

Business Registration No. 17652787

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 622)

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

OF

LENOVO GROUP LIMITED 聯想集團有限公司

PASSED ON THE 17TH DAY OF JULY 2025

At the Annual General Meeting of Lenovo Group Limited held on July 17, 2025 at Salon Rooms, 5/F, Harbour Grand Hong Kong, 23 Oil Street, North Point, Hong Kong with online access via the eVoting Portal, the following resolution was duly passed as a special resolution:

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

"THAT the Articles of Association of the Company be and are hereby amended as detailed in Appendix III to the circular of the Company dated June 23, 2025 and THAT the new articles of association of the Company, a copy of which is tabled at the meeting and marked "A" and initialled by the Chairman of the meeting for the purpose of identification, be and are hereby approved and adopted as the new articles of association of the Company and any director or the secretary of the Company be authorized to do all things necessary to implement the adoption of the new articles of association of the Company."

Dated the 17th day of July, 2025

(Sd.) Yang Yuanqing

Yang Yuanqing Chairman of the meeting

(COPY)

COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 32)

香港法例第32章 公司條例

CERTIFICATE OF CHANGE OF NAME

公司更改名稱證書

I hereby certify that 本人謹此證明

_____* * * *_____

LEGEND GROUP LIMITED 聯想集團有限公司

having by special resolution changed its name, is now incorporated under 經 通 過 特 別 決 議 , 已 將 其 名 稱 更 改 , 該 公 司 的 註 冊 名

the name of 稱現為

LENOVO GROUP LIMITED 聯想集團有限公司

Issued by the undersigned on 1 April 2004.

本證書於二00四年四月一日簽發。

(Sd.) MISS R. CHEUNG

for Registrar of Companies Hong Kong 香港公司註冊處處長 (公司註冊主任張潔心代行)

(COPY)

COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 32)

香港法例第32章 公司條例

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION ON CHANGE OF NAME

公司更改名稱 註冊證書

I hereby certify that

本人謹此證明

LEGEND HOLDINGS LIMITED 聯想集團有限公司

having by special resolution changed its name, is now incorporated under 經 通 過 特 別 決 議 , 已 將 其 名 稱 更 改 , 該 公 司 的 註 冊 名

the name of 稱現為

LEGEND GROUP LIMITED 聯想集團有限公司

Issued by the undersigned on 28 March 2002.

本證書於二00二年三月廿八日簽發。

(Sd.) MISS R. CHEUNG

for Registrar of Companies

Hong Kong 香港公司註冊處處長 (公司註冊主任張潔心代行)

(COPY)

COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 32)

香港法例第32章 公司條例

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION ON CHANGE OF NAME

公司更改名稱 註冊證書

I hereby certify that 本人謹此證明

_____* * * *_____

LEGEND HOLDINGS LIMITED 香港聯想控股有限公司

having by special resolution changed its name, is now incorporated under 經 通 過 特 別 決 議 , 已 將 其 名 稱 更 改 , 該 公 司 的 註 冊 名

the name of 稱現為

LEGEND HOLDINGS LIMITED 聯想集團有限公司

Issued by the undersigned on 5 January 1998.

本證書於一九九八年一月五日簽發。

(Sd.) MISS H. CHANG

for Registrar of Companies

Hong Kong 香港公司註冊處處長 (公司註冊主任張巧雯代行)

(COPY)

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION 公司更改名稱 ON CHANGE OF NAME 註冊證書

I hereby certify that 本人茲證明

LEGEND HOLDINGS LIMITED 香港聯想集團有限公司

having by special resolution changed its name, is now incorporated under the name of 經 通 過 特 別 決 議 案 , 已 將 其 名 稱 更 改 , 該 公 司 現 在 之 註 冊 名 稱 為

LEGEND HOLDINGS LIMITED 香港聯想控股有限公司

Given under my hand this Ninth day of November 簽署於一九九三年十一月九日。

One Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Three.

(Sd.) MRS. R. CHUN

P. Registrar of Companies

Hong Kong 香港公司註冊處處長 (公司註冊主任秦梁素芳代行)

(COPY)

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION 公司註冊證書

______**4•**

I hereby certify that 本人茲證明

LEGEND HOLDINGS LIMITED 香港聯想集團有限公司

is this day incorporated in Hong Kong under the Companies Ordinance, and 港 據 公 司 條 例 為 於 本 日 在 香 依 註 冊 成 that this company is limited. 有 限 公 司 0

Given under my hand this Fifth day of October 簽 署 於 一 九 九 三 年 十 月 五 日 。

One Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Three.

(Sd.) MISS P. LAU

p. Registrar of Companies Hong Kong

香港公司註冊處處長 (公司註冊主任劉麗芬代行)

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 622)

Public Company Limited by Shares

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

(As adopted by Special Resolution passed on 17th July, 2025)

OF

LENOVO GROUP LIMITED 聯想集團有限公司

COMPANY NAME

Company name. 1. The name of the Company is "Lenovo Group Limited 聯想集團有限公司".*

MEMBERS' LIABILITY

- 2. The liability of the members is limited.
- 3. The liability of the members is limited to any amount unpaid on the shares held by the members.

TABLE A AND MODEL ARTICLES

- 4. The regulations contained in (a) Table A in the First Schedule to the predecessor of the Companies Ordinance and (b) Model Articles in Schedule 1 (Model Articles for Public Companies Limited by Shares) to the Companies (Model Articles) Notice (Cap. 622H) shall not apply to the Company.
 - *(i) On 1st April, 2004, the name of the Company was changed from "Legend Group Limited 聯想集團有限 公司" to "Lenovo Group Limited 聯想集團有限公司".
 - On 28th March, 2002, the name of the Company was changed from "Legend Holdings Limited 聯想集團 有限公司" to "Legend Group Limited 聯想集團有限公司".
 - (iii) On 5th January, 1998, the name of the Company was changed from "Legend Holdings Limited 香港聯想 控股有限公司" to "Legend Holdings Limited 聯想集團有限公司".
 - (iv) On 9th November, 1993, the name of the Company was changed from "Legend Holdings Limited 香港聯 想集團有限公司" to "Legend Holdings Limited 香港聯想控股有限公司".

Members' liability.

Other regulations excluded.

INTERPRETATION

5. The marginal notes to these Articles shall not be deemed to be part of these Articles and Interpretation. shall not affect their interpretation and in the interpretation of these Articles, unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith:-

"these Articles" or "these presents" shall mean these Articles of Association in their these Articles present form and all supplementary, amended or substituted articles for the time being these in force; presents

"associate" shall have the meaning attributed to it in the I	Listing Rules; associa	ate.
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"Auditors" shall mean the persons for the time being performing the duties of that office; Auditors

"the Board" or "the Directors" shall mean the Directors from time to time of the Company the Board. the Directors or (as the context may require) the majority of Directors present and voting at a meeting of the Directors;

"call" shall include any instalment of a call;

"capital" shall mean the share capital from time to time of the Company;

"the Chairman" shall mean the Chairman presiding at any meeting of members or of the the Chairman. Board;

"the Company" or "this Company" shall mean the abovenamed Company;

"the Companies Ordinance" or "the Ordinance" shall mean the Companies Ordinance the Companies (Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong) and any amendments thereto or re-enactment Ordinance thereof for the time being in force and includes every other ordinance incorporated the Ordinance therewith or substituted therefor and in the case of any such substitution the references in these Articles to the provisions of the Ordinance shall be read as references to the provisions substituted therefor in the new Ordinance;

"Company Secretary" shall mean the person or corporation for the time being performing Company Secretary the duties of that office:

"dividend" shall include scrip dividends, distributions in specie or in kind, capital dividend. distributions and capitalisation issues, if not inconsistent with the subject or context;

"dollars" shall mean dollars in the lawful currency of Hong Kong; dollars.

"electronic facilities" shall mean, without limitation, website addresses, webinars, webcast, video electronic facilities or any other form of conference call systems (telephone, video, web or otherwise);

"electronic meeting" shall mean a general meeting held and conducted wholly and exclusively by electronic meeting. virtual attendance and participation by members and/or proxies by means of any technology or electronic facilities;

"fully paid up" shall mean the price at which the share was issued has been paid up in fully paid up. full to the Company;

"hybrid meeting" shall mean a general meeting held and conducted by (i) physical attendance and hybrid meeting. participation by members and/or proxies at the Principal Meeting Place and, where applicable, one or more Meeting Location(s); and (ii) virtual attendance and participation by members and/ or proxies by means of any technology or electronic facilities;

capital.

the Company

this Company.

call

"Listing Rules" shall mean the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Listing Rules. Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and any amendments thereto for the time being in force; "Meeting Location(s)" shall mean the location or locations at which the Board, at its discretion, Meeting Location(s) arranges for person(s) entitled to attend a general meeting to do so through simultaneous attendance and participation by means of technology or electronic facilities; "mental incapacity" shall have the meaning given to it in Section 2(1) of the Mental Health mental incapacity Ordinance (Chapter 136 of the laws of Hong Kong), and "mentally incapacitated" shall be mentally construed accordingly; incapacitated. "month" shall mean a calendar month; month. "newspaper" shall mean a newspaper published daily and circulating generally in Hong newspaper. Kong and specified in the list of newspapers issued and published in the Gazette for the purposes of Section 203 of the Companies Ordinance by the Chief Secretary for Administration; "Principal Meeting Place" shall mean the main physical location where a general meeting is held; Principal Meeting Place "the register" shall mean the register of members and includes any branch register to be the register. kept pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance; "treasury shares" shall mean the shares bought back and held by the Company in treasury, as treasury shares. permitted under applicable laws, rules and regulations, including Shares bought back by the Company and held or deposited in the Central Clearing and Settlement System (CCASS) for sale or transfer on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited; "seal" shall mean the common seal from time to time of the Company and includes, unless seal the context otherwise requires, any official seal that the Company may have as permitted by these Articles and the Ordinance; "share" shall mean a share in the capital of the Company; share. "shareholders" or "members" shall mean the duly registered holders from time to time of shareholders members. the shares in the capital of the Company; "writing" or "printing" shall include writing, printing, lithography, photography, writing printing typewriting and every other mode of representing words or figures in a legible and non-transitory form or stored in any electronic form (including an electronic communication); references to any ordinance or rules of stock exchange shall include such ordinance and rules of stock exchange and any subsidiary legislations, bye-laws, rules, regulations, practice notes, codes, guidelines, or guidance notes made pursuant to or issued or published from time to time under or by the authority of such ordinance or rules of stock exchange; words denoting the singular shall include the plural and words denoting the plural shall singular and plural. include the singular; words importing any gender shall include every gender; and gender. words importing person shall include partnerships, firms, companies and corporations. persons companies

Subject as aforesaid, any words or expressions defined in the Ordinance (except any Ordinance to hear same statutory modification thereof not in force when these Articles become binding on the meanina in Company) shall, if not inconsistent with the subject and/or context, bear the same Articles. meaning in these Articles, save that "company" shall where the context permits include any company incorporated in Hong Kong or elsewhere.

References to any Articles by number are to the particular Article of these Articles.

References to a document being executed include references to it being executed under execution of documents hand or under seal or by electronic signature or by any other method and references to a notice or document include a notice or document recorded or stored in any digital, electronic, electrical, magnetic or other retrievable form or medium and information in visible form whether having physical substance or not.

References to a member being present at or attending or participating in a general meeting, being present at, whether in person or by proxy, shall mean that such member or proxy is either physically present at a meeting venue or is participating through any technology or electronic facilities as specified by the Directors. Accordingly, any references to attending or acting at a meeting "in person", "personally", "by proxy" and references to "attend", "participate", "attending", "participating", "attendance" and "participation" and any other similar expressions shall be construed accordingly.

