

COASTAL 沿海

COASTAL GREENLAND LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

Stock Code : 01124

Annual Report 2013/14



Upholding a heritage of development

The Pursuit of Excellence



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

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Principal Registrars

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited
69 Pitts Bay Road
Pembroke HM 08
Bermuda

Registrars in Hong Kong

Tricor Tengis Limited
Level 22, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

Company Website

<http://www.coastal.com.cn>

Investor Relations Website

<http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/coastal>

Executive Directors

Mr. JIANG Ming
(Chairman and Managing Director)

Mr. TAO Lin
Mr. CAI Shaobin
Ms. WANG Hongmei

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. LU Jiqiang
Dr. DAI Jingming

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. CHEN Xiaotian
Mr. WONG Kai Cheong
Mr. YANG Jiangan

Company Secretary

Mr. CHENG Wing Bor FCCA, CPA

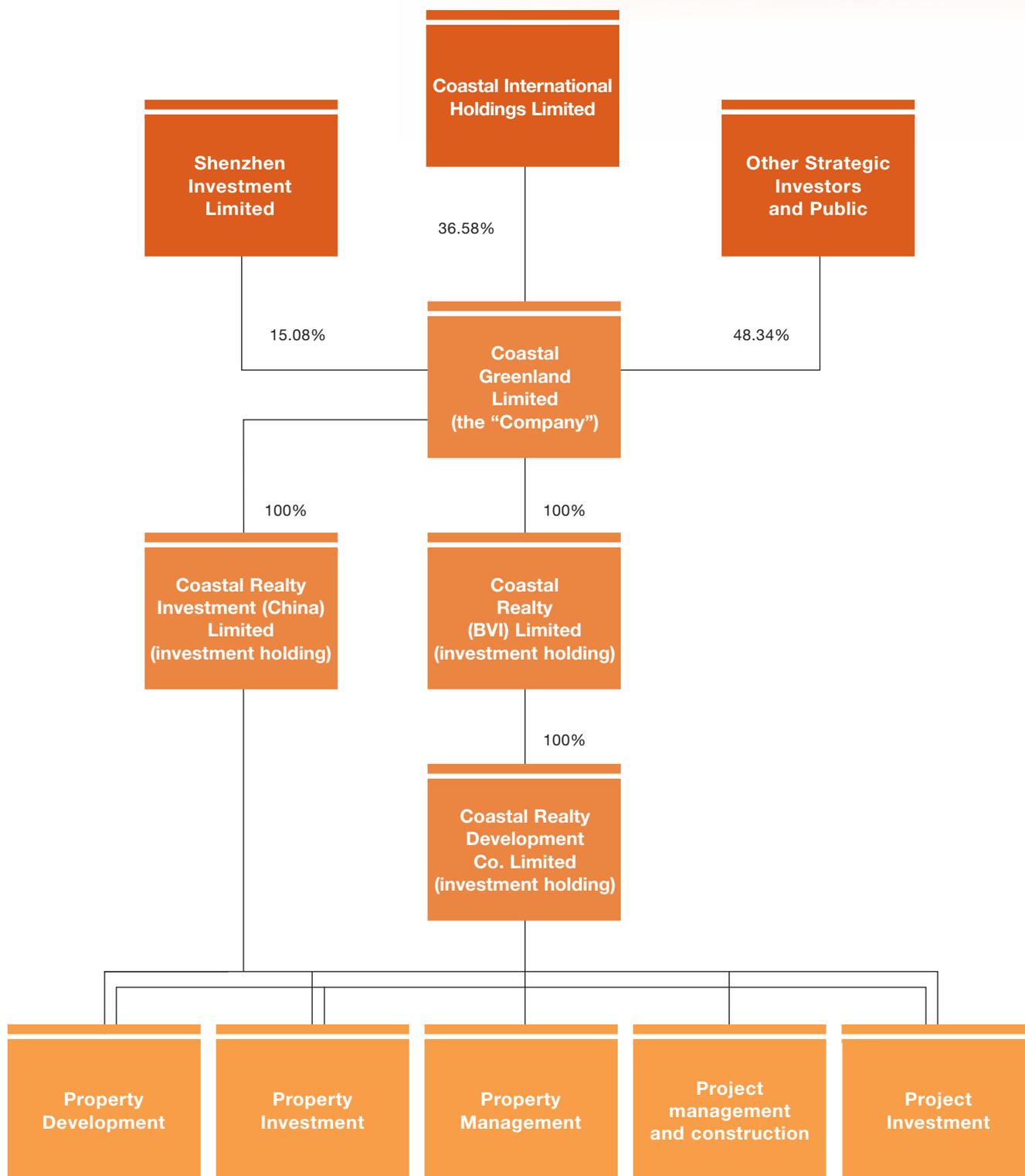
Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
Certified Public Accountants

Stock Code

1124

SHAREHOLDING STRUCTURE AND MAJOR OPERATIONS





FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHT

The following is a summary of the published consolidated results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements and adjusted retrospectively for the effect of the change in accounting policy as detailed in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012 and 31 March 2011.

RESULTS

	Year ended 31 March				
	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000 (Restated)	2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)	2010 HK\$'000 (Note)
Revenue	2,780,503	3,717,094	7,177,603	3,753,191	3,922,033
Profit before taxation	34,017	404,163	1,545,924	755,397	685,227
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	64,824	92,567	604,069	134,806	209,577
Dividends	–	–	–	–	–

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	As at 31 March				
	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000 (Restated)	2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)	2010 HK\$'000 (Restated) (Note)
Total assets	17,920,559	16,008,912	16,175,017	18,334,359	16,749,815
Total liabilities	(12,967,486)	(11,503,906)	(11,776,150)	(14,721,280)	(13,306,458)
Total equity	4,953,073	4,505,006	4,398,867	3,613,079	3,443,357
Non-controlling interests	(19,580)	(80,036)	(70,788)	(75,043)	(63,331)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	4,933,493	4,424,970	4,328,079	3,538,036	3,380,026

Note: Restatement in respect of the adoption of amendments to HKAS 12 “Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets” has not been made for the year ended 31 March 2010 as it would involve delay and expenses out of proportion to the benefits of shareholders.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHT

Year ended 31 March

2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000

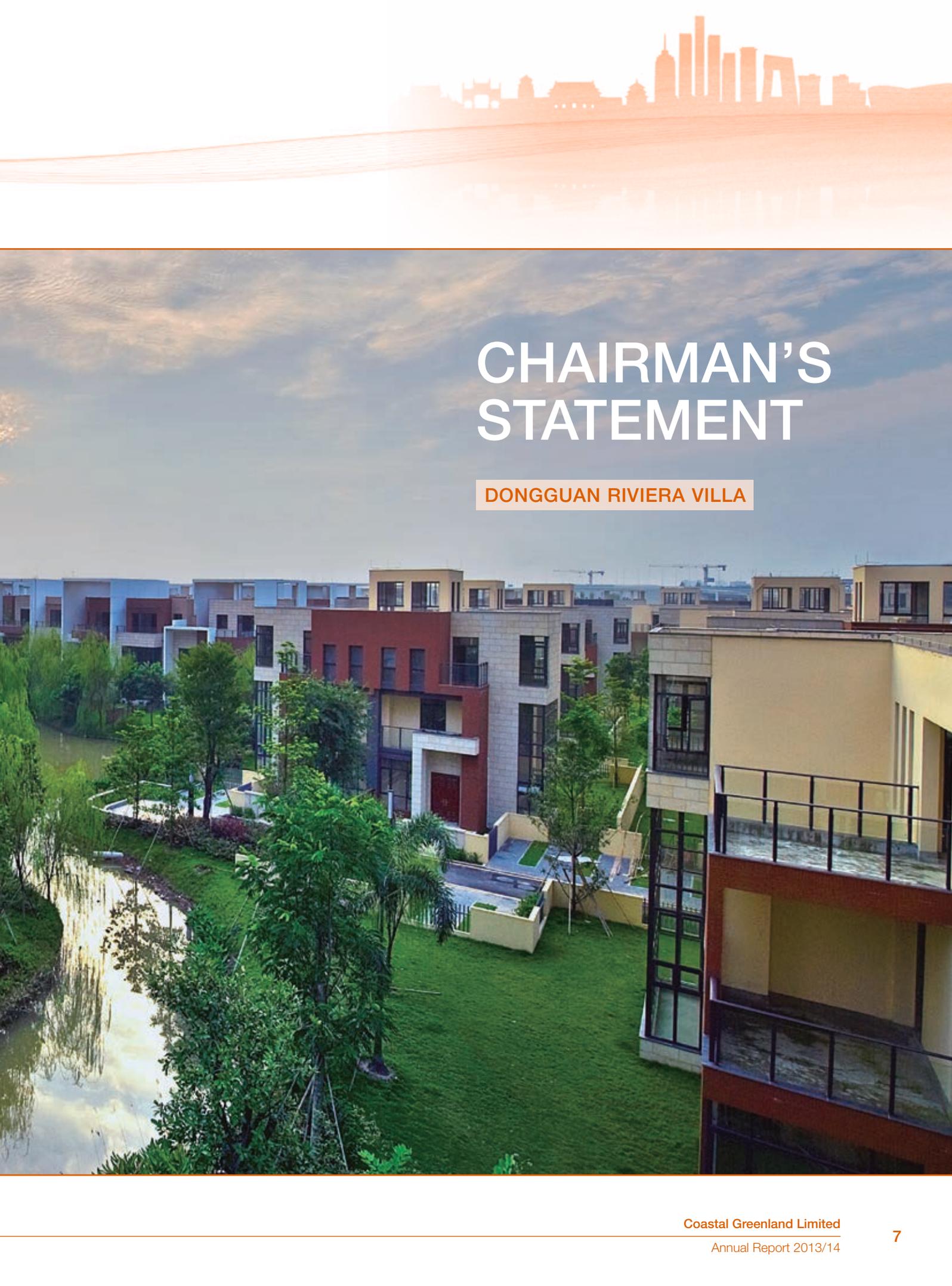
Revenue		
– Sale of properties	2,375,131	3,333,167
– Rental income	2,043	2,602
– Property management income	7,792	7,188
– Project management and construction income	395,537	374,137
Total	2,780,503	3,717,094

Year ended 31 March

2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000

Operating results by activity		
– Property development	159,575	576,334
– Property investment	1,069	(256,505)
– Property management	6,372	9,047
– Project management and construction	19,438	35,825
– Project investment services	65,851	–
	252,305	364,701
Income from hotel operation	–	70,000
Expenses of hotel operation	–	(74,042)
Net foreign exchange gains	10,994	3,852
Interest income	113,062	31,656
Finance costs	(258,345)	(304,118)
Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments	(1,427)	(1,393)
Share of losses of associates	(3,187)	(3,088)
Share of profit (loss) of joint ventures	14,265	(1,072)
Gain on disposal of an associate	–	377,423
Gain on disposal of financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	–	29,173
Other net unallocated expenses	(93,650)	(88,929)
Profit before taxation	34,017	404,163





CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

DONGGUAN RIVIERA VILLA



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



Jiang Ming
Chairman

On behalf of Coastal Greenland Limited (the "Company"), I have the pleasure to present to the shareholders the Group's financial results and operation report for the year ended 31 March 2014 as follows:

Results

For the financial year ended 31 March 2014, the Group has recorded a revenue of about HK\$2,781 million and profit attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$65 million. Earnings per share for the year were HK2.14 cents.

Dividend

The Board of Directors does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Business Overview

Revenue for the year amounted to about HK\$2,781 million, a decrease of about 25% from last year. Gross profit margin for the year was about 19% which was lower than last year's 24%.

Profit before taxation for the year was HK\$34.0 million, a decrease of about 92% as compared to the HK\$404.2 million for last year. Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company decreased by about 30% to HK\$64.8 million.

Contracted sales for the year amounted to about HK\$4,033 million, an increase of 13% from last year. The Group completed development projects with a total gross floor area ("GFA") of about 280,000 sq.m., a decrease of about 8% as compared to the 304,000 sq.m. completed last year.

Outlook

In 2013 and early 2014, the government continuously implemented various tightening policies, such as the restrictions on acquisition of commodity houses, the mortgage policy and the additional decree of taxation on property transactions, with a view to regulating and tempering the property market. However, due to robust demand, both the prices and the number of transactions continued to rise despite these austerity measures were in place. Property developers' appetite in the land acquisition remained strong. The Group considers that the property developers will continue to face a challenging environment because of the intense competition and a volatile real estate market.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Notwithstanding the opaque circumstances, the Group is optimistic about the real estate market which is buttressed by the government's macro-economic policy, namely 'stabilizing growth, restructuring the economy and promoting reforms'. Other long term favorable factors include steady economic growth, continuous urbanization growth leading to increasing the number of first-time home-buyers and the middle-class' desire to improve living conditions. The Group will consistently review and evaluate its business strategy in view of the evolving economic and regulatory environment. In recent years, the Group has been searching for co-investment opportunities in the development projects such that it can enlarge its property portfolio without escalating its financial burden. The Group is keen to promote its new business segment of project investment service as well as project management and construction.

The Group has a pre-eminent brand and consummate experience in the property market. It will heed its geographically well-distributed and diversified prominent property portfolio. It will continue to optimize the land reserves, ameliorate the competitiveness of its products and the project management and construction services. Finally, the Group will strenuously appraise various sources of funding so as to consolidate its financial capability for sustainable development in the foreseeable future.

Appreciation

On behalf of the Board, I would also like to express my gratitude to the management team and our staff for their diligence and contributions to the Group in the past year. I would also like to thank my fellow directors, business partners, customers, suppliers, bankers and shareholders of the Group for their continued support and trust over the years.

Jiang Ming

Chairman

Hong Kong
26 June 2014



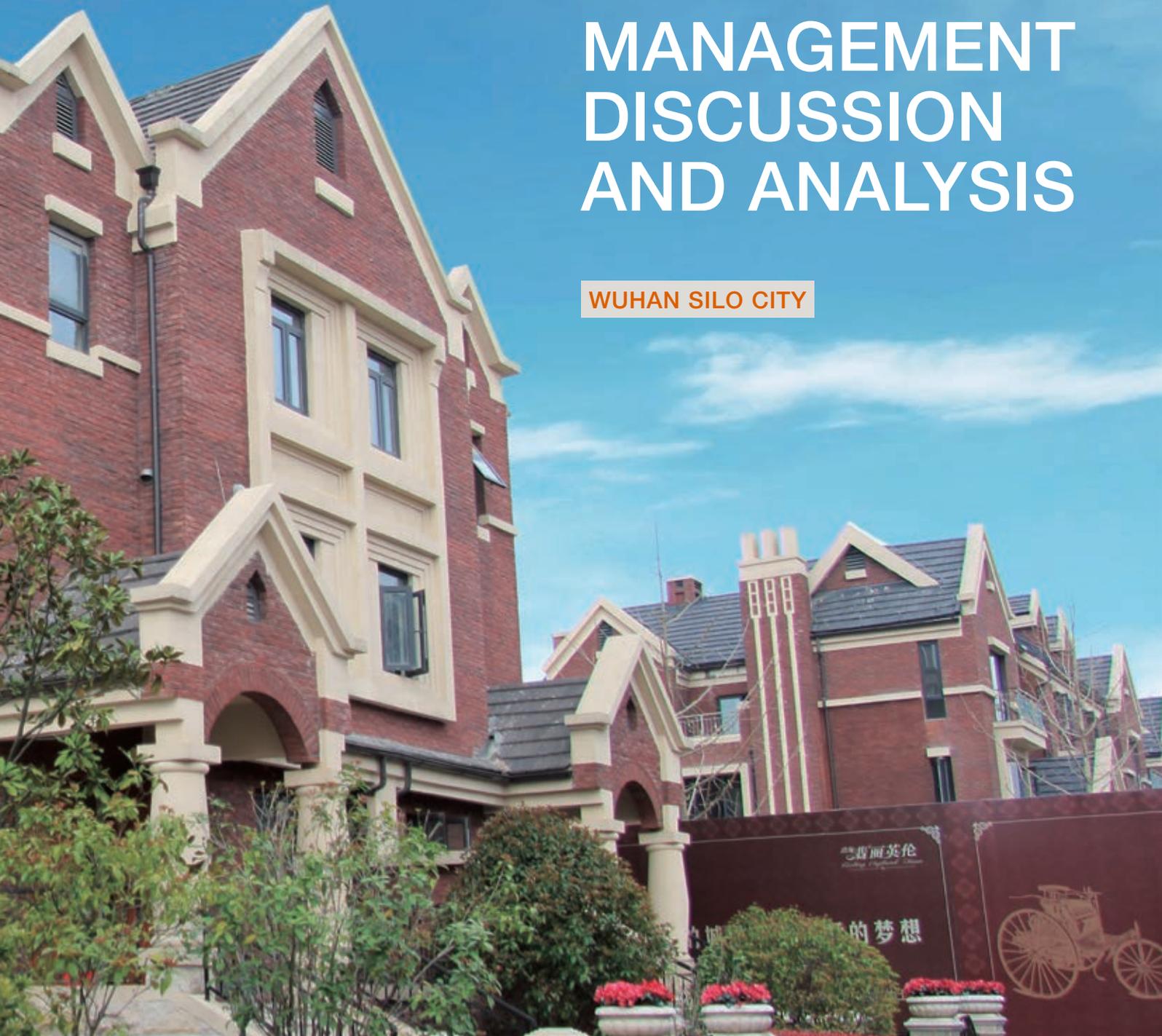
↳ Dalian Coastal International Centre





MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

WUHAN SILO CITY





MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Business Review

Revenue

The following table sets out an analysis of the Group's revenue together with the contribution to operating results by activity:

	Year ended 31 March			
	2014	Contribution to operating results	2013	Contribution to operating results
	Revenue	results	Revenue	results
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Property development	2,375,131	159,575	3,333,167	576,334
Property investment ^(Note)	2,043	1,069	2,602	(256,505)
Property management	7,792	6,372	7,188	9,047
Project management and construction	395,537	19,438	374,137	35,825
Project investment services	–	65,851	–	–
Total	2,780,503	252,305	3,717,094	364,701

Note: Contribution to operating results by the property investment activity for the year ended 31 March 2013 included a deficit of HK\$313.1 million arising from the revaluation of investment properties.

The Group derived revenue for the year mainly from operations in the PRC.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Business Review *(Continued)*

Property Development

During the year under review, the recognised sales revenue from property development segment was HK\$2,375 million, representing a decrease of about 29% from last year's HK\$3,333 million, which corresponds to a decrease by 23% in the total GFA delivered by the Group to 272,000 sq.m. (2013: 355,000 sq.m.). The property sales revenue for the period mainly came from the sale of Phase II section B1 of Dalian Jianzhu Project, Phase VI section A1 of Wuhan Silo City, Phase IV section A2 of Beijing Silo City, Phase V section AB of Wuhan Silo City which respectively represented about 28%, 26%, 13% and 7% of the total property sales revenue. The remaining 26% was derived from sale of remaining inventory in the prior phases of the Group's completed development projects.

For the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group recorded contracted sales of HK\$4,033 million (2013: HK\$3,567 million), which corresponds to a total GFA of about 431,000 sq.m. (2013: 338,000 sq.m.).

As at 31 March 2014, the Group has generated total sales revenue of about HK\$1,704 million from pre-sale of its properties under development with a total GFA of about 282,000 sq.m., contributing mainly from Phase VI section A2 of Wuhan Silo City, Phase VI section A of Dongguan Riviera Villa, Chongqing Coastal Silo City and Shenyang Coastal International Centre which are expected to be completed and delivered in the coming two years.

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group completed development projects, namely Phase VI section A1 of Wuhan Silo City, Phase V section AB of Wuhan Silo City, Phase II sections B1 and B2 of Dalian Jianzhu Project with a total GFA of approximately 280,000 sq.m. (2013: 304,000 sq.m.).



Beijing Silo City



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Business Review *(Continued)*

Property Investment

Revenue from property rental decreased by about 21% to HK\$2.0 million from last year's HK\$2.6 million. The property investment segment for the year recorded a profit of HK\$1.1 million comparing to a loss of HK\$256.5 million for last year, which was mainly caused by a revaluation deficit of HK\$313.1 million.

Under the current business strategy, the Group will lessen its investment in the property investment segment.

Property Management

The Group's property management operations recorded a profit of about HK\$6.4 million for the year as compared to last year's profit of HK\$9.0 million. The Group is committed to providing integrated and value-added property management services to foster good relations with tenants and owners and strengthen its brand image.

Project Management and Construction Services

Revenue from project management and construction increased by about 6% to HK\$396 million from last year's HK\$374 million. The project management and construction segment for the year recorded a profit of HK\$19.4 million comparing to HK\$35.8 million for last year.

Under the current business strategy, the Group will devote more of its efforts and resources for boosting the business of this segment.

Project Investment Services



← Foshan Coastal Garden

In recent years, the Group has been searching for co-investment opportunities in the development projects such that it can enlarge its property portfolio without escalating its financial burden.

During the year, the Group has established a new operating segment – project investment services in relation to its investment in property development/land development projects and subsequent sale of the whole or a partial of the equity interests in such projects which are usually transacted in the form of the acquisition and disposal of property-based entities in the PRC. During the year, the Group generated a profit of about HK\$65.9 million from the operations of this segment. See the details in the following paragraph headed “Net gain on disposal of a property-based subsidiary”.

Gross Profit Margin

The gross profit margin for the year was about 19% which was lower than the gross profit margin for last year's 24%. The decrease was mainly due to a lower level of selling price attained for the properties completed and delivered to purchasers during the year.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Business Review *(Continued)*

Other Income and Gains

Other income and gains for the year was HK\$247.3 million as compared to HK\$483.5 million for the last year. Other income for the year mainly represented the reversal of provision of legal claims of HK\$72.0 million (2013: nil), interest income from banks of HK\$5.0 million (2013: HK\$31.7 million), other interest income of HK\$108.1 million (2013: nil), subsidies from the local government of HK\$8.5 million (2013: HK\$39.7 million) and the net foreign exchange gain of HK\$11.0 million (2013: HK\$3.9 million) on translation of the Company's United States dollar denominated debts into the Company's functional currency, Renminbi, which has appreciated against United States dollar during the year. Included in last year's other income was forfeiture of deposit received of HK\$139.1 million in respect of a sale of development project, the income of HK\$70.0 million from hotel operation of Marriott hotel at Suzhou Coastal International Centre which was disposed of in last year, the gain on disposal of an investment property of HK\$121.6 million and gain on disposal of financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$29.2 million.

Marketing, Selling and Administrative Expenses

Marketing and selling costs decreased by about 4% to HK\$131.0 million from last year's HK\$136.7 million.

Administrative expenses for the year were HK\$330.3 million as compared to last year's HK\$335.3 million. The Group will continue to implement cost control measures so as to enhance its operational efficiency and competitive edges.

Other Expenses

Other expenses for the year were HK\$89.4 million as compared to last year's HK\$179.7 million. Other expenses mainly represented the interest compensation of HK\$7.7 million (2013: HK\$12.7 million) for a delay in the handover of certain completed properties to the purchasers, and impairment loss recognised on trade and other receivables of HK\$14.4 million (2013: HK\$5.3 million). Included in the last period's other expenses were depreciation provided for and hotel operation expenses of Marriott hotel in Suzhou amounting to HK\$57.3 million which was disposed of in last year and impairment loss on completed properties for sale of HK\$33.1 million.

Finance Costs

During the year, the Group incurred finance costs before capitalisation (mainly interest for bank and other borrowings, including senior notes) of HK\$746.2 million, representing an increase of about 63% as compared to the HK\$459.1 million incurred for last year. The increase was mainly attributable to an overall increase in the average level of bank and other borrowings as compared to last year.

