包括該日)止,並無免租期。

月租總額港幣881,700元,包括辦公室物業租金 每個曆月港幣830,000元(物業A、B、C、D、 E、G及H(不包括差餉、政府地租及管理費))及 15個停車位及一個儲存室(物業F)租金每個曆月 港幣51,700元(包括差餉、政府地租及管理費), 兩者均須由租戶於每個曆月首日以現金預付。

於2013年3月21日,有關物業G的租賃更新協 議已退回(「退租協議」),而SHL(作為租戶)與明 華(作為業主)訂立新租賃協議,於與退租協議相 同的租賃期內租用寶光商業中心19樓1905室及 1906室之大部分辦公室單位(連同6A儲存室)及 額外6個停車位(「租賃協議」)。租賃協議月租港 幣70,762.90元,包括部分辦公室單位連同一個 儲存室租金每個曆月港幣51,862.90元(不包括 差餉、政府地租及管理費)及6個停車位租金每個 曆月港幣18,900元(包括差餉、政府地租及管理 費),兩者均須由租戶於每個曆月首日以現金預 付。

除上述外,於2013年寶光商業中心租賃更新協議 到期前,SHL與明華已提早終止以下停車位及辦 公室單位的租賃:

- (a) 就物業B而言,其中一個停車位租賃已提 早終止並自2014年6月1日起生效;
- (b) 物業C的租賃已於2015年5月31日提早終止(其他有關細節,參見以下附註(viii)); 及
- (c) 物業E的租賃已於2015年10月31日提早終止。

Notes: (continued)

(ii) (continued)

SHL, as tenant, has been granted the naming right of Stelux House and each of SHL, TSWCL and TSOHK has been granted an option for the Premises A, B, C, D, E, H and the Tenancy Agreement, but not an obligation, to renew the relevant tenancy agreement with the landlord every three years for three more years for a maximum of 15 years commencing from 1 April 2016 at the then prevailing open market rent.

The monthly rents of all the above-mentioned office premises were determined on an arm's length basis taking into account the valuations conducted by an independent property valuer dated 2 November 2012, which indicate that the renewal rental rates under the Stelux House Tenancy Renewal Agreements 2013 and the Tenancy Agreement were favourable to the Group as compared with the prevailing market rental values of the subject premises, while the rental rates for carparking spaces were determined with reference to the prevailing market rental rates. Accordingly, the Directors considered the Stelux House Renewal Tenancy Agreements 2013 and the Tenancy Agreement were on normal commercial terms and were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

The Group has been using the subject office premises (including the carparking spaces) primarily for office, administrative and storage purposes over a long period of time. In order to avoid possible disruption to its business due to relocation, the Group intends to continue to lease/licence the subject office premises (including the carparking spaces) following the expiration of the relevant leases/licences. The directors consider it to be in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole for the Group to continue to use the subject premises as long as the relevant rental/ licence fee and other terms are favourable to the Group so as to avoid relocation and refurbishment costs which otherwise the Group will have to incur.

- (iii) The Group announced on 22 May 2013 ("Announcement"), that on 22 May 2013, SHL (as tenant) entered into two tenancy agreements with MPIL (as landlord) as summarized below. All definitions in this note have the same meaning as referred to in the Announcement.
 - (a) to rent office unit number 2205 on 22nd floor at Stelux House for a term of two years ten months and nine days commencing on 23 May 2013 and expiring on 31 March 2016 ("Tenancy Agreement A). The monthly rental of HK\$23,850 (exclusive of rates, government rent and management charges) was payable in advance in cash by the tenant on the first day of each and every calendar month; and

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

附註:(續)

(ii) (續)

SHL(作為租戶)獲授寶光商業中心之命名權,以及SHL、通城鐘錶及通城光學就物業A、B、C、D、E、H及租賃協議各自獲授選擇權(但無責任)可每三年與業主按當時現行公開市場租金將有關租賃協議續期,每次續期三年,由2016年4月1日起計最多續期十五年。

上述辦公室物業的月租經公平原則釐定,並計及 獨立物業估值師於2012年11月2日進行的估值, 該估值顯示2013年寶光商業中心租賃更新協議及 租賃協議項下續期租金與有關物業當時現行市場 租值比較,對本集團有利,而停車位之租金則參 考現行市場租金釐定。因此,董事認為,2013年 寶光商業中心租賃更新協議及租賃協議乃按一般 商業條款訂立,屬公平合理,並符合本公司及股 東之整體利益。

本集團一直將上述有關物業(包括停車位)長期 作為首要的辦公室、管理及儲存用途。為避免因 搬遷可能給其業務帶來之干擾,本集團於有關租 賃/許可協議屆滿後,繼續租賃/許可使用有關 物業(包括停車位)。董事認為,只要有關之租 金/許可費及其他條款對本集團有利及使本集團 可避免產生搬遷及裝修費用,本集團繼續使用有 關物業實符合本公司及股東之整體利益。

- (iii) 本集團於2013年5月22日公告(「該公告」),於 2013年5月22日,SHL(作為租戶)與明華(作為 業主)訂立兩份租賃協議,概述如下。本附註所 有定義與該公告所載者具相同涵義。
 - (a) 租用寶光商業中心22樓2205室之辦公室單 位,為期兩年十個月零九日,自2013年5 月23日起至2016年3月31日(包括首尾兩 日)屆滿(「租賃協議A」)。月租港幣23,850 元(不包括差餉、政府地租及管理費),須 由租戶於每個曆月首日以現金預付;及

Notes: (continued)

- (iii) (continued)
 - (b) to rent storeroom number 1B on 20th floor at Stelux House for a term of two years eight months and nineteen days from 13 July 2013 up to and including 31 March 2016 ("Tenancy Agreement B). The monthly rental of HK\$5,000 (inclusive of rates, government rent and management charges) was payable in advance in cash by the tenant on the first day of each and every calendar month.

The above monthly rents were determined on an arm's length basis taking into account the prevailing market rental rates at Stelux House. Accordingly, the directors considered that the terms of the Tenancy Agreements A and B reflected normal commercial terms and were fair and reasonable, and the entering into of Tenancy Agreements A and B were in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

With respect to the Tenancy Agreement A, SHL was granted an option, but not an obligation, to renew the tenancy every three years for three more years for a maximum of 15 years commencing from 1 April 2016 at the then prevailing open market rent.

(iv) The Group announced on 28 November 2013 ("Announcement"), that on 28 November 2013, SHL (as tenant) entered into a tenancy agreement with MPIL (as landlord) to rent office unit number 601 and storeroom numbers 1A and 1B on 6th floor at Stelux House for a term of two years and three months commencing on 1 January 2014 and expiring on 31 March 2016. All definitions in this note have the same meaning as referred to in the Announcement.

The monthly rental of HK\$42,500 (exclusive of rates, government rent and management charges) was payable in advance in cash by the tenant on the first day of each and every calendar month.

The monthly rental was determined on an arm's length basis taking into account the valuation on the office unit with two storerooms conducted by an independent property valuer dated 22 November 2013. Accordingly, the directors considered that the terms of the tenancy agreement reflected normal commercial terms and were fair and reasonable, and the entering into of tenancy agreement was in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

SHL early surrendered the above-mentioned tenancy to MPIL on 31 January 2016.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

附註:(續)

- (iii) (續)
 - (b) 租用寶光商業中心20樓1B號儲存室,為期兩年八個月零十九日,自2013年7月13日 起至2016年3月31日(包括首尾兩日)屆滿 (「租賃協議B」)。月租港幣5,000元(包括 差餉、政府地租及管理費),須由租戶於 每個曆月首日以現金預付。

上述每月租金乃按公平原則釐定,並計及寶光商 業中心現行市場租值。因此,董事認為,租賃 協議A及B的條款反映一般商業條款,屬公平合 理,而訂立租賃協議A及B符合本公司及股東之 整體利益。

就租賃協議A而言,SHL獲授予選擇權(但無責任)可每三年按當時現行公開市場租金續租,每次續期三年,由2016年4月1日起計最多續期 十五年。

(iv) 本集團於2013年11月28日公告(「該公告」),於 2013年11月28日,SH(作為租戶)與明(作為業 主)訂立租賃協議,租用寶光商業中心6樓601室 之辦公室單位及1A及1B號儲存室,為期兩年零 三個月,自2014年1月1日起至2016年3月31日 屆滿。本附註所有定義與該公告所載者具相同涵 義。

> 月租港幣42,500元(不包括差餉、政府地租及管 理費),須由租戶於每個曆月首日以現金預付。

> 每月租金乃按公平原則釐定,並計及獨立物業估 值師於2013年11月22日就辦公室單位及兩個儲 存室進行的估值。因此,董事認為,租賃協議之 條款反映一般商業條款,屬公平合理,而訂立租 賃協議符合本公司及股東之整體利益。

> SHL已於2016年1月31日向明華提早終止了上述 租賃。

Notes: (continued)

(v) The Group announced on 9 April 2014, that on 9 April 2014, SHL (as tenant) entered into a tenancy agreement with MPIL (as landlord) to rent storeroom number 6A on 17th floor at Stelux House for a term commenced from 16 April 2014 and expired on 31 March 2016 (i.e. one year eleven months and sixteen days).

The monthly rental of HK\$4,570 (inclusive of rates, government rent and management charges) was payable in advance in cash by the tenant on the first day of each and every calendar month.

The monthly rental was determined on an arm's length basis taking into account prevailing market rental rates at Stelux House. Accordingly, the directors considered that the terms of the tenancy agreement reflected normal commercial terms and were fair and reasonable, and the entering into this tenancy agreement was in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

In addition, SHL was granted an option, but not an obligation, to renew the tenancy every three years for three more years for a maximum of 15 years commencing from 1 April 2016 at the then prevailing open market rent.

The Group requires more space to meet its operational needs and leasing this additional space at Stelux House (where the Group's headquarter is located) is more convenient than at other locations and will also help to improve operational efficiency.

- (vi) The Group announced on 9 October 2014, that on 9 October 2014, SHL (as tenant) entered into the following tenancy agreements with MPIL (as landlord) to rent office premises and storerooms:
 - Premises I:whole of 26th floor with storeroom numbers 1A,
1B, 6A and 6B on 26th floor at Stelux HousePremises J:office unit 2203 on 22nd floor at Stelux House
 - Premises K: office unit 1501 with storeroom number 1A on 15th floor at Stelux House

The lease term of the above premises commenced from 9 October 2014 and expired on 31 March 2016 (i.e. one year five months and twenty three days).

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

附註:(續)

 (v) 本集團於2014年4月9日公告,於2014年4月9日、
 日,SHL(作為租戶)與明華(作為業主)訂立一份租賃協議,租賃寶光商業中心17樓6A儲存室, 自2014年4月16日起至2016年3月31日屆滿(即 為期一年十一個月零十六日)。

> 每月租金為港幣4,570元(包括差餉、政府地租及 管理費),須由租戶於每個曆月首日以現金預付。

> 每月租金乃按公平原則釐定,並計及寶光商業中 心現行市場租值。因此,董事認為,租賃協議乃 按一般商業條款訂立,屬公平合理,並符合本公 司及股東之整體利益。

> 此外,SHL獲授予選擇權(但無責任),可每三年 與業主按當時現行公開市場租金將有關租賃協議 續期,每次續期三年,由2016年4月1日起計最 多續期15年。

> 本集團需求更多地方以應付業務需要,租賃寶光 商業中心(本集團總部所在地)的額外地方比其 他地方更為方便,且有助改善營運效率。

- (vi) 本集團於2014年10月9日公告,於2014年10月9日,SHL(作為租戶)與明華(作為業主)訂立下列租賃協議,租賃辦公室及儲存室:
 - 物業1: 寶光商業中心26樓全層及同層的 1A, 1B, 6A及6B號儲存室
 - 物業J: 寶光商業中心22樓2203室之辦公室 單位
 - 物業 K: 寶光商業中心15樓1501室之辦公室 單位及同層的1A號儲存室
 - 上述物業租賃期自2014年10月9日起及於2016 年3月31日屆滿(即一年五個月零二十三日)。

Notes: (continued)

(vi) (continued)

The total monthly rental of HK\$352,540 (exclusive of rates, government rent and management charges) was payable in advance in cash by the tenant on the first day of each and every calendar month.

The monthly rents for all the above-mentioned office premises were determined on an arm's length basis taking into account the respective rental valuations conducted by an independent property valuer dated 30 September 2014, which indicate that the rental rates of these office premises are at market rates. Accordingly, the directors considered that the terms of these tenancy agreements reflected normal commercial terms and were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

In addition, SHL was granted an option, but not an obligation, to renew the tenancy every three years for three more years for a maximum of 15 years commencing from 1 April 2016 at the then prevailing open market rent.

The Group requires more space to meet its operational needs and leasing the additional space at Stelux House (where the Group's headquarter is located) is more convenient than at other locations and will also help to improve operational efficiency and reduce overall rental costs.

With respect to Premises K, SHL early surrendered the corresponding tenancy to MPIL on 30 November 2014.

(vii) The Group announced on 29 May 2015 ("Announcement"), that on 29 May 2015, SHL (as tenant) entered into a tenancy agreement with MPIL (as landlord) for the leasing of portions of office unit numbers 1905 and 1906 with storeroom number 6B on 19th floor at Stelux House for a term of ten months from 1 June 2015 up to and including 31 March 2016. All definitions in this note have the same meaning as referred to in the Announcement.

The monthly rental of HK\$25,217.50 (exclusive of rates, government rent and management charges) was payable in advance in cash by the tenant on the first day of each and every calendar month.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

附註:(續)

(vi) (續)

每月租金總額港幣352,540元(不包括差餉、政府 地租及管理費),須由租戶於每個曆月首日以現 金預付。

上述所有辦公室的每月租金乃按公平原則釐定, 並計及獨立物業估值師於2014年9月30日個別租 賃估值,該估值顯示辦公室之租金為市場租值。 因此,董事認為,租賃協議乃按一般商業條款訂 立,屬公平合理,並符合本公司及股東之整體利 益。

此外,SHL獲授予選擇權(但無責任),可每三年 與業主按當時現行公開市場租金將有關租賃協議 續期,每次續期三年,由2016年4月1日起計最 多續期15年。

本集團需求更多地方以應付業務需要,租賃寶光 商業中心(本集團總部所在地)的額外地方比其他 地方更為方便,且有助改善營運效率及減低整體 租金開支。

就物業K而言,SHL已於2014年11月30日提早終止有關租賃。

(vii) 本集團於2015年5月29日公告,於2015年5月 29日,SHL(作為租戶)與明華(作為業主)訂立一 份租賃協議,租賃寶光商業中心19樓1905-1906 室之部分辦公室單位連同6B號儲存室,為期十個 月自2015年6月1日起至2016年3月31日屆滿。 本附註所有定義與該公告所載者具相同涵義。

> 每月租金為港幣25,217.50元(不包括差餉、政府 地租及管理費),須由租戶於每個曆月首日以現 金預付。

Notes: (continued)

(vii) (continued)

The monthly rental was determined on an arm's length basis taking into account the rental under an early terminated tenancy agreement, made between MPL and the previous tenant for the premises, for the remaining term of the tenancy between the parties. The directors considered that the terms of the tenancy agreement reflected normal commercial terms and were fair and reasonable, and the entering into of tenancy agreement was in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

In addition, SHL was granted an option, but not an obligation, to renew the tenancy every three years for three more years for a maximum of 15 years commencing from 1 April 2016 at the then prevailing open market rent.

(viii) The Group announced on 29 May 2015 ("Announcement"), that on 29 May 2015, SHL (as tenant) entered into a partial surrender agreement with MPIL (as landlord), with respect to the tenancy agreement entered into by these two parties for office unit numbers 502, 503, 505 and 506 on 5th floor at Stelux House ("5th Floor Tenancy Agreement") on 10 December 2012.

All definitions in this note have the same meaning as referred to in the Announcement.

SHL early surrendered office unit numbers 502, 503, 505 and a portion of 506 of the 5th Floor Tenancy Agreement but continued to rent the remaining portion of office unit 506 and two storeroom nos. 6A and 6B from MPIL ("5th Floor Remaining Tenancy Agreement") with the monthly rental adjusted downwards accordingly (but remaining unchanged per square feet from the rental under the 5th Floor Tenancy Agreement) and all other terms and conditions remaining unchanged.

The monthly rental of HK\$17,325.25 (exclusive of rates, government rent and management charges) was payable in advance in cash by the tenant on the first day of each and every calendar month.

The monthly rental for the 5th Floor Remaining Tenancy Agreement was determined on an arm's length basis taking into account the actual rental per square feet under the 5th Floor Tenancy Agreement. Accordingly, the directors considered that the terms of the 5th Floor Remaining Tenancy Agreement reflected normal commercial terms and were fair and reasonable, and the entering into of tenancy agreement was in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

- 附註:(續)
- (vii) (續)

每月租金乃按公平原則釐定,並參考業主與前租 戶就該辦公室單位所簽署及已提前終止的租賃協 議中剩餘租賃期租金。董事認為,租賃協議乃按 一般商業條款訂立,屬公平合理,並符合本公司 及股東之整體利益。

此外,SHL獲授予選擇權(但無責任),可每三年 與業主按當時現行公開市場租金將有關租賃協議 續期,每次續期三年,由2016年4月1日起計最 多續期15年。

(viii) 本集團於2015年5月29日公告,於2015年5月 29日,SHL(作為租戶)與明華(作為業主)就雙方 於2012年12月10日所訂立租賃於寶光商業中心 5樓502、503、505及506室之辦公室單位之租 賃協議(「5樓租賃協議」)訂立部分提前終止協議。

本附註所有定義與該公告所載者具相同涵義。

SHL提前終止租賃於寶光商業中心5樓502、 503、505及部分506室之辦公室單位,但保留向 明華租賃506室之部分辦公室單位連同6A及6B號 儲存室([5樓剩餘租賃協議」)。每月租金亦隨著 下調(但租金呎價跟5樓租賃協議為持不變)及所 有其他條款細則為持不變剩。

每月租金為港幣17,325.25元(不包括差餉、政府 地租及管理費),須由租戶於每個曆月首日以現 金預付。

5 樓剩餘租賃協議每月租金乃按公平原則釐定, 並參考5 樓租賃協議實際租賃呎價。董事認為, 租賃協議乃按一般商業條款訂立,屬公平合理, 並符合本公司及股東之整體利益。
Notes: (continued)

(viii) (continued)

In addition, SHL was granted an option, but not an obligation, to renew the 5th Floor Remaining Tenancy Agreement every three years for three more years for a maximum of 15 years commencing from 1 April 2016 at the then prevailing open market rent.

The Group requires more space to meet its operational needs and in addition to renting more office space at Stelux House the Group would also reorganize its current usage of office space at Stelux House by renting whole floors instead of separate individual units on separate floors for greater efficiency. The reorganization had commenced and would be carried out in the current financial year. After the completion of the office space reorganization, the Group would occupy 6th floor, 19th floor, 21st floor, 22nd floor, 27th floor and 28th floor at Stelux House.

Leasing of warehouses and vehicle parking spaces

(ix) The Group announced on 10 December 2012 ("Announcement"), that on 10 December 2012, the Group, through certain of its wholly owned subsidiaries, each individually as tenant/licensee, entered into the Warehouse Leasing and Licence Renewal Agreements 2013 with TSCL and ALCL, each individually as landlord/licensor, to renew the term of the leases/licences of 4 existing warehouse spaces in Hong Kong for terms of three years commenced from 1 April 2013 and expired on 31 March 2016. All definitions in this note have the same meaning as referred to in the Announcement.

Monthly rental totaled HK\$155,920 comprising HK\$146,420 per calendar month (exclusive of rates, government rent and management charges) for 3 warehouse spaces and HK\$9,500 per calendar month (inclusive of rates, government rent and management charges) for the remaining 1 warehouse space, both payable monthly in advance in cash by the tenants on the first day of each and every calendar month.

The monthly rentals/licence fees were determined on an arm's length basis after having taken into account the valuations on the warehouses conducted by an independent property valuer on 23 November 2012, which indicate that the renewal rentals/ licence fees under the Warehouse Leasing and Licence Renewal Agreements 2013 were favourable to the Group as compared with the prevailing market rental/licence fee values of the subject warehouses. Accordingly, the directors considered the Warehouse Leasing and Licence Renewal Agreements 2013 were on normal commercial terms and were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

附註:(續)

(viii) (續)

此外,SHL獲授予選擇權(但無責任),可每三年 與業主按當時現行公開市場租金將有5樓剩餘租 賃協議續期,每次續期三年,由2016年4月1日 起計最多續期15年。

本集團需求更多地方以應付業務需要,除了於寶 光商業中心租用更多辦公室外,本集團並重整辦 公室。相對於辦公室零碎散落於不同樓層,租用 全層辦公室,能增加及有助改善營運效率。重整 已開始及於本財政年度進行。待重整辦公室地 方完成後,本集團將佔用寶光商業中心6樓、19 樓、21樓、22樓、26樓、27樓及28樓全層單位。

租賃貨倉及停車位

(ix) 本集團於2012年12月10日公告(「該公告」),於 2012年12月10日,本集團透過其若干全資附屬 公司(各自作為租戶/獲許可人)與TSCL及ALCL (各自作為業主/許可人)訂立2013年倉庫租賃 及許可更新協議,以更新香港4個現有倉庫之租 賃/許可,自2013年4月1日起至2016年3月31 日屆滿,為期三年。本附註所有定義與該公告所 載者具相同涵義。

> 月租總額港幣155,920元,包括3個倉庫空間租金 每個曆月港幣146,420元(不包括差餉、政府地租 及管理費)及餘下1個倉庫空間租金每個曆月港幣 9,500元(包括差餉、政府地租及管理費),兩者 均須由租戶於每個曆月首日以現金預付。

> 每月租金/許可費乃按公平原則釐定,並計及獨 立物業估值師於2012年11月23日對倉庫進行的 估值,該估值顯示2013年倉庫租賃及許可更新協 議項下的續期租金/許可費經與有關倉庫現行市 場租金/許可費相比對本集團有利。因此,董事 認為,2013年倉庫租賃及許可更新協議乃按一般 商業條款訂立,屬公平合理,並符合本公司及股 東之整體利益。

Notes: (continued)

(x) The Group announced on 9 April 2014 ("Announcement"), that on 9 April 2014, the lease of the warehouse under the Renewal Tenancy Agreement has been surrendered and the warehouse was relocated within the same building for logistic efficiency. A new tenancy agreement was entered into between the existing tenant and the landlord (i.e. TSCL) for a term commenced from 16 April 2014 and expired on 31 March 2016 (i.e. one year eleven months and sixteen days) and for a monthly rental of HK\$9,500. All definitions in this note have the same meaning as referred to in the Announcement.

The monthly rental was determined on an arm's length basis taking into account prevailing market rental rates in the vicinity. The directors considered that the terms of the tenancy agreement reflected normal commercial terms and were fair and reasonable, and the entering into of this tenancy agreement was in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

(xi) The Group announced on 9 April 2014, that on 9 April 2014, the Company through two of its wholly-owned subsidiaries entered into two License Agreements with ALCL to license two vehicle parking spaces for a term of one year eleven months and sixteen days commencing on 16 April 2014 and expiring on 31 March 2016. The total monthly license fee was HK\$8,600 (inclusive of management charges but exclusive of rates and government rent).

The monthly license fees were determined on an arm's length basis taking into account prevailing market rates for the vehicle parking spaces in the vicinity. The directors considered that the terms of the License Agreements reflected normal commercial terms and were fair and reasonable, and the entering into of these License Agreements were in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

The continuing connected transactions as set out in (ii) to (xi) above, in relation to the leasing of properties from connected parties, have been aggregated for the purpose of classification in accordance Rule 14A.81 of the Listing Rules, and the aggregate annual caps for the financial year ended 31 March 2016 was approximately HK\$ 17,283,000.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

附註:(續)

(x) 本集團於2014年4月9日公告(「該公告」),於 2014年4月9日,根據租賃物業續約協議項下租 用倉庫已予取消,倉庫已重新編配以提昇物流效 率。現有租戶與業主(即TSCL)已訂立新租賃協 議,自2014年4月16日起至2016年3月31日屆 滿(即一年十六個月零十六日),每月租金為港幣 9,500元。本附註所有定義與該公告所載者具相 同涵義。

> 每月租金乃按公平原則釐定,並計及附近現行市 場租值。董事認為,租賃協議乃按一般商業條款 訂立,屬公平合理,訂立此租賃協議符合本公司 及股東之整體利益。

(xi) 本集團於2014年4月9日公告(「該公告」),於 2014年4月9日,本公司透過其兩間全資附屬公 司與ALCL訂立兩份獲許可使用協議,獲許可使 用兩個車位,為期一年十一個月零十六日,自 2014年4月16日起至2016年3月31日屆滿。每 月許可費合共港幣8,600元(包括管理費但不包括 差餉及政府地租)。

> 每月許可費乃按公平原則釐定,並計及附近車位 現行市場值。董事認為,獲許可使用協議乃按一 般商業條款訂立,屬公平合理,訂立獲許可使用 協議符合本公司及股東之整體利益。

上述(ii)至(xi)項有關關連人士租用物業的持續關連交易 已根據上市規則第14A.81條合併計算供作分類目的, 而截至2016年3月31日止財政年度的年度上限總額約 為港幣17,283,000元。

Notes: (continued)

Provision of management and property agency liaison services

- (xii) The Group announced on 10 December 2012 ("Announcement"), that on 10 December 2012, Stelux Properties Agency Limited ("SPAL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as agent, renewed the management and property agency liaison services agreement ("Service Agreement 2013") with MPIL for a term of three years up to and including 31 March 2016 for the provision of the following services ("Services"):
 - (a) contract administration with respect to contracts entered into between MPIL and third parties from time to time;
 - (b) property agency liaison and tenancy management;
 - (c) management of the property manager of Stelux House; and
 - (d) other miscellaneous administrative services.

All definitions in this note have the same meaning as referred to in the Announcement. SPAL has been providing the Services with respect to Stelux House since 1998 and has accumulated relevant knowledge and experience. MPIL is satisfied so far with the Services provided by the Group, whilst the remuneration received by the Group under the Service Agreement is more than enough to cover the relevant costs incurred by the Group in providing the Services. As such, SPAL continued to provide the Services to MPIL following the expiration of the preceding service agreement on 31 March 2013.

Monthly remuneration was set at HK\$195,000 per calendar month (in the first year up to and including 31 March 2014) payable in advance in cash on the first day of each and every calendar month. Parties to the Service Agreement 2013 shall negotiate and agree in good faith to increase the remuneration on an annual basis for the second year and the third year by not more than 10% over that in the preceding year with reference to the actual increase in costs (including but not limited to the related staff salaries) incurred by the Group with respect to the provision of the Services. In the event that no agreement is reached between the parties in negotiating the remuneration for the next year, the remuneration shall remain unchanged.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

附註:(續)

提供管理及物業代理聯絡服務

- (xii) 本集團於2012年12月10日公告(「該公告」),於 2012年12月10日,本公司全資附屬公司寶光地 產代理有限公司(「寶光地產」)(作為代理),與明 華重續管理及物業代理聯絡服務協議(「2013年服 務協議」),至2016年3月31日(包括該日)止為期 三年,提供下列服務(「服務」):
 - (a) 管理明華與第三方不時訂立的合約;
 - (b) 物業代理聯絡及租賃管理;
 - (c) 管理寶光商業中心的物業管理公司;及
 - (d) 其他行政服務。

本附註所有定義與該公告所載者具相同涵義。寶 光地產自1998年起向寶光商業中心提供服務, 並累積相關知識及經驗。明華迄今滿意本集團提 供的服務,同時本集團根據服務協議收取的酬金 足以抵銷本集團提供服務所產生的有關成本。因 此,寶光地產於2013年3月31日先前服務協議屆 滿後繼續向明華提供服務。

每月酬金為每個曆月港幣195,000元(於截至 2014年3月31日(包括該日)止第一年度),須於 每個曆月第一日以現金預付。2013年服務協議 之訂約方須參考本集團因提供該等服務而產生之 實際增加成本(包括但不限於相關員工薪酬),並 按年度基準真誠磋商及協定於第二年度及第三年 度之酬金升幅,惟升幅不得超過上一年度酬金之 10%。倘訂約方在磋商下一年度酬金時未能達成 協議,則該酬勞將維持不變。

Notes: (continued)

(xii) (continued)

The monthly remuneration received by the Group for the year ended 31 March 2016 was the same as that under the preceding service agreement for the three years ended 31 March 2013. The remuneration was arrived at after arm's length negotiations between the parties and with reference to the estimate of the costs to be incurred by the Company with respect to the provision of the Services in the financial year ended 31 March 2013. The directors considered the terms of the Service Agreement 2013 were on normal commercial terms and were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

With reference to the monthly remuneration under the Service Agreement 2013, the Annual Cap Amount for this continuing connected transaction was set at HK\$2,831,400 for the financial year ended 31 March 2016.

Relationships between counterparties

(xiii) With respect to transactions (i) to (xii) above, each of IOM, MPIL, TSCL and ALCL is a subsidiary of Yee Hing Company Limited ("Yee Hing"). Yee Hing, directly and indirectly through its subsidiary, held 0.11% of the Company's issued shares as at 31 March 2016. The Trust, of which Mr. Joseph C.C.Wong and Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas, being directors of the Company, are beneficiaries, holds 55% of the total issued shares of Yee Hing. Therefore, each of IOM, MPIL, TSCL and ALCL is an associate of the aforesaid directors and hence is a connected person of the Company. Therefore, transactions (i) to (xii) above constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company.

The above continuing connected transactions also constitute related party transactions and are disclosed in note 30 to the financial statements.

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

持續關連交易(續)

- 附註:(續)
- (xii) (續)

本集團截至2016年3月31日止年度所收取的每月 酬金與截至2013年3月31日止三個年度先前服 務協議項下所收取的酬金相同。酬金按訂約各方 公平磋商後達成,並參考本公司於截至2013年3 月31日止財政年度提供服務所產生的估計成本。 董事認為,2013年服務協議之條款為一般商業條 款,屬公平合理,並符合本公司及股東之整體利 益。

參照根據2013年服務協議下之每月酬金,該持續 關連交易截至2016年3月31日止財政年度之年度 上限金額設定為港幣2,831,400元。

與交易對方之關係

(xiii) 就上述(i)至(xii)項之交易而言,IOM、明華、 TSCL及ALCL均為義興有限公司(「義興」)之附屬 公司。義興直接及間接通過其附屬公司持有本公 司於2016年3月31日之已發行股份0.11%。本 公司董事黃創增先生及黃創江先生實益擁有的信 託持有義興全部已發行普通股之55%。因此, IOM、明華、TSCL及ALCL均為上述董事之聯繫 人士,故為本公司之關連人士。因此,上述(i)至 (xii)項之交易構成本公司持續關連交易。

上述持續關連交易亦構成有關連人士交易,並於財務報 表附註30內披露。

DIRECTORS AND INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS (continued) PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

As permitted by the Bye-laws of the Company, a director of the Company may be indemnified out of the Company's assets against any liability incurred by the director, to the extent permitted by Bermuda law. Such permitted indemnity provision has been in force throughout the financial year and is currently in force at the time of approval of this report.

The Company has also taken out and maintained directors' and officers' liability insurance throughout the year, which provides appropriate cover for certain legal actions brought against its directors and officers.

As permitted by the articles of association of the Company's subsidiaries in Hong Kong ("Hong Kong Subsidiaries"), a director or a former director of the Hong Kong Subsidiaries may be indemnified out of the Hong Kong Subsidiaries' assets against any liability incurred by the director to a person other than the Hong Kong Subsidiaries or an associated company of the Hong Kong Subsidiaries, to the extent permitted by law. Such permitted indemnity provision is currently in force at the time of approval of this report.

