

Stock Code: 00079



CONTENTS 目錄		PAGES 頁次
Corporate Information	公司資料	
Letter from the Chairman	主席函件	
Financial Highlights	財務摘要	
Management Discussion and Analysis	管理層討論及分析	8
Corporate Governance Report	企業管治報告	16
Directors' Report	董事會報告	31
Independent Auditor's Report	獨立核數師報告	50
Consolidated: Statement of Comprehensive Income Statement of Financial Position Statement of Changes in Equity Statement of Cash Flows	綜合: 全面收入報表 財務狀況表 權益變動表 現金流量表	57 59 61 62
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	綜合財務報表附註	64
Financial Summary	財務摘要	166
Particulars of Investment Properties	投資物業詳情	167



CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel (Executive Chairman)

Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching (Deputy Chairman)

Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia Ms. CHU Ming Tak Evans Tania

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. HUI Yan Kit

Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary (Chairman)

Mr. HUI Yan Kit

Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. HUI Yan Kit (Chairman)

Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward

Ms. CHU Ming Tak Evans Tania

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward (Chairman)

Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary

Ms. CHU Ming Tak Evans Tania

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. SZE Tak On

LEGAL ADVISERS

Tso Au Yim & Yeung Solicitors

AUDITOR

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

董事會

執行董事

曾昭武先生(行政主席) 曾昭政先生(副主席)

曾昭婉女士

朱明德女士

獨立非執行董事

許人傑先生

黃德明先生

區志偉先生

審核委員會

黃德明先生(主席)

許人傑先生

區志偉先生

薪酬委員會

許人傑先生(主席)

區志偉先生

朱明德女士

提名委員會

區志偉先生(主席)

黃德明先生

朱明德女士

公司秘書

施得安女士

法律顧問

曹歐嚴楊律師行

核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

CORPORATE INFORMATION • 公司資料

BANKERS

The Bank of East Asia, Limited
Hang Seng Bank Limited
China Construction Bank (Asia) Corporation Limited
Bank of Communications Company Limited

SHARE REGISTRARS

Principal Share Registrars

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrars and Transfer Office

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited 31st Floor, 148 Electric Road North Point Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

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HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

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COMPANY WEBSITE

http://www.clh.com.hk

STOCK CODE

00079

往來銀行

東亞銀行有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 中國建設銀行(亞洲)股份有限公司 交通銀行股份有限公司

股份過戶登記處

主要股份過戶登記處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記處分處

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註冊辦事處

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總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

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股份代號

00079





LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN

主席函件

With local economic slowdown in 2015 continuing into this year, and under the external impacts from global political and economic changes, the economic condition in Hong Kong and Macau during the first half of 2016 was less than satisfactory. Notwithstanding, going into the third quarter, as impacts from external factors were gradually digested by the market, market sentiments started to pick up. The number of visitors to Hong Kong and Macau saw a gradual increase and local spending started to rebound, while the overall performance of the retail segment also improved. Benefited from the foregoing changes, economies of both Hong Kang and Macau started to stabilize, even achieving a slight growth during the year.

As stated in the 2016 interim report, under the shadow of the overall economic condition and weak consumption sentiments, performance of the Group's businesses continued to dwindle from the second half of 2015, among which the property investment operation (being the core business of the Group) was hit hard. Termination or request for lower rents by tenants resulted in significant decrease in the Group's rental income. Although the Group's performance improved during the second quarter with rental income reverting to positive growth due to our constant efforts, the overall annual financial results of the Group still declined as compared to the previous year due to the substantial rental reduction carried forward as well as long vacant periods for certain properties.

Looking forward to 2017, the global economy will be constantly influenced and challenged by political changes and market uncertainties. As the global political and economic situation undergoes dynamic changes, including the negotiation between the United Kingdom and the European Union in relation to Brexit, policy implementation of the newly elected president of the United States, the unpredictable impact which would be caused by the election and transition in several European countries, interest hike by the United States, slowdown of the economy of Mainland China and the fluctuation of exchange rate of Renminbi, the global market is faced with increasing uncertainties. The global economy may hover at a low growth level and the International Monetary Fund has lowered its estimation of the global economic growth. With a highly externally oriented economy, Hong Kong and Macau are bound to be affected by such foreign influences. Nevertheless, both places are currently stabilising with a sound foundation. Low unemployment rate reflects a healthy labour market with recovering public consumption sentiment. Tourism has been improving constantly as the decreasing trend in number of tourists since the third guarter of 2015 ended with a rebound in the middle of last year. In particular, the decrease of Mainland visitors has also been narrowing. As an integral part of the master plan of the Central People's Government under several

2016的上半年,香港和澳門承接著2015年本地經濟持續放緩的態勢,加之受到了來自外國的環球政治及經濟變化影響,經濟情況發經濟變化影響,經濟情況,然而隨著進入第三季起,外場環境因素的影響漸漸為市場所消化,次場電場與正面;來訪港澳兩地的旅客人次零售,本地消費意欲漸見回復,整體等海內經濟開始穩定下來,並在年內取得輕微的增長。

展望2017年,環球經濟將持續受到政治變化 和市場的不確定性影響,充滿挑戰。世界政 經格局面臨著多元的變化一英國脱歐與歐盟 的談判、新任美國總統推行的政策及歐洲多 國即將舉行換屆大選帶來的效應尚未可知: 美國開始進入加息週期,中國大陸經濟發展 放緩以及人民幣的匯率波動,亦為環球市場 增添了變數;全球經濟或將停留在低增長的 狀態,國際貨幣基金組織最近便調低了對全 球經濟增長的預測。作為高度對外開放型經 濟體的香港和澳門,將難免地受到這些外圍 因素的影響,但兩地目前的經濟趨於平穩, 且整體基調良好,失業率維持在低水平,就 業市場狀況理想,普羅大眾的消費意欲逐漸 轉強;旅遊業持續地得到改善,到訪港澳的 遊客自2015年第三季開始下滑後,至去年中 起初見回升,其中來自內地的旅客跌勢亦呈 回穩跡象;受惠於國家「走出去」、「一帶一 路」等的向外發展策略,港澳地區被中央人民 政府納入其整體規劃中並給予了明確的優惠 待遇,兩地將迎來新的發展機遇。因此儘管 環球經濟仍然充滿挑戰,但香港和澳門的經

LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN • 主席函件

initiatives for foreign development, such as "Go Global" and "the Belt and Road", Hong Kong and Macau definitely receive preferential treatment and are blessed with new development opportunities. Thus, even though the global economy is still facing challenges, the economy of Hong Kong and Macau is expected to stabilise in the short term with moderate growth.

濟相信仍然可望於短期內繼續靠穩,並能得 温和的增長。

The Group is cautiously optimistic about the economic development in the coming year, and will adhere to our established operation strategy by formulating financial plan and management scheme with due care in a prudent and progressive manner in order to deal with various changes and challenges from the market. We will also actively promote the business development of the Group by seeking any suitable and promising investment opportunities in the market and optimising the Group's investment portfolio so as to create the best value to the shareholders and stakeholders.

本集團對來年的經濟發展抱審慎樂觀的態度,並將堅守一貫的經營策略,以審慎有序的步伐,嚴謹的財務規劃和管理,應對市場的各種轉變與挑戰。我們亦將積極地推動集團的業務發展,適時地在市場上尋找具發展潛力的投資機會,優化集團的投資組合,為股東及持份者們締造最佳的價值。

An integral part of the Group's core values covers corporate citizen responsibility, giving back to the society and contribution to sustainable development of the society. In the last year, the Group remained committed to the principle of social care and allocated resources to the cooperation with various partners in executing several social service projects, with a view to supporting the disadvantaged. During the period, the Group also made strenuous efforts in implementing and promoting emission reduction, energy saving and recycling in order to fulfil the social responsibility of a corporate citizen in respect of environmental protection. For details on the Group's efforts on corporate social responsibility during the year, please refer to the corporate social responsibility report of the Group to be posted on the Company's website later.

Finally, I would like to take this opportunity to express my heartfelt thanks to the management and all staff for their contributions in different aspects to the Group in the last year, and I would also like to express my greatest gratitude to our shareholders, customers, business partners and stakeholders for their long-lasting support and trust. In the future, we will strive to create better prospects for the Group and society.

最後,我謹藉此機會代表董事會向管理層及 全體員工致以最真誠的謝意,感謝他們於過 去一年為集團所做出的各項貢獻;同時,亦 感謝股東、客戶、各合作伙伴及持份者們對 集團的長期支持與信任。在未來的日子,我 們將竭盡所能為集團和社會創造更美好的未 來。

TSANG CHIU MO SAMUEL

Executive Chairman

Hong Kong 31 March 2017 曾昭武

行政主席

香港 二零一七年三月三十一日

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

財務摘要

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Re-presented) (經重列)	Variance 差異 % 百分比
Revenue*	收益*	28,457	34,065	-16%
Loss attributable to the owners*	擁有人應佔虧損*	(19,617)	(19,132)	-3%
Basic loss per share (HK cents)*	每股基本虧損(港仙)*	(6.33)	(6.23)	-2%
Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (HK cents)	每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利 (港仙)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total equity	權益總額	363,298	381,079	-5%
Net assets value per share (HK dollars)	每股資產淨值 (港幣元)	1.17	1.23	-5%

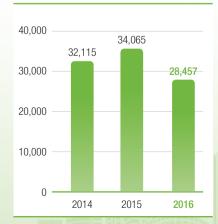
Included continuing operations and discontinued operation

REVENUE 收益

(HK\$'000) (港幣千元)

(Re-presented)

(經重列)



(LOSS)/PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS 擁有人應佔(虧損)/溢利

(HK\$'000) (港幣千元)



包括持續經營業務及已終止經營業務

BASIC (LOSS)/ **EARNINGS** PER SHARE 每股基本(虧損)/盈利

(HK cents) (港仙)





管理層討論及分析



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析



OPERATION REVIEW

General Performance

The global economy confronted great uncertainty and instability last year in consequence of a series of political events which had impacted the global economy and geopolitical situation. Amongst them were the Brexit, US interest rate hikes and the uncertainty under the new President Trump's economic policy and agenda in US. While the actual impact on the global economy of all these scenarios added up still remains to be seen, major economies around the world treaded cautiously in 2016 and is expected continuing to be so in the coming year amid additional uncertainties arising from the impending leadership elections in Europe and the protracted conflicts in the Middle East.

Despite the continued depreciation of Renminbi in the last three years, PRC Government continued to forge ahead and delivered slower but stable economic growth. Back in Hong Kong, the economy grew by 1.9% (2.4% in 2015) as the global economic growthpace weakened to its lowest level since 2009. Dragged by decline in tourist arrivals, value of retail sales in nominal terms dropped by 8.1% last year compared to 3.7% drop in the year before. Nevertheless a stable economy was sustained when the domestic sector showed resilience and supported private consumption growth given a healthy employment market and steady wage growth. In our neighbouring city Macau where some of the Group's assets are located in, there was also a turnaround in the economy with improvements in gross gaming revenue and property market compared to the year before.

營運回顧

整體表現

去年,全球經濟面臨極大的不確定性及不穩 定性,原因是一連串政治事件影響全球經濟 及地緣政治局勢,當中包括英國脱歐 加息以及美國新任總統特朗普的經濟國 計劃全球經濟的實際影響仍有待觀望, 合對全球經濟的實際影響仍有待觀望, 会對經濟體於二零一六 一,因為歐洲即將勢 等層選舉,加上中東衝突持續,令局勢更加 不明朗。

儘管過去三年人民幣持續貶值,中國政府繼續推進及實現穩定而較慢的經濟增長。隨著全球經濟增速減弱自二零零九年來的低位,香港的經濟增長1.9%(二零一五年為2.4%)。受到訪港旅客減少拖累,零售銷售價值(以下發金額計)去年下跌8.1%,而前一年則以下發金額計)去年下跌8.1%,而前一年則以下發急。雖然如此,鑑於利好的就業市場長時人消費增長,因而維持穩定經濟。鄰近轉入消費增長,因而維持穩定經濟。鄰近轉,人消費增長,因而維持穩定經濟。鄰近轉,博彩收益總額及樓市均較前年有所改善。

During the year under review, the Group's net loss increased by about 4.4% to that of the previous year amounted to HK\$19,263,000. The net loss was mainly attributable to the unrealised Renminbi bank deposit exchange loss of HK\$14,832,000.