Interest expenses charged to profit or loss for the year were HK\$258.3 million as compared to last year's HK\$304.1 million. The decrease was mainly due to higher amount of finance costs were capitalised as compared to last year.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Business Review *(Continued)*

Net Gain on Disposal of Property-based Subsidiaries

During the year, the Group disposed of its equity interest in certain property-based subsidiaries, and realised a net gain of about HK\$65.9 million.

Gain on Disposal of an Associate

In last year, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement to dispose of 20.05% interest in Shanghai Fenghua Group Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Fenghua") to a third party for a total consideration of RMB452.4 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$560.2 million). The Group realised a profit of HK\$377.4 million in last year.

Corporate Brand

Coastal Greenland, the corporate brand, had been ranked among the top ten most valuable Chinese real estate company brands for the ten consecutive years between 2004 and 2013 by an authoritative PRC real estate research team formed by the Development Research Center of the State Council, the Tsinghua University Real Estate Research Center and the China Index Research Team.

Review of Major Properties and Development Projects

The Group's business strategy is to develop quality residential estates for the PRC upper to middle class domestic market. A summary of the status of the Group's major properties and development projects is set out below.

Development Projects of the Group

Anshan Greenland IT City

Anshan Greenland IT City is a large-scale development with a total site area of about 268,807 sq.m. located in Gaoxin District, Anshan, Liaoning Province. The Group owns 100% of the project. The project was developed into a low-density residential estate in six phases. The development of the whole project with a total GFA of about 438,358 sq.m. was completed and all residential units were sold and delivered. As of 31 March 2014, remaining carpark area with a total GFA of 33 sq.m. is held for sale.

Anshan Qianshan Road Project

Anshan Qianshan Road Project has a total GFA of about 55,000 sq.m. and is being developed into residential and commercial properties. The Group owns 100% of the project. The construction was commenced in the second quarter of 2012 and is expected to be completed in the fourth quarter of 2015.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Review of Major Properties and Development Projects *(Continued)*

Development Projects of the Group (Continued)

Anshan Wisdom New City

Anshan Wisdom New City with a total site area of about 84,577 sq.m. is located at North Shengli Road, Lishan District, Anshan, Liaoning Province and is being developed into a residential estate by three phases. The Group owns 100% of the project.

The construction of Phase I with a total GFA of about 44,600 sq.m. was completed and the sold units were delivered in December 2009. As of 31 March 2014, about 99% of the GFA in Phase I was sold and the remaining GFA of 262 sq.m. is held for sale.



← Anshan Wisdom New City

Phase II has a total GFA of about 82,000 sq.m. and its construction was commenced in May 2010. Completion and delivery of Phase II were taken place in October 2011. As of 31 March 2014, about 85% of the GFA in Phase II was sold and the remaining GFA of 9,538 sq.m. is held for sale.

Phase III has a total GFA of about 89,300 sq.m. and its construction was commenced in March 2011. Completion and delivery of Phase III were taken place in December 2012. As of 31 March 2014, about 92% of the GFA in Phase III was sold and the remaining GFA of 6,622 sq.m. is held for sale.

Beijing Bay Project

The project is located in Chang Ping District, Beijing with a site area of about 714,667 sq.m.. The Group owns 40% of the equity interest in the project. The Group was appointed as the project manager of this project for provision of project management and construction services. The project was planned to be developed into a residential estate by four phases. Prior to the acquisition, all units of Phase I with a total GFA of 35,200 sq.m. were sold.



← Beijing Bay Project

Phase II has a total GFA of about 77,000 sq.m.. Completion and delivery of Phase II were taken place in October 2013. As of 31 March 2014, about 80% of the GFA in Phase II was sold and the remaining GFA of 15,345 sq.m. is held for sale.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Review of Major Properties and Development Projects *(Continued)*

Development Projects of the Group (Continued)

Beijing Jian Guo Men Wai Project

Beijing Jian Guo Men Wai Project is located in Chaoyang District, close to the central business district in Beijing. The plan is to develop an office building with a total GFA of about 44,900 sq.m.. The Group has the free usage right of 65% of the GFA of the office building for 35 years starting from the completion of the development.

The Group is in the process of negotiating to dispose of its interests in the development to a third party.

Beijing Silo City

Beijing Silo City with a total site area of about 216,025 sq.m. is a large-scale, high quality residential and commercial development located in Chaoyang District, close to the central business district of Beijing. The development has a unique modern design and convenient transportation options. The development is a residential/commercial/leisure complex with a total GFA of about 862,700 sq.m.. The development has been carried out in phases. The Group owns 100% of Beijing Silo City.



Beijing Silo City

The construction of the first three phases with a total GFA of about 308,900 sq.m. was completed in 2007 and sold units delivered. As of 31 March 2014, all residential units and retail shops in these three phases were sold and the Group held a total GFA of about 649 sq.m., comprising the clubhouses with a total GFA of 604 sq.m., and carpark area with a total GFA of 45 sq.m., which are held by the Group as non-current assets and for sale respectively.

Phase IV of the development is divided into the Loft, Eastern and Western sections. The total GFA of this phase is about 145,200 sq.m. and the construction was commenced in March 2009. The construction of the Loft and Eastern section was completed in December 2010. As of 31 March 2014, all residential units, retail shops and carpark area were sold and delivered. The Western section was further divided into sections A1, A2 and A3. The Western section A3 was completed in June 2011 while delivery of sold units was made in September 2011. As of 31 March 2014, save for GFA 62 sq.m. of the Western section A3 still held for sale, all residential units and carpark area were sold. The Western section A2 is completed in December 2013. As of 31 March 2014, all residential units of the Western section A2 was sold and delivered. The Western section A1 with GFA of 3,039 sq.m. is completed in December 2013 and is held for sale as of 31 March 2014.

Phase V has a total GFA of about 116,700 sq.m.. The construction of this phase was completed in March 2008 while delivery of sold units was made in June 2008. As of 31 March 2014, all the residential units and retail shops were sold and carpark area with a total GFA of 42 sq.m. is held for sale.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Review of Major Properties and Development Projects *(Continued)*

Development Projects of the Group (Continued)

Beijing Silo City (Continued)

Phase VI has a total GFA of about 112,100 sq.m. Completion and delivery of this phase were taken place in September 2009. As of 31 March 2014, all residential units, retail shops and carpark area were sold.

Phase VII is divided into the Southern and Northern sections with a total GFA of about 179,800 sq.m.. The construction of the Northern section was completed in March 2009 and the sold units were delivered in June 2009 while the completion and delivery of the Southern section were taken place in August 2009. As of 31 March 2014, all residential units and retail shops were sold and carpark area with a total GFA of 40 sq.m. is held for sale.

Beijing Sunvilla Realhouse

Beijing Sunvilla Realhouse is a high quality residential development in Panggezhuang Town, an attractive location in Daxing District, Beijing. The Group owns 100% of Beijing Sunvilla Realhouse. The development is a villa estate with a total site area of about 484,421 sq.m. and has been carried out in three phases.

Phases I and II have a total GFA of about 112,160 sq.m.. The construction of these two phases was completed and about 99% of the GFA in these two phases was sold as of 31 March 2014. The Group holds a clubhouse with a GFA of 3,037 sq.m. as non-current assets and the remaining GFA of 366 sq.m. is held for sale.

Phase III has a total GFA of about 22,500 sq.m.. The construction of this phase was completed in July 2011 while delivery of sold units was made in September 2011. As of 31 March 2014, about 99% of the GFA in this phase was sold and the remaining GFA of 233 sq.m. is held for sale.

Chengdu Dujiangyan Project

Chengdu Dujiangyan Project with a site area of about 48,367 sq.m. is a residential estate development located in Xingfu Town, Dujiangyan City of Chengdu. The Group owns 100% of the project. The construction of the project with a total GFA of about 77,200 sq.m. was commenced at the end of 2009. The construction was completed in December 2010 and the sold units were delivered in March 2011. As of 31 March 2014, all units were sold.

Chongqing Coastal Silo City

Chongqing Coastal Silo City is located in Chongqing Beibei District with a total site area of about 115,281 sq.m.. The Group owns 51% equity interest in the development which is to be developed into residential properties with GFA of 266,149 sq.m. of the project. The construction has commenced in September 2013 and is expected to be completed in August 2014. The pre-sale has been commenced in September 2013. As of 31 March 2014, about 13% of the GFA was pre-sold. The Group is also appointed as the project manager of this project for provision of project management and construction services.

Dalian Coastal International Centre

Dalian Coastal International Centre has a total site area of about 34,001 sq.m. and is being developed into a residential/commercial complex with a total GFA of about 379,800 sq.m.. The development is being carried out in two phases with GFA of about 217,200 sq.m. and 162,600 sq.m. for Phase I and Phase II respectively.



↳ Dalian Coastal International Centre



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Review of Major Properties and Development Projects *(Continued)*

Development Projects of the Group (Continued)

Dalian Coastal International Centre (Continued)

The construction of Phase I was commenced in November 2007. Completion and delivery were taken place in first quarter of 2012. As of 31 March 2014, about 91% of its GFA was sold and the remaining GFA of 18,095 sq.m. is held for sale.

During the year, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party in respect of the disposal of its 100% equity interest in Phase II of Dalian Coastal International Centre to the independent third party. The transaction was completed in December 2013.

Dalian Jianzhu Project

The project is located in Ganjingzi District, Dalian, Liaoning Province with a site area of about 54,000 sq.m.. The Group owns 100% interest in the development which has been planned to be developed into a residential estate by two phases with an estimated total GFA of about 147,700 sq.m..



← *Dalian Jianzhu Project*

The construction of Phase I with a GFA of about 62,200 sq.m. was commenced in July 2010. Completion and delivery were taken place in October 2011. As of 31 March 2014, about 90% of its GFA was sold and the remaining GFA of 5,730 sq.m. is held for sale.

Phase II of the development is divided into sections B1 and B2. The construction of section B1 of Phase II with a GFA of about 76,700 sq.m. was commenced in April 2011. Completion and delivery of section B1 of Phase II were taken place in July 2013 and August 2013 respectively. As of 31 March 2014, about 97% of the GFA of section B1 of Phase II was sold and the remaining GFA of 1,712 sq.m. is held for sale. The construction of section B2 of Phase II with a GFA of about 30,000 sq.m. was commenced in May 2012. Completion and delivery of section B2 of Phase II were taken place in October 2013 and March 2014 respectively. As of 31 March 2014, about 27% of the GFA of section B2 of Phase II was sold and the remaining GFA of 17,863 sq.m. is held for sale.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Review of Major Properties and Development Projects *(Continued)*

Development Projects of the Group (Continued)

Dongguan Riviera Villa

Dongguan Riviera Villa is an upscale low-density residential estate development in the Dao Jiao Town of Dongguan. The Group owns 100% of Dongguan Riviera Villa. The project has a site area of about 382,649 sq.m. and the development is being carried out in phases.

Phase I has a total GFA of about 59,000 sq.m. while Phase II has a total GFA of about 66,000 sq.m.. The construction of Phase I was completed and the sold units were delivered in July 2007. The completion and delivery of Phase II were taken place in March and May 2008 respectively. As of 31 March 2014, about 91% of the GFA in Phase I and about 99% of the GFA in Phase II were sold and the remaining GFA of 5,667 sq.m. is held for sale.

Phase III has a total GFA of about 56,500 sq.m. and was divided into sections A and B. The construction of Phase III was commenced in September 2009. Section A with a total GFA of about 25,500 sq.m. was completed in November 2010 and sold units were delivered in March 2011. As of 31 March 2014, about 82% of the GFA of section A of Phase III was sold. Section B with a total GFA of about 31,000 sq.m. was completed in June 2011 and sold units were delivered in July 2011. As of 31 March 2014, about 79% of the GFA of section B of Phase III was sold and the remaining GFA of 11,104 sq.m. is held for sale.

Phase IV has a total GFA of about 89,000 sq.m. The construction of Phase IV was commenced in September 2011 and was completed in January 2013. The sold units of Phase IV were delivered in March 2013. As of 31 March 2014, about 89% of its GFA was sold and the remaining GFA of 8,938 sq.m. is held for sale.

Phase V of the development is divided into sections A and B, with a total GFA of about 26,800 sq.m.. The total GFA of section A is about 8,800 sq.m. and its construction was commenced in April 2012 and was completed in January 2013 and sold units were delivered in March 2014. As of 31 March 2014, about 21% of the GFA of section A was sold and the remaining GFA of 6,856 sq.m. is held for sale. The total GFA of section B is about 18,000 sq.m., its construction was commenced in February 2014 and is expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2015. The pre-sale is scheduled to be commenced in the fourth quarter of 2014.

Phase VI has a total GFA of about 87,000 sq.m. The construction of Phase VI was commenced in August 2012 and is expected to be completed in the third quarter of 2014. Pre-sale was commenced in November 2012 and about 77% of its GFA was pre-sold as of 31 March 2014.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Review of Major Properties and Development Projects *(Continued)*

Development Projects of the Group (Continued)

Foshan Coastal Garden

Foshan Coastal Garden is located in Chancheng District, Foshan City, Guangdong Province with a site area of about 55,000 sq.m.. The Group owns 20% of equity interest in the development which is to be developed into residential properties with an estimated total GFA of about 138,400 sq.m.. The construction was commenced in January 2012 and is expected to be completed in the fourth quarter of 2014. Pre-sale was commenced in October 2012 and about 43% of its GFA was pre-sold as of 31 March 2014. The Group was appointed as the project manager of Foshan Coastal Garden for the provision of project management and construction services.

Jiangxi Riviera Garden

Jiangxi Riviera Garden is a low-density residential estate development located at south of Gaoxin Avenue in Changling Town, Xinjian County, Jiangxi. The Group owns 100% of Jiangxi Riviera Garden. The development has a site area of about 186,393 sq.m. and has been carried out in four phases.

The development of the whole project with a total GFA of about 284,600 sq.m. was completed and all units were sold and delivered as of 31 March 2014.

Shanghai Riviera Garden

Shanghai Riviera Garden is a low-density residential estate development on Mingzhong Road in Xinqiao Town, Songjiang District of Shanghai. The Group owns 100% of Shanghai Riviera Garden. The development has a site area of about 326,118 sq.m. and has been carried out in two phases.

The construction of Phase I with a total GFA of about 135,400 sq.m. was completed in September 2007 and the sold units were delivered in November of the same year. As of 31 March 2014, all units were sold.

The construction of Phase II with a total GFA of about 163,500 sq.m. comprising both villas and apartments was commenced in September 2008 and was divided into sections A and B. Section A with a total GFA of about 123,100 sq.m. was completed and units sold were delivered in June 2010. About 98% of the GFA were sold as of 31 March 2014 and the remaining GFA of 3,082 sq.m. is held for sale. Section B with a total GFA of about 40,400 sq.m. was completed in December 2011 and units sold were delivered in March 2012. As of 31 March 2014, all units were sold.



Foshan Coastal Garden



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Review of Major Properties and Development Projects *(Continued)*

Development Projects of the Group (Continued)

Shanghai Shui Du South Crest

Shanghai Shui Du South Crest is located in Qingpu District, Shanghai with a site area of about 295,000 sq.m.. The Group owns 12% of Shanghai Shui Du South Crest. The development has been planned to be developed into residential estate by three phases with an estimated total GFA of about 322,300 sq.m.. The Group was appointed as the project manager of the project for the provision of project management and construction services.

The construction of Phase I with a total GFA of about 96,300 sq.m. was completed in May 2008. As of 31 March 2014, about 40% of the GFA in Phase I was sold and the remaining GFA of 55,621 sq.m. is held for sale. The plan for Phase II and Phase III will be finalised at a later stage.

Shenyang Hunnan Project

Shenyang Hunnan Project is a development located in Hunnan New District, Shenyang, Liaoning Province with a site area of about 89,400 sq.m.. The GFA of about 363,300 sq.m. are planned for residential development and 187,100 sq.m. are for commercial development. The Group owns 100% of Shenyang Hunnan Project.

The development of the residential project has been carried out in three phases. The construction of Phase I with a total GFA of about 95,200 sq.m. was completed and the sold units were delivered in May 2009. As of 31 March 2014, about 99% of the GFA in Phase I was sold and the remaining GFA of 271 sq.m. is held for sale.

Phase II of the residential project has a total GFA of about 133,400 sq.m. and its construction was commenced in September 2009. Completion and delivery were taken place in September 2011. As of 31 March 2014, about 99% of the GFA in Phase II was sold and the remaining GFA of 139 sq.m. is held for sale.

Phase III of the residential project with a total GFA of about 134,700 sq.m. was divided into sections A and B. The construction of section A was commenced in March 2011. Section A with a total GFA of about 123,100 sq.m. was completed in November 2012 and the sold units were delivered in December 2012. As of 31 March 2014, about 97% of GFA of section A was sold. The remaining GFA of 3,928 sq.m. is held for sale. The construction of section B with a GFA of about 11,600 sq.m has commenced in the third quarter of 2013 and is expected to be completed in the second quarter of 2015.

The construction of the commercial development has commenced in May 2013 and is expected to be completed in the third quarter of 2015. Pre-sale has been commenced in October 2013 and about 7% of the GFA was pre-sold as of 31 March 2014.

Shenyang Sujiatun Project

Shenyang Sujiatun Project is a residential project with ancillary commercial facilities located in Sujiatun District, Shenyang, Liaoning Province with a site area of about 1,473,000 sq.m.. The project is a mega development similar to the Group's Wuhan Silo City. The Group owns 100% of the project.

The Group is in the process of formulating the development plan for this project.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Review of Major Properties and Development Projects *(Continued)*

Development Projects of the Group (Continued)

Wuhan Lakeside Apartment

Wuhan Lakeside Apartment is a low-density large-scale residential estate development with a total GFA of about 344,000 sq.m.. The Group owns 100% of Wuhan Lakeside Apartment. The development was carried out in phases.

The construction of Phases I to IV with a total GFA of about 282,242 sq.m. was completed and units sold were delivered. Almost all the units were sold except for a remaining GFA of about 1,972 sq.m. which was held for sale as of 31 March 2014. The Group also holds a clubhouse with a GFA of 1,670 sq.m. as non-current assets.

Wuhan Silo City

Wuhan Silo City is an upscale residential development conveniently located at north of Jinshan Avenue in Dongxihu District of Wuhan. The Group owns 100% of Wuhan Silo City. This large-scale development has a site area of about 874,947 sq.m. and a planned total GFA of about 1,460,000 sq.m.. The development is being carried out in phases.

Phase I has a total GFA of about 221,700 sq.m. and was divided into sections A and B. The construction of section A was completed in September 2007 and the sold units were delivered in November of the same year. Completion and delivery of section B were taken place in March and August 2008 respectively. As of 31 March 2014, about 98% of the total GFA in Phase I was sold and the remaining GFA of 3,528 sq.m. is held for sale.

Phase II has a total GFA of about 216,900 sq.m. and was divided into sections A to D. The construction of this phase was commenced in April 2008. Sections A to C were completed in March 2009 and delivery was taken place in August 2009. Section D was completed in July 2009 and units sold were delivered in December 2009. As of 31 March 2014, all units were sold.

Phase III has a total GFA of about 201,400 sq.m. and was divided into sections A and B. The construction of section B commenced in September 2008 and its completion and delivery were taken place in the third quarter of 2010. As of 31 March 2014, about 90% of the total GFA in section B of Phase III was sold and the remaining GFA of 12,039 sq.m. is held for sale. The construction of section A was commenced in September 2009 and its completion and delivery were taken place in July 2011 and September 2011 respectively. As of 31 March 2014, about 99% of the total GFA in section A of Phase III was sold and the remaining GFA of 681 sq.m. is held for sale.

Phase IV has a total GFA of about 74,900 sq.m.. The construction of Phase IV was commenced in October 2010. Completion and delivery were taken place in November 2011 and January 2012 respectively. As of 31 March 2014, about 73% of the total GFA in Phase IV was sold and the remaining GFA of 19,942 sq.m. is held for sale.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Review of Major Properties and Development Projects *(Continued)*

Development Projects of the Group (Continued)

Wuhan Silo City (Continued)



Wuhan Silo City

Phase V has a total GFA of about 84,174 sq.m. and was divided into sections AB with GFA of 45,628 sq.m. and CD with GFA of 38,456 sq.m.. The construction of section AB of Phase V was commenced in November 2011. Completion and delivery of section AB of Phase V were taken place in July 2013 and September 2013 respectively. As of 31 March 2014, about 57% of the GFA was sold and the remaining GFA of 18,078 sq.m. is held for sale. The development plan for section CD of Phase V will be fixed as the development goes forward.

Phase VI has a total GFA of about 441,890 sq.m. and was divided into sections A and B. The construction of section A1 of Phase VI with GFA of 94,720 sq.m. was commenced in February 2012. Completion and delivery of section A1 of Phase VI were taken place in January 2014. As of 31 March 2014, about 94% of the GFA was sold and the remaining GFA of 5,177 sq.m. is held for sale. The construction of section A2 of Phase VI was commenced in August 2012 and is expected to be completed in August 2014. Pre-sale has been commenced in May 2014. As of 31 March 2014, about 96% of the GFA was pre-sold. The development plan for section B of Phase VI will be fixed as the development goes forward.

Phase VII has a total GFA of about 184,580 sq.m. and was divided into residential, hotel and shopping center sections. During the year, the Group has entered into a sale and purchase agreement with independent third parties in respect of the disposal of the hotel and shopping center sections. The disposal will be completed upon the completion of the development.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Review of Major Properties and Development Projects *(Continued)*

Development Projects of the Group (Continued)

Wuhan Tushu Dashijie Project

Wuhan Tushu Dashijie Project is located in the downtown area of Wuhan and is a commercial development comprising offices and serviced apartments with a total GFA of about 172,300 sq.m. The construction has commenced in August 2013 and is expected to be completed in the second quarter of 2016. The pre-sale is scheduled to be commenced in the third quarter of 2014.

During the year, the Group has disposed of its 60% equity interest in the Wuhan Tushu Dashijie Project to the independent third party, and the Group then owns 30% of Wuhan Tushu Dashijie Project. The Group is also appointed as the project manager of this project for provision of project management and construction services.

Please refer to the Schedule of Major Properties on pages 161 to 166 of the Annual Report for further information about the properties and development projects of the Group.

Financial Review

Financial Resources and Liquidity

The Group's principal source of fund is the cashflow generated from property sales and leasings, and provision of project management and construction services supplemented by bank and other borrowings.

At 31 March 2014, the Group's cash and bank deposits amounted to approximately HK\$2,693 million (2013: HK\$2,625 million). An analysis by currency denomination of the cash and bank deposits is as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Renminbi	2,504,988	2,202,557
Hong Kong dollar	120,767	238,332
United States dollar	67,729	183,827
	2,693,484	2,624,716

At 31 March 2014, the net borrowings of the Group, being interest-bearing bank and other borrowings less cash and bank balances and pledged bank deposits, amounted to about HK\$4,740 million (2013: HK\$3,174 million). Net debt to total equity ratio, which is expressed as a percentage of net borrowings over total equity of the Group, increased by about 26% to 96% from 70% last year.