- 6. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of Issue of (a) existing shares, any share may be issued with such preferred, deferred, or other special rights or privileges, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of share capital, or otherwise, or be redeemable whether at the option of the Company or the holder, as the Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution determine (or, in the absence of any such determination, subject to Sections 140 and 141 of the Companies Ordinance as the Board may determine). The Directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of the shares.
 - (b) The Board may issue warrants to subscribe for any class of shares or securities of the Warrants. Company on such terms as it may from time to time determine, provided that the Company shall not have power to issue share warrants to bearer.
- If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights How rights of 7. attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may be varied with the consent in writing of the holders representing three-fourths of the total voting rights of that class (excluding any voting rights attached to any shares of that class held as treasury shares), or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of the class (excluding any shares held as treasury shares). To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be 2 persons at least holding or representing by proxy or by authorised representative one-third of the total voting rights of the class (excluding any voting rights attached to any shares of that class held as treasury shares), that every holder of shares of the class shall be entitled on a poll to one vote for every such share held by him, that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy or by authorised representative may demand a poll and that at any adjourned meeting of such holders one holder present in person or by proxy or by authorised representative (whatever the number of shares held by him) shall be a quorum.

attending or participating in general meetings.

shares.

shares may be modified.

SHARES AND INCREASE OF CAPITAL

- 8. The Company may exercise any powers conferred or permitted by the Ordinance or any other ordinance from time to time to acquire its own shares, regardless of whether such shares so bought back or acquired are to be cancelled or to be held or deposited as treasury shares (to the extent permitted by the Ordinance and the Listing Rules), or to give directly or indirectly, by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase made or to be made by any person of any shares in the Company and should the Company acquire its own shares neither the Company nor the Board shall be required to select the shares to be acquired rateably or in any other particular manner as between the holders of shares of the same class or as between them and the holders of shares of any other class or in accordance with the rights as to dividends or capital conferred by any class of shares provided always that any such acquisition or financial assistance shall only be made or given in accordance with any relevant rules or regulations issued by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited or the Securities and Futures Commission from time to time.
- 8A. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance and the Listing Rules, the Company may Company may purchase its own shares (including redeemable shares) and may hold such shares as treasury shares.
 - 8B. The Company may dispose of treasury shares by sale, transfer for nil consideration, or cancellation, in any manner permitted and subject to any conditions prescribed by law and the Listing Rules.
 - 8C. The Company shall not exercise any rights in respect of treasury shares, including the right to attend or vote at meetings. No dividend or other distribution (whether in cash or otherwise) of the Company's assets (including any distribution of assets to members on a winding up) may be declared or paid, and no bonus shares may be issued, in respect of treasury shares.
 - 9. The Company in general meeting may from time to time, whether all the shares for the time being issued shall have been fully paid up or not, by ordinary resolution increase its share capital in any one or more of the ways set out in Section 170 of the Companies Ordinance.
 - 10. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of existing shares, any new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such preferred, deferred, or other special rights or privileges, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of share capital, or otherwise, as the Company in the general meeting resolving upon the creation thereof shall determine or, in the absence of any such determination, as the Board may determine.
 - 11. The Company may by ordinary resolution, before the issue of any new shares, determine that the same, or any of them, shall be offered in the first instance to all the existing holders of any class of shares in proportions as nearly as may be to the number of shares of such class held by them respectively, or make any other provisions as to the issue and allotment of the new shares, but in default of any such determination, or so far as the same shall not extend, the new shares may be dealt with as if they formed part of the shares in the capital of the Company existing prior to the issue of the new shares.
 - Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue, or by these Articles, any 12. capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be treated as if it formed part of the original capital of the Company, and such shares shall be subject to the provisions contained in these Articles with reference to the payment of calls and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, cancellation, surrender, voting and otherwise.
 - Subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance (and in particular Sections 140 and 13. 141 thereof) and of these Articles relating to new shares, all unissued shares in the Company shall be at the disposal of the Board, which may offer, allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times, for such consideration and generally on such terms as the Board shall in its absolute discretion think fit.

Company to finance purchase of , own shares.

hold treasury shares.

Company may dispose treasury shares.

Company not to exercise rights in respect of treasury shares.

Power to increase capital.

Conditions on which new shares to be issued.

When to be offered to existing members.

New shares treated as forming part of original capital.

Shares at the disposal of the Board.

- 14. The Company may at any time pay a commission not exceeding ten per cent. to any Company may person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in the Company, or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares in the Company, but so that if the commission shall be paid or payable out of capital the conditions and requirements of the Ordinance shall be observed and complied with, and the commission shall not exceed ten per cent., in each case, of the price at which the shares are issued.
- 15. Except as otherwise expressly provided by these Articles or as required by law or as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction and save for treasury shares, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

REGISTER OF MEMBERS AND SHARE CERTIFICATES

- The Board shall cause to be kept a register of members, and there shall be entered Share 16. (a) register. therein the particulars required under the Companies Ordinance.
 - (b) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, if the Board considers it Branch necessary or appropriate, the Company may establish and maintain a branch register register of members at such location outside Hong Kong as the Board thinks fit.
- 17. Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register shall be entitled to Share certificates. receive within such period of time as may be prescribed by the Companies Ordinance or the Listing Rules after allotment or lodgment of a transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide) one certificate for all his shares or, if he shall so request, in a case where the allotment or transfer is of a number of shares in excess of the number for the time being forming a stock exchange board lot, upon payment, in the case of a transfer, of such sum not exceeding the maximum amount prescribed by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited from time to time for every certificate after the first or such lesser sum as the Board shall from time to time determine, such number of certificates for shares in stock exchange board lots or multiples thereof as he shall request and one for the balance (if any) of the shares in question, provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue a certificate or certificates to each such person, and the issue and delivery of a certificate or certificates to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
- 18. Every certificate for shares or debentures or representing any other form of securities of Share the Company must (a) have affixed to it the Company's seal or the Company's official seal under Section 126 of the Ordinance, or (b) be otherwise executed in accordance with the Ordinance.
- Every share certificate hereafter issued shall specify the number and class of shares in Particulars to 19. respect of which it is issued and the amount paid thereon, any distinguishing numbers assigned to them and may otherwise be in such form as the Board may from time to time prescribe. If at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, every share certificate shall contain the descriptions required under Section 179 of the Companies Ordinance, and no certificate shall be issued in respect of more than one class of shares.
- 20 The Company shall not be bound to register more than four persons as joint holders. Joint holders. (a) of any share.
 - (b) If any share shall stand in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the register shall be deemed the sole holder thereof as regards service of notices

commission.

Company not to recognise trusts in respect of shares.

certificates to be sealed.

be specified in certificate. and, subject to the provisions of these Articles, all or any other matters connected with the Company, except the transfer of the share.

Replacement of share certificates

21. Subject to the provisions in the Companies Ordinance, if a share certificate is defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced on payment of such sum not exceeding the maximum amount prescribed by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited from time to time and on such terms and conditions, if any, as to publication of notices, evidence and indemnity as the Board thinks fit and in the case of wearing out or defacement, after delivery up of the old certificate. In the case of destruction or loss, the person to whom such replacement certificate is given shall also bear and pay to the Company any exceptional costs and the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incidental to the investigation by the Company of the evidence of such destruction or loss and of such indemnity.

LIEN

- The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid 22 Company's lien. up share) for all monies, whether presently payable or not, called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share; and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien and charge on all shares (other than fully paid up shares) standing registered in the name of a member, whether singly or jointly with any other person or persons, for all the debts and liabilities of such member or his estate to the Company and whether the same shall have been incurred before or after notice to the Company of any equitable or other interest of any person other than such member, and whether the period for the payment or discharge of the same shall have actually arrived or not, and notwithstanding that the same are joint debts or liabilities of such member or his estate and any other person, whether a member of the Company or not. The Company's lien (if any) on a share shall l ien extende to dividends extend to all dividends and bonuses declared in respect thereof. The Board may at any and bonus. time either generally or in any particular case waive any lien that has arisen, or declare any share to be wholly or partially exempt from the provisions of this Article.
 - The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the 23. Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable or the liability or engagement in respect of which such lien exists is liable to be presently fulfilled or discharged, nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable or specifying the liability or engagement and demanding fulfilment or discharge thereof and giving notice of intention to sell in default shall have been given to the holder for the time being of the shares or the person entitled by reason of his death or bankruptcy to the shares.
- The net proceeds of such sale after the payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied 24. Application of in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debt or liability or engagement in respect whereof the lien exists, so far as the same is presently payable, and any residue shall (after the certificate for the shares sold has been surrendered to the Company for cancellation or a suitable indemnity has been given for any lost certificates and subject to a like lien for debts or liabilities not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale. For giving effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser and may enter the purchaser's name in the register as holder of the shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

The Board may from time to time make such calls as it may think fit upon the members 25. in respect of all monies unpaid on the shares held by them respectively and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times. A call may be made payable either in one sum or by instalments. The Board may make arrangements on the issue of

proceeds of

such sale.

Sale of

shares

lien.

subject to

Calls

shares for a difference between the shareholders in the amount of calls to be paid and in the times of payment. The provisions of these Articles with respect to calls may in any share incentive scheme for employees approved by the Company be varied with respect to any shares issued pursuant to such scheme.

- 26. Fourteen days' notice at least of any call shall be given specifying the time and place of Notice of call. payment and to whom such call shall be paid.
- 27. A copy of the notice referred to in Article 26 shall be sent to members in the manner in Copy of which notices may be sent to members by the Company as herein provided.
- Every member upon whom a call is made shall pay the amount of every call so made on 28. him to the person and at the time or times and place or places as the Board shall appoint.
- 29. Notice of the person appointed to receive payment of every call and of the times and places appointed for payment may be given to the members by notice to be inserted once in the Gazette and once at least in both an English language newspaper in English and a Chinese language newspaper in Chinese, or by any other means permitted by these Articles or Part 18 of the Ordinance.
- 30. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board When call authorising such call was passed.
- The joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of 31. all calls and instalments due in respect of such share or other monies due in respect thereof.
- 32. The Board may from time to time and in its absolute discretion extend the time fixed for any call, and may similarly extend such time as to all or any of the members, whom from residence outside Hong Kong or other cause the Board may deem entitled to any such extension, but no member shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace and favour.
- 33. If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day Interest on appointed for payment thereof, the person or persons from whom the sum is due shall pay interest for the same at such rate not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board shall fix from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Board may in its absolute discretion waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
- 34. No member shall be entitled to receive any dividend or bonus or to be present and vote Suspension (save as proxy for another member) at any general meeting either personally or by proxy, to be reckoned in a quorum, or to exercise any other privilege as a member until all calls or instalments due by him to the Company, whether alone or jointly with any other person, together with interest and expenses (if any) shall have been paid.
- 35. On the trial or hearing of any action or other proceedings for the recovery of any money Evidence in due for any call, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member sued is entered in the register as the holder, or one of the holders, of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued, that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minute book, and that notice of such call was duly given to the member sued, in pursuance of these Articles; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.
- 36. Any sum which by the terms of allotment of a share is made payable upon allotment, or Sums payable at any fixed date shall for all purposes of these Articles be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date fixed for payment, and in case of non-payment all the relevant call.

on allotment deemed a

- 8 -

notice to be sent to members Every member liable to pay call at appointed time and place. Notice of call may be advertised

deemed to have been made. Liability of joint holders.

Board may extend time fixed for call.

unpaid calls

of privileaes while call unpaid.

action for call

provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture and the like, shall apply as if such sums had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

37. The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, and Payment of calls in either in money or money's worth, all or any part of the money uncalled and unpaid or advance instalments payable upon any shares held by him and upon all or any of the monies so advanced the Company may pay interest at such rate (if any) not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board may decide provided that not until a call is made any payment in advance of a call shall not entitle the member to receive any dividend or to exercise any other rights or privileges as a member in respect of the shares or the due portion of the shares upon which payment has been advanced by such member before it is called up. The Board may at any time repay the amount so advanced upon giving to such member not less than one month's notice in writing of their intention in that behalf, unless before the expiration of such notice the amount so advanced shall have been called up on the shares in respect of which it was advanced.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

- Form of 38. All transfers of shares may be effected by transfer in writing in the usual common form or in such other form as the Board may accept and may be under hand only. All instruments of transfer must be left at the registered office or at such other place as the Board may appoint.
- Execution of transfer.
 39. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof. Nothing in these Articles shall preclude the Board from recognising a renunciation of the allotment or provisional allotment of any share by the allottee in favour of some other person.
- Board may refuse to register transfers. 40. The Board may refuse to register a transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) to a person of whom it does not approve or any share issued under any share incentive scheme for employees upon which a restriction on transfer imposed thereby still subsists, and it may also refuse to register any transfer of any share to more than four joint holders or any transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) on which the Company has a lien.
 - 41. The Board may also decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless:-
 - (a) a fee not exceeding the maximum amount prescribed by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited from time to time is paid to the Company for registering any transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to the shares involved or for otherwise making an entry in the register relating to such shares;
 - (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer;
 - (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares;
 - (d) the shares concerned are free of any lien in favour of the Company; and
 - (e) the instrument of transfer is properly stamped.
 - 42. No transfer shall be made to an infant or to a person who is mentally incapacitated or under other legal disability.
 - 43. If the Board shall refuse to register a transfer of any share, it shall, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, send notice of such

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Notice of refusal.