The Group's revenue from continuing operations decreased approximately 9.2% from HK\$30,908,000 in 2015 to approximately HK\$28,079,000 in 2016 while the gross profit dropped 11.9% to HK\$18,948,000. Decrease in revenue and gross profit was mainly attributable to the decrease in rental income from investment properties which will be discussed in detail under the property investments business section below. Other income decreased by 6.8% to HK\$9,189,000 after deducting income from a forfeiture of rental deposit amounted to HK\$1,050,000 from one of the tenants upon early termination of its tenancy in 2015. The administrative expenses increased 9.0% to HK\$51,972,000 mainly due to the unrealised exchange loss of HK\$14,832,000 incurred during the year which increased 39.0% from HK\$10,673,000 in the year 2015.

As at 31 December 2016, the Group's net asset value was approximately HK\$363,298,000 and net asset value per share was approximately HK\$1.17. The Group's total assets and total liabilities as at 31 December 2016 were approximately HK\$625,516,000 and HK\$262,218,000 respectively.

Property Investments Business

At the start of 2016, the Hong Kong property commercial sector was hit hard by weak tourist travels and retail sales data against structural changes in Mainland consumer behaviour while the residential sector was under downtrend pressure due to expected interest rate hikes. However as Hong Kong's economic growth picked up steadily towards latter half the year with real GDP growth reflecting both healthy domestic consumption and investment, sentiments in the property market strengthened, in particular, in the residential sector. In response to the strong volume and ongoing price increase, our government imposed in November 2016 new stamp duty policy in an attempt to curb speculative activity. Such new stamp duty seemed to have an immediate cooling effect on transaction volume irrespective that the price growth persisted.

於回顧年內,本集團之純損較去年增加約4.4%,為港幣19,263,000元。純損主要由於人民幣銀行存款之未實現匯兑虧損港幣14.832.000元。

本集團來自持續經營業務之收益由二零一五年港幣30,908,000元減少約9.2%至二零一六年的約港幣28,079,000元,而毛利下跌11.9%至港幣18,948,000元。收益及利減少主要由於投資物業的租金收入減少主要由於投資業務一節討論。經扣時時於下文物業投資業務一節討論。經扣時沒收的租賃按金港幣1,050,000元,其他收入減少6.8%至港幣9,189,000元,均加主要由於年內未實現匯兑虧損由二零一五年港幣10,673,000元增加39.0%至港幣14,832,000元。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團之資產淨值約達港幣363,298,000元,每股資產淨值約為港幣1.17元。本集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日之總資產及總負債分別約為港幣625,516,000元及港幣262,218,000元。

物業投資業務

The Group made no acquisition or disposal in 2016. Asset values remained approximately the same as in 2015 as fair value of our investment properties was only increased by HK\$2,809,000 during the year being 19.7% less of the fair value gain in the previous year. Total rental income was decreased approximately 19.9% to HK\$9,255,000. Return from leasing the investment properties is about 5.1% comparing the gross rental income and cost of investments.

Rental income from Macau properties was decreased approximately 20.7% to HK\$3,668,000 with an average yield of about 8.7% comparing the gross rental income and cost of investments. The decrease was due to substantial reduction in new shop rental after early termination of the tenancy agreement in July 2015 at the time of economic downturn in Macau.

In Hong Kong total rental income derived from the Group's en-bloc boutique hotel situated in Shuang Wan and some residential units in Taikoo Shing was reduced approximately 19.4% to HK\$5,587,000 with investment yield being approximately 4.0%. The decrease was partly explained by the prolonged vacancy period for over six months to carry out renovation in the premises when the old tenancy of the en-bloc boutique hotel expired on 30 September 2015. Subsequently when a new tenancy agreement was entered into in mid-April 2016, we faced substantial rental reduction requests from the new tenants at the time when the tourist market was sluggish being affected by subpar regional growth, strong local currency and the effect of "one trip per week" Individual visit endorsement.

Hair Styling Business

In 2016, the hair styling segment continued to be a stable and healthy contributor of returns to the Group. For the year under review, turnover of this segment amounted to HK\$17,239,000 representing a decrease of 3.1% as compared with 2015 while segment profit decreased by 31.9% from HK\$1,787,000 to approximately HK\$1,217,000. Decrease in segment profit was mainly attributable to the increase in rental expenses after renewal of the tenancy agreement in May 2016 and increase in staff cost.

於二零一六年,本集團並無進行任何收購或出售。資產值與二零一五年大致維持相同水平,因年內投資物業公平值僅增加港幣2,809,000元,較對上一年之公平值收益少19.7%。總租金收入總額則減少約19.9%至港幣9,255,000元。將租金收入總額與投資成本對比,租賃投資物業之回報率約為5.1%。

來自澳門物業之租金收入減少約20.7%至港幣 3,668,000元,將租金收入總額與投資成本對 比,平均收益率約為8.7%。減少之原因為自 二零一五年七月有關租約提早終止後,在澳 門經濟放緩的環境下,新店舖租金顯著減少。

髮型設計業務

於二零一六年,髮型設計業務繼續為本集團 貢獻穩定健康之回報。於回顧年度,該分部 營業額為港幣17,239,000元,較二零一五年 減少3.1%,而分部溢利則由港幣1,787,000元 減少31.9%至約港幣1,217,000元。分部溢利 減少之主要原因是二零一六年五月重續租約 後租金開支有所增加,以及員工成本上升。

Other Business Segments

Money lending activities continued to generate positive results with turnover recorded a increase of 2.2% to HK\$1,585,000 over the previous year. Segment profit increased immensely from HK\$39,000 in 2015 to HK\$1,235,000 after removing the effect of soaring expenses over provision of doubtful debt on one of the borrowers in the year before.

Discontinued Operation

The local stock market remained volatile in 2016. As mentioned in our interim report earlier, in November 2015 the Group entered into a conditional sales and purchase agreement with an independent third party, Po Lee Capital Limited, for disposal of our wholly owned subsidiary Century Legend Securities Limited (now known as "Po Lee Securities Limited") which was engaged in stock broking business (the "Disposal"). The Disposal was completed on 23 March 2016 and recorded a gain on disposal of HK\$5,854,000.

Turnover from the discontinued stock brokerage business segment for the period from 1 January to 23 March 2016 was HK\$378,000 and profit for the year was HK\$5,970,000 including the gain on disposal.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

I. Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had a cash and bank balance including pledged bank deposits of HK\$233,098,000 and net current assets of HK\$12,147,000. The current ratio (calculated as the current assets to the current liabilities) of the Group as at 31 December 2016 was approximately 1.05 (31 December 2015: 1.03). The Group maintained a healthy working capital position during 2016.

The sales and purchase of the Group are mainly denominated in Hong Kong Dollars. Exposure to foreign currency exchange rates arising out of the substantial amount of Renminbi deposit the Group has on hand in view of the recent Renminbi exchange rate fluctuation. The Group at present does not have any contracts to hedge against its foreign exchange risks.

其他業務分部

借貸業務繼續造出正面業績,錄得營業額港幣1,585,000元,較對上一年增加2.2%。摒除於前一年就其中一名借款人之呆賬撥備導致是年開支急升之影響,該分部溢利由二零一五年之港幣39,000元,大幅增長至港幣1,235,000元。

已終止經營業務

二零一六年本港股市繼續波動,正如中期報告中提及,於二零一五年十一月,本集團與一名獨立第三方寶利資本有限公司訂立一份有條件買賣協議,出售本公司全資附屬公司世紀建業證券有限公司(現稱「寶利證券有限公司」,從事股票經紀業務)(「出售事項」)。出售事項已於二零一六年三月二十三日完成,並錄得出售收益港幣5.854,000元。

於二零一六年一月一日至二零一六年三月 二十三日期間來自已終止經營之股票經紀業 務分部的營業額為港幣378,000元,年內溢利 (包括出售事項之收益)為港幣5,970,000元。

財務回顧

I. 流動性及財務實力

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團持有現金及銀行結餘(包括己抵押銀行存款)合共港幣233,098,000元,及流動資產淨值為港幣12,147,000元。本集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日之流動比率(以流動資產對流動負債計算)約為1.05(二零一五年十二月三十一日:1.03)。本集團於二零一六年維持穩健的營運資金。

本集團之銷售及採購主要以港幣計值。鑑於人民幣匯率持續波動,本集 團持有的巨額人民幣存款面臨着外幣 匯率的風險。本集團現時並無任何合 約以對沖其外幣匯兑風險。

During the year, the Group's investment properties, prepaid land lease payments and certain bank deposits were pledged to two banks to secure the bank borrowing of approximately HK\$245,219,000, which is denominated in Hong Kong Dollars and bearing interest at floating rate. The Group did not have significant contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2016 (31 December 2015: Nil). The Group had no significant capital commitments as at 31 December 2016 (31 December 2015: HK\$1,605,000).

II. Capital Structure of the Group

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had total equity of HK\$363,298,000, HK\$980,000 of fixed rate liability, HK\$245,219,000 of floating rate liability and HK\$16,019,000 of interest-free liabilities, representing 0.3%, 67.5% and 4.4% of the Group's total equity respectively. The gearing ratio (calculated as the total long term loan to the total shareholders' equity) of the Group as at 31 December 2016 was approximately 0.2% (31 December 2015: 0.1%).

III. Significant Investments, Material Acquisition and Disposal

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group had not made any significant investments or material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries except for the disposal of stock brokerage business as mentioned above.

IV. Employment Information

As at 31 December 2016, the Group employed approximately a total of 35 employees (2015: 43 employees). The Group's emoluments policies are formulated on the performance of individual employee and are competitive in the market. During the year ended 31 December 2016, total staff costs (excluding Directors' emoluments) amounted to approximately HK\$8,836,000 (2015: HK\$10,060,000).

V. Final Dividend

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: Nil).

年內,本集團投資物業、預付土地租賃款項及若干銀行存款已抵押予兩元銀行以取得約港幣245,219,000元元銀行貸款,該貸款以港幣計值並須按浮動利率計息。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團無重大或然負債(二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團無重大資本承擔(二零一五年十二月三十一日:港幣1,605,000元)。

Ⅱ. 本集團資本架構

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團之總股本權益為港幣363,298,000元,定息債務為港幣980,000元,浮息債務及免息債務分別為港幣245,219,000元及港幣16,019,000元,佔本集團總股本權益分別為0.3%、67.5%以及4.4%。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團之資產負債比率(以總長期貸款對總股東股本計算)約為0.2%(二零一五年十二月三十一日:0.1%)。

Ⅲ. 重大投資、重大收購及出售事項

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,除上述出售股票經紀業務除外,本集團概無作出任何重大投資,亦無重大收購及出售附屬公司之事項。

IV. 僱傭資料

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團時有員工總數約為35名(二零一五年:43名)。本集團之薪酬政策乃根據個別員工之能力制訂,在市場上具有競爭力。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,總員工成本(未計算董事薪酬)約為港幣8,836,000元(二零一五年:港幣10,060,000元)。

V. 末期股息

董事不建議派發截至二零一六年十二 月三十一日止年度之末期股息(二零 一五年:無)。

PROSPECTS

In 2017 the global economy most likely will grow at a slower pace in the midst of uncertainties hanging over the globe. Amongst those uncertainties included the unclear exit terms between the United Kingdom and the European Union for Brexit and the consequential impact on the Eurozone from the fallout, unclear trade policies under President Donald Trump and the pace of interest rate increases by the US Federal which altogether may create new challenges for Asia in general. Nonetheless the economic prospects for Hong Kong look brightening this year against the backdrop of a stabilized economy in China while growth in Hong Kong is stimulated by strong domestic demand. In the recent years Hong Kong people faced serious discord in the society and have accumulated a lot of frustration. Carrie Lam, the forthcoming Chief Executive of HKSAR had said that under her governance priority will be to unite the society to move forward and consolidate Hong Kong's strength to take full advantage of the new opportunities presented under the National 13th Five Year Plan and the Belt and Road Initiatives.

Over the years, the Group's resources have been aligned to focus on the property investments business in Hong Kong and Macau. Inevitably the general state of these economies and their property markets, the interest rate changes and the political and legal situations in both these cities may have a great impact on the Group's operating results and financial position. It is expected that the investment market, especially in the residential sector, will stay strong provided that real interest rates do not rise too quickly depending on the prospects for the US economy. Hong Kong interest rates would likely to follow US rates owing to the currency peg. Mainland Chinese investors also boost the local property market by becoming active players as investing in Hong Kong can provide a way to hedge against the possibility of continuing Renminbi depreciation in the medium term.