AUDITORS

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

Last but not least, I express my most sincere thanks and gratitude to colleagues and staff members for their commitment, hard work and loyalty to the Group during the year.

On behalf of the Board

Joseph C. C. Wong Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 23 June 2016

董事會及交易、協議及合約權益(續)

獲准許的彌償條文

本公司之組織章程細則允許本公司董事可在百慕 達法律允許的範圍內,獲得從本公司於其資產中 補償所有責任。此等獲准許的彌償條文於財政年 度內及至批准本報告時仍為有效。

本公司於年內已購買及維持董事及高級職員責任 保險,為其董事及高級職員面對若干法律行動時 提供適當的保障。

本公司於香港附屬公司(「香港附屬公司」)之組織 章程細則允許香港附屬公司董事或前董事可在法 律允許的範圍內,獲得從香港附屬公司於其資產 中補償所有除香港附屬公司或香港附屬公司相聯 公司以外因該董事為香港附屬公司董事的任何責 任。此等獲准許的彌償條文至批准本報告時仍為 有效。

核數師

本財務報表已經由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審 核,該核數師任滿告退,惟合資格並願膺選連 任。

最後,本人衷心感謝各位員工持續對集團的辛勤 貢獻及忠誠服務。

代表董事會

<mark>黃創增</mark> 主席及行政總裁

香港,2016年6月23日



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF STELUX HOLDINGS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Stelux Holdings International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries set out on pages 40 to 142, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2016, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. 羅兵咸永道

致寶光實業(國際)有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第40至 142頁寶光實業(國際)有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公 司」)及其子公司的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報 表包括於2016年3月31日的綜合資產負債表與截 至該日止年度的綜合收益表、綜合全面收益表、 綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及主要會 計政策概要及其他附註解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香 港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬 備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表並對其認為使綜合 財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的 重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該等綜合財務報 表發表意見,並按照百慕達《1981年公司法》第90 條僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告,除此之外本報告 別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何 其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所,香港中環太子大廈廿二樓 T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com 總機: +852 2289 8888, 傳真: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor consolidated financial statements to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2016, and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 23 June 2016

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則 進行審計。該等準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並 規劃及執行審計以對綜合財務報表是否不存在任 何重大錯誤陳述獲取合理保證。

審計涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載 金額及披露資料的審計憑證。所選擇的程序取決 於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評 估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該公司擬備真實而 中肯的綜合財務報表相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對公司內部控制的有 效性發表意見。審計亦包括評價董事所採用會計 政策的恰當性及作出會計估計的合理性以及評價 綜合財務報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足和適當 地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報 告準則真實而中肯地反映 貴公司及其子公司於 2016年3月31日的財務狀況及彼等截至該日止年 度的財務表現及現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司 條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,2016年6月23日

		Note 附註	2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	5 8	3,401,716 (1,370,752)	3,940,849 (1,524,407)
Gross profit Other gains/(losses), net Other income Selling expenses General and administrative expenses Other operating expenses	毛利 其他收益/(虧損),淨額 其他收入 銷售支出 一般及行政支出 其他營運支出	6 7 8 8 8	2,030,964 12,180 22,370 (1,657,260) (406,717) (96,472)	2,416,442 (16,557) 25,318 (1,740,051) (413,857) (53,344)
Operating (loss)/profit Finance costs Share of loss of an associate (Loss)/profit before income tax Income tax expense	營業(虧損)/溢利 財務成本 應佔聯營公司虧損 除所得税前(虧損)/溢利 所得税支出	10 16 11	(94,935) (90,778) - (185,713) (4,066)	217,951 (72,141) (5,302) 140,508 (48,449)
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利		(189,779)	92,059
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下應佔: 本公司權益持有人 非控股權益		(190,009) 230 (189,779)	91,756 303 92,059
			HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙
(Loss)/earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the Company – Basic – Diluted	本公司權益持有人應佔 每股(虧損)/盈利 -基本 -攤薄	12 12	(18.16) (18.16)	8.77 8.77

The notes on pages 46 to 142 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. 第46至142頁的附註為此等財務報表的不可或缺部分。

		Note 附註	2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利		(189,779)	92,059
Other comprehensive loss: Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:	其他全面虧損: <i>其後可重分類至</i> 損益的項目:			(41,622)
Exchange differences Revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets	滙兑差額 可供出售的財務 資產重估	17	(16,245)	(41,622) (2,679)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax	年內扣税後之其他 全面虧損		(16,768)	(44,301)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	年內全面(虧損)/ 收益總額		(206,547)	47,758
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下應佔: 本公司權益持有人 非控股權益		(206,212) (335)	47,791 (33)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	年內全面(虧損)/ 收益總額		(206,547)	47,758

The notes on pages 46 to 142 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. 第46至142頁的附註為此等財務報表的不可或缺部分。

		Note	2016	2015
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣仟元	港幣仟元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	13	451,192	460,463
Prepayment of lease premium	預付租賃地價	14	29,777	40,242
Intangible assets	無形資產	15	104,200	60,664
Investment in an associate	於聯營公司投資	16	_	61,329
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	27	76,162	70,692
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售的財務資產	17	12,129	12,652
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	應收賬款、按金及預付款項	19	153,846	166,752
			827,306	872,794
Current assets	流動資產			
Stocks	存貨	18	1,098,607	1,327,732
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	應收賬款、按金及預付款項	19	433,250	430,743
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	20	599,225	460,143
			2,131,082	2,218,618
Total assets	資產總額		2,958,388	3,091,412
EQUITY	股權			
Capital and reserves attributable to	本公司權益持有人應佔			
the equity holders of the Company	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	21	104,647	104,647
Reserves	儲備	22	1,125,156	1,341,833
Shareholders' funds	股東資金		1,229,803	1,446,480
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		7,015	7,350
Total equity	股權總額		1,236,818	1,453,830

		Note	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
		附註	港幣仟元	港幣仟元
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	27	7,342	2,299
Borrowings	貸款	25	18,048	52,068
Convertible bonds	可换股債券	26	336,475	380,753
			361,865	435,120
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Creditors and accruals	應付賬款及應計費用	24	589,235	601,488
Income tax payable	應付所得税		4,082	21,249
Borrowings	貸款	25	656,439	579,725
Convertible bonds	可换股債券	26	109,949	—
			1,359,705	1,202,462
Total liabilities	負債總額		1,721,570	1,637,582
Total equity and liabilities	股權及負債總額		2,958,388	3,091,412

Joseph C.C. Wong 黃創增 Chairman and Chief Executive Officer 主席及行政總裁 Wallace Kwan Chi Kin 關志堅 Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer 行政董事及 首席財務總裁

The notes on pages 46 to 142 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. 第46至142頁的附註為此等財務報表的不可或缺部分。

The consolidated financial statements on pages 40 to 142 were approved by the Board of Directors on 23 June 2016 and were signed on its behalf.

董事會在2016年6月23日批準並簽署了該財務報表的第40至142頁。

		Attributable to the equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔					
		Share capital 股本 (Note 21) (附註 21) HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Other reserves 其他儲備 (Note 22) (附註 22) HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 (Note 22) (附註 22) HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Total equity 權益總額 HK\$'000 港幣仟元
At 1 April 2014	於2014年4月1日	104,647	107,387	1,246,304	1,458,338	7,483	1,465,821
Profit for the year	年內溢利	-	-	91,756	91,756	303	92,059
Other comprehensive loss: Exchange differences Revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets (Note 17)	其他全面虧損: 匯兑差額 可供出售的財務資產重估 (附註17)	-	(41,286) (2,679)	-	(41,286)	(336)	(41,622) (2,679)
Total other comprehensive loss	其他全面虧損總額		(43,965)	_	(43,965)	(336)	(44,301)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	全面(虧損)/收益總額		(43,965)	91,756	47,791	(33)	47,758
Dividends paid (Note 23)	已付股息(附註23)	_	-	(59,649)	(59,649)	(100)	(59,749)
At 31 March 2015	於2015年3月31日	104,647	63,422	1,278,411	1,446,480	7,350	1,453,830
At 1 April 2015	於2015年4月1日	104,647	63,422	1,278,411	1,446,480	7,350	1,453,830
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	_	-	(190,009)	(190,009)	230	(189,779)
Other comprehensive loss: Exchange differences Revaluation of available-for-sale	其他全面虧損: 匯兑差額 可供出售的財務資產重估	-	(15,680)	-	(15,680)	(565)	(16,245)
financial assets (Note 17)	(附註17)		(523)	_	(523)	-	(523)
Total other comprehensive loss	其他全面虧損總額	_	(16,203)	-	(16,203)	(565)	(16,768)
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額	-	(16,203)	(190,009)	(206,212)	(335)	(206,547)
Dividends paid (Note 23)	已付股息(附註23)	-	-	(10,465)	(10,465)	-	(10,465)
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日	104,647	47,219	1,077,937	1,229,803	7,015	1,236,818

The notes on pages 46 to 142 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. 第46至142頁的附註為此等財務報表的不可或缺部分。

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 綜合現金流量表 For the year ended 31 March 2016 截至2016年3月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest paid Hong Kong profits tax paid Overseas profits tax paid Overseas profits tax refunded	營運活動的現金流量 營運活動所得現金 已付利息 支付香港利得税 支付海外利得税 已退回海外利得税	28	269,931 (12,121) (14,501) (18,621) 1,581	161,371 (9,311) (48,620) (22,880) 454
Net cash generated from operating activities	營運活動所得的現金淨額		226,269	81,014
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property,	投資活動的現金流量 購入物業、機器及設備 出售物業、機器及設備		(109,695)	(95,572)
plant and equipment Investment in an associate Acquisition of a subsidiary Interest received	所得款項 於聯營公司投資 購入子公司 已收利息	31	1,204 - 7,871 1,946	1,029 (17,448) - 1,342
Dividends received Disposal of prepayment of lease premium	已收股息 出售預付租賃地價		3,506 1,527	2,052
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用的現金淨額		(93,641)	(108,597)
Cash flows from financing activities Drawdown of bank loans Repayment of bank loans Capital element of finance lease payments Dividends paid to the Company's shareholders Dividends paid to non-controlling interests Interest paid on convertible bonds	融資活動的現金流量 提取銀行貸款 償還銀行貸款 償還融資租賃本金 已付本公司股東股息 已付非控股權益股息 已付可换股債券利息		741,609 (697,806) (50) (10,465) – (12,986)	557,765 (457,697) (129) (59,649) (100) (13,533)
Net cash generated from financing activities	融資活動所得的現金淨額		20,302	26,657
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	現金及現金等價物之 增加/(減少)淨額 年初的現金及現金等價物		152,930	(926)
of the year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動的影響		460,143 (13,848)	457,683 3,386
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年末的現金及現金等價物		599,225	460,143
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents: Bank balances and cash	現金及現金等價物結餘 的分析: 銀行結餘及現金	20	599,225	460,143

The notes on pages 46 to 142 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. 第46至142頁的附註為此等財務報表的不可或缺部分。

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The principal activity of Stelux Holdings International Limited ("the Company") is investment holding. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are shown in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton, HM12, Bermuda.

The Company has its primary listing on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors on 23 June 2016.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets and the liability component of the convertible bonds, which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

1 一般資料

寶光實業(國際)有限公司(「本公司」)的主 要業務為投資控股,其主要附屬公司的業 務載於綜合財務報表附註35。

本公司為於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司, 其註冊地址為Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton, HM12, Bermuda。

本公司於香港聯合交易所有限公司具有第 一上市地位。

除另有註明者外,本綜合財務報表乃以港幣計值。此等財務報表已於2016年6月23 日獲董事會批准。

2 主要會計政策概要

編製本綜合財務報表所採用的主要會計政 策載列如下。除另有註明者外,否則該等 政策已於呈報年間貫徹應用。

(a) 編製基準

寶光實業(國際)有限公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)綜合財務報表乃根據 香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」),按歷史成本常規法編製,本集 團綜合財務報表乃根據香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則」),按歷史 成本常規法編製,惟可供出售財務資 產及可換股債券負債部分按公平值計 量(視情況而定)。

根據香港財務報告準則規定編製財務 報表需進行若干重大會計估計,而規 定管理層在採用本集團會計政策時作 出判斷。有關範圍涉及較高程度判斷 或複雜性,或對賬目而言屬重大範疇 之假設及估計,於附註4披露。

2		MMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES			主要	[會計政策概要 <i>(續</i>)
	(a)	Basis of preparation (Continued)			(a)	編製基準(<i>續</i>)	
		Adoption of amendments	s to standards			採納準則修訂	
		mandatory for the first	dments to standards are time for the financial year nd are adopted by the Group				2015年4月1日開始之 效,本集團已採納:
		HKAS 19 (Amendment)	Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions			香港會計準則 第19號 (修訂本)	界定福利計劃: 僱員供款
		Annual Improvement Project	Annual Improvements (2010-2012 cycle)			年度改進項目	於2010至 2012年週年 之年度改進
		Annual Improvement Project	Annual Improvements (2011-2013 cycle)			年度改進項目	於2011至 2013年週年 之年度改進
		The adoption of the above amendments to standards has no significant impact on the results and financial position of the Group. New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group The following new standards and amendments to standards have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2015 or later periods, but the Group has not early adopted them:				採納上述準則修 財務狀況並沒有	訂對本集團的業績及 重大影響。
						尚未生效而本集 準則及準則修訂	<i>團亦無提早採納的新</i>
						或之後開始之會	須於2015年4月1日 計期間或其後期間強 團並無提前採納對現 及準則修訂:

(a) **Basis of preparation** (Continued)

New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)

主要會計政策概要(續)

2

(a) 編製基準(續)

尚未生效而本集團亦無提早採納的新 準則及準則修訂(續)

Effective for the Group's

		Ellective for the Gloup 3
		annual financial periods
		beginning on or after
		於下列日期或之後開始
		之財務年度生效
HKAS 1 (Amendment)	Disclosure initiative	1 April 2016
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	拔露主動性	2016年4月1日
HKAS 7 (Amendment)	Disclosure initiative	1 April 2017
香港會計準則第7號(修訂本)	拔露主動性	2017年4月1日
HKAS 12 (Amendment)	Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses	1 April 2017
香港會計準則第12號(修訂本)	確認未變現損失產生的遞延税項資產	2017年4月1日
HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 (Amendment)	Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation	1 April 2016
香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則 第38號(修訂本)	釐清折舊及攤銷可接納之方法	2016年4月1日
HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 (Amendment)	Agriculture: Bearer plants	1 April 2016
香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則 第41號(修訂本)		2016年4月1日
HKAS 27 (Amendment)	Equity method in separate financial statements	1 April 2016
香港會計準則第27號(修訂本)	獨立財務報表之權益法	2016年4月1日
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments	1 April 2018
香港財務報告準則第9號	金融工具	2018年4月1日
HKFRS 10 and HKFRS 12 and	Investment entities: Applying the consolidation exception	1 April 2016
HKAS 28 (Amendment)	投資實體:應用綜合之入賬例外情況	2016年4月1日
香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告準則 第12號及香港會計準則第28號(修訂本)		
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendment)	Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its	To be determined
香港財務報告準則第10號及	associate or joint venture	待確定
香港會計準則第28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間之資產出售或注資	
HKFRS 11 (Amendment)	Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations	1 April 2016
香港財務報告準則第11號(修訂本)	收購合營業務權益之會計處理	2016年4月1日
HKFRS 14	Regulatory deferral accounts	1 April 2016
香港財務報告準則第14號	監管遞延賬戶	2016年4月1日
HKFRS 15	Revenue from contracts with customers	1 April 2017
香港財務報告準則第15號	與客戶訂立合約之收入	2017年4月1日
HKFRS 16	Leases	1 April 2019
香港財務報告準則第16號	租賃資產	2019年4月1日
Annual improvements project	Annual improvements 2012-2014 cycle	1 April 2016
年度改進項目	2012至2014年週期之年度改進	2016年4月1日

(a) **Basis of preparation** (Continued)

New standards and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)

The expected impacts from the adoption of the above standards and amendments to standards are still being assessed in details by management and management is not yet in a position to state whether they would have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

(b) Subsidiaries

(i) Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

(a) 編製基準(續)

尚未生效而本集團亦無提早採納的新 準則及準則修訂(續)

本集團現正評估採納此等新準則及準 則修訂之預期影響,惟現階段未就此 等新準則及準則修訂是否對本集團經 營業績及財務狀況構成重大影響。

(b) 附屬公司

(i) *綜合賬目*

附屬公司指本集團對其具有控 制權的所有實體(包括結構性 實體)。當本集團因為參與該實 體而承擔可變回報的風險或享 有可變回報的權益,並有能力 透過其對該實體的權力影響 調報時,本集團即控制該實 體。附屬公司之賬目自控制權 轉讓予本集團之日起全面綜合 入賬,並自該控制權終止之日 停止綜合計入賬目。

(b) Subsidiaries (Continued)

- (i) Consolidation (Continued)
 - (1) Business combinations

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisitionby-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of noncontrolling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRS. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2

(b) 附屬公司(續)

- (i) 綜合賬目(續)
 - (1) 業務合併

本集團採用收購法為業務 合併入賬。收購附屬公司 所轉讓代價根據本集團所 轉讓的資產、對被收購方 前擁有人所產生的負債及 本集團所發行股本權益的 公平值計算。所轉讓的代 價包括因或然代價安排產 生的任何資產或負債的公 平值。在業務合併過程中 所收購的可識別資產以及 所承擔的負債及或然負 **債**,均於收購當日按其公 平值作初步計量。本集團 視乎個別收購基準按公平 值或按非控股權益佔被收 購方可識別淨資產的已確 認金額的比例,確認其於 被收購方的非控股權益。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Subsidiaries (Continued)

- (i) Consolidation (Continued)
 - (1) Business combinations (Continued)

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in the income statement.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 in the income statement. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill (note 2(g)). If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

- (b) 附屬公司(續)
 - (i) 綜合賬目(續)
 - (1) 業務合併(續)

收購相關成本於產生時支 銷。

倘業務合併分階段達成, 收購方以往持有之被收購 方股權在列入收益表時乃 按收購日期之公平值重新 計量。

本集團將予轉讓之任何或 然代價按收購日期之公平 值確認。被視為資產或負 債之或然代價日後在公平 值上如有任何變動乃根據 香港會計準則第39號於 收益表中確認。分類為權 益之或然代價不予重新計 量,而在日後支付時於權 益中入賬。

所轉讓代價、被收購方之 任何非控股權益金額及任 何先前於被收購方之股權 於收購日期之公允價值高 於所收購可辨認資產淨值 之公平值時,其差額以商 如轉讓代價、已確認非控 股權益及先前持有之權 計量總額低於所收購附屬 公司資產將直接於收益表中 確認(附註2(g))。

- 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
 - (b) Subsidiaries (Continued)
 - (i) Consolidation (Continued)
 - (1) Business combinations (Continued)

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

(2) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactionsthat is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2

- (b) 附屬公司(續)
 - (i) 綜合賬目(續)
 - (1) 業務合併(續)

集團內交易、集團內公司 間交易之結餘及未變現收 益予以對銷。未變現虧損 亦予以對銷。於有需要 時,附屬公司匯報之金額 予以調整以確保與本集團 之會計政策符合一致。

(2) 改變於附屬公司之擁有權 權益而控制權維持不變

> 與非控股性權益進行不致 失去控制權之交易以權益 交易形式入賬,即列作與 擁有人進行之交易。任何 已付代價之公平值與應佔 所購入附屬公司淨資產賬 面值兩者間之差額列入權 益。出售予非控股性權益 所產生之盈虧亦列入權 益。

(b) Subsidiaries (Continued)

- (*i*) Consolidation (Continued)
 - (3) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the income statement.

(ii) Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

- (b) 附屬公司(續)
 - (i) 綜合賬目(續)
 - (3) 出售附屬公司

當本集團不再擁有控制 權,於實體中之任何保留 權益須按失去控制權當日 之公平值重新計量,而賬 面值的變動均於損益確 認。就其後為保留權益以 聯營公司、合營公司或財 務資產等形式入賬而言, 公平值為初始賬面值。此 外,以往就該實體於其他 全面收益中確認之任何金 額,乃按猶如本集團已直 接出售相關資產或負債之 方式入賬。此舉可能意味 以往在其他全面收益中確 認之金額重新分類至收益 表。

(ii) 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司的投資按成本扣除 減值列賬。成本亦包括投資的 直接應佔成本。本公司將附屬 公司的業績根據已收及應收股 息入賬。

倘於附屬公司的投資產生的股 息超過附屬公司於宣派股息期 間的全面收益總額或倘該等投 資於獨立財務報表內的賬面值 超過投資對象資產淨值(包括商 譽)於綜合財務報表內的賬面 值,則於收到該等股息時須對 該等投資進行減值測試。

(c) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The Group's investments in associates include goodwill identified on acquisition. Upon the acquisition of the ownership interest in an associate, any difference between the cost of the associate and the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is accounted for as goodwill.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to the income statement where appropriate.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2

(c) 聯營公司

聯營公司指本集團對其有重大影響力 而無控制權之實體,通常附帶20%至 50%表決權之股權。於聯營公司之投 資使用權益會計法入賬。根據權益會 計法,投資初步按成本確認,並增加 或減少賬面值以確認於收購日期後投 資者應佔投資對象之溢利或虧損。本 集團於聯營公司之投資包括收購時確 認之商譽。

倘聯營公司之權益持有被削減但仍保 留重大影響力,只有按比例將之前在 其他全面收益中確認之數額重新分類 至收益表(如適用)。

本集團應佔收購後溢利或虧損於收益 表確認,而應佔收購後其他全面收益 之變動,則於其他全面收益內確認, 並對投資賬面值作出相應調整。當本 集團應佔聯營公司虧損等於或超過其 應佔聯營公司之權益(包括任何其他 無抵押應收款項)時,本集團不再確 認進一步虧損,除非本集團代聯營公 司承擔法律或推定責任或支付款項。

(c) Associates (Continued)

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to 'share of results of an associate' in the income statement.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associate have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Gain or losses on disposal or dilution of equity interest in associates are recognised in the income statement.

(d) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors of the Company that makes strategic decisions. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

(c) 聯營公司(續)

本集團於各報告日期釐定於聯營公司 之投資是否存在客觀減值證據。倘存 在減值證據,本集團會按聯營公司可 收回金額與其賬面值間之差額計算減 值金額,並於收益表中「應佔聯營公 司溢利」確認有關金額。

本集團及其聯營公司之間之上游及下 游交易所產生溢利及虧損,於本集團 財務報表確認,惟僅以非關連投資者 於該聯營公司之權益為限。除非交易 提供證據顯示已轉讓資產有所減值, 否則未變現虧損均予以對銷。聯營公 司之會計政策已於必要時改變,以確 保與本集團所採納的政策保持貫徹一 致。

於聯營公司權益中所產生之攤薄收益 或虧損於收益表確認。

(d) 分部報告

營運分部之報告方式,與向主要營運 決策者提供內部報告之方式之一致。 主要營運決策者負責就營運分部分配 資源及評估分部之表現,而行政董事 被視為作出策略決定的主要營運決策 者。

(e) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuations where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as available for sale, are included in other comprehensive income. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2

- (e) 外幣換算
 - (i) 功能及呈報貨幣

本集團旗下每個實體之財務報 表所包括之項目,均以該實體 之主要營運地區之貨幣計算, 此為功能貨幣。本綜合財務報 表乃以港幣呈報,港幣為本公 司之功能及呈報貨幣。

(ii) 交易及結餘

外幣交易均按交易當日或項目 重新估值採用估值日之現行匯 率換算為功能貨幣。因上述交 易結算及按結算日之匯率兑換 以外幣計值之貨幣資產及負債 而產生之匯兑損益,均於綜合 收益表確認。除合資格的現金 流量對沖及合資格的淨投資對 沖在其他全面收益內確認。

非貨幣財務資產(如分類為可供 出售財務資產之股本)之匯兑差 額則計入其他全面收益。

(e) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

- (e) 外幣換算(續)
 - (iii) 集團旗下公司

集團旗下所有功能貨幣與呈報 貨幣不同之實體(全部均非高通 漲經濟之貨幣)之業績及財務狀 況,按以下方式換算為呈報貨 幣:

- 各資產負債表所呈列資產
 及負債,按結算日之收市
 匯率換算;
- 各收益表之收入及支出, 按平均匯率換算,惟此平 均值並非交易當日現行匯 率具累積效果之合理約數 除外。在此情況下,收入 及支出將於交易日期換 算;及
- 所有匯兑差額將確認為個 其他全面收益。

收購海外實體所產生商譽及公 平值調整視作海外實體之資產 及負債處理,並按收市匯率換 算。產生的匯兑差額確認為其 他全面收益。

- (e) Foreign currency translation (Continued)
 - (iv) Disposal of foreign operation and partial disposal

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the currency translation differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the equity holders of the Company are reclassified to the income statement.

In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated currency translation differences are reattributed to noncontrolling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (that is, reductions in the group's ownership interest in associate that do not result in the group losing significant influence), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange difference is reclassified to the income statement.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2

- (e) 外幣換算(續)
 - (iv) 出售海外業務及部分出售

於出售一項海外業務時(即出售 本集團於海外業務所持全部權 益,或涉及失去(包括一項海外 業務)附屬公司之控制權之出 售),就公司權益持有人應佔該 項業務而在權益中累計之匯兑 差額均重新分類至收益表。

在部分出售不致令本集團失去 對海外業務附屬公司控制權之 情況,按比例分佔之累計匯兑 差額重新歸屬非控股性權益而 不在損益中確認。其他部分出 售(即集團減少聯營公司的權益 不會導致集團失去對此的重大 影響力)。比例分佔之累計之匯 兑差額均重新分類至收益表。

(f) 物業、機器及設備

物業、機器及設備按歷史成本減累積 折舊及累積減值虧損入賬。歷史成本 包括直接歸屬於該收購項目的支出。

(f) **Property, plant and equipment** (Continued)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced parts is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Leasehold land classified as finance lease commences amortisation from the time when the land interest becomes available for its intended use. Amortisation on leasehold land classified as finance lease and depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold land classified as finance lease	Shorter of remaining lease term or	租賃土地(分類為 融資租賃)	未
Buildings	useful life Lesser of the unexpired lease term or 20 to	樓宇	未
с., I	50 years	训供刀扣任	
Equipment and leasehold improvements	3 to 10 years or over the lease term	設備及租賃 權益改良	3 =
Furniture and fixtures	3 to 15 years	傢俬及裝修	3 -
Motor vehicles	4 to 5 years	汽車	4

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2

物業、機器及設備(續) (f)

當與項目有關之未來經濟利益可能流 入本集團,以及項目成本能可靠計算 時,其後成本才會計入資產之賬面 值或確認為獨立資產(視適用情況而 定)。所有其他維修及保養費於產生 財政期間於收益表扣除。

租賃土地分類為融資租賃,並當土地 權益可用作其擬定用途時開始攤銷。 分類為融資租賃之租賃土地之攤銷及 其他資產之折舊以百線法於其估計可 用年期內分配其成本至剩餘價值。所 採用年率如下:

未屆滿租期或使
用年限(以較
短者為準)
未屆滿租期或20
至50年(以較
短者為準)
3至10年或
租賃期
3至15年
4至5年

永久業權之土地無須折舊。

資產之剩餘價值及可用年期會於各結 算日審閱及調整(如適用)。

(f) **Property, plant and equipment** (Continued)

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2(h)).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the income statement.

(g) Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identified net assets acquired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs"), or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of CGU containing goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

(f) 物業、機器及設備(續)

倘資產之賬面值超過其估計可收回金額,則其賬面值將即時撇減至可收回 金額(附註(2h))。

出售之損益按比較所得款項與賬面值 釐定,並計入收益表。

(g) 無形資產

(i) 商譽

商譽於收購附屬公司時產生, 指已轉移撥代價超出本集團於 被收購方可識別資產淨值及被 收購方非控股權益之公平值之 權益。

為進行減值測試,於業務合併 中收購之商譽乃分配至預期自 合併協同效應受惠之各賺取現 金單位(或現金單位組別)。各 獲分配商譽之單位或單位組別 指就內部管理而言實體監察商 譽之最低層面。商譽於經營分 部層面監察。

商譽每年進行減值檢討,或當 有事件出現或情況改變顯示可 能出現減值時,作出更頻密檢 討。商譽賬面值與可收回金額 作比較,可收回金額為使用值 與公平值減出售成本之較高 者。任何減值即時確認為開 支,且其後不會撥回。

- 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
 - (g) Intangible assets (Continued)
 - (i) Goodwill (Continued)
 - (ii) Trademarks

Trademarks have an indefinite useful life and the carrying amount brought forward are not amortised but tested annually for impairment. Trademarks are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation up to 31 March 2005 and impairment losses.

(iii) Technical know-how

Technical know-how acquired in a business combination is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. The technical know-how has a finite useful life and is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method over the expected life of the technical know-how of thirty years.

(h) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example, goodwill and trademark or assets not ready to use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

- (g) 無形資產(續)
 - (i) 商譽(續)
 - (ii) 商標

商標具有無限使用年期,而結 轉自上一個年度之賬面值毋須 攤銷,但須每年就減值進行測 試。商標按成本值減截至2005 年3月31日的累計攤銷及累計減 值虧損入賬。

(iii) 專業技術

在業務合併中取得的專業技術 於收購日期按公平值確認。專 業技術具有使用期限,並按成 本減累計攤銷列賬。攤銷乃使 用直線法按預期專業技術的 三十年使用期計算。

(h) 非財務資產減值

具有無限使用年期的資產(如商譽、 商標或尚未可供使用之無形資產)毋 須攤銷,但每年均作出減值評估。當 有事件出現或狀況變動顯示賬面值面 進行檢討。減值虧損為資產賬面值超 越其可收回價值之數額。可收回金額 為資產公平值減出售成本後之價值, 與其使用價值之間的較高者。為了評 估資產減值,本集團按可個別確認其 現金流量(現金產生單位)的最低水平 劃分資產類別。出現減值之非財務資 產(商譽除外)將於每個申報日期進行 檢討以確定其減值是否須撥回。

(i) Financial assets

Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables and available for sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for the amounts that are settled or expected to be settled more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise deposits, trade and other receivables and bank balances in the balance sheet.

(ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are nonderivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose of it within 12 months of the end of the reporting period.

主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 金融資產

2

分類

本集團按以下類別分類其金融資產: 貸款及應收款項以及可供出售。分類 視乎已收購的金融資產而定。管理層 按其初步確認將其金融資產進行分 類。

(i) 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為具有固定或 可釐定付款但並無於活躍市場 報價的非衍生金融資產,其包 括在流動資產,已結算或預期 將於報告期間結束後12個月以 後方會結算的款項則除外。該 等分類為非流動資產。本集團 的貸款及應收款項包括資產負 債表的按金、貿易及其他應收 款項及銀行結餘。

(ii) 可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產為指定於此 類別或並無分類為分何其他類 別的非衍生工具,包括在非流 動資產,除非投資到期或管理 層有意於報告期間結束後12個 月內將其出售則另作別論。

- 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
 - (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Recognition and measurement

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-forsale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Changes in the fair value of monetary and nonmonetary securities classified as available for sale are recognised in other comprehensive income.

When securities classified as available for sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the income statement as other gains/(losses),net.

Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of other income. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

(i) 金融資產(續)

確認及計量

以正常途徑購買及出售金融資產於交 易日確認,交易日為本集團承諾購買 或出售資產的日子。投資初步按公平 值另加並非按公平值計入損益的所有 金融資產的交易成本確認。金融資產 於收取投資現金流的權利屆滿或已轉 讓及本集團已大致上將所有擁有權風 險及回報轉讓時剔除確認。可供出售 金融資產及按公平值計入損益的金融 資產其後按公平值引入損益的金融 資產其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本 列賬。

分類為可供出售的貨幣及非貨幣證券 的公平值變動於其他全面收益中確 認。

分類為可供出售的證券已出售或減值 時,於權益確認的累計公平值調整包 括在收益表之其他收益/(虧損)淨 額。

使用實際利率法計算之可供出售證券 利息於綜合收益表確認為部分其他收 入。可供出售權益工具之股息於本集 團有權收取獲發有關款項時於綜合收 益表確認為部分其他收入。

- 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
 - (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

(i) Assets carried at amortised cost

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

(i) 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值

(i) 按攤銷成本列賬之資產

本集團於各報告期間結束時評 估是否有客觀證據證明一項金 融資產或一組金融資產減值。 一項金融資產或一組金融資產減值。 已減值及減值虧損僅於初步確 認資產後產生一項或多項事件 (「虧損事件」)而虧損事件(或該 等事件)對一項金融資產或一組 金融資產的估計日後現金流造 成影響能可靠地估計,導致出 現減值的客觀證據方會產生減 值虧損。

減值證據可能包括債務人或一 組債務人正經歷重大財務困 難、違約或逾期償付利息或本 金、彼等將會破產或進行其他 財務重組的可能性的跡象,而 當可觀察數據指估計日後現金 流出現可計量減少,例如與違 約相關的其後變動或經濟狀況。

就貸款及應收款項類別而言, 虧損金額按資產賬值與估計日 後現金流(不包括尚未產生的日 後信貸虧損)現值之差額按金融 資產原先的實際利率折讓計算 得出。資產的賬面值減少而虧 損金額於綜合收益表確認。

- 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
 - (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

(j) Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of direct labour, materials and appropriate proportion of production overhead expenditure, and is calculated on the weighted average basis. Net realisable value is the anticipated sales proceeds less selling expenses in the ordinary course of business.

(k) Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade debtors is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

(i) 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(i) 按攤銷成本列賬的資產(續)

倘於其後期間減值虧損金額減 少,而減幅客觀上與已確認減 值後發生的事件(例如債務人信 貸評級改善)相關,先前確認之 減值虧損撥回於綜合收益表中 確認。

(j) 存貨

存貨按成本值及可變現淨值兩者較低 者入賬。成本值乃包括直接工資、原 料成本及適當攤分的生產開支,並按 加權平均基準計算。可變現淨值乃按 預期銷售收益減估計銷售費用釐定。

(k) 應收賬款

應收賬款是於正常業務過程中自銷售 商品或提供服務予客戶所應收的款 項。倘應收賬款預計將在一年或以內 收回(若更長則在業務正常經營週期 內),則為流動資產。否則,在非流 動資產中列報。

應收賬款初步按公平值確認,其後使 用實際利率法計量攤銷成本並扣除減 值撥備。

(k) Trade debtors (Continued)

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade debtors is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

A provision for impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the trade debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinguency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the assets is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for debtors. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited in the income statement.

主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

(k) 應收賬款(續)

應收賬款是於正常業務過程中自銷售 商品或提供服務予客戶所應收的款 項。倘應收賬款預計將在一年或以內 收回(若更長則在業務正常經營週期 內),則為流動資產。否則,在非流 動資產中列報。

應收賬款初步按公平值確認,其後使 用實際利率法計量攤銷成本並扣除減 值撥備。

當有客觀證據顯示本集團未能根據應 收款之原訂條款收回所有到期款項, 則會作出應收賬款之減值撥備。債務 人出現重大財務困難,可能破產或進 行財務重組,及拖欠或無法如期償 還,均將視為應收賬款減值之跡象。 撥備金額為資產賬面值與預期日後現 金流量之現值間之差額,按原有的實 際息率貼現。資產之賬面值會使用撥 備賬扣減,而虧損金額則於收益表確 認。當應收貨款不可收回時,其將於 應收貨款撥備賬內撇銷。先前撇銷而 於其後收回之金額會計入收益表中。

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

(m) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(n) Creditors

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(o) Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

(I) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括庫存現金、銀 行通知存款及銀行透支。銀行透支在 資產負債表列於流動負債的貸款內。

(m) 股本

普通股分類為權益。發行新股份或購 股權直接應佔成本增幅於權益列示為 自所得款項扣除税項之扣減。

(n) 應付賬款

應付賬款為就於正常業務過程中自供 應商收購貨品或服務的付款責任。倘 應付賬款預計將在一年或以內支付 (若更長則在業務正常經營週期內), 則為流動負債。否則,在非流動負債 中列報。

應付賬款最初以公平值確認,其後則 以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

(o) 貸款及貸款費用

貸款初步以公平值確認(減去所產生 之交易成本)。貸款其後以攤銷成本 列賬。所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖 回價值間之差額,乃實際利率法於借 款年度在綜合收益表確認。

(o) Borrowings and borrowing costs (Continued)

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facilities will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facilities will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facilities to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

(p) Compound financial instruments

The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

Compound financial instruments issued by the Group comprise convertible bonds that can be converted to share capital at the option of the holder, and the number of shares to be issued does not vary with changes in their fair value.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2

(o) 貸款及貸款費用(續)

在貸款很有可能部分或全部提取的情況下,就設立貸款融資支付的費用乃 確認為貸款交易成本。在此情況下, 該費用將遞延至提取貸款發生時。在 並無跡象顯示該貸款很有可能部分或 全部提取的情況下,該費用撥充資本 作為流動資金服務的預付款項,並於 其相關融資期間內予以攤銷。

貸款歸類為流動負債,除非本集團有 權無條件將債項延長至結算日後最少 12個月後清償則作別論。

直接歸因於收購、建設或生產合資格 資產(有關資產須較長時間準備以作 其擬定用途或出售)的一般及特定貸 款成本計入該等資產的成本,直至有 關資產大致上準備作其擬定用途或出 售之時為止。

所有其他借貸成本於其發生期間的收 益表內確認。

(p) 複式金融工具

本集團之財務負債於初步確認時釐定 其分類。所有財務負債於初步確認時 均以公平值計量,另加直接應佔交易 成本。

本集團發行的複式金融工具,包含持 有人可選擇轉換為股本的可換股債 券,而發行的股份數目不會因公平值 變動而改變。
(p) Compound financial instruments (Continued)

The liability component of a compound financial instrument is recognised initially at the fair value of a similar liability that does not have an equity conversion option. The equity component is recognised initially at the difference between the fair value of the compound financial instrument as a whole and the fair value of the liability component, which is included in shareholders' equity in other reserves. Any directly attributable transaction costs are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to their initial carrying amounts.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the liability component of a compound financial instrument is carried at fair value. The equity component of a compound financial instrument is not re-measured subsequent to initial recognition except on conversion or expiry.

The liability component of a convertible instrument is classified as current unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

(p) 複式金融工具(續)

複式金融工具的負債部分乃初步按不 含權益轉換權的類似負債的公平值確 認。權益部分乃初步按複式金融工具 整體公平值及負債部分公平值(包括 在其他儲備中的股東權益內)的差額 確認。任何直接應佔交易成本,乃按 其初步賬面值比例分配至負債及權益 部分。

於初步確認後,複式金融工具的負債 部分乃以公平值計量。複式金融工具 的權益部分於初步確認後不重新計量 (轉換或到期時除外)。

可換股工具的負債部分乃分類為流動 負債,除非本集團擁有於報告期間後 延遲償還負債最少12個月的無條件權 利。

倘某項財務負債下之負債責任獲解除 或註銷或屆滿時,則會終止確認該財 務負債。

倘某項現有財務負債由同一借方以重 大不同條款之另一項財務負債替代, 或現有負債之條款被大幅修訂,則此 替換或修訂乃視作終止確認原有負債 並確認一項新負債,而有關賬面值間 之差額於收益表中確認。

(q) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

(r) Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(i) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company, its subsidiaries and its associate operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2

(q) 抵銷財務工具

財務資產及負債於有法定強制權以抵 銷已確認金額及於擬按淨值基準結算 或同時將資產變現及償付負債時予以 抵銷,而有關淨額於資產負債表內呈 報。法定強制權並不得取決於未來事 項,且須可於日常業務過程中在公司 或交易對手違約、陷入財政困難或破 產的情況下強制執行。

(r) 本期及遞延所得税

期內所得税費用包括本期所得税及遞 延所得税。除與於其他全面收益表內 確認或直接於權益確認的項目相關 (在該情況下亦分別於其他全面收益 表內確認或直接於權益確認)外,所 得税於收益表確認。

(i) 本期所得税

本期所得税支出根據本公司、 其附屬公司及其聯營公司營運 所在及產生應課税收入的國家 於結算日已頒佈或實質頒佈的 税務法例計算。管理層就適用 税務法例詮釋所規限的情況定 期評估報税表的狀況,並在適 開支付的税款設定撥備。

- (r) Current and deferred income tax (Continued)
 - (ii) Deferred income tax
 - Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associate, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

- (r) 本期及遞延所得税(續)
 - (ii) 遞延所得税

內部基礎差異

倘若很可能出現未來應課税溢 利,使暫時性差額得以使用, 則確認遞延所得税資產。

外部基礎差異

遞延所得税負債按於附屬公司 及聯營公司之投資產生之應課 税暫時性差額計提撥備,惟本 集團可控制撥回暫時性差額的 時間,而暫時性差額不甚可能 在可見將來撥回之遞延所得税 負債除外。

- (r) Current and deferred income tax (Continued)
 - (ii) Deferred income tax (Continued)

Outside basis differences (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associate only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

(s) Employee benefits

(i) Pension obligations

Group companies operate various pension schemes. The schemes are generally funded through payments to insurance companies or trustee-administered funds. The Group mainly has defined contribution plans. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2

- (r) 本期及遞延所得税(續)
 - (ii) 遞延所得税(續)

外部基礎差異*(續)*

就附屬公司及聯營公司的投資 產生的可扣減暫時性差額確認 遞延所得税資產,但只限於暫 時性差額很可能在將來轉回, 並有充足的應課税利潤抵銷可 用的暫時性差額。

抵銷

當有法定可執行權力將本期税 項資產與本期税項負債抵銷, 且遞延所得税資產和負債涉及 由同一税務機關對應課税實體 或不同應課税實體但有意向以 淨額基準結算所得税結餘時, 則可將遞延所得税資產與負債 互相抵銷。

- (s) 僱員福利
 - (i) 退休計劃責任

集團公司營辦不同的退休金計 劃。該等計劃一般是通過向保 險公司或由信託管理的退休金 作出供款而撥付。本集團主要 設有定額供款計劃。

(s) Employee benefits (Continued)

(i) Pension obligations (Continued)

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

The Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(ii) Profit-sharing and bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit-sharing, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

- (s) 僱員福利(續)
 - (i) 退休計劃責任(續)

界定供款計劃為本集團須向獨 立實體支付固定供款之退休金 計劃。倘基金之資產於本期間 或過往期間並不足以向全體僱 員支付所有與僱員服務有關之 福利,則本集團概無任何法律 或推定責任支付額外供款。

本集團按強制、合約或自願基 準向公眾或私人管理之退休金 計劃供款。本集團於支付供款 後,再無其他付款責任。供款 於到期時確認為僱員福利開 支。預付供款確認為資產,惟 以退回現金或可扣減日後付款 金額為限。

(ii) 利潤分享及花紅計劃

本集團根據一項公式(已計及於 作出若干調整後本公司權益持 有人之應佔溢利)就花紅及利潤 分享確認負債及支出。當負有 合約上之責任或當以往慣例造 成推定性責任時,本集團須確 認撥備。

(s) Employee benefits (Continued)

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the entity recognises costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of HKAS 37 and involves the payment of termination benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to their present value.

(iv) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2

- (s) 僱員福利(續)
 - (iii) 終止福利

(iv) 僱員應有假期

僱員在年假及長期服務休假的 權利在僱員應享有時確認。本 集團為截至結算日止僱員已提 供服務而產生的休假及長期服 務假的估計負債作出撥備。

僱員的病假及產假於僱員正式 休假前不作確認。

(t) Share-based payment transactions

(i) Issue of convertible bonds as share-based payment transactions

If the identifiable consideration received by the Company appears to be less than the fair value of the convertible bonds issued, the Company measures the unidentifiable services received (to be received) as the difference between the fair value of the convertible bonds issued and that of the identifiable consideration received, and the difference is recognised in the profit or loss immediately unless qualified for capitalisation.

The liability component (i.e. the bondholder's right to demand payment in cash) of the convertible bonds will be accounted for as a cash-settled share-based payment transaction while the equity component (i.e. the bondholder's right to demand settlement in the Company's shares) of the convertible bonds will be accounted for as an equitysettled share-based payment transaction. The entity first measures the fair value of the liability component, and then measure the fair value of the equity component by taking into account that the bondholder must forfeit the right to receive cash in order to receive the equity instrument. Subsequent to initial recognition, the liability component of the convertible bonds is stated at fair value, with changes recorded in the income statement under finance cost. The equity component is not re-measured subsequent to initial recognition.

主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

(t) 以股份為基礎之付款交易

(i) 發行可換股債券作為以股份為 基礎之付款交易

> 若本公司收取可辨識的代價看 似低於所發行可換股債券的公 平值,本公司應以所發行可換 股債券的公平值與已收取可辨 識代價公平值之間的差額,計 量已收取(將會收取)未能辨識 的服務,而有關差額應即時在 損益內確認,除非其符合資格 可撥充資本。

可换股債券之負債成份(即債 券持有人要求以現金付款之權 利),將作為現金結算以股份為 基礎之付款交易入賬,而可換 股債券之權益成份(即債券持有 人要求以本公司股份償付之權 利),將作為以股本結算以股份 為基礎之付款交易。實體首先 計量負債成份之公平值,其後 計量權益成份之公平值,其中 已考慮債券持有人必須放棄收 取現金之權利,方可收取權益 工具。初始確認後,可換股債 券之負債成份按公平值列賬, 而變動則記入收益表列於財務 成本下。權益成份於初始確認 後不作重新計量。

(u) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amounts has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Provision for an onerous contract is recognised when the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

(v) Recognition of revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied, stated net of discounts, returns and value added taxes. The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below. The Group bases its estimates of return on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customers, the type of transactions and the specifics of each arrangement.

主要會計政策概要(續)

(u) 撥備

2

當集團因已發生的事件須承擔現有的 法律性或推定性的責任,而解除責任 時有可能消耗資源,且責任金額能夠 可靠地作出估算,則需確認撥備。未 來經營虧損不會被確認為撥備。有法 律義務的租賃合同撥備於履行合同義 務的不可避免成本超過根據該合同預 計將獲取的經濟利益時確認。

如有多項類似義務,則履行時要求資 源流出的可能性應通過總體考慮該類 義務來確定。即使就該類義務中某個 項目而言,資源流出的可能性很低, 仍須確認撥備。

撥備乃按預期需用作清償責任開支以 税前比率計算之現值計量,其反映當 時市場對貨幣之時間值及該責任之特 定風險之評估。因時間之流逝而增加 之撥備確認為利息開支。

(v) 確認收入

收入包括在本集團日常業務中就售出 貨品及服務已收或應收之代價之公平 值,所呈示之收入已減去折扣、退貨 及增值税,當收益的數額能夠可靠計 量、未來經濟利益有可能流入有關實 體,而本集團每項活動均符合具體條 件時(如下文所述),本集團便會將收 益確認。除非與銷售有關之所有或然 事項均已解決,否則收益的數額不被 視為能夠可靠計量。本集團會根據其 往績並考慮客戶類別、交易種類和每 項安排的特點作出估計。

(v) **Recognition of revenue** (Continued)

(i) Sales of goods – retail

Sales of goods are recognised when a group entity sells a product to the customer. Retail sales are usually in cash or by credit card.

(ii) Sales of goods – wholesale and trading

Sales of goods are recognised when the Group has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the product and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

(iii) Building management fee income and eye care service income

Building management fee income and eye care service income are recognised when the services are rendered.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a timeproportion basis using the effective interest method.

(v) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

主要會計政策概要*(續)*

2

- (v) 確認收入(續)
 - (i) 貨品銷售-零售

貨品銷售在集團實體已將貨品 售予顧客後確認。零售通常以 現金或信用卡付款。

(ii) 貨品銷售-批發及貿易

貨品銷售在本集團已將貨品交 付予顧客,顧客接收產品後, 以及有關應收款的收回可合理 確保時確認。

(iii) 物業管理費收入及眼部護理服務收入

物業管理費收入及眼部護理服 務收入於有關服務提供後確認。

(iv) 利息收入

利息收入依據實際利息法按時 間比例確認。

- (v) 股息收入
 - 股息收入在確定有權獲發有關 款項時確認。

(w) Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

The Group leases certain property, plant and equipment. Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in borrowings. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term.

(x) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and Company's financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

主要會計政策概要(續)

(w) 租賃資產

2

營業租賃是指資產擁有權的絕大部分 風險及得益實質地由出租公司承擔的 租賃。根據營業租賃支付的款項(扣 除從出租公司收取的優惠)乃以直線 法於租賃期內在綜合收益表中扣除。

本集團持有若干租賃物業、機器及設備。倘本集團持有租賃物業、機器及 設備擁有權的大部分風險及回報,則 分類為融資租賃。融資租賃在租賃開 始時按租賃物業之公平值及最低租賃 付款現值兩者之較低者入賬。

每筆租金均分攤為負債及財務開支。 相應租賃責任在扣除財務開支後計入 貸款內。融資成本的利息部份於租約 期內在收益表支銷,致使融資成本與 各期間的負債餘額之比為常數定期利 率。根據融資租賃取得的物業、機器 及設備按資產之可用年期或租期兩者 的較低者折舊。

(x) 股息分派

向本公司股東分派之股息在本公司股 東或董事批准派息年度,於本集團及 本公司財務報表內確認為負債。

(y) Financial guarantee

A financial guarantee (a kind of insurance contract) is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. The Group does not recognise liabilities for financial guarantees at inception, but perform a liability adequacy test at each reporting date by comparing the carrying amount of the net liability regarding the financial guarantee with its present legal or constructive obligation amount. If the carrying amount of the net liability is less than its present legal or constructive obligation amount, the entire difference is recognised in the income statement immediately.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong, China and a number of countries in South East Asia. Retail sales transactions are mostly denominated in the functional currencies of respective group entities. The Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk mainly arises from commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the group entities to which they relate. The Group considers its foreign currency exposure as mainly arising from the exposure of the Singapore dollar, Malaysian ringgit, Thai baht and Renminbi against the Hong Kong dollar. The Group regularly monitors its exposures to foreign currency transactions.

- 主要會計政策概要(續)
 - (y) 財務擔保

2

財務擔保合約(一種保險合約)是指合約持有人可因某特定債務人未能根據 債務工具條款在到期日作出支付產生 損失而可向合約發行人要求作出補償 之合約。本集團於訂立財務擔保時不 會確認負債,但會於各結算日測試負 債的充足程度,方法為比較財務擔保 之負債淨額之賬面值與財務擔保之法 律或推定責任金額。倘負債淨額少於 其現有法律或推定責任金額。則差額 將即時全數於收益表確認。

3 財務風險管理

(a) 財務風險因素

本集團經營活動面對各種財務風險: 外匯風險、利率風險、信貸風險及流 動資金風險。

- (i) 外匯風險
 - 本集團主要於香港、中國及若 干東南亞國家經營業務。而零 售交易大部分乃以集團實體的 功能貨幣計值。本集團主要承 受來自以集團實體的功能貨幣 以外貨幣計值的商業交易,已 確認資產及負債的外匯風險。 本集團認為其外幣風險主要來 自新加坡元、馬來西亞令吉、 泰銖及人民幣兑港幣的風險。 本集團定期監控其外幣交易風 險。

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

The details of the currencies in which the Group's bank loans are denominated are set out in Note 25 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group's bank loans are principally denominated in the functional currency of the relevant group entity. Management does not anticipate any significant foreign exchange risk associated with the Group's borrowings.

The approximate impact to the Group's (loss)/ profit before tax that might be resulted from the reasonable possible changes in the foreign exchange rates against the Hong Kong dollar to which the Group has significant exposure at 31 March 2016 is summarised below. The analysis includes balances between group companies where the balances are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lending or the borrowing entities.

- 3 財務風險管理(續)
 - (a) 財務風險因素(續)
 - (i) 外匯風險(續)

本集團的銀行貸款的計值貨幣 詳情載於賬目附註25。本集團 的銀行貸款主要以本集團相關 實體的功能貨幣計值。管理層 並不預期有關本集團貸款的任 何重大外匯風險。

於2016年3月31日,因本集團 主要面臨的港幣外匯匯率的合 理可能變動而導致的對本集團 的税前(虧損)/溢利概約影響 概要如下。該分析包括集團公 司之間的結餘,而該結餘乃以 除借貸實體的功能貨幣外的貨 幣計值。

		20	016	2	015
		Increase	Decrease	Increase	Increase
		in foreign	in loss	in foreign	in profit
		exchange	before	exchange	before
		rate	income tax	rate	income tax
		外匯匯率	除税前虧	外匯匯率	除税前溢
		的增加	損的減少	的增加	利的增加
			HK\$'000		HK\$'000
			港幣仟元		港幣仟元
Singapore dollar	新加坡元	5%	3,876	5%	3,297
Malaysian ringgit	馬來西亞令吉	5%	4,666	5%	4,121
Thai baht	泰銖	5%	390	5%	293
Renminbi	人民幣	5%	8,064	5%	3,042

Decrease in the above foreign exchange rates by 5% (2015: 5%) would affect the (loss)/profit before income tax by the same amount but in the opposite direction. 上述外匯匯率減少5%(2015年:5%)將對除税前(虧損)/ 溢利產生相同金額但相反方向 的影響。

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates as the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets other than bank balances, details of which have been disclosed in Note 20. The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its bank loans. Bank loans at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest-rate risk. Details of the Group's bank borrowings are disclosed in Note 25(a) to the consolidated financial statements. The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk arising from the convertible bonds bearing interest at fixed rate.

The Group has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to cash flow interest rate risk.

At 31 March 2016, if interest rates of bank loans at variable rates had been 50 basis points (2015: 50) higher/lower with all other variables held constant, loss for the year would have been HK\$3,265,000 (2015: profit for the year would have been HK\$2,915,000 lower/higher) higher/lower, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense.

- 3 財務風險管理(續)
 - (a) 財務風險因素 (續)
 - (ii) 利率風險

由於本集團並無重大計息資產 除銀行結餘外,有關詳情已披 露於附註20,故本集團之收入 及營運現金流量大致上不受市 場利率變動影響。本集團面對 的利率變動風險主要來自其銀 行貸款使本集團承受現金流量 利率風險。有關本集團銀行借 貸的詳情披露於綜合財務報表 附註25(a)。本集團承受按固定 利率計息的可換股債券產生的 公平值利率風險。

本集團並無使用任何利率掉期對沖現金流量利率風險。

於2016年3月31日,倘貸款 利率上升/降低50個(2015 年:50個)基點而其他因素 保持不變,除所得税前虧損將 上升/降低港幣3,265,000元 (2015年除所得税前溢利, 降低/上升:港幣2,915,000 元),主要是由於浮動利率借貸 利息開支上升/降低所致。

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(iii) Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to perform an obligation by the counterparties arises from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets (mainly include deposits with banks and debtors) as stated in the consolidated balance sheet.

Bank balances are deposited in banks with sound credit ratings to mitigate the risk arising from banks. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk with any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The Group also has policies in place to assess the credit worthiness of customers to ensure that sales of products are made to wholesale customers with an appropriate credit history. Besides, management of the Group monitors its credit risk on an ongoing basis by reviewing the debtors' aging to minimise its exposure to credit risk.

Sales to retail customers are made in cash or via major credit cards.

Rental deposits are mainly placed with various landlords in countries where the Group operates and are due to refund upon the expiry of the tenancy agreements and handover of the leased premises. During the year, the Group did not experience any defaults by the landlords.

- 3 財務風險管理(續)
 - (a) 財務風險因素(續)
 - (iii) 信貸風險

本集團因交易對手方未能履行 責任引致財務虧損所承擔之最 大信貸風險來自綜合資產負債 表所載各已確認財務資產之賬 面值,主要包括銀行存款以及 應收賬款。

銀行結餘存放於信貸評級良好 的銀行以減低銀行產生的風 險。本集團並無與任何單一交 易對手方或一組交易對手方有 關的任何重大信貸集中風險。 本集團亦已訂有政策評估客戶 之信貸記錄,以確保產品乃向 信貸紀錄良好之批發客戶銷 售。此外,本集團管理層通過 檢討應收賬款的賬齡以持續監 察及減低其信貸風險。

對零售顧客之銷售以現金支付 或透過主要信用卡進行。

租金按金主要給予本集團有經 營業務的國家的多名業主,並 於租賃協議屆滿及交還租賃物 業時可予退還。年內,本集團 並無遭遇重大業主違約事件。

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of banking facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, management aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping credit lines available.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

- 3 財務風險管理(續)
 - (a) 財務風險因素(續)
 - (iv) 流動資金風險

審慎之流動資金風險管理代表 維持足夠之現金及透過獲取足 夠之已承諾信貸額度獲得足夠 之資金。由於相關業務活躍多 變,故管理層旨在維持充裕信 貸融資,以保持資金之靈活彈 性。

下表顯示本集團及本公司之財 務負債,按照相關到期組別, 根據由結算日至合約到期日的 剩餘時間進行分析。於表內披 露的金額為未折現的現金流量。

		Repayable on demand/ within 1 year 應要求償還/ 1年以下 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Between 1 and 2 years 1 至 2 年內 HK\$ ['] 000 港幣仟元	Between 2 and 3 years 2至3年內 HK\$ ['] 000 港幣仟元	Over 3 years 3 年以上 HK\$ [°] 000 港幣仟元
At 31 March 2016 Bank borrowings (note b) Finance lease Convertible bonds (note a) Creditors and accruals	於2016年3月31日 銀行貸款(附註b) 融資租賃 可換股債券(附註a) 應付賬款及應計費用	668,886 31 12,986 556,018	1,666 62 380,308 -	1,700 62 - -	15,888 88 - -
At 31 March 2015 Bank borrowings (note b) Finance lease Convertible bonds (note a) Creditors and accruals	於2015年3月31日 銀行貸款(附註b) 融資租賃 可換股債券(附註a) 應付賬款及應計費用	589,777 60 12,986 598,715	13,552 60 12,986 –	10,901 60 380,308 –	29,983 119 –

3 財務風險管理(續)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(iv) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Note:

(a) The analysis on the convertible bonds above assumes the bond holder's option has not been exercised and has not been converted to shares at the time of maturity (Note 26).

> Should the bond holder exercises the option at the earliest possible time, the maturity groupings of the convertible bonds from the balance sheet date would be as follows:

(a) 財務風險因素 (續)

(iv) 流動資金風險(續)

附註:

 (a) 上述可換股債券的分析乃假 設於到期時債券持有人之期 權並無行使且並無轉換成股 份(附註26)。

> 倘債券持有人於最早可行時 問行使期權,自資產負債表 日期起可換股債券到期日分 組將為如下:

		Within 1 year 1 年以下 HK\$ [°] 000 港幣仟元	Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年內 HK\$ ² 000 港幣仟元	Between 2 and 3 years 2至3年內 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Over 3 years 3 年以上 HK\$ [°] 000 港幣仟元
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日	124,293	380,308	-	-
At 31 March 2015	於2015年3月31日	12,986	124,293	380,308	_

(b) Certain borrowings contain a repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the bank's sole discretion. The analysis below shows the cash outflows based on the scheduled repayment. The amount includes interest payments computed using contractual rates. The directors believe that such borrowings will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements. (b) 若干貸款載有應要求償還的 條文,可按銀行全權酌情行 使。以下分析顯示根據計劃 還款的現金流出。有關金額 包括使用合約利率計算的利息付款。董事認為,有關貸 款將據貸款協議所載的計劃 還款日期償還。

		Within 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 3 years	Over 3 years
		1 年以下 HK\$ ['] 000 港幣仟元	1至2年內 HK\$ ['] 000 港幣仟元	2至3年內 HK\$ ['] 000 港幣仟元	3年以上 HK\$ ['] 000 港幣仟元
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日	323,486	43,019	42,047	309,955
At 31 March 2015	於2015年3月31日	589,777	13,552	10,901	29,983

(b) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings and convertible bonds as shown in the consolidated balance sheet) less bank balances and cash. Total capital is calculated as 'shareholders' funds' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet.

The gearing ratios at 31 March 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 資本風險管理

本集團的資本管理目標是保障本集團 能繼續營運以為股東提供回報和為其 他權益持有人提供利益,同時維持最 佳的資本結構以減低資金成本之能 力。

為了維持或調整資本結構,本集團可 能會調整支付股東的股息數額、向股 東返還資本、發行新股或出售資產以 減低債務。

與業內其他公司作法一致,本集團以 借貸比率作為監控資本的基準。借貸 比率按淨債務除以資本總額計算。淨 債務按貸款總額(包括綜合資產負債 表所示之流動及非流動貸款以及可換 股債券)減銀行結餘及現金計算。資 本總額計算為綜合資產負債表所示的 「股東資金」。

於2015年及2016年3月31日之借貸 比率載列如下:

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Total borrowings (Note 25) Convertible bonds (Note 26) Less: Bank balances and cash	貸款總額(附註25) 可換股債券(附註26) 減:銀行結餘及現金(附註20)	674,487 446,424	631,793 380,753
(Note 20)		(599,225)	(460,143)
Net debt Shareholders' funds	淨債務 股東資金	521,686 1,229,803	552,403 1,446,480
Gearing ratio	借貸比率	42%	38%

(c) Fair value estimation

The table below analyses the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The Group's available-for-sale financial assets and liability components of convertible bonds are measured at fair value by discounting the estimated future cash flows. Their fair value measurement is classified as level 3. Changes in level 3 instruments for the year ended 31 March 2016 are set out in Note 17 and Note 26 respectively.

There was no transfer of financial instruments into or out of level 3 during the year.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets including cash and cash equivalents, deposits, debtors and other receivables, and financial liabilities including creditors, other payables and current borrowings, approximate their fair values due to their short maturities.

3 財務風險管理(續)

(c) 公平值評估

本集團按公平值計量財務工具,其規 定以下列公平值計量架構披露公平值 計量層次:

- 相同資產或負債在活躍市場上 的報價(未經調整)(第一級)。
- 除第一級所包括的報價外,資 產或負債的可直接(即價格)或 間接(即從價格得出)觀察所得 輸入值(第二級)。
- 並非根據可觀察市場數據釐定 的資產或負債輸入值(即不可觀 察輸入值)(第三級)。

本集團的可供出售財務資產及可換股 債券負債部分乃按公平值由折現估計 未來現金流量計量。公平值測量按第 三級分類。截至2016年3月31日止第 三級工具的變動分別載於附註17及附 註26。

年內並無轉入或轉出第三級分類之金 融工具。

由於到期日短,本集團之財務資產 (包括現金及現金等價物、存款、應 收賬款)及財務負債(包括應付賬款及 短期貸款)之賬面值與公平值相若。

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(i) Net realisable value of stocks

Net realisable value of stocks is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management will reassess the estimations at the balance sheet date.

(ii) Impairment of trade debtors

The Group's management determines the provision for impairment of debtors receivable. This estimate is based on the credit history of its customers and the current market condition. Management reassesses the provision at each balance sheet date.