No transfer to an infant

etc.

Requirements as to transfer.

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refusal, as required by Section 151 of the Ordinance. Upon request by the transferor or transferee, the Board must, within 28 days after receiving such request, send to the transferor or transferee (as the case may be) a statement of the reasons for the refusal.

- Upon every transfer of shares the certificate held by the transferor shall be given up to Certificate on 44. be cancelled, and shall forthwith be cancelled accordingly, and a new certificate shall be issued with a fee not exceeding such maximum amount as may from time to time be prescribed by the Listing Rules to the transferee in respect of the shares transferred to him, and if any of the shares included in the certificate so given up shall be retained by the transferor a new certificate in respect thereof shall be issued to him with a fee not exceeding such maximum amount as may from time to time be prescribed by the Listing Rules. The Company shall also retain the transfer.
- The registration of transfers may be suspended and the register closed at such times and 45. When transfer for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine and either generally or books and in respect of any class of shares, provided always that such registration shall not be register may be closed. suspended or the register closed for more than thirty days in any year or, with the approval of the Company in general meeting, sixty days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- In the case of the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased was 46. a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share solely or jointly held by him.
- 47. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence as to his title being produced as may from time to time be required by the Board, and subject as hereinafter provided either be registered himself as holder of the share or elect to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof.
- 48. If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify his election by executing to his nominee a transfer of such share. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these presents relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such member.
- A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder 49. shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share. However, the Board may, if they think fit, withhold the payment of any dividend payable or other advantages in respect of such share until such person shall become the registered holder of the share or shall have effectually transferred such share, but, subject to the requirements of Article 80 being met, such a person may vote at meetings.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

- 50. If a member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment lf call or instalment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or not paid instalment remains unpaid, without prejudice to the provisions of Article 34 hereof, serve notice may be given. a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and which may still accrue up to the date of actual payment.
- 51. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from Form of notice. the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice

Death of registered

holder or joint holder of shares.

Registration of personal representatives and trustees in bankruptcy.

Notices of election to be registered.

Registration of nominee.

Retention of dividends etc., of shares of deceased or bankrupt member.

is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

- 52. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends and bonuses declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture. The Board may accept the surrender of any shares liable to be forfeited hereunder and in such cases references in these Articles to forfeiture shall include surrender.
- Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be 53 sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit and at any time before a sale or disposal the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Board thinks fit.
- 54. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the Company all notwithstanding monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares, together with (if the Board shall in their discretion so require) interest thereon from the date of forfeiture until payment at such rate not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board may prescribe, and the Board may enforce the payment thereof if it thinks fit, and without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares, at the date of forfeiture, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares. For the purposes of this Article any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, is payable thereon at a fixed time which is subsequent to the date of forfeiture, shall notwithstanding that time has not yet arrived be deemed to be payable at the date of forfeiture, and the same shall become due and payable immediately upon the forfeiture, but interest thereon shall only be payable in respect of any period between the said fixed time and the date of actual payment.
 - A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or Company Secretary of 55. the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and he shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.
 - 56. When any share shall have been forfeited, notice of the resolution shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register, but no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any failure to give such notice or make such entry as aforesaid.
 - 57. Notwithstanding any such forfeiture as aforesaid, the Board may at any time, before any shares so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, permit the shares forfeited to be bought back regardless of whether such shares so bought back are to be canceled or to be held or deposited as treasury shares (to the extent permitted by the Ordinance and the Listing Rules) upon the terms of payment of all calls and interest due upon and expenses incurred in respect of the share, and upon such further terms (if any) as they think fit.
 - The forfeiture of a share shall not prejudice the right of the Company to any call already 58. made or instalment payable thereon.

Forfeiture not to prejudice Company's right to call or instalment

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If notice not complied with shares may be forfeited.

Forfeited share to become property of Company.

Amounts to be paid

forfeiture.

Evidence of forfeiture. and transfer of forfeited share.

Notice after forfeiture

Power to buy back forfeited

share.

59. The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of Forfeiture for non-payment. any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified. due on

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

- 60. The Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution alter its share capital in any Alteration of capital. one or more of the ways set out in Section 170 of the Companies Ordinance.
- 61. Where any difficulty arises in regard to any consolidation or conversion of shares into a Fractional shares. larger or smaller number of shares, the Board may settle the same as it thinks expedient and in particular may as between the holders of shares to be consolidated determine which particular shares are to be consolidated into each consolidated share, and if it shall happen that any persons shall become entitled to fractions of a consolidated share or shares, such fractions may be sold by some person appointed by the Board for that purpose, and the person so appointed may transfer the shares so sold to the purchaser thereof and the validity of such transfer shall not be questioned, and so that the net proceeds of such sale (after deduction of the expenses of such sale) may either be distributed among the persons who would otherwise be entitled to a fraction or fractions of a consolidated share or shares rateably in accordance with their rights and interests or may be paid to the Company for the Company's benefit.
- 62. The Company may by special resolution reduce its share capital in any manner Reduction of capital. authorised and subject to any conditions prescribed by law.

GENERAL MEETINGS

- 63. The Company shall, when so required by the Ordinance, in each financial year hold a When annual general general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meeting in that meeting to be year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it. The annual general held. meeting shall be held at such time and place as the Board shall appoint. For a hybrid meeting or an electronic meeting, the Board shall include a statement confirming the meeting format and details of the technology or electronic facilities for attendance and participation or information where such details will be published prior to the meeting.
- 64. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, and shall on requisition in accordance with Convening of aeneral the Ordinance, proceed to convene a general meeting other than an annual general meeting.
- Subject to Section 578 of the Ordinance and the Listing Rules:-65.
 - an annual general meeting shall be called by 21 days' notice in writing at the least. (a)
 - a general meeting other than an annual general meeting shall be called by 14 days' (b) notice in writing at the least.
 - the notice shall be exclusive of:-(c)
 - the day on which it is served or deemed to be served; and (i)
 - the day for which it is given. (ii)
 - the notice must:-(d)
 - (i) specify the date and time of the meeting;

of any sum shares

meetings Notice of

general meetinas.

- save for an electronic meeting, specify the Meeting Location (and if the meeting is to be held in 2 or more places, specify the Principal Meeting Place);
- (iii) state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting;
- (iv) for a notice calling an annual general meeting, state that the meeting is an annual general meeting; and
- (v) specify details of the technology or electronic facilities for attendance and participation at any hybrid or electronic meeting.
- (e) if a resolution is intended to be moved at the meeting, the notice of meeting shall:-
 - (i) include notice of the resolution; and
 - (ii) include or be accompanied by a statement containing any information or explanation that is reasonably necessary to indicate the purpose of the resolution.
- (f) despite the fact that a general meeting is called by shorter notice than that specified in these Articles, it is regarded as having been duly called if it is so agreed:-
 - (i) for an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote at the meeting; and
 - (ii) in any other case, by a majority in number of the members entitled to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together representing at least 95% of the total voting rights at the meeting of all the members (excluding any voting rights attached to any shares in the Company held as treasury shares).
- 66. (a) The accidental omission to give any such notice to, or the non-receipt of any such notice by, any person entitled to receive such notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceeding at any such meeting.
 - (b) In cases where instruments of proxy are sent out with notices, the accidental omission to send such instrument of proxy to, or the non-receipt of such instrument of proxy by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceeding at any such meeting.
- 67. If the Directors, in their absolute discretion, consider that it is desirable or appropriate to postpone a general meeting to be held on the date or at the time or place stated in the notice calling the meeting to another date, time, place and/or from one form to another, they may do so. If the Directors do this, an announcement of the date, time, place, and form of the rearranged meeting will, if practicable, be published on a website as specified under the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and/or other applicable laws, rules and regulations from time to time in force. Notice of the business of the meeting does not need to be given again. The Directors must take reasonable steps to ensure that any shareholder trying to attend the meeting at the original time and place is informed of the new arrangements. If a meeting is rearranged in this way, proxy forms can be delivered as required by these Articles in respect of the rearranged meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

Holding of physical, 68. hybrid or electronic meetina.

. The Company may hold a general meeting as a physical meeting, a hybrid meeting or an electronic meeting, as may be determined by the Board from time to time. The Board may make arrangements for members to attend and participate in general meetings by means of electronic facilities.

omission to give notice.

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Postponement of general meeting. 69. For all purposes the quorum for a general meeting shall be three members present in person or Quorum. by proxy and entitled to vote. Any member or proxy attending and participating in the physical meeting held in one or more Meeting Location(s), or any member or proxy attending and participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of any technology or electronic facilities is deemed to be present at and shall be counted in the quorum of the meeting and entitled to vote at the meeting in question. No business save the election of a Chairman of the meeting shall be transacted at any general meeting unless the requisite quorum shall be present at the commencement of the business.

- 69A. The Board and, at any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting may, from time to time make arrangements for managing attendance and/or participation and/or voting at the Principal Meeting Place, any Meeting Location(s), and/or participation in an electronic meeting and/or a hybrid meeting by using any technology or electronic facilities (whether involving the issue of tickets or some other means of identification, passcode, seat reservation, electronic voting or otherwise) as it considers appropriate, and may from time to time change any such arrangements, provided that a member who, pursuant to such arrangements, is not entitled to attend, in person or (in the case of a member being a corporation) by its duly authorised representative, or by proxy, at any Meeting Location shall be entitled so to attend at one of the other Meeting Locations; and the entitlement of any member so to attend the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting at such Meeting Location or Meeting Location(s) shall be subject to any such arrangement as may be for the time being in force and by the notice of meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting stated to apply to the meeting.
- 69B. All persons seeking to attend and participate in a hybrid meeting or an electronic meeting shall be responsible for maintaining adequate technology, communication equipment and electronic facilities to enable them to do so. Any inability of a person or persons to attend or participate in a general meeting by way of technology, communication equipment or electronic facilities shall not affect the validity of the meeting or the resolutions passed, or any business conducted or any action taken at that general meeting, for so long there is a quorum present throughout the general meeting.
- 69C. If it appears to the Chairman of the general meeting that:
 - the electronic facilities at the Principal Meeting Place or at such other Meeting Location(s) (i) at which the meeting may be attended have become inadequate or are otherwise not sufficient to allow the meeting to be conducted substantially in accordance with the provisions set out in the notice of the meeting; or
 - in the case of a hybrid meeting, electronic facilities being made available by the Company (ii)have become inadequate; or
 - (iii)it is not possible to ascertain the view of those present or to give all persons entitled to do so a reasonable opportunity to communicate and/or vote at the meeting; or
 - (iv) there is violence or threat of violence, unruly behaviour or other disruption occurring at the meeting or it is not possible to secure the proper and orderly conduct of the meeting;

then, without prejudice to any other power which the Chairman of the meeting may have under Chairman may these Articles or at common law, the Chairman of the meeting may, at his absolute discretion, without the consent of the meeting, and before or after the meeting has started and irrespective of whether a quorum is present, interrupt or adjourn the meeting (including adjournment for indefinite period). All business conducted at the meeting up to the time of such adjournment shall be valid.