Going forward, the Group will continue to adhere to its long term strategy of exploring diversified investment opportunities with growth potential in a cautious yet proactive approach and maximizing efficiency in the use of limited resources.

前景

多年來,本集團將資源集中於香港及澳門的物業投資業務。兩地經濟及其物業市場的整體狀況、息率變化及政治和法治狀況無疑學化及政治和法治狀況有重大影響、本集團的經營業績及財務狀況有重大影響、高寶際息率並未因美國經濟前景而急速,則預期投資市場(特別是住宅界別)將保持強勢。基於聯繫匯率,香港息率很到港段、籍以對沖人民幣可能在中期內持續貶值,此舉亦會提振本地物業市場。

展望未來,本集團將繼續遵循其長遠策略, 以審慎積極的態度尋求增長潛力可觀的多元 化投資機會,並按最大效率運用有限資源。

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

During the year 2016, the Group was commended and honoured with awards by the following organizations:

Hong Kong

- "Caring Company" by the Hong Kong Council of Social Services for 8 years in succession,
- "The Hong Kong Outstanding Corporate Citizenship Logo" in the respective categories of SME and Volunteer by the Hong Kong Productivity Council for 2 years,
- "Social Capital Builder" by the Hong Kong Productivity Council,
- "Good MPF Employer" by Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority for 2 consecutive years,
- "Manpower Developer" in "SME in their Manpower Developer Award Scheme" by the Employees Retraining Board for 2 consecutive terms

Macau

 "Caring Company for 2015-2016" commended by the The Youth Committee of Macau Chamber of Commerce and Macau Association of Chinese Young Entrepreneurs

The Group is always firmly committed to operating as a socially-responsible company across all of its business operations. A more detailed description of our related activities during the year can be referred in the Corporate Social Responsibility Report which will be posted on our company's website later.

企業社會責任

於二零一六年,本集團獲得以下機構的認可 和嘉許:

香港

- 連續八年獲得香港社會服務聯會頒發的「商界展關懷」,
- 連續兩年獲香港生產力促進局頒發中 小型企業組別及義工隊組別的「香港傑 出企業公民嘉許標誌」,
- 獲香港生產力促進局頒發的「社會資本動力獎」
- 連續兩年獲強制性公積金計劃管理局 嘉許為「積金好僱主」,
- 連續兩屆獲僱員再培訓局嘉許為「人才 企業嘉許計劃」「中小企」組別的「人才 企業」

澳門

- 澳門中華總商會青年委員會及澳門中華青年工商聯會頒發的「2015-2016商界展關懷」嘉許

本集團一向堅定地致力於承擔每個業務環節中的社會責任,有關我們於年內相關方面活動的詳情,可參閱將於日後刊載在本公司網站上的「企業社會責任報告」。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board is committed to upholding a high standard of corporate governance practices and business ethics in the firm belief that they are essential for maintaining and promoting investors' confidence and maximizing shareholders' returns. The Board reviews its corporate governance practices from time to time in order to meet the rising expectations of stakeholders and comply with increasingly stringent regulatory requirements, and to fulfill its commitment to excellence in corporate governance.

Throughout the year of 2016, the Company has complied with all Code Provisions in the Code of Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rule") except for certain areas of non-compliance that are discussed later in this report.

THE BOARD AND THE MANAGEMENT

The Board lays down corporate strategies, approves overall business plans and, on behalf of the shareholders, supervises the Company's financial performance, its management and organization. The Board is also responsible for overseeing the preparation of financial statements of each financial period, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs the Group and of the results and cash flow of that period. The Board defines the scope within which the management team carries out day-to-day management tasks. Each of executive directors oversees specific areas of our business. The Board is also responsible for developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance duties as defined under the CG Code.

企業管治常規

董事會致力維持高水準之企業管治常規及業務道德,並深信這是維持及提升投資者信心以及盡量提高股東回報之必要因素。董事會不時審核其企業管治常規,以符合持份者不斷提高的期望,遵守日益嚴格的監管要求,以及履行其對卓越企業管治之承諾。

於二零一六年內,除報告下文討論的若干偏離情況外,本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之「企業管治常規守則」(「企管守則」)內所有守則條文。

董事會及管理層

董事會制定企業策略,批准整體業務計劃以及代表股東監督本公司之財務表現、本名財務報告之管理及組織。董事會亦負責監督各真監督各其間之財務報告之編製,使財務報告之編製,使財務報告之編製,使財務報告之業人有關期間之業管理層執行日常之業會不可以表述。董事會別方面。董事會別方面。董事會所根據企管守治政策務的特定方面。董事會亦根據企管守治政策,負責制定和檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規職務。

The Board determines the Company's overall objectives, strategies and business plans based on the recommendations of the management team and approves the key figures underlying the budgets prepared by the management team.

董事會根據管理層之建議,釐定本公司之整 體目標、策略及業務計劃,以及批准管理層 編製之預算的主要數字。

The Board reviews and approves the Company's budgets and checks to see if the targets are being achieved. It also monitors the Company's liquidity and cash positioning. It approves the Company's significant transactions.

董事會審核及批准本公司之預算,並核查以確定是否達致目標。董事會亦監控本公司之流動性及現金狀況。董事會負責批准本公司之重大交易。

The Board and management team handle material price sensitive information with strict confidence. Public announcements are made in a timely manner to keep shareholders and the public abreast with the latest developments.

董事會與管理層在嚴保機密下處理價格敏感 資料。董事會及時刊登公告,向股東及公眾 披露最新發展。

BOARD COMPOSITION

董事會組成

As at 31 December 2016, the Board comprises seven Directors, two of them are women, more than one-third of the Directors are non-executive and independent of management, thereby promoting critical review and control of the management process. The Board are collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising the Company's affairs. The Board has a balance of skill and experience appropriate for the requirements of the Group's businesses. Four of the Directors are executive, namely Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel, Executive Chairman, Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching, Deputy Chairman, Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia and Ms. CHU Ming Tak Evans Tania, and three of the Directors are independent non-executive, namely Mr. HUI Yan Kit, Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary and Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward. Each of Directors' respective biographical details is set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors" of this annual report. It is the opinion of the Directors that the Board has the necessary skills and experience appropriate for discharging their duties as Directors in the best interest of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Board at all time met the minimum requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors, and complied with the requirement that these should include one such director with appropriate professional qualifications of accounting or related financial management expertise. Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary has the appropriate professional qualifications and experience in financial matters required. Pursuant to the requirement in the Listing Rules, the Company has received a written confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors of his independence to the Company.

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會一直符合上市規則要求至少委任三位獨立非執行董事之最低要求,並遵守應有一位董事具備適當專業會計資格或有關財務管理專長之要求。黃德明先生擁有處理財務事務所需之適當專業資格及經驗。根據上市規則的要求,本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事有關其對本公司之獨立性之書面確認。

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board adopted board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") in September 2013. The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of diversity of Board members. While all Board appointments will continue to be made on a merit basis, the Company will ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the needs of the Company's business. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, experience (professional or otherwise), skills and knowledge.

董事會多元化政策

BOARD PRACTICES

The Board meets at least four times each year at approximately quarterly intervals to discuss the Group's business development, operation and financial performance. Notice of at least 14 days is given to all Directors for all regular Board meetings to give all Directors an opportunity to attend. All regular Board meetings adhere to a formal agenda in which a schedule of matters is addressed to the Board. All Directors have access to board paper and related materials, and are provided with adequate information which enables the Board to make an informed decision on the matters to be discussed and considered at the Board meetings. Minutes of Board meetings are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director.

To facilitate the decision-making process, the Directors are free to have access to the management for enquiries and to obtain further information, when required and the Directors can obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

To the best knowledge of the Company, there is no financial, business, family relationship among the members of the Board except that Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel is a brother of Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching and Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia. Each of Directors also does not have any direct or indirect material relationship with the Group.

No insurance coverage has been purchased for any of the Directors as the Board does not foresee any contingent liabilities against the Group.

董事會常規

董事會年至少舉行四次會議,間隔約為一個季度,討論本集團之業務發展、營運運務表現。所有定期董事會議均向全體體代出至少14天通知,會會議均按正可。所有定期董事會會議均按正可。所有定期董事會會議均按正可。所有定期董事會會議均接正可。所有定期董事會主式,議程向董事會文件及有關材料,並獲到了大學的資料,以便董事會就董事會會議到,以便董事會就董事會會議到,以便董事會就董事會會議到,以便董事會就董事會會議到,以便董事會就一個董事會會議到,以便董事會會議到,以便董事會會議到,以便董事會會議到,以便董事會會議到,以便董事會會議到,以便董事會。

為促進決策過程,董事可隨時聯絡管理層進 行查詢及在必要時獲取進一步資料,董事亦 可由本公司承擔開支而獲取獨立專業建議。

就本公司所知,除曾昭武先生為曾昭政先生 及曾昭婉女士之胞兄外,董事會成員之間概 無任何財務、業務或家庭關係。各董事與本 集團亦無任何重大直接或間接關係。

由於董事會預期本集團無任何或然負債,故並未為任何董事購買保險。



During the year ended 31 December 2016, 6 Board meetings have 於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度, been held. Details of the attendance of the Directors are as follows:

董事會舉行六次會議。董事出席詳情如下:

		Number of Board meeting attended/ Number of Board meeting held 出席董事會會議次數/ 所舉行的董事會會議次數 Audit Nomination Remuneration Board Committee Committee Committee			
Executive Directors	<i>執行董事</i>				
Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel	曾昭武先生				
(Chairman and the	(主席兼行政總裁)				
Chief Executive Officer)		5/6	0/0	0/0	0/0
Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching	曾昭政先生				
(Deputy Chairman)	(副主席)	6/6	0/0	0/0	0/0
Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia	曾昭婉女士	6/6	0/0	0/0	0/0
Ms. CHU Ming Tak Evans Tania	朱明德女士	6/6	0/0	1/1	1/1
Independent Non-Executive	獨立非執行董事				
Directors					
Mr. HUI Yan Kit	許人傑先生	6/6	2/2	0/0	1/1
Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary	黃德明先生	6/6	2/2	1/1	0/0
Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward	區志偉先生	6/6	1/2	1/1	1/1

GENERAL MEETING

During the year, the Company convened 1 general meeting on 20 May 2016 which was the annual general meeting of the Company. Details of the attendance of the Directors are as follows:

股東大會

於本年度,本公司於二零一六年五月二十日 召開一次股東大會,即本公司之股東週年大 會,董事出席詳情如下:

> Number of meeting attended/ Number of meeting held 出席會議次數/ 所舉行的會議次數

Executive Directors Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel	執行董事 曾昭武先生	
(Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer) Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching	(主席兼行政總裁) 曾昭政先生(副主席)	0/1
(Deputy Chairman)		1/1
Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia	曾昭婉女士	0/1
Ms. CHU Ming Tak Evans Tania	朱明德女士	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. HUI Yan Kit	許人傑先生	0/1
Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary	黃德明先生	1/1
Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward	區志偉先生	1/1

Code provision E.1.2 stipulates that chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. Code provision A.6.7 stipulates that independent non-executive directors should attend general meetings of the Company. Mr. Tsang Chiu Mo Samuel, Chairman of the Company, and Mr. Hui Yan Kit, the independent non-executive director of the Company, were unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 20 May 2016 because they had other urgent business engagement.

守則條文第E.1.2條規定董事會主席應出席股東大會,守則條文第A.6.7條規定獨立非執行董事應出席股東大會。本公司主席曾昭武先生及本公司獨立非執行董事許人傑先生因另有緊急公務而未能出席本公司於二零一六年五月二十日舉行之股東週年大會。



DIRECTORS' TRAINING

According to the code provision A.6.5 of the CG code, all directors should participate in a programme of continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the board remains informed and relevant. The Company should be responsible for arranging and funding training, placing an appropriate emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of the Directors of the Company.

During the year and up to the date of this report, the Company provided to all Directors related articles on regulatory updates, management skills and corporate governance from The Journal of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries, Hong Kong Institution of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Each of the Directors had noted and studied the above mentioned documents and that the Company had received from Directors the confirmations on taking continuous professional training.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial fixed term of 2 years and will continue thereafter unless and until terminated by either party giving not less than six months' prior notice in writing to the other. All Directors are subject to retirement from office by the rotation at each annual general meeting as required by the bye-laws of the Company ("Bye-laws").