Profit before interest, taxation, depreciation, amortisation and non-cash items arising from fair value change of investment properties and held-for-trading investment was about HK\$437.1 million comparing to last year's HK\$1,270.7 million on the same basis. Profit before interest, taxation, depreciation, amortisation and the non-cash items in respect of fair value change of investment properties and held-for-trading investment had a coverage of 0.59 times (2013: 2.77 times) over the interest costs for the financial year of HK\$746.2 million (2013: HK\$459.1 million).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Financial Review (Continued)

Borrowings and Charges

At 31 March 2014, the level of bank and other borrowings of the Group and their maturity profile are as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Bank loans repayable:		
Within one year	340,458	779,335
In the second year	1,650,311	92,872
In the third to fifth years inclusive	1,518,189	1,979,271
Bank loan that is repayable within one year from the end of the reporting period and contain a repayment on demand clause	84,126	119,590
Bank loans that are not repayable within one year from the end of the reporting period but contain a repayment on demand clause	515,686	–
	4,108,770	2,971,068
Other borrowings repayable:		
Within one year	1,004,981	163,836
In the second year	2,156,232	2,663,761
In the third to fifth years inclusive	163,924	–
	3,325,137	2,827,597
	7,433,907	5,798,665

An analysis by currency denomination of the above borrowings is as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Renminbi	6,756,195	4,692,571
Hong Kong dollar	162,026	119,590
United States dollar	515,686	986,504
	7,433,907	5,798,665

The bank and other borrowings bear interest rates based on normal commercial terms.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Financial Review *(Continued)*

Borrowings and Charges (Continued)

(a) Certain of the Group's bank and other loans as at 31 March 2014 were secured by:

- (i) certain land and buildings of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$169 million (2013: HK\$219 million);
- (ii) certain bank deposits of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$614 million (2013: HK\$724 million);
- (iii) certain properties under development of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$1,104 million (2013: HK\$2,444 million);
- (iv) certain completed properties for sale of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$566 million (2013: nil);
- (v) amount due from an associate of the Group with carrying value of approximately HK\$83 million (2013: nil);
- (vi) the Group's 100% equity interests respectively in four property-based subsidiaries; and
- (vii) corporate guarantees from the Company and certain of its subsidiaries.



Beijing Bay Project

Capital structure

In March 2014, the Company issued 1,395,291,428 shares at a price of HK\$0.25 per share by way of an open offer on the basis of one offer share for every two existing shares pursuant to a circular dated 19 February 2014. Accordingly, the total equity was increased by HK\$349 million.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



Shenyang Silo City

Financial Review (Continued)

Exposure to Fluctuations in Exchange Rates

The Group's operations are principally in the PRC and accordingly a majority part of its income and expenditure is denominated in Renminbi. The exchange rates of Renminbi against Hong Kong dollar and United States dollar have been on an overall rising trend, which is in favour of the Group's operations as all the major assets, mainly property development projects, of the Group are located in the PRC and will generate Renminbi revenue to the Group. Except certain bank and other loans which are denominated in United States dollar or Hong Kong dollar, most of the Group's liabilities are denominated in Renminbi. Therefore, the Directors do not foresee that movement in the exchange rates of foreign currencies against Renminbi in the foreseeable future will cause a material adverse impact on the Group's operations.

Contingent Liabilities

At 31 March 2014, the Group had given guarantees to the extent of approximately HK\$3,546 million (2013: HK\$4,043 million) to banks in respect of mortgage loan facilities granted to the property purchasers. The Group had also given guarantees amounting to approximately HK\$195 million (2013: HK\$223 million) to banks in connection with banking facility granted to an associate against which a counter-guarantee was given by the associate to the Group.

Employees and Remuneration Policy

The Group employs a total of about 1,600 employees in the mainland China and Hong Kong. Employees are remunerated based on their work performance, skills and experience, and prevailing industry practice. Apart from basic salary and performance related bonus, the Group also provides other benefits to its employees including mandatory provident fund, medical insurance coverage, housing allowances and share options.



Dalian Jianzhu Project

Dividend

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2014 (2013: nil).



BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Jiang Ming, aged 56, is the chairman and managing director of the Group and one of the founders of the Group. He is responsible for corporate direction, development of the Group's business, strategy planning and the overall management of the Group. He graduated from the National University of Singapore with a Master's degree in Business Administration. He has over thirty years' experience in investment and corporate management. Prior to the establishment of the Group, he was a general manager of a joint venture enterprise in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") for over 7 years. He is a vice-chairman of the Fujian Province Foreign Enterprises Association and an honorary professor at the Wuhan University.

Mr. Tao Lin, aged 56, is the investment director of the Group. He is responsible for investment planning and investment management of the Group. He has over twenty-six years' experience in investment and management. He graduated from Beijing Communication Engineering College (北京信息工程學院) and also holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from the National University of Singapore. Before joining the Group in 1991, he had served as an operation officer in a software development company in the PRC. He was a former director of Shanghai Fenghua Group Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Fenghua"), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange.

Mr. Cai Shaobin, aged 52, joined the Group in 2008 and is responsible for the overall development management of the projects of the Group. Before joining the Group, He was the deputy general manager of China Construction Seventh Engineering Bureau and the general manager of China Construction Seventh Engineering Bureau Co., Ltd. He has over twenty-six years' experience in the property development and construction. He is a professorate senior engineer and state registered architect in the PRC and was rated a top ten management talent in the Henan Province in 2007.

Ms. Wang Hongmei, aged 46, graduated from (i) Huazhong University of Science and Technology with a bachelor degree in Engineering in 1989; (ii) Wuhan Polytechnic University with a master's degree in Engineering in 1992; and (iii) National University of Singapore with an EMBA degree in 2005. She is currently the Chief Executive Officer of Coastal Realty Investment (China) Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. She was also the former assistant president of Construction Bank Wuhan Economic and Technology Development Zone branch from 1994 to 1997, the former general manager and chairman of Wuhan Sanzhen Industrial Holding Company Limited from 1998 to 2000, the former chairman of Coastal Industrial Group Company Limited and Shanghai Fenghua from 2001 to 2006 and 2007 to 2009 respectively.

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Lu Jiqiang, aged 43, is currently co-secretary of the board of Shum Yip Group Limited ("Shum Yip Group"), and chief legal officer of Shenzhen Investment Limited ("Shenzhen Investment"). He graduated from Law School of Peking University, with Bachelor's degree of Law and Master's degree of Civil and Commercial Law. He had served in China Merchants Group from 1996 to 2003, and served as legal advisor of the China Merchants Holdings (International) Company Limited and senior legal officer of China Merchants Group, responsible for corporate governance, compliance, merger and acquisitions, and assets restructure issues. He joined Shum Yip Group in 2003 as general manager of legal affairs division and general manager of the asset management division. Presently, he is a PRC lawyer and appointed as arbitrator of China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission. He has extensive experience in corporate operation management, law affairs, compliance and risk management control.



BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS

Dr. Dai Jingming, aged 49, is currently the general manager of planning and finance department of Shum Yip Group and Shenzhen Investment. He graduated from China Huazhong Agricultural University in China, and obtained his Doctor of Economics degree at The China Ministry of Finance Institute of Fiscal Science in 1998. He is currently an accountant. He served the Agricultural Bank of China, Wuhan City Branch from 1992 to 1994. He joined Shum Yip Group since 1998 and served as the deputy general manager of the headquarter office of Shum Yip Group during 2004 to 2007. From 2007 to 2009, He served as the deputy general manager of finance department of Shum Yip Group. He has extensive experience in corporate investment, corporate finance and financial management.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Xiaotian, aged 36, graduated from Tongji University with a bachelor degree in science, real estate operation and management and a master's degree of science, technical economics in 2000 and 2004 respectively. He is an expert on real estate market in PRC and has been engaged in writing market analysis research report for 12 years. He is also a well-known and frequent speaker at various high-profile conferences and forums in PRC. He was the former general manager of research center and strategic development department of China Real Estate Information Corporation, a company listed in Nasdaq (stock code: CRIC) and is a marketing committee deputy secretary-general of China Real Estate Association in Shanghai since 2012.

Mr. Wong Kai Cheong, aged 52, an independent non-executive director of the Company appointed in 2004. He is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales. He is currently practising as a certified public accountant in Hong Kong.

Mr. Yang Jiangang, aged 48, graduated from Peking University with a bachelor degree in Law in 1987. In 1987, he was qualified to practice as a lawyer in the People's Republic of China. From 1987 to 2003, he worked with various law firms, which include Jiangxi Provincial Law Firm, Jiangxi Wenlan Law Firm and Guangdong Jindi Law Firm. From 2004 to 2011, he worked with Hills & Co. as a partner. He currently work with All Bright Law Offices (Shenzhen) as a senior partner.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Corporate Governance Practices

This corporate governance report (the “CG Report”) presents the corporate governance matters during the period covering the financial year ended 31 March 2014 and up to the date of the annual report (the “Annual Report”) in which this CG Report is included (the “CG Period”) required to be disclosed under the Rules Governing the Listing of the Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Listing Rules”).

The Company is committed to ensure high standards of corporate governance in the interest of all its shareholders. The Company has applied and complied with the applicable code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (“CG Code”) contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, except for below deviation:

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual for a balance of power and authority. Mr. Jiang Ming is the chairman and managing director of the Company. Mr. Jiang Ming is the founder and a substantial shareholder of the Company and has considerable industry experience. The board of directors of the Company (the “Board”) considers that this situation will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company. This is because the balance of power and authority is ensured by the operations of the Board which comprises experienced and high caliber individuals with demonstrated integrity. Further, decisions of the Board are made by way of majority voting. The Board believes that this structure is conducive to strong, prompt response and efficient management and implementation.

Code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code stipulates that independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should attend general meetings. Two non-executive directors were unable to attend the annual general meeting due to other important engagements.

Directors’ Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the “Model Code”) as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding directors’ securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry of all directors of the Company, the directors confirmed that they have complied with the requirements as set out in the Model Code throughout the CG Period.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Board of Directors

The Board currently comprises four executive directors, two non-executive directors and three independent non-executive directors. The directors of the Company during the CG Period were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Jiang Ming (*Chairman and Managing Director*)

Mr. Tao Lin

Mr. Cai Shaobin

Ms. Wang Hongmei (Appointed on 16 June 2013)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lu Jiqiang

Dr. Dai Jingming

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wong Kai Cheong

Mr. Yang Jiangang

Mr. Chen Xiaotian (Appointed on 16 June 2013)

The biographical details of the directors are set out on pages 30 and 31 of the Annual Report. The Board possesses a balance of skill and experience which are appropriate for the business needs of the Group. The independent non-executive directors of the Company have the appropriate professional qualification and accounting and related financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules. They provide a strong support towards the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board. The Company will review the composition of the Board regularly to ensure that the Board possesses the appropriate and necessary expertise, skills and experience to meet the needs of the Group's business.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Board of Directors *(Continued)*

During the year, the Company has complied with Rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules regarding the appointment of at least three Independent Non-executive Directors including one Independent Non-executive Director with accounting or related financial management expertise and the number of Independent Non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board.

Pursuant to the Bye-laws, the Board may appoint a director either to fill a causal vacancy or as an addition to the Board from time to time during the year following the recommendation from the Nomination Committee. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a causal vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. All directors shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and the retiring director shall be eligible for re-election. In addition, at each annual general meeting, at least one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation and are eligible for re-election.

The Company has received from each independent non-executive director an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company still considers the three independent non-executive directors to be independent.

The Board's primary functions are to set corporate policy and overall strategy for the Group's operations and to provide effective oversight of the management of the Group's business and affairs. Apart from its statutory responsibilities, the Board also approves major investments and corporate transactions such as issue of debt securities and shares of the Company etc., reviews the financial performance of the Group and evaluates the performance and compensation of senior management. These functions are either carried out directly by the Board or indirectly through committees established by the Board.

The Board also ensures the good corporate governance policies and practices are implemented within the Group, and is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties including the following:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct manual applicable to employees and the Directors; and
- to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Board of Directors *(Continued)*

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Board has adopted a board diversity policy to comply with a new code provision on board diversity effective from 1 September 2013 and approved the amendments to the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee to align the board diversity. The internal audit team has also carried out a compliance review on the CG Code and reported to the Board that the Group has properly followed the requirements of the CG Code.

During the year ended 31 March 2014 and up to the date of this report, the Board conducted a review on the Company's corporate governance practices, in light of amendments to the CG Code and Listing Rules. Existing and new policies and guidelines were revised and adopted.

Directors at all times have full access to information of the Company. The Board is provided monthly operating information and news update from time to time which contain the up-to-date performance and information of the Company. Directors can have independent access to senior management for information whenever they consider necessary.

The Company has arranged appropriate Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance for its Directors and officers covering the costs, losses, expenses and liabilities arising from the performance of their duties. The insurance policy covers legal action against its Directors and officers to comply with the requirement of the CG Code. During the year, no claim was made against the Directors and officers of the Company.

Regular Board meetings are held four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals and additional meetings are held as and when necessary to review and approve annual and interim results, to review quarterly management accounts and approve major investments and corporate transactions. The schedule for regular Board meetings is tentatively set in advance annually. Such Board meetings involve active participation, either in person or through other electronic means of communication, of a majority of directors.

At least 14 days' notice of each regular Board meeting is normally given to all directors who are given an opportunity to include matters for discussion in the agenda. The company secretary of the Company assists the Chairman in preparing the agenda for meetings and ensures that all applicable rules and regulations are compiled with. The agendas and accompanying Board papers are sent not less than 3 days where possible before the date of Board meetings. All the minutes of the Board meetings are kept by the company secretary of the Company and are freely accessible to by any director.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Board of Directors *(Continued)*

The four regular Board meetings and annual general meeting were held and the attendance of directors is set out below:

Directors	No. of regular meetings held/No. of attendance	Annual General Meeting held on 9 September 2013
Board Meeting		
Executive Directors		
Mr. Jiang Ming (<i>Chairman of the Board</i>)	4/3	1/1
Mr. Tao Lin	4/2	1/1
Mr. Cai Shaobin	4/2	1/0
Ms. Wang Hongmei	4/4	1/1
Non-executive Directors		
Mr. Lu Jiqiang	4/1	1/0
Dr. Dai Jingming	4/0	1/0
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Mr. Chen Xiaotian	4/2	1/1
Mr. Wong Kai Cheong	4/4	1/1
Mr. Yang Jiangang	4/4	1/1



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Chairman and Managing Director

The responsibility of the chairman is to oversee the functioning of the Board, which include formulating and monitoring the implementation of business strategies, while the managing director bears executive responsibility for the Group's day-to-day business operations and management.

Mr. Jiang Ming holds both the positions of the chairman and managing director of the Company. Mr. Jiang Ming is one of the founders and a substantial shareholder of the Company and has considerable industry experience.

The Board considers that this situation will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company. This is because the balance of power and authority is ensured by the operations of the Board which comprises experienced and high caliber individuals with demonstrated integrity. Further, decisions of the Board are made by way of majority voting. The Board believes that this structure is conducive to strong, prompt response and efficient management and implementation.

Directors' Continuous Professional Development

The Company will provide a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction to each newly appointed Director on his first appointment in order to enable he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and that he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. Directors are continually updated on developments in the statutory and regulatory regime and the business environment to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. The Company has provided timely technical updates, including the briefing on the amendments on the Listing Rules and the news release published by the Stock Exchange to the Directors. Continuing briefing and professional development for Directors are arranged where necessary.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted the board diversity policy to comply with a new code provision on board diversity effective from 1 September 2013. The policy aims to set out the approach to achieve diversity in the Board to ensure that the Board has the balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and/or length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Nomination Committee

The Company established the Nomination Committee was established with specific written terms of reference. The Nomination Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and can access to independent external professional advice in accordance with the Company's policy if considered necessary.

The members of the Nomination Committee and their respective attendance of the Nomination Committee meetings held during the CG period are as follows:

	No. of meeting held/ No. of attendance
Executive directors	
Mr. Jiang Ming (<i>Chairman of the Nomination Committee</i>)	1/1
Independent non-executive directors	
Mr. Chen Xiaotian	1/1
Mr. Wong Kai Cheong	1/1

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are, inter alia, to review the structure, size and composition of the Board, identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members, assess the independence of independent non-executive directors and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available from the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established with specific written terms of reference. The Remuneration Committee's principal roles are to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy and structure for directors and senior management and to review and determine the specific remuneration packages of all executive directors and senior management.

The members of the Remuneration Committee and their respective attendance of the Remuneration Committee meeting held during the CG period are as follows:

	No. of meeting held/ No. of attendance
Independent non-executive directors	
Mr. Yang Jiangang (<i>Chairman of the Remuneration Committee</i>)	1/1
Mr. Wong Kai Cheong	1/1
Executive directors	
Mr. Jiang Ming	1/0

The meeting of the Remuneration Committee held during the CG Period is mainly to review the remuneration policy and structure for directors and senior management, and recommended the number and terms of share options to be granted to executive directors and independent non-executive directors to the Board.

The remuneration of directors and senior management will be reviewed and determined with reference to their duties and responsibilities with the Company and the Group, their skills and experience, their work performance, the Group's performance and the prevailing industry practice and market situation.

A remuneration package for executive directors and senior management will normally comprise basic salary and allowances, mandatory provident fund and medical insurance coverage benefits, performance related discretionary bonus and share options.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available from the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established with specific written terms of reference. The Audit Committee's primary roles are to review the Group's financial reporting process, internal control system and corporate governance issues and to make relevant recommendations to the Board.

All the Audit Committee members are independent non-executive directors. The Audit Committee meetings held during the CG period and the attendance of the members are as follows:

	No. of meetings held/ No. of attendance
Independent non-executive directors	
Mr. Chen Xiaotian (<i>Chairman of the Audit Committee</i>)	2/1
Mr. Wong Kai Cheong	2/2
Mr. Yang Jiangang	2/2

During the CG Period, the Audit Committee has performed the major tasks summarised as below:

- (i) reviewed the draft interim and annual consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2013 and for the year ended 31 March 2014 and the related draft results announcements;
- (ii) reviewed the application of the new accounting standards promulgated by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the Group's consolidated financial statements;
- (iii) reviewed the Group's internal control system with management including review of the work done by the Group's internal audit function;
- (iv) reviewed the compliance matters with respect to corporate governance issues;
- (v) discussed and reviewed with the external auditor the statutory audit plan and matters relating to significant accounting and auditing issues; and
- (vi) reviewed and considered the audit fee of external auditor.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available from the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Investment Committee

The Investment Committee was established with specific written terms of reference. The Investment Committee's principal roles are to review, pursue and evaluate investment opportunities in property development and investment projects and to approve and execute such investments within the limit as delegated and authorised by the Board from time to time.

The members of the Investment Committee and their respective attendance of the Investment Committee meeting held during the CG period are as follows:

	No. of meeting held/ No. of attendance
Executive directors	
Mr. Tao Lin (<i>Chairman of the Investment Committee</i>)	1/1
Mr. Cai Shaobin	1/1
Ms. Wang Hongmei	1/1

The meetings of the Investment Committee held during the CG Period are mainly to review, evaluate and approve the identified investment opportunities in property development and investment projects.

Auditor's Remuneration

For the financial year ended 31 March 2014, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, the external auditor of the Company, provided the following services to the Group and the respective fees charged are set out below:

Services rendered for the Group	Fee paid/payable HK\$'000
Audit services	3,450
Non-audit services (including review of interim results)	
Interim review fee	680
Other services	518
Total	4,648



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Responsibility for Consolidated Financial Statements

The Board is responsible for the timely presentation of balanced, clear and understandable annual and interim reports, price-sensitive announcements and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The directors of the Company acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014, the directors have adopted suitable accounting policies which are pertinent to the Group's operations and relevant to the consolidated financial statements, made judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable, and have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis. A statement by the Company's external auditor about their reporting responsibilities is set out on pages 51 and 52 of the Annual Report.

Company Secretary

Mr. Cheng Wing Bor is the Company Secretary and responsible directly to the Board. He has complied with all the qualification, experience and training requirement under the Listing Rules.

Internal Control

The Board recognises the importance of a sound and effective internal control system to the Group's business operations. As a routine procedure and part of the internal control system, during the CG Period, the internal audit team of the Group has regularly conducted internal audits on the operating units and functions of the Group on a rotational basis. The internal audit procedures include a review and/or testing on the Group's significant internal control procedures over finance, operation, compliance and risk management functions and a review on the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting functions. Findings and recommendations were reported to the Audit Committee. Improvement and reinforcement to the Group's internal control system were thus made as a continuing process.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Shareholders' Rights

The Board and management shall ensure shareholders' rights and all shareholders are treated equitably and fairly. Pursuant to the Bye-laws, any shareholder entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting of the Company is entitled to appoint another person as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. Shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall have the right, by written requisition to the Board, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. In addition, shareholders holding not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights or not less than 100 shareholders may submit a written request to the Company stating the resolution intended to be proceeded at the annual general meeting.

Any vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll (other than procedural matters). Voting results are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange on the day of the general meeting. The memorandum of association of the Company and Bye-laws are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Detailed procedures for the shareholders to convene a special general meeting, putting forward proposals at a general meeting and proposing a person for election as a Director are also available on the website of the Company.

Shareholder and Investor Communication

The Company uses a range of communication tools to ensure its shareholders and investors are kept well informed of key business imperatives. These include AGM, general meetings for specific businesses, annual and interim reports, notices, announcements and circulars.

The AGM is the principal occasion at which the Chairman and directors may interface directly with the shareholders. Most of the directors are usually present at the AGM to which all shareholders are invited and during which they have the opportunity to raise questions with the Board. An AGM circular will be distributed to all shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the meeting, setting out details of each proposed resolution, voting procedures (including procedures for conducting a poll) and other relevant information. The poll results are published in the manner prescribed under the requirements of the Listing Rules.

Annual reports, interim reports, notices, announcements and circulars are archived in the Company's investor relations website: <http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/coastal> that can be freely accessed to. Furthermore, the access to the Company's investor relations website can also be made through the "investor relations" hyperlink in the Company's website: <http://www.coastal.com.cn>. The Company also participates in investment conferences and roadshows organised by investment banks as well as one-on-one meetings and analysts/investors luncheon meetings to meet with investors and securities analysts.



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors herein present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the principal subsidiaries comprise property development, property investment, provision of property management services, project management and construction services and project investment services. There were no changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year apart from addition of provision of project investment services.

Results and Dividends

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2014 and the state of affairs of the Group at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 53 to 160.

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Summary Financial Information

A summary of the published results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements and reclassified and restated as appropriate, is set out on page 4 of the Annual Report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

Property, Plant and Equipment and Investment Properties

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment and investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in notes 16 and 17 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

Properties under Development

Details of movements in the properties under development of the Group during the year are set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

Share Capital and Share Options

Details of movements in the Company's share capital and share options during the year are set out in notes 33 and 35 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

Pre-Emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Listed Securities of the Company

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2014.



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Reserves

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Distributable Reserves

At 31 March 2014, the Company's reserves available for cash distribution and/or distribution in specie, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), amounted to HK\$2,439,236,000. In addition, the Company's share premium account, in the amount of HK\$1,336,094,000 as at 31 March 2014, may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

Major Customers and Suppliers

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 2% of the total sales for the year and purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for less than 2% of the total purchases for the year.

None of the directors, their associates, or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) has any interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Jiang Ming (*Chairman and Managing Director*)

Mr. Tao Lin

Mr. Cai Shaobin

Ms. Wang Hongmei (Appointed on 16 June 2013)

Non-Executive Directors:

Mr. Lu Jiqiang

Dr. Dai Jingming

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Wong Kai Cheong

Mr. Yang Jiangan

Mr. Chen Xiaotian (Appointed on 16 June 2013)



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Directors *(Continued)*

In accordance with article 87(1) of the Company's bye-laws, Messrs. Lu Jiqiang, Dai Jingming and Wong Kai Cheong will retire by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from Messrs. Chen Xiaotian, Wong Kai Cheong and Yang Jiangang and as at the date of this report still considers them to be independent.

Directors' Biographies

Biographical details of the directors of the Company are set out on pages 30 and 31 of the Annual Report.

Directors' Service Contracts

Mr. Jiang Ming and Mr. Tao Lin have entered into service contracts with the Company for a term of three years expiring on 29 September 2015. Mr. Cai Shaobin has entered into a service contract with the Group for a term of three years expiring on 31 December 2015. Ms. Wang Hongmei has entered into a service contract with the Group for a term of three years expiring on 15 June 2016. All of the non-executive directors have service contracts with the Company for a term of one year which shall be automatically extended for another one year upon expiration of the term of the service contracts unless terminated by either party to the service contracts which requires not less than one month's length of notice and are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting, in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company.