The Board and the Chairman may make arrangements for managing attendance participation and voting.

Resonsibility for technology in hybrid or electronic meetings. Validity of meeting not affected as lona as auorum is present.

interrupt or adjourn a meeting.

- 69D. The Directors and, at any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting may make any arrangement and impose any requirement, as the case may be, considers appropriate to ensure Chairman may make arrangements for the security and orderly conduct of a meeting. Members shall also comply with all requirements orderly conduct of or restrictions imposed by the owner of the premises at which the meeting is held. Any decision made under this Article shall be final and conclusive and a person who refuses to comply with any such arrangements, requirements or restrictions may be refused entry to the meeting or ejected (physically or electronically) from the meeting.
 - 70. If within fifteen minutes from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week and at such time and place as shall be decided by the Board, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within fifteen minutes from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the member or members present in person shall be a quorum and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.
 - 71. The Chairman of the Board shall take the chair at every general meeting, or, if there be no such Chairman or, if at any general meeting such Chairman shall not be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose another Director as Chairman, and if no Director be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, or if the Chairman chosen shall retire from the chair, then the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of the their own number to be Chairman. A proxy may be elected to be the Chairman by a resolution of the Company passed at the general meeting. The Chairman of a meeting may take any action he considers appropriate for proper and orderly conduct at a general meeting, his decision on which and on other matters of procedure or on matters that arise incidentally from the business of a meeting (including his decision of whether a matter is procedural or incidental) shall be final.
 - 72. The Chairman may, with the consent of any general meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place as the meeting shall determine. Whenever a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days' notice, specifying the place, the day and the hour of the adjourned meeting shall be given in the same manner as in the case of an original meeting but it shall not be necessary to specify in such notice the nature of the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting. Save as aforesaid, no member shall be entitled to any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at any adjourned meeting. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
 - 73. Subject to the Listing Rules, at any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded:
 - by the Chairman of the meeting; or (a)
 - by at least three members having the right to vote at the meeting; or (b)
 - by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less (c) than 5% of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting (excluding any voting rights attached to any shares in the Company held as treasury shares); or
 - in accordance with the Listing Rules. (d)

If the Chairman, before or on the declaration of the result on a show of hands, knows from the proxies received by the Company that the result on a show of hands will be

When a poll is demanded

Directors and

security and

meetings.

When if quorum not

present , meetina to be

dissolved and

when to be adjourned.

Chairman of aeneral

meetina.

Power to adjourn

general

meeting, business of

adjourned meeting.

How questions to

be decided.

- 15 -

different from that on a poll, or a general meeting is held in more than one Meeting Locations by means of any technology or electronic facilities or is a hybrid meeting where poll votes may be cast by such electronic means as the Directors, at their absolute discretion, deem appropriate for the purposes of the meeting, the Chairman must demand a poll.

Unless a poll be so demanded and the demand is not withdrawn, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour or against such resolution.

- 74. If a poll is demanded as aforesaid, it shall (subject as provided in Article 75) be taken in Result of poll. such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) and at such time and place, not being more than thirty days from the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the poll was demanded, as the Chairman directs. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn, with the consent of the Chairman, at any time before the close of the meeting or the taking of the poll, whichever is the earlier.
- 75. Any poll duly demanded on the election of a Chairman of a meeting or on any question of adjournment shall be taken at the meeting and without adjournment.
- 76. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote. In case of any dispute as to the admission or rejection of any vote, the Chairman shall determine the same, and such determination shall be final and conclusive.
- 77. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction Business may of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.
- 78. Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, a resolution in writing shall be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a general meeting of the Company duly convened and held when all eligible members have signified their agreement to it in accordance with Section 556 of the Ordinance. A written notice of confirmation of such resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of an eligible member shall be deemed to be his signature to such resolution in writing for the purposes of this Article. Such resolution in writing may consist of several documents each signed by or on behalf of one or more eligible members. For the purpose of this Article, "eligible members" are the members who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the circulation date of the resolution, and if the persons entitled to vote on the resolution, the eligible members are the persons entitled to vote on the resolution, the eligible members are the persons entitled to vote on the resolution date" shall have the meaning given to it in Section 547 of the Ordinance.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

79. Subject to the Ordinance and to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to voting Votes of members. for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, at any general meeting on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) is present by a representative duly authorised under Sections 606 and 607 of the Ordinance, shall have one vote, and on a poll every member present in person or by proxy or by duly authorised representative shall have one vote for every fully paid share of which he is the holder and have for every partly paid share

In what cases poll taken without adjournment. Chairman to have casting vote.

Business may proceed notwithstanding demand for poll. Resolution in

writing of

members

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of which he is the holder the fraction of one vote equal to the proportion paid up thereon bears to the value of the share, but no amount paid or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Article as paid up on the share. On a poll a member entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way. If a member appoints more than one proxy, none of the proxies so appointed shall be entitled to vote on the resolution on a show of hands.

- 80. Any person entitled under Article 47 to be registered as a shareholder may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares; provided that forty-eight hours at least before the time of the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting as the case may be at which he proposes to vote, he shall satisfy the Board of his right to be registered as the holder of such shares, or the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.
- Where there are joint registered holders of any share, any one of such persons may vote 81. Joint holders. at any meeting, either personally or by proxy, in respect of such share as if he were solely entitled thereto: but if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy, that one of the said persons so present whose name stands first on the register in respect of such share, shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name any share stands shall for the purpose of this Article be deemed joint holders thereof.
 - A member who is mentally incapacitated, or in respect of whom an order has been made 82. by any court having jurisdiction in cases of mental incapacity, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, curator bonis, or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy, provided that such evidence as the Directors may require of the authority of the person claiming to vote shall have been deposited at the registered office of the Company or at such other place as is referred to in Article 87 of these Articles at least forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the general meeting or adjourned general meeting at which the proxy is used or in the case of a poll to be taken more than forty- eight hours after it was demanded, at least twenty-four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll.
- Save as herein expressly provided, no person other than a member duly registered 83. (a) Qualification for voting. and who shall have paid everything for the time being due from him and payable to the Company in respect of his shares and is entitled to attend and vote shall be entitled to be present or to vote (save as proxy for another member) either personally or by proxy, or to be reckoned in a quorum (save as proxy for another member), at any general meeting.
 - No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting (b) or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, any vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairman, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
 - Where the Company is of the view that any member is, under the Listing Rules, required 84. to abstain from voting on any particular resolution or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular resolution, any votes cast by or on behalf of such member in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted.
 - Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company or 85. a meeting of the holder of any class of shares in the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and to speak and vote instead of him. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.

Votes in respect of deceased and bankrupt members.

Votes of member who is mentally incapacitated.

Objections to votes.

Votina restrictions under Listing Rules.

Proxies

- The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor Instrument 86. appointing or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointor is a corporation, either proxy to be in under seal, or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. writing.
- 87. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company or at such other place as is specified in the notice of meeting or in the instrument of proxy issued by the Company at least forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the general meeting or adjourned general meeting or in the case of a poll to be taken more than forty-eight hours after it was demanded, at least twenty-four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. In calculating the notice periods set out above, no account is to be taken of any part of a day that is a public holiday. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution, except at an adjourned meeting or on a poll demanded at a meeting or an adjourned meeting in cases where the meeting was originally held within twelve months from such date. Delivery of an instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the meeting or poll concerned and, in such event, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to be revoked.
- Every instrument of proxy, whether for a specified meeting or otherwise, shall be in such Form of 88. form as the Board may from time to time approve.
- The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a general meeting shall: (i) be deemed to 89. under confer authority upon the proxy to demand or join in demanding a poll and to vote on instrument any resolution (or amendment thereto) put to the meeting for which it is given as the appointing proxy. proxy thinks fit provided that any form issued to a member for use by him for appointing a proxy to attend and vote at a general meeting or at an annual general meeting at which any business is to be transacted shall be such as to enable the member, according to his intention, to instruct the proxy to vote in favour of or against (or, in default of instructions, to exercise his discretion in respect of) each resolution dealing with any such business; and (ii) unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates.
- 90. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or mental incapacity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or power of attorney or other authority under which the proxy was executed, authority or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, mental incapacity, revocation or transfer as aforesaid shall have been received by the Company at the registered office, or at such other place as is referred to in Article 87 of these Articles, at least forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the general meeting or adjourned general meeting at which the proxy is used or in the case of a poll to be taken more than forty-eight hours after it was demanded, at least twenty-four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll.
- 91. Any corporation which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its directors or Corporation acting by other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at representative any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company, and the person at meetinas. so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company.
- 92. An instrument of proxy may be revoked by forwarding to the registered office of the Company or at such other place as is specified in the notice of meeting written proxy. notification of such revocation signed by or on behalf of the person who issued or authorised the issue of the instrument of proxy.

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Appointment of proxy

must be

deposited.

Authority

When vote be proxy valid though revoked.

proxy.

REGISTERED OFFICE

Registered office. 93. The registered office of the Company shall be at such place in Hong Kong as the Board shall from time to time appoint.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the

Number.

Board may fill vacancies.

Alternate Directors. 94. The number of Directors shall not be less than three.95. The Board shall have power from time to time, and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any Director so

Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting.

- 96. (a) Any Director may at any time by notice in writing delivered to the registered office of the Company or at a meeting of the Board, appoint any person (including another Director) to be his alternate Director for such period of absence from Hong Kong or such period of unavailability due to illness or disability or for such meeting as may be specified therein and may in like manner at any time determine such appointment. Such appointment, unless previously approved by the Board, shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved.
 - (b) The appointment of an alternate Director shall determine on the happening of any event which, were he a Director, would cause him to vacate such office, or if his appointor ceases to be a Director.
 - An alternate Director shall (except when absent from Hong Kong, for which (c) purpose he shall be deemed absent from Hong Kong on any day if he has given to the Company Secretary notice of his intention to be absent from Hong Kong for any period including such day and has not revoked such notice) be entitled to receive notices of meeting of the Board and shall be entitled to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to perform all the functions of his appointor as a Director, and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if he (instead of his appointor) were a Director. If he shall be himself a Director and/or shall attend any such meeting as an alternate for more than one Director his voting rights shall be cumulative. If his appointor is for the time being absent from Hong Kong or otherwise not available or temporarily unable to act, his signature to any resolution in writing of the Board shall be as effective as the signature of his appointor. To such extent as the Board may from time to time determine in relation to any committees of the Board, the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall also apply mutatis mutandis to any meeting of any such committee of which his appointor is a member. An alternate Director shall not, save as aforesaid, have power to act as a Director nor shall he be deemed to be a Director for the purposes of these Articles.
 - (d) An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent *mutatis mutandis* as if he were a Director, but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as alternate Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.