4 關鍵會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷不斷按過往經驗及其他因素評 核並以此為基準,包括預期相信於有關情 況屬合理的日後事項。

本集團就日後作出估計及假設,因此而作 出之估計顧名思義大多有別於相關實際結 果。有重大風險或會導致下一個財政年度 內資產及負債賬面值作出重大調整之有關 估計及假設之論述如下。

(i) 存貨的可變現淨值

存貨的可變現淨值乃日常業務中的估 計售價減去完成時的估計成本及銷售 開支。該等估計乃基於當時市況,以 及生產和銷售同類產品的過往經驗, 並可能因客戶喜好及競爭對手的行動 有所改變而有大幅變動。管理層將於 結算日重新評估該等估計。

(ii) 應收賬款減值

本集團管理層釐定應收賬款減值之撥 備。此項估計乃基於本集團客戶的信 貸記錄以及當時市況而作出。管理層 於各結算日重新評估撥備。

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(iii) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Group assesses annually whether property, plant and equipment exhibit any indications of impairment. The recoverable amounts are determined based on value-in-use calculation. The value-in-use calculation involves estimating the future cash inflows and outflows to be derived from continuing use of the asset and applying the appropriate discount rate to those future cash flows. The estimation of future cash flows and selection of discount rate require the use of judgements and estimates. Management believes that any reasonably foreseeable change in any of the above key elements in the value-in-use calculation would not result in material additional impairment charges.

(iv) Impairment of intangible assets and goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill and trademarks have suffered any impairment. Technical know-how is reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on value-in-use calculations or fair value less costs to sell. These calculations require the use of judgments and estimates (Note 15).

(v) Deferred income tax

The Group's management determines the amount of deferred tax asset to be recognised by estimating the amount of future profit available to utilise the tax losses or certain temporary differences in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The estimate is based on the projected profit in respective jurisdiction and entity and the Group uses its judgement to make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing on balance sheet date. It could change as a result of the uncertainties in the market conditions. 4 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

(iii) 物業、機器及設備之減值

本集團會至少每年評估物業、機器及 設備是否存在任何減值跡象。可收回 金額按照使用價值計算而釐定。使用 價值計算包括對持續使用該資產於未 來所得之現金流入及流出,以及按適 當貼現率折現現金流量。對將產生之 現金流量、及選擇適用市場該等計算 需要應用判斷及估計。管理層認為, 上述任何主要假設的任何合理可預見 變動,將不會導致重大額外的減值。

(iv) 無形資產的減值

本集團每年測試商譽及商標是否出現 減值。當事件出現或狀況變動顯示帳 面值可能無法收回時會對專業技術是 否需要減值進行檢討。可收回金額按 照使用價值計算或按公平值減去銷售 成本而釐定。此等計算需要利用估算 (附註15)。

(v) 遞延所得税

本集團管理層決定將遞延税項資產數 額,按估計日後可動用有關税務司法 權區及公司税務虧損的溢利確認。該 估計乃根據各司法權區及實體的預測 溢利作出,而本集團則以該判斷及主 要根據結算日當時市況作出假設。該 估計或會因市況不明朗而更改。

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(vi) Fair value of convertible bonds

The fair value of convertible bonds are determined using valuation techniques including reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values.

(vii) The right to acquire 12% equity interest in CATENA SA

On 16 April 2015, the Group entered into a shareholders' agreement with the 12% equity interest holder of CATENA SA for a right to purchase the 12% equity interest. Management has assessed the risks and rewards of the 12% equity interest by considering the purchase price of the right and the Group's intention to exercise the right. Since the exercise price is the net asset value in the book of CATENA SA which is substantially lower than the fair value of CATENA SA and it is highly likely that the Group will exercise the right, management considered that the risks and rewards of the 12% equity interest have been transferred to the Group upon the completion of the transaction. Accordingly, the financial statements of CATENA SA have been consolidated as if it is a 100% owned subsidiary since 16 April 2015.

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision-makers have been identified as the executive directors. The executive directors review the Group's financial information mainly from product and geographical perspectives. From a geographical perspective, management mainly assesses the performance of watch and optical operations in Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China and rest of Asia.

Revenue represents sales of goods. Sales between operating segments are carried out on terms equivalent to those prevailing in arm's length transactions. The executive directors assess the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of adjusted earnings before interest and tax (EBIT). This measurement basis excludes unallocated income and net corporate expenses.

4 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

(vi) 可換股債券公平值

可換股債券之公平值採用估值技術釐 定,包括參考其他幾近相同之工具、 貼現現金流量分析及購股權定價模 式。在可行情況下,該等模式之數據 從可觀察市場中取得,倘不可行,則 需要使用某種程度之判斷,以確立公 平值。

(vii) 收購 CATENA SA 的 12% 股權的權利

於2015年4月16日,本集團與 CATENA SA的12%股權持有人就收購 CATENA SA的12%股權的權利訂立股 東協議。管理層考慮到收購CATENA SA的12%股權的權利的購買價及本集 團有意行使有關認購權以評估12%股 權的風險及回報。由於該權利的行使 價為CATENA SA的賬面淨值,這比 CATENA SA的公平值低很多,本集團 極有可能行使認購權,管理層認為, 12%股權的風險及回報已於交易完成 後轉嫁本集團。因此,CATENA的財 務報表已合併,並當作從2015年4月 16日成為集團全資子公司。

5 分部資料

本集團之首席經營決策者為行政董事。行 政董事主要從產品及地區角度審閱本集團 之財務資料。管理主要從地區角度評核香 港、澳門及中國大陸和亞洲其餘地區之鐘 錶及眼鏡業績。

收入為貨品銷售。營運分部間之銷售按相 等於現行按公平原則進行的交易之條款進 行。行政董事按除利息及税項前經調整盈 利(EBIT)評核營運分部之業績,計算該盈利 時不包括未分配收入及集團行政淨支出。

Unallocated income represents dividend income from investment. Net corporate expenses mainly represent staff costs and provision for senior management bonus. Unallocated assets represent equipment and debtors at corporate level, investment in an associate, available-forsale financial assets, deferred tax assets and bank balances and cash. Unallocated liabilities represent creditors and accruals at corporate level, borrowings, convertible bonds, deferred tax liabilities and income tax payable. 5 分部資料(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2016

未分配收入為投資的股息收入。集團行政 淨支出主要為員工成本及高級管理層花紅 撥備。未分配資產為集團層面的設備及應 收賬款、於聯營公司投資、可供出售財務 資產、遞延税項資產以及銀行結餘及現 金。未分配負債為集團層面的應付賬款及 應計費用、借貸、可換股債券、遞延税項 負債及應付所得税。

			ł	截至2016年3月:	31日止年度		
		Watch 鐘錶	n retail 零售	Optical retail 眼鏡零售			
		Hong Kong, Macau and		Hong Kong, Macau and			
		Mainland		Mainland	Rest	Wholesale	Group
		China €:#	of Asia	China €:#	of Asia	trading	Total
		澳門及		香港、 澳門及	亞洲	批發	集團
		中國大陸 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	其餘地區 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	中國大陸 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	其餘地區 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	業務 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	總計 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Revenues Gross segment Inter-segment	收入 分部總額 分部間	1,387,825	415,946	1,025,062	228,746	613,815 (269,678)	3,671,394 (269,678)
		1,387,825	415,946	1,025,062	228,746	344,137	3,401,716
Segment results	分部業績	(30,770)	(199)	22,950	(10,590)	10,159	(8,450)
Unallocated income Net corporate expenses	未分配收入 集團行政淨支出						3,506 (89,991)
Operating loss Finance costs	營業虧損 財務成本						(94,935) (90,778)
Loss before income tax Income tax expense	除所得税前虧損 所得税支出					_	(185,713) (4,066)
Loss for the year	年度虧損					_	(189,779)

5 分部資料(續)

		Watch r 鐘錶零					j	
		Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China 玉端	Macau and Mainland Rest		Rest of Asia	Wholesale trading	Unallocated	Group Total
		澳門及 中國大陸 HK\$′000			亞洲 其餘地區 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	批發 業務 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	未分配 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	集團 總計 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Capital expenditures	資本性開支	(28,827)	(11,096)	(39,957)	(18,174)	(76,947)	(9,042)	(184,043)
Depreciation Amortisation of prepayment of	折舊 攤銷預付租賃地價	(27,590)	(17,136)	(36,957)	(10,674)	(3,157)	(12,760)	(108,274)
lease premium Amortisation of	攤銷無形資產	-	(3,126)	-	(2,774)	-	-	(5,900)
intangible assets (Provision)/write back of	存貨(撥備)/撥回	-	-	-	-	(2,346)	-	(2,346)
provision for stocks	物業、機器及	(4,947)	6,545	(5,678)	(673)	(29,477)	-	(34,230)
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	設備減值	(3,438)	(568)	(2,620)	(395)	-	-	(7,021)
Impairment of intangible assets	無形資產減值	-	-	-	-	(26,431)	-	(26,431)
Provision for onerous contracts	有法律義務合約 的撥備	(15,424)	-	(2,136)	-		-	(17,560)

				the year ended 3 載至2015年3月3	31日止年度		
			Watch retail 鐘錶零售		Optical retail 眼鏡零售		
		Hong Kong, Macau and		Hong Kong, Macau and	Rest of Asia	Wholesale trading	
		Mainland China 香港、	China of Asia	Mainland China 香港、			Group Total
		澳門及 中國大陸 HK\$'000	亞洲 其餘地區 HK\$'000	澳門及 中國大陸 HK\$'000	亞洲 其餘地區 HK\$′000	批發 業務 HK\$′000	集團 總計 HK\$'000
		港幣仟元	港幣仟元	港幣仟元	港幣仟元	港幣仟元	港幣仟元
Revenues Gross segment Inter-segment	收入 分部總額 分部間	1,698,368	514,088	1,054,789	276,716	964,153 (567,265)	4,508,114 (567,265)
		1,698,368	514,088	1,054,789	276,716	396,888	3,940,849
Segment results	分部業績	189,173	269	51,866	(6,715)	85,103	319,696
Unallocated income Net corporate expenses	未分配收入 集團行政淨支出						2,052 (103,797)
Dperating profit Finance costs Share of loss of an associate	營業溢利 財務成本 應佔聯營公司虧損						217,951 (72,141) (5,302)
Profit before income tax ncome tax expense	除所得税前溢利 所得税支出					_	140,508 (48,449)
Profit for the year	年度溢利						92,059

5 分部資料(續)

5 分部資料(續)

					year ended 31 2015 年 3 月 31			
		Watch re 鐘錶零		Optical 眼鏡零				
		Hong Kong, Macau and		Hong Kong, Macau and				
		Mainland China 香港、	Rest of Asia	Mainland China 香港、	Rest of Asia	Wholesale trading	Unallocated	Group Total
		澳門及 中國大陸 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	亞洲 其餘地區 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	澳門及 中國大陸 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	亞洲 其餘地區 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	批發 業務 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	未分配 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	集團 總計 HK\$'000 港幣仟元
Capital expenditures Investment in an associate	資本性開支 於聯營公司投資	(30,200)	(14,628)	(34,613)	(5,532)	(1,289)	(9,580) (17,448)	(95,842) (17,448)
Depreciation Amortisation of prepayment of	折舊 攤銷預付租賃地價	(29,106)	(21,701)	(35,475)	(12,992)	(1,914)	(12,440)	(113,628)
lease premium Amortisation of intangible assets	攤銷無形資產	-	(3,639)	-	(3,212)	-	-	(6,851)
(Provision)/write back of provision for stocks	存貨(撥備)/撥回 物業、機器及設備	(4,270)	2,808	(1,364)	(3,420)	(13,294)	_	(19,540)
Impairment of property, plant and equipment Provision for onerous	減值 有法律義務合約	(2,210)	(1,126)	(1,197)	(1,033)	-	-	(5,566)
contracts	的撥備	(48)	-	(130)	_	-	-	(178)

				As at 31 Marc 於2016年3 Optical 眼鏡零	月31日 retail		
		Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China 香港、 澳門及 中國大陸 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Rest of Asia 亞洲 其餘地區 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China 香港、 澳門及 中國大陸 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Rest of Asia 亞洲 其餘地區 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Wholesale trading 批發 業務 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Group Total 集團 總計 HK\$'000 港幣仟元
Segment assets Unallocated assets	分部資產 未分配資產	787,577	200,472	365,570	136,079	536,047	2,025,745 932,643
Total assets Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	總資產 分部負債 未分配負債 總負債	256,077	40,140	155,551	28,333	85,909 	2,958,388 566,010 1,155,560 1,721,570

5

SEGMENT INFOR	MATION (Continued)		5	分部資料((續)		
				As at 31 March 2015 於 2015年3月31日 Optical retail 眼鏡零售			
		Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China	Rest of Asia	Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China	Rest of Asia	Wholesale trading	Group Total
		香港、 澳門及 中國大陸 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	亞洲 其餘地區 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	香港、 澳門及 中國大陸 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	亞洲 其餘地區 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	批發 業務 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	集團 總計 HK\$'000 港幣仟元
Segment assets Unallocated assets	分部資產 未分配資產	984,203	281,030	364,807	143,711	460,885	2,234,636 856,776
Total assets	總資產					=	3,091,412
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	分部負債 未分配負債	272,781	47,184	157,045	25,777	67,842	570,629 1,066,953
Total liabilities	總負債						1,637,582

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Hong Kong	香港	1,963,623	2,273,122
Macau	澳門	222,964	270,335
Mainland China	中國大陸	391,093	397,102
Rest of Asia	亞洲其餘地區	823,003	999,914
Europe	歐洲	1,033	376
		3,401,716	3,940,849

寶光實業(國際)有限公司 2016年年報 94

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

5 分部資料(續)

An analysis of the Group's segments results by geographical area is as follows:

按地區分析集團分部業績如下:

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Hong Kong	香港	91,211	326,480
Macau	澳門	39,907	78,759
Mainland China	中國大陸	(110,357)	(98,107)
Rest of Asia	亞洲其餘地區	4,450	15,511
Europe	區欠沙州	(33,661)	(2,947)
		(8,450)	319,696

An analysis of the Group's non-current assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets) by geographical area is as follows: 按地區分析集團非流動資產(金融工具及遞 延税項資產除外)如下:

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Hong Kong	香港	251,039	272,587
Macau	澳門	169,204	168,863
Mainland China	中國大陸	61,592	59,530
Rest of Asia	亞洲其餘地區	176,459	192,306
Europe	區欠沙川	80,721	96,164
		739,015	789,450

6 OTHER GAINS/(LOSSES), NET

6 其他收益/(虧損),淨額

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Gain on bargain purchase of a subsidiary (Note 31)	議價購買子公司收益(附註31)	9,863	_
Gain on remeasuring to fair value of the existing interest in an associate upon acquisition	於收購現有聯營公司控制權之 重新測量公平值收益 (附註31)		
of control (Note 31)		4,222	_
Gain/(loss) on disposal of property,	出售物業、機器及設備的		
plant and equipment, net	收益/(虧損),淨額	265	(688)
Exchange losses, net	滙兑虧損,淨額	(2,170)	(15,869)
		12,180	(16,557)

7 OTHER INCOME

7 其他收入

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Building management fee income	樓宇管理費收入	2,340	2,340
Dividend income from investments	投資股息收入	3,506	2,052
Interest income	利息收入	1,946	1,342
Sundries	雜項	14,578	19,584
		22,370	25,318

8 EXPENSES BY NATURE

8 按性質列示的費用

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Cost of stocks sold and raw	出售存貨成本及原材料消耗		
materials consumed		1,370,752	1,524,407
Amortisation of intangible assets	攤銷無形資產	2,346	_
Amortisation of prepayment of	攤銷預付租賃地價		
lease premium		5,900	6,851
Depreciation of property,	物業、機器及設備的折舊		
plant and equipment			
– Owned	一自置	108,220	113,623
– Leased	一租賃	54	5
Impairment of property,	物業、機器及設備減值		
plant and equipment		7,021	5,566
Impairment of intangible assets	無形資產減值	26,431	_
Provision for onerous contracts	有法律義務合約的撥備	17,560	178
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		
 Audit services 	- 核數服務	5,350	5,539
 Non-audit services 	- 非核數服務	1,777	3,300
Operating leases on buildings	樓宇營業租賃	715,354	698,840
Provision for stocks	存貨準備	34,230	19,540
Impairment of debtors	應收款項減值	80	116
Write back of bad debt provision	撥回壞賬準備	(55)	(40)
Donations	捐款	293	5,316
Employee benefit expenses (Note 9)	僱員福利支出(附註9)	683,546	717,586
Others	其他	552,342	630,832
Total cost of sales, selling expenses, general and administrative expenses	銷售成本、銷售支出、一般及行政 支出及其他營運支出總額		
and other operating expenses		3,531,201	3,731,659

9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

9 僱員福利支出

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	621,199	646,450
Pension contributions less	退休金供款(扣除已被動用的		
forfeiture utilised (Note a)	沒收供款)(附註a)	33,853	33,155
Termination benefits	終止福利	2,124	1,669
Unutilised annual leave	未被動用的年假	(576)	4
Social security costs	社會保障支出	23,143	31,990
Other allowances	其他津貼	3,803	4,318
		683,546	717,586

(a) Pensions – defined contribution plans

The Group operated a retirement scheme under Occupation Retirement Scheme Ordinance ("ORSO scheme") up to 30 November 2000 for employees in Hong Kong. With effect from 1 December 2000, a mandatory provident fund ("MPF") scheme is set up which is available to eligible employees of the Group, including executive directors. No further employees and contributions have been added to the ORSO scheme after the set up of MPF. Contributions to the MPF scheme by the Group and employees are calculated at rates specified in the rules of the MPF scheme. The assets of the MPF scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.

For subsidiaries outside Hong Kong, contributions to the local pension schemes are made by the Group and employee, which are calculated at rates specified in the rules of the local pension schemes. The assets of the pension scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.

Forfeited contributions totalling HK\$4,049,000 for the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: HK\$1,178,000) arising from employees leaving the ORSO scheme, were utilised to offset contributions during the year.

(a) 退休金-定額供款計劃

直至2000年11月30日為止,本集 團根據職業退休計劃條例為香港區僱 員提供退休計劃。自2000年12月1 日起,本集團設立強制性公積金計劃 (「強積金計劃」),本集團的合資格僱 員(包括行政董事)均有權參與。本集 團及僱員向強積金計劃作出的供款乃 依據強積金計劃規則所規定的水平計 算。強積金計劃的資產與本集團的資 產分開持有,並由獨立管理基金負責 管理。

就香港以外的附屬公司而言,本集團 及僱員對當地退休金計劃作出的供 款,乃按當地退休金計劃規則所規定 的水平計算。退休金計劃之資產與本 集團之資產分開持有,並由獨立管理 基金負責管理。

截至2016年3月31日止年度內,僱 員離職時被沒收之職業退休計劃供款 總額港幣4,049,000元(2015年:港幣 1,178,000元),已被動用以抵銷年內 供款。

EMP	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (Continued)		9	僱員	福利支出	(續)	
(b)	Five highest paid individuals			(b)	五位最高	高薪酬人士	
	The five individuals whose er highest in the Group for the year three) directors whose emolumer analysis shown in Note 34.	include three (2015:			三名(20		高薪酬人士包括 董事,其薪酬詳 反映。
	The emoluments payable to the two) individuals during the year	Ũ				應付予其餘二: :之酬金如下:	名(2015年:二
						2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
	Basic salaries, allowance and benefits in kind	基本薪金,津貼及實物	利益			2,451	2,615
	Performance bonus	表現花紅				3,201	2,827
	Contributions to pension plans	退休金計劃的供款				115	153
					_	5,767	5,595
	The emoluments fell within the f	ollowing bands:			介於下列	刘酬金組別人∃	:如下: of individuals
							人數
						2016	2015
	Emolument bands (in HK dolloa						
	HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000					1	1
	HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000)港幣3,000,001元主港	₩3,50C),000	元 —	1	1
					=	2	2
(c)	Senior management emolument	s		(c)	高級管理	里人員酬金	
	The emoluments fell within the f	ollowing bands:			介於下列	前酬金組別人Ⅎ	:如下:
							of individuals 人數
						2016	2015
	Emolument bands (in HK dollar)	薪酬組別(港幣)					
	HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000) 港幣2,000,001元至港幣	幣2,500),000	元	1	1
					_	1	1
					_	•	1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

10 FINANCE COSTS

10 財務成本

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts	銀行貸款及透支利息	12,089	9,212
Borrowing cost on convertible bonds	可換股債券借貸費用	78,657	62,830
Interest on other financial liabilities	其他財務負債利息	25	82
Interest on finance leases	融資租賃利息	7	17
		90,778	72,141

11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: 16.5%) less relief for available tax losses. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the territories in which the Group operates.

11 所得税支出

截至2016年3月31日止年度香港利得税乃 根據已沖銷可動用税項損失的估計應課税 溢利按税率16.5%(2015年:16.5%)計算。 海外利得税乃根據年內估計應課税溢利按 本集團經營地區的適用税率計算。

The amount of income tax charged to the consolidated income statement represents:

已計入綜合收益表的所得税包括:

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Current income tax	本期所得税		
– Hong Kong profits tax	- 香港利得税	11,188	34,668
– Overseas profits tax	-海外利得税	6,145	20,796
– (Over)/under provision in	-過往年度撥備(過多)/過少		
respect of prior years		(1,048)	48
		16,285	55,512
Deferred income tax (Note 27)	遞延所得税(附註27)	(12,219)	(7,063)
Income tax expense	所得税支出	4,066	48,449

The taxation on the Group's (loss)/profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate, being the weighted average of tax rates prevailing in the territories in which the Group operates, as follows:

本集團按其除所得税前(虧損)/溢利而計 算的税項,與按其於各營運地區的適用税 率(加權平均率)而計算的理論税項有差 別,詳情如下:

11 **INCOME TAX EXPENSE** (Continued)

11 所得税支出(續)

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利	(185,713)	140,508
Add: share of loss of an associate	加:應佔聯營公司虧損		5,302
		(185,713)	145,810
Theoretical tax at weighted average	按加權平均率20.75%(2015年:		
rate of 20.75% (2015: 7.56%)	7.56%) 而計算的理論税項	(38,538)	11,028
Income not subject to tax	無需課税的收入	(8,037)	(13,203)
Expenses not deductible for	不可扣税的開支		
tax purpose		13,679	22,368
Recognition of temporary differences	確認往年未被確認的暫時性差額		
not previously recognised		423	(4,179)
Utilisation of previously	使用往年未確認的税項虧損		
unrecognised tax losses		(6,221)	(5,466)
Tax losses not recognised	未確認的税項虧損	41,975	36,431
Effect of change in tax rates	税率變動的影響	-	227
(Over)/under provision in	過往年度撥備		
respect of prior years	(過多)/過少	(1,048)	48
Others	其他	1,833	1,195
Income tax expense	所得税支出	4,066	48,449

The weighted average applicable tax rate was 20.75% (2015: 7.56%). The increase is caused by a change in the distribution of profitability of the Group's subsidiaries in the respective countries.

加權平均適用税率為20.75%%(2015年: 7.56%)。增加乃由於本集團於各個國家的 附屬公司的溢利分配變動所致。

12 (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic

Basic (loss)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the (loss)/profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

12 每股(虧損)/盈利

基本

每股基本(虧損)/盈利以年內本公司權益 持有人應佔(虧損)/溢利除以已發行普通 股加權平均數而計算。

		2016	2015
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	已發行普通股加權平均數 (以仟股計)	1,046,474	1,046,474
(Loss)/profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (HK\$'000)	本公司權益持有人應佔(虧損)/溢利 (港幣仟元)	(190,009)	91,756
Basic (loss)/earnings per share (HK cents)	每股基本(虧損)/盈利(港仙)	(18.16)	8.77

Diluted

Diluted (loss)/earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Group's dilutive potential ordinary shares in existence represent convertible bonds. The convertible bonds are assumed to have been converted into ordinary shares, and the net profit is adjusted to eliminate the expense relating to the convertible bonds less the tax effect.

Diluted (loss)/earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2016 equals basic (loss)/earnings per share as the conversion of convertible bonds would be anti-dilutive (2015: same).

攤薄

每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利在假設全部具潛在 攤薄影響的普通股均獲轉換的情況下,按 調整發行在外普通股的加權平均數計算。 本集團現有之潛在攤薄普通股為可換股債 券。假設可換股債券已轉換為普通股及已 調整純利以抵銷有關可換股債券費用減税 務影響。

截至2016年3月31日,每股攤薄(虧損)/盈 利等於每股基本(虧損)/盈利,因為兑換 可換股債券造成反攤薄所致(2015:相同)。

Equipment, leasehold Land and improvements and others buildings 設備、 租賃權益 土地及樓宇 改良及其他 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 港幣仟元 港幣仟元 港幣仟元 Year ended 31 March 2015 截至 2015 年 3 月 31 日止年度 年初賬面淨額 Opening net book amount 319,237 174,236 493,473 Additions 添置 95,842 95,842 Disposals/write off 出售/撇賬 (1,717)(1,717)Depreciation 折舊 (8, 291)(105, 337)(113, 628)減值(附註d) Impairment (note d) (5,566)匯兑差額 Exchange differences (3,789)(4, 152)年終賬面淨額 Closing net book amount 307,157 153,306 460,463 At 31 March 2015 於2015年3月31日 Cost 成本 452,799 737,846 1,190,645 累計折舊及減值 Accumulated depreciation and impairment (145, 642)(584, 540)(730, 182)

13 **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Net book amount

賬面淨額

13 物業、機器及設備

307,157

153,306

Total

總額

(5,566)

(7,941)

460,463

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EC	QUIPMENT (Continued)	13 物業、機	&器及設備 <i>(續)</i>	
		Land and buildings	Equipment, leasehold improvements and others 設備、	Total
		土地及樓宇 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	租賃權益 改良及其他 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	總額 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Year ended 31 March 2016				
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨額	307,157	153,306	460,463
Additions	添置	-	109,695	109,695
Disposals/write off	出售/撇賬	-	(939)	(939)
Depreciation	折舊	(7,995)	(100,279)	(108,274)
Impairment (note d)	減值(附註d)	-	(7,021)	(7,021)
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購子公司(附註31)			
(Note 31) Exchange differences	匯兑差額	- (2,476)	3,532 (3,788)	3,532 (6,264)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨額	296,686	154,506	451,192
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日			
Cost	成本	448,881	766,034	1,214,915
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊及減值	,		-,,
and impairment		(152,195)	(611,528)	(763,723)
Net book amount	賬面淨額	296,686	154,506	451,192

13 **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Certain property, plant and equipment of the Group have been pledged for bank borrowings. The carrying value of these property, plant and equipment as at 31 March 2016 were approximately HK\$283,382,000 (2015: HK\$293,842,000).
- (b) At 31 March 2016, the net book value of motor vehicles held under finance leases amounted to HK\$215,000 (2015: HK\$265,000).
- (c) Depreciation expense of HK\$89,595,000 (2015: HK\$96,583,000) has been charged in selling expenses and HK\$18,679,000 (2015: HK\$17,045,000) has been charged in general and administrative expenses.
- (d) The Group regards its individual retail stores as separately identifiable CGUs. It assessed the recoverable amounts of the CGUs with reference to their value-in-use. An impairment provision of HK\$7,021,000 (2015: HK\$5,566,000) was made as their carrying values are not expected to be fully recoverable. Impairment loss was included in other operating expenses in the consolidated income statement.

14 PREPAYMENT OF LEASE PREMIUM

13 物業、機器及設備(續)

附註:

- (a) 本集團若干物業、機器及設備已就銀行 貸款作抵押。於2016年3月31日,該 等物業、機器及設備的賬面值約為港幣 283,382,000元(2015年:港幣293,842,000 元)。
- (b) 於2016年3月31日,在融資租賃下所持汽 車之賬面淨額為港幣215,000元(2015年: 港幣265,000元)。
- (c) 折舊費用港幣89,595,000元(2015年:港幣96,583,000元)已計入銷售支出及港幣 18,679,000元(2015年:港幣17,045,000元)已計入一般及行政支出。
- (d) 本集團視其個別零售店舖為獨立可識別現 金產生單位。而評估可收回之現金產生單 位是經參考若干物業及設備的使用價值, 因預期無法悉數收回其賬面值,故就其作 出減值撥備港幣7,021,000元(2015年:港 幣5,566,000元)。減值虧損計入綜合收益 表的其他營運支出。

14 預付租賃地價

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
At 1 April	於4月1日	40,242	47,256
Amortisation	攤銷	(5,900)	(6,851)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(3,038)	(163)
Disposal	出售	(1,527)	-
At 31 March	於3月31日	29,777	40,242

Amortisation of prepayment of lease premium for premises was included in selling expenses in the consolidated income statement. 物業預付租賃地價的攤銷於綜合收益表內計入銷售支出中。
15 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

15 無形資產

		Goodwill T 商譽 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	rademarks 商標 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Technical know-how 專業技術 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Total 總額 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Year ended 31 March 2015	截至2015年3月31日止年度				
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	10,266	52,931	_	63,197
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(1,260)	(1,273)	_	(2,533)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨額	9,006	51,658	_	60,664
At 31 March 2015	於2015年3月31日				
Cost Accumulated amortisation	成本 累計攤銷及減值	9,006	81,291	_	90,297
and impairment		_	(29,633)	_	(29,633)
Net book amount	賬面淨額	9,006	51,658	_	60,664
Year ended 31 March 2016	截至2016年3月31日止年度				
Opening net book amount Acquisition of a subsidiary	年初賬面淨值 收購子公司(附註31)	9,006	51,658	-	60,664
(Note 31)		_	_	70,816	70,816
Amortisation	攤銷	_	-	(2,346)	(2,346)
Impairment	減值	_	-	(26,431)	(26,431)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	876	86	535	1,497
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨額	9,882	51,744	42,574	104,200
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日				
Cost	成本	9,882	81,512	70,941	162,335
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	累計攤銷及減值	_	(29,768)	(28,367)	(58,135)
Net book amount	賬面淨額	9,882	51,744	42,574	104,200

Impairment test for goodwill

商譽減值測試

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's CGUs identified according to business segment. The goodwill is attributable to the watch wholesale trading operations. 商譽根據業務分部分配至本集團可識辨的 現金產生單位。商譽來自鐘錶批發貿易業 務。

15 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Impairment test for goodwill (Continued)

The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculation. This calculation uses pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets performed by management covering a five-year period. Management determined the financial budgets based on past performance and its expectations for the market development. Cash flows beyond the five year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rate stated below.

The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculation are as follows:

- 1. Growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period of 0% (2015: 0%) which does not exceed historical growth rate.
- 2. Pre-tax discount rate applied to cash flow projections of 8% (2015: 8%). The discount rate used reflects specific risks related to the Group.

Management believes that any reasonably foreseeable change in any of the above key assumptions would not cause the carrying amount of goodwill to exceed the recoverable amount significantly.

During the year ended 31 March 2016, there was no impairment on the CGUs containing goodwill with indefinite useful lives (2015: nil).

15 無形資產(續)

商譽減值測試(續)

現金產生單位的可收回金額根據使用價值 計算。計算方式利用税前現金流量預測, 依據管理層批核的五年期財政預算。管理 層依據過往表現及其對市場發展的預期制 定財政預算。超越該五年期的現金流量採 用以下所述的估計增長率作出推算。

計算使用價值的主要假設如下:

- 用以推算超過預算期的現金流量所使 用的增長率為0%(2015年:0%),並 不超出過往的增長率。
- 用於現金流量預測的税前貼現率為8%
 (2015年:8%)。該貼現率為税前, 並反映與本集團有關的特定風險。

管理層認為,上述任何主要假設的任何合 理可預見變動,將不會導致商譽之賬面值 大幅超過可收回金額。

截至2016年3月31日止年度內,現金產生 單位所含具無限壽命的商譽並無減值(2015 年:無)。

15 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Impairment test for trademarks

Management tests annually whether the trademarks here suffered any impairment by considering the economic benefit generated from the trademarks. The recoverable amount is determined based on value-in-use calculation. This calculation use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets performed by management covering a four-year period. Management determined the financial budgets based on past performance and its expectations for the market development. The key assumption used for the value-in-use calculation includes a pre-tax discount rate of 8%.