Service contracts have been entered between the Company with each of the independent non-executive Directors providing, amongst other things, their term of offices for a period of 1 year until terminated by either party giving not less than one month's prior notice in writing to the other. Moreover, they would also be subject to retirement by rotation at each annual general meeting of the Company.

董事之培訓

根據企管守則之守則條文第A.6.5條,全體董事須參加持續專業發展計劃,以發展及刷新彼等之知識及技巧,確保彼等繼續在具備全面資訊及切合所需的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。本公司須負責安排及資助培訓,並適當着重本公司董事之角色、職能及責任。

於本年度直至本報告日期止,本公司為全體董事提供由香港特許秘書公會、香港會計師公會及特許公認會計師公會期刊所刊發有關法規更新、管理技巧及企業管治之相關文章。各董事已注意到並已研習上述文件,本公司亦已收到董事就參加持續專業培訓之確認。

董事之委任及重選

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,初步 固定期限為兩年,其後將會續期,直至任何 一方向另一方發出不少於六個月之書面通知 予以終止為止。所有董事均須按照本公司之 公司細則(「細則」)要求,於每屆股東週年大 會上輪流退任。

本公司與各獨立非執行董事訂立服務合約, 當中訂明彼等之任期為一年,直至任何一方 向另一方發出不少於一個月之書面通知予以 終止為止。此外,彼等亦須於本公司每屆股 東週年大會上輪流退任。

In accordance with the Bye-laws, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meetings of the Company. Directors appointed by the Board during the year are required to retire and submit themselves for re-election at the first general meeting immediately following their appointments. Further, at each annual general meeting, one-third of Directors, or, if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third are required to retire from office.

Each newly appointed Director is provided with a package of orientation materials setting out the duties and responsibilities of Directors under the Listing Rules, related ordinances and relevant regulatory requirements of Hong Kong. Orientation meeting with newly appointed Director would be held for briefing on business and operations of the Company.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry with all Directors, the Company confirmed that all the Directors have complied with the required standard of dealings set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2016.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The CG Code stipulates that the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same person. Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel is the Executive Chairman of the Company and no Chief Executive Officer has been appointed. The responsibilities of Chief Executive Officer have been carried out by Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel. The Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Company and the shareholders as a whole for Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel, who is knowledgeable in the business of the Group and possesses the essential leadership skills to guide discussions of the Board in an effective manner, to continue to carry out the responsibilities of Chief Executive Officer, which ensures on the effectiveness and efficiency of the decision making process of the Board.

根據細則,所有董事均須於本公司股東週年 大會上輪流退任及重選。董事會於年內委任 之董事須退任,並於緊接彼等獲委任後之首 次股東週年大會上提呈重選。此外,於每屆 股東週年大會上,三分之一董事或若人數並 非三之倍數,則人數最接近但不少於三分之 一之董事須退任。

各新任董事於就任時均獲提供詳盡資料,載列上市規則、相關條例及香港有關監管規例所訂明之董事職責及責任。本公司亦於新任董事就任時安排會議,就公司之業務及運作向有關董事作出簡介。

董事之證券交易

本公司已採納載於上市規則附錄十有關董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」),作為本公司董事買賣證券之行為守則。經向所有董事作出特定查詢後,本公司確認各董事已於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內遵守標準守則要求之交易標準。

主席及行政總裁

企管守則規定主席及行政總裁之職能須分開,且不能由同一人出任。曾昭武先生為本公司行政主席,而本公司並無委任行政總裁之職務由曾昭武先生履行。 事會相信,曾昭武先生熟識本集團業務,借所需之領導才能,能有效領導董事會,會 被繼續履行行政總裁之職務可確保董事會決 策之效率及效益,能符合本公司及股東之整 體最佳利益。

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established on 16 September 2005 with a written terms of reference which are available from the Company Secretary at any time. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee include making recommendations for all appointment, re-designation and re-appointment of Directors to the Board. As at 31 December 2016, the Nomination Committee comprises of three members, two of whom are independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward, Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary and one is executive director, Ms. Chu Ming Tak Evans Tania. Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward is the Chairman of the Committee.

The Nomination Committee is also responsible for determining the independence of each Director and conducting formal assessment of the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and the contribution of each Director to the effectiveness of the Board. In evaluating the Board's performance, the Nomination Committee considers a number of factors, including those set out in the CG Code.

The Nomination Committee meets at least once a year. During the year, the Nomination Committee has held 1 meeting, to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the existing Board members of the Company to enhance the effectiveness of the Board to run the business of the Group steadily.

The attendance of each member of the Nomination Committee, on named basis and by category, at committee meetings during the year is set out in the section "Board Practices" of this report above.

In accordance with the Bye-laws, one-third of the Directors will retire from office at the Company's annual general meeting. In accordance with Bye-law 87(1) of the Bye-laws, Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel and Mr. Au Chi Wai Edward will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and will not offer himself for re-election. Mr. HUI Yan Kit was appointed as independent non-executive Directors of the Company in July 2004. He has been the independent non-executive Directors of the Company for over 12 years.

董事會之委員會提名委員會

提名委員會於二零零五年九月十六日成立, 其書面職權範圍可隨時向公司秘書要會 閱。提名委員會之職權範圍包括就董事會董 事之所有委任、改任及重新委任作出建議。 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,提名委員 由三位成員組成,兩位為獨立非執行董事, 即區志偉先生,黃德明先生及一位執行 事,即朱明德女士。區志偉先生為提名委員 會主席。

提名委員會亦負責釐定各董事之獨立性,以 及對董事會整體之效率及各董事對董事會效 率之貢獻進行正式評核。在評估董事會之表 現時,提名委員會考慮多項因素,包括企管 守則訂明者。

提名委員會每年至少舉行一次會議。年內, 提名委員會舉行一次會議,以審核本公司現 有董事會成員之架構、規模及組成(包括技 能、知識及經驗)以提高董事會的效用,繼而 能夠穩定地營運本集團之業務。

提名委員會各成員於本年度出席委員會會議 之詳情,具名及按類別載列於本報告上文「董 事會常規」一節。

根據細則,三分之一董事將於本公司之股東 週年大會上退任。根據細則第87(1)條,曾昭 武先生及區志偉先生將於本公司即將舉行之 股東週年大會上退任,惟有資格提呈重選。 黃德明先生將於本公司即將舉行之股東週年 大會上退任,惟不會提呈重選。自二零零四 年七月起許人傑先生被委任為本公司獨立非 執行董事,他已擔任本公司獨立非執行董事 超過十二年。

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established on 16 September 2005 with written terms of reference no less exacting terms than the CG Code. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available from the Company Secretary at any time. As at 31 December 2016, the Remuneration Committee comprises two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. HUI Yan Kit, Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward and one executive Director, Ms. Chu Ming Tak Evans Tania. Mr. HUI Yan Kit is the Chairman of the Committee.

The duties of the Remuneration Committee includes making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy and structure of the Directors and senior management, reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals, making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management, approving the compensation payable to Directors and senior management on termination or dismissal to ensure they are consistent with contractual terms and also ensure that no Director was involved in deciding his/her own remuneration. Remuneration package for executive Directors are as follows:

- 1. The remuneration for the executive Directors comprises basic salary and pensions.
- Salaries are reviewed annually. Salary increases are made where the Remuneration Committee believes that adjustments are appropriate to reflect performance, contribution, increased responsibilities and/or by reference to market/sector trends.
- In addition to basic salary, executive Directors and employees
 of the Company and its subsidiaries are eligible to receive a
 discretionary bonus taking into consideration factors such
 as market conditions as well as corporate and individual
 performances.
- 4. Details of the amount of Directors' emoluments during the financial year ended 31 December 2016 are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零零五年九月十六日成立, 其書面職權範圍並不比企管守則寬鬆。薪酬 委員會之職權範圍可隨時向公司秘書要求查 閱。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,薪酬委 員會由兩位獨立非執行董事組成,即許人傑 先生、區志偉先生及一位執行董事,即朱明 德女士。許人傑先生為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會之職責包括就董事及高級管理人員之薪酬政策及架構向董事會作出建議,檢討及批准管理層之薪酬建議,向董事會建議。個別執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬福利。 批准向董事及高級管理人員就其終止服務合 解僱而須支付的補償金以確保該補償與合約 條款一致,以及確保任何董事均不參與董 其自身之薪酬。執行董事之薪酬福利如下:

- 2. 薪金每年審核。在薪酬委員會認為調整可反映表現、貢獻、責任增加時, 以及/或在參照市場/行業趨勢之情 況下,則會加薪。
- 3. 除基本薪金外,本公司及其附屬公司 之執行董事及僱員有資格獲得根據市 場狀況以及企業及個人表現等因素而 釐定之酌情花紅。
- 4. 於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止 財政年度之董事酬金數額詳情載於本 年度報告之財務報表附註14。

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence. The emoluments of the Directors are determined with reference to the Company's operating results, individual performance and the prevailing market rates.

The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year. During the year, the Remuneration Committee has held 1 meeting to review the existing remuneration packages of Directors and senior managements of the Company, and to recommend the remuneration packages for Directors of the Company. The recommended remuneration packages have been approved by the entire Board.

The attendance of each member of the Remuneration Committee, on named basis and by category, at committee meetings during the year is set out in the section "Board Practices" of this report above.

Executive Committee

The Executive Committee was established on 28 December 2015 with written terms of reference setting out the duties and responsibilities. The Executive Committee consists of six members, namely, Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel (Executive Chairman), Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching (Deputy Chairman), Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia (Executive Director), Ms. CHU Ming Tak Evans Tania (Executive Director), Ms. SZE Tak On (Financial Controller) and Ms. WONG Yim Tsui Amy (Vice President of Human Resources & Corporate Affairs). The Executive Committee shall normally meet on a monthly basis and in any event no less than quarterly.

For more efficient operation of the Board, the Executive Committee was established mainly (i) to make recommendations to the Board on the strategic aims, objectives and risk management of the Company; and (ii) to consider and approve matters relating to the day-to-day operations of the Group.

The Executive Committee was also delegated by the Board to perform the corporate governance functions set out in Code Provision D.3.1 of the CG Code including (i) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board; (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; (iii) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors; and (v) to review the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

本集團僱員之酬金政策以僱員之優點、資格 及能力為基準。董事酬金參照本公司之經營 業績、個人表現及現行市場酬金而釐定。

薪酬委員會每年至少舉行一次會議。年內, 薪酬委員會舉行一次會議,以審核本公司董 事及高級管理人員之現有薪酬福利,以及建 議本公司董事之薪酬福利。所建議之薪酬福 利已獲董事會全體批准。

薪酬委員會各成員於本年度出席委員會會議 之詳情,具名及按類別載列於本報告上文「董 事會常規」一節。

行政委員會

行政委員會於二零一五年十二月二十八日成立,其職責和責任已載列於書面職權範圍內。行政委員會由六名成員組成,即曾昭武先生(行政主席)、曾昭政先生(副主席)、昭婉女士(執行董事)、朱明德女士(執行董事)、施得安女士(財務總監)及黃艷翠女士(人力資源及集團事務部副總裁)。行政委員會在一般情況下每月開會一次並在任何情況下每季至少開會一次。

為使董事會能更有效地運作,董事會成立了 行政委員會,主要負責(i)就本公司之策略性目標、方針及風險管理向董事局提供建議;及(ii) 考慮及批准本集團日常營運之相關事項。

董事會亦授權行政委員會履行企管守則守則條文第D.3.1條所載之企業管治職能,包括:(i)制訂及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規並向董事會提出建議;(ii)檢訂及監察董事及高級管理層人員之培訓及持續專業發展;(iii)檢討及監察本公司遵守法律及監管規定之政策及常規;(iv)制訂、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事之操守準則及合規手冊;及(v)檢討本公司遵守守則的情況及企業管治報告書內的披露。

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established with written terms of reference which are available from the Company Secretary at any time. The Audit Committee currently comprises of three members, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. As at 31 December 2016, the members are Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary (the Chairman of the Committee), Mr. HUI Yan Kit and Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward all of whom are not involved in the day-to-day management of the Company.

The Audit Committee convenes meetings at least twice a year. The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing the Company's financial information (including the Company's financial statements, annual reports, interim reports and major comments on financial reporting contained in the financial statements and reports), reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems and associated procedures, and making recommendations to the Board on matters regarding the appointment of external auditors and auditing fee etc.

During the year under review, the Audit Committee held two meetings, during which the annual report for the year ended 31 December 2015 and the interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2016 were reviewed. Please refer to the table set out in the section "Board Practices" of this report for the attendance record of individual Audit Committee members. All these meetings were convened in accordance with the Bye-laws.