- 97. A Director need not hold any qualification shares but shall nevertheless be entitled to No qualification receive notice of and to attend and speak at all general meetings of the Company and at shares for all separate meetings of the respective holders of all classes of shares of the Company. Directors.
- 98. The Directors shall be entitled to receive by way of remuneration for their services such Directore' sum as shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting, such sum (unless otherwise directed by the resolution by which it is voted) to be divided amongst the Directors in such proportions and in such manner as the Board may agree or, failing agreement, equally, except that in such event any Director holding office for less than the whole of the relevant period in respect of which the remuneration is paid shall only rank in such division in proportion to the time during such period for which he has held office. The foregoing provisions shall not apply to a Director who holds any salaried employment or office in the Company except in the case of sums paid in respect of Directors' fees.
- 99. The Directors shall also be entitled to be repaid all travelling, hotel and other expenses Directors' reasonably incurred by them respectively in or about the performance of their duties as Directors, including their expenses of travelling to and from board meetings, committee meetings or general meetings or otherwise incurred whilst engaged in the business of the Company.
- 100. The Board may grant special remuneration to any Director who, being called upon, shall Special perform any special or extra services to the Company. Such special remuneration may be made payable to such Director in addition to or in substitution for his ordinary remuneration as a Director, and may be made payable by way of salary, or commission, participation in profits or otherwise as may be arranged.
- 101. Notwithstanding the foregoing Articles 98, 99 and 100, the remuneration of a Managing Remuneration of Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or other Executive Director Directors or a Director appointed to any other office in the management of the Company shall from etc. time to time be fixed by the Board and may be by way of salary, commission, or participation in profits or otherwise or by all or any of those modes and with such other benefits (including pension and/or gratuity and/or other benefits on retirement) and allowances as the Board may from time to time decide. Such remuneration shall be in addition to his remuneration as a Director.
- A Director shall vacate his office:-102. (a)
 - if he becomes bankrupt or has a receiving order made against him or suspends (i) payment, or makes any arrangements with or compounds with his creditors;
 - if he becomes mentally incapacitated; (ii)
 - if he absents himself from the meetings of the Board during a continuous (iii)period of six months without special leave of absence from the Board, and his alternate Director (if any) shall not during such period have attended in his stead, and the Board passes a resolution that he has by reason of such absence vacated his office;
 - (iv) if he becomes prohibited from being a Director by reason of any provision of the Companies Ordinance or the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32) or is otherwise prohibited from being a director by law;

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of Director to be vacated.

remuneration

remuneration

When office

- (v) if by notice in writing delivered to the Company at its registered office he resigns his office;
- (vi) if he shall be removed from office by notice in writing served upon him signed by all his co-Directors;
- (vii) if, having been appointed to an office under Article 120 hereof, he is dismissed or removed therefrom by the Board under Article 121; or
- (viii) if he shall be removed from office by an ordinary resolution of the Company.
- (b) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, no Director shall be required to vacate office or be ineligible for re-election or re-appointment as a Director, and no person shall be ineligible for appointment as a Director, by reason only of his having attained any particular age.
- 103. (a) Subject to the Ordinance, if a Director or any of his associates or an entity connected with the Director is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a transaction, arrangement or contract or proposed transaction, arrangement or contract with the Company that is significant in relation to the Company's business and the Director's interest or his associate's interest or the interest of the entity connected with the Director is material, the Director shall declare the nature and extent of his interest or the interest of any of his associates or entities connected with him in accordance with Sections 536 to 538 of the Ordinance and these Articles.
 - (b) A declaration of interest by a Director under Article 103(a) in a transaction, arrangement or contract that has been entered into must be made as soon as reasonably practicable and a declaration of interest by a Director under Article 103(a) in a proposed transaction, arrangement or contract must be made before the Company enters into the transaction, arrangement or contract.
 - (c) A declaration of interest by a Director must be:-
 - (i) made at a Directors' meeting;
 - (ii) made by a notice in writing and sent by the Director to the other Directors; or
 - (iii) made by a general notice by the Director.
 - (d) A notice for the purposes of Article 103(c)(ii) must be sent:-
 - (i) in hard copy form or, if the recipient has agreed to receive it in electronic form, in the electronic form so agreed; and
 - (ii) by hand or by post or, if the recipient has agreed to receive it by electronic means, by the electronic means so agreed.
 - (e) If a declaration to Directors under Article 103(a) is made by notice in writing:-
 - (i) the making of the declaration is to be regarded as forming part of the proceedings at the next Directors' meeting after the notice is given; and
 - (ii) Section 481 of the Ordinance applies as if the declaration had been made at that meeting.

Declaration of interest by interested Directors.

- A general notice by a Director for the purposes of Article 103(c)(iii) is a notice to the (f) effect that:
 - the Director has an interest (as member, officer, employee or otherwise) in a (i) body corporate or firm specified in the notice, and is to be regarded as interested in any transaction, arrangement or contract that may, after the effective date of the notice, be entered into by the Company with the specified body corporate or firm; or
 - the Director is connected with a person specified in the notice (other than a (ii)body corporate or firm), and is to be regarded as interested in any transaction, arrangement or contract that may, after the effective date of the notice, be entered into by the Company with the specified person.
- A general notice under Article 103(c)(iii) must state:-(g)
 - the nature and extent of the Director's interest in the specified body corporate (i) or firm referred to in Article 103(f)(i); or
 - the nature of the Director's connection with the specified person referred to in (ii)Article 103(f)(ii).
- A general notice must be given at a Directors' meeting, or in writing and sent to the (h) Company.
- A general notice given at a Directors' meeting takes effect on the date of the (i) Directors' meeting. A general notice given in writing and sent to the Company takes effect on the twenty-first day after the day on which it is sent to the Company.
- 104. A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (other than Directors the office of Auditor), and he or any firm of which he is a member may act in a professional capacity for the Company in conjunction with his office of Director, for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as the Directors may determine and such extra remuneration shall be in addition to any remuneration provided for by or pursuant to any other Article. No Director or intended Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company, nor shall any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any Director or any firm or company in which any Director is in any way interested be liable to be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit, remuneration or other benefits realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason only of such Director holding that office or of any fiduciary relationship thereby established, provided that such Director shall disclose the nature of his interest in any contract or arrangement in which he is interested at the meeting of the Board at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration, if he knows his interest then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Board after he knows that he is or has become so interested.
- 105. A Director shall not vote (nor shall he be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of Directors the Board approving any transaction, arrangement or contract or other proposal in which he or any of his associates is to his knowledge materially interested, and if he shall do so his vote shall not be counted (nor shall he be counted in the quorum for that resolution), but this prohibition shall not apply to any of the following matters, namely:
 - any contract or arrangement for the giving by the Company of any security or (a) indemnity to the Director or any of his associates in respect of money lent or obligations incurred or undertaken by him or any of them at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;

may hold other office under the Company and act in a professional capacity for the Company.

shall not vote transactions in which he is materially interested.

- (b) any contract or arrangement for the giving by the Company of any security to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which the Director or any of his associates has assumed responsibility in whole or in part and whether alone or jointly under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;
- (c) any proposal concerning an offer of the shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any other company which the Company may promote or be interested in for subscription or purchase where the Director or any of his associates is or is to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of the offer;
- (d) any contract or arrangement in which the Director or any of his associates is interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities of the Company by virtue only of his or their interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company;
- (e) any proposal or arrangement for the benefit of employees of the Company or its subsidiaries including the adoption, modification or operation of a pension fund or retirement, death or disability benefit scheme which relates to Directors, their associates and employees of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries and does not give in respect of any such Director or any of his associates any privilege or advantage not generally accorded to the class of persons to whom such scheme or fund relates; and
- (f) any proposal or arrangement concerning the adoption, modification or operation of any employees' incentive scheme involving the issue or grant of options over shares or other securities, or the conditional right to obtain shares or other securities, by the Company to, or for the benefit of, the employees of the Company or its subsidiaries under which the Director or any of his associates may benefit.

If any question shall arise at any meeting of the Board as to the materiality of the interest of a Director (other than the Chairman of the meeting) or any of his associates or any entity connected with him or as to the entitlement of any Director (other than such Chairman) to vote or be counted in the quorum and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or not to be counted in the quorum, such question shall be referred to the Chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to such other Director or any of his associates or any entity connected with him shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director concerned or any of his associates or any entity connected with him as known to such Director has not been fairly disclosed to the Board. If any question as aforesaid shall arise in respect of the Chairman of the meeting or any of his associates such question shall be decided by a resolution of the Board (for which purpose such Chairman shall not be counted in the quorum and shall not vote thereon) and such resolution shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of such Chairman or any of his associates as known to such Chairman has not been fairly disclosed to the Board.

106. For the purposes of Articles 103 and 105, references to an entity connected with a Director shall be construed in accordance with Section 486 of the Ordinance.

Entity connected with a Director.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

- 107. At each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their Rotation and number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to one-third or such higher proportion as the Board may determine from time to time, shall retire from office, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election or appointment. As between persons who became Directors on the same day, the Directors to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.
- 108. The Company at any general meeting at which any Directors retire in manner aforesaid, may fill the vacated offices by electing a like number of persons to be Directors.
- 109. If at any general meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place, the place of a retiring Director is not filled, the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-elected and shall, if willing, continue in office until the next annual general meeting and so on from year to year until his place is filled, unless it shall be expressly resolved at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors, or not to fill such vacated office, or unless a resolution for the re-election of such Director shall have been put to such meeting and lost.
- 110. The Company may from time to time in general meeting by ordinary resolution increase or reduce the number of Directors but so that the number of Directors shall never be less than three.
- 111. No person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Directors for Notices to be election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been given to the Company and provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such notices may be given, shall be at least seven days and that the period for lodgement of such notices shall commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting.
- 112. The Company shall keep in accordance with the Ordinance a register containing all such particulars of its Directors and shall from time to time notify to the Registrar any change that takes place in such Directors or their particulars as required by the Ordinance.
- 113. Subject to the Ordinance, the Company may by ordinary resolution remove any Director (including a Managing or other Executive Director) before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such Director (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract of service between him and the Company) and may elect another person in his stead. Any person so elected shall hold office for such time only as the Director in whose place he is elected would have held the same if he had not been removed.

retirement of Directors.

Meeting to fill up vacancies.

Retirina Directors to remain in office till successors appointed.

Power of general meeting to increase or reduce number of Directors

aiven when person , proposed for election.

Reaister of Directors and notification of changes to Registrar

Power to remove Director by ordinary resolution.

BORROWING POWERS

- Power to borrow. 114. The Board may from time to time in their discretion exercise all the powers of the Company to raise or borrow, or to secure the payment of, any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital or any part thereof.
- Conditions on which money may be borrowed. 115. The Board may raise or secure the payment or repayment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think fit and in particular, by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities of the Company, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.
- Assignment. 116. Debentures, debenture stock, bonds and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.
- Special privileges. 117. Any debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities may be issued at any price and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, attending and voting at general meetings of the Company, appointment of Directors and otherwise.
- Register of charges to be kept. 118. (a) The Board shall cause a proper register to be kept, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, of all mortgages and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall duly comply with the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, in regard to the registration of mortgages and charges therein specified and otherwise.
 - (b) If the Company issues a series of debentures or debenture stock not transferable by delivery, the Board shall cause a proper register to be kept of the holders of such debentures in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Ordinance.
 - 119. Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons taking any subsequent charge, thereon shall take the same subject to such prior charge, and shall not be entitled, by notice to the members or otherwise, to obtain priority over such prior charge.

MANAGING DIRECTORS ETC.

- 120. The Board may from time to time appoint any one or more of its body to the office of Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or other Executive Director and/or such other office in the management of the Company as it may decide for such period and upon such terms as it thinks fit and upon such terms as to remuneration as it may decide in accordance with Article 101.
- 121. Every Director appointed to an office under Article 120 hereof shall, subject to the provisions of any contract between himself and the Company with regard to his employment in such office, be liable to be dismissed or removed therefrom by the Board.
- 122. A Director appointed to an office under Article 120 hereof shall be, while holding the office, subject to the same provisions as to retirement by rotation and removal as the other Directors of the Company, and he shall (subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company) ipso facto and immediately cease to hold such office if he ceases to hold the office of Director for any cause.

Power to appoint Managing Directors, etc.

Register of holders of

debentures to be kept.

Charge of uncalled

capital.

Removal of Managing Director, etc.

Cessation of appointment. 123. The Board may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director, Joint Powers may be delegated Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or Executive Director all or any of the powers of the Board that they may think fit. But the exercise of all powers by such Director shall be subject to such regulations and restrictions as the Board may from time to time make and impose, and the said powers may at any time be withdrawn, revoked or varied.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

- Subject to any exercise by the Board of the powers conferred by Articles 123, 125, General 124. (a) powers of Company 126, 127, 133, 146 and 147 hereof, the management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board who, in addition to the powers and authorities by these Articles expressly conferred upon them, may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Company and which are not hereby or by the Ordinance expressly directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting, but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Ordinance and of these Articles and to any regulations from time to time made by the Company in general meeting not being inconsistent with such provisions or these Articles: Provided that no regulation so made shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.
 - Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by these Articles it is hereby (b) expressly declared that the Board shall have the following powers:
 - to give to any person the right or option of requiring at a future date that an (i) allotment shall be made to him of any share at such price as may be agreed.
 - to give any Directors, officers or servants of the Company an interest in any (ii) particular business or transaction or participation in the profits thereof or in the general profits of the Company either in addition to or in substitution for a salary or other remuneration.