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Directors' Remuneration

The directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Company's board of directors with reference to directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Directors' Interests in Contracts

Save as disclosed in note 43 to the consolidated financial statements, no director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year. The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from Messrs. Chen Xiaotian, Wong Kai Cheong and Yang Jiangang and as at the date of this report still considers them to be independent.

Directors' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares

At 31 March 2014, the interests (including short positions) of the directors of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

(A) Interests in shares and underlying shares of the Company

(i) Interests in the ordinary shares of the Company

Name of director	Note	Number of shares held or short positions, capacity and nature of interest		Percentage of the Company's issued share capital
		Directly beneficially owned	Through controlled corporation	
Mr. Jiang Ming	(a)	–	1,531,261,978 (L) – (S)	36.58%
Mr. Tao Lin	(a)	–	1,531,261,978 (L) – (S)	36.58%
Ms. Wang Hongmei	(a)	1,344,000 (L) – (S)	1,531,261,978 (L) – (S)	36.61%
Mr. Cai Shaobin		47,701,000 (L) – (S)	–	1.19%

L: Long position

S: Short position



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Directors' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares (Continued)

(A) Interests in shares and underlying shares of the Company (Continued)

(i) Interests in the ordinary shares of the Company (Continued)

Note:

- (a) 1,531,261,978 shares are beneficially owned by Coastal International Holdings Limited ("CIH"), of which the entire issued voting share capital is held as to 37.58% by Mr. Jiang Ming, 5.38% by Mr. Tao Lin, 21.42% by Great Scope Investments Limited (the entire issued voting share capital of which is held by Mr. Jiang Ming) and 5.38% by Cyberich Development Limited (the entire issued voting share capital of which is held by Ms. Wang Hongmei). These 1,531,261,978 shares represent an aggregate of approximately 36.58% of the issued share capital of the Company.

- (ii) The interests of the directors in the share options of the Company are separately disclosed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

(B) Interests in shares of the associated corporation of the Company

Long positions in shares of Coastal International Holdings Limited ("CIH") (a substantial shareholder of the Company)

Name of director	Number of shares held	Capacity and nature of interest	Percentage of the associated corporation's issued share capital
Mr. Jiang Ming	3,758	Directly beneficially owned	37.58%
	2,142	Through controlled corporation	21.42%
Mr. Tao Lin	538	Directly beneficially owned	5.38%
Ms. Wang Hongmei	538	Through controlled corporation	5.38%

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2014, none of the directors of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

Save as disclosed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any directors of the Company or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

Substantial Shareholders' and other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares

Apart from the interests of CIH as disclosed under the heading "Directors' interests in shares and underlying shares" above, the register of substantial shareholders maintained under Section 336 of the SFO shows that as at 31 March 2014, the Company had been notified of the following interests of 5% or more in the issued share capital of the Company:

Name	Nature of Interest	Number of ordinary shares held or short positions	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital
Ms. Yang Sun Xin	Family (Note)	1,531,261,978 (L) – (S)	36.58%
Shenzhen Investment Limited	Corporate	631,092,857 (L) – (S)	15.08%

L: Long position

S: Short position

Note: Ms. Yang Sun Xin is the spouse of Mr. Jiang Ming (chairman and a director of the Company) and is deemed to be interested in the 1,531,261,978 shares of the Company, which is the number of shares that CIH is interested in the issued share capital of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2014, no persons, other than the directors of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' interests in shares and underlying shares" above, had registered an interest or a short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public at the date of this report.

Corporate Governance Practices

Details of the corporate governance practices of the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 32 to 43 of the Annual Report.

Auditor

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014 were audited by Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. A resolution to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Jiang Ming

Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 June 2014

Deloitte.

德勤

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF COASTAL GREENLAND LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Coastal Greenland Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) set out on pages 53 to 160, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2014, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2014 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong

26 June 2014

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 March 2014

	Notes	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Revenue	8	2,780,503	3,717,094
Cost of sales		(2,263,852)	(2,829,710)
Gross profit		516,651	887,384
Increase (decrease) in fair value of held-for-trading investment		2,189	(4,322)
Other income and gains	9	247,291	483,549
Marketing and selling expenses		(131,007)	(136,720)
Administrative expenses		(330,316)	(335,264)
Other expenses		(89,375)	(179,724)
Finance costs	10	(258,345)	(304,118)
Share of losses of associates		(3,187)	(3,088)
Share of profit (loss) of joint ventures		14,265	(1,072)
Decrease in fair value of investment properties	17	–	(313,143)
Net gain (loss) on disposal of property-based subsidiaries	37	65,851	(66,742)
Gain on disposal of an associate	38	–	377,423
Profit before taxation		34,017	404,163
Taxation	11	26,414	(320,931)
Profit for the year	12	60,431	83,232
Other comprehensive income (expense)			
<i>Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>			
Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency		72,851	2,874
Surplus on revaluation of buildings		10,169	1,566
Deferred tax liability arising on revaluation of buildings		(2,389)	(259)
Other comprehensive income for the year		80,631	4,181
Total comprehensive income for the year		141,062	87,413



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 March 2014

	Notes	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Profit (loss) for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		64,824	92,567
Non-controlling interests		(4,393)	(9,335)
		60,431	83,232
Total comprehensive income (expense) attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		149,453	96,280
Non-controlling interests		(8,391)	(8,867)
		141,062	87,413
Earnings per share	15	HK cents	HK cents (Restated)
Basic and diluted		2.14	3.10

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 March 2014

	Notes	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	16	260,077	251,068
Investment properties	17	230,364	226,222
Prepaid land lease payments	18	54,214	54,641
Interests in joint ventures	19	416,679	159,897
Interests in associates	20	179,161	178,124
Amount due from an associate	43(b)(iv)	–	240,087
Amount due from a joint venture	43(b)(vi)	–	123,828
Available-for-sale investments	21	178,485	175,329
Total non-current assets		1,318,980	1,409,196
CURRENT ASSETS			
Properties under development	23	6,554,122	6,865,152
Completed properties for sale	24	1,619,076	1,376,209
Trade receivables	25	19,328	37,755
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	27	2,633,477	2,763,480
Amounts due from associates	43(b)(ii), (iii), (iv) & (vi)	681,463	155,360
Amounts due from joint ventures	43(b)(ii), (vi) & (vii)	667,800	75,535
Amount due from a customer for contract work	26	46,511	–
Held-for-trading investment	28	24,905	22,306
Prepaid tax		80,264	4,481
Pledged bank deposits	22	746,650	831,631
Cash and bank balances	22	1,946,834	1,793,085
Assets classified as held for sale		15,020,430 1,581,149	13,924,994 674,722
Total current assets		16,601,579	14,599,716
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade payables	30	467,420	465,666
Deposits received from pre-sales of properties		1,434,745	1,362,164
Other payables and accruals	31	1,168,640	1,431,708
Amount due to a customer for contract work	26	–	14,351
Amount due to a substantial shareholder of the Company	43(b)(i)	2,715	16,638
Amount due to a non-controlling interest	43(b)(viii)	56,743	–
Tax payable		876,316	1,439,737
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	32	1,945,251	1,062,761
Liabilities classified as held for sale		5,951,830 1,254,364	5,793,025 557,891
Total current liabilities		7,206,194	6,350,916



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 March 2014

	Notes	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
NET CURRENT ASSETS		9,395,385	8,248,800
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		10,714,365	9,657,996
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	33	418,587	279,058
Reserves		4,514,906	4,145,912
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		4,933,493	4,424,970
Non-controlling interests		19,580	80,036
Total equity		4,953,073	4,505,006
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	32	5,488,656	4,735,904
Deferred tax liabilities	34	272,636	417,086
Total non-current liabilities		5,761,292	5,152,990
		10,714,365	9,657,996

The consolidated financial statements on pages 53 to 160 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 June 2014 and are signed on its behalf by:

Jiang Ming
Director

Wang Hongmei
Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2014

Attributable to owners of the Company													
	Notes	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Leasehold	Exchange	PRC	Share	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non-controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
						property revaluation reserve HK\$'000	fluctuation reserve HK\$'000	reserve funds HK\$'000	options reserve HK\$'000				
At 1 April 2012		279,058	1,126,800	37,560	929	64,059	765,039	9,697	56,052	1,988,885	4,328,079	70,788	4,398,867
Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency		-	-	-	-	-	2,406	-	-	-	2,406	468	2,874
Surplus on revaluation	16	-	-	-	-	1,566	-	-	-	-	1,566	-	1,566
Deferred tax charge arising on revaluation of buildings	34	-	-	-	-	(259)	-	-	-	-	(259)	-	(259)
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	1,307	2,406	-	-	-	3,713	468	4,181
Profit (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92,567	92,567	(9,335)	83,232
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year		-	-	-	-	1,307	2,406	-	-	92,567	96,280	(8,867)	87,413
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	611	-	611	-	611
Realised on disposal of property-based subsidiaries	37	-	-	-	-	(13,381)	(26,133)	-	-	39,514	-	-	-
Share options lapsed		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(56,663)	56,663	-	-	-
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,115	18,115
At 31 March 2013		279,058	1,126,800	37,560	929	51,985	741,312	9,697	-	2,177,629	4,424,970	80,036	4,505,006
Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency		-	-	-	-	-	76,849	-	-	-	76,849	(3,998)	72,851
Surplus on revaluation	16	-	-	-	-	10,169	-	-	-	-	10,169	-	10,169
Deferred tax charge arising on revaluation of buildings	34	-	-	-	-	(2,389)	-	-	-	-	(2,389)	-	(2,389)



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2014

	Attributable to owners of the Company												
	Notes	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Leasehold	Exchange fluctuation reserve HK\$'000	PRC reserve funds HK\$'000	Share options reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non-controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
						property revaluation reserve HK\$'000							
Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year	-	-	-	-	7,780	76,849	-	-	-	84,629	(3,998)	80,631	
Profit (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,824	64,824	(4,393)	60,431	
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year		-	-	-	-	7,780	76,849	-	-	64,824	149,453	(8,391)	141,062
Issue of ordinary shares pursuant to an open offer		139,529	209,294	-	-	-	-	-	-	348,823	-	348,823	
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,247	-	10,247	-	10,247	
Disposal of equity interest in a property-based subsidiaries	37	-	-	-	-	(159,223)	-	-	159,223	-	(53,032)	(53,032)	
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	967	967	
At 31 March 2014		418,587	1,336,094	37,560	929	59,765	658,938	9,697	10,247	2,401,676	4,933,493	19,580	4,953,073

Contributed surplus of the Company represents the surpluses arising from the issue of shares by Coastal Realty (BVI) Limited, the intermediate holding company of the Company, (i) in the acquisition of Coastal Realty Development Co. Limited, the former holding company of the Company in 1995; and (ii) at a premium to third parties in 1997, less dividends paid to shareholders in previous years.

PRC reserve funds are reserves required by the relevant laws in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") applicable to the Company's PRC subsidiaries for staff welfare and expansion of working capital.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

	Notes	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		34,017	404,163
Adjustments for:			
Finance costs		258,345	304,118
Share of losses of associates		3,187	3,088
Share of (profit) loss of joint ventures		(14,265)	1,072
Interest income		(113,062)	(31,656)
Depreciation		7,812	48,662
Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments		1,427	1,393
Share-based payment		10,247	611
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		1,797	(2,029)
Gain on disposal of an investment property		-	(121,556)
Impairment loss recognised on trade and other receivables		14,320	5,345
Impairment loss on completed properties held for sale		-	33,153
Decrease in fair value of investment properties		-	313,143
Net (gain) loss on disposal of property-based subsidiaries	37	(65,851)	66,742
Gain on disposal of an associate	38	-	(377,423)
Reversal of provision for legal claims		(71,987)	-
Gain on disposal of financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	38	-	(29,173)
(Increase) decrease in fair value of held-for-trading investment		(2,189)	4,322
Unrealised profit on the construction income from an associate	20	5,171	7,464
Operating profit before working capital changes		68,969	631,439
Increase in properties under development		(3,620,106)	(2,051,364)
Decrease in completed properties for sale		1,730,863	2,554,643
Decrease in trade receivables		19,118	225,576
Decrease (increase) in prepayments, deposits and other receivables		74,133	(860,241)
Increase in amount due from an associate		(286,016)	(119,079)
Increase in amount due (from) to a customer for contract work		(60,862)	14,351
Increase (decrease) in trade payables		31,240	(78,740)
Increase (decrease) in deposits received from pre-sales of properties		245,374	(262,134)
Increase (decrease) in other payables and accruals		573,282	(95,555)
Cash used in operations		(1,224,005)	(41,104)
Interest received		113,062	31,656
PRC Enterprise Income Tax and PRC Land Appreciation Tax paid		(732,847)	(758,866)
Net cash used in operating activities		(1,843,790)	(768,314)



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

	Notes	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Advance of loans receivable		-	(417,208)
Advance to joint ventures		(468,437)	(199,363)
Acquisition of property-based subsidiaries		-	(497,014)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(11,216)	(15,831)
Acquisition of associates		(24,576)	-
Acquisition of joint ventures		(63,594)	(160,977)
Purchase of an available-for-sale investment		-	(172,369)
Purchases of investment properties		-	(149)
Repayment of loans receivable		191,562	287,326
Disposal of property-based subsidiaries	37	824,213	400,092
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties		-	109,039
Proceeds from disposal of an associate	38	-	293,463
(Increase) decrease in restricted bank balances		(139,434)	170,893
Decrease in pledged bank deposits		47,152	283,376
Repayment from associates		-	66,628
Deposits received/proceeds from disposal of assets classified as held for sale	29	8,131	264,407
Proceed from disposal of financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss		-	266,736
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		195	2,660
Net cash from investing activities		363,996	681,709
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
New bank and other borrowings raised		5,696,312	6,032,249
Repayment of bank and other borrowings		(3,703,644)	(5,390,513)
Interest paid		(763,777)	(515,147)
(Repayment to) advance from a substantial shareholder of the Company		(13,923)	5,044
Advance from a non-controlling interest		56,743	-
Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares		348,823	-
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests		967	18,115
Net cash from financing activities		1,621,501	149,748
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		141,707	63,143
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,558,971	1,487,079
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES		21,550	8,749
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF YEAR	42	1,722,228	1,558,971

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

1. General

The Company is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the “Corporate Information” section of the annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar which is different from the functional currency of the Company, Renminbi (“RMB”), as the directors of the Company consider that Hong Kong dollar is the appropriate presentation currency in view of its place of listing. The majority of the Company’s subsidiaries are operating in the PRC with RMB as their functional currency.

The Group is engaged in the following principal activities:

- property development
- property investment
- provision of property management services
- project management and construction
- project investment services

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”)

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations (“new and revised HKFRSs”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”).

Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 – 2011 Cycle
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12	Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement
HKAS 19 (as revised in 2011)	Employee Benefits
HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011)	Separate Financial Statements
HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
Amendments to HKAS 1	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income
HK(IFRIC) – Int 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

Except as described below, the application of the new and revised HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group’s financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and revised Standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011) together with the amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 regarding the transitional guidance. HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) is not applicable to these consolidated financial statements as it deals only with separate financial statements.

The impact of the application of these standards is set out below.

HKFRS 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements”

HKFRS 10 replaces the requirements in HKAS 27 “Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements” relating to the preparation of consolidated financial statements and HK(SIC) – Int 12 “Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities”. It introduces a single control model to determine whether an investee should be consolidated, by focusing on whether the entity has power over the investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and the ability to use its power to affect the amount of those returns. As a result of the adoption of HKFRS 10, the Group has changed its accounting policy with respect to determining whether it has control over an investee. The adoption does not have any material impact on the financial position and the financial result of the Group.

HKFRS 11 “Joint Arrangements”

HKFRS 11, which replaces HKAS 31 “Interests in Joint Ventures”, divides joint arrangements into joint operations and joint ventures. Entities are required to determine the type of an arrangement by considering the structure, legal form, contractual terms and other facts and circumstances relevant to their rights and obligations under the arrangement. Joint arrangements which are classified as joint operations under HKFRS 11 are recognised on a line-by-line basis to the extent of the joint operator’s interest in the joint operation. All other joint arrangements are classified as joint ventures under HKFRS 11 and are required to be accounted for using the equity method in the Group’s consolidated financial statements. Proportionate consolidation is no longer allowed as an accounting policy choice. The adoption does not have any material impact on the financial position and the financial result of the Group.

HKFRS 13 “Fair Value Measurement”

The Group has applied HKFRS 13 for the first time in the current year. HKFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for, and disclosures about, fair value measurements, and replaces those requirements previously included in various HKFRSs. The scope of HKFRS 13 is broad, and applies to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 “Share-based Payment”, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 “Leases”, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value (e.g. net realisable value for the purposes of measuring inventories or value in use for impairment assessment purposes).



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) *(Continued)*

HKFRS 13 “Fair Value Measurement” (Continued)

HKFRS 13 contains a new definition for ‘fair value’ and defines fair value of an assets as the price that would be received to sell an asset (or paid to transfer a liability, in the case of determining the fair value of a liability) in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value under HKFRS 13 is an exit price regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant’s ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. Also, HKFRS 13 includes extensive disclosure requirements.

HKFRS 13 requires prospective application. In accordance with the transitional provisions of HKFRS 13, the Group has not made any new disclosures required by HKFRS 13 for the 2013 comparative period (please see notes 6 and 16 for the 2014 disclosures). Other than the additional disclosures, the application of HKFRS 13 has not had any material impact on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 1 “Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income”

The amendments to HKAS 1 introduce new terminology for statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Upon application of the amendments to HKAS 1, the Group’s statement of comprehensive income is renamed as a statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The amendments to HKAS 1 require additional disclosures to be made in the other comprehensive section such that items of other comprehensive income are grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis – the amendments do not change the existing option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax. The amendments have been applied retrospectively, and hence the presentation of items of other comprehensive income has been modified to reflect the changes. Other than the above mentioned presentation changes, the application of the amendments to HKAS 1 does not result in any impact on profit or loss, other comprehensive income and total comprehensive income.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, amendments and interpretation that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010 – 2012 Cycle ⁴
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011 – 2013 Cycle ²
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ³
HKFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts ⁵
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Mandatory Effective Date of HKFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures ³
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27	Investment Entities ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 11	Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations ⁶
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation ⁶
Amendments to HKAS 19	Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions ²
Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ¹
Amendments to HKAS 36	Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets ¹
Amendments to HKAS 39	Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting ¹
HK(IFRIC) – Int 21	Levies ¹

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014, with earlier application permitted

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014

³ Available for application – the mandatory effective date will be determined when the outstanding phases of HKFRS 9 are finalised

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with limited exceptions

⁵ Effective for first annual HKFRS financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016

⁶ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

The directors of the Company are in the process of ascertaining the financial effect of the application of these new and revised HKFRSs, amendments and interpretation on the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Listing Rules”) and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain properties and financial instruments, which are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gain control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income and expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted based on the net asset value of the subsidiaries and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" and HKAS 19 "Employee Benefits" respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment" at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that standard.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Business combinations (Continued)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another standard.

Acquisition of property-based subsidiaries

On acquisition of property-based subsidiaries which are not businesses, the excess of the consideration over the Group's interest in the carrying amount of acquiree's net assets is allocated to the value of the underlying assets acquired. No goodwill or discount on acquisition is recognised upon the acquisition of interests in a property-based subsidiary.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit, and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating units, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates and joint ventures used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate or a joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Investments in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate or a joint venture, or when the investment (or a portion thereof) is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group (such as a sale or contribution of assets), profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the non-current asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Non-current assets held for sale (Continued)

When the Group is continued to a sale plan involving disposal of an investment, or a portion of an investment, in an associate or joint venture, the investment or the portion of the investment that will be disposed of is classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, and the Group discontinues the use of the equity method in relation to the portion that is classified as held for sale from the time when the investment (or a portion of the investment) is classified as held for sale. Any retained portion of an investment in an associate or a joint venture that has not been classified as held for sale continues to be accounted for using the equity method. The Group discontinues the use of equity method at the time of disposal when the disposal results in the Group losing significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture.

After the disposal takes place, the Group accounts for any retained interest in the associate or joint venture in accordance with HKAS 39 unless the retained interest continues to be an associate or a joint venture, in which case the Group uses the equity method (see the accounting policy regarding investments in associates or joint ventures above).

Non-current asset (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, except for investment properties that are classified as held for sale and are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Specifically, revenue from the sale of properties in the ordinary course of business is recognised when the respective properties have been completed and delivered to the purchasers, the collectability of related receivables is reasonably assured. Deposits and instalments received from purchasers prior to meeting the above criteria on revenue recognition are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under current liabilities.

Rental income from properties under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Property management income is recognised when the related services are rendered.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Construction contract

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised using the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the value of work performed during the year. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that the amount can be measured reliably and its receipt is considered probable.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as amounts due from customers for contract work. For contracts where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is shown as amounts due to customers for contract work. Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the statements of financial position, as a liability, as advances received. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customer are included in the statements of financial position under trade receivables.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or fair value less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and any subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.

Any revaluation increase arising on revaluation of land and buildings is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in leasehold property revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in net carrying amount arising on revaluation of an asset is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, on the revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued asset, the attributable revaluation surplus is transferred to retained profits.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or fair value of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as “prepaid land lease payments” in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including properties under construction for such purposes).

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Construction costs incurred for investment properties under construction are capitalised as part of the carrying amount of the investment properties under construction.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Properties under development

Properties under development are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of land, development expenditure, borrowing costs capitalised, and other attributable expenses. Net realisable value is determined by management based on prevailing market conditions.

Completed properties for sale

Completed properties for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by an apportionment of the total land and building costs attributable to unsold properties. Net realisable value is determined by management based on prevailing market prices, on an individual property basis.

Impairment loss on tangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another standard, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease under that standard.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another standard, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that standard.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity ("foreign currencies") are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Foreign currencies (Continued)

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using the exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised as other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange fluctuation reserve (attributable to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Retirement benefit costs

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the “MPF Scheme”) under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees’ basic salaries and are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group’s contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group’s subsidiaries which operate in the PRC are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. The PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from ‘profit before taxation’ as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group’s liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets for such investment properties are measured in accordance with the above general principles set out in HKAS 12 (i.e. based on the expected manner as to how the properties will be recovered).

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly to equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where the current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at FVTPL represent financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising from remeasurement recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade receivables, other receivables, loan receivables, amounts due from associates, amount due from a joint venture, pledged bank deposits and bank balances) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at FVTPL, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments.

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of the reporting period (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of loss on financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For an available-for-sale equity investment, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of that investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For loans and receivables, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of loss on financial assets (Continued)

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period in which the impairment takes place.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including trade payables, other payables, amount due to a substantial shareholder of the Company, amounts due to associates, amount due to a non-controlling interest, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair values at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

A financial guarantee contract issued by the Group and not designated as at fair value through profit or loss is recognised initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets"; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the revenue recognition policy.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

Share-based payment transactions

For share options granted to the employees and directors, the fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to retained profits.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

4. Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Classification between investment properties and properties held for sale

The Group develops properties held for sale and properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Judgement is made by management in determining whether a property is designated as an investment property or a property held for sale. The Group considers its intention for holding the properties at the early development stage of the related properties. During the course of construction, the related properties under construction are accounted for as properties under development if the properties are intended for sale after completion. Upon completion of construction, properties under development are transferred to completed properties for sale and are subsequently measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Properties under construction are accounted for as investment properties if the properties are planned to be held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation after completion.