Save as disclosed above, the Audit Committee has reviewed the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board that BDO Limited, Certified Public Accountants ("BDO"), be nominated for reappointment as external auditor of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

審核委員會

審核委員會之成立有書面職權範圍,其職權範圍可隨時向公司秘書要求查閱。審核委員會現時由三位成員組成,彼等均為獨立非執行董事。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,審核委員會成員包括黃德明先生(委員會主席)、許人傑先生及區志偉先生,彼等均不參與本公司之日常管理。

審核委員會每年至少召開兩次會議。審核委員會負責審核本公司之財務資料(包括本公司之財務報表、年度報告、中期報告以及該等財務報表及報告內所含有關財務報告之重要意見),審核本公司之財務申報制度,風險管理,以及內部監控制度等有關程序是否足夠及有效。並就外部核數師之委任及核數費用等事項向董事會作出建議。

於回顧年度,審核委員會舉行兩次會議,其間審核截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之年度報告及截至二零一六年六月三十日止六個月之中期報告。審核委員會各成員出席會議之記錄請參閱本報告「董事會常規」一節所載之表格。所有該等會議均按照細則召開。

除上文披露者外,審核委員會已審核本公司 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之經 審核財務報表。

審核委員會已向董事會建議於本公司即將舉行之股東週年大會上重新委任執業會計師香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司(「香港立信德豪會計師事務所」)作為本公司之外部核數師。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Companies Ordinance requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the Company's state of affairs as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the year then ended. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them on a consistent basis, making judgements and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable;
- state the reasons for any significant departure from the relevant accounting standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, unless it is not appropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business for the foreseeable future.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The statement of the external auditor of the Company, BDO, about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 50 to 56.

AUDITORS AND THEIR REMUNERATION

BDO have been appointed as the external auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016 by shareholders at the annual general meeting and they will hold office until the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. The annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 have been audited by BDO.

董事對財務報表之責任

香港公司條例要求董事編製各財政年度之財務報表,真實及公平反映本公司於該財政年度末之狀況以及本公司於該年度之損益。在編製財務報表時,董事須:

- 選擇適當會計政策並持續應用,作出 謹慎、公平及合理之判斷及估算;
- 陳述任何偏離有關會計準則之行為之 原因;以及
- 按持續經營之基準編製財務報表,若 假定本公司在可預見未來繼續其業務 屬不適當除外。

董事負責維持適當會計紀錄,以保障本公司 之資產,並採取合理措施防止及查核舞弊及 其他違規情況。

本公司外部核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務 所就其對本集團財務報表之責任而作出之聲 明載於獨立核數師報告第50至56頁。

核數師及其酬金

香港立信德豪會計師事務所已於股東週年大會上被委任為本公司截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之外部核數師,其任期直至本公司即將舉行之股東週年大會結束時止。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之年度財務報表已由香港立信德豪會計師事務所審核。

For the year ended 31 December 2016, BDO, the external auditor of the Group, provided the following services to the Group:

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團之外部核數師香港立信德豪會計師事 務所為本公司提供以下服務:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Audit services Non-audit services	核數服務 非核數服務	600	580
Total:	合計:	600	580

The Audit Committee reviews each year a letter from the external auditor confirming their independence and objectivity and holds meetings with BDO to discuss the scope of their audit.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board is responsible for the effectiveness of the Group's internal control systems. The internal control systems are designed to meet the Group's particular needs and the risks to which it is exposed, and by their nature can only provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance against misstatement or loss.

Procedures have been set up for safeguarding assets against unauthorized use or disposition, controlling over capital expenditure, maintaining proper accounting records and ensuring the reliability of financial information used for business and publication. Qualified management throughout the Group maintains and monitors the internal control systems on an ongoing basis.

The Board has engaged a consultant company to conduct internal audit function in order to review the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems during the year and is of the view that the systems of risk management and internal control adopted for the year ended 31 December 2016 were assessed to be satisfactory and were functioning properly, to a large extent, in safeguarding the assets employed by the Group.

審核委員會每年審核外部核數師所發表函件 以確認其獨立性及客觀性,並與香港立信德 豪會計師事務所舉行會議以討論其審核範圍。

內部監控及風險管理

董事會負責本集團內部監控制度之效率。內 部監控制度旨在符合本集團之特定需求以及 應對本集團所面臨之風險,其本質是對失實 陳述或損失提供合理但非絕對之保障。

本公司已制定程序以保障資產,使之免遭未 經授權使用或處置,控制資本支出,保持適 當會計紀錄及確保用於業務及刊物之財務資 料之可靠性。本集團全體合資格管理層持續 維護及監督內部監控制度。

於本年度,董事會已委聘一間顧問公司進行 內部審核,以檢討本集團風險管理及內部監 控制度之有效性,顧問公司認為截至二零 一六年十二月三十一日止年度,所採納之風 險管理及內部監控制度在很大程度上被評定 為令人滿意及運作正確,並維護受僱於本集 團的資產。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Sze Tak On was appointed as the Financial Controller and Company Secretary of the Company. She is also an Authorised Representative of the Company. The biographical details of Ms. Sze are set out on page 43 under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management". According to rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Ms. Sze took no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training for the year ended 31 December 2016.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

In order to develop and maintain a continuing investors' relationship with the Company's shareholders, the Company has established various channels of communications with its shareholders such as publication of interim and annual reports, press release and announcement of the latest development of the Company in a timely manner. The annual general meeting provides an opportunity for shareholders to exchange views with the Board. The Chairman as well as Chairmen of different Committees are available to answer shareholders' questions. Moreover, resolutions are proposed at annual general meeting on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual Directors. In addition, details of the poll voting procedures and the rights of shareholders to demand a poll are included in the circular to shareholders despatched together with the annual report. Details of the proposed resolutions are also set out in the circular.

In accordance with the Bye-laws, any shareholder holding not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at a general meeting shall have the right, by written requisition served to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require a special general meeting to be convened by the Board for transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Any vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll. The chairman of meeting will explain the poll voting procedures at the relevant general meeting.

The website of the Group (www.clh.com.hk) is also updated constantly to inform investors and the general public of the latest information of the Group.

公司秘書

施得安女士被委任為本公司之財務總監及公司秘書,彼亦為本公司的授權代表。施女士之詳細履歷載於第43頁「董事及高級管理人員之個人簡歷」一節內。根據上市規則第3.29條,截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,施女士接受不少於十五小時之相關專業培訓。

股東之權利及投資者關係

為持續發展及保持投資者與本公司股東之關係,本公司已建立多種與其股東溝、發中期報告及年度報告、例如刊發中期報告及年度新發展,例如及及時公佈本公司之最新發展之之,與東提供與董事會之之與實際,與東國軍等。之國軍等,投東國軍等,投票表決程序的,投票表決程序的,投票表決程序的。所提議之決議案詳情亦載於隨本年度報告,於該通政內。所提議之決議案詳情亦載於該通政內。

根據細則之規定,任何持有有權於股東大會上投票之本公司繳足股本不少於十分之一的股東,均有權向董事會或公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以東有關要求列明之任何事項。股東於股東大會上必須以投票表決方式進行任何表決。大會主席將於相關股東大會上解釋投票表決的程序。

本集團之網站(www.clh.com.hk)經常更新,為 投資者及公眾提供本集團之最新資訊。

The Directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

全體董事謹提呈截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度之報告及經審核綜合財務報 表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year except for the disposal of stock broking business segment in March 2016. The analysis of the principal activities and geographical locations of the operations are set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 and the state of affairs of the Group and the Company at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 57 to 165.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PERFORMANCE

A fair review of the business of the Company and a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year and the material factors underlying its results and financial position are provided in the letter from the chairman, management discussion and analysis from pages 4 to 6, pages 8 to 15 of this annual report. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company can be found throughout this Annual Report. Particulars of important events affecting the Company that have occurred since the end of the financial year 2016, if any, can also be found in the abovementioned sections and the Notes to the Financial Statements. The outlook of the Company's business is discussed throughout this Annual Report including in the letter from the chairman from pages 4 to 6 of this Annual Report.

COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS

During the year, the Group has complied with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the operations of the Company.

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,而其附屬公司之主要業務則載於綜合財務報表附註33。 年內,除於二零一六年三月出售股票經紀業務外,本集團之主要業務性質並無重大變動。本集團按主要業務及所在地區分析之業績表現載於財務報表附註6。

業績及分派

本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度之業績及本集團及本公司於該日之財務狀 況載於綜合財務報表第57至165頁。

董事會建議於二零一六年十二月三十一日止 財政年度不派發股息。

業務審視及業績

有關本公司業務的中肯審視及與本集團年內表現和業績及財務狀況相關的重要因素的探討和分析,分別在本年報第4至6頁的「主席函件」、第8至15頁的「管理層討論及分析」各節中闡述。本公司面對的主要風險及不確定因素已於本年報列述。在二零一六年財重大度完結後發生,並且對本公司有影響的大事件(如有),其詳情已於以上篇章及財務本年報代如有),其詳情已於以上篇章及財務本年報完的計論,包括於本年報第4至6頁的「主席函件」也有探討。

遵守法規

於本年度,本集團已遵守對本公司之營運造 成重大影響之有關法律或法規。

RELATION WITH EMPLOYEE, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Remuneration packages are generally structured with reference to prevailing market terms and individual qualifications. Salaries and wages are normally reviewed on an annual basis based on performance appraisals and other relevant factors like the business performance of the Company and the annual inflation rate in Hong Kong. Apart from salary payments, there are other staff benefits including mandatory provident fund, medical insurance and performance related bonus.

Customer relationship plays a very important role in the operation of the Company. The Company fully understands this principal and thus maintains close relationship with the customers with a watchful eye for service improvement to fulfill their immediate and long-term need.

Due to the nature of the business, the Company didn't have any major supplier that has significant influence on the operations. However, the Company had always maintained fair and co-operating relationship with the suppliers.

SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND SERVICES AND ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

The Group is committed to the long-term sustainability of its businesses and the communities with which it engages. We pursue this business approach by managing our business prudently and executing management decisions with due care and attention.

The Group is also committed to acting in an environmentally responsible manner. Recycling use of eco-friendly stationery, plus strenuous efforts to save paper and energy in office, resulted in more efficient use of resources, as well as reduction of waste.

The Group remains firmly committed to operating as a socially-responsible company across all of its business operations and disclosing Corporate Social Responsibility Report during the year.

與僱員、客戶及供應商之關係

薪酬待遇一般參考現行市場條款及個人資歷制定。薪金及工資一般會每年根據表現評估及其他相關因素檢討,如本公司業務表現及香港每年通脹率。除薪金外,本公司另有其他員工福利,包括強積金、醫療保險及與表現掛鈎花紅。

客戶關係乃生意之根本,本公司深悉此原則,故會與客戶保持密切關係並密切監視改善服務以滿足其當下及長期之需要。

基於業務之性質,本公司並無任何對其營運 有重大影響之主要供應商,惟本公司一直與 供應商維持公平及合作之關係。

社會責任與服務及環境政策

本集團致力維持其業務及所在社區之長遠可 持續發展。我們審慎經營業務、盡責專注地 執行管理決策,以推動此業務模式。

本集團還承諾以環保方式行事。循環再用環 保文具,並奮力地成就節省紙張和辦公室能 源,以達致更有效地利用資源以及減少浪費。

本集團一直堅定地致力於承擔每個業務環節 中的社會責任,同時企業社會責任報告會於 年內披露。

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

There was no movement in the Company's authorized share capital during the year under review. During the year 2016, 3,096,000 share options ("Options") were granted under the Company's share option scheme as approved by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 22 May 2009 ("Scheme"), at the exercise price of HK\$0.732 per Option. Details of the Company's share capital and details of the Scheme are set out in notes 30 and 31 respectively to the financial statements.

Summary of the Scheme

- 1. The purpose of the Scheme is to reward Participants (as defined below) who have contributed to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any invested entity and/or to encourage Participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.
- 2. The Participants of the Scheme to whom Option(s) may be granted by the Board shall include Directors (including executive Directors, non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors) and employees of the Group and any advisors, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture business partners, promoters, service providers of any member of the Group who the Board considers, in its sole discretion, have contributed or will contribute to the Group.
- **3.** Total number of ordinary shares of HK\$0.2 each in the capital of the Company available for issue under the Scheme as at the date of this annual report is 28,927,292 Shares. Percentage of the issued share capital that it represents as at the date of this annual report is 9.34%.