MANAGERS

- 125. The Board may from time to time appoint a general manager, a manager or managers of Appointment the Company and may fix his or their remuneration either by way of salary or commission or by conferring the right to participation in the profits of the Company or by a of managers. combination of two or more of these modes and pay the working expenses of any of the staff of the general manager, manager or managers who may be employed by him or them upon the business of the Company.
- 126. The appointment of such general manager, manager or managers may be for such period Tenure of office and as the Board may decide, and the Board may confer upon him or them all or any of the powers. powers of the Directors as it may think fit.
- 127. The Board may enter into such agreement or agreements with any such general manager, Terms and conditions of manager or managers upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Board may appointment. in its absolute discretion think fit, including a power for such general manager, manager or managers to appoint an assistant manager or managers or other employees whatsoever under them for the purpose of carrying on the business of the Company.

vested in the Board.

and remuneration

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CHAIRMAN

128. The Board may elect a Chairman for their meetings and determine the period (not being a period extending beyond the date of the annual general meeting at which such Chairman is due to retire by rotation under Article 107) for which he is to hold office; but if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present or is unwilling so to act within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairman for that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DIRECTORS

- of 129. The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings as they think fit and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Unless otherwise determined three Directors shall be a quorum. For the purpose of this Article an alternate Director shall be counted in a quorum but notwithstanding that an alternate Director is an alternate for more than one Director he shall for quorum purposes count as only one Director. Any Director may participate in a meeting of the Board or of any such committee of the Board by means of a conference telephone or other communication equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting are capable of communicating with each other.
- 130. A Director may, and on request of a Director, the Company Secretary shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Board. Notice thereof shall be given to each Director either in writing or by telephone or in such other manner as the Board may from time to time determine. Provided however that notice need not be given to any Director for the time being absent from Hong Kong. A Director may waive notice of any meeting and any such waiver may be prospective or retrospective.
 - 131. Questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote (except in the case where the Chairman is not permitted to vote or be counted in quorum of any meeting of the Board).
 - 132. A meeting of the Board for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions by or under the Articles of the Company for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board generally.
 - 133. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body as the Board thinks fit, and it may, from time to time, revoke such delegation or revoke the appointment of and discharge any such committees either wholly or in part, and either as to person or purposes, but every committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Board.
 - 134. All acts done by any such committee in conformity with such regulations, and in fulfilment of the purposes for which it is appointed, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect, as if done by the Board, and the Board shall have power, with the consent of the Company in general meeting, to remunerate the members of any special committee, and charge such remuneration to the current expenses of the Company.
 - 135. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, insofar as the same are not superseded by any regulations made by the Board under Article 133.

Meetings of Directors, quorum, etc.

Chairman

Convening of Board meeting.

How questions to be decided.

Powers of meeting.

Power to appoint committee and to delegate.

Acts of committee to be of same effect as acts of the Board.

Proceedings of committee.

- 136. All acts bona fide done by any meeting of the Board or by a committee of the Board, or When acts of Directors or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it shall be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Director or person acting as aforesaid or that he had by virtue of Article 102(a) ceased to be a Director, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and had not ceased to be a Director.
- 137. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but, if and Directors' so long as their number is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or pursuant to these Articles, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of increasing exist. the number of Directors to that number, or of summoning a general meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.
- 138. A resolution in writing signed or approved by a majority of all of the Directors except Directors' such as would be unable to vote on such resolution if considered at a meeting of the Directors by reason of having an interest as provided for in Article 103 or are temporarily unable to act through ill-health or disability (or their alternate Directors) shall (so long as they constitute a quorum) be as effective for all purposes as a resolution of the Directors passed at a meeting duly convened, held and constituted. A written notification of confirmation of such resolution in writing given by a Director to the Board by any means shall be deemed to be his signature to such resolution in writing for the purpose of this Article. Such resolution in writing may be contained in one document or in several documents in like form, each signed or approved by one or more of the Directors concerned.

PRESIDENT

139. The Board may, at any time and from time to time, appoint any one of their number or President. any former Director of the Company who, in their opinion, has rendered outstanding services to the Company, or any other person to be President of the Company for life or any other period. The President shall not, by virtue of his office, be deemed a Director or be entitled to any remuneration. Nevertheless where he is not a Director he may, by invitation of the Board, attend meetings of the Board for the purpose of giving advice and the Board may remunerate him in respect of advice and assistance from time to time given by him.

COMPANY SECRETARY

- 140. The Company Secretary shall be appointed by the Board for such term, at such Appointment of Company remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit, and any Company Secretary Secretary so appointed may be removed by the Board. Anything by the Ordinance or these Articles required or authorised to be done by or to the Company Secretary, if the office is vacant or there is for any other reason no Company Secretary capable of acting, may be done by or to any assistant or deputy secretary, or if there is no assistant or deputy secretary capable of acting, by or to any officer of the Company authorised generally or specially on that behalf by the Board. In the event that the Company Secretary appointed is a corporation or other body, it may act and sign by the hand of any one or more of its directors or officers duly authorised.
- 141. The Company Secretary shall (a), if an individual, ordinarily reside in Hong Kong, and Residence (b), if a body corporate, have its registered office or a place of business in Hong Kong.
- 142. A provision of the Ordinance or of these Articles requiring or authorising a thing to be Same person done by or to a Director and the Company Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as or in place of the Company capacities at Secretary.

not to act in once.

committee to be valid notwithstanding defects.

> powers when . vacancies

resolutions in writing.

MANAGEMENT – MISCELLANEOUS

- 143. (a) The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal which shall only be used by the authority of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by the Board in that behalf, and every instrument to which the seal shall be affixed shall be signed by a Director and shall be countersigned by the Company Secretary or by a second Director or by some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose. Provided that the Board may either generally or in any particular case or cases resolve (subject to such restrictions as to the manner in which the seal may be affixed as the Board may determine) that such signatures or any of them may be affixed to certificates for shares or debentures or representing any other form of security by some mechanical means other than autographic to be specified in such resolution or that such certificates need not be signed by any person. Every instrument executed in manner provided by this Article shall be deemed to be sealed and executed with the authority of the Board previously given.
- (b) The Company may have an official seal for use for sealing certificates for shares or other securities issued by the Company as permitted by Section 126 of the Ordinance (and no signature of any Director, officer or other person and no mechanical reproduction thereof shall be required on any such certificates or other document and any such certificates or other document to which such official seal is affixed shall be valid and deemed to have been sealed and executed with the authority of the Board notwithstanding the absence of any such signature or mechanical reproduction as aforesaid) and an official seal for use abroad under the provisions of the Companies Ordinance where and as the Board shall determine, and the Company may by writing under the seal appoint any agents or agent, committees or committee abroad to be the duly authorised agents of the Company for the purpose of affixing and using such official seal and they may impose such restrictions on the use thereof as may be thought fit. Wherever in these Articles reference is made to the seal, the reference shall, when and so far as may be applicable, be deemed to include any such official seal as aforesaid.
- 144. Any document signed in accordance with Section 127(3) of the Ordinance and expressed (in whatever words) to be executed by the Company shall have the same effect as if it had been executed under the seal of the Company.
 - 145. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed as the case may be, in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine. The Company's banking account shall be kept with such banker or bankers as the Board shall from time to time determine.
 - 146. (a) The Board may from time to time, and at any time, by power of attorney under the seal or executed as a deed, appoint any company, firm or person, or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Board may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers authorities and discretions vested in him.

Seal

Official seal

Cheques and banking arrangements.

Power to appoint attorney.
- The Company may, by writing under its seal or executed as a deed, empower any Execution of (b) person, either generally or in respect of any specified matter, as its attorney, to execute deeds and instruments on its behalf and to enter into contracts and sign the same on its behalf in any place not situate within Hong Kong, and every deed executed by such attorney on behalf of the Company shall bind the Company and have the same effect as if it were under the seal of, or executed as a deed by the Company.
 - deeds by attorney.

- 147. The Board may establish any committees, local boards or agencies for managing any of Local boards. the affairs of the Company, either in Hong Kong or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such committees, local boards or agencies and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any committee, local board, or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Board (other than its powers to make calls and forfeit shares), with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any local board, or any of them, to fill any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit, and the Board may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.
- 148. The Board may establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of Pension any contributory or non-contributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of, or give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or etc. emoluments to any persons who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company, or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company, or is allied or associated with the Company or with any such subsidiary company, or who are or were at any time directors or officers of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid, and who hold or who have held any salaried employment or office in the Company or such other company, and the wives, widows, families and dependants of any such persons. The Board may also establish and subsidise or subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to be for the benefit of or to advance the interests and well-being of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid or of any such persons as aforesaid, and may make payments for or towards the insurance of any such persons as aforesaid, and subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object. The Board may do any of the matters aforesaid, either alone or in conjunction with any such other company as aforesaid. Any Director holding any such employment or office shall be entitled to participate in and retain for his own benefit any such donation, gratuity, pension, allowance or emolument.

CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES

149. (a) The Company in general meeting may upon the recommendation of the Directors Power to capitalise resolve that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution (and not required for the payment or provision of the dividend on any shares with a preferential right to dividend) and accordingly that such sums be set free for distribution amongst the members holding ordinary shares in proportion to the number of ordinary shares (whether or not fully paid) held by them respectively on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively or paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid, or partly in the one way and partly in the other, and the Board shall give effect to such resolution.

funds. donations.

- Effect of resolution to capitalise.
- Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the Board shall (b) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid up shares (either satisfied by allotment and issue of new shares and/or the sale or transfer of treasury shares) or debentures, if any, and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto, with full power to the Board to make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise (including provision for the benefit of fractional entitlements to accrue to the Company rather than to the members concerned) as they think fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions, and also to authorise any person to enter on behalf of all members entitled thereto into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares or debentures to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or, as the case may require, for the payment up by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares, and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES

- 150. The Company in general meeting may declare dividends in any currency, but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.
- 151. (a) The Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to the Board to be justified by the profits of the Company, and in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) if at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes, the Board may pay such interim dividends in respect of those shares in the capital of the Company which confer on the holders thereof deferred or non-preferential rights as well as in respect of those shares which confer on the holders thereof preferential rights with regard to dividend and provided that the Board acts bona fide the Board shall not incur any responsibility to the holders of shares conferring any preference for any damage that they may suffer by reason of the payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non- preferential rights.
 - The Board may also pay half-yearly or at other suitable intervals to be settled by it (b) any dividend which may be payable at a fixed rate if the Board is of the opinion that the profits justify the payment.
- 152. (a) No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company in accordance with Part 6 of the Ordinance. No dividend shall carry interest.
 - For so long as any share issued under any share incentive scheme for employees (b) remains subject to restrictions on dividends, voting and transfer imposed thereby, but without prejudice to the entitlement of the holder of such share to participate in any distribution on capitalization of reserves under Article 149, no dividend whether payable in cash or in specie or by way of allotment of fully paid shares under Article 154 hereof shall be declared or paid on such share.

Power to declare dividends.

Board's power to pay interim dividends.

Provisions as to dividends.