Revenue recognition of sale of properties

The Group recognises revenue from the sale of properties when the properties have been completed and delivered to the purchasers and the collectability of related receivables is reasonably assured. Judgement is made by the management in determining whether the receivables on sale of properties are reasonably assured upon delivery of the properties to the purchasers. The Group considers the credit worthiness of each individual purchaser and the contractual repayment arrangement with the purchasers in determining the collectability.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

4. Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Continued)

Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies (Continued)

Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties located in the PRC are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in measuring the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the directors have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is not rebutted. As a result, the Group has recognised the deferred taxes on changes in fair value of investment properties as the Group is subject to Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT") and Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT") on disposal of its investment properties.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

LAT

PRC LAT is levied on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds from the sales of properties less deductible expenditure including sales charges, borrowing costs and all property development expenditure.

The subsidiaries of the Group engaging in property development business in the PRC are subject to LAT, which have been included in the tax expenses. However, the implementation of these taxes varies amongst various PRC cities and the Group has not finalised its LAT returns with various tax authorities. Accordingly, significant judgement is required in determining the amount of land appreciation and its related taxes. The ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises these liabilities based on management's best estimates. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact on the tax expense and provision for LAT included in tax payable in the period in which such determination is made.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

4. Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Deposits for acquisition of land use rights

The Group determines whether or not the deposits paid for acquisition of land use rights for property development for sale purpose are impaired. Deposits paid to independent third parties, both secured and unsecured, are based on the agreed terms as stipulated in the relevant agreements. Impairment losses are recognised for the deposits where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the acquisition may not be completed and the deposits are not recoverable. The management has delegated a team responsible for monitoring progress of the acquisition to ensure the deposits are recoverable. Whenever the recoverable amount from the land use rights to be acquired is less than the carrying amount of the deposits paid, impairment losses are recognised.

The carrying amount of deposits for acquisition of land use rights included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables at 31 March 2014 was HK\$1,549,135,000 (2013: HK\$959,789,000). Further details are set out in note 27.

Recognition and allocation of construction cost on properties under development

Development costs of properties are recorded as properties under development during construction stage and will be transferred to completed properties for sale upon completion. An apportionment of these costs will be recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income upon the recognition of the sale of the properties. Prior to the final settlement of the development costs and other costs relating to the sale of the properties, these costs are accrued by the Group based on management's best estimate.

When developing properties, the Group may divide the development projects into phases. Specific costs directly related to the development of a phase are recorded as the cost of such phase. Costs that are common to phases are allocated to individual phases based on the estimated saleable area of the entire project.

Where the final settlement of costs and the related cost allocation is different from the initial estimates, any increase or decrease in the development costs and other costs would affect the profit or loss in future years after the completion.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

4. Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Estimated write-downs of properties under development and completed properties for sale

The Group writes down properties under development and completed properties for sale to net realisable value based on assessment of the realisability of properties under development and completed properties for sale, taking into account costs to completion based on past experience and net sales value based on past experience and prevailing market conditions. If there is an increase in cost to completion or a decrease in net sales value, the net realisable value will decrease and this might result in write-downs of properties under development and completed properties for sale to net realisable value. Write-downs are recorded where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be realised. The identification of write-downs requires the use of judgements and estimates. If the expectation is different, it will impact the carrying value and write-downs of properties under development and completed properties for sale in the period in which such estimate is changed. The carrying amounts of properties under development and completed properties for sale at 31 March 2014 were HK\$6,554,122,000 (2013: HK\$6,865,152,000) and HK\$1,619,076,000 (2013: HK\$1,376,209,000) respectively.

Estimated impairment of receivables

When there is objective evidence of impairment loss, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

In marking the estimates, management considered the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current credit worthiness, past collection history and subsequent settlement of each debtors.

At 31 March 2014, amounts due from associates amounted to HK\$681,463,000 (2013: HK\$395,447,000), amounts due from joint ventures amounted to HK\$667,800,000 (2013: HK\$199,363,000) and other receivables amounted to HK\$804,285,000 (2013: HK\$689,924,000).



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

4. Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty *(Continued)*

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Percentage of completion of construction works

The Group recognises the revenue according to the percentage of completion of the individual contract of construction works. The percentage of completion is measured by reference to the value of work performed during the year. Construction revenue is estimated in accordance with the terms set out in the relevant contracts. Construction costs are estimated by the management on the basis of quotations from time to time and the experience of the management. Because of the nature of the activities undertaken in construction contract, the date at which the contract activity is entered into and the date when the activity is completed usually fall into different reporting periods. The Group regularly reviews and revises the estimation of both contract revenue and contract cost in the budget prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses. Any change in the estimates of construction revenue or construction cost will affect the amount of foreseeable losses, or attributable profits recognised in the profit or loss prospectively in each reporting period using the percentage of completion method.

5. Capital Risk Management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes the borrowings disclosed in note 32, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained profits.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure periodically. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

6. Financial Instruments

(a) Categories of financial instruments

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables (including pledged bank deposits, cash and bank balances)	4,866,360	4,138,767
Available-for-sale investments	178,485	175,329
Held-for-trading investment	24,905	22,306
Financial liabilities		
Amortised cost	8,584,973	6,659,183

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade receivables, other receivables, amounts due from/to associates, amounts due from joint ventures, pledged bank deposits, bank balances, trade payables, other payables, amount due to a substantial shareholder of the Company, amount due to a non-controlling interest, and interest-bearing bank and other borrowings. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(i) Market risk

Currency risk

The Group has bank balances and borrowings denominated in Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars, which are different from the functional currency of the respective group entity and accordingly expose the Group to foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not use any derivative contracts to hedge against its exposure to currency risk. The management manages its foreign currency risk by monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rate and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(i) Market risk (Continued)

Currency risk (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the reporting dates are as follows:

	Assets		Liabilities	
	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Hong Kong dollars	165,974	7,669	251,376	206,840
United States dollars	67,729	417,230	515,686	1,021,388

Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2013: 5%) increase in RMB against Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars. 5% (2013: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% (2013: 5%) change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit for the year where RMB strengthens against the relevant foreign currencies. For a 5% (2013: 5%) weakening of RMB against the relevant currencies, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit for the year.

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Hong Kong dollars		
Increase in profit for the year	3,201	9,892
United States dollars		
Increase in profit for the year	16,740	30,055

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(i) Market risk (Continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to loans receivables, amounts due from joint venture and fixed-rate bank and other borrowings. The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate primarily in relation to amounts due from associates, variable-rate bank and other borrowings. The Group's cash flow interest rate is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") and People's Bank of China ("PBOC") prescribed interest rate arising from the Group's United States dollar and RMB denominated borrowings. The management considers the exposure to interest rate risk in relation to pledged bank deposits and bank balances is insignificant due to the low level of bank interest rate. During the year, the Group has not entered into any derivative contracts to hedge against its cash flow and fair value interest rate risk.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for amounts due from associates and variable-rate bank and other borrowings. The analysis is prepared assuming the amount of asset and liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 100 (2013: 100) basis point increase or decrease represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rate had been 100 (2013: 100) basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year would be decreased/increased by HK\$8,676,000 (2013: HK\$5,462,000).

Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its held-for-trading investment as well as available-for-sale investments which are measured at cost less impairment as fair value cannot be measured reliably. The management manages this exposure by monitoring closely market fluctuations. The Group will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis is prepared based on the exposure to equity price risk at the reporting date. If the price of the held-for-trading investment had been 5% higher/lower, the Group's profit for the year would increase/decrease by HK\$934,000 (2013: HK\$836,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of held-for-trading investment.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

6. Financial Instruments *(Continued)*

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(ii) Credit risk

As at 31 March 2014, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties and financial guarantee provided by the Group is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position and the amount of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group as disclosed in note 39.

The Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. With respect to financial guarantee provided to a bank to secure the banking facility granted to an associate by the Group, the directors consider the credit risk is limited because the associate has strong financial position. The management considers the credit risk exposure to financial guarantee provided to banks to secure the banking facilities granted to property purchasers is also limited because the facilities are secured by the properties and the market price of the properties is higher than the guaranteed amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

As at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013, the Group has concentration of credit risk in respect of the amounts due from associates and joint ventures, amount due from a local government in the PRC and a non-controlling interest and loans receivables as disclosed in note 27. The management closely monitors the financial position and repayment status of the debtors, and considered that the credit risk is low. The Group has no other significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by credit-ratings agencies.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

6. Financial Instruments *(Continued)*

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate working capital and continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows.

The Group relies on bank and other borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. The Group manages the maturities profile of its bank and other borrowings by designating a team to closely monitor the funding requirement and early negotiate with lenders for refinancing arrangement or seek for new sources of financing prior to maturity.

Liquidity tables

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates.

The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Liquidity tables (Continued)

	On demand or less than 1 month HK\$'000	1-3 months HK\$'000	3 months to 1 year HK\$'000	1-5 years HK\$'000	Over 5 years HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Carrying amount at 31.3.2014 HK\$'000
As at 31 March 2014							
Trade and other payables	1,091,608	-	-	-	-	1,091,608	1,091,608
Amount due to a substantial shareholder of the Company	2,715	-	-	-	-	2,715	2,715
Amount due to a non-controlling interest	56,743	-	-	-	-	56,743	56,743
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings							
– fixed rate	550,212	63,353	284,570	3,268,104	-	4,166,239	3,924,949
– variable rate	16,676	39,012	376,333	3,255,562	-	3,687,583	3,508,958
Financial guarantee contracts	3,296,212	-	-	195,448	-	3,491,660	-
	5,014,166	102,365	660,903	6,719,114	-	12,496,548	8,584,973
As at 31 March 2013							
Trade and other payables	843,880	-	-	-	-	843,880	843,880
Amount due to a substantial shareholder of the Company	16,638	-	-	-	-	16,638	16,638
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings							
– fixed rate	102,187	160,626	524,805	3,074,559	-	3,862,177	3,225,979
– variable rate	105,879	124,378	410,514	2,334,143	-	2,974,914	2,572,686
Financial guarantee contracts	4,042,960	-	-	222,891	-	4,265,851	-
	5,111,544	285,004	935,319	5,631,593	-	11,963,460	6,659,183

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

6. Financial Instruments *(Continued)*

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the “on demand or less than 1 month” time band in the above maturity analysis. As at 31 March 2014, the undiscounted principal amount of such bank loans amounted to HK\$599,812,000 (2013: HK\$119,590,000). Taking into account the Group’s financial position, the directors do not believe that the banks will exercise their discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment. The directors believe that such bank loans will be repaid during the “3 months to 1 year” and “1 to 5 years” (2013: “3 months to 1 year”) time band after the reporting date in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreement. At that time, the aggregate principal and interest cash outflows will amount to HK\$604,130,000 (2013: HK\$121,516,000).

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if the amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee. Based on expectation at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is more likely than not that no amount will be payable under the arrangement. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of the counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed suffer credit losses.

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities are subject to change, if changes in variable interest rates differ from those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

(c) Fair values of financial instruments

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair value of financial asset with standard terms and conditions and traded in active markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices;
- the fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative instruments) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis; and
- the fair values of derivative instruments are determined based on the binomial option pricing model using the assumptions (see note 35) that are supported by observable market data.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

(c) Fair values of financial instruments (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Financial assets	Fair value as at 31 March 2014	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique and key inputs
Held-for-trading investment	HK\$24,905,000	Level 1	Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical asset as at 31 March 2014

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in the current and prior periods.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the financial statements approximate their fair values.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

7. Segment Information

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately, according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide. Operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker (the "CODM") in order to allocate resources to segments and to assess their performance. During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group identified a new operating segment – project investment services in relation to its investment in property development/land development projects and subsequent sale of the whole or a partial of the equity interests in such projects which are usually transacted in the form of the acquisition and disposal of property-based entities in the PRC. The comparative information for the year ended 31 March 2013 has been re-presented accordingly. Summary of details of the Group's reportable and operating segments are as follows:

- (a) the property development segment engages in the development of properties for sale in the PRC;
- (b) the property investment segment invests in commercial and residential properties located in the PRC for their rental income potential and/or for capital appreciation;
- (c) the property management segment engages in the management of properties in the PRC;
- (d) the project management and construction segment engages in the provision of project management and construction services in the PRC; and
- (e) the project investment services segment engages in the investment in and sale of property development/land development project in the PRC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

7. Segment Information (Continued)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

The accounting policies of the reportable segment have been reconciled to the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment results represent the profit before taxation made by each reportable segment without allocation of income and expenses of the Group's head office and hotel operation, net foreign exchange differences, amortisation of prepaid land lease payments, interest income, finance costs, share of results of associates, share of results of joint ventures, gain on disposal of financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss and gain on disposal of an associate. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

Segment assets and liabilities

The Group's CODM does not review the segment assets and liabilities for the purposes of allocating resources to segments and assessing their performance. Therefore, no segment assets and liabilities are presented.

Other segment information

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit (loss):

	Project		Property		Property		Property		Project		Unallocated		Consolidated	
	development		investment		management		management and construction		investment services					
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Depreciation	1,503	1,641	-	14	98	163	351	1,090	-	-	5,860	45,754	7,812	48,662
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	26	(228)	-	18	28	(240)	25	5	-	-	1,718	(1,584)	1,797	(2,029)
Decrease in fair value of investment properties	-	-	-	313,143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	313,143
Forfeiture of deposits received	-	139,114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	139,114
Gain on disposal of an investment property	-	-	-	121,556	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121,556
Impairment loss recognised on trade and other receivables	14,320	5,345	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,320	5,345
Impairment loss on completed properties held for sale	-	33,153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,153
Reversal of provision for legal claims	71,987	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,987	-



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

7. Segment Information *(Continued)*

Geographical information

No geographical segment information is presented as the Group's revenue and results are substantially derived from operations in the PRC and the Group's non-current assets are mainly located in the PRC.

Information about major customers

The Group does not have major customers as no single external customer contributes more than 10% of the Group's revenue of respective year.

8. Revenue

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Sale of properties	2,375,131	3,333,167
Construction contract income	369,539	359,455
Rental income	2,043	2,602
Property management income	7,792	7,188
Project management service income	25,998	14,682
	2,780,503	3,717,094

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

9. Other Income and Gains

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Interest income from banks	4,998	31,656
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	2,029
Income from hotel operation (Note a)	-	70,000
Forfeiture of deposit received (Note b)	-	139,114
Net foreign exchange gains	10,994	3,852
Gain on disposal of an investment property (Note c)	-	121,556
Subsidies from the local government	8,464	39,725
Reversal of provision for legal claims (Note d)	71,987	-
Gain on disposal of financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss (Note 38)	-	29,173
Other interest income (Note e)	108,064	-
Others	42,784	46,444
	247,291	483,549

Notes:

- (a) The Group regarded the hotel operation as incidental to its main revenue-generating activities and accordingly, income from hotel operation was not regarded as revenue. Accordingly, expenses incurred for hotel operation were included in other expenses.
- (b) During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party (the "Buyer") to dispose of its entire interest in a subsidiary holding a property development project in Shenyang, the PRC, at a consideration of RMB1,885,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,334,163,000). A deposit of RMB111,310,000 (equivalent to HK\$139,114,000) was received from the Buyer upon signing the agreement. Due to the Buyer failed to complete the transaction, the agreement was terminated and the deposit was forfeited and recognised as other income.
- (c) During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group entered into an agreement with a local government in the PRC in respect of reclamation of land use rights of an investment property in Shenyang, the PRC. The compensation income as stipulated in the agreement is RMB381,144,000 (equivalent to of HK\$471,964,000). A gain on disposal of an investment property of HK\$121,556,000 was recognised as other income.
- (d) During the year ended 31 March 2014, the legal claims have been settled based on the finalisation of the amount claimed and the type of properties compensated to the plaintiffs under the litigation.
- (e) During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group received interest income from the interest bearing advances to an associate, a joint venture and independent third parties, amounted to HK\$108,064,000 (2013:nil).



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

10. Finance Costs

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Interest on bank loans wholly repayable within five years	227,299	135,245
Interest on other loans wholly repayable within five years	518,906	180,013
Interest on bank loans not wholly repayable within five years	-	49,601
Interest on senior notes	-	94,242
	746,205	459,101
Less: Amounts capitalised in properties under development	(487,860)	(154,983)
	258,345	304,118

Borrowing costs capitalised during the year arose on the funds borrowed specifically for the purpose of obtaining qualifying assets.

11. Taxation

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Current tax:		
PRC EIT for current year	135,675	391,034
PRC LAT		
Provision for current year	47,624	239,009
Overprovision in prior years	(64,417)	-
PRC withholding tax	-	40,244
	118,882	670,287
Deferred tax (note 34):		
PRC LAT	-	(213,005)
Others	(145,296)	(136,351)
	(145,296)	(349,356)
Total tax (credit) charge for the year	(26,414)	320,931



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

11. Taxation *(Continued)*

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits sourced in Hong Kong for both years.

The Group's income tax expense represents tax charges on the assessable profits of subsidiaries operating in the PRC calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the locations in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the statutory tax rate of the Company's PRC subsidiaries is 25% from 1 January 2008 onwards.

The provision for LAT is estimated according to the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. LAT has been provided at ranges of progressive rates of the appreciation value, with certain allowable deductions.

As approved by a PRC tax bureau, a PRC subsidiary is subject to statutory tax rate of 25% on the assessable income which is determined based on 8% of the subsidiary's revenue in accordance with the prescribed tax calculation method pursuant to the applicable PRC tax regulations.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

11. Taxation (Continued)

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2014		2013	
	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
Profit before taxation	34,017		404,163	
Tax at the statutory tax rate	8,504	25.0	101,041	25.0
Tax effect of income not taxable	(23,955)	(70.4)	(13,532)	(3.4)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	33,992	99.9	155,982	38.6
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	17,952	52.8	77,041	19.1
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(1,690)	(5.0)	(29,147)	(7.2)
Tax effect of share of result of associates	797	2.3	772	0.2
Tax effect of share of result of joint ventures	(3,566)	(10.5)	268	0.1
	32,034	94.1	292,425	72.4
PRC LAT	47,624	140.0	26,004	6.4
Income tax effect of PRC LAT	(11,906)	(35.0)	(6,501)	(1.6)
Overprovision of LAT in prior years	(64,417)	(189.4)	-	-
Changes in estimate of deferred tax liability which arose on a business combination	(33,597)	(98.8)	(18,032)	(4.5)
Deferred tax on undistributed earnings of PRC subsidiaries	3,848	11.3	20,369	5.0
Reversal of deferred tax liability upon disposal of investment properties	-	-	(3,692)	(0.9)
Effect of adopting prescribed tax calculation method by a PRC subsidiary	-	-	10,358	2.6
Tax (credit) charge and effective tax rate for the year	(26,414)	(77.8)	320,931	79.4

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

12. Profit for the Year

Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Cost of completed properties sold	1,886,744	2,491,079
Contract work in progress recognised as expense	371,940	338,631
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 16)	10,039	50,699
Less: Amounts capitalised in properties under development	(2,227)	(2,037)
	7,812	48,662
Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments (note 18)	1,427	1,393
Minimum lease payments under operating leases for land and buildings	15,971	11,711
Less: Amounts capitalised in properties under development	(979)	(791)
	14,992	10,920
Auditor's remuneration	3,450	3,450
Staff costs:		
Salaries and other benefits (including directors' remuneration – note 13)	201,865	176,537
Share-based payment (note 35)	10,247	611
Pension scheme contributions	26,382	18,065
Less: Amounts capitalised in properties under development	(51,022)	(40,026)
	187,472	155,187
Impairment loss recognised on trade and other receivables (included in other expenses)	14,320	5,345
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,797	–
Hotel operating expenses including depreciation of nil (2013: HK\$23,409,000) (included in other expenses)	–	74,072
Impairment loss on completed properties held for sale	–	33,153
Interest compensation for late handover of completed properties (included in other expenses)	7,652	15,698
Gross rental income	(2,043)	(2,602)
Less: Outgoings	153	757
Net rental income	(1,890)	(1,845)



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

13. Directors' and Managing Director's Remuneration

Directors' and managing director's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Fees:		
Executive directors	-	-
Non-executive directors	-	-
Independent non-executive directors	388	300
	388	300
Other emoluments:		
Salaries and other benefits	14,015	17,539
Share-based payment	3,195	156
Pension scheme contributions	115	111
	17,325	17,806
	17,713	18,106

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

13. Directors' and Managing Director's Remuneration (Continued)

	Salaries and other benefits		Share-based payment	Pension scheme contributions	Total
	Fees HK\$'000	benefits HK\$'000	payment HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Year ended 31 March 2014					
Executive directors:					
Mr. Jiang Ming	-	3,683	-	15	3,698
Mr. Tao Lin	-	3,184	992	15	4,191
Mr. Cai Shaobin	-	2,345	992	40	3,377
Ms. Wang Hongmei (Note i)	-	4,803	992	45	5,840
	-	14,015	2,976	115	17,106
Non-executive directors:					
Mr. Lu Jiqiang	10	-	-	-	10
Mr. Dai Jingming	10	-	-	-	10
	20	-	-	-	20
Independent non-executive directors:					
Mr. Chen Xiaotin (Note ii)	108	-	73	-	181
Mr. Wong Kai Cheong	130	-	73	-	203
Mr. Yang Jiangang	130	-	73	-	203
	368	-	219	-	587
	388	14,015	3,195	115	17,713



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

13. Directors' and Managing Director's Remuneration (Continued)

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and other benefits HK\$'000	Share-based payment HK\$'000	Pension scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Year ended 31 March 2013					
Executive directors:					
Mr. Jiang Ming	–	3,196	32	15	3,243
Mr. Tao Lin	–	2,827	32	15	2,874
Mr. Cai Shaobin	–	2,521	–	18	2,539
Mr. Wang Bin (Note iii)	–	596	–	15	611
Mr. Chan Boon Teong (Note iv)	–	2,342	32	–	2,374
Mr. Cheng Wing Bor (Note iv)	–	2,050	32	11	2,093
Mr. Lin Chen Hsin (Note iv)	–	428	8	–	436
Mr. Zheng Hong Qing (Note iv)	–	539	–	–	539
Mr. Wang Jun (Note iv)	–	3,040	–	37	3,077
	–	17,539	136	111	17,786
Non-executive directors:					
Mr. Lu Jiqiang	–	–	–	–	–
Mr. Dai Jingming	–	–	–	–	–
	–	–	–	–	–
Independent non-executive directors:					
Mr. Tang Lap Yan (Note v)	100	–	8	–	108
Mr. Law Kin Ho (Note vi)	50	–	6	–	56
Mr. Wong Kai Cheong	100	–	6	–	106
Mr. Yang Jiangang	50	–	–	–	50
	300	–	20	–	320
	300	17,539	156	111	18,106

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

13. Directors' and Managing Director's Remuneration (Continued)

Notes:

- i. Ms. Wang Hongmei has been appointed as an executive director on 16 June 2013.
- ii. Mr. Chen Xiaotin has been appointed as an independent non-executive director on 16 June 2013.
- iii. Mr. Wang Bin has been appointed as an executive director on 31 December 2012 and resigned on 31 March 2013.
- iv. Mr. Chan Boon Teong, Mr. Cheng Wing Bor, Mr. Lin Chen Hsin, Mr. Zheng Hong Qing and Mr. Wang Jun resigned on 31 December 2012.
- v. Mr. Tang Lap Yan resigned on 16 June 2013.
- vi. Mr. Law Kin Ho resigned on 31 December 2012.

Mr. Jiang Ming is also the Managing Director of the Company who acts as the role of the Chief Executive of the Company for both years and his emolument disclosed above included those for services rendered by him as the Managing Director.