No impairment provision on trademarks was made during the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: nil).

Impairment test for technical know-how

In order to secure the supply of mechanical movements in the future, the Group acquired CATENA SA, a swiss watch manufacturer, on 16 April 2015 and recognised an identified technical know-how of HK\$70,816,000. In view of the unexpected downturn of the market condition and the decrease in demand for mechanical watches subsequent to the acquisition, management has performed an impairment assessment for the technical know-how as at 31 March 2016, taking into account the current market condition and production plan of CATENA SA.

The recoverable amount of the technical know-how is determined based on value-in-use calculation. This calculation uses pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets performed by management covering a five-year period. Management determined the financial budgets based on past performance and its expectations for the market development. Cash flows beyond the five year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rate stated below.

15 無形資產(續)

商標減值測試

管理層考慮到商標產生的經濟利益,每年 測試商標是否受到任何減值。可回收金額 根據使用價值之計算而釐定。該等計算採 用根據管理層就 涵蓋四年期間之財政預算 作出之税前現金流量預測。本集團管理層 根據過往表現及其對市場發展之預期而釐 定財政預算。用於使用價值之計算的主要 假設包括除税前折現率8%。

截至2016年3月31日止年度,並無就商標 作出減值撥備(2015年:無)。

專業技術的減值測試

為確保日後的鐘錶零件供應,本集團於 2015年4月16日收購瑞士鐘錶生產商 CATENA SA,並確認可識別專業技術為港 幣70,816,000元。鑑於市況非預期低迷及 收購後對電子機械鐘錶的需求下跌,管理 層已於2016年3月31日就專業技術進行減 值評估,並已計及現行市況及CATENA SA 的生產計劃。

專業技術的可收回金額乃根據使用價值計 算釐定。此計算方式根據管理層進行的五 年財務預算使用除税前現金流預測。管理 層根據過往表現及預期市場發展釐定財務 預算。超過五年期的現金流使用下述的估 計增長率推斷。

15	INT	ANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)	15	無形	送資產 (續)
	Imp	pairment test for technical know-how (Continued)		專業	ŧ技術的減值測試 <i>(續)</i>
	The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculation are as follows:			使用	目價值計算所用的主要假設如下:
	1.	The useful life of the technical know-how of 30 years.		1.	專業技術的使用期限為30年。
	2.	Growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the five-year budget period of 2%.		2.	用作推斷超過五年預算期的現金流增 長率為2%。
	3.	Pre-tax discount rate applied to cash flow projections of 12%. The discount rate used reflects specific risk related to the Group's watch movement manufacturing business.		3.	應用於現金流預測的除税前折讓率為 12%。所用折讓率反映有關本集團鐘 錶零件生產業務的特定風險。
	mac	ed on the result of the impairment test, the Group has de an impairment charge of HK\$26,431,000 for the year ded 31 March 2016.		年3	§減值測試的結果,本集團截至2016 月31日止年度的減值費用為港幣 431,000元。
	bey use low	ould the growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows ond the five-year budget period applied in the value-in- calculation for the technical know-how had been 1% er, additional impairment of HK\$3,949,000 would have n recognized.		於計	目作推斷超過五年預期的現金流增長率 计算使用價值時下調1%,則需確認額外 插港幣3,949,000。

16 INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

16 於聯營公司投資

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
At 1 April	於4月1日	61,329	54,989
Acquisition of additional	收購聯營公司額外權益		
interest in an associate		_	17,448
Deemed disposal upon obtaining	視為出售在得到控制權後(附註31)		
control over the associate (Note 31)	(61,329)	_
Share of loss	應佔虧損	_	(5,302)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額		(5,806)
At 31 March	於3月31日		61,329

On 13 May 2014, the Group acquired an additional 10% equity interest in CATENA SA for a consideration of CHF2,000,000.

於2014年5月13日,本集團收購CATENA SA另外10%的權益,代價為2,000,000瑞士 法朗。

16 INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

On 16 April 2015, the Group acquired additional 48% equity interest in CATENA SA and also entered into a shareholders' agreement with the 12% equity interest holder of CATENA SA for a right to purchase the remaining 12% equity interest (Note 31).

Details of the associate as at 31 March 2015 were as follows:

16 於聯營公司投資(續)

於2015年4月16日,本集團收購了CATENA SA額外48%的權益,在此同時與CATENA SA的12%權益持有人達成股東協議,以購 買12%的股權認購權(附註31)。

該聯營公司於2015年3月31日的詳情如下:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Place of business/country of incorporation 營運地點/註冊成立國家	% of ownership interest 所持權益百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
CATENA SA	Switzerland 瑞士	40%	Manufacture of watch movements 手錶機芯製造
Summarised financial associate was set out b	information in respect of the Grou pelow:	up's 本集團聯營	營公司的財務資料概要載列如下:
			2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Assets Liabilities	資產 負債		69,966 (10,957)
Income Loss after tax	收入 除税後虧損		36,421 (9,158)

The associate had a December year-end and the above unaudited financial information had been adjusted to conform to the Group's financial year-end. 聯營公司的年結日為12月31日,上述未經 審核財務資料已調整至符合本集團之年結 日。

17 AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

17 可供出售的財務資產

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
At 1 April Revaluation deficit transfer	於4月1日 轉往權益的重估虧損	12,652	15,331
to equity (Note 22)	(附註22)	(523)	(2,679)
At 31 March	於3月31日	12,129	12,652

Available-for-sale financial assets as at 31 March 2016 represent unlisted equity investment in an entity incorporated in Liechtenstein and are denominated in Swiss Francs.

The valuation of available-for-sale financial assets was determined using dividend growth model and are within level 3 of fair value hierarchy. The most significant unobservable input is the rate of return on the investment of 24% (2015: 25%). The lower the rate of return, the higher the fair value of the available-for-sale financial assets.

於2016年3月31日,可供出售的財務資產 乃指以瑞士法郎計值的於一間在列支敦士 登註冊成立的公司的非上市股本投資。

可供出售的財務資產估值通過使用貼現現 金流量預測釐定,並屬於第三級公平值等 級範圍內。較重大不可觀察輸入值即為投 資的回報率為24%(2015年:25%)。回報 率越低,可供出售財務資產的公平值越高。

18 STOCKS

18 存貨

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Raw materials	原材料	125,153	111,432
Work-in-progress	在製品	15,127	13,087
Finished goods	製成品	958,327	1,203,213
		1,098,607	1,327,732

The cost of stocks sold recognised as expense and included in cost of sales amounted to HK\$1,370,752,000 (2015: HK\$1,524,407,000).

已確認為開支並計入銷售成本內的存貨成 本為港幣1,370,752,000元(2015年:港幣 1,524,407,000元)。

19 DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

19 應收賬款、按金及預付款項

				2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
	le debtors, gross : provision for impairment	應收貿易賬款,總額 減:應收貿易賬款		249,337	253,892
	of trade debtors (note b)	減值撥備(附註b)		(549)	(472)
	le debtors, net (note a) osits, prepayments and	應收貿易賬款,淨額(附註 按金、預付款項及		248,788	253,420
ot	her debtors (notes c and d)	其他應收款項(附註c及	d)	338,308	344,075
				587,096	597,495
Less	: non-current portion	減:非流動部分		(153,846)	(166,752)
Curr	ent portion	流動部分		433,250	430,743
in B€	le debtors analysed by voice date: elow 60 days ver 60 days	按發票日分析的 應收貿易賬款: 60日以下 60日以上		54,902 194,435	82,561 171,331
				249,337	253,892
Note	s:		附註	:	
(a)	The Group engages designated in the importation of products from Kong to the subsidiaries in the Ma due from and due to the import a on a back-to-back basis, and hen of settlement for such balances. and trade creditors include bala the import and export agents of HK\$144,128,000).	n the subsidiaries in Hong ainland China. The balances and export agents are settled ace, there are no fixed terms The Group's trade debtors ances due from and due to	(a)	本集團透過指定的進出 附屬公司的產品運往可 應收及應付進出口代理 的對應金額結算,因此 算並無固定年期。本集 付賬款包括應收及應付 餘為港幣159,755,000 144,128,000元)。	为地的附屬公司。 裡的結餘乃按同等 比,該等結餘之結 長團應收賬款及應 寸進出口代理的結
	Other than the balances due fr agents, the Group allows an aver from the invoice date to its trade	age credit period of 60 days		除應收及應付進出口代 團給予其應收貿易賬款 60天的信貸期。	
	Balances that are neither past of a number of independent custor relevant history of default.			並無逾期或減值的結餘 關違約記錄之獨立客戶	
	Included in the Group's trade d carrying amount of HK\$31,098,0 which were past due but not impa these trade debtors based on due	000 (2015: HK\$25,678,000) aired. The ageing analysis of		本集團的應收貿易賬款 31,098,000元(2015年 元)的應收款項,有關 減值。該等應收貿易賬 分析如下:	:港幣25,678,000 款項已逾期但尚未

Vote	es: (Continued)		附註	三:(續)	
(a)	(Continued)		(a)	(續)	
				2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
	Overdue: Within 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years Over 3 years	逾期: 1年內 1-2年 2-3年 超過3年		29,747 1,048 66 237	25,456 182 9 31
				31,098	25,678
	Receivables that were past d to a number of independent is no recent history of default management believes that no necessary in respect of these bal significant change in credit qua considered fully receivable. The collateral over these balances.	customers for whom there Based on past experience, o impairment allowance is ances as there has not been a lity and the balances are still		逾期但未減值的應收費 客戶有關,彼等近期並 根據過往經驗,鑒於不 質素並沒有重大改變 數收回,因此管理層相 備。本集團並無就該 押。	並無拖欠還款記錄 肓關應收賬項的信仰 ,欠款仍視為可以 相信無需作出減值排
(b)	Movements on the provision for are as follows:	impairment of trade debtors	(b)	應收貿易賬款的減值撥	發備的變動如下:
				2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
		於4月1日		472	445
	At 1 April				115
	Provision for impairment	減值撥備		80	116
	Provision for impairment Provision written back				116 (40)
	Provision for impairment	減值撥備 減值撥備撥回		80 (55)	116
	Provision for impairment Provision written back Exchange differences	減值撥備 減值撥備撥回 匯兑差額 於3月31日 f provision for impaired l in other operating expenses tement. Amounts charged to rally written off when there is		80 (55) 52	116 (40) (49) 472 頁的減值撥備已計 運支出」內。計入:
C)	Provision for impairment Provision written back Exchange differences At 31 March The creation and release or receivables have been included in the consolidated income sta the allowance account are gene	減值撥備 減值撥備撥回 匯兑差額 於3月31日 f provision for impaired l in other operating expenses tement. Amounts charged to rally written off when there is iditional cash. due from related companies	(C)	80 (55) 52 <u>549</u> 新增及撥回之應收款 综合收益表的「其他營 備賬的金額一般於預損	116 (40) (49) 472 頁的減值撥備已計 運支出」內。計入 例不可再收回額外 連公司的款項港

The balances due from related companies (note 30 (iii)) are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

及應要求償還附註 (30 (iii))。

19	DEB	TORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (Continued)	19	應收	·賬款、按金及預付款項 <i>(續)</i>
	Note	s: (Continued)		附註	(續):
	(d)	As at 31 March 2016, the balance included prepayment for services arising from the issue of convertible bonds of HK\$9,302,000 (2015: HK\$14,906,000) (Note 26).		(d)	於2016年3月31日,此筆款項包括發行換 股債券產生的服務預付款項港幣9,302,000 元(2015年:港幣14,906,000元)(附註 26)。
	(e)	An analysis of debtors, deposits and prepayments by currency is as follows:		(e)	應收賬款、按金及預付款項按貨幣分析如 下:

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Hong Kong dollars	港幣	353,052	369,872
Renminbi	人民幣	83,782	91,188
Singapore dollars	新加坡元	35,081	37,826
Malaysian ringgit	馬來西亞令吉	55,296	54,625
Thai bahts	泰銖	17,068	23,051
Swiss Francs	瑞士法郎	6,682	683
Others	其他	36,135	20,250
		587,096	597,495

20 BANK BALANCES AND CASH

20 銀行結餘及現金

An analysis of bank balances and cash by currency is as follows:

銀行結餘及現金按貨幣分析如下:

		2016	2015
		HK\$′000	HK\$'000
		港幣仟元	港幣仟元
Hong Kong dollars	港幣	179,750	109,870
Renminbi	人民幣	104,295	107,193
Singapore dollars	新加坡元	50,956	41,772
Malaysian ringgit	馬來西亞令吉	127,877	92,424
Thai bahts	泰銖	106,762	83,622
Swiss Francs	瑞士法郎	2,555	4,719
Others	其他	27,030	20,543
		599,225	460,143

The conversion of Renminbi into foreign currencies and remittance of Renminbi out of the PRC is subject to the rules and regulations of exchange controls promulgated by the PRC government. 將人民幣兑換為外幣及將人民幣匯出中國 須受中國政府頒佈的外匯管控規則及條例 規限。

21 SHARE CAPITAL

儲備

22

		Number of shares of HK\$0.1 each 每股面值港幣 0.1 元的股份數目	HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Authorised: At 31 March 2015 and 2016	法定股本: 於2015年及2016年3月31日	1,600,000,000	160,000
Issued and fully paid: At 31 March 2015 and 2016	已發行及繳足股本: 於2015年及2016年3月31日	1,046,474,025	104,647

The Company and its subsidiaries did not set up or operate any share option scheme for the year ended 31 March 2016 and up to the date of publication of this Annual Report. 本公司及其附屬公司於截至2016年3月31 日止年度及直至本年報刊發日期並無設立 或進行任何購股權計劃。

22 RESERVES

Convertible Share Revaluation Exchange bonds reserve Retained premium reserve reserve (Note 26) earnings Total 可換股 股份溢價 重估儲備 匯兑儲備 債券儲備 總額 保留盈利 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 港幣仟元 港幣仟元 港幣仟元 港幣仟元 港幣仟元 港幣仟元 於2014年4月1日 At 1 April 2014 1,977 13,080 15,240 77,090 1,246,304 1,353,691 Exchange differences 匯兑差額 (41,286) (41,286) Revaluation of available-for-sale 可供出售的財務資產 financial assets (Note 17) 重估(附註17) (2,679)(2,679)_ 年內溢利 Profit for the year 91,756 91,756 _ Dividends paid (Note 23) 已付股息(附註23) (59,649) (59,649) _ _ At 31 March 2015 於2015年3月31日 1,977 (26,046) 10,401 77,090 1,278,411 1,341,833 At 1 April 2015 於2015年4月1日 1,977 10,401 (26,046) 77,090 1,278,411 1,341,833 Exchange differences 匯兑差額 (15,680) (15,680) . _ Revaluation of available-for-sale 可供出售的財務資產 financial assets (Note 17) 重估(附註17) (523) (523)_ _ _ 年內虧損 Loss for the year -(190,009) (190,009) _ _ Dividends paid (Note 23) 已付股息(附註23) _ _ _ (10, 465)(10,465) At 31 March 2016 於2016年3月31日 1,977 9,878 (41,726) 77,090 1,077,937 1,125,156

23 DIVIDENDS

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
No interim dividend for 2016 (2015: HK\$0.02 per ordinary share) No final dividend for 2016	2016年不派發中期股息 (2015:每股普通股HK\$0.02) 2016年不派發末期股息	_	20,929
(2015: HK\$0.01 per ordinary share)	(2015:每股普通股HK\$0.01)		10,465
		_	31.394

23

股息

23 DIVIDENDS (Continued)

The dividends paid in 2015 and 2016 were HK\$59,649,000 (HK\$0.057 per share) and HK\$10,465,000 (HK\$0.01 per share) respectively. The directors did not recommend a final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2016.

23 股息(續)

於2015年及2016年派發的股息分別為港幣59,649,000元(每股港幣0.057元)及港幣10,465,000元(每股港幣0.01元)。董事會不 建議派發截至2016年3月31日止年度之末 期股息。

16,056

589,235

11,877

601,488

24 CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS

24 應付賬款及應計費用

				2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
	de creditors analysed y invoice date:	按發票日分析的 應付貿易賬款:			
В	elow 60 days	60 日以下		317,014	298,550
С	over 60 days	60日以上		4,247	22,981
				321,261	321,531
Oth	er creditors and	其他應付賬款及			
a	ccruals (note a)	應計費用(附註a)		267,974	279,957
				589,235	601,488
Note	25:		附註	:	
(a)	 Included in other creditors and accruals are amounts due to related companies of HK\$1,367,000 (2015: HK\$1,413,000) (note 30(iii)), which are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. 		(a)	計入其他應付賬款及應計費用的款項 括應付關連公司的款項港幣1,367,0 元(2015年:港幣1,413,000元)(附 30(iii)),款項為無抵押、免息及應要求 還。	
(b)	An analysis of creditors an follows:	d accruals by currency is as	(b)	應付賬款及應計費用按貨	(幣分析如下:
				2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
	Hong Kong dollars	港幣		372,253	415,595
	Renminbi	人民幣		63,140	55,402
	Singapore dollars	新加坡元		27,325	21,745
	Malaysian ringgit	馬來西亞令吉		27,484	25,883
	Thai bahts	泰銖		23,579	26,821
	Swiss Francs	瑞士法郎		24,922	13,443
	US dollars	美元		34,476	30,722

其他

Others

25 BORROWINGS

25 貸款

				2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Bank borrowings (note a)	銀行貸款(附註a)			674,272	631,528
Obligations under finance leases (note b)	融資租賃承擔(附註b)			215	265
				674,487	631,793
Balances repayable on demand or within one year included in	應要求償還或於一年內 償還的流動負債款項				
current liabilities				(656,439)	(579,725)
				18,048	52,068
(a) Bank borrowings		(a)	銀行貸	ī款	
The Group's bank borrowi	ngs are repayable as		本集團]銀行貸款的須償	賞還情況如下 :

follows:

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Repayable on demand/	應要求償還/一年之內		
within 1 year		656,412	579,671
Between 1 and 2 years	1至2年	1,336	12,722
Between 2 and 5 years	2至5年	4,369	20,762
Over 5 years	5年以上	12,155	18,373
		674,272	631,528

Included in bank borrowings as at 31 March 2016 are secured borrowings amounted to HK\$661,237,000 (2015: HK\$546,186,000), which are secured by property, plant and equipment of the Group (Note 13).

於2016年3月31日之銀行貸款內有 抵押之貸款港幣661,237,000元(2015 年:港幣546,186,000元),以本集團 的土地及樓宇抵押(附註13)。

25 BORROWINGS (Continued) 25 貸款(續)

貝叭(順)

(a)

銀行貸款(續)

(a) Bank borrowings (Continued)

An analysis of the carrying amount of the Group's bank borrowings by currency is as follows:

本集團銀行貸款賬面值按貨幣分析如 下:

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Hong Kong dollars Malaysia ringgit	港幣 馬來西亞令吉	655,132 19,140	610,154 21,374
		674,272	631,528

The weighted average effective interest rate per annum for bank borrowings was 1.85% (2015: 1.60%).

As at 31 March 2016, the carrying amounts of current bank borrowings approximate their fair values.

As at 31 March 2016, the Company had given guarantees to various banks to secure general banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries amounting to HK\$1,661,773,000 (2015: HK\$1,561,087,000). As at 31 March 2016, the utilised amount of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees was HK\$674,272,000 (2015: HK\$631,526,000).

Prior to the date of this report, the Group has obtained a one-off waiver from a bank from strict compliance with certain covenant requirement of a bank borrowing amounted to HK\$222,364,000. 銀行貸款的加權平均實際年利率為 1.85 厘(2015年:1.60厘)。

於2016年3月31日,銀行貸款的賬面 值與公平值相若。

於2016年3月31日,本公司就授予 若干附屬公司的一般銀行融資向不同 銀行作出擔保共港幣1,661,773,000 元(2015年:港幣1,561,087,000元)。 於2016年3月31日,該等由本公 司擔保的融資已動用之金額為港 幣674,272,000元(2015年: 港幣 631,526,000元)。

在此報告前,本集團已從一間銀行獲 得有關借貸金額港幣222,364,000元 的合約要求的相關豁免。

25 BORROWINGS (Continued)

25 貸款(續)

(b)

融資租賃承擔

融資租賃承擔的須償還情況如下:

(b) Obligations under finance leases

The obligations under finance leases are payable as follows:

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Within 1 year	1年之內	31	60
Between 1 and 2 years	1至2年	62	60
Between 2 and 5 years	2至5年	150	179
		243	299
Future finance charges on finance leases	融資租賃的未來財務支出	(28)	(34)
Present value of finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債的現值	215	265

The present value of finance lease liabilities is analysed as follows:

融資租賃負債的現值分析如下:

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Within 1 year	1年之內	27	53
Between 1 and 2 years	1至2年	55	53
Between2 and 5 years	2至5年	133	159
		215	265

The carrying amount of obligations under finance leases is denominated in Singapore dollars.

融資租賃承擔的賬面淨值以新加坡元 計價。

26 CONVERTIBLE BONDS

On 29 November 2012, the Company issued unlisted and unsecured convertible bonds with a principal amount of HK\$371,022,600 to Sapphire Illuminatus Holdings Limited ("Sapphire"), an independent third party.

The terms of the convertible bonds are summarised below:

- the bonds bear interest at 3.5% per annum if the bonds are held by Sapphire or its affiliates, or 2.75% per annum if otherwise, on the principal amounts of the convertible bonds outstanding from time to time, payable semi-annually in arrears;
- the bonds are convertible at the option of the bondholders into fully paid ordinary shares 18 months after the issue of bonds up to fifth anniversary of the issue date of the bonds at a conversion price of HK\$1.95 per share, subject to certain adjustments pursuant to the terms of the agreement entered with the bondholders;
- 190,268,000 conversion shares will be issued upon full conversion of the bonds based on the initial conversion price of HK\$1.95 per share;
- Sapphire has the option to require the Company to early redeem 30% of the outstanding principal (the "Option") if i) the consolidated net income of the Company (without taking into account any expenses arising from accounting treatment of the bonds) is less than HK\$400 million in more than one out of the three financial years ended/ending 31 March 2015 to 2017; or ii) the aggregate consolidated net income of the Company (without taking into account any expenses arising from accounting treatment of the bonds) is less than HK\$1 billion for three financial years ended/ ending 31 March 2015 to 2017. The remainder of the bonds shall remain to be convertible, and such the bonds which have not been previously converted, redeemed, or purchased and cancelled and remain outstanding on the maturity shall be redeemed. The Company shall also pay an amount in cash to Sapphire equal to 3/7th of the outstanding principal amount of such remaining bonds held by Sapphire upon maturity; and

26 可換股債券

於2012年11月29日,本公司向一名獨立第 三方Sapphire Illuminatus Holdings Limited (「Sapphire」)發行本金總額港幣371,022,600 元的非上市及無抵押可換股債券。

可换股債券的條款概述如下:

- 根據不時尚未行使的可換股債券本金
 金額,倘債券由Sapphire或其聯屬人
 士持有,按年利率3.5%計息,或倘由
 其他人士持有,則按年利率2.75%計
 息,每半年支付一次;
- 債券可按債券持有人的選擇於債券發行18個月後截至債券發行日期的第五 週年按兑換價每股港幣1.95元兑換為
 已繳足股款的普通股,惟兑換價或須
 根據與債券持有人訂立協議的條款進
 行若干調整;
- 190,268,000股兑换股份將於債券根 據初步兑換價每股港幣1.95元悉數兑 換後發行;
- Sapphire於以下情況可要求本公司提 早贖回30%未償還本金(「期權」), 倘i)本公司的綜合淨收入(未計及債 券會計處理產生的任何開支)於截至 2015年至2017年3月31日止三個財 政年度中一個或多個財政年度低於港 幣400,000,000元;或ii)截至2015年 至2017年3月31日止三個財政年度本 公司的綜合淨收入總額(未計及債券 會計處理產生的任何開支)低於港幣 1.000.000.000元。餘下債券應為可 兑换,而未曾贖回、兑换或購買及註 銷且於到期時尚未償還的債券可予以 贖回。本公司亦應向 Sapphire 支付相 當於其於到期時持有的尚未償還的餘 下債券本金額七份之三的現金;及

26 CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

 Sapphire would be compensated by the difference between the accrued interest and cash dividend (calculated on as-converted basis) (the "Additional Interest"), if the former is less than the latter.

The convertible bonds consist of a liability component, comprising the 5-year 3.5% straight debt, other redemption features and additional interest liabilities, and an equity component, representing the convertible option of HK\$1.95 per share. At the date of the issuance of the bonds, the liability component and the equity component were recognised at fair value, determined based on the valuations performed by an independent professional valuer using the binominal model with the major following assumptions:

- Risk-free interest rate of 0.261%;
- Volatility of 25.07%;
- Borrowing rate of 8.29%;
- Dividend yield of 6.0%

The liability component and equity component of the convertible bonds recognised at initial recognition as at 29 November 2012 are as follows:

- 26 可換股債券(續)
 - 倘應計利息少於現金股息(按已兑換的基準計算),Sapphire將獲補償應計利息與現金股息之間的差額(「額外利率」)。

可換股債券包括負債部分(為按5年3.5%計 息的普通債券及其他贖回機制以及額外利 率負債)及權益部分(每股港幣1.95元兑換 權)。於發行債券時,負債部分及權益部分 按公平值確認,根據獨立專業估值師的估 值採用下列主要假設的二項式模式:

- 無風險利率0.261%;
- 波幅25.07%;
- 貸款利率8.29%;
- 股息率6.0%

可換股債券的負債部分及權益部分於2012 年11月29日初步確認時確認如下:

		HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Fair value of convertible bonds issued Less: Liability component	已發行可換股債券的公平值 減:負債部分	396,772 (319,682)
Equity component	權益部分	77,090

The convertible bonds were issued with fair value higher than the principal amount and were accounted for as sharebased payment transactions. The excess of the fair value of the convertible bonds over the consideration received of HK\$28,018,000 were recorded as a prepayment for services and are amortised on a straight line basis over the term of contract. Amortisation expense of HK\$5,604,000 has been recognised in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: HK\$5,604,000) (Note 19). 可換股債券乃按高於本金金額的公平值發 行,並按以股份為基礎的付款交易入賬。 可換股債券的公平值超出所收取的代價港 幣28,018,000元乃記錄為服務的預付款 項,並按直線基準於合約期間內攤銷(附 註19)。攤銷開支港幣5,604,000元已於截 至2016年3月31日止年度的綜合收益表 中的其他營運支出內確認(2015年:港幣 5,604,000元)。

26 CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

The liability component of the bonds is stated at fair value. The equity component is presented in equity as "convertible bonds reserve".

The movement of the liability component of the convertible bonds for the year is set out below:

26 可換股債券(續)

債券的負債部分按公平值呈列。權益部分 於股權內呈列為「可換股債券儲備」。

年內,可換股債券負債部分的變動載列如 下:

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Liability component at 1 April Changes in fair value included	於4月1日的負債部分 計入融資成本的公平值變動	380,753	331,456
in finance costs		78,657	62,830
Interest paid	已付利息	(12,986)	(13,533)
Liability component at 31 March Less: balances redeemable/payable	於3月31日的負債部分 減:於1年內贖回/	446,424	380,753
within one year	償還餘額	(109,949)	_
		336,475	380,753

The liability component of the convertible bonds is valued by independent qualified valuers, AVISTA Valuation Advisory Limited, who hold a recognised relevant professional qualification and have recent experience in valuation of convertible bonds.

The valuation of the liability component of the convertible bonds was determined using the binominal option pricing model. In valuing the Option, the external valuer has assigned a probability for each scenario under the Option and calculated the probability weighted fair value of the liability component of the convertible bonds. In valuing the Additional Interest portion, the amount is based on the present value of the differences between the estimated dividend received on an as-if converted basis and the annual coupon interest of the convertible bonds over the remaining outstanding period. 可換股債券負債部分經獨立合資格估值師 艾華廸評估諮詢有限公司估值,其持有獲 認可的相關專業資格及具備近期就可換股 債券進行估值的相關經驗。

可換股債券負債部分的估值乃採用據二項 式期權定價模式釐定。於期權估值時,外 部估值師就期權各情境分配概率,並計算 可股負債部分的概率加權公平值。於額外 利息部分的估值時,該金額乃根據估計已 收股息(按假設已兑換基準)及可換股債券 於餘下未行使期的年度票面利率的差額的 現值而定。

26 CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

The more significant input used in the valuation of the liability component of the convertible bonds are as follows:

26 可換股債券(續)

對可換股債券負債部分進行估值所用的最 重大的輸入值如下:

		2016	2015
Risk-free interest rate	無風險利率	0.45%	0.56%
Volatility	波幅	47.79%	41.23%
Borrowing rate	貸款利率	9.37%	8.18%
Dividend yield	股息率	0%	3.5%
Probability of the Option	行使期權的可能性		
being exercised		100%	70%
There were no changes to the va the year.	aluation techniques during	本年度估值技術並無改動。	
During the year ended 31 March were redeemed, converted or (2015: nil).		於截至2016年3月31日止年 兑换或購買及註銷債券(201	
On 23 June 2016, the Compa Company entered into an am holder of convertible bonds of on 18 December 2012, (the "Co redeem the outstanding Conve their principal amount, to pay th of HK\$6,493,000 up to 18 De equivalent to a payment for the p Bonds of HK\$111,306,780 (if the Convertible Bond Instrument h or prior to the early redemptio	endment deed with the HK\$371,022,600 issued nvertible Bonds"), to early ertible Bonds at 100% of e accrued coupon interest cember 2016 and a sum at option of the Convertible e put option in the original as not been exercised on	於2016年6月23日,本公司 於2012年12月18日發行的H 可換股債券(「可換股債券 立修訂契據,於2016年 前,提早贖回可換股債券 支付截至2016年12月18日 面利息HK\$6,493,000,及 HK\$111,306,780可換股債券 項(如果該可換股債券認沽期 日或之前尚未被行使)。	HK\$371,022,600 券」) 持有人訂 9月30日或之 百分百本金、 日的已產生票 支付相等於 券的認沽期權款

27 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

September 2016.