- 153. Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting have resolved that a dividend Dividend in be paid or declared, the Board may further resolve that such dividend be satisfied wholly specie. or in part by the distribution of specific assets of any kind and in particular of paid up shares or other securities of the Company or any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution the Board may settle the same as it thinks expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, disregard fractional entitlements or round the same up or down, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest and such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Board and may appoint any person to sign any requisite instruments of transfer and other documents on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective. Where requisite, a contract shall be filed in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance, and the Board may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective.
- Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting have resolved that a Scrip 154. (a) dividend be paid or declared on the share capital of the Company, the Board may further resolve:
 - dividends.
 - That such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part in the form of an allotment (i) of shares credited as fully paid up and/or a sale and transfer of treasury shares provided that the shareholders entitled thereto will be entitled to elect to receive such dividend (or part thereof) in cash in lieu of such allotment and/or sale and transfer. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:-
 - (aa) the basis of any such allotment and/or sale and transfer shall be determined by the Board;
 - (bb) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment and/or sale and transfer, shall give not less than two weeks' notice in writing to the holders of the relevant shares of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;
 - (cc) the right of election may be exercised in whole or in part;
 - (dd) the dividend (or that part of the dividend to be satisfied by the allotment of shares and/or sale and transfer of treasury shares as aforesaid) shall not be payable in cash on shares in respect whereof the cash election has not been duly exercised ("the non-elected shares") and in satisfaction thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid up and/or treasury shares shall be sold and transferred to the holders of the non-elected shares on the basis of allotment and/or sale and transfer determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company (including profits carried and standing to the credit of any reserve or reserves or other special account other than the Conversion Rights Reserve (if there be any such Reserves)) as the Board may determine, such sum as may be required to pay up in full the appropriate number of shares for allotment and/ or sale and transfer and distribution to and amongst the holders of the nonelected shares on such basis; or

- (ii) That the shareholders entitled to such dividend be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up and/or a sale and transfer of treasury shares in lieu of the whole or such part of the dividend as the Board may think fit. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:-
 - (aa) the basis of any such allotment and/or sale and transfer shall be determined by the Board;
 - (bb) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment and/or sale and transfer of treasury shares, shall give not less than two weeks' notice in writing to the holders of the relevant shares of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;
 - (cc) the right of election may be exercised in whole or in part;
 - (dd) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable in cash on shares in respect whereof the share election has been duly exercised ("the elected shares") and in lieu thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid up and/or treasury shares shall be sold and transferred to the holders of the elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company (including profits carried and standing to the credit of any reserve or reserves or other special account other than the Conversion Rights Reserve (if there be any such Reserves)) as the Board may determine, such sum as may be required to pay up in full the appropriate number of shares for allotment and/or sale and transfer and distribution to and amongst the holders of the elected shares on such basis.
- (b) (i) Any allotment of shares and/or a sale and transfer of treasury shares pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) shall be subject to members' approval pursuant to Section 141 of the Ordinance. The shares allotted and/or treasury shares sold and transferred pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the shares of the same class (if any) then in issue save only as regards participation in the relevant dividend.
 - (ii) The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any capitalisation pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a), with full power to the Board to make such provisions as they think fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the members concerned). The Board may authorise any person to enter into, on behalf of all members interested, an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made pursuant to such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.

- The Company may upon the recommendation of the Board by ordinary resolution (c) resolve in respect of any particular dividend of the Company that notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this Article a dividend may be satisfied wholly in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up and/or a sale and transfer of treasury shares without offering any right to shareholders to elect to receive such dividend in cash in lieu of such allotment.
- The Board may on any occasion determine that an allotment of shares and/or a sale and (d) transfer of treasury shares under paragraph (a)(i) of this Article or a right of election to receive an allotment of shares under paragraph (a)(ii) of this Article shall not be made or made available to any shareholders with registered addresses in any territory where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the allotment of shares and/ or the sale and transfer of treasury shares or the circulation of an offer of such right of election would or might be unlawful, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination.
- 155. The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Reserves Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, in the discretion of the Board, be applicable for meeting claims on or liabilities of the Company or contingencies or for paying off any loan capital or for equalising dividends or for any other purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, and pending such application may, in the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments as the Board may from time to time think fit, and so that it shall not be necessary to keep any investments constituting the reserve or reserves separate or distinct from any other investments of the Company. The Board may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits which it may think prudent not to divide.
- 156. Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividend, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid up on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but no amount paid up or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Article as paid up on the share. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such shares shall rank for dividend accordingly.
- The Board may retain any dividends or other monies payable on or in respect of a Retention of 157. (a) dividends etc share upon which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.
 - The Board may deduct from any dividend or bonus payable to any member all sums Deduction of (b) of money (if any) presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls, instalments or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.
- 158. Any general meeting sanctioning a dividend may make a call on the members of such Dividend and amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him, and so that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend, and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and the member, be set off against the call.
- 159. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend or bonus declared thereon Effect of transfer before the registration of the transfer.

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Dividends to be paid in proportion to paid up capital

call together

- 160. If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipts for any dividends, interim dividends or bonuses and other monies payable in respect of such shares.
- 161. Unless otherwise directed by the Board, any dividend or bonus may be paid by cheque sent through the post to the registered address of the member entitled, or, in case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one whose name stands first in the register in respect of the joint holding or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every cheque so sent shall be sent at the risk of the holder or joint holder, as the case may be, and made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent, and the payment of any such cheque shall operate as a good discharge to the Company in respect of the dividend and/or bonus represented thereby, notwithstanding that it may subsequently appear that the same has been stolen, or that any endorsement thereon has been forged.
- 162. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for one year after having been declared may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Board for the benefit of the Company until claimed and the Company shall not be constituted a trustee in respect thereof for any profit or benefit derived therefrom. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for six years after having been declared may be forfeited by the Board and shall revert to the Company.
- 163. Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in general meeting or a resolution of the Board, may specify that the same shall be payable or distributable to the persons registered as the holders of such shares on a particular date or at a point of time on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the dividend shall be payable or distributable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights inter se in respect of such dividend of transferors and transferees of any such shares. The provisions of this Article shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to bonuses, capitalisation issue, distributions of realised capital profits or offers or grants made by the Company to the members.
 - 164. Without prejudice to the rights of the Company, the Company may cease sending such cheques for dividend entitlements by post if such cheques have been left uncashed on two consecutive occasions. However, the Company may exercise the power to cease sending cheques for dividend entitlements after the first occasion on which such a cheque is returned undelivered.
 - 165. The Company shall have the power to sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares of a member who is untraceable, but no such sale shall be made unless:-
 - (a) all cheques, being not less than three in total number, for any sum payable in cash to the holder of such shares in respect of them sent during the relevant period in the manner authorised by the Articles of the Company have remained uncashed;
 - (b) so far as it is aware at the end of the relevant period, the Company has not at any time during the relevant period received any indication of the existence of the member who is the holder of such shares or of a person entitled to such shares by death, bankruptcy or operation of law; and
 - (c) the Company has caused an advertisement to be inserted in English in an English language newspaper and in Chinese in a Chinese language newspaper giving notice of its intention to sell such shares and has notified The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited of such intention and a period of three months has elapsed since the date of such advertisement.

For the purpose of the foregoing, "relevant period" means the period commencing twelve years before the date of publication of the advertisement referred to in paragraph (c) of this Article and ending at the expiry of the period referred to in that paragraph.

Company may sell shares of untraceable

members.

Company may cease

sendina

dividend cheques.

dividends on shares held by joint holders.

Receipts for

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Payment by post.

Unclaimed dividends.

Record dates.

To give effect to any such sale the Board may authorise any person to transfer the said shares and instrument of transfer signed or otherwise executed by or on behalf of such person shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the registered holder or the person entitled by transmission to such shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale. The net proceeds of the sale will belong to the Company and upon receipt by the Company of such net proceeds it shall become indebted to the former member for an amount equal to such net proceeds. No trust shall be created in respect of such debt and no interest shall be payable in respect of it and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned from the net proceeds which may be employed in the business of the Company or as it thinks fit. Any sale under this Article shall be valid and effective notwithstanding that the member holding the shares sold is dead, bankrupt or otherwise under any legal disability or incapacity.

ACCOUNTS

- 166. The Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of daily entries of all sums of money Accounts to received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which such receipt and expenditure take place, and of the property, assets, credits and liabilities of the Company and of all other matters required by the Ordinance or necessary to give a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and to explain its transactions.
- 167. The books of account shall be kept at the registered office or at such other place or places Where as the Board thinks fit and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors.
- 168. The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent, at what times Inspection by members. and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounting or other records or documents of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of the members not being Directors, and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any such document of the Company, except as conferred by the Ordinance or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting.
- 169. (a) The Board shall from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Annual profit Ordinance lay before the Company at its annual general meeting a copy of the reporting documents for the financial year required by the Ordinance. The Board may also cause to be prepared a summary financial report if it thinks fit, which may be provided to members and/or debenture holders instead of the reporting documents in circumstances permitted by the Ordinance, the Listing Rules and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations. For the purpose of this Article, "reporting documents" and "summary financial report" shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Ordinance.
 - Subject to paragraph (c) below, a copy of the relevant reporting documents or Annual report (b) summary financial report shall, not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting, be delivered or sent to every member of, and every holder of debenture of, the Company and every person registered under Article 47 and every other person entitled to receive notices of general meetings of the Company provided that this Article shall not require a printed copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the Company is not aware or in the case of joint holders of any shares or debentures none of whom is entitled to receive notices of the Company's general meeting, to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debentures, or in the case of joint holders of any shares or debentures some of whom are entitled to receive notices of the Company's general meetings and some not, to those who are not entitled.

and loss account and balance sheet.

of Directors and balance sheet to be sent to members

be kept.

accounts to be kept.

(c) Where a member or debenture holder of the Company has, in accordance with the Ordinance, the Listing Rules and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations, consented to treat the publication of the relevant reporting documents and/or the summary financial report on the Company's website as discharging the Company's obligation under the Ordinance to send a copy of the relevant reporting documents and/or the summary financial report, then subject to compliance with the Ordinance, the Listing Rules and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations, publication by the Company on the Company's website of the relevant reporting documents and/or the summary financial report at least twenty-one days before the date of the meeting shall, in relation to each such member or debenture holder of the Company, be deemed to discharge the Company's obligation under paragraph (b) above.

AUDITORS

- 170. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Ordinance.
- Remuneration of Auditors. 171. Subject as otherwise provided by the Ordinance, the remuneration of the Auditors shall be fixed by the Company in general meeting provided always that in respect of any particular year the Company in general meeting may delegate the fixing of such remuneration to the Board.
 - 172. Every statement of accounts, audited by the Company's Auditors and presented by the Board at an annual general meeting, shall after approval at such meeting, be conclusive except as regards any error discovered therein within three months of the approval thereof. Whenever any such error is discovered within that period, it shall forthwith be corrected, and the statement of accounts amended in respect of the error shall be conclusive.

NOTICES

- 173. (a) Subject to the requirements or consents or deemed consents as stipulated in the Ordinance, the Listing Rules, any other applicable laws, rules and regulations and these Articles, any notice or documents (including any "corporate communication" within the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules), whether or not, to be given or issued under these Articles from the Company to a member shall be in writing or in electronic form and any such notice and document may be served or delivered by the Company on or to any member in the following means:-
 - (i) by serving it personally on the member;
 - (ii) by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope addressed to such member at his registered address as appearing in the register or at any other address supplied by him to the Company for the purpose;
 - (iii) by electronic means, including by transmitting it to the member any such address or transmitting it to any telex or facsimile transmission number or electronic number or address or website supplied by him to the Company for the giving of notice to him or which the person transmitting the notice reasonably and *bona fide* believes at the relevant time will result in the notice being duly received by the member;
 - (iv) by placing an advertisement in appropriate newspapers in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules;

Members' consent to publication of reporting documents on website.

When accounts to be deemed finally settled.

Auditors.

Means of serving notices.