股本及購股權

本公司法定股本於回顧年度內概無變動。於二零一六年度,發出3,096,000份購股權(「購股權」),行使價為每份購股權港幣0.732元。該等購股權乃根據本公司股東於二零零九年五月二十二日舉行之股東週年大會上批准之本公司購股權計劃(「該計劃」)發行。本公司股本詳情及該計劃詳情分別載於財務報表附註30及31。

計劃概要

- 1. 認股期權計劃旨在獎賞對本集團作出 貢獻之參與者(定義見下文)及/或協 助本集團聘請及留任能幹僱員及吸納 對本集團與任何已投資實體有重大價 值之人力資源及/或鼓勵參與者致力 提高本公司及其股份之價值,從而達 致本公司及其股東之整體利益。
- 2. 可獲董事會授予認股期權之該計劃參與者為董事會全權酌情認為曾對或將會對本集團作出貢獻者,包括:董事(包括執行董事、非執行董事及獨国任何成員公司之任何專業顧問、身銷商、承包商、供應商、代理人、客戶、業務夥伴、合營業務夥伴、推廣人士、服務提供者。
- 3. 於本年報日期,根據該計劃,可供發行之本公司股本中每股面值港幣0.2元之普通股總數為28,927,292股股份。於本年報日期,其佔已發行股本百分比為9.34%。



- **4.** Maximum entitlement of each eligible Participant under the Scheme must not to exceed 1% of the Shares in issue in any 12-month period unless approved by shareholders of the Company.
- **5.** The shares under an Option must be taken within 10 years from the date on which the Option is offered or such shorter period as the Board may determine.
- **6.** There is no minimum period for which an Option must be held before it can be exercised unless otherwise determined by the Board.
- 7. Price payable on application or acceptance of the Option is HK\$1.00. The payments or calls must or may be made in 28 days after the offer date of an Option. There are no terms on the period within which loans for the purposes of the payments or calls must be repaid.
- 8. The exercise price shall be determined by the Board and notified to each grantee and shall not be less than the highest of: (a) the closing price of a share as stated in The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the relevant Option, which must be a business day; (b) an amount equivalent to the average closing price of a share as stated in The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited's daily quotations sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the relevant Option; and (c) the nominal value of a share.
- **9.** The remaining life of the Scheme is approximately 2 years (expiring on 21 May 2019).

Details of Share Options Granted

Details of the share options granted to the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in the Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company or any of its Associated Corporation" and the relevant movement(s) during the year 2016 is set out below.

- 4. 根據該計劃,每名合資格參與者之配額上限為不超過任何十二個月期間已發行股份之1%,惟獲本公司股東批准則作別論。
- 5. 根據購股權認購股份必須由提呈購股權之日期起計十年,或董事會可能釐定之較短期間。
- **6.** 購股權可行使前概無必須持有之最短期間,倘董事會另行釐定則作別論。
- 7. 申請或接納購股權時須支付港幣1.00 元。付款或催繳必須於提呈購股權日 期後28日內付出。概無就付款或催繳 而言貸款必須償還之條款。
- 8. 行使價將由董事會釐定及通知各承授人,而金額不可低於以下各項中最高者:(a)於授出有關購股權日期(必須為營業日),香港聯合交易所有限公司日報表所載之股份收市價:(b)相等於緊接有關購股權授出日期前五個交易日,香港聯合交易所有限公司日報表所載股份之平均收市價之金額;及(c)股份之面值。
- 9. 該計劃之餘下年期約2年(於二零一九 年五月二十一日屆滿)。

已授出購股權之詳情

已授予董事之購股權詳情載於「董事及主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、 相關股份及債券中之權益及淡倉」一節,而於 二零一六年度之有關變動則列載於下文。

The following table discloses the movements in the Company's share options held by each of the Directors, the substantial shareholders of the Company and the employees of the Company granted under the Scheme during the year 2016:

下表披露於二零一六年度內,本公司由各董事、本公司主要股東及本公司僱員合共持有之購股權及根據該計劃獲授之購股權之變動:

					Number of share options 購股權數目				
Name of participant	Date of grant (Note)	Validity period	Exercise price per share HK\$	Outstanding at 1 January 2016	Granted during the year 2016	Exercised during the year 2016	Lapsed during the year 2016	Cancelled during the year 2016	Outstanding at 31 December 2016
參與者姓名	授予日期(附註)	有效期	每股港幣 行使價	於二零一六年 一月一日 尚未行使	於二零一六年 年內授予	於二零一六年 年內行使	於二零一六年 年內失效	於二零一六年 內註銷	於二零一六年 十二月三十一日 尚未行使
Ms. Chu Ming Tak Evans Tania Director 朱明德女士 董事	22 May 2009 二零零九年 五月二十二日	22 May 2009 to 21 May 2019 二零零九年五月二十二日至 二零一九年五月二十一日	0.31	8,930,087	-	-	-	-	8,930,087
Ms. Tsang Chiu Yuen Sylvia Director and substantial shareholder of the Company 曾昭婉女士 董事及本公司主要股東	14September 2016 二零一六年 九月十四日	14 September 2016 to 13 September 2026 二零一六年九月十四日至 二零二六年九月十三日	0.732	-	3,096,000	-	-	-	3,096,000
Sub-total 小計				8,930,087	3,096,000	-	-	-	12,026,087
Employee: 僱員: Ms. Sze Tak On 施得安女士	22 May 2009 二零零九年 五月二十二日	22 May 2009 to 21 May 2019 二零零九年五月二十二日至 二零一九年五月二十一日	0.31	7,441,739	-	-	-	-	7,441,739
Sub-total 小讀				7,441,739	-	-	-	-	7,441,739
Total 總計				16,371,826	3,096,000	-	-	-	19,467,826

Note:

The closing prices per share immediately before 22 May 2009 and 14 September 2016 (the date on which the share options were granted) were HK\$0.35 and HK\$0.73 respectively.

附註: 緊接二零零九年五月二十二日及二零一六年九月 十四日(即授出購股權當日)前每股收市價分別為 港幣0.35元及港幣0.73元。

All outstanding share options were exercisable as at 31 December 2016.

全部購股權於二零一六年十二月三十一日可 行使。

RESERVES

At 31 December 2016, the distributable reserves of the Company available for distribution as dividend amounted to HK\$52,547,000 represented by the contributed surplus of HK\$213,978,000 after compensating the accumulated losses of HK\$161,431,000. Under the Bermuda Companies Act, the contributed surplus shall not be distributed to the shareholders if there are reasonable grounds for believing that:

- (i) the Company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (ii) the realisable value of the Company's assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued capital and share premium accounts.

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out on page 61 and in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

FIXED ASSETS

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

Details of the movements in investment properties of the Group are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements. Further details of the Group's investment properties are set out on pages 167 to 168.

BANK BORROWINGS

The total borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2016 amounted to HK\$245,219,000 (2015: HK\$247,351,000). Particulars of borrowings are set out in Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

DONATIONS

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year is HK\$14,000 (2015: HK\$16,000).

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 166.

儲備

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司可作股息分派之可供分派儲備達港幣 52,547,000元,即為實繳盈餘港幣 213,978,000元抵償累計虧損港幣 161,431,000元後所得。根據百慕達公司法,倘存在合理依據相信以下情況,則實繳盈餘不得分派予股東:

- (i) 本公司無力或將於付款後無力償還其 到期債務;或
- (ii) 本公司資產之可變現價值將少於其負 債與已發行股本及股份溢價賬之總和。

本集團及本公司本年度之儲備變動載於綜合 財務報表第61頁及附註34。

固定資產

本集團之物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註15。

本集團之投資物業變動詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註16。本集團投資物業之進一步詳情載 於第167至168頁。

銀行借貸

本集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日的銀行借貸總額為港幣245,219,000元(二零一五年:港幣247,351,000元)。借貸詳情載於綜合財務報表附註28。

捐款

本集團在本年度作出之慈善及其他捐款為港幣14,000元(二零一五年:港幣16,000元)。

五年財務摘要

本集團於過往五個財政年度之業績以及資產 及負債摘要載於第166頁。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The biographical details of the Senior Management as at the date of this Report are set out on page 43 of the Annual Report.

The Group regards the executive directors, director of a subsidiary and the heads of functional departments as members of the senior management team.

The emoluments paid or payable to members of senior management team were within the following bands:

高級管理人員

於本報告日期,在職高級管理人員的簡歷載 於本年報第43頁。

本集團視執行董事,一間子公司的董事及職 能部門主管為高級管理團隊成員。

已付及應付高級管理人員之酬金範圍如下:

Number of individuals 人數		
2016	2015	
二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	

Emolument bands	酬金範圍		
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	零至港幣1,000,000元	2	3
HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$2,000,000	港幣1,000,001元至港幣2,000,000元	1	1
HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$3,000,000	港幣2,000,001元至港幣3,000,000元	-	_
HK\$3,000,001 - HK\$4,000,000	港幣3,000,001元至港幣4,000,000元	-	_
HK\$4,000,001 - HK\$5,000,000	港幣4,000,001元至港幣5,000,000元	-	1
HK\$5,000,001 - HK\$6,000,000	港幣5,000,001元至港幣6,000,000元	2	1
HK\$6,000,001 – HK\$7,000,000	港幣6,000,001元至港幣7,000,000元	1	1
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The five major customers of the Group were attributable to the property investments business and money lending business. The five major suppliers of the Group were attributable to hair styling. The percentages of the sales and purchases for the year attributable to the Group's major customers and suppliers are as follows:

Sales

- the largest customer

- five largest customers combined	29.00%	
Purchases		
- the largest supplier	24.86%	
- five largest suppliers combined	86.45%	

11.54%

At no time during the year, Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which, to the knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had any interest in these major customers or suppliers.

主要客戶及供應商

本集團五大客戶屬投資物業業務及借貸業務。本集團五大供應商則分屬髮型設計服務。本集團之主要客戶及供應商應佔本集團本年度之銷售額及採購額百分比如下:

銷售額

一最大客戶	11.54%
- 五位最大客戶合計	29.00%

採購額

一最大供應商	24.86%
一五位最大供應商合計	86.45%

於年內任何時間,各董事、彼等之聯繫人士或任何股東(指據董事所知擁有本公司股本5%以上之股東)概無於該等主要客戶或供應商中擁有任何權益。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of Bermuda.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's shares during the year.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors:

Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel (Executive Chairman)

Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching (Deputy Chairman)

Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia

Ms. CHU Ming Tak Evans Tania

Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Mr. HUI Yan Kit

Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary

Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward

In accordance with Bye-law 87 of the Company's bye-laws, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the Executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company which runs for an initial term of two years and will be renewable for successive terms of one year until terminated by either party by giving to the other not less than six months prior written notice.

Each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a fixed term for one year until terminated by either party by giving to the other not less than one month prior written notice.

優先權

本公司細則並無關於優先權之規定,而百慕 達法例亦無對優先權實施任何限制。

購買、出售或贖回股份

本公司於年內並無贖回本身任何股份。本公司及其各附屬公司於年內亦無購買或出售本公司任何股份。

董事

本年度及截至本年報日期在任之董事如下:

執行董事:

曾昭武先生(行政主席) 曾昭政先生(副主席) 曾昭婉女士 朱明德女士

獨立非執行董事:

許人傑先生 黃德明先生 區志偉先生

按照公司組織章程細則第87條之規定,於每屆股東週年大會上,當時三分之一董事須輪流退任。

董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議,初步 為期兩年,並可續期一年,直至任何一方向 另一方發出不少於六個月事先書面通知予以 終止時為止。

各獨立非執行董事亦與本公司訂立固定期限 一年之服務協議,直至任何一方向另一方發 出不少於一個月事先書面通知予以終止為止。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements, no other transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or holding companies was a party and in which a Director of the Company or an entity connected with a Director is or was materially interested, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

APPOINTMENT OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors are independent.

COMPETITION AND CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

None of Directors, the substantial shareholders of the Company and any of their respective close associates has engaged in any business that competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group or has any other conflict of interests with the Group during the year under review which are required to be disclosed under the Listing Rules.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

At no time during the year and up to the date of this report, there was no permitted indemnity provision being in force for the benefit of any of the Directors of the Company (whether made by the Company or otherwise).