The analysis of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities (to be recovered/settled after more than one year) is as follows:

27 遞延所得税

遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債(在一年後回 收/結算)分析如下:

		2016	2015
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣仟元	港幣仟元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	76,162	70,692
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(7,342)	(2,299)
		68,820	68,393

27 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued)

27 遞延所得税(續)

The movement on the net deferred tax accounts is as follows:

遞延税項賬目的變動如下:

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
As at 1 April	於4月1日	68,393	61,649
Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 31)	收購子公司(附註31)	(9,844)	_
Credited to income statement	計入收益表	12,219	7,063
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(1,948)	(319)
As at 31 March	於3月31日	68,820	68,393

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, are as follows:

年內遞延税項資產及負債的變動(不考慮於 相同税務司法權區內餘額抵銷)如下:

Deferred tax assets

遞延税項資產

			Provision for				
			unrealised			Other	
		Depreciation	profit in		Other	temporary	
		allowances	stock	Tax losses	provisions	differences	Total
			存貨中				
		折舊	未變現溢利			其他	
		準備	的準備	税項虧損	其他撥備	暫時性差額	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣仟元	港幣仟元	港幣仟元	港幣仟元	港幣仟元	港幣仟元
At 1 April 2014	於2014年4月1日	9,927	25,258	10,377	16,391	6,534	68,487
(Charged)/credited to	(扣除自)/計入收益表						
income statement		(433)	(287)	579	4,256	4,569	8,684
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(3)	(237)	_	(113)	(158)	(511)
At 31 March 2015	於2015年3月31日	9,491	24,734	10,956	20,534	10,945	76,660
At 1 April 2015	於2015年4月1日	9,491	24,734	10,956	20,534	10,945	76,660
Credited/(charged) to	計入/(扣除自)收益表						
income statement		159	(6,443)	15,122	(685)	(111)	8,042
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(59)	(654)	-	(501)	(781)	(1,995)
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日	9,591	17,637	26,078	19,348	10,053	82,707

27	DEFERRED	INCOME	TAX	(Continued)
----	----------	--------	-----	-------------

27 遞延所得税(續)

Deferred tax liabilities

遞延税項負債

		Depreciation allowances 折舊準備 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	•	Other temporary differences 其他 暫時性 差額 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
At 1 April 2014	於2014年4月1日	6,573	_	265	6,838
Charged to income statement	扣除自收益表	890	_	731	1,621
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(138)	-	(54)	(192)
At 31 March 2015	於2015年3月31日	7,325	_	942	8,267
At 1 April 2015	於2015年4月1日	7,325	_	942	8,267
Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 31) Charged/(credited) to income	收購子公司(附註31) 扣除/(計入)自收益表	-	9,844	-	9,844
statement		581	(4,758)		(4,177)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(47)	-	_	(47)
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日	7,859	5,086	942	13,887

Out of the total unrecognised tax losses of HK\$629,457,000 (2015: HK\$668,980,000) carried forward, an amount of HK\$256,131,000 (2015: HK\$154,483,000) can be carried forward indefinitely. The remaining HK\$373,326,000 (2015: HK\$514,497,000) will expire in the following years:

所結轉以抵銷未來應課税之未確認税項虧 損總額為港幣629,457,000元(2015年:港 幣668,980,000元),其中港幣256,131,000 元(2015年:港幣154,483,000元)可無限期 結轉,其餘港幣373,326,000元(2015年: 港幣514,497,000元)將在下列期限屆滿:

		2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
In the first year	第1年	18,063	66,826
In the second year	第2年	62,555	76,279
In the third year	第3年	81,349	66,892
In the fourth year	第4年	71,240	95,672
In the fifth to tenth years inclusive	第5年至第10年(包括首尾兩年)	140,119	208,828
		373,326	514,497

28 NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

28 綜合現金流量表附註

Reconciliation of (loss)/profit before income tax to cash generated from operations:

除所得税前(虧損)/溢利與營運活動所得 現金兩者的對賬:

2016

2015

		HK\$′000 港幣仟元	HK\$′000 港幣仟元
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利	(185,713)	140,508
Depreciation	折舊	108,274	113,628
Amortisation of intangible assets	攤銷無形資產	2,346	_
Amortisation of prepayment of lease premium	攤銷預付租賃地價	5,900	6,851
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、機器及設備的 (收益)/虧損	(265)	688
Provision of stocks	存貨準備	34,230	19,540
Impairment of debtors	應收款項減值	80	116
Write back of bad debt provision	撥回壞賬準備	(55)	(40)
Impairment of property,	物業、機器及設備減值	(33)	(40)
plant and equipment		7,021	5,566
Impairment of intangible assets	無形資產減值	26,431	
Provision for onerous contracts	有法律義務合約的撥備	17,560	178
Expenses on convertible bonds	發行可換股債券費用	5,604	5,604
Interest income	利息收入	(1,946)	(1,342)
Finance costs	財務成本	90,778	72,141
Dividend income	股息收入	(3,506)	(2,052)
Share of loss of an associate	應佔聯營公司虧損	_	5,302
Gain on remeasuring to fair value of the existing interest in an associate upon acquisition of	於收購現有聯營公司控制權之 重新測量公平值收益		
control		(4,222)	_
Bargain purchase of a subsidiary	議價購買子公司收益	(9,863)	_
Operating profit before working	除營運資金轉變前的經營溢利		
capital changes		92,654	366,688
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	存貨減少/(增加)	204,838	(179,512)
Decrease/(increase) in debtors,	應收賬款、按金及預付		
deposits and prepayments	款項減少/(增加)	14,312	(38,276)
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	應付賬款及應計費用		
and accruals	(減少)/増加	(41,873)	12,471
Cash generated from operations	營運活動所得現金	269,931	161,371

co	MMITMENTS		29 承	承擔		
(a)	Capital commitments of the Group for property, plant and equipment:			(a)	本集團就物業、機器及設備的資本 擔	
					2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
	Contracted but not provided for Authorised but not contracted fo				6,275 8,509	8,950 _
					14,784	8,950
		nmitments under operating leases ere the Group is the lessee)			<u>她坐在在下也了</u> 4 /	
(b)	Commitments under operating (where the Group is the lessee)	leases		(b)	營業租賃下的承擔(人)	本集團作為承認
(b)		gate minimum lease		(0)		業租賃下的未
(b)	(where the Group is the lessee) The Group had future aggreg payments under non-cancellabl	gate minimum lease		(b)	人) 本集團在不可撤銷營	業租賃下的未刻
(b)	(where the Group is the lessee) The Group had future aggreg payments under non-cancellabl	gate minimum lease		(b)	人) 本集團在不可撤銷營 最低租金付款總額如 2016 HK\$'000	業租賃下的未 下: 2015 HK\$'000
(b)	(where the Group is the lessee) The Group had future aggreg payments under non-cancellabl follows:	gate minimum lease le operating leases as		(b)	人) 本集團在不可撤銷營 最低租金付款總額如 2016 HK\$'000	業租賃下的未 下: 2015 HK\$'000
(b)	(where the Group is the lessee) The Group had future aggreg payments under non-cancellabl follows: Buildings Not later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years	gate minimum lease le operating leases as 樓宇 1年內 1年後但5年內			人) 本集團在不可撤銷營 最低租金付款總額如 2016 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	業租賃下的未 下: 2015 HK\$'000 港幣仟元
(b)	(where the Group is the lessee) The Group had future aggreg payments under non-cancellabl follows: Buildings Not later than one year Later than one year but not	gate minimum lease le operating leases as 樓宇 1年內			人) 本集團在不可撤銷營 最低租金付款總額如 2016 HK\$'000 港幣仟元 581,130	業租賃下的未 下: 2015 HK\$'000 港幣仟元 633,709

The leases have varying terms, escalation clauses and renewal rights. The operating lease rentals of certain outlets are based on the higher of a minimum guaranteed rental or a sales level based rental. The minimum guaranteed rental has been used to arrive at the above commitments.

該等租賃有不同租期、調整租金條款 及續租權利。若干店舖的營運租賃租 金乃按最低保證租金或銷售額租金 (以較高者為準)計算。上述承擔乃按 最低保證租金計算。

30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

Yee Hing Company Limited, directly and indirectly through its subsidiary including Active Lights Company Limited, held 1,195,100 shares of the Company as at 31 March 2016. 55% of the total issued ordinary shares of Yee Hing Company Limited is held by Klayze Holdings Limited, which is the trustee of a discretionary trust (the "Trust"). Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong and Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas are the beneficiaries of the Trust and were therefore deemed to be interested in 1,195,100 shares of the Company through the Trust's interest in Yee Hing Company Limited.

Save as disclosed in Notes 19 and 24, the following is a summary of the significant related party transactions carried out in the normal course of the Group's business:

(i) Sales of goods and services to related companies

30 有關連人士交易

有關連人士指可直接或間接控制另一方, 或在作出財務及營運決策時對另一方行使 重大影響力之人士。共同受他人控制或受 他人重大影響力之人士亦視為有關連人士。

於2016年3月31日,義興有限公司直接或 間接通過其附屬公司Active Lights Company Limited持有本公司1,195,100股股份。 Klayze Holdings Limited以作為一項酌情信 託(「信託」)之受託人身份持有義興有限公 司全部已發行普通股之55%權益。黃創增 先生及黃創江先生為信託之受益人,故被 視為通過信託於義興有限公司之權益而擁 有本公司1,195,100股股份權益。

除附註19及24所披露者外,下列為本集 團與有關連人士之間所進行的重大交易概 要,該等交易乃於本集團日常業務中進行:

(i) 向有關連公司銷售貨品及服務

			2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
	ding management fee income 向一家有關連公司 om a related company 收取物業管理收入		2,340	2,340
agre ("Ml the	holly-owned subsidiary of the Group entered into ement with Mengiwa Property Investment Limited PIL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Yee Hing, for provision of the following services for the period n 1 April 2013 to 31 March 2016:	公司	團全資附屬公司與 明華物業投資有降 2013年4月1日到 間提供以下服務訂	限公司(「明華」) 至2016年3月31
(a)	contract administration with respect to contracts entered into between MPIL and third parties from time to time;	(a)	明華與第三方不 下之合約行政;	下時訂立的合約
(b)	property agency liaison and tenancy management;	(b)	物業代理洽商及	租賃管理;
(C)	management of the property manager of Stelux House; and	(C)	管理寶光商業中 司;及	口心物業管理公
(d)	other miscellaneous administrative services.	(d)	其他行政服務。	
agre	fee for the provision of the above services was ed at HK\$195,000 per calendar month during the ition of the agreement.		務協議年期內,打 費用為每個曆月港	

30	REL/	ATED	PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Co	ontinued)	30	有關	連人日	:交易 (續)	
	(ii)	Pure	chases of goods and services	from related companies		(ii)	向有	關連公司購買貨品	品及服務
								2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
			chase of goods from related ompanies (note a)	向有關連公司購買貨品	」(附註a))		913	1,032
			chase of goods from an sociate (note b)	向聯營公司購買貨品()	附註b)			_	45,662
			tal expense to related ompanies (note c)	向有關連公司支付租金	支出(附	†註c))	16,725	15,400
			• • •					17,638	62,094
		Note	25:				附註	:	
		(a)	During the year, certain sub purchased optical products fro Manufacturing Company Lim ("IOM Group"), indirectly of Yee Hing, in accordance with agreements for the Group operations.	m International Optical nited and its subsidiary owned subsidiaries of th the terms of written			(a)	於年內,本集團若 興之間接附屬公司 有限公司及其附 團」)就本集團零售 之書面協議之條款	回國際眼鏡製造廠 屬公司(「IOM集 手及買賣業務訂立
		(b)	Purchases of watch movement were conducted in the normat business. The terms of transact and agreed between the Group and all balances due were more trade terms.	l course of the Group's ctions were determined p and the counterparty			(b)	向聯營公司購買 業務。交易之條款 對手方釐定及協定 交易條款支付。	次由本集團與交易
		(c) During the year, certain subsidi- entered into tenancy agreeme related parties for office pro- showroom and car-parking spa		ents with the following remises, warehouses,			(C)	年內,本集團若干 有關連人士訂立和 辦公物業、倉庫 位:	且賃協議,以租用
									se for the year l金支出
								2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
			MPIL Other related parties	明華 其他有關連人士				14,750 1,975	13,430 1,970
								16,725	15,400

30	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)			30	有關	關連人士交易 (續)		
	(iii)	Year-end balances arising fr purchases of goods and rental e in Note 19(c) and Note 24(a).			(iii)	服務收入、購買貨品。 的年終結餘於附註19(披露。		
	(iv)	Key management compensation	1		(iv)	主要管理層報酬		
						2016	2015	
						HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
						港幣仟元	港幣仟元	
		Salaries and other short-term	薪金及其他短期僱員福	利				
		employee benefits				15,862	24,695	
		Other long-term benefits	其他長期福利			147	215	
						16,009	24,910	

31 BUSINESS COMBINATION

On 16 April 2015, the Group acquired an additional 48% equity interest in CATENA SA, a Swiss watch movement manufacturer, for a cash consideration of EUR1,660,000 and entered into a shareholders' agreement with the 12% equity interest holder of CATENA SA for a right to purchase the 12% equity interest. Together with the previously owned 40% equity interest and the Group's underlying right, the Group is considered as controlling all equity interest in CATENA SA.

31 企業合併

於2015年4月16日,本集團收購了一間瑞 士手錶機芯製造廠家CATENA SA額外48% 的權益,代價為現金1,660,000歐元。在此 同時與CATENA SA的12%權益持有人達成 股東協議,以購買12%的股權認購權。此 與先前擁有的40%權益和本集團的看漲認 購權之潛在權益一起,本集團被認為已控 制CATENA SA的所有權益。

31 BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

31 企業合併(續)

The following table summarises the consideration paid for CATENA SA and the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date: 下表概述於收購日期就CATENA SA 所支付的代價、所收購資產的公平值及負債:

		HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Consideration:	代價:	
– Cash	一現金	14,386
 Deferred consideration payable in respect of the purchase right 	- 遞延應付認購權代價	11,083
Total consideration	代價總額	25,469
Recognised amounts of identifiable assets and liabilities assumed	所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債 的確認金額	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	3,532
Intangible assets	無形資產	70,816
Stocks	存貨	25,849
Debtors and prepayments	應收賬款及預付款項	2,206
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	22,257
Creditors and accruals	應付賬款及應計費用	(10,957)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(9,844)
Total identifiable net assets	可識別淨資產總值	103,859
Less: Fair value of equity interest in CATENA SA held before the	減:與CATENA SA業務合併前 之權益公平值	
business combination		(68,527)
		35,332
Bargain purchase	議價購買	(9,863)
		25,469
Additional purchase consideration	以現金支付的額外購買代價	
settled in cash		(14,386)
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	所收購現金及現金等值物	22,257
Cash inflow on acquisition	收購時現金流入	7,871

31 BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

Acquisition-related costs of HK\$770,000 have been charged to administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 March 2016.

The Group recognised a gain of HK\$4,222,000 as a result of remeasuring its 40% equity interest in CATENA SA held before the business combination at fair value. The gain is included in other gains/(losses), net in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 March 2016.

A gain on bargain purchase of HK\$9,863,000 has been recognised to other gains/(losses), net in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 March 2016.

The identified intangible assets represent technical knowhow for watch movement with useful life of 30 years. The fair value of the intangible assets as at the date of acquisition is determined based on cash flow projections using multiperiod excess earning method with a discount rate of 12%.

The right to acquire 12% equity interest in CATENA SA is exercisable at the price equal to the proportional net assets value of CATENA SA set out in the latest audited financial statements available on the date of exercise the purchase right. The purchase right is exercisable until 31 December 2035. The fair value of the deferred consideration payable in respect of the purchase right is determined based on the discounted cash flow method.

CATENA SA contributed a revenue of approximately HK\$606,000 and a loss of approximately HK\$44,812,000 to the Group for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Had CATENA SA been consolidated from 1 April 2015, the consolidated income statement would show revenue of approximately HK\$3,401,716,000 and a loss of approximately HK\$189,779,000.

31 企業合併(續)

收購相關成本 HK\$770,000元已於截至 2016年3月31日止年度之綜合收益表之行 政支出內扣除。

本集團認可一項 HK\$4,222,000 元收益作為 重新計量與CATENA SA業務合併前之40% 權益公平值的結果。此收益已包含於截至 2016年3月31日止年度內之綜合收益表之 其他收益/(虧損),淨額內。

一項議價購買收益 HK\$9,863,000元已確認 於截至2016年3月31日止年度內之綜合收 益表之其他收益/(虧損),淨額內。

可識別無形資產代表按30年使用年期攤銷 的機芯專業技術。於購買日的無形資產公 平值按12%折扣率以多期超額收益方法預 測現金流確認。

收購CATENA SA的12%股權的權利是可 行使的,行使價格相等於行使權利時按 CATENA SA最近期的已審計財務報表的資 產淨值計算。直至2035年12月31日,該認 購權是可以行使的,遞延應付認購權代價 的公平值是按現金流量折現法來計算。

截至2016年3月31日止年度,CATENA SA 為本集團帶來收入約 HK\$606,000元及虧損 約 HK\$44,812,000元。

倘 若CATENA SA自2015年4月1日 起綜合入賬,綜合收益表顯示收入 約 HK\$3,401,716,000元 及 虧 損 約 HK\$189,779,000元。

32 POST BALANCE SHEET DATE EVENT

On 23 June 2016, the Company announced that the Company entered into an amendment deed with the holder of convertible bonds of HK\$371,022,600 issued on 18 December 2012, (the "Convertible Bonds"), to early redeem the outstanding Convertible Bonds at 100% of their principal amount, to pay the accrued coupon interest of HK\$6,493,000 up to 18 December 2016, and a sum equivalent to a payment for the put option of the Convertible Bonds of HK\$111,306,780 (if the put option in the original Convertible Bond Instrument has not been exercised on or prior to the early redemption date) on or before 30 September 2016.

33 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

32 結算日後事項

於2016年6月23日,本公司宣佈, 本公司與於2012年12月18日發行的 HK\$371,022,600可換股債券(「可換股債 券」)持有人訂立修訂契據,於2016年9月 30日或之前,提早贖回可換股債券百分百 本金、支付截至2016年12月18日的已產 生票面利息 HK\$6,493,000,及支付相等於 HK\$111,306,780可換股債券的認沽期權款 項(如果該可換股債券認沽期權在提早贖回 日或之前尚未被行使)。

33 公司資產負債及儲備變動表

公司資產負債表

			As at 31 於3月			
		Note 附註	2016 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	2015 HK\$′000 港幣仟元		
ASSETS	資產					
Non-current assets Investment in a subsidiary Debtors, deposits and	非流動資產 附屬公司投資 應收賬款、按金及	35	-	_		
prepayments	預付款項		9,304	14,907		
			9,304	14,907		
Current assets Amounts due from subsidiaries Debtors, deposits and	流動資產 應收附屬公司款項 應收賬款、按金及	b	707,642	618,375		
prepayments	酒付款項		153	188		
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金		38	40		
			707,833	618,603		
Total assets	資產總額		717,137	633,510		
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company Share capital Reserves	股權 本公司權益持有人 應佔股本及儲備 股本 儲備	a	104,647 158,635	104,647 140,376		
		a	,			
Total equity	權益總額		263,282	245,023		

Balance sheet of the Company

33 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

33 公司資產負債及儲備變動表(續)

Balance sheet of the Company (Continued)

公司資產負債表(續)

			As at 31 於3月	
			2016	2015
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣仟元	港幣仟元
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	26	336,475	380,753
			336,475	380,753
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Creditors and accruals	應付賬款及應計費用		1,930	2,234
Amount due to a subsidiary	應付附屬公司款項	b	5,501	5,500
Convertible bonds	可換股債券		109,949	-
			117,380	7,734
Total liabilities	負債總額		453,855	388,487
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		717,137	633,510

Joseph C.C. Wong 黃創增 Chairman and Chief Executive Officer 主席及行政總裁

The balance sheet of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 23 June 2016 and was signed on its behalf.

Wallace Kwan Chi Kin 關志堅 Executive Director and

Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer 行政董事及 首席財務總裁

> 董事會在2016年6月23日批准並簽署了本 公司資產負債表。

33 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

公司資產負債及儲備變動表*(續)*

Note:

(a) Reserve movement of the Company

附註	:	

33

(a) 公司儲備變動

			Convertible		
		Share premium 股本	bonds reserve 可換股	Retained earnings 保留	Total
		溢價 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	債券儲備 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	盈利 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	總額 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
At 1 April 2014 Profit for the year Dividends paid	於2014年4月1日 年內溢利 已付股息	1,977 	77,090 	76,406 44,552 (59,649)	155,473 44,552 (59,649)
At 31 March 2015	於2015年3月31日	1,977	77,090	61,309	140,376
At 1 April 2015 Profit for the year Dividends paid	於 2015 年 4 月 1 日 年內溢利 已付股息	1,977 _ 	77 ,090 - -	61,309 28,724 (10,465)	140,376 28,724 (10,465)
At 31 March 2016	於2016年3月31日	1,977	77,090	79,568	158,635

(b) Amounts due from/to subsidiaries

The amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The carrying amounts of these balances approximate their fair values.

(b) 應收及應付附屬公司款項

應收及應付附屬公司的款項為無抵押,免 息及應要求償還。其餘額的賬面價值接近 其公平值。

34	BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTO			RS		34	董事福利及	及權益		
	(A)	Directors' emolu	nents			((A) 董事	酬金		
		The remuneration	of every director is	set out b	elow:		本公	司各董事酉	州金如下:	
		For the year ende	d 31 March 2016:				截至	2016年3	月31日:	
					ctor, whether of	eceivable in resp i the Company o 屬公司已付董事!	r its subsidiary u	services ndertaking:	moluments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection	
			_		Basic salaries, allowances, and benefits	Contributions to retirement benefit	Discretionary	Remunerations paid or receivable in respect of accepting office as	with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary	
		Name		Fees	in kind 基金薪金、	schemes	bonus [†]	director	understating 支付或應收 本公司或其附屬 公司就董事的	Total
		姓名		袍金 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	津貼及 實物利益 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	退休金 供款計劃 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	酌情花紅 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	HK\$'000	其他管理 服務的酬金 HK\$′000 港幣仟元	總額 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
		Joseph C. C. Wong (ii) Lau Tak Bui, Vincent (iii) Kwan Chi Kin, Wallace Sakorn Kanjanapas Mary Ma Alex Wong Kwong Yi Hang, Agnes Wu Chun Sang, Nelson	黄創增(ii) 劉德杯(iii) 關志堅 黃創工 馬雪字爭 鄺行 胡春生	100 20 80 - - 135 135	2,938 798 1,506 - - - -	105 24 18 - - - -	7,341 5,192 1,576 - - - -	-	- - - - - - - -	10,484 6,034 3,180 - - 135 135
		Wu Chi Man, Lawrence	胡志文 —	135 685	- 5,242	- 147	- 14,109	-	-	135 20,183

34 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

(A) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2015:

			ector, whether o	eceivable in resp f the Company or 屬公司已付董事頭	its subsidiary un	ervices	moluments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection	
			Basic salaries, allowances, and benefits	Contributions to retirement benefit	Discretionary	Remunerations paid or receivable in respect of accepting office as	with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary	
Name	Fees	Fees in kind 基金薪金、	schemes	bonus ⁱ	已支付或	understating 支付或應收 本公司或其附屬 公司就董事的	Total	
姓名		袍金 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	津貼及 實物利益 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	退休金 供款計劃 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	酌情花紅 [;] HK\$'000 港幣仟元	就該接受為 董事應收酬金 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	其他管理 服務的酬金 HK\$'000 港幣仟元	總額 HK\$′000 港幣仟元
Joseph C. C. Wong (ii)	黃創增(ii)	100	2,944	104	6,502	-	-	9,650
Lau Tak Bui, Vincent (iii)	劉德杯(iii)	80	2,533	93	5,775	-	-	8,481
Kwan Chi Kin, Wallace	關志堅	80	1,528	18	1,412	-	-	3,038
Sakorn Kanjanapas	黃創江	80	-	-	-	-	-	80
Mary Ma	馬雪征	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alex Wong	黃宇錚	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kwong Yi Hang, Agnes	鄺易行	135	-	-	-	-	-	135
Wu Chun Sang, Nelson	胡春生	135	-	-	-	-	-	135
Wu Chi Man, Lawrence	胡志文	135	-	-	-	-	-	135
		745	7,005	215	13,689	_		21,654

34 董事福利及權益(續)

(A) 董事酬金(續)

截至2015年3月31日:

34 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

(A) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

- ⁱ Discretionary bonus represents the amount paid during the year.
- ⁱⁱ Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong is also the chief executive of the Group.
- ⁱⁱⁱ Mr. Vincent Lau Tak Bui resigned on 1 July 2015 as executive director due to retirement.

During the year, none of the directors waived their emoluments, except Ms. Mary Ma and Mr. Alex Wong waived emoluments of HK\$80,000 each.

(B) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Except as disclosed in Notes 19, 24 and 30, no other significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

34 董事福利及權益(續)

(A) 董事酬金(續)

- · 酌情花紅指年內已付的金額。
- 黃創增先生亦是本集團行政總 裁。
- " 劉德杯先生已於2015年7月1日 因退休辭任執行董事。

年內,概無任何董事放棄酬金,除馬 雪征女士和黃宇錚先生各放棄袍金港 幣80,000元外。

(B) 董事在交易[,]協議或合同的重大利益

除附註19、24及30所披露外,持續 至今年年底或年內任何期間,本公司 董事在有關重大的交易,協議和合同 中,不論是直接或間接,均沒有涉及 重大利益。

35 PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

35 主要附屬公司

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries at 31 March 2016:

截至2016年3月31日,主要附屬公司如下:

	Place of incorporation/		share cap	ulars of ital issued 行股本	Percentage o attributable to 集團所佔權益	the Group
	operation 註冊成立/經營地	Principal activities 主要業務	Number 股數	Value 每股面值	2016	2015
Investment 投資 Stelux Holdings International Group (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding 投資控股	1	US\$1 1美元	100ª	100 ^a
Stelux Holdings Limited 寶光實業(集團)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Investment holding 投資控股	1,000	HK\$1 港幣1元	100	100
Stelux Investments and Properties (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding 投資控股	1	US\$1 1美元	100	100
Thong Sia (BVI) Company Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding 投資控股	1	US\$1 1美元	100	100
Property物業 City Chain Properties Limited 時間廊物業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Property investment 物業投資	2	HK\$1 港幣1元	100	100
Fulani Investment Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Property investment 物業投資	2	HK\$1 港幣1元	100	100
Optical 88 Properties Limited 眼鏡 88 物業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Property investment 物業投資	2	HK\$1 港幣1元	100	100
Oswald Property Management Company Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Property investment 物業投資	2	HK\$100 港幣100元	100	100
Stelux Properties Agency Limited 寶光地產代理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Property agency and management 物業代理及管理	2	HK\$1 港幣1元	100	100
Stelux Properties Limited 寶光地產有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Property management 物業管理	500	HK\$100 港幣100元	100	100

35 PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

35 主要附屬公司(續)

	Place of incorporation/	incorporation/			Percentage of equity attributable to the Group 集團所佔權益的百分比	
	operation 註冊成立/經營地	Principal activities 主要業務	Number 股數	Value 每股面值	2016	2015
 Retailing and trading 零售及貿易						
City Chain Company Limited 時間廊鐘錶有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Watch retailing 鐘錶零售	250,000	HK\$100 港幣100元	100	100
City Chain (M) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia 馬來西亞	Watch retailing 鐘錶零售	3,333,333	RM1 1 令吉	100	100
City Chain (Macau) Company Limited 時間廊鐘錶 (澳門) 有限公司	Macau 澳門	Watch retailing 鐘錶零售	2	MOP5,000 澳門葡幣 5,000元	100	100
City Chain Stores (S) Pte Limited	Singapore 新加坡	Watch retailing 鐘錶零售	1,800,000	\$\$1 新加坡幣 1元	100	100
City Chain (Thailand) Company Limited	Thailand 泰國	Watch retailing 鐘錶零售	200,000 210,000 ^b	Baht100 100 泰銖 Baht100 100 泰銖	100	100
Optical 88 Limited 眼鏡 88 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Optical products 光學產品	33,379,940	HK\$1 港幣1元	100	100
Optical 88 Eyecare (M) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia 馬來西亞	Optical products 光學產品	1,428,572	RM1 1 令吉	100	100
Optical 88 (Macau) Limited 眼鏡 88 (澳門) 有限公司	Macau 澳門	Optical products 光學產品	2	MOP5,000 澳門葡幣 5,000元	100	100
Optical 88(S) Pte Limited	Singapore 新加坡	Optical products 光學產品	500,000	\$\$1 新加坡幣1元	100	100
Optical 88 (Thailand) Company Limited	Thailand 泰國	Optical products 光學產品	245,000 255,000 ^b	Baht10 10泰銖 Baht10 10泰銖	100	100
Pronto Watch S.A.	Switzerland 瑞士	Watch distribution 鐘錶分銷	100	SFr1,000 1,000 瑞士 法郎	100	100

35 **PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

35 主要附屬公司(續)

	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/經營地	Principal activities 主要業務	share ca	culars of pital issued 行股本 Value 每股面值	Percentage of attributable to 集團所佔權益 2016	the Group
 Retailing and trading (Continued) 零售及貿易(續)						
Solvil et Titus S.A.	Switzerland 瑞士	Watch distribution 鐘錶分銷	300	SFr1,000 1,000瑞士 法郎	100	100
Stelux International Licensing Limited	Bahamas 巴哈馬	Trademark holding and licensing 商標持有及特許經營	2	US\$1 1美元	100	100
Stelux Watch Limited 寶光鐘錶有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Watch supply chain management 鐘錶供應鏈管理	1,000,000	HK\$1 港幣1元	100	100
Thong Sia Watch Company Limited 通城鐘錶有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Watch distribution 鐘錶分銷	80,000	HK\$10 港幣10元	100	100
Thong Tai Watch Company Limited 通泰鐘錶有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Watch distribution 鐘錶分銷	2,000	HK\$1,000 港幣1,000元	100	100
Thong Sia Company (Singapore) Pte Limited	Singapore 新加坡	Watch distribution 鐘錶分銷	2,000,000	\$\$1 新加坡幣1元	100	100
Thong Sia Sdn Bhd	Malaysia 馬來西亞	Watch distribution 鐘錶分銷	1,000,000	RM1 1令吉	97.6	97.6
Thong Tai (Taiwan) Company Limited 通泰 (台灣)有限公司	Hong Kong/Taiwan 香港/台灣	Watch distribution 鐘錶分銷	1,000	HK\$10 港幣10元	100	100
Thong Sia (Thailand) Limited	Thailand 泰國	Watch retailing and distribution 鐘錶零售及分銷	20,000	Baht100 100泰銖	100	100
Thong Sia Optics (Hong Kong) Company Limited 通城光學 (香港) 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Optical distribution 眼鏡分銷	5,000	HK\$1,000 港幣1,000元	100	100
Universal Geneve S.A.	Switzerland 瑞士	Watch supply chain management and distribution 鐘錶供應鏈管理及分銷	5,000	SFr1,000 1,000瑞士 法郎	100	100
Catena S.A	Switzerland 瑞士	Manufacture of watch movements 手表機芯製造商	1,016,667	SFr1 1 瑞士 法郎	100 ^c	-
35 **PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

35 主要附屬公司(續)

	Place of incorporation operation 註冊成立/經營地	Principal activities 主要業務	Paid-up capital 繳足資本	Percentage o attributable to t 集團所佔權益 2016	the Group
Retailing and trading (Continued) 零售及貿易(續)					
◆ 首及貝勿 (順) Stelux Thong Sia (Guangdong) Trading Limited 寶光通城 (廣東) 商貿有限公司	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China (foreign- invested commercial enterprise) 中國/中國大陸 (外商投資商 業企業)	Watch retailing, trading and related services 鐘錶零售、貿易及 相關服務	HK\$241,400,000 港幣241,400,000元	100	100
Stelux Thong Sia (Beijing) Trading Limited 寶光通城 (北京) 商貿有限公司	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China (foreign- invested commercial enterprise) 中國/中國大陸 (外商投資商 業企業)	Watch retailing, trading and related services 鐘錶零售、貿易及 相關服務	US\$20,500,000 20,500,000美元	100	100
Stelux-Thong Sia (Shanghai) Trading Limited 寶光通城 (上海) 商貿有限公司	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China (foreign- invested commercial enterprise) 中國/中國大陸 (外商投資商 業企業)	Watch retailing, trading and related services 鐘錶零售、貿易及 相關服務	US\$16,000,000 16,000,000美元	100	100
Baoqing (Chongqing) Trading Limited 寶慶 (重慶) 商貿有限公司	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China (foreign- invested commercial enterprise) 中國/中國大陸 (外商投資商 業企業)	Watch retailing, trading and related services 鐘錶零售、貿易及 相關服務	HK\$32,000,000 港幣32,000,000元	100	100
Baoshi (Guangdong) Company Limited 寶視 (廣東) 視光眼鏡有限公司	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China (foreign- invested commercial enterprise) 中國/中國大陸 (外商投資商 業企業)	Retailing, trading and related optical services 眼鏡產品零售、貿易 及相關服務	HK\$238,890,000 港幣238,890,000元	100	100

35 **PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

35 主要附屬公司(續)

	Place of incorporation operation 註冊成立/經營地	Principal activities 主要業務	Paid-up capital 繳足資本	Percentage of attributable to 集團所佔權益 2016	the Group
Retailing and trading (Continued) 零售及貿易(續)					
Baoshi (Beijing) Company Limited 寶光寶視(北京)眼鏡有限公司	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China (foreign- invested commercial enterprise) 中國/中國大陸 (外商投資商 業企業)	Retailing, trading and related optical services 眼鏡產品零售、貿易 及相關服務	HK\$38,000,000 港幣38,000,000元	100	100
Baoshi (Shanghai) Company Limited 寶視(上海)眼鏡有限公司	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China (foreign- invested commercial enterprise) 中國/中國大陸 (外商投資商 業企業)	Retailing, trading and related optical services 眼鏡產品零售、貿易 及相關服務	RMB23,364,557 人民幣23,364,557元	100	100
Shibao (Chongqing) Trading Limited 視寶 (重慶) 商貿有限公司	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China (foreign- invested commercial enterprise) 中國/中國大陸 (外商投資商 業企業)	Retailing, trading and related optical services 眼鏡產品零售、貿易 及相關服務	HK\$18,000,000 港幣18,000,000元	100	100
 a Directly held subsidiary b Non-redeemable preference shares c 100% equity interest included 88% of equity interest and a right to purchase 12% of equity interest 		a b rest and a c	直接擁有的附屬2 不可贖回優先股 100%權益包括8 購買12%股權		【入認購權

1. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to improve transparency and protect the interests of shareholders in general. The Board of directors (the "Board") of the Company is committed to making sure that effective self-regulatory practices exist to protect the interests of its shareholders. These include a Board comprising experienced and high calibre members, board committees, and effective and sound systems of internal controls.