- (v) by publishing it on a website;
- (vi) by sending or otherwise making it available to such person through such other means in printed or electronic form or as otherwise authorised in writing by such member; or
- (vii) by any other means permitted under the Ordinance and the Listing Rules.
- In the case of joint holders of a share all notices shall be given to that one of the joint Notice served (b) on joint holders. holders whose name stands first in the register and notice so given shall be deemed a sufficient service on or delivery to all the joint holders.
- 174. A member shall be entitled to have notices served on him at any address within Hong Members out of Hong Kong Kong or by any of the means set out in Article 173. Any member whose registered address is outside Hong Kong may notify the Company in writing of an address in Hong Kong which for the purpose of service of notice shall be deemed to be his registered address. A member who does not notify the Company of an address in Hong Kong may notify the Company of an address outside Hong Kong and the Company may serve notices on him at such overseas address. In the absence of notification by a member of an address in Hong Kong or overseas for the purpose of service of notice and to the extent permitted by the applicable laws, rules and regulations, notices to such member shall be sent to such member's address as shown in the Company's register of members. A member ceases to be entitled to receive notices from the Company if the Company sends two consecutive documents to the member over a period of at least twelve months and each of those documents is returned undelivered, or the Company receives notification that it has not been delivered. A member who has ceased to be entitled to receive notices from the Company becomes entitled to receive those notices again by sending the Company an address to be recorded in the register of members or if the member has agreed that the Company should use a means of communication other than sending things to such an address, the information that the Company needs to use that means of communication effectively.
- 175. Subject to the Ordinance, any notice or document (including any "corporate When notice communication" within the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules) given or served issued by or on behalf of the Company:
 - if served or delivered in person, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered (a) at the time of personal service or delivery, and in proving such service or delivery, a certificate in writing signed by the Company Secretary or other person appointed by the Board that it was so served shall be conclusive evidence thereof;
 - if sent by post, shall be deemed to have been served on the second business day (b) after the day on which the envelope or wrapper containing the same is posted and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice or document was properly prepaid (and in the case of an address outside Hong Kong where airmail service can be extended thereto airmail postage prepaid), addressed and posted and a certificate in writing signed by the Company Secretary or other person appointed by the Board that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice was so addressed and posted shall be conclusive evidence thereof;
 - if not sent by post but delivered or left at a registered address by the Company, shall (c) be deemed to have been served on the day it was so delivered or left;
 - if published by way of a newspaper advertisement, shall be deemed to have been (d) served on the date on which it is advertised in one English language newspaper and one Chinese newspaper in Hong Kong;

deemed to be

- (e) if sent by electronic means, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered at the time when the notice or document is transmitted electronically provided that no notification that the relevant notice or document has not reached its recipient has been received by the sender, except that any failure in transmission beyond the sender's control shall not invalidate the effectiveness of the notice or document being served;
- (f) if published on a website, shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the notification of such publication is served or delivered to the intended recipient or where no such notification is required by the Ordinance or the Listing Rules, the day on which the notice or document is published on such website; and
- (g) may be given to a member in the English language only, in the Chinese language only or in both the English language and the Chinese language, subject to due compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations.
- 176. A notice may be given by the Company to the person entitled to a share in consequence of the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy of a member by sending or supplying it in such manner as provided in these Articles to him by name, or by the title of representative of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address, if any, within Hong Kong supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy had not occurred.
- 177. Any person who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share which, prior to his name and address being entered on the register shall be duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such share.
- 178. Any notice or document served in accordance with these Articles, notwithstanding that such member be then deceased or bankrupt and whether or not the Company has notice of his decease or bankruptcy, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any shares, whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such member, until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder or joint holder thereof, and such service shall for all purposes of these Articles be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his executors, administrators or assigns, personal representatives and all persons (if any) jointly interested with him in any such shares.
- 179. The signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written, printed or made in electronic form.
- 180. The Directors may from time to time specify the form and manner in which a notice may be given to the Company by electronic means, including one or more addresses for the receipt of communications by electronic means, and may prescribe such procedures as they think fit for verifying the authenticity or integrity of any such communication. A notice may be given to the Company by electronic means only if it is given in accordance with the requirements specified by the Directors.

Service of notice to persons entitled on death, mental disorder or bankruptcy of a member.

Transferee to be bound by prior notices.

Notice valid though member deceased.

How notice to be signed.

Service on Company.

INFORMATION

181. No member (not being a Director) shall be entitled to require discovery of or any Member not information respecting any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Board it will be inexpedient in the interests of the members of the Company to communicate to the public.

DOCUMENTS

- Any Director or the Company Secretary or any person appointed by the Board for Authentication 182. (a) the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the documents constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Board or any committee of the Board and any books, records, documents and accounts, relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and, where any books, records, documents and accounts are elsewhere than at the registered office, the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Board as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Board or any committee of the Board which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that such minutes or extract is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.
 - The Company shall be entitled to destroy the following documents at the Destruction (b) (i) following times:
 - documents
 - (aa) registered instruments of transfer: at any time after the expiration of seven years from the date of registration thereof;
 - (bb) allotment letters: at any time after the expiration of seven years from the date of issue thereof;
 - (cc) copies of powers of attorney, grants of probate and letters of administration: at any time after the expiration of two years after the account to which the relevant power of attorney, grant of probate or letters of administration related has been closed:
 - (dd) dividend mandates and notifications of change of address: at any time after the expiration of two years from the date of recording thereof; and
 - (ee) cancelled share certificates: at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of the cancellation thereof.
 - It shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company:-(ii)
 - (aa) that every entry in the register purporting to be made on the basis of any such documents so destroyed was duly and properly made; and

entitled to secret information.

- (bb) that every such document so destroyed was valid and effective and had been duly and properly registered, cancelled, or recorded in the books or records of the Company, as the case may be.
- (iii) (aa) The provisions aforesaid shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant;
 - (bb) Nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any other circumstances which would not attach to the Company in the absence of this Article;
 - (cc) References herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner.

WINDING UP

- 183. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary, under supervision or by the court) the liquidator may with the authority of a special resolution and any other sanction required by the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance, divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds, and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the liquidator with the like authority shall think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other assets in respect of which there is a liability.
- 184. In the event of a winding-up of the Company in Hong Kong, every member of the Company who is not for the time being in Hong Kong shall be bound, within fourteen days after the passing of an effective resolution to wind up the Company voluntarily, or the making of an order for the winding-up of the Company, to serve notice in writing on the Company appointing some person resident in Hong Kong and stating that person's full name, address and occupation upon whom all summonses, notices, processes, orders and judgments in relation to or under the winding-up of the Company may be served, and in default of such nomination the liquidator of the Company shall be at liberty on behalf of such member to appoint some such person, and service upon any such appointee, whether appointed by the member or the liquidator, shall be deemed to be good personal service on such member for all purposes, and, where the liquidator makes any such appointment, he shall with all convenient speed give notice thereof to such member by advertisement in an English language newspaper in English and a Chinese language newspaper in Chinese as he shall deem appropriate or by a registered letter sent through the post and addressed to such member at his address as mentioned in the register, and such notice shall be deemed to be served on the day following that on which the advertisement appears or the letter is posted.

Division of assets in liquidation.

Service of process.

INDEMNITY

185. To the extent permitted by law, the Company:-

- (a) shall indemnify (on a full indemnity basis) every current and former director, Company Secretary, officer and employee of the Company and their heirs, executors or administrators against any liability to the Company or an associated company of the Company that attaches to him in his current or former capacity as a director, Company Secretary, officer or employee of the Company or an associated company of the Company otherwise than, in respect of a Director or a director of an associated company of the Company, any liability that attaches in connection with that Director or director's negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or an associated company of the Company;
- (b) shall indemnify (on a full indemnity basis) every current and former director, Company Secretary, officer and employee of the Company and their heirs, executors or administrators against any liability to a party other than the Company or an associated company of the Company that attaches to him in his current or former capacity as a director, Company Secretary, officer or employee of the Company or an associated company of the Company, otherwise than, in respect of a Director or a director of an associated company of the Company, any liability:-
 - (i) of the director to pay a fine imposed in criminal proceedings;
 - (ii) of the director to pay a sum payable by way of a penalty in respect of non-compliance with any requirement of a regulatory nature;
 - (iii) incurred by a director in defending criminal proceedings in which he is convicted or civil proceedings brought by the Company, or an associated company of the Company, or on behalf of the Company by a member of the Company or of an associated company of the Company, or on behalf of an associated company of the Company by a member of the associated company or by a member of an associated company of the associated company, in which judgement is given against the director; or
 - (iv) incurred by the director in connection with an application for relief under Section 358 of the predecessor Ordinance or Sections 903 or 904 of the Ordinance in which the court refuses to grant the relief;
- (c) may, subject to Part 11 of the Ordinance, advance monies to a Director, including in the following circumstances or for the following purposes on condition that the advanced monies shall be repaid to the Company if any allegation of fraud or dishonesty is proved against such person:-
 - (i) if the aggregate of the value of the transaction in question, and the value of any other relevant transaction or arrangement, does not exceed five per cent. of:-
 - (aa) the value of the Company's net assets as determined by reference to the relevant financial statements of the Company; or

- (bb) if no such relevant financial statements have been prepared, the amount of the Company's called up share capital;
- (ii) to provide funds to a Director to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by such person for the purposes of the Company or for the purpose of enabling such person to properly perform duties as an officer of the Company or to enable such person to avoid incurring such expenditure;
- (iii) to provide funds to a Director to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by such person in defending any criminal or civil proceedings in connection with any alleged negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust by such person in relation to the Company or an associated company of the Company or to enable such person to avoid incurring such expenditure;
- (iv) to provide funds to a Director to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by such person in connection with an application for relief under Section 358 of the predecessor Ordinance or Sections 903 or 904 of the Ordinance or to enable such person to avoid incurring such expenditure; and
- (v) to provide funds to a Director to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by such person in putting up a defence in an investigation, or against any action taken or proposed to be taken, by a regulatory authority in connection with any alleged misconduct by such person in relation to the Company or an associated company of the Company or to enable such person to avoid incurring such expenditure;
- (d) shall, subject to Part 11 of the Ordinance, advance monies to a former director or a current or former Company Secretary, officer or employee of the Company (but not a person otherwise captured by clause (c) of this Article) and their heirs, executors or administrators for the costs, charges and expenses he may incur:-
 - (i) in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, taken against him alleging a liability incurred by him in his capacity as a former director or current or former Company Secretary, officer or employee of the Company or an associated company of the Company (but not as a person otherwise captured by clause (c) of this Article), on condition that the monies shall be repaid to the Company if he is found guilty of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or an associated company of the Company; and
 - (ii) in responding to any formal or official investigation, examination or inquiry into the Company or an associated company of the Company in his capacity as a former director or current or former Company Secretary, officer or employee of the Company or an associated company of the Company (but not as a person otherwise captured by clause (c) of this Article), on condition that the monies shall be repaid to the Company if he is found guilty of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or an associated company of the Company as a result of that investigation, examination or inquiry; and

- (e) shall purchase and maintain for any current or former director, Company Secretary, officer and employee of the Company and an associated company of the Company insurance against any liability actually or allegedly incurred by him in his current or former capacity as a director, Company Secretary, officer or employee of the Company or an associated company of the Company.
- 186. Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, every current and former director, Company Indemnity out Secretary, officer or employee of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of of the assets the Company against all costs, charges, expenses, losses and liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of his office or which may attach to him in his current or former capacity as a director, Company Secretary, officer or employee of the Company or an associated company of the Company.

In Articles 185 to 186:-

"associated company" shall have the same meaning given to it by Section 2(1) of the Ordinance;

"employee" means an employee of the Company acting in a managerial or supervisory capacity; and

"capacity as a director, Company Secretary, officer or employee of ... an associated company of the Company" means a liability attaching to a Director, Company Secretary, officer or employee of the Company arising solely from his acting, at the Company's specific written request (but not otherwise) in the capacity of director, company secretary, officer or employee of an associated company of the Company.

187. Articles 185 to 186 do not authorise any indemnity that would be prohibited or rendered indemnity prohibited void by any applicable law.

Indemnity prohibited, or rendered void by law not authorised. The following table sets out the details of the initial subscribers of the Company, the initial number of shares taken by each of them and the initial share capital of the Company on 5th October, 1993.

Names, Addresses and Descriptions of Initial Subscribers	Initial Number of Shares taken by each Initial Subscriber
For and on behalf of	
RIGHT LANE LIMITED	
(Sd.) \HANG \UXIANG	
ZHANG ZUXIANG, Director	
Flat A, 13th Floor,	One
Summit Industrial Building,	
9 Sun Yip Street,	
Chai Wan, Hong Kong.	
Limited Company.	
(Sd.) NG LAI YICK	
NG LAI YICK	
Block 12A, Flat C,	One
21st Floor, Provident Centre,	
Phase II, North Point,	
Hong Kong.	
Merchant.	
Total Number of Shares Taken	Two
Initial Share Capital of the Company	HK\$0.20