董事在交易、安排或合約中權益

除綜合財務報表附註37所披露者外,年結時或年內任何時間,本公司、其任何附屬公司、同系附屬公司或控股公司概無簽訂或存有任何涉及本集團之業務而本公司董事或本公司董事相關主體直接或間接在其中擁有重大權益之其他重要合約。

委任獨立非執行董事

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條就其獨立性發出之年度確認書。 本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人 十。

競爭及利益衝突

董事、本公司管理層及主要股東及彼等各自任何緊密連絡人,概無於回顧年度內從事任何與本集團業務構成或可能構成直接或間接競爭的業務,或與本集團出現任何其他利益衝突,而須根據上市規則予以披露。

許可彌償條文

於本年度及截至本報告日期止任何時間,概 無以本公司任何董事為受益人的許可彌償條 文(不論是否由本公司訂立)生效。



BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Executive Directors:

Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel, aged 43, brother of the Company's Deputy Chairman, Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching, and Executive Director, Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia, was appointed as Executive Director and Executive Chairman in 1999 and 2004 respectively. He is responsible for the Group's strategic planning, business development and general management. Mr. Tsang is a director of ST (79) Investment Limited ("ST (79) Investment") and Barsmark Investments Limited ("Barsmark"), substantial shareholders of the Company, and a director of ST Investments Holding Limited, the holding company of ST (79) Investment and Barsmark.

Mr. TSANG holds a Master degree in Corporate Finance. He is active in community services and serves for different organizations in both Macau and Hong Kong. In Macau, Mr Tsang is Vice Chairman of The Federal General Commercial Association of Macau Small and Medium Enterprises, Vice Chairman of Macau Youth Entrepreneur Association, Standing Director of Macau General Association of Real Estate and Deputy Chairman of Macau Hoteliers & Innkeepers Association. In Hong Kong, he is Treasurer of the Standing Committee of The Chamber of Hong Kong Listed Companies, a Member of the China Committee, Economic Policy Committee and Small & Medium Enterprises Committee of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce. In public services, Mr Tsang is a Member of the Special Education & Rehabilitation Service Governing Committee of Hong Kong Red Cross and a School Manager of the Incorporated Management Committee of Hong Kong Red Cross John F. Kennedy Centre.

Prior to joining the Group, he had gained broad experience working with international firms in building construction, hotel management, financing and strategic investment.

董事及高級管理人員之個人簡歷

執行董事:

曾昭武先生,現年四十三歲,為本公司副主席曾昭政先生及執行董事曾昭婉女士之胞兄,於一九九九年及二零零四年分別獲委任為執行董事及行政主席。彼負責本集團之策略計劃、業務發展及整體管理。曾先生為ST (79) Investment Limited(「ST (79) Investments Limited(「Barsmark」)(本公司之主要股東)及ST Investments Holding Limited(「ST (79) Investment及Barsmark之控股公司」)之董事。

加入本集團前,彼已具備在各間國際公司工 作之經驗,包括樓宇承建、酒店管理、財務 及策略投資。

Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching, aged 40, brother of the Company's Executive Chairman, Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel, and Executive Director, Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia, was appointed as Executive Director and Deputy Chairman in 1999 and 2007 respectively. He is responsible for the evaluation and implementation of business development strategies, as well as investment activities. Mr. Tsang is also a director of ST (79) Investment and Barsmark, substantial shareholders of the Company and a director of ST Investments Holding Limited, the holding company of ST (79) Investment and Barsmark.

曾昭政先生,現年四十歲,為本公司行政主席曾昭政先生及執行董事曾昭婉女士之胞弟,於一九九九年及二零零七年分別獲委任為執行董事及副主席。彼負責評估及推行業務發展策略兼及投資項目。曾先生為ST (79) Investment (本公司之主要股東)、Barsmark(本公司之主要股東)、ST Investments Holding Limited(ST (79) Investment及Barsmark之控股公司)之董事。

Before joining the Group, Mr. TSANG worked in a finance company responsible for corporate finance functions, direct investments and project financing.

加入本集團前,曾先生曾任職一間財務公司,負責企業融資、直接投資及項目融資。

Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia, aged 42, sister of the Company's Executive Chairman, Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel, and Deputy Chairman, Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching, was appointed as Executive Director in 2010. She has been serving as director of a number of other subsidiaries of the Group with the earliest appointment back to 2002. She is now responsible for the sales and leasing in the property investments business segment of the Group, in particular the residential sector. Ms. Tsang is also a director of ST (79) Investment and Barsmark, substantial shareholders of the Company and a director of ST Investments Holding Limited, the holding company of ST (79) Investment and Barsmark.

曾昭婉女士,現年四十二歲,為本公司行政主席曾昭婉先生及副主席曾昭政先生之姊妹,於二零一零年獲委任為執行董事,並於二零零二年起擔任本集團多間附屬公司之董事。彼目前負責本集團物業投資分部之銷售及租賃策劃,特別在住宅物業界別。曾女士為ST (79) Investment(本公司之主要股東)、Barsmark(本公司主要股東)、ST Investments Holdings Limited (ST (79) Investment及Barsmark之控股公司)之董事。

Ms. TSANG received her tertiary education in Canada and holds a Bachelor's degree in Economics. Before joining the Group, Ms. Tsang worked in a retail business responsible for its operation, sales and marketing and had over 11 years experience in the field.

曾女士於加拿大接受大學教育,持有經濟學學士學位。加入本集團前,曾女士曾任職一間零售業務公司,負責其營運、銷售及市場推廣工作,並於銷售及市場推廣方面擁有超過十一年經驗。

Ms. CHU Ming Tak Evans Tania, aged 59, joined the Group in 1999 and was appointed as Executive Director in 2001. Besides overseeing the Group's Finance and Human Resources & Corporate Affairs departments, she is also responsible for all legal matters of the Group.

朱明德女士,現年五十九歲,於一九九九年加入本集團,並於二零零一年獲委任為執行董事。彼除了負責監管本集團之財務、人力資源及企業事務部門外,彼亦負責本集團所有法律相關事務。

Ms. CHU received her tertiary education in Canada. Prior to joining the Group, she had more than 12 years of experience working in the financial field of various commercial enterprises both in Hong Kong and Canada.

朱女士在加拿大接受專上教育。加入本集團 前,彼在香港及加拿大兩地多家不同商業機 構從事財務工作,並擁有逾十二年經驗。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:

Mr. HUI Yan Kit, aged 43, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in 2004. Before joining the Group, Mr. HUI had more than 8 years experience in sales and marketing both in Hong Kong and China. He is currently a general manager of an international corporation engaged in plastic material manufacturing and trading.

Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary, aged 41, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in 2006. He is a practicing certified public accountant in Hong Kong and a fellow member of both the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Taxation Institution of Hong Kong and also an associate of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He now runs a professional accountancy firm and has over 10 years of experience in accounting, auditing, taxation and corporate finance. Mr. Wong is also an independent non-executive director of Emperor International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 163), a listed Company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward, aged 42, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in 2011. He received his tertiary education in Canada. Before joining the Group, being an entrepreneur Mr. Au had run for over 10 years businesses in various fields covering food and beverage, interior decorations, trading in equipments, garment and property investment.

獨立非執行董事:

許人傑先生,現年四十三歲,於二零零四年 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。加入本集團前, 許先生擁有逾八年於香港及中國從事銷售及 市場推廣之經驗。目前,彼於一家製造及買 賣塑膠材料之國際公司任職總經理。

黃德明先生,現年四十一歲,於二零零六年 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼為香港執業會 計師,並為特許公認會計師公會以及香港稅 務學會資深會員,並為英格蘭及威爾士特計 會計師公會會員。彼現經營一間專業會計師 事務所並於會計、審計、稅務及企業融資 面擁有超過十年經驗。黃先生現亦為香港國 合交易所有限公司主板上市公司英皇集團(國際)有限公司(股份代號:163)之獨立非執行董事。

區志偉先生,現年四十二歲,於二零一一年 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。區先生在加拿大 接受專上教育。作為企業家,區先生在加入 本集團前已經營不同範疇之業務逾十年,其 業務涵蓋餐飲、室內裝修、設備貿易、成衣 及物業投資方面。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Sze Tak On, aged 47, was appointed as Financial Controller and Company Secretary in 2004. Ms. Sze holds a Master degree in Corporate Finance. She is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. Ms. Sze has over 23 years of experience in accounting, auditing and finance mostly working with public companies listed in Hong Kong. Ms. Sze is responsible for the financial and accounting matters of the Group as well as listing compliance issues of the Company.

Ms. Wong Yim Tsui Amy, aged 55, joined the Group in 1999 and was promoted Vice President of Human Resources & Corporate Affairs in 2005. She is tertiary educated in The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and has been admitted member to Hong Kong Institute of Human Resources Management since 1991. Ms. Wong has over 25 years' human resources experience in various industries including finance, retail and servicing and is responsible for the Group's human resources management to cope with corporate planning for business development.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY OF ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 December 2016, the interests and short positions of each of the Directors and Chief Executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which (i) were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) were recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO; or (iii) have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules were as follows:

高級管理人員

施得安女士,現年四十七歲,於二零零四年獲委任為財務總監及公司秘書。施女士持會員,英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員,英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員,政及英國特許秘書公會以及英國特許秘書及行務計劃,並多數任職於會國界積逾二十三年經驗,並多數任職於會計上市的公司。施女士負責本集團財務,會計以及本公司上市規管方面的事務。

黃艷翠女士,現年五十五歲,於一九九九年加入本集團並於二零零五年升任人力資源及集團事務部副總裁。彼於香港理工大學接受專上教育並於一九九一年成為香港人力資源管理協會會員。黃女士在不同行業包括財務、零售、服務行業累積逾二十五年相關的人力資源經驗。彼負責本集團人力資源管理以配合企業業務發展的需要。

董事及主要行政人員於本公司或 其任何相聯法團之股份、相關股 份及債券中之權益及淡倉

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,(i)根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)(包括根據證券及期貨條例之權益及第6);或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第352條而須予存備之登記冊所記錄;或(iii)根據上市規則所載之標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所,各董事及主要行政人員在本公司及其任何相聯法團(按證券及期貨條例第XV部之定義)之股份、相關股份及債券中之權益及淡倉如下:

(i) Interests in shares and underlying shares of the Company

(i) 於本公司股份及相關股份之權益

Name of Director 董事姓名	Nature of interests 權益性質	Name of company in which ordinary shares/securities are held 於下列公司持有普通股/證券	Number of Ordinary shares/ securities held 所持普通股/ 證券數	Approximate percentage of total shareholding 佔總持股量之 概約百分比
Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching	Beneficial interests	The Company	749,250	0,24%
曾昭政先生	實益權益	本公司	749,250	0.24%
	Interest of controlled	The Company	19,329,195	6.24%
	corporation 受控制法團權益	本公司	(Note 1 and 3) 19,329,195 (附註1及3)	6.24%
	Interest of controlled corporation	The Company	88,275,577 (Note 2 and 3)	28.50%
	受控制法團權益	本公司	88,275,577 (附註2及3)	28.50%
Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel	Interest of controlled corporation	The Company	19,329,195 (Note 1 and 3)	6.24%
曾昭武先生	受控制法團權益	本公司	19,329,195 (附註1及3)	6.24%
	Interest of controlled corporation	The Company	88,275,577 (Note 2 and 3)	28.50%
	受控制法團權益	本公司	88,275,577 (附註2及3)	28.50%
Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia	Beneficial interests	The Company	3,064,000	0.99%
曾昭婉女士	實益權益	本公司	3,064,000	0.99%
	Interest of controlled	The Company	19,329,195	6.24%
	corporation		(Note 1 and 3)	
	受控制法團權益	本公司	19,329,195 (附註1及3)	6.24%
	Interest of controlled	The Company	88,275,577	28.50%
	corporation		(Note 2 and 3)	
	受控制法團權益	本公司	88,275,577 (附註2及3)	28.50%

Notes:

附註:

1.	These shares were beneficially owned by Barsmark Investments
	Limited.

^{1.} 此等股份由Barsmark Investments Limited 實為擁有。

^{2.} These shares were beneficially owned by ST (79) Investment Limited.