This Corporate Governance Report ("Report") describes the Company's corporate governance practices with specific reference to the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 (the "Corporate Governance Code") of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). During the financial year ended 31 March 2016, the Company complied with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code except for certain deviations. These deviations with considered reasons are set out in this Report.

2. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions.

The Company has also made specific enquiry of all its directors to ascertain whether they have complied with or whether there has been any non-compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code.

In addition, the Board has established written guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code for relevant employees of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") in respect of these employees' dealings in the securities of the Company.

1. 企業管治常規守則

本集團致力維持高水平企業管治,以確保 維持更高透明度以及維護股東整體利益。 本公司董事會(「董事會」)致力確保具備有 效的自我監察常規,以保障股東的利益, 當中包括設立由資深能幹人員組成的董事 會、董事委員會以及實施有效及完善的內 部控制系統。

本企業管治報告(「報告」) 闡述本公司的 企業管治常規,當中特別參照香港聯合交 易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」) 附錄14所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守 則」)。截至2016年3月31日止財政年度,本 公司已遵守企業管治守則條文,惟本報告 所述偏離事項則除外。偏離守則之因由, 在本報告內亦有詳述。

2. 董事及僱員進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載上市公 司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守 則」)作為董事進行證券交易之操守守則。

本公司亦已向全體董事作出具體查詢,以 確定彼等是否遵守標準守則所載規定標 準,並無違規的情況。

此外,董事會已就本公司及其附屬公司 (「本集團」)有關僱員買賣本公司證券事宜 訂立書面指引,指引條文不比標準守則寬 鬆。

3. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board assumes responsibility for leadership and control of the Group and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Group by directing and supervising its affairs. Every director is expected to discharge his or her duties in good faith and up to the standard of prevailing applicable laws and regulations, acting in the best interests of the Group and the Company's shareholders.

Appointments to the Board are based on merit having regard to an appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge.

Subsequent to the resignation of Ms. Mary Ma and Mr. Alex Wong on or before 30 September 2016, the Board will comprise of 6 members; two executive directors, three independent non-executive directors and one nonexecutive director.

Mr. Vincent Lau Tak Bui resigned as an executive director of the Company on 1 July 2015 due to retirement.

Under Code Provision A.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer ("CEO") should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Under the current organisation structure of the Group, Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong is both Chairman and CEO of the Group. The Board is of the opinion that vesting the roles of both Chairman and CEO in Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group thus enabling more effective and efficient strategic planning for the Group. The Board also believes that the balance of power and authority is not compromised and is adequately ensured by the composition of the existing Board.

The non-executive and independent non-executive directors are highly experienced individuals with a broad range of expertise and experience including in areas such as management accounting, finance, academia and healthcare consulting.Together, they ensure that the Board maintains high standards of financial accounting and other mandatory reporting; providing adequate checks and balances to safeguard the interests of shareholders in general and the Group as a whole.

3. 董事會

董事會負有領導及監控本集團的責任,並 集體負責統管並監督本集團事務以促使其 業務成功。各董事應本著真誠且符合現行 適用法例及法規所訂標準履行其責任,以 本集團及本公司股東之最佳利益行事。

委任董事會成員,會根據技能、經驗、獨 立性及知識的適當比重作考慮。

繼馬雪征女士和黃宇錚先生在2016年9月 30日或之前辭任後,董事會有六名成員, 包括兩名行政董事、三名獨立非行政董事 及一名非行政董事。

劉德杯先生因退休而辭任其董事會行政董 事職務,自2015年7月1日生效。

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.1條規 定,主席與行政總裁(「行政總裁」)的角色 應有區分,並應由不同人士擔任。根據本 集團現有組織架構,黃創增先生現為本集 團主席及行政總裁。董事會認為,主席及 行政總裁之角色由黃創增先生同時兼任, 好處在於確保本集團內統一領導,從而使 本集團之整體策略計劃更有效及有更高效 率。董事會亦相信不會令權力制衡受到影 響,且現時之董事會組成確保有足夠的權 力制衡。

非行政董事及獨立非行政董事為資深專業 人士,各自擁有不同專業知識及經驗,彼 等分別來自包括管理會計、金融、學術及 保健諮詢等界別。彼等須共同確保董事會 維持高水平的財務會計及其他法定匯報機 制,提供足夠檢測及權衡,以保障股東及 本集團整體利益。

To assist the directors to discharge their duties, there are established written procedures to enable the directors, upon reasonable request, to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

The term of office of the Company's non-executive directors, including the independent non-executive directors, is 3 years, subject to retirement by rotation (pursuant to Bye-law 110(A) of the Company's Bye-laws), whichever is the earlier.

Under Code Provision A.4.2, every director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Not all directors of the Company retire strictly under Code Provision A.4.2. The Company's Bye-Laws 110(A) stipulates that, one-third of the directors of the Company who have been longest serving in office since their last election, except the Chairman or CEO, shall retire from office by rotation at each annual general meeting ("AGM").

Both the Board and management have clearly defined roles and responsibilities under various internal controls and check and balance mechanisms. The Board is ultimately responsible for establishing the overall strategic direction of the Group, steering the growth of the Group, setting objectives and business development plans within a set of well-defined core values, monitoring the performance of senior management and assuming responsibility for corporate governance. Management is responsible for formulating policies, implementing strategies and plans, and regularly reports to the Strategy Committee and the Board on the Group's performance and operations. Directors have access to management for enquiries, explanations, briefings or informal discussions on the Group's operations and businesses.

3. 董事會(續)

為協助董事履行職務,董事會已制訂書面 程序,讓董事按合理要求,可在適當情況 下尋求獨立專業意見,有關費用由本公司 支付。

本公司非行政董事(包括獨立非行政董事) 的任期為三年,並須根據本公司的公司細 則第110(A)條規定輪席告退,以較早者為 準。

根據守則條文第A.4.2條,各董事(包括有 指定任期的董事)應最少每三年輪席告退一 次。本公司細則第110(A)條規定除主席或行 政總裁外自上次獲選起計任期最長的三分 一董事須於每次股東週年大會(「股東週年 大會」)輪席告退,並非本公司全體董事均 須嚴格遵照守則條文第A.4.2條告退,惟須 根據本公司的公司細則告退。

董事會及管理層在各項內部監控及制衡機 制下均有明確界定的角色和職責。董事會 負責確立本集團整體策略方向、帶領集團 成長、在界定的核心價值下訂立目標及業 務發展計劃、監察高級管理人員之表現以 及履行企業管治之責任。管理層則負責 定、執行該等策略及計劃,並定期就本集 團之表現及營運向策略委員會及董事會提 交報告。各董事均可聯絡管理層,就本集 團的營運和業務查詢任何問題、要求作出 解答、要求提供簡報或作非正式交流。

Director 董事

The Board held a total of five board meetings and passed circular resolutions during the financial year. At the board meetings, different issues and matters were discussed and reviewed including, approval of the Group's FY14/15 final results and the FY15/16 interim results; reviewing financial and operating performances of the Group; approval of new and/or renewals of borrowing facilities; approval of new and/or renewals of continuing connected transactions; and conducting an annual review of the effectiveness of the system of internal controls of the Company and its subsidiaries for the purposes of Code Provision C.2.1 and C.2.2. Details of the directors' attendance at the Board meetings during the financial year are set out below. All businesses transacted at the Board meetings are welldocumented and the records are maintained in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

3. 董事會(續)

董事會於本財政年度共舉行五次董事會會 議並通過多項書面決議案。在該五次董事 會會議上討論及檢討多方面事宜,包括通 過本集團14/15財政年度末期業績及15/16 財政年度中期業績;檢討本集團財務及營 運表現;批准新及/或重續借貸融資;批 准新及/或重續持續關連交易;及按照守 則條文第C.2.1條及C.2.2條,對本公司及其 附屬公司的內部監控制度的成效進行年度 檢討。於本財政年度,各董事於董事會會 議之出席詳情載列如下。於董事會會議討 論之各項事務均詳細記錄,並按照適用法 例及法規存備有關記錄。

Date of board meeting	董事會會議舉行日期	Total no. of Directors 董事總人數	No. of Directors present 出席董事人數
25 June 2015	2015年6月25日	8	7
20 July 2015	2015年7月20日	8	7
6 November 2015	2015年11月6日	8	7
19 January 2016	2016年1月19日	8	7
8 March 2016	2016年3月8日	8	7

No. of board meetings attended/held in FY15/16

於15/16財政年度

出席/召開之董事會會議數目

Executive Directors	行政董事	
Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong (Chairman and	黃創增先生(主席及行政總裁)	
Chief Executive Officer)		5/5
Mr. Vincent Lau Tak Bui (Chief Operating Officer)	劉德杯先生(首席營運總監)	1/5
(retired as a director of the Company	(於2015年7月1日退休)	
on 1 July 2015)		
Mr. Wallace Kwan Chi Kin (Chief Financial Officer)	關志堅先生(首席財務總裁)	5/5
Non-executive Directors	非行政董事	
Mr. Sakorn Kanjanapas	黃創江先生	0/5
Ms. Mary Ma	馬雪征女士	5/5
Mr. Alex Wong	黄宇錚先生	5/5
Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang (independent)	胡春生先生(獨立)	5/5
Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man (independent)	胡志文教授 <i>(獨立)</i>	5/5
Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang (independent)	鄺易行博士 <i>(獨立)</i>	5/5

During the financial year, the Company held its AGM on 17 August 2015. No other general meetings were held during the financial year. Details of the directors' attendance at the AGM are set out below:

17 August 2015

Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong Mr. Wallace Kwan Chi Kin Mr. Alex Wong Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang

The Board is supplied with relevant information by management pertaining to matters to be brought before the Board for decision as well as reports relating to operational and financial performance of the Group before each regular board meeting. At least 14 day's notice of a regular board meeting is given to all directors giving them the opportunity to attend. Board papers are despatched to directors generally at least 3 days before the meeting and in any event as soon as practicable, in all instances, ensuring that they have sufficient time to review the papers and be adequately prepared for the meeting.

The proceedings of the Board at its meetings are generally conducted by the Chairman of the Company who ensures that sufficient time is allocated for discussion and consideration of each item on the agenda and also equal opportunities are given to directors to speak, express their views and share their concerns. The Chairman held one meeting on 23 March 2016 with the non-executive directors (including independent nonexecutive directors) without the executive directors present.

Under Code Provision A.6.5, all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. As such the directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development. The directors were furnished with reading materials on the topics of "Inside Information" and "Director's Duties" and these materials would have constituted about 5 hours of reading time.

3. 董事會(續)

於本財政年度,本公司於2015年8月17日 舉行股東週年大會。於本財政年度概無舉 行其他股東大會。董事出席股東週年大會 之詳情載列如下:

2015 年 8 月 17 日 黃創增先生 關志堅先生 黃宇錚先生 胡春生先生 胡志文教授 鄺易行博士

於每次定期董事會會議召開前,管理人員 會向董事會提供與將提呈董事會決議事項 有關之資料以及有關本集團營運及財務表 現之報告。於定期董事會會議舉行至少14 天前向全體董事發出通告,讓董事有機會 出席。董事會文件一般須於會議舉行至少3 天前派發予董事,並無論如何應在切實可 行情況下盡快作出有關安排,以確保董事 有足夠時間審閱會議文件及為會議作出充 足準備。

董事會之會議程序通常由本公司主席主 持,彼須確保分配足夠時間讓董事就各項 議程作出討論及審議,同時亦給予各董事 均等機會發言,提出意見及表達其關注的 事項。在無行政董事出席的情況下,主席 與非行政董事(包括獨立非行政董事)於 2016年3月23日舉行了一次會議。

根據守則條文第A.6.5條,所有董事均須參 加持續專業發展以發展及更新其知識及技 能。因此,本公司鼓勵董事參加持續專業 發展。各董事均透過閱讀「內幕消息」及「董 事職責」材料,已構成5小時的閱讀時數。

Professional development seminars attended by the directors during the financial year are set out below:

Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong attended a seminar on "Director's Duties and New Companies Ordinance" .

Mr. Wallace Kwan Chi Kin attended a seminar on "Director's Duties and New Companies Ordinance".

Ms. Mary Ma attended a seminar on "In-house briefing HKEx Corporate Governance Code Changes – Risk Management and Internal Controls".

Mr. Alex Wong attended a seminar on "INED Forum".

Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang attended a seminar on "INED Forum".

Mr. Nelson Wu Chi Man attended the following:-

- (i) Seminar on Corporate Fraud Problems and Possible Solutions;
- (ii) Financial Instruments;
- (iii) Seminar on Common Misconceptions in China Tax and the Consequences of Non-compliances;
- (iv) Seminar on IFRS Challenges;
- (v) Financial Reporting Update? New Hong Kong Companies Ordinance;
- (vi) How a multinational company leveraged its ERP system to optimize operational efficiency;
- (vii) Recent trends and developments in China Transfer Pricing;
- (viii) Changes in Financial Reporting under the New Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

3. 董事會(續)

本財政年度董事曾閱讀的其他閱讀材料或 出席的專業發展研討會如下:

黄創增先生出席「公司董事責任及新公司條 例」研討會。

關志堅先生出席「公司董事責任及新公司條 例」研討會。

馬雪征女士出席"In-house briefing HKEx Corporate Governance Code Changes – Risk Management and Internal Controls"。

黄宇錚先生出席"INED Forum"研討會。

鄺易行博士出席"INED Forum"研討會。

胡春生先生出席以下研討會:-

- Seminar on Corporate Fraud –
 Problems and Possible Solutions;
- (ii) Financial Instruments;
- (iii) Seminar on Common Misconceptions in China Tax and the Consequences of Non-compliances;
- (iv) Seminar on IFRS Challenges;
- (v) Financial Reporting Update? New Hong Kong Companies Ordinance;
- (vi) How a multinational company leveraged its ERP system to optimize operational efficiency;
- (vii) Recent trends and developments in China Transfer Pricing;
- (viii) Changes in Financial Reporting under the New Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

4. BOARD DIVERSITY

(1) Policy on Board Diversity

- a. We embrace diversity by being inclusive.
- b. We believe in meritocracy irrespective of gender, ethnicity, culture, generation or geography.
- c. We believe that an optimal and balanced board should comprise of individuals with an appropriate balance of different skills, educational and industry background, experience, independence and knowledge.

(2) Objective and Benefits of Board Diversity

To remain competitive in a globalised world, board diversity is at the forefront of the Group's agenda. We believe in diversity and inclusiveness as these bring to the boardroom a spectrum of perspectives and opinions, necessary as we navigate our businesses through a more complex market place and as our customers' aspirations grow in sophistication.

5. COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is an employee of the Company and has day to day knowledge of the Group's affairs. She reports to the Chairman and CEO. The Board has access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure that board procedures and all applicable laws, rules and regulations, are followed.

The Company Secretary attended the following professional development seminars receiving around 20 hours of training during the financial year:-

- (i) Risk Governance;
- (ii) Data privacy in Mainland China;

- 4. 董事會成員多元化
 - (1) 董事會成員多元化政策
 - a. 董事會兼收並蓄,奉行多元化 政策。
 - b. 本集團用人唯才,不論性別、 種族、文化、年紀或地域。
 - c. 本集團相信,一個至優及均衡 的董事會應由在不同技能、教 育及行業背景、經驗及知識之 間適度平衡的人士組成。

(2) 董事會成員多元化的目標及裨益

為在全球化的世界中保持競爭力,董 事會成員多元化對本集團而言至為重 要。本集團相信多元化及兼收並蓄, 因會為董事會提供更全面的觀點與看 法,對本集團在日趨複雜的市場開展 業務以及滿足本集團客戶不斷提高且 複雜多樣的期望實屬必要。

5. 公司秘書

本公司的公司秘書為本公司的僱員,瞭解 本集團的日常事務。公司秘書向主席及行 政總裁報告。公司秘書向董事會提供建議 及服務以確保遵守董事會程序及所有適用 法律、規則及規例。

公司秘書已於本財政年度出席以下專業發 展研討會,接受約20個小時的培訓:

- (i) Risk Governance;
- (ii) Data privacy in Mainland China;

5. COMPANY SECRETARY (Continued)

(iii) Listing compliance update;

Listing enforcement strategy, current theme and case study; and

Integrity Management and Corruption Prevention;

- (iv) Hong Kong and PRC Employment Law Review 2015;
- (v) PRC Labour Law;
- (vi) The IP Year Ahead 2016;
- (vii) Director's Duties and New Companies Ordinance.

6. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the preparation of the Group's accounts and has delegated this responsibility to the Group CFO. The Group CFO and his team are responsible for preparing interim and annual financial statements based on generally accepted accounting principles in Hong Kong ensuring that the financial statements present a fair and true view of the results and the financial position of the Group and that they comply with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations. The Group CFO maintains regular communications with the external auditors. He also plays a role in reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the Group's financial risk management. During the fiscal year, the Group CFO was also responsible for overseeing the Group's investor relations activities.

A statement by the Group's external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers about their reporting responsibilities on the Group's financial statements are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 38.

The Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company and its subsidiaries ability to continue as a going concern.

- 5. 公司秘書(續)
 - (iii) Listing compliance update;

Listing enforcement strategy, current theme and case study; and

Integrity Management and Corruption Prevention;

- (iv) Hong Kong and PRC Employment Law Review 2015;
- (v) PRC Labour Law;
- (vi) The IP Year Ahead 2016;
- (vii) Director's Duties and New Companies Ordinance.

6. 問責及審核

董事會知悉其肩負編製本集團賬目之責 任,並已將此責任委派予集團首席財務總 裁。集團首席財務總裁及其屬下人員負責 遵照香港公認會計原則編製中期及年度財 務報表,確保財務報表真實及公平地反映 本集團的業績及財務狀況,並遵守香港公 司條例、上市規則及其他適用法例及法規 之披露規定。集團首席財務總裁須定期與 外聘核數師溝通。集團首席財務總裁須定期與 外聘核數師溝通。集團首席財務總裁在本 集團財務風險管理方面亦擔當審核及向董 事會作出建議的角色。於財政年內,集團 首席財務總裁亦負責監管本集團投資者關 係事務。

本集團外聘核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務 所就其對本集團財務報表的責任而作出的 聲明載於第38頁獨立核數師報告。

董事會並未注意到任何與或對本公司及其 附屬公司持續經營能力構成重大疑慮之事 件或情況有關之重大不確定因素。

7. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Description

8.

The Company appointed PricewaterhouseCoopers as the external auditor of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries at the respective 2015 annual general meetings until the conclusion of the next annual general meetings. During the year, HK\$4,749,000 was paid or payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers for the provision of audit services. Details of nature for non-audit related services provided by and the fee paid or payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers are set out as below:

7. 核數師酬金

本公司於2015年股東週年大會委任羅兵咸 永道會計師事務所為本公司及若干其附屬 公司之外聘核數師,任期直至下屆股東週 年大會結束為止。年內,本公司就羅兵咸 永道會計師事務所提供之核數服務向其支 付或應付港幣4,749,000元。羅兵咸永道會 計師事務所提供之非核數相關服務性質及 向其支付或應付費用之詳情如下:

ΠΛ¢

的 簡介			港幣元
Taxation compliance Advisory and other services		税務遵規 顧問及其他服務	786,000 607,000
The Group also engaged other auditors in Hong Kong and overseas for auditing and miscellaneous services and total fees paid amounted to HK\$985,000.		本集團亦於香港及海外委聘其他核數 供核數及不同服務,所支付費用合共 985,000元。	
BOARD COMMITTEES	8.	董事委員會	

To assist the Board in the discharge of its duties, the Board is supported by five board committees. Each committee has its defined scope of duties and terms of reference and the committee members are empowered to make decisions on matters within the terms of reference of each committee. 為協助董事會履行職務,在董事會以下設 有五個董事委員會。各委員會有既定的職 責及職權範圍,委員會成員獲授權可就各 委員會職權範圍內的事項作出決策。

(1) Strategy Committee

The Strategy Committee comprises of two executive directors, namely, Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong (Chairman of the Strategy Committee, Group Chairman and CEO), Mr. Wallace Kwan Chi Kin (Group CFO) and two non-executive directors, namely, Ms. Mary Ma and Mr. Alex Wong . The Strategy Committee meets regularly and its terms of reference includes providing recommendations to the Board on changes to the Group's organisational structure; formulation of key performance indicators for the Group's businesses, annual budgets; and to advise the Board on strategic matters as thought fit and necessary for the expansion and future development of the Group.

The Committee met seven times during the financial year and up to the date of this Report.

Attendance of directors at the Strategy Committee Meetings held on:

Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong Mr. Vincent Lau Tak Bui (up to 1 July 2015) Ms. Mary Ma Mr. Alex Wong Mr. Wallace Kwan Chi Kin

8. 董事委員會(續)

(1) 策略委員會

本公司策略委員會由二名行政董事黃 創增先生(策略委員會主席、本集團 主席及行政總裁)及關志堅先生(集團 首席財務總監)以及兩名非行政董事 馬雪征女士及黃字錚先生組成。策略 委員會定期舉行會議及其職權範圍包 括就改變本集團組織架構向董事會提 供推薦建議;就本集團的業務及年度 預算制訂主要表現指標;及就認為對 本集團擴展及日後發展合適及必要的 策略事宜向董事會提出意見。

委員會於本財政年度內及截至本報告 日期已舉行七次會議。

董事於下列日期舉行的策略委員會會 議的出席情況:

2015年4月23日 2015年6月23日 2015年8月31日 2015年10月13日 2015年11月16日 2016年2月3日 2016年4月8日

黃創增先生 劉德杯先生(至2015年7月1日) 馬雪征女士 黃字錚先生 關志堅先生

(2) Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises of three independent non-executive directors, namely, Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang (Chairman of the Audit Committee), Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man and Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang and two non-executive directors, namely, Ms. Mary Ma and Mr. Alex Wong.

The terms of reference of the Committee are aligned with the recommendations set out in the Listing Rules and the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code. The Committee provides advice and recommendations to the Board and oversees all matters relating to the external auditors, thus playing an important role in monitoring and safeguarding the independence of the external auditors.

The Committee met four times during the financial year and up to the date of this Report together with the external auditors in three meetings to discuss matters, including, the Group's audit service plan, the review of accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and other financial reporting matters; to ensure the completeness, accuracy and fairness of the financial statements of the Company; to discuss the effectiveness of the systems of internal control throughout the Group including the adequacy of resources, gualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget; to review all significant business affairs managed by the executive directors in particular on continuing connected transactions and to review the Group's results for the year ended 31 March 2016 and interim results for 2015/2016 before they were presented to the Board for approval.

8. 董事委員會 (續)

(2) 審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非行政董事胡 春生先生(審核委員會主席)、胡志文 教授及鄺易行博士及兩名非行政董事 馬雪征女士及黃字錚先生組成。

委員會的職權範圍乃根據上市規則所 載建議及企業管治守則所載守則條文 而制定。委員會向董事會提供意見及 建議,並監督與外聘核數師有關的所 有事宜,因此,其在監察及保持外聘 核數師獨立性方面扮演重要角色。

委員會於本財政年度內及截至本報告 日期期間舉行四次會議,其中三次連 同外聘核數師,會議討論之事項包括 本集團之核數服務計劃、檢討本集團 採納的會計原則及慣例以及其他財務 報告事項;確保本公司財務報表的完 整性、準確性及公平性;檢討本集團 整體內部監控制度的成效,包括在會 計及財務匯報職能方面是否擁有充足 的資源、員工是否具備足夠的資歷及 經驗,並已接受充足的培訓,及是否 備有充足的預算;檢討行政董事負責 的一切重要商業事務,特別是持續關 連交易;以及在呈報本集團截至2016 年3月31日止年度業績及2015/2016 財政年度中期業績予董事會核准前, 審閱該等業績。

8.

BOARD COMMITTEES (Continued) 8. (2) Audit Committee (Continued) Attendance of directors at the Audit Committee Meetings held on: 18 March 2016 Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang Mr. Alex Wong 22 June 2015 23 November 2015 20 June 2016 Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang Ms. Mary Ma Mr. Alex Wong Ms. Mary Ma appointed Mr. Alex Wong as alternate director to act on her behalf in her absence at the Committee meeting held on 18 March 2016.

(3) Remuneration Committee

The Company's Remuneration Committee comprises of Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang, Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang (all independent non-executive directors of the Company, Ms. Mary Ma Xuezheng (non-executive director) and Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong (Group Chairman and CEO).

- . 董事委員會(*續*)
 - (2) 審核委員會(續)

董事於下列日期舉行的審核委員會會 議的出席情況:

2016年3月18日 胡春生先生 胡志文教授 鄺易行博士 黃字錚先生

2015年6月22日 2015年11月23日 2016年6月20日 胡春生先生 胡志文教授 鄺易行博士 馬雪征女士 黃字錚先生

馬雪征女士未能出席2016年3月18日 舉行之委員會會議,委任黃宇錚先生 為替任董事,代表其出席。

(3) 薪酬委員會

本公司的薪酬委員會由胡志文教授 (薪酬委員會主席)、胡春生先生、鄺 易行博士(均為本公司獨立非行政董 事)、馬雪征女士(非行政董事)及黃 創增先生(本集團主席及行政總裁)組 成。

(3) Remuneration Committee (Continued)

Code Provision B.1.2 deals with the terms of reference of the remuneration committee. The Company has adopted the terms of reference under Code Provision B.1.2 except that the terms of reference do not include reviewing and determining the remuneration packages of senior management. The Company believes that the remuneration packages of senior management should be the responsibility of the executive directors as they are in a better position to appraise the performance of senior management. The Remuneration Committee determines with delegated responsibility the remuneration packages of its individual executive directors. The basic salaries of its executive directors are reviewed annually, and unless there are exceptional circumstances, increases if any, generally align with the average annual increment for the Group's office staff in Hong Kong.

The Committee met once during the financial year and up to the date of this Report. At this meeting, the Committee conducted annual reviews of the basic salaries of its executive directors and determined the annual bonus scheme for FY15/16 for its executive directors.

Attendance of directors at the Remuneration Committee Meeting held on:

21 August 2015

Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang Ms. Mary Ma

8. 董事委員會*(續)*

(3) 薪酬委員會(續)

守則條文第B.1.2條載有有關薪酬委員 會的職權範圍。本公司已採納守則條 文第B.1.2條所載的職權範圍,惟不 包括有關檢討及釐定高級管理人員薪 酬待遇的部分。本公司認為行政董事 較適合評估高級管理人員的表現,因 此,釐定高級管理人員的表現,因 此,釐定高級管理人員的薪酬待遇應 由行政董事負責。薪酬委員會的職責 為釐定行政董事個人的報酬。其行政 董事的基本薪金會每年進行審閱,除 非有特殊情況,增幅(如有)一般與本 集團香港辦事處職員的平均年度增幅 相同。

於本財政年度及截至本報告日期,委員會曾舉行一次會議。於該會議上, 委員會對其行政董事之基本薪酬作出 年度檢討及釐定其行政董事15/16財 政年度的年度花紅計劃。

董事於下列日期舉行的薪酬委員會會 議的出席情況:

2015年8月21日

胡志文教授 黃創增先生 胡春生先生 鄺易行博士 馬雪征女士

(4) Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises of Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong (Chairman of the Nomination Committee, Group Chairman and CEO), three independent non-executive directors, namely, Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang, Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man, Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang and a non-executive director, Mr. Alex Wong.

Code Provision A.5.3 deals with the terms of reference of a nomination committee. The Company has adopted the terms of reference under Code Provision A.5.3. During the financial year, and up to the date of this Report, the Committee met once. At this meeting, the Committee reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board and considered the independence of Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang having served 12 years by the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The Committee nominated Mr. Nelson Wu Chung Sang for re-election as an independent non-executive director at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. In the nomination process, the Committee proposes the most appropriate individual with the right balance of skills, experience, and industry background for the position based on merit irrespective of gender, ethnicity, culture, generation or geography.

Attendance of directors at the Nomination Committee Meetings held on:

23 June 2016

Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang Mr. Alex Wong

8. 董事委員會(續)

(4) 提名委員會

本公司的提名委員會由黃創增先生 (提名委員會主席、本集團主席及行 政總裁),三名獨立非行政董事胡春 生先生、胡志文教授、鄺易行博士及 一名非行政董事黃宇錚先生組成。

守則條文第A.5.3條載有有關提名委員 會的職權範圍。本公司已採納守則條 文第A.5.3條所載的職權範圍。於本 財政年度及截至本報告日期,委員會 曾舉行一次會議。於該等會議,委員 會檢討董事會架構、規模及組成,有 鑑於截至應屆股東週年大會胡春生先 生獲委任為獨立非行政董事已12年, 考慮到其獨立性,委員會提名胡春生 先生於應屆股東週年大會重選為獨立 非行政董事。於提名過程中,委員會 建議根據能力提名具有勝任該職位的 技能、經驗及行業背景的合適人選, 而不論性別、種族、文化、年紀或地 域。

董事於下列日期舉行的提名委員會會 議的出席情況:

2016年6月23日

黃創增先生 胡志文教授 胡春生先生 鄺易行博士 黃宇錚先生

(5) Corporate Governance Committee

Stelux recognises that adopting proper systems, running our businesses within a strong legal framework of rules and procedures, underpinned by sound business ethics are essential to safeguarding the economic performance of the Group and our shareholders' interests in a sustainable manner. The Corporate Governance Committee comprises Mr. Wallace Kwan Chi Kin (Chief Financial Officer, appointed as Chairman of the Committee with effect from 1 July 2015 in place of Mr. Vincent Lau Tak Bui, who resigned as Chairman of the Committee with effect from 1 July 2015), three independent non-executive directors, namely, Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang, Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man, Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang and two non-executive directors, namely, Ms. Mary Ma and Mr. Alex Wong.