All of the executive directors and non-executive agreed to waive their entitlements to directors' fees totalling HK\$40,000 (2013: HK\$110,000) for both years. Other than this, there was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

14. Five Highest Paid Individuals

The five highest paid individuals during the year included four (2013: five) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 13 above. The remuneration of the remaining one (2013: nil) highest paid individual is within the band of HK\$5,000,000 to HK\$5,500,000 and is as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Salaries and other benefits	4,791	—
Share-based payment	606	—
Pension scheme contributions	15	—
	5,412	—

Other than as disclosed in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office for both years.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

15. Earnings Per Share

The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company and earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per ordinary share	64,824	92,567

	Number of shares	
	2014 '000	2013 '000 (restated)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares of the purpose of basic earnings per ordinary share	3,032,469	2,983,037

The weighted average number of shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share for both periods has been retrospectively adjusted for the effect of bonus element in connection to the open offer (see note 33) completed in March 2014.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the years ended 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013 did not assume the exercise of the Company's options and warrants as the exercise prices of the options and warrants were higher than the average market price of the Company's shares for the respective years and therefore anti-dilutive to the earnings per share.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

16. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Leasehold land and buildings HK\$'000	Leasehold land and hotel building HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
COST OR VALUATION						
At 1 April 2012	281,484	465,517	160,316	240,388	15,715	1,163,420
Exchange realignment	461	1,034	(74)	(113)	32	1,340
Additions	-	-	-	12,352	3,479	15,831
Acquired on acquisition of property-based subsidiaries (note 36)	-	-	-	183	213	396
Disposals	(384)	-	-	(516)	(2,623)	(3,523)
Disposal of property-based subsidiaries (note 37)	(52,300)	(466,551)	(134,058)	(208,326)	(1,882)	(863,117)
Adjustment on revaluation	(2,751)	-	-	-	-	(2,751)
At 31 March 2013	226,510	-	26,184	43,968	14,934	311,596
Exchange realignment	258	-	428	753	266	1,705
Additions	-	-	1,909	5,691	3,616	11,216
Disposals	-	-	-	(2,998)	(563)	(3,561)
Disposal of property-based subsidiaries (note 37)	-	-	-	(128)	(94)	(222)
Transferred to assets classified as held for sale (note 29)	-	-	-	(376)	(766)	(1,142)
Adjustment on revaluation	6,488	-	-	-	-	6,488
At 31 March 2014	233,256	-	28,521	46,910	17,393	326,080
Comprising						
At cost	-	-	28,521	46,910	17,393	92,824
At valuation 2014	233,256	-	-	-	-	233,256
	233,256	-	28,521	46,910	17,393	326,080



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

16. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

	Leasehold land and buildings HK\$'000	Leasehold land and hotel building HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
DEPRECIATION						
At 1 April 2012	-	28,894	51,598	70,181	6,818	157,491
Exchange realignment	28	19	(29)	(33)	18	3
Provided for the year	5,250	6,364	11,687	25,407	1,991	50,699
Eliminated on disposals	(343)	-	-	(448)	(2,101)	(2,892)
Eliminated on disposal of property-based subsidiaries (note 37)	(618)	(35,277)	(37,947)	(65,719)	(895)	(140,456)
Adjustment on revaluation	(4,317)	-	-	-	-	(4,317)
At 31 March 2013	-	-	25,309	29,388	5,831	60,528
Exchange realignment	2	-	424	503	94	1,023
Provided for the year	3,679	-	663	3,850	1,847	10,039
Eliminated on disposals	-	-	-	(1,197)	(372)	(1,569)
Eliminated on disposal of property-based subsidiaries (note 37)	-	-	-	(118)	(92)	(210)
Transferred to assets classified as held for sale (note 29)	-	-	-	(61)	(66)	(127)
Adjustment on revaluation	(3,681)	-	-	-	-	(3,681)
At 31 March 2014	-	-	26,396	32,365	7,242	66,003
CARRYING VALUES						
At 31 March 2014	233,256	-	2,125	14,545	10,151	260,077
At 31 March 2013	226,510	-	875	14,580	9,103	251,068

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

16. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method after taking into account their estimated residual values at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land and buildings	Shorter of land lease term or 2% to 5%
Leasehold land and hotel building	Shorter of land lease term or 2% to 5%
Leasehold improvements	10% – 20%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	10% – 20%
Motor vehicles	20%

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Leasehold land and buildings in Hong Kong		
Long lease	103,574	98,404
Leasehold land and buildings in the PRC		
Long lease	17,081	20,126
Medium-term lease	112,601	107,980
	129,682	128,106
	233,256	226,510

The Group's land and buildings were revalued individually at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013 by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, independent professional valuers not connected with the Group, by reference to market evidence of recent transaction prices for similar properties.

In estimating the fair value of the leasehold land and buildings, the highest and best use of the leasehold land and buildings is their current use.

The fair value of the leasehold land and buildings were determined by the valuers on direct comparison approach assuming sale of each of these properties on an immediate vacant possession basis by reference to comparable sales evidence as available in the relevant market. Comparable properties in close proximity have been selected and adjustments have been made to account for the difference in factors such as location and property size. The most significant input into this valuation approach is price per square meter.

There were no changes to the valuation techniques during the year.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

16. Property, Plant and Equipment *(Continued)*

The following table gives information about how the fair values of these leasehold land and buildings are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorized (Level 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

Leasehold land and buildings held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique	Unobservable input	Range of Unobservable input	Relationship of unobservable input to fair value
Leasehold land and buildings in Hong Kong	Level 3	Direct comparison method	Price per square meter	HK\$95,800 – HK\$206,669	The higher the price per square, the higher the fair value
Leasehold land and buildings in PRC	Level 3	Direct comparison method	Price per square meter	HK\$3,026 – HK\$75,657	The higher the price per square, the higher the fair value

The allocation of leasehold land and buildings elements of certain properties located in the PRC cannot be made reliably, thus the entire amount is classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

Had the Group's land and buildings been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation, their carrying amounts at 31 March 2014 would have been HK\$154,721,000 (2013: HK\$156,354,000).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

17. Investment Properties

	Completed investment properties at fair value	Investment property under construction at cost	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
FAIR VALUE/COST			
At 1 April 2012	1,424,463	221,063	1,645,526
Exchange realignment	(3,136)	837	(2,299)
Additions	149	–	149
Disposals	(344,265)	–	(344,265)
Disposal of property-based subsidiaries (note 37)	(751,694)	–	(751,694)
Transferred to assets classified as held for sales (note 29)	(8,052)	–	(8,052)
Decrease in fair value recognised in profit or loss	(313,143)	–	(313,143)
At 31 March 2013	4,322	221,900	226,222
Exchange realignment	79	4,063	4,142
At 31 March 2014	4,401	225,963	230,364



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

17. Investment Properties (Continued)

The Group's investment properties are all situated in the PRC and held under the following lease terms:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Long lease	4,401	4,322
Medium-term lease	225,963	221,900
	230,364	226,222

In 2009, the Group entered into a cooperative agreement with a PRC party to develop a commercial property in Beijing, the PRC. Pursuant to the agreement, the Group is mainly responsible for the demolition of the existing properties and construction of the property at the estimated total costs of not less than RMB340 million. Upon the completion of the property development, the Group is entitled to 65% of rental income from leasing of the property for 35 years. Such a property as at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013 was measured at cost as the development of the investment property is still at early stage and the fair value cannot be reliably determined. As the Group is considering a possible disposal of this investment property under construction, no further development cost was incurred for both years.

The fair values of the Group's completed investment properties at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013 have been arrived at on the basis of valuations carried out on those dates by director's valuation and DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, independent professional valuers not connected with the Group, who has appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations respectively. The valuation of these properties was performed by group director and a director of DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited who is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors in 2014 and 2013 respectively.

For completed investment properties, the valuations have been arrived at by considering the capitalised net rental income or where appropriate, by reference to market evidence of recent transaction prices for similar properties in similar location and condition. In arriving at the capitalised net rental income, the market rentals of all lettable units of the property are assessed and capitalised at market yield expected by investors for this type of property. The market rentals are also assessed by reference to the rentals achieved in other similar properties in the neighbourhood. The capitalisation rate adopted is made by reference to the yields achieved in analysed market sales transactions and the valuer's knowledge of the market expectation from property investors.

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or remained vacant and being held to be leased out or for capital appreciation purpose are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

18. Prepaid Land Lease Payments

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
At beginning of year	56,043	57,229
Exchange realignment	1,026	207
Amortisation during the year (note 12)	(1,427)	(1,393)
At end of year	55,642	56,043
Analysed for reporting purposes as:		
Non-current asset	54,214	54,641
Current asset (included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables)	1,428	1,402
	55,642	56,043

The Group's leasehold lands are all located in the PRC and held under medium-term lease.

19. Interests in Joint Ventures

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Cost of investment in joint ventures	403,505	160,977
Share of post-acquisition profit (loss) and other comprehensive income (expenses)	13,174	(1,080)
	416,679	159,897

Aggregate information of joint ventures that are not individually material:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
The Group's share of profit (loss) for the year	14,265	(1,072)
The Group's share of other comprehensive expense	(1,091)	(8)
The Group's share of total comprehensive income (expense)	13,174	(1,080)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

19. Interests in Joint Ventures (Continued)

As at 31 March 2014 and 2013, the Group had interests in the following joint ventures:

Name of joint venture	Form of entity	Registered capital	Place of registration and operation	Proportion of registered capital held by the Group		Group's percentage of Voting power		Group's percentage of Profit sharing		Principal activities
				(Note a)				(Note b)		
				2014 %	2013 %	2014 %	2013 %	2014 %	2013 %	
New Shanghai Property International Management Co., Ltd.	Incorporated	US\$1,000,000	PRC	30	30	43	43	30	30	Inactive
Beijing Huichao Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("Beijing Huichao")	Incorporated	RMB50,000,000	PRC	40	40	40	40	40	40	Property development
上海沿海股權投資基金管理 有限公司 ("上海沿海股權") (Note c)	Incorporated	RMB16,000,000	PRC	85	35	20	20	85	35	Asset management
Changsha Xinhongxin Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("Changsha Xinhongxin") (Note d)	Incorporated	RMB148,000,000	PRC	40	-	40	-	40	-	Property development
Wuhan Zhisheng Group Co., Ltd. ("Wuhan Zhisheng") (Note e)	Incorporated	RMB150,000,000	PRC	30	-	30	-	30	-	Property development
Maxwell Capital Partners Limited	Incorporated	US\$10	Cayman Island	50	-	50	-	50	-	Asset management

Notes:

- The Group has joint control over the financial and operating activities of the above companies with other joint venture partners in accordance with the relevant contractual agreements and accordingly these companies have been accounted for as joint ventures.
- The Group is entitled to share the operating results of the joint venture based on the Group's profit sharing ratio.
- During the year ended 31 March 2014, 上海沿海股權 implemented a capital reduction, which effectively increased the equity interest in the entity from 35% to 85%. Following the completion of the transaction, 上海沿海股權 remains as a joint venture of the Group according to the percentage of voting power held by the Group.
- During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group acquired 40% equity interest in Changsha Xinhongxin from an independent third party for a cash consideration of RMB50,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$63,594,000), which became a joint venture of the Group.
- During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group disposed of 60% equity interest in Wuhan Zhisheng to an independent third party and has ceased to have control over Wuhan Zhisheng. After the disposal, the Group has joint control over Wuhan Zhisheng and it became a joint venture of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

20. Interests in Associates

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Cost of investment in associates		
Unlisted	202,745	193,075
Share of post-acquisition loss and other comprehensive expenses	(18,413)	(7,487)
Other (note)	(5,171)	(7,464)
	179,161	178,124

Note: At 31 March 2014, amount represented down-stream unrealised profit amounting to HK\$5,171,000 (2013: HK\$7,464,000) on the construction income from an associate.

As at 31 March 2014 and 2013, the Group had interests in the following significant associates:

Name of associate	Form of business structure	Place of registration and operation	Proportion of registered capital held by the Group		Proportion of voting power held		Principal activities
			2014 %	2013 %	2014 %	2013 %	
Unlisted							
Beijing Zi Guang Yan Hai Lian He Investment Co., Ltd.	Incorporated	PRC	25	25	20	20	Investment holding
Foshan Harmonious Realty Development Co., Ltd. ("Foshan Harmonious Realty")	Incorporated	PRC	20	20	20	20	Property development
Huizhou Shum Yip Southern Land Company Limited ("Huizhou Shum Yip") (Note a)	Incorporated	PRC	30	30	17	17	Property development and provision of construction services
Nanjing Yuan Ding Enterprise Co., Ltd ("Nanjing Yuan Ding") (Note b)	Incorporated	PRC	30	-	33	-	Property development



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

20. Interests in Associates (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group acquired 30% equity interest in Huizhou Shum Yip for a consideration of RMB19,949,000 (equivalent to HK\$24,610,000). After the acquisition, Huizhou Shum Yip became an associate of the Group (see note 37).
- (b) During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group acquired 30% equity interest in Nanjing Yuan Ding for a cash consideration of RMB12,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$15,263,000). After the acquisition, Nanjing Yuan Ding became an associate of the Group.

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
The Group's share of loss for the year	3,187	3,088
The Group share of other comprehensive expense	15,226	4,399
The Group's share of total comprehensive expense	18,413	7,487
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interest in these associates	179,161	178,124

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

21. Available-for-Sale Investments

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Unlisted securities:		
Club membership debentures (Note a)	2,960	2,960
Equity securities stated at cost (Note b)	175,525	172,369
	178,485	175,329

Notes:

- (a) They represent investments in unlisted club membership debentures in Hong Kong.
- (b) It represents 12% of equity interest in Shanghai Oriental International Culture A Sports Recreation Industry City Development Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Oriental"). Shanghai Oriental is a private entity incorporated in the PRC and its principal activity is property development in the PRC.

The above unlisted investments are measured at cost less impairment at the end of the reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so widespread that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the fair values cannot be measured reliably.

22. Pledged Bank Deposits/Cash and Bank Balances

Pledged bank deposits mainly represent (i) deposits with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$614 million (2013: HK\$724 million) pledged to banks for banking facilities granted to the Group (note 32(c)(ii)); and (ii) deposits with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$36 million (2013: HK\$108 million) pledged to banks in respect of mortgage loan facilities granted to the buyers of certain properties developed by the Group.

The pledged bank deposits will be released upon the issuance of title deeds to the buyers of properties for bank deposits pledged for the purpose as stated in (ii) above or the settlement of relevant bank loans and senior notes for bank deposits pledged for the purposes as stated in (i) and (iii) above. The pledged bank deposits will be released within 1 year respectively.

Included in cash and bank balances are restricted bank balances of HK\$394,492,000 (2013: HK\$255,058,000) which are limited to be used in the development of certain property projects.

Bank balances carry interest at market rates which range from 0.35% to 2.6% (2013: 0.40% to 2.98%) per annum. The pledged bank deposits carry fixed interest rates which range from 0.35% to 4.3% (2013: 0.10% to 2.80%) per annum.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

23. Properties under Development

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
CARRYING AMOUNT		
At beginning of year	6,865,152	6,059,972
Exchange realignment	135,062	25,496
Additions	4,096,542	2,208,384
Acquisition of property-based subsidiaries (note 36)	–	613,549
Transferred from prepayments, deposits and other receivables	659,225	–
Transferred to completed properties for sale	(1,945,560)	(1,396,675)
Transferred to assets classified as held for sale (note 29)	(1,359,968)	(645,574)
Disposal of property-based subsidiaries (note 37)	(1,896,331)	–
At end of year	6,554,122	6,865,152

The properties under development of the Group are situated in the PRC and are held under the following lease terms:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Long lease	4,085,010	4,802,376
Medium-term lease	2,469,112	2,062,776
	6,554,122	6,865,152

Properties under development with carrying amount of HK\$2,955,383,000 (2013: HK\$4,021,812,000) are expected to be completed and available for sale after twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

24. Completed Properties for Sale

The Group's completed properties for sale are situated in the PRC and are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value.

25. Trade Receivables

Except for the proceeds from sales of properties and rental income from lease of properties which are payable in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements, the Group generally allows a credit period of not exceeding 60 days to its customers.

An aged analysis of trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period based on invoice date which approximate revenue recognition date, net of allowance for bad and doubtful debts, is as follows:

	2014		2013	
	Balance HK\$'000	Percentage	Balance HK\$'000	Percentage
0 – 30 days	1,875	10	7,923	21
31 – 60 days	117	–	1,123	3
61 – 90 days	7,337	38	118	–
Over 90 days	9,999	52	28,591	76
	19,328	100	37,755	100

The Group has minimal trade receivable balances which have been past due at the reporting date. The trade receivable balance with age over 90 days at the end of the reporting period represents the receivable from sales of completed properties to customers which is not impaired at the end of the reporting period as the management of the Group expects the balances will be fully settled in accordance with repayment schedules set out in the relevant agreements.

In determining the recoverability of trade receivable, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivable from the date the credit was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period. The concentration of credit risk is limited as the customer base is large and unrelated, the directors of the Company believe that there is no provision required as at the end of the reporting period.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

26. Amount Due from (to) a Customer for Contract Work

Contract in progress at the end of the reporting period:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Contract costs incurred plus recognised profit less recognised loss	800,606	356,126
Less: progress billings	(754,095)	(370,477)
	46,511	(14,351)

As at 31 March 2014, retention held by a customer for contract work amounting to HK\$54,481,000 (2013:HK\$41,102,000) has been included in amounts due from associates under current assets.

27. Prepayments, Deposits and Other Receivables

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Other receivables (Note a)	804,285	689,924
Prepayment for land leases (Note b)	–	659,225
Deposits for future acquisition of land use rights (Note c)	1,549,135	959,789
Prepaid operating expenses and other deposits	280,057	262,980
Loans receivables (Note d)	–	191,562
	2,633,477	2,763,480

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

27. Prepayments, Deposits and Other Receivables *(Continued)*

Notes:

- (a) Included in other receivables at 31 March 2014 is an amount of HK\$367,119,000 (2013: HK\$385,284,000) due from a local government of the PRC in respect of reclamation of land use right of an investment property in Shenyang with a compensation income of RMB381,440,000 (equivalent to HK\$480,714,000) recognised in prior year.

Include in other receivables at 31 March 2014 is an amount of HK\$221,894,000 (2013: Nil) due from a buyer in respect of disposal of property-based subsidiary (see note 37(a)).

Included in other receivables at 31 March 2013 was an amount of HK\$61,295,000 due from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary which was unsecured, non-trade and interest-free. The amount was disposed of through the disposal of a property-based subsidiary (see note 37(c)) during the year.

- (b) As at 31 March 2013, a total consideration of HK\$659,225,000 was prepaid in full for an acquisition of a piece of land in the PRC for property development for sale purpose and such prepayment was classified as current assets. During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group has obtained the land title and the prepaid amount which represents the land purchase cost has been recognised as "properties under development".

- (c) The amounts represent payments made for the possible acquisition of land use rights in the PRC which will be developed for sale purpose. At 31 March 2014, an amount of HK\$286,145,000 (2013: HK\$262,798,000) was paid to an independent third party which is secured by the equity interests of certain PRC companies owned by the independent third party. For the remaining deposits paid, no assets were pledged to secure the amounts paid by the Group. These deposits will be wholly refundable if the acquisition is terminated subsequently.

- (d) Included in loan receivables at 31 March 2013 was an amount of HK\$61,914,000 due from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary which was unsecured and interest bearing at 6.56% per annum. The amount was disposed of through the disposal of a property-based subsidiary (see note 37(c)) during the year.

Included in loan receivables at 31 March 2013 was an amount of HK\$129,648,000 due from an independent third party which was interest bearing at 9.50% per annum and was secured by the equity interest of a PRC company owned by the independent third party which engages in property development business in the PRC and was received during the year.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

28. Held-for-Trading Investment

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Held-for-trading investment stated at fair value:		
Equity security listed in the PRC (note 38)	24,905	22,306

At the end of the reporting period, the listed security is stated at fair value which has been determined by reference to a closing price quoted in the active market.

29. Assets and Liabilities Classified as Held for Sale

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
A property-based subsidiary (Notes a and c)	1,581,149	666,670
Investment properties (Note b)	-	8,052
Assets classified as held for sales	1,581,149	674,722
Liabilities classified as held for sales (Notes a and c)	1,254,364	557,891

Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of 21% out of its 51% equity interest in a subsidiary, which is engaged in the property development in the PRC, for a cash consideration of RMB7,131,000 (equivalent to HK\$8,992,000). In the opinion of the directors, the risks and rewards associated with the 21% equity interest will be passed to the buyer and the Group will cease to have control over the entity on the completion date. The transaction is expected to be completed in next twelve months.

The assets and liabilities attributable to the subsidiary, has been classified as a disposal group held for sale and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 March 2014.

- (b) During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group entered into agreements with independent third parties for the disposal of certain units of the Group's investment properties located in the PRC (the "2013 Properties"), which are expected to be sold within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period. The fair value of the 2013 Properties classified as held for sale at 31 March 2013 amounted to HK\$8,052,000, which is determined by reference to the consideration set out in the relevant agreements. The disposal was completed and the consideration of HK\$8,131,000 was received by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2014.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

29. Assets and Liabilities Classified as Held for Sale (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (c) On 15 March 2013, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of its 60% equity interest in a subsidiary ("the Subsidiary"), which hold a piece of land in the PRC, for a cash consideration of RMB280,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$353,147,000). The Group received a deposit of US\$30,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$233,400,000) which has been included in other payables as disclosed in note 31. The transaction was completed in July 2013.

Pursuant to the shareholder agreement to be entered into by the Group and other shareholder of the Subsidiary upon the completion of the transaction, the buyer has a put option to sell the 60% equity interest to the Group at any time after no less than 60% of the saleable area of the developed properties held by the Subsidiary had been sold at a consideration equivalent to the fair value of the 60% equity interest in the Subsidiary on the put option exercise date. In the opinion of the directors, the risks and rewards associated with the 60% equity interest have been passed to the acquirer and Group has ceased to have control over the Subsidiary on completion date. In addition, the directors of the Company considered that the fair value of the put option was minimal at initial recognition and 31 March 2014.

The assets and liabilities attributable to the Subsidiary, have been classified as a disposal group held for sale and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 March 2013.