^{2.} 此等股份由ST (79) Investment Limited實 益擁有。

- 3. The issued share capital of Barsmark Investments Limited and ST (79) Investment Limited are both wholly and beneficially owned by ST Investments Holding Limited ("ST Investments"), the issued share capital of which is beneficially owned to one-third by each of Fortune Ocean Limited (a company wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching), Conba Investments Limited (a company wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel) and Ssky Investments Limited (a company wholly and beneficially owned by Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia). Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching, Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel and Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia are directors of Barsmark Investments Limited, ST (79) Investment Limited and ST Investments. Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel is a director of Fortune Ocean Limited. Mr. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia is a director of Ssky Investments Limited. Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia is a director of Ssky Investments Limited.
- Barsmark Investments Limited及ST (79) Investment Limited之已發行股本均由 ST Investments Holding Limited (| ST Investments」)全資實益擁有。 Fortune Ocean Limited(一間由曾昭政先生全資 實益擁有之公司)、磐基投資有限公司 (一間由曾昭武先生全資實益擁有之公 司)及Ssky Investments Limited(一間 由曾昭婉女士全資實益擁有之公司)各 自實益擁有ST Investments三分一之已 發行股本。曾昭政先生、曾昭武先生 及曾昭婉女士為Barsmark Investments Limited、ST (79) Investment Limited及 ST Investments之董事。曾昭政先生為 Fortune Ocean Limited之董事。曾昭武 先生為磐基投資有限公司之董事。曾昭 婉女士則為Ssky Investments Limited之

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors and Chief Executive (including their spouse and children under 18 years of age) of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Division 7 & 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

除以上披露者外,根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所(包括根據證券及期貨條例之有關條文彼等被視作或當作擁有之權益或淡倉);或根據證券及期貨條例第352條而須記錄於登記冊;或根據上市規則所載之標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所,本公司各董事及行政總裁(包括彼等之配偶及18歲以下之子女)概無於本公司或其相聯法團(按證券及期貨條例第XV部之定義)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有任何權益或淡倉。



(ii) Interests in the Share options of the Company

(ii) 於本公司購股權之權益

Name of Director/ Chief Executive 董事/主要行政 人員姓名	Date of grant of share options 授出購股權日期	Exercisable period 行使期	Exercise price per Share (HK\$) 每股行使價 (港幣)	Number of options outstanding 尚未行使 購股權數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the Company 佔本公司股權之 概約百分比
Ms. Chu Ming Tak Evans Tania	22 May 2009	22 May 2009 to 21 May 2019	0.31	8,930,087	2.88%
朱明德女士	二零零九年 五月二十二日	二零零九年 五月二十二日至 二零一九年 五月二十一日	0.31	8,930,087	2.88%
Ms. Tsang Chiu Yuen Sylvia	14 September 2016	14 September 2016 to 13 September 2026	0.732	3,096,000	1.00%
曾昭婉女士	二零一六年 九月十四日	二零零一六年 九月十四日至 二零二六年 九月十三日	0.732	3,096,000	1.00%
Ms. Sze Tak On	22 May 2009	22 May 2009 to 21 May 2019	0.31	7,441,739	2.40%
施得安女士	二零零九年 五月二十二日	二零零九年 五月二十二日至 二零一九年 五月二十一日	0.31	7,441,739	2.40%

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES OR UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

The register of substantial shareholders maintained under Section 336 of the SFO shows that as at 31 December 2016, the Company had been notified of the following substantial shareholders' interests and short positions, being 5% or more of the Company's issued share capital. These interests are in addition to those in respect of the Directors and Chief Executives as disclosed above.

主要股東於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有之權益及淡倉

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例第336條而設置之主要股東登記冊,顯示本公司已接獲持有本公司已發行股本5%或以上之主要股東權益及淡倉之通知如下,此等權益乃以上披露之董事及主要行政人員之權益以外者。

Long position in shares

股份之好倉

Name 股東名稱	Nature of interests 權益性質	Number of shares held 權益性質	Approximate percentage of total shareholding 佔總持股量之概約百分比
Barsmark Investments Limited (Note 1) Barsmark Investments Limited(附註1)	Beneficial Interest 實益權益	19,329,195 19,329,195	6.24% 6.24%
ST (79) Investment Limited (Note 1) ST (79) Investment Limited(附註1)	Beneficial Interest 實益權益	88,275,577 88,275,577	28.50% 28.50%
ST Investments Holding Limited (Note 1)	Interest of controlled corporation	107,604,772 (Note 2)	34.74%
ST Investments Holding Limited(附註1)	受控制法團權益	(Note 2) 107,604,772 (附註2)	34.74%
Conba Investments Limited (Note 1)	Interest of controlled corporation	107,604,772 (Note 2)	34.74%
磐基投資有限公司(附註1)	受控制法團權益	107,604,772 (附註2)	34.74%
Ssky Investments Limited (Note 1)	Interest of controlled corporation	107,604,772 (Note 2)	34.74%
Ssky Investments Limited(附註1)	受控制法團權益	107,604,772 (附註2)	34.74%
Fortune Ocean Limited (Note 1)	Interest of controlled corporation	107,604,772 (Note 2)	34.74%
Fortune Ocean Limited(附註1)	受控制法團權益	107,604,772 (附註2)	34.74%
Szeto Investments Holdings (Amusement) Limited (Note 3)	Beneficial interest	50,996,250	16.47%
Szeto Investments Holdings (Amusement) Limited(附註3)	實益權益	50,996,250	16.47%
Szeto Investments Holdings Limited (Note 3)	Interest of controlled	50,996,250	16.47%
Szeto Investments Holdings Limited (附註3)	corporation 受控制法團權益	50,996,250	16.47%
Szeto International Holdings Limited (Note 3)	Interest of controlled corporation	50,996,250	16.47%
Szeto International Holdings Limited (附註3)	受控制法團權益	50,996,250	16.47%
Ms. SZETO Yuk Lin (Note 3)	Interest of controlled corporation	50,996,250	16.47%
司徒玉蓮女士(附註3)	受控制法團權益	50,996,250	16.47%

Notes:

- 1. Barsmark Investments Limited and ST (79) Investment Limited are both wholly and beneficially owned by ST Investments Holding Limited, the issued share capital of which is beneficially owned as to one-third by each of (i) Conba Investments Limited (a company wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. TSANG Chiu Mo Samuel); (ii) Fortune Ocean Limited (a company wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. TSANG Chiu Ching); and (iii) Ssky Investments Limited (a company wholly and beneficially owned by Ms. TSANG Chiu Yuen Sylvia).
- These shares represent the aggregate number of shares beneficially owned by Barsmark Investments Limited and ST (79) Investment Limited.
- Szeto Investments Holdings (Amusement) Limited is wholly-owned by Szeto Investments Holdings Limited, the issued share capital of which is whollyowned by Szeto International Holdings Limited. Ms. SZETO Yuk Lin is wholly and beneficially interested in the entire issued share capital of Szeto International Holdings Limited

Save as disclosed above, no other person other than the Directors or Chief Executives of the Company had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions for the year under review are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements. None of these related party transactions constitutes connected transaction or continuing connected transaction which is required to be disclosed under the Listing Rules. The Directors confirm that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has complied throughout the year with the code provisions same as disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report and most of the recommended best practices in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in the Listing Rules except for certain areas of non-compliance that are discussed in the Corporate Governance Report.

附註:

- 1. Barsmark Investments Limited及ST (79) Investment Limited均由ST Investments Holding Limited全資實益擁有,而其已發行股本分別由(I)磐基投資有限公司(一間由曾昭武先生全資實益擁有之公司): (ii) Fortune Ocean Limited(一間由曾昭政先生全資實益擁有之公司): 及(iii) Ssky Investments Limited(一間由曾昭婉女士全資實益擁有之公司)實益擁有三分一權益。
- 此等股份指Barsmark Investments Limited及ST (79) Investment Limited實益擁有之股份總額。
- 3. Szeto Investments Holdings (Amusement)
 Limited乃由Szeto Investments Holdings Limited
 全資擁有,其已發行股本由Szeto International
 Holdings Limited全資擁有。司徒玉蓮女士全資實
 益擁有Szeto International Holdings Limited之全
 部已發行股本。

除以上所披露外,概無其他人士(本公司董事或行政總裁除外)於根據證券及期貨條例第336條本公司須予存備之登記冊內所記錄之股份或相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉。

關連及關連人士交易

回顧年度內,有關連人士交易詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註37。該等有關連人士交易概不 構成關連交易或持續關連交易,須根據上市 規則作出披露。董事確認本公司已符合上市 規則第14A章之披露規定。

管理合約

年內,本公司並無就整體業務或任何重要業 務之管理及行政工作簽訂或存有任何合約。

企業管治

年內,除企業管治報告討論的若干方面外, 本公司一直遵守企業管治報告披露之守則條 文及上市規則所載企業管治常規守則之大部 份推薦守則。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The written terms of reference which describe the authority and duties of the Audit Committee were prepared and adopted with reference to "A Guide for The Formation of An Audit Committee" published by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The Audit Committee provides an important link between the Board of Directors and the Company's auditors in matters coming within the scope of the Group audit. It also reviews the effectiveness of the external audit and of internal controls and risk evaluation. The Audit Committee comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. HUI Yan Kit, Mr. WONG Tak Ming Gary and Mr. AU Chi Wai Edward. Two meetings were held during the current financial year. Audit Committee had met with the management of the Company and the auditors to review the final results, considered the significant accounting policies, and discussed with the management matters relating to Group's internal audit and internal control system. The Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 have been reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee.

PUBLIC FLOAT

From information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital are held by the public at all times during the year.

AUDITOR

BDO Limited has acted as auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016. A resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint BDO Limited as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

CHU Ming Tak Evans Tania

Executive Director

Hong Kong, 31 March 2017

審核委員會

審核委員會之職權及責任之職權範圍乃參照 香港會計師公會刊發之「成立審核委員會指 引」編製及採納。

公眾持股量

根據本公司公開取得之資料及就其董事深知,於本年度任何時間,本公司已發行股本總額至少25%由公眾人士持有。

核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司為本公司截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度的核數師。本公司將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈決議案以重新委聘香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司為本公司核數師。

代表董事會

朱明德 執行董事

香港,二零一七年三月三十一日

獨立核數師報告



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To the shareholders of Century Legend (Holdings) Limited

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Century Legend (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 57 to 165, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2016, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致世紀建業(集團)有限公司

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) **列位股東**

意見

吾等已審核載於第57至165頁世紀建業(集團)有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一六年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況報表與截至該日止年度之綜合全面收入報表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映貴集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度貴集團的綜合財務表現及其綜合現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》之披露規定妥為編製。

意見之基準

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計 準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。根據該等 準則,吾等的責任於本報告「核數師就審核 綜合財務報表的責任」一節中詳述。根據審香 港會計師公會香港職業會計師道德守則(「同 則」),吾等獨立於貴集團,並已遵循守則履 行其他道德責任。吾等相信,吾等所獲得的 審核憑證足夠及能適當地為吾等的意見提供 基礎。

BDO Limited 香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of investment properties

(Refer to notes 3.8, 4 and 16 in the consolidated financial statements)

Management estimated the fair value of the Group's investment properties to be HK\$319,200,000 at 31 December 2016, with a revaluation gain for the year ended 31 December 2016 recorded in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of HK\$2,809,000.

Independent external valuations were obtained for all the investment properties to support management's estimates. The valuations are dependent on certain key assumptions that require significant management judgment, including recent market information about prices for comparable properties with potentially significant adjustments for any differences in the characteristics of the Group's properties.

Our procedures in relation to management's valuation of investment properties included:

- evaluating of the independent external valuers' competence, capabilities and objectivity;
- assessing the methodologies used and the appropriateness of key assumptions based on our knowledge of the property industry; and
- checking, on a sample basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data used and the resultant calculations.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項為吾等的專業判斷中,審核本 期間綜合財務報表中最重要的事項。吾等於 審核整體綜合財務報表處理此等事項及就此 形成意見,而不會就此等事項單獨發表意見。

投資物業估值

(茲提述綜合財務報表附註3.8,4及16)

管理層估算 貴集團之投資物業於二零 一六年十二月三十一日之公平值為港幣 319,200,000元,並在綜合全面收入報表就截 至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度記錄重 估收益港幣2,809,000元。

吾等已就所有投資物業取得獨立外部估值, 以支持管理層之估計。估值取決於若干主要 假設,而該等假設則需要管理層作出重大判 斷,包括關於可比較物業價格之近期市場資 料,當中需要就該等可比較物業與 貴集團 物業之間之特質差異作出潛在重大調整。

吾等就管理層對投資物業之估值所採取之程 序包括:

- 評價獨立外部估值師之資格、能力及客觀性;
- 根據吾等對物業行業之認識,評估所 採用之方法及主要假設之合適性;及
- 抽樣檢