Code Provision D.3.1 deals with the terms of reference of a corporate governance committee. The Company has adopted the terms of reference under Code Provision D.3.1. The Corporate Governance Committee held one meeting during the financial year. At this meeting, the Committee amongst other things, reviewed the Company's compliance with the Code Provisions and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report. Quarterly sales turnover updates are voluntarily issued by the Company and a whistleblowing policy is in place. With the implementation of the statutory disclosure regime for inside information under the Securities and Futures (Amendment) Ordinance 2012 on 1 January 2013, systems are in place on reporting and dissemination of inside information.

8. 董事委員會(*續*)

(5) 企業管治委員會

寶光認為以良好的商業道德為本,採 用合適的體制,按由規則及程序構成 的健全法律框架下經營業務,乃保障 本集團財務表現及以可持續的方式保 障股東權益的基礎。企業管治委員會 由關志堅先生(首席財務總裁,獲委 任為委員會主席自2015年7月1日起 生效)代替劉德杯先生(企業管治委員 會主席及本集團首席營運總監,辭去 委員會主席職務,自2015年7月1日 起生效)、三名獨立非行政董事胡春 生先生、胡志文教授、鄺易行博士及 兩名非行政董事馬雪征女士及黃宇錚 先生組成。

守則條文第D.3.1條載有有關企業管 治委員會的職權範圍。本公司已採 納守則條文第D.3.1條所載的職權範 圍。企業管治委員會於本財政年度曾 舉行一次會議。於該次會議,委員會 (其中包括)檢討本公司對守則條文 的遵守及於企業管治報告內的披露情 況。本公司已自願發佈最新季度銷售 營業額及已實施一項舉報政策。隨着 2012年證券及期貨(修訂)條例下的內 幕消息法定披露政策於2013年1月1 日起生效,本公司已制定申報及發放 內幕消息的體制。

(5) Corporate Governance Committee (Continued)

Attendance of directors at the Corporate Governance Committee Meeting held on:

18 March 2016

Mr. Wallace Kwan Chi Kin Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang Ms. Mary Ma Mr. Alex Wong

The above board committees report to the Board on a regular basis. All businesses transacted at the board committee meetings are recorded and minuted. The terms of reference of four of the above board committees are available on the Company's website at www.stelux.com.

9. INTERNAL CONTROLS

The internal controls and accounting systems of the Group are designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against unauthorised use or disposition, transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorisation and the accounting records are reliable for preparing financial information used within the business or for publication and reflecting accountability for assets and liabilities.

The key responsibilities of the Group's Compliance and Internal Controls Department, include:

- to review cost control and performance efficiency of all business units;
- to identify areas for improvement in the Group's system of internal controls and to propose necessary recommendations to the Board; and
- to carry out internal audit work at business units.

- 8. 董事委員會(續)
 - (5) 企業管治委員會(續)

董事於下列日期舉行的企業管治委員 會會議的出席情況:

2016年3月18日

上述董事委員會定期向董事會報告。於董 事委員會會議進行的所有事項均有記錄及 記入會議記錄。上述其中四個董事委員會 的職權範圍於本公司網站www.stelux.com 可供瀏覧。

9. 內部監控

本集團訂立內部監控及會計制度,旨在合 理保障資產,免在未經授權情況下被使用 或處置,及確保所有交易均在管理層授權 的情況下進行,而會計賬目能可靠地被用 作編製公司內部或對外發表的財務資料, 並如實地反映公司的資產和負債狀況。

本集團遵規及內部監控部門的主要責任包 括:

- 檢討所有業務部門的成本控制及表現 效率;
- 識別改善本集團內部監控系統的範疇,並向董事會作出必要的建議;及
- 於各業務部門進行內部審核工作。

9. INTERNAL CONTROLS (Continued)

Under Code Provision C.2.1, the directors should at least annually conduct a review of the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls system reporting to the Company's shareholders in the Corporate Governance Report. The review should cover all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.

Under Code Provision C.2.2, the Board's annual review should, in particular, consider the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function.

The Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal controls and accounting systems of the Company and its subsidiaries and a board meeting was held on 18 March 2016 for such a review for the period from 1 April 2015 up to and including 18 March 2016. The Board reported that there were no changes in the nature and extent of significant risks and there were no material changes in the control environment during the period under review. According to the opinion of the Board, the Company and its subsidiaries have established sound internal control systems so that our shareholders' investment and the Company's assets are safeguarded. Moreover, in the opinion of the Board, the Company's accounting and financial reporting function was adequately resourced with staff holding appropriate qualifications and experience and with sufficient training and budget provided by the Company.

The effectiveness of the system of internal controls and the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function and their training programmes and budget will be reviewed annually.

9. 內部監控(續)

根據守則條文第C.2.1條,董事應最少每 年對集團內部監控制度的成效進行一次檢 討,並在企業管治報告中向本公司股東匯 報。有關檢討應涵蓋所有重要的監控方 面,包括財務、營運及遵規以及風險管理 職能。

根據守則條文第C.2.2條,董事會的年度檢 討應特別審視公司是否擁有充足的資源、 員工是否具備足夠的資歷及經驗,並已接 受充足的培訓,及是否在本集團會計及財 務匯報職能方面備有充足的預算。

董事會已對本公司及其附屬公司之內部監 控制度與會計制度是否有效進行檢討,並 就由2015年4月1日至2016年3月18日(包 括該日)期間之檢討於2016年3月18日舉行 董事會會議。董事會謹呈報,本公司重大 風險的性質及程度並無改變,而監控環境 在受檢討期間亦無重大改變。根據董事會 之意見,本公司及其附屬公司已設立良好 之同部監控制度,可保障股東之投資及本 公司之資產。此外,董事會認為,本公司 在會計及財務匯報職能方面擁有充足的資 源、員工具備足夠的資歷及經驗,並已接 受充足的培訓,及本公司已提供充足的預 算。

今後將每年檢討內部監控制度是否有效、 在會計及財務匯報職能方面是否擁有充足 的資源、員工是否具備足夠的資歷及經 驗,並已接受充足的培訓,及是否備有充 足的預算。

10. INVESTOR RELATIONS

To promote and enhance investor relations, press meetings, roadshows, and meetings with the investment community are held regularly. The Group values constant dialogue with existing and prospective investors as a way to increase understanding of the Group's business models and the way we conduct our businesses.

11. SHAREHOLDERS RIGHTS

(1) How shareholders can convene an extraordinary general meeting

Shareholders may request to convene an extraordinary general meeting in accordance with section 74 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981:

- The directors of a company, notwithstanding i. anything in its bye-laws shall, on the requisition of members of the company holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital of the company as at the date of the deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings of the company, or, in the case of a company not having a share capital, members of the company representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having at the said date a right to vote at general meetings of the company, forthwith proceed duly to convene a special general meeting of the company.
- ii. The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the company, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

10. 投資者關係

本集團重視與現有及潛在投資者作緊密交 流及與投資界定期舉行的記者招待會、路 演及會議。本公司將繼續大力提倡和加強 投資者關係,以提高其對本集團業務模式 及開展業務方式的了解。

11. 股東權利

(1) 股東要求召開股東特別大會程序

股東可根據百慕達《1981年公司法》第 74條要求召開股東特別大會:

- i. 任何公司董事,儘管公司細則 有所規定,如收到公司股東呈 請,於提出呈請之日持有不少 於公司於提出呈請之日已繳股 本十分之一並享有在公司股東 大會的投票權,或如公司沒有 股本,則公司股東代表於提出 呈請之日持有不少於公司所有 股東於股東大會上投票的總投 票權的十分之一,則應立刻召 開公司股東特別大會。
- ii. 呈請必須列明會議目的,由呈 請人簽署及投寄至公司註冊辦 事處,及可包括由多於一位呈 請人簽署的同一格式的多份文 件。

11. SHAREHOLDERS RIGHTS (Continued)

- (1) How shareholders can convene an extraordinary general meeting (*Continued*)
 - iii. If the directors do not within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.
 - iv. A meeting convened under this section by the requisitionists shall be convened in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are to be convened by directors.
 - v. Any reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists by reason of the failure of the directors duly to convene a meeting shall be repaid to the requisitionists by the company, and any sum so repaid shall be retained by the company out of any sums due or to become due from the company by way of fees or other remuneration in respect of their services to such directors as were in default.

(2) Procedures by which enquiries may be put to the board and sufficient contact details to enable these enquiries to be properly directed

Shareholders may send their enquiries to the Board by addressing them to the Company Secretary in writing to:

(i) the Company's head office, 27/F, Stelux House, 698 Prince Edward Road East, San Po Kong, Kowloon, Hong Kong; or (ii) by email to shareholdersenquiries@stelux.com.

11. 股東權利(續)

- (1) 股東要求召開股東特別大會程序(續)
 - iii. 如董事自收到呈請後21天內仍 未召開大會;該等呈請人,或 代表多於全體呈請人一半的總 投票權的任何呈請人,則可以 自行召開大會,但任何大會皆 不能在呈請日起超過三個月後 召開。
 - iv. 在此條例下由該等呈請人召開的大會須盡可能與由董事召開大會的形式一樣。
 - v. 如因董事未能召開大會,任何 由該等呈請人支付的合理費 用,將由公司付回呈請人。已 支付數額將從公司支付給該不 履行責任董事的袍金或薪酬內 扣除。
- (2) 股東可向董事會提出查詢的程序,並 提供足夠的聯絡資料以便有關查詢可 獲恰當處理

股東可以書面方式透過公司秘書向董 事會提出問題,郵寄地址為:

(i)香港九龍新蒲崗太子道東698號寶光
 商業中心27樓本公司總辦事處;或(ii)
 電郵至shareholdersenquiries@stelux.
 com。

11. SHAREHOLDERS RIGHTS (Continued)

(3) Procedures and sufficient contact details for putting forward proposals at shareholders' meetings

Shareholders may, subject to (1) above, by way of request in writing request a shareholders' meeting to be convened for the purpose of considering a certain matter, addressing the request to the Company Secretary at:

the Company's head office, 27/F, Stelux House, 698 Prince Edward Road East, San Po Kong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

12. COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company attaches great importance to communication with its shareholders and investors. To foster effective communications, the Company provides extensive information in its annual report, interim report and also publishes information relating to the Group and its businesses on its website: www.stelux.com.

The Company regards the AGM as a platform to provide an important opportunity for direct communications between the Board and the Company's shareholders. All directors and senior management will make an effort to attend. External auditors will also attend the AGM. The chairman of the Audit, Remuneration, Nomination and Corporate Governance Committees were all present at the Company's AGM held in 2015. Shareholders are given at least 20 clear business days or 21 days' notice of the AGM (whichever is the longer) and are encouraged to attend the AGM and other shareholders' meetings. The Company supports the Corporate Governance Code principle to encourage shareholders' participation.

Shareholders may send any enquiries they have by addressing them to the Company Secretary in writing to:

(i) the Company's head office, 27/F, Stelux House, 698 Prince Edward Road East, San Po Kong, Kowloon, Hong Kong; (ii) or by email to shareholdersenquiries@stelux.com.

- 11. 股東權利(續)
 - (3) 在股東大會提出建議的程序及足夠的 聯絡資料

在受限於上述第(1)條的情況下,股東 可向公司秘書發出書面要求,要求召 開股東大會以考慮若干事宜,郵寄地 址為:

香港九龍新蒲崗太子道東698號寶光 商業中心27樓本公司總辦事處。

12. 與股東之間的溝通

本公司十分重視與其股東和投資者的溝 通。為促進有效的溝通,本公司在年度報 告、中期報告中詳盡公佈本集團的資料, 亦透過其網站www.stelux.com發佈關於本 集團及其業務的資料。

股東週年大會為董事會與本公司股東提供 直接溝通的重要渠道。全體董事及高級管 理人員會盡量抽空出席股東週年大會。外 聘核數師亦會出席股東週年大會。密核委 員會主席、薪酬委員會主席、提名委員會 主席及企業管治委員會主席也有出席本公 司於2015年舉行的股東週年大會。本公司 會於舉行股東週年大會前最少20個完整營 業日或21日向股東發出會議通知(以時間較 長者為準),並鼓勵股東出席股東週年大會 及其他股東會議。本公司堅守企業管治守 則,鼓勵股東出席會議。

股東如有任何查詢,可以書面方式郵寄至:

(i)本公司總辦事處(地址為香港九龍新蒲崗 太子道東698號寶光商業中心27樓);或(ii) 電郵至shareholdersenquiries@stelux.com向 公司秘書提交。

13. CODE OF CONDUCT

To enhance the ethical standards of employees, the Company has an employee handbook, setting out the Group's requisite standards and an ethical code of conduct for all employees of the Group. Employees at all levels are expected to conduct themselves in an honest, diligent and responsible manner.

14. CONCLUSION

The Company recognises that adopting good corporate governance principles and practices are important for the success of the Group and as such we will continue to strengthen and improve the standard and quality of the Group's corporate governance.

13. 操守守則

為提高僱員的操守標準,本公司設有員工 手冊,為本集團全體員工列明集團所要求 的標準及操守守則條文。預期各階級員工 均以忠誠、盡職及負責的態度行事。

14. 總結

本公司認為採納良好的企業管治原則及慣 例對本集團的成功至關重要,因此本公司 將繼續加強及改善本集團企業管治的水平 及質素。

COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

Our Policies

In respect of Community Involvement, Stelux' mission is to strive to be a part of our communities, to serve and contribute by promoting corporate social responsibility. Our motto is to "Connect through Love", and, through this we hope to:-

- 1. show love, to give hope and to support the disadvantaged;
- 2. encourage compassion and empathy in our employees;
- 3. foster a sense of community within Stelux; and
- 4. empower through education.

As we engage with our community, Stelux' principal areas of contribution are:-

- 1. interaction and integration with the wider community, like the underprivileged and those with disabilities; and
- 2. education.

During the year, we continued to interact with the local community in many different ways.

In FY2015/16, around 10% of our office employees in Hong Kong were involved in some form of charitable work, whether during or outside office hours.

社區參與

我們的政策

就社區參與,寶光積極參與社區事務,推廣企業 社會責任,為社區服務效力。我們的座右銘為 「以愛連繫」。藉著連繫社區,我們希望:-

- 1. 表達關愛,為弱勢社群送上希望與支持;
- 2. 鼓勵僱員要憐憫和有同情心;
- 3. 於寶光內培養團體歸屬感;及
- 4. 教育使人有所成就。

我們所承擔的社區工作集中於數個範疇,分別為:-

- 與廣大社群(如弱勢社群及傷健人士)互動;
 及
- 2. 教育。

於年內,我們繼續透過不同方式與地方社區進行 互動。

於 2015/16 財政年度,約10%的香港公司員工 於辦公時間或非辦公時間均參與不同形式的慈善 工作。 In Hong Kong, Stelux' charitable volunteer team continued to "Connect Through Love" through various activities with charities/ schools like Hong Fook Church Bradbury Community Health Development Centre, St. Barnabas' Society and Home, Evangel Children's Home, Hong Chi Association, Orbis and S.K.H. St. Thomas' Primary School which target low-income families, the elderly and homeless, orphans and children from broken families, those with intellectual disabilities, sight saving and students from low income families respectively.

Activities included visitations to low-income families, the homeless and elderly; the "2016 Hong Chi Association New Territories Flag Day"; buying office floral displays arranged by Hong Chi trainees on a weekly basis; and helping to raise donations for "ORBIS Pin Day 2015". Other sponsorships included free tutorial classes for underprivileged students; gift packages of basic groceries and toiletries, knitted hats, fresh fruits and vegetables for low-income families; the provision of eyeglasses and eye examinations for underprivileged children; sponsoring students from low income families attending S.K.H. St. Thomas' Primary School with opportunities to learn a musical instrument and to set up a school orchestra. The total sum contributed to these charities in FY2015/16 was around HK\$250,000.







香港寶光慈善義工隊持續實踐「以愛連繫」的座佑銘。我們與播道會康福堂白普 理社區健康發展中心、聖巴拿巴會之家、播道兒童之家、匡智會、奧比斯及聖 公會聖多馬小學等慈善團體及學校合作。以上慈善團體分別致力協助低收入家 庭;長者及無家者;孤兒及破碎家庭的小朋友;智障人士、救盲及低收入家庭 的學生。

我們與以上慈善團體合作舉辦多項活動,包括探訪低收入家庭、長者及無家 者;在2015 E智會新界區賣旗日進行籌款;每週購買 E智會學員製作之辦公室 花藝擺設及協助 「奧比斯世界視覺日2015」的籌款工作。其他贊助項目包括為 貧困學生提供免費功課輔導班;為低收入家庭提供基本雜貨、洗浴用品、針織 帽、新鮮水果及蔬菜;以及向貧困兒童提供眼鏡及驗眼服務;贊助低收入家庭 學生到聖公會聖多馬小學學習樂器及設立學校管弦樂團。於2015/16 財政年度 的慈善活動開支合共約 HK\$250,000。 During the year, Thong Sia Hong Kong, the sole distributor for "SEIKO" watches and clocks sponsored several sports events, including "Sowers Action – Ancient Teahorse Route", "Sowers Action – Challenging 12 Hours Charity", "UNICEF Charity Run 2015", "Stanley International Dragon Boat Championships 2015", "Hong Kong Dragon Boat Carnival", "AVS Charity Run Sports Fun Day", "Oxfam Trailwalker 2015", "Oxfam Tower Run 2015" and "MSF Orienteering Competition 2016". Furthermore, Thong Sia Hong Kong supports the conservation work of WWF-Hong Kong as a Corporate



Member. Thong Sia Hong Kong has also sponsored many charitable events including "Race for Water 2015" by A Drop of Life Ltd., "Walk For Nature 2015" by WWF, "World Vision Hong Kong – 30 Hour Famine" and "Stride for a Cure 2015" by the Hong Kong Cancer Fund.

「精工」鐘錶香港的獨家經銷商通城香港在年內贊助 多項活動,包括「苗圃行動-茶馬古道助學行」、「苗圃行動-挑戰 12小時」、「聯合國兒童基金會慈善跑 2015」、「2015 赤柱國際龍舟錦標賽」、「香港龍舟嘉年華」、「AVS義跑慈善競技 日」、「樂施毅行者 2015」、「樂施競跑旅遊塔 2015」及「無國界醫生野外定向 2016」。此外,通城香港為支持世界自然 基金會香港分會的保育工作,繼續為其公司會員。通城香港亦贊助多個慈善活 動,包括點滴是生命舉辦的「揹水一戰



2015」、世界自然基金會舉辦的「步走大自然 2015」、香港世界宣明 會一饑饉三十及香港癌症基金會舉辦的「抗癌大步走 2015」。

Staff volunteers from City Chain Malaysia and Optical 88 Malaysia visited House of Joy Kids, a local charity serving disadvantaged children, taking the children on a pre-historic adventure. Optical 88 Malaysia also provided complimentary eye screening and prescription glasses to children at Shelter Home, another local charity for disadvantaged children.





時間廊馬來西亞及眼鏡 88 馬來西亞的員工義工到訪當地服務弱勢兒童的慈善團體House of Joy Kids,帶領兒童進行史前探險。眼鏡 88 馬來西亞亦為另一當地服務弱勢兒童的慈善團體Shelter Home的兒童提供免費眼科檢查及近視眼鏡。

AWARDS 獎項

CARING COMPANY 商界展關懷

In recognition for the Group's services and support to the wider local community, Stelux and its subsidiaries, City Chain Hong Kong, Optical 88 Hong Kong, and Thong Sia Watch, the Hong Kong distributor for "SEIKO" watches and clocks were again respectively awarded Caring Company Awards by the Hong Kong Council of Social Service.

寶光及其附屬公司香港時間廊、香港眼鏡88以及「精工」 鐘錶的香港經銷商通城鐘錶再次分別榮獲香港社會服務聯 會頒贈的商界展關懷獎狀,由此證明本集團對廣大社區提 供的服務及支援獲得各界肯定。



Awlens

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

Registered Office Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street Hamilton, HM12, Bermuda

Principal Office 27th Floor, Stelux House 698 Prince Edward Road East San Po Kong Kowloon Hong Kong

Principal Bankers

Hang Seng Bank Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Citibank, N. A.

Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers

Share Registrar

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Room 1712-1716 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

Strategy Committee

Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong *(Chairman of Committee)* Mr. Vincent Lau Tak Bui *(retirement effective from 1 July 2015)* Mr. Wallace Kwan Chi Kin Ms. Mary Ma Mr. Alex Wong

註冊辦事處 Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street Hamilton, HM12, Bermuda

主要辦事處 香港九龍新蒲崗 太子道東698號 寶光商業中心27樓

主要往來銀行 恒生銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 花旗銀行

核數師 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

股份過戶登記處 MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

股份過戶登記處香港分處 香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓1712-1716室

策略委員會 黃創增先生(*委員會主席*) 劉德杯先生(於2015年7月1日退休) 關志堅先生 馬雪征女士 黃字錚先生

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

Audit Committee

Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang (*Chairman of Committee*) Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang Ms. Mary Ma Mr. Alex Wong

Remuneration Committee

Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man *(Chairman of Committee)* Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang Ms. Mary Ma

Nomination Committee

Mr. Joseph C. C. Wong *(Chairman of Committee)* Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang Mr. Alex Wong

Corporate Governance Committee

Mr. Vincent Lau Tak Bui (Chairman of Committee until his retirement on 1 July 2015)
Mr. Wallace Kwan Chi Kin (Chairman of Committee)
Mr. Nelson Wu Chun Sang
Professor Lawrence Wu Chi Man
Dr. Agnes Kwong Yi Hang
Ms. Mary Ma
Mr. Alex Wong

審核委員會

胡春生先生(*委員會主席)* 胡志文教授 鄺易行博士 馬雪征女士 黃宇錚先生

薪酬委員會

胡志文教授(*委員會主席*) 黃創增先生 胡春生先生 鄺易行博士 馬雪征女士

提名委員會

黃創增先生(*委員會主席)* 胡春生先生 胡志文教授 鄺易行博士 黃宇錚先生

企業管治委員會

劉德杯先生(委員會主席直至2015年7月1日退休)

關志堅先生(*委員會主席*) 胡春生先生 胡志文教授 鄺易行博士 馬雪征女士 黃宇錚先生



Number of shops as at 31 May 2016. Includes all concept shops. 於 2016年5月31日之店鋪數目,包括所有概念店鋪。 *

*

MAINLAND CHINA AND HONG KONG

Equity Investment, Property Investment, Retail, Trading, Wholesale and Supply Chain Management

- Stelux Holdings International Ltd
- Stelux Holdings Ltd
- Stelux Properties Ltd
- Optical 88 Ltd
- City Chain Co Ltd
- Stelux Watch Ltd
 27/F., Stelux House,
 698 Prince Edward Road East,
 San Po Kong, Kowloon, HONG KONG

3/F., Kader Building 22 Kai Cheung Road, Kowloon Bay Kowloon, HONG KONG

- Thong Sia Optics (Hong Kong) Company Limited Unit 502-06, Stelux House,
 698 Prince Edward Road East,
 San Po Kong, Kowloon, HONG KONG
- Thong Sia Watch Company Limited 21/F., Stelux House
 698 Prince Edward Road East
 San Po Kong, Kowloon, HONG KONG
- Thong Tai Watch Company Limited 21/F., Stelux House
 698 Prince Edward Road East
 San Po Kong, Kowloon, HONG KONG
- Stelux-Thong Sia (Shanghai) Trading Limited 3/F, Building 1, Industrial Park, 951 Hutai Road, Shanghai, PRC

中國大陸及香港

股本投資、物業投資、零售、貿易、批發及供應 鏈管理

- 寶光實業(國際)有限公司
- 寶光實業(集團)有限公司
- 寶光地產有限公司
- 眼鏡88有限公司
- 時間廊鐘錶有限公司
- 寶光鐘錶有限公司
 香港九龍新蒲崗
 太子道東698號
 寶光商業中心27樓

香港九龍灣啟祥道22號 開達大廈三樓

- 通城光學(香港)有限公司
 香港九龍新蒲崗
 太子道東698號
 寶光商業中心502-06室
- 通城鐘錶有限公司 香港九龍新蒲崗 太子道東698號 寶光商業中心21樓
- 通泰鐘錶有限公司 香港九龍新蒲崗 太子道東698號 寶光商業中心21樓
- 寶光通城(上海)商貿有限公司
 中國上海市閘北區滬太路951號
 產業園區1號樓3樓

COMPANY DIRECTORY 公司資料索引

- Baoshi (Shanghai) Company Limited
 3/F, Building 1, Industrial Park,
 951 Hutai Road, Shanghai, PRC
- Stelux-Thong Sia (Guangdong) Trading Limited Rooms 3701-3707, R&F Well Center, Jiang Nan Da Dao Zhong Rd, Guangzhou, PRC
- Baoshi (Guangdong) Company Limited Rooms 3701-3707, R&F Well Center, Jiang Nan Da Dao Zhong Rd, Guangzhou, PRC
- Stelux-Thong Sia (Beijing) Trading Limited Rooms 1101-1102, Yu Lin Da Sha, 2nd Alley Xiangjunnanli, Chaoyang District, Beijing, PRC
- Baoshi (Beijing) Company Limited Rooms 1101-1102, Yu Lin Da Sha, 2nd Alley Xiangjunnanli, Chaoyang District, Beijing, PRC
- Shibao (Chongqing) Trading Limited Room 1-3, 18/F Tower 10, Longhu Times Tianjie, Yuzhong District, Chongqing, PRC
- Baoqing (Chongqing) Trading Limited
 Room 1-3, 18/F Tower 10, Longhu Times Tianjie,
 Yuzhong District, Chongqing, PRC

TAIWAN

Wholesale Trading

 Thong Tai (Taiwan) Company Limited 9/F., No. 102
 Song Lung Road
 Taipei (110)
 TAIWAN

- • 寶視(上海)眼鏡有限公司
 中國上海市閘北區滬太路951號
 產業園區1號樓3樓
- 寶光通城(廣東)商貿有限公司
 中國廣州市海珠區江南大道中路180號
 富力天域中心3701-07室
- 寶視(廣東)視光眼鏡有限公司
 中國廣州市海珠區江南大道中路180號
 富力天域中心3701-07室
- 寶光通城(北京)商貿有限公司
 中國北京市朝陽區向軍南里二巷甲號
 雨霖大廈1101-1102室
- 寶光寶視(北京)眼鏡有限公司
 中國北京市朝陽區向軍南里二巷甲號
 雨霖大廈1101-1102室
- 視寶(重慶)商貿有限公司
 中國重慶市渝中區龍湖時代天街
 10號樓18層1-3號
- 寶慶(重慶)商貿有限公司
 中國重慶市渝中區龍湖時代天街
 10號樓18層1-3號

台灣

批發貿易業務

通泰(台灣)有限公司
 台灣台北市信義區松隆路102號9樓

MACAU

Retail

- City Chain (Macau) Co Ltd
- Optical 88 (Macau) Ltd Rua de S. Domingos, n° 21-A, em Macau

MALAYSIA

Retail and Wholesale Trading

- City Chain (M) Sdn Bhd
- Optical 88 Eyecare (M) Sdn Bhd G8, Jalan Puteri 7/13A Bandar Puteri 47100 Puchong Selangor Darul Ehsan MALAYSIA
- Thong Sia Sdn Bhd (87055-A) CP 27, Suite 2601-04, 26th Floor, Central Plaza 34, Jalan Sultan Ismail 50250 Kuala Lumpur MALAYSIA
- Thong Sia Optical (M) Sdn Bhd CP27, Suite 2601-04
 26th Floor, Central Plaza
 34 Jalan Sultan Ismail
 50250 Kuala Lumpur
 MALAYSIA

THAILAND

Retail and Wholesale Trading

- City Chain (Thailand) Co Ltd
- Optical 88 (Thailand) Co Ltd
- Thong Sia (Thailand) Ltd 347, 349 Muang Thong Thani Bondstreet Road Bangpood Subdistrict Pakkred District Nonthaburi 11120 THAILAND

澳門

零售

- 時間廊鐘錶(澳門)有限公司
- 眼鏡88 (澳門)有限公司 Rua de S. Domingos, n° 21-A, em Macau

馬來西亞

零售及批發貿易業務

- City Chain (M) Sdn Bhd
- Optical 88 Eyecare (M) Sdn Bhd G8, Jalan Puteri 7/13A Bandar Puteri 47100 Puchong Selangor Darul Ehsan MALAYSIA
- Thong Sia Sdn Bhd (87055-A)
 CP 27, Suite 2601-04, 26th Floor, Central Plaza
 34, Jalan Sultan Ismail
 50250 Kuala Lumpur
 MALAYSIA
- Thong Sia Optical (M) Sdn Bhd CP27, Suite 2601-04
 26th Floor, Central Plaza
 34 Jalan Sultan Ismail
 50250 Kuala Lumpur
 MALAYSIA

泰國

零售及批發貿易業務

- City Chain (Thailand) Co Ltd
- Optical 88 (Thailand) Co Ltd
- Thong Sia (Thailand) Ltd 347, 349 Muang Thong Thani Bondstreet Road, Bangpood Subdistrict Pakkred District Nonthaburi 11120 THAILAND

SINGAPORE

Retail and Wholesale Trading

- City Chain Stores (S) Pte Ltd
- Optical 88 (S) Pte Ltd 138 Joo Seng Road, #06-01 Singapore 368361 SINGAPORE
- Thong Sia Co (S) Pte Ltd
- Thong Sia Optical (S) Pte Ltd 50 Kallang Avenue, #06-03 Singapore 339505 SINGAPORE

SWITZERLAND

Watch Supply Chain Management and Trading

- Universal Geneve S.A.
- Solvil et Titus S.A.
- Pronto Watch S.A.
 38, chemin du Grand Puits Case Postale 128
 1217 Meyrin 2
 SWITZERLAND
- Catena S.A. les Vernets 2, 2035 Corcelles NE SWITZERLAND

新加坡

零售及批發貿易業務

- City Chain Stores (S) Pte Ltd
- Optical 88 (S) Pte Ltd 138 Joo Seng Road, #06-01 Singapore 368361 SINGAPORE
- Thong Sia Co (S) Pte Ltd
- Thong Sia Optical (S) Pte Ltd 50 Kallang Avenue, #06-03 Singapore 339505 SINGAPORE

瑞士

鐘錶供應鏈管理及貿易業務

- Universal Geneve S.A.
- Solvil et Titus S.A.
- Pronto Watch S.A.
 38, chemin du Grand Puits
 Case Postale 128
 1217 Meyrin 2
 SWITZERLAND
- Catena S.A. les Vernets 2, 2035 Corcelles NE SWITZERLAND

FINANCIAL CALENDAR 財務日誌

Latest time for lodging transfers of Shares for registration in order to qualify for attending and voting at the Annual General Meeting 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 11 August 2016

Latest date and time for return of proxy form for the Annual General Meeting not less than 48 hours before the time of the Annual General Meeting

Closure of the register of members of the Company for determining the identity of Shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting Friday, 12 August 2016 to Wednesday, 17 August 2016 (both days inclusive)

Annual General Meeting 11:30 a.m. on Wednesday, 17 August 2016

Email Contacts

Investor Relations: ir@stelux.com Shareholder's Enquiries: shareholdersenquiries@stelux.com 遞交股份轉讓登記文件
 以獲資格出席股東
 週年大會並於會上投票
 之最後時間
 2016年8月11日(星期四)下午四時三十分

交回股東週年大會代表委任表格之最後 日期及時間 股東週年大會召開時間48小時前

暫停辦理股份過戶登記以確定有資格出 席大會並於會上投票之股東身份 2016年8月12日(星期五)至 2016年8月17日(星期三) (包括首尾兩日)

股東週年大會 2016年8月17日(星期三)上午十一時三十分

聯絡電郵 投資者關係:ir@stelux.com 股東查詢:shareholdersenquiries@stelux.com

web site 網址: http://www.stelux.com



混合產品 源自負責任的森林資源的紙張 Paper from responsible sources FSC[™] C006398