The major classes of assets and liabilities comprising the disposal group classified as held for sale are as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	1,015	–
Property under development	1,359,968	645,574
Prepayments	5,219	152
Prepaid tax	7,232	–
Pledged bank deposits	37,829	–
Cash and bank balances	169,886	20,944
Assets classified as held for sale	1,581,149	666,670
Trade payables	37,885	–
Deposits received from pre-sale of properties	197,733	–
Other payables	55,965	37,812
Bank and other borrowings	960,847	520,079
Deferred tax liabilities	1,934	–
Liabilities classified as held for sale	1,254,364	557,891



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

30. Trade Payables

An aged analysis of trade payables as at the end of the reporting period based on invoice date is as follows:

	2014		2013	
	Balance HK\$'000	Percentage	Balance HK\$'000	Percentage
0 – 30 days	185,913	40	218,424	42
31 – 60 days	55,011	12	39,730	8
61 – 90 days	73,604	16	54,660	15
Over 90 days	152,892	32	152,852	35
	467,420	100	465,666	100

31. Other Payables and Accruals

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Sales and other taxes payable	97,247	109,954
Other payables	624,188	378,214
Deposits received on disposal of a subsidiary (note 29(c))	–	233,400
Accrued construction costs	405,738	553,887
Other accrued operating expenses (note)	41,467	156,253
	1,168,640	1,431,708

Note: Included in other accrued expenses as at 31 March 2013 were provision for legal claims of HK\$70,733,000. The provision represented management's best estimate of the Group's compensation amount payable to the plaintiff in a litigation, based on the court decision made during the year ended 31 March 2013. At 31 March 2014, the legal claims have been settled.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

32. Interest-bearing Bank and Other Borrowings

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
CURRENT		
Bank loans – secured	940,270	898,925
Other loans – secured	1,004,981	1,239
Other loans – unsecured	–	162,597
	1,945,251	1,062,761
NON-CURRENT		
Bank loans – secured	3,168,500	2,072,143
Other loans – secured	2,320,156	2,663,761
	5,488,656	4,735,904
	7,433,907	5,798,665



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

32. Interest-bearing Bank and Other Borrowings (Continued)

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Analysed into:		
Bank loans repayable:		
Within one year	340,458	779,335
In the second year	1,650,311	92,872
In the third to fifth years inclusive	1,518,189	1,979,271
	3,508,958	2,851,478
Bank loan that is repayable within one year from the end of the reporting period and contain a repayment on demand clause	84,126	119,590
Bank loans that are not repayable within one year from the end of the reporting period but contain a repayment on demand clause (shown under current liabilities)	515,686	–
	4,108,770	2,971,068
Other loans repayable:		
Within one year	1,004,981	163,836
In the second year	2,156,232	2,663,761
In the third to fifth years inclusive	163,924	–
	3,325,137	2,827,597
	7,433,907	5,798,665

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

32. Interest-bearing Bank and Other Borrowings (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) The Group's other loans of HK\$2,013,744,000 (2013: HK\$1,902,633,000) and HK\$1,311,393,000 (2013: HK\$466,800,000) as at 31 March 2014 are borrowed from PRC trust companies and an independent third party respectively which carry interest ranging from 4% to 14% (2013: 4% to 18.5%) per annum and have repayment terms ranging from 15 months to 35 months (2013: 15 months to 3 years). They are secured by:
- (i) certain properties under development of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$140 million (2013: HK\$314 million);
 - (ii) certain completed properties for sale of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$347 million (2013: nil);
 - (iii) the Company's 100% equity interests in four property-based subsidiaries;
 - (iv) corporate guarantees from certain subsidiaries of the Company; and
 - (v) share charge over the entire issued capital of certain wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company.
- (b) Included in other loans as at 31 March 2013 was an amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary and independent third party amounting to HK\$148,594,000 and HK\$309,570,000 which carried interest at 15% and 25% per annum respectively.
- (c) Certain of the Group's bank loans as at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013 are secured by:
- (i) certain land and buildings of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$169 million (2013: HK\$219 million);
 - (ii) certain bank deposits of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$614 million (2013: HK\$724 million);
 - (iii) certain properties under development of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$1,169 million (2013: HK\$2,130 million);
 - (iv) certain completed properties for sale of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$290 million (2013: nil);
 - (v) amount due from an associate of the Group with a carrying value of approximately HK\$83 million (2013: nil); and
 - (vi) corporate guarantees from the Company and certain of its subsidiaries.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

32. Interest-bearing Bank and Other Borrowings (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (d) The ranges of effective interest rates per annum (which also approximate to contracted interest rates) on the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings are as follows:

	2014		2013	
	Borrowings HK\$'000	Interest rate	Borrowings HK\$'000	Interest rate
Effective interest rate:				
Fixed-rate borrowings	3,924,949	2.08% to 14%	3,225,979	2.08% to 20%
Variable-rate borrowings	3,508,958	2.32% to 9.18%	2,572,686	2.74% to 7.68%

The effective interest rate of variable-rate borrowings is based on PBOC prescribed interest rate or Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate or LIBOR plus a specified margin.

The Group's borrowings that are denominated in currencies other than RMB, the functional currency of the respective group entities, are set out below:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
United States dollar	515,686	986,504
Hong Kong dollar	162,026	119,590
	677,712	1,106,094

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

33. Share Capital

Shares

	Number of ordinary shares	Nominal value HK\$'000
Authorised:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each at 1 April 2012, 31 March 2013 and 31 March 2014	7,000,000,000	700,000
Issued and fully paid:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each		
At 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013	2,790,582,857	279,058
Issue of shares	1,395,291,428	139,529
At 31 March 2014	4,185,874,285	418,587

On 17 March 2014, the Company raised HK\$348.8 million before expense for general working capital of the Group, by way of issuing 1,395,291,428 shares of HK\$0.25 per share on the basis of one offer share for every two shares held on 7 March 2014, the record date of the open offer. Details of the open offer are set out in the circular of the Company dated 19 February 2014.

Share options

Details of the Company's share option scheme and the share options granted under the scheme are included in note 35.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

34. Deferred Tax Liabilities

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities (assets) recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

	Business combinations (Note a) HK\$'000	Fair value adjustments of investment properties HK\$'000	Unrealised profit HK\$'000	Undistributed profits of PRC subsidiaries (Note b) HK\$'000	Others (Note c) HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2012	290,533	297,381	–	170,169	29,688	787,771
Exchange realignment	692	(4,567)	–	782	(1,462)	(4,555)
Credited to profit or loss during the year	(60,685)	(235,719)	–	(19,875)	(33,077)	(349,356)
Disposal of property-based subsidiaries (note 37)	–	(54,710)	–	–	37,677	(17,033)
Charged to other comprehensive income during the year	–	–	–	–	259	259
At 31 March 2013	230,540	2,385	–	151,076	33,085	417,086
Exchange realignment	4,171	(16)	(7)	2,768	675	7,591
(Credited) charged to profit or loss during the year	(87,565)	(1,014)	(62,797)	3,848	2,232	(145,296)
Transfer to liabilities classified as held for sale (note 29(c))	–	–	–	–	(1,934)	(1,934)
Disposal of property-based subsidiaries (note 37)	(7,200)	–	–	–	–	(7,200)
Charged to other comprehensive income during the year	–	–	–	–	2,389	2,389
At 31 March 2014	139,946	1,355	(62,804)	157,692	36,447	272,636

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

34. Deferred Tax Liabilities *(Continued)*

Notes:

- (a) This represents the tax effect of the temporary differences arising from the fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of properties under development upon acquisition of subsidiaries under business combination.
- (b) At the end of the reporting period, deferred tax liability of HK\$3,848,000 (2013: HK\$20,369,000) has been recognised on the undistributed profits of PRC subsidiaries and no deferred tax liability (2013: HK\$40,244,000) has been reversed upon the payment of withholding tax during the year.
- (c) This represents the tax effect of the temporary differences arising from determining the accounting profit and taxable profit in respect of sale of certain properties, as well as capitalisation of interest expenses and other property development costs.
- (d) At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$924,440,000 (2013: HK\$774,774,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$814,307,000 (2013: HK\$601,017,000) that will gradually expire until 2019. Other losses will be carried forward indefinitely. During the year ended 31 March 2014, tax loss of HK\$168,122,000 (2013: HK\$172,000,000) had been derecognised due to disposal of property based subsidiaries.

35. Share Option Scheme

On 24 September 2002, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme 2002") in compliance with the amendments to the Listing Rules regarding share option scheme announced by the Stock Exchange. The Company subsequently terminated the Scheme 2002 as the Scheme 2002 expired on 23 September 2012 and adopted a new share option scheme (the "Scheme 2011") on 14 September 2011 at the Company's annual general meeting. All the outstanding share options granted under the Scheme 2002 prior to its termination shall continue to remain valid and exercisable in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme 2002. A summary of the principal terms of the Scheme 2011 is set out as follows:

(a) Purpose of the Scheme 2011

The purpose of the Scheme 2011 is to enable the Company to grant options to any employee, executive or officer of the Company or any of the subsidiaries (including executive and non-executive directors of the Company or any of the subsidiaries) and any suppliers, consultants, agents, advisers, shareholders, customers, partners, business associates who, in the sole discretion of the board of directors of the Company, have contributed to the Company and/or any of the subsidiaries (the "Eligible Participants").

(b) Administration of the Scheme 2011

The Scheme 2011 shall be subject to the administration of the directors of the Company whose decision on all matters arising in relation to the Scheme 2011 or their interpretation or effect shall (save as otherwise provided therein) be final and binding on all persons who may be affected thereby.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

35. Share Option Scheme *(Continued)*

(c) Grant and acceptance of options

An offer for the grant of an option (the "Offer") shall be made to an Eligible Participant in writing (and unless so made shall be invalid) in such form as the board of directors of the Company may from time to time determine and shall remain open for acceptance by the Eligible Participant concerned for a period of 28 days inclusive of, and from the date of which an Offer is made to an Eligible Participant provided that no such Offer shall be open for acceptance after the earlier of the 10th anniversary of the adoption date of the Scheme 2011 or the termination of the Scheme 2011. A non-refundable nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable by the grantee upon acceptance of an option. An option shall be deemed to have been accepted when the duplicate letter comprising acceptance of the option duly signed by the Eligible Participant together with the said consideration of HK\$1 is received by the Company. Any Offer may be accepted in respect of less than the number of shares in respect of which it is offered provided that it is accepted in such number of shares as represents a board lot for the time being for the purpose of trading on main board or an integral multiple thereof.

(d) Exercise of options and price of shares

An option may be exercised in whole or in part by the grantee giving notice in writing to the Company stating that the option is thereby exercised and the number of shares in respect of which it is exercised. Each such notice must be accompanied by a remittance for the full amount of the subscription price for the shares in respect of which the notice is given. Within 21 days after receipt of the notice and the remittance and, where appropriate, receipt of the certificate from the Company's auditors or independent financial advisers, the Company shall allot and issue the relevant shares to the grantee (or his legal personal representative(s)) credited as fully paid.

The exercise price for the shares under the Scheme 2011 shall be determined by the board of directors of the Company at its absolute discretion but in any event will not be less than the higher of: (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of grant of an option, which must be a business day; and (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of an option.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

35. Share Option Scheme *(Continued)*

(e) Maximum number of shares available for issue

- (i) Subject to the Listing Rules, the overall limit on the number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme 2011 and any other scheme of the Company must not, in aggregate, exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time (the "Overall Limit"). No options shall be granted under any share option schemes of the Company (including the Scheme 2011) if this will result in the Overall Limit being exceeded.
- (ii) Subject to the Overall Limit, the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme 2011 and any other share option schemes of the Company adopted by the Group must not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of the approval of the Scheme 2011 (the "Scheme Mandate Limit"), unless shareholders' approval has been obtained. Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Scheme 2011 will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the Scheme Mandate Limit.

(f) Grant of options to connected persons or any of their associates

Any grant of options to a connected person or its associates must be approved by the independent non-executive directors (excluding any independent non-executive director who is the grantee of the options). Where options are proposed to be granted to a connected person who is also a substantial shareholder of the Company or an independent non-executive director or their respective associates and if such grant would result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted and to be granted (including share options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant to such person representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the total issued shares and having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the securities at the date of each grant, in excess of HK\$5 million, then the proposed grant must be subject to the approval of shareholders taken on a poll in a general meeting. All connected persons of the Company must abstain from voting at such general meeting (except where any connected person intends to vote against the proposed grant provided that his intention to do so has been stated in the shareholders' circular to be issued).



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

35. Share Option Scheme *(Continued)*

(g) Maximum entitlement of each Eligible Participant

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each Eligible Participant or grantee (including exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue at the date of grant (the "Individual Limit"). Where it is proposed that any offer is to be made to a Eligible Participant (or where approximate, an existing grantee) which would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the relevant date of grant to exceed his, her or its Individual Limit, such offer and any acceptance thereof must be conditional upon shareholders' approval in general meeting with such Eligible Participant (or where appropriate, an existing grantee) and his, her or its associates abstaining from voting.

(h) Time of exercise of options

Subject to the terms of the Scheme 2011, an option may be exercised in whole or in part at any time during the period to be determined and identified by the board of directors of the Company to each grantee at the time of making an offer for the grant of an option, but in any event no later than 10 years from the date of grant but subject to the early termination of the Scheme 2011. There is no specified minimum period under the Scheme 2011 for which an option must be held or the performance target which must be achieved before an option can be exercised under the terms of the Scheme 2011.

(i) Duration of the Scheme 2011

Scheme 2011 shall continue in force for the period commencing from the date of adoption of the Scheme 2011 and expiring at the close of business on the tenth anniversary thereof, after such period no further options will be granted but the provisions of the Scheme shall remain in full force and effect in respect of any options granted before its expiry or termination but not yet exercised.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

35. Share Option Scheme (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2014, 279,000,000 share options under the Scheme 2011 were granted.

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options by the vesting period granted under the Scheme 2002 and Scheme 2011 during the current and prior years:

Option type	Number of share options				
	Outstanding at 1 April 2012	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding and exercisable at 31 March 2013	Granted during the year	Outstanding and exercisable at 31 March 2014
Granted on 14 May 2007					
- with vesting period from 14 May 2007 to 14 May 2008	12,200,000	(12,200,000)	-	-	-
- with vesting period from 14 May 2007 to 14 May 2009	26,012,000	(26,012,000)	-	-	-
- with vesting period from 14 May 2007 to 14 May 2010	12,200,000	(12,200,000)	-	-	-
- with vesting period from 14 May 2007 to 14 May 2011	12,200,000	(12,200,000)	-	-	-
- with vesting period from 14 May 2007 to 14 May 2012	21,228,000	(21,228,000)	-	-	-
Granted on 17 March 2014					
- with vesting period from 17 March 2014 to 16 April 2014	-	-	-	279,000,000	279,000,000
	83,840,000	(83,840,000)	-	279,000,000	279,000,000



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

35. Share Option Scheme (Continued)

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options granted under the Scheme 2011 and Scheme 2002 during the current and prior years:

Scheme 2011

Name or category of Participant	Number of share options			Date of grant of share options (Note 1)	Exercise period of share options (Note 2)	Exercise price of share options HK\$ (Note 3)
	Outstanding at 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013	Granted during the year	Outstanding and exercisable at 31 March 2014			
Directors						
Tao Lin	-	27,000,000	27,000,000	17 March 2014	16 April 2014 to 15 March 2019	0.345
Wang Hongmei	-	27,000,000	27,000,000	17 March 2014	16 April 2014 to 15 March 2019	0.345
Cai Shaobin	-	27,000,000	27,000,000	17 March 2014	16 April 2014 to 15 March 2019	0.345
Chan Xiaotin	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	17 March 2014	16 April 2014 to 15 March 2019	0.345
Yang Jiangang	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	17 March 2014	16 April 2014 to 15 March 2019	0.345
Wong Kai Cheong	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	17 March 2014	16 April 2014 to 15 March 2019	0.345
Other employees and participants						
In aggregate	-	192,000,000	192,000,000	17 March 2014	16 April 2014 to 15 March 2019	0.345
	-	279,000,000	279,000,000			

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For the year ended 31 March 2014

35. Share Option Scheme (Continued)

Scheme 2011 (Continued)

Notes:

- (1) The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.
- (2) The share options are exercisable during the period from 17 April 2014 to 15 March 2019, as specified in the share option certificates.
- (3) The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

Scheme 2002

Name or category of Participant	Number of share options			Outstanding and exercisable at 31 March 2013 and 31 March 2014	Exercise date of grant of share options (Note 1)	Exercise period of share options (Note 2)	Price of share options HK\$ (Note 3)
	Outstanding at 1 April 2012	Reclassification adjustment (Note 4)	Lapsed during the year				
Directors							
Chan Boon Teong	10,000,000	(10,000,000)	-	-	14 May 2007	15 May 2008 to 23 September 2012	1.20
Jiang Ming	10,000,000	-	(10,000,000)	-	14 May 2007	15 May 2008 to 23 September 2012	1.20
Tao Lin	10,000,000	-	(10,000,000)	-	14 May 2007	15 May 2008 to 23 September 2012	1.20
Cheng Wing Bor	10,000,000	(10,000,000)	-	-	14 May 2007	15 May 2008 to 23 September 2012	1.20
Lin Chen Hsin	2,500,000	(2,500,000)	-	-	14 May 2007	15 May 2008 to 23 September 2012	1.20
Tang Lap Yan	2,500,000	-	(2,500,000)	-	14 May 2007	15 May 2008 to 23 September 2012	1.20
Law Kin Ho	2,000,000	-	(2,000,000)	-	14 May 2007	15 May 2008 to 23 September 2012	1.20
Wong Kai Cheong	2,000,000	-	(2,000,000)	-	14 May 2007	15 May 2008 to 23 September 2012	1.20
Other employees and participants							
In aggregate	34,840,000	22,500,000	(57,340,000)	-	14 May 2007	15 May 2008 to 23 September 2012	1.20
	83,840,000	-	(83,840,000)	-			



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

35. Share Option Scheme (Continued)

Scheme 2002 (Continued)

Notes:

- (1) The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.
- (2) The share options are exercisable in tranches during the period from 15 May 2008 to 23 September 2013, as specified in the share option certificates.
- (3) The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.
- (4) During the year ended 31 March 2013, 3 directors, Mr. Chan Boon Teong, Mr. Cheng Wing Bor and Mr. Lin Chen Hsin, resigned as directors of the Company but remained as employee of the Group. As such, 22,500,000 share options were reclassified to the employees category.

The Binominal option pricing model has been used to estimate the fair value of the options. The variable and assumptions used in computing the fair values of share options are based on the Director's best estimate. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions.

For the share options granted on 17 March 2014, the fair value of the options was determined at the date of grant using the Binomial option pricing model.

The following assumptions were used to calculate the fair values of share options granted on 17 March 2014.

Closing share price at the date of grant	HK\$0.25
Exercise price	HK\$0.345
Option life	5 years
Expected volatility	52.96%
Semi-annual dividend yield	0%
Risk-free interest rate	1.194%

The total fair value of the share options granted was HK\$22,688,000 of which a share option expense of HK\$10,247,000 (2013: HK\$611,000) was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2014.

At 31 March 2013, the Company had 83,840,000 share options outstanding under the Scheme 2002, which represented approximately 3.0% of the Company's shares in issue at that date.

During the year ended 31 March 2013, all outstanding share options were lapsed upon expiry of the exercisable period of the share options.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

36. Acquisition of Property-based Subsidiaries

On 31 May 2012, the Group acquired 80% additional equity interest in an 20% associate of the Group, Goldwide Group Limited (“Goldwide”), from an independent third party for a cash consideration of HK\$551,347,000, whereby control was passed to the Group on the completion date. Goldwide held a wholly-owned subsidiary, Shenyang Rongtian Real Estate Development Co., Ltd., an entity which is engaged in property development in the PRC. Following the completion of the acquisition, Goldwide has become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group. This acquisition has been accounted for as purchase of assets rather than as business combination because the assets acquired and liabilities assumed did not constitute a business as defined under HKFRS 3 “Business Combinations”.

The net assets acquired in the above transaction are as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000
Net assets acquired:	
Property, plant and equipment (note 16)	396
Pledged bank deposits	513,560
Properties under development (note 23)	613,549
Completed properties for sale	115,489
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	61,165
Amount due from the Group	70,819
Prepaid tax	43,718
Cash and bank balances	54,333
Trade payables	(49,291)
Deposits received from pre-sale of properties	(751,569)
Other payables and accruals	(14,667)
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	(22,063)
	635,439
Satisfied by:	
Cash	551,347
Carrying values of the 20% interest held in Goldwide	84,092
	635,439



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

36. Acquisition of Property-based Subsidiaries (Continued)

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the acquisition of property-based subsidiary was as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000
Cash consideration	(551,347)
Cash and bank balances acquired	54,333
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the acquisition of property-based subsidiaries	(497,014)

37. Disposal of Property-based Subsidiaries

- (a) On 12 October 2013, the Group disposed of 100% equity interest in Liaoning Baocheng Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("Subsidiary A") which is engaged in property development in the PRC to an independent third party for a consideration of RMB746,333,000 (equivalent to HK\$941,092,000). The transaction was completed in December 2013.

Pursuant to the sale and purchase agreement, the Group disposed of only phase II of property development project, Dalian Coastal International Centre, held by Liaoning Baocheng to the buyer and retained the ownership of phase I of property development project, Dalian Coastal International Centre, by transferring the assets and liability associated with it to group companies.

- (b) On 15 March 2013, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of its 60% equity interest in a subsidiary ("Subsidiary B") which holds a piece of land in the PRC, for a cash consideration of RMB280,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$353,147,000). The disposal was completed in July 2013.

Pursuant to the shareholder's agreement entered into by the Group and other shareholder of the subsidiary upon completion of the transaction, the buyer has a put option to sell the 60% equity interest to the Group at any time after not less than 60% of the saleable area of the developed properties held by Subsidiary B had been sold at a consideration equivalent to the fair value of the 60% equity interest in Subsidiary B at the put option exercise date. In the opinion of the directors, the risks and rewards associated with the 60% equity interest have been passed to the acquirer and Group has ceased to have control over the subsidiary on completion. In addition, the directors of the Company considered that the fair value of the put option was minimal at initial recognition and 31 March 2014.

After the completion of the disposal, the Group is able to exercise joint control over the Subsidiary B which has then become a joint venture of the Group. The fair value of the 30% retained interest in Subsidiary B at the date on which the control was lost was regarded as the cost in initial recognition of the Group's interest in a joint venture.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

37. Disposal of Property-based Subsidiaries *(Continued)*

- (c) During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group disposed of 85% equity interest in Shengyang Coastal Huicheng Real Estate Co., Ltd. ("Subsidiary C") which was previously engaged in property development in the PRC to an independent third party at nil consideration.

- (d) On 28 September 2012, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with its substantial shareholder, Shenzhen Investment Limited ("SIL") which holds approximately 22.62% of the equity interest in the Company, pursuant to which the Group (i) will dispose of and SIL Group will acquire the entire registered capital of Suzhou New Investment Development Co., Ltd. ("Suzhou New Development"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and its shareholder's loan at a cash consideration of RMB550,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$677,757,000) and (ii) will acquire and SIL Group will dispose of 30% registered capital of Huizhou Shum Yip Southern Land Company Limited ("Huizhou Shum Yip"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of SIL Group, and its shareholder's loan at a consideration RMB214,780,000 (equivalent to HK\$264,697,000), comprising investment cost in Huizhou Shum Yip of RMB19,949,000 (equivalent to HK\$24,610,000) and its shareholder's loan of RMB194,831,000 (equivalent to HK\$240,087,000) which carries interest at the lending rate quoted by PBOC (collectively referred to as the "Disposal and Acquisition"). Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's circular dated 2 November 2012.

Suzhou New Development and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in property development, property investment, hotel operation and property management in the PRC. Huizhou Shum Yip is principally engaged in property development in the PRC. The Disposal and Acquisition was completed in December 2012.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

37. Disposal of Property-based Subsidiaries (Continued)

(e) The net assets disposed of in these transactions are as follows:

	Subsidiary A HK\$'000	Subsidiary B HK\$'000	Subsidiary C HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Net assets disposed of:					
Property, plant and equipment (note 16)	-	10	2	12	722,661
Investment properties	-	-	-	-	751,694
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	3,294
Properties held for sales	-	-	-	-	209,105
Properties under development (note 23)	1,054,612	841,719	-	1,896,331	-
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	-	1,543	125,560	127,103	39,160
Cash and bank balances	1,742	6,695	6,295	14,732	12,968
Tax recoverable	-	-	-	-	17,686
Trade payable	-	(127)	-	(127)	(7,367)
Other payables and accruals	(1,113)	(38,990)	(6,595)	(46,698)	(260,620)
Tax payable	-	-	(51,406)	(51,406)	-
Amount due to the Group	-	(474,753)	-	(474,753)	-
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	-	-	-	-	(727,049)
Deferred tax liabilities (note 34)	(7,200)	-	-	(7,200)	(17,033)
	1,048,041	336,097	73,856	1,457,994	744,499
(Loss) gain on disposal is calculated as follows:					
Cash	719,198	353,147	-	1,072,345	677,757
Other receivable (note 27)	221,894	-	-	221,894	-
Fair value of 30% retained interest in a joint venture	-	176,574	-	176,574	-
	941,092	529,721	-	1,470,813	677,757
Net assets of subsidiary disposed of	(1,048,041)	(336,097)	(73,856)	(1,457,994)	(744,499)
Non-controlling interests	-	(9,614)	62,646	53,032	-
Net (loss) gain on disposal	(106,949)	184,010	(11,210)	65,851	(66,742)
Satisfied by:					
Cash	719,198	353,147	-	1,072,345	413,060
Other receivable	221,894	-	-	221,894	-
Fair value of 30% retained interest in a joint venture	-	176,574	-	176,574	-
Fair value of 30% interest in Huizhou Shum Yip and its shareholder's loan (Note)	-	-	-	-	264,697
	941,092	529,721	-	1,470,813	677,757

Note: The consideration approximated the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the associate acquired.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

37. Disposal of Property-based Subsidiaries (Continued)

- (e) The net assets disposed of in these transactions are as follows: (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2014, revenue of HK\$83,256,000 (2013: HK\$70,000,000) and loss after taxation of HK\$60,508,000 (2013: HK\$265,201,000) attributed by the disposed subsidiaries have been included in the Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Other than the consideration received from the disposal of the interest in the subsidiaries, the disposed subsidiaries had no significant contribution to the Group's operating, investing and financing cash flows for the years ended 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013.

- (f) An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of property-based subsidiaries was as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Cash consideration (Note)	838,945	413,060
Cash and bank balances disposed of	(14,732)	(12,968)
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of property-based subsidiaries	824,213	400,092

Note: The cash consideration in respect of disposal of subsidiary B of HK\$233,400,000 was received and has been accounted for as other payables as at 31 March 2013.

38. Gain on Disposal of an Associate

On 20 August 2012, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement to dispose of 20.05% equity interest in Shanghai Fenghwa, a limited company established in the PRC with its shares listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, to a third party (the "Buyer") at a total consideration of RMB452,400,000 (equivalent to HK\$560,199,000). Before the disposal, the Group owned 21.13% equity interest in Shanghai Fenghwa and the investment was previously accounted for as an investment in an associate using the equity method of accounting. During the year ended 31 March 2013, the transaction was completed in three tranches and the Group has retained 1.08% equity interest in Shanghai Fenghwa after the disposal and the 1.08% equity interest in Shanghai Fenghwa was classified as held for trading investment with the fair value of HK\$22,306,000 as at 31 March 2013. This transaction has resulted in gain on disposal of an associate and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$377,423,000 and HK\$29,173,000 (see note 9) respectively.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

39. Contingent Liabilities

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had given guarantees as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Guarantees given to banks in connection with:		
– mortgage loans granted to property purchasers	3,546,081	4,042,960
– banking facilities granted to an associate	195,448	222,891
	3,741,529	4,265,851

The directors of the Company consider that the fair values of these financial guarantee contracts at their initial recognition are insignificant. At the end of the reporting period, the directors of the Company consider that the possibility of default is low due to the basis of short maturity periods and low default rates.

40. Operating Lease Arrangements

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from 1 month to over 5 years at fixed rentals. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Within one year	370	295
In the second to fifth years inclusive	393	405
Over five years	597	689
	1,360	1,389

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For the year ended 31 March 2014

40. Operating Lease Arrangements (Continued)

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from 1 to over 5 years with fixed rentals.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Within one year	12,705	8,726
In the second to fifth years inclusive	61,669	3,769
Over five years	62,665	–
	137,039	12,495

41. Capital Commitments

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following capital commitments:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Contracted but not provided for:		
Acquisition of property-based subsidiaries	63,047	61,914
Authorised but not contracted for:		
Acquisition of investment properties	216,884	212,984



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42. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in banks. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period as shown in consolidated statement of cash flows can be reconciled to the related items in the consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Cash and bank balances	1,946,834	1,793,085
Less: restricted bank balances (note 22)	(394,492)	(255,058)
	1,552,342	1,538,027
Cash and bank balances included in assets classified as held for sale (note 29)	169,886	20,944
	1,722,228	1,558,971

43. Related Party Transactions

- (a) In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions with related parties:
- (i) During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group received the net project management service income of HK\$12,876,000 (2013: HK\$14,682,000) from associates.
 - (ii) During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group received construction service income of HK\$369,539,000 (2013: HK\$359,455,000) from an associate.
- (b) Outstanding balances with related parties
- (i) The amount due to a substantial shareholder of the Company represents amount due to Coastal International Holdings Limited, which holds 36.58% interests in the Company. The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
 - (ii) The amount due from associates of HK\$38,256,000 (2013: HK\$36,281,000) and joint ventures of HK\$440,400,000 (2013: HK\$75,535,000) are non-trade, unsecured, interest-free, repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

43. Related Party Transactions (Continued)

- (b) Outstanding balances with related parties (Continued)
- (iii) The amount due from an associate of HK\$255,016,000 (2013: HK\$119,079,000) represents trade and retention receivables balances due from Foshan Harmonious Realty. The trade receivable balance is subject to normal credit term of 30 (2013: 30) days, while the retention receivable balance is interest-free and recoverable at the end of the retention period of individual construction contracts ranging from 1 to 2 years (2013: ranging from 1 to 2 years).
- (iv) The amount due from an associate of HK\$245,673,000 (2013: HK\$240,087,000) represents amount due from Huizhou Shum Yip which is part of the consideration received by the Group in exchange for the Group's entire equity interest in Suzhou New Development (see note 37). The amount is unsecured and carries interest at PBOC interest rate.
- (v) The amount due from an associate of HK\$142,518,000 (2013: nil) represents amount due from Nanjing Yuan Ding. The amount is unsecured and interest bearing at 18% per annum.
- (vi) The amount due from a joint venture of HK\$126,095,000 (2013: HK\$123,828,000) represents an amount due from Beijing Huichao. The amount is non-trade and secured by 11% equity interest in Beijing Huichao and interest bearing at 25% per annum.
- (vii) The amount due from a joint venture of HK\$101,305,000 (2013: nil) represents an amount due from Changsha Xinhongxin. The amount is non-trade, unsecured and interest bearing at 15% per annum.
- (viii) The amount due to a non-controlling interest of HK\$56,743,000 (2013: nil) represents an amount due to Chongqing City Beipui University of Science and Technology Development Co., Ltd.. The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group who are the executive directors of the Company

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Short term benefits	14,015	17,539
Share-based payment	2,976	136
Post-employment benefits	115	111
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	17,106	17,786

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 13.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

44. Statement of Financial Position of the Company

Note	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Interests in subsidiaries	3,526,011	3,046,323
Available-for-sale investments	2,400	2,400
Total non-current assets	3,528,411	3,048,723
CURRENT ASSETS		
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	339,368	–
Amount due from a substantial shareholder of the Company	1,306	1,306
Cash and bank balances	163,461	16,810
Total current assets	504,135	18,116
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Other payables and accruals	2,385	41,012
Amounts due to subsidiaries	443,936	253,567
Interest-bearing borrowings	175,050	466,800
Total current liabilities	621,371	761,379
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	(117,236)	(743,263)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	3,411,175	2,305,460
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		
Share capital	418,587	279,058
Reserves	a 2,992,588	2,026,402
Total equity	3,411,175	2,305,460

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For the year ended 31 March 2014

44. Statement of Financial Position of the Company (Continued)

Note:

(a) Reserves of the Company

	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve HK\$'000	Share options reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2012	1,126,800	2,315,240	229,319	56,052	(2,329,312)	1,398,099
Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency	-	-	9,239	-	-	9,239
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment	-	-	-	611	-	611
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	618,453	618,453
Share option lapsed	-	-	-	(56,663)	56,663	-
At 31 March 2013	1,126,800	2,315,240	238,558	-	(1,654,196)	2,026,402
Issue of ordinary shares pursuant to an open offer	209,294	-	-	-	-	209,294
Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency	-	-	39,217	-	-	39,217
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment	-	-	-	10,247	-	10,247
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	707,428	707,428
At 31 March 2014	1,336,094	2,315,240	277,775	10,247	(946,768)	2,992,588

45. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries

Particulars of principal subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation	Nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital (Note i)	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		Principal activities
			2014	2013	
Directly held subsidiaries:					
Coastal Commercial Developments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1 Ordinary	100	100	Investment holding
Coastal Realty (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$200 Ordinary	100	100	Investment holding
Coastal Realty Investment (China) Limited #	PRC	US\$100,000,000	100	100	Investment holding



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For the year ended 31 March 2014

45. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation	Nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital (Note i)	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		Principal activities
			2014	2013	
Indirectly held subsidiaries:					
Beijing Coastal Green Sea Bay Real Estate Co., Ltd. [^]	PRC	RMB50,000,000	90	90	Property development
Beijing Gaosheng Real Estate Company Limited [#]	PRC	RMB466,800,000	100	100	Property development and investment and investment holding
Beijing Xing Gang Real Estate Co., Ltd. [#]	PRC	US\$13,500,000	100	100	Property development and investment holding
Capital Top Trading Limited	Hong Kong	US\$96,000,000	100	100	Trading
Chongqing Yanke Enterprise Co., Ltd.	PRC	RMB30,000,000	51	51	Property development
Coastal Development (Anshan) Ltd.	PRC	RMB50,000,000	100	100	Property development
Coastal Greenland Development Jiangxi Limited [#]	PRC	US\$12,000,000	100	100	Property development
Coastal Greenland Development (Shenyang) Ltd. [#]	PRC	US\$20,000,000	100	100	Investment holding
Coastal Greenland Development (Shenzhen) Ltd. [#]	PRC	US\$12,000,000	100	100	Property development
Coastal Greenland Development (Wuhan) Ltd. [#]	PRC	RMB50,000,000	100	100	Property development

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45. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation	Nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital (Note i)	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		Principal activities
			2014	2013	
Indirectly held subsidiaries: (Continued)					
Coastal Greenland Development (Xiamen) Ltd. #	PRC	RMB100,000,000	-	100	Property development
Coastal Realty Development Co. Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10 Ordinary HK\$20,000,000 Non-voting deferred shares (Note ii)	100	100	Investment holding
Coastal Realty Development (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. #	PRC	US\$12,000,000	100	100	Investment holding
Coastal Realty Management Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$500,000 Ordinary	100	100	Investment holding
Coastal Riviera Garden (Anshan) Development Co., Ltd. #	PRC	RMB42,000,000	100	100	Investment holding
Dongguan Riviera Garden Development Co., Ltd.	PRC	RMB10,000,000	100	100	Property development
Dragon Gain Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000 Ordinary	100	100	Investment holding
Fenhall Development Limited	Hong Kong/PRC	HK\$10,000 Ordinary	100	100	Property investment
Fenson Development Limited	Hong Kong/PRC	HK\$10,000 Ordinary	100	100	Property investment
Frenwick Development Limited	Hong Kong/PRC	HK\$10,000 Ordinary	100	100	Property investment



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

45. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation	Nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital (Note i)	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		Principal activities
			2014	2013	
Indirectly held subsidiaries: (Continued)					
Globe Gain Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$3 Ordinary	100	100	Investment holding
Goldwide Group Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$10	100	100	Investment holding
Innovative Marketing and Strategy (Shenzhen) Ltd. #	PRC	HK\$1,000,000	100	100	Provision of management services
Jingdian Construction Co., Ltd. (Note iii)	PRC	RMB200,000,000	100	100	Construction
Joinwell Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2 Ordinary	100	100	Investment holding
Kings Crown Holdings Ltd.	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$50,000 Ordinary	100	100	Investment holding
Liaoning Baocheng Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. #	PRC	US\$50,000,000	-	100	Property development
My Home Services (Shenzhen) Ltd. #	PRC	US\$1,400,000	100	100	Property management
North Coastal Real Estate Development (Dalian) Co., Ltd. #	PRC	US\$15,000,000	100	100	Property development
Pearl Square Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2 Ordinary	100	100	Investment holding
Shanghai Coastal Commercial Investment Management Co., Ltd.	PRC	RMB10,000,000	100	100	Investment holding

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

45. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation	Nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital (Note i)	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		Principal activities
			2014	2013	
Indirectly held subsidiaries: (Continued)					
Shanghai Coastal Greenland Real Estate Ltd. ^	PRC	RMB110,000,000	100	100	Investment holding
Shanghai Ling Zhi Properties Co., Ltd. #	PRC	US\$25,000,000	100	100	Property investment
Shanghai Xinhongda Real Estate Ltd.	PRC	RMB248,292,951	100	100	Property development
Shenyang Coastal Huicheng Real Estate Co., Ltd.	PRC	RMB220,000,000	-	85	Property development
Shenyang Coastal Rongtian Real Estate Co., Ltd. #	PRC	US\$18,000,000	100	100	Property development
Shenyang Market Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	PRC	RMB12,000,000	100	100	Property investment
Shenyang Rongtian Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	PRC	RMB238,845,953	100	100	Property development
Shenyang Zhong Guang Bei Fang Ying Shi Cheng Co., Ltd.	PRC	RMB200,000,000	100	100	Property development
Shenzhen Coastal Property Investment Limited #	PRC	US\$11,000,000	100	100	Investment holding
Shenzhen Tongzhe Culture Limited	PRC	RMB1,000,000	100	100	Provision of management services
Smooth Land Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Super Investment Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2 Ordinary	-	100	Investment holding

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2014

45. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation	Nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital (Note i)	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		Principal activities
			2014	2013	
Indirectly held subsidiaries: (Continued)					
Suzhou Gaotong Information Services and Consultation Ltd. #	PRC	US\$45,000,000	100	100	Investment holding
Tacklemate Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2 Ordinary	100	100	Property investment
Tianjing Harmonious Realty Development Co., Limited	PRC	RMB750,000,000	100	100	Property development
Wuhan Zhisheng Group Co., Ltd.	PRC	RMB150,000,000	-	90	Property development

Notes:

- (i) For those companies incorporated in Hong Kong and the British Virgin Islands, the amounts stated represent the nominal value of the issued share capital. For those companies registered in the PRC, the amounts stated represent the registered capital.
- (ii) Non-voting deferred shares do not entitle the holders to receive any profit, or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the company. On a return of assets on a winding-up or otherwise, the assets of the company available for distribution among the members shall be distributed as regards the first HK\$100,000,000,000 thereof among the holders of ordinary shares in proportion to the amounts paid up on the ordinary shares held by them, respectively, and the balance (if any) of such assets shall belong to and be distributed among the holders of the non-voting deferred shares and the holders of the ordinary shares *pari passu* among themselves in each case in proportion to the amounts paid up on the shares held by them, respectively.
- (iii) All the registered capital of Jingdian Construction Co., Ltd. is held by Shanghai Coastal Commercial Investment Management Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group, and a natural person for the Group pursuant to the agreement. No profit appropriation of Jingdian Construction Co., Ltd. has been made since its incorporation.
- # wholly foreign owned enterprise
^ contractual joint venture

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

SCHEDULE OF MAJOR PROPERTIES

Properties Held for Sale and Investment

Property description	Address	Type of development	GFA of the development (sq.m.)	GFA held by the Group at 31 March 2014 (sq.m.)	Interest in the Development attributable to the Group	Completion/delivery time
The PRC						
Anshan Greenland IT City	268 Qianshan Road Gaoxin District Anshan	Residential	438,358	33	100%	Jun 2000/Jun 2000 Dec 2000/Dec 2000 Apr 2002/Apr 2002 May 2003/Jun 2003 Jun 2005/Oct 2005 Dec 2006/May 2007 Dec 2007/Apr 2008 Jul 2008/Oct 2008
Anshan Wisdom New City	275 North Shengli Road Lishan District Anshan	Residential	215,900	16,422	100%	Dec 2009/Dec 2009 Oct 2011/Oct 2011 Dec 2012/Dec 2012
Beijing Bay Project	Chang Ping District Beijing	Residential	77,000	15,345	40%	Oct 2013/Oct 2013
Beijing Silo City	5 Baizi Bay Chaoyang District Beijing	Residential/ commercial	862,700	3,832	100%	Mar 2007/Mar 2007 Mar 2007/Jun 2007 Sep 2007/Oct 2007 Dec 2010/Dec 2010 Dec 2010/Dec 2010 Jun 2011/Sep 2011 Dec 2013/Dec 2013 Mar 2008/Jun 2008 Sep 2009/Sep 2009 Mar 2009/Jun 2009 Aug 2009/Aug 2009
Beijing Sunvilla	Panggezhuang Town Daxing District Beijing	Residential	134,660	599	100%	Dec 2004/Apr 2005 Mar 2007/May 2007 Aug 2008/Aug 2008 Jul 2011/Sep 2011



SCHEDULE OF MAJOR PROPERTIES

Properties Held for Sale and Investment (Continued)

Property description	Address	Type of development	GFA of the development (sq.m.)	GFA held by the Group at 31 March 2014 (sq.m.)	Interest in the Development attributable to the Group	Completion/delivery time
The PRC (Continued)						
Dalian Coastal International Centre Phase I	Zone A, Xinghai Bay Shahekou District Dalian	Residential/ commercial	217,200	18,095	100%	Jan 2012/Jan 2012
Dalian Jianzhu Project Phase I	South of Huabei Road and West of Huadong Road	Residential	168,900	25,305	100%	Oct 2011/Oct 2011
Phase II B1	Ganjingzi District					Jul 2013/Aug 2013
Phase II B2	Dalian					Oct 2013/Mar 2014
Dongguan Riviera Villa Phase I	Cai Bai Cun Dao Jiao Town Dongguan	Residential	279,300	32,565	100%	Jul 2007/Jul 2007
Phase II						Mar 2008/May 2008
Phase III A						Nov 2010/Mar 2011
Phase III B						Jun 2011/Jul 2011
Phase IV						Jan 2013/Mar 2013
Phase V A						Jan 2013/Mar 2014
Jiangxi Riviera Garden Phase I	South of Gaoxin Avenue Changling Town	Residential	284,600	–	100%	Sep 2006/Sep 2006
Phase II	Xinjian County					Mar 2007/Sep 2007
Phase III	Jiangxi					Mar 2008/Jul 2008
Phase IV						Nov 2008/Mar 2009
Shanghai Golden Bridge Garden	103 Dong Zhu An Bin Road Changning District Shanghai	Residential	65,908	2,419	100%	Nov 1997/Dec 1997
Shanghai Golden Bridge Mansion	2077 Yanan West Road Changning District Shanghai	Commercial	35,768	700	100%	August 1993 (Note 1)
Shanghai Riviera Garden Phase I	1588 Mingzhong Road Xinqiao Town Songjiang District	Residential	298,900	3,082	100%	Sep 2007/Nov 2007
Phase II A	Shanghai					Jun 2010/Jun 2010
Phase II B						Dec 2011/Mar 2012

SCHEDULE OF MAJOR PROPERTIES

Properties Held for Sale and Investment (Continued)

Property description	Address	Type of development	GFA of the development (sq.m.)	GFA held by the Group at 31 March 2014 (sq.m.)	Interest in the Development attributable to the Group	Completion/delivery time
The PRC (Continued)						
Shanghai Shui Du South Crest Phase I	Kangyuan Road Zhujiajiao Town Qingpu District Shanghai	Residential	96,300	55,621	12%	May 2008/May 2008
Shenyang Hunnan Residential Project Phase I Phase II Phase III A	8 Tiantan South Street Hunnan New Street Shenyang	Residential	351,700	4,338	100%	May 2009/May 2009 Jul 2011/Sep 2011 Nov 2012/Dec 2012
Shenzhen Dragon Court Phase I Phase II	Junction of Dongmen Central Road and Wenjin Central Road Luohu District Shenzhen	Residential	45,582	3,381	100%	Mar 2000/Mar 2000 May 2003/May 2003
Shenzhen Noble Center	38/F., Noble Center No.1006, 3 Fuzhong Road Futian District Shenzhen	Commercial – offices	N/A	1,957	100%	2006 (Notes 2 and 3)
Wuhan Lakeside Apartment Phase I Phase II Phase III Phase IV	West Airport Road and north of Jinyin Lake Dongxihu District Wuhan	Residential	282,242	1,972	100%	Apr 2003/Jun 2003 May 2004/May 2004 Aug 2005/Aug 2005 Mar 2006/Jun 2006
Wuhan Silo City Phase IA Phase IB Phase II A, B and C Phase II D Phase III A Phase III B Phase IV Phase V AB Phase VI A1	West of Zhangbo Freeway and north of Jinshan Avenue Dongxihu District Wuhan	Residential	855,248	59,445	100%	Sep 2007/Nov 2007 Mar 2008/Aug 2008 Mar 2009/Aug 2009 Jul 2009/Dec 2009 Jul 2011/Sep 2011 Sep 2010/Sep 2010 Nov 2011/Jan 2012 Jul 2013/Sep 2013 Jan 2014/Jan 2014
				245,111		

Note 1: The properties were developed by other PRC developers and the marketing and sales of which were underwritten by the Group.

Note 2: The properties were developed by other PRC independent developers.

Note 3: The property is used by the Group as its office.



SCHEDULE OF MAJOR PROPERTIES

Properties Held for Sale and Investment *(Continued)*

Property description	Address	Type of development	GFA of the development (sq.m.)	GFA held by the Group at 31 March 2014 (sq.m.)	Interest in the Development attributable to the Group	Completion/delivery time
HONG KONG						
Shun Tak Centre	Suite 1712-16, 17th Floor China Merchants Tower Shun Tak Centre 200 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong	Commercial – office	N/A	434	100%	1986 (Notes 1 & 3)
Vienna Mansion	Flat B, 10th Floor 55 Paterson Street Causeway Bay Hong Kong	Residential	N/A	113	100%	1958 (Notes 2 & 3)
				547		

Note 1: This commercial property is occupied by the Group as its office.

Note 2: This residential property is occupied by the Group as staff quarter.

Note 3: The Group's properties in Hong Kong were developed by other independent developers.

SCHEDULE OF MAJOR PROPERTIES

Properties under Development

Property description	Address	Type of development	Estimated GFA of the development (sq.m.)	Interest in the Development attributable to the Group (Note)	Estimated completion/delivery time
Anshan Qianshan Road Project	268 Qianshan Road Gaoxin District Anshan	Residential/ commercial	55,000	100%	2015
Beijing Jian Guo Men Wai Project	North of 1A Jian Guo Men Wai Avenue Chaoyang District Beijing	Commercial	44,900	65%	To be determined
Chongqing Coastal Silo City	Chongqing Beibei District	Residential	266,149	51%	2014
Dongguan Riviera Villa Phase V B & VI	Cai Bai Cun Dao Jiao Town Dongguan	Residential	105,000	100%	2014
Foshan Coastal Garden	16 Kangko Road Chancheng District Foshan	Residential	138,400	20%	2014
Shanghai Shui Du South Crest Phase II & III	Kangyuan Road Zhujiajiao Town Qingpu District Shanghai	Residential	226,000	12%	2015



SCHEDULE OF MAJOR PROPERTIES

Properties under Development (Continued)

Property description	Address	Type of development	Estimated GFA of the development (sq.m.)	Interest in the Development attributable to the Group (Note)	Estimated completion/delivery time
Shenyang Hunnan Commercial Project	8 Tiantan South Street Hunnan New District Shenyang	Commercial	187,100	100%	2015
Shenyang Hunnan Residential Project Phase III B	8 Tiantan South Street Hunnan New District Shenyang	Residential	11,600	100%	2015
Shenyang Sujiatun Project	Sujiatun District Shenyang	Residential/ commercial	1,914,900	100%	To be determined
Wuhan Silo City (excluding Phases I, II & III, IV A, V AB and VI A1)	West of Zhangbo Freeway and north of Jinshan Avenue Dongxihu District Wuhan	Residential	604,752	100%	2014
Wuhan Tushu Dashijie Project	Tangjiadun Street Huanzihu Village Jiangnan District Wuhan	Commercial	172,300	30%	2016
			3,726,101		

Note: For projects to be completed and delivered in phases, the year given refers to the estimated year of completion/delivery of the first mentioned phase. The estimated year of completion is the estimation of the directors of the Company based on existing market conditions and assuming no unforeseen circumstances.

Please see further discussion on the properties and development projects of the Group in the “Review of Major Properties and Development Projects” section on pages 16 to 26 of the Annual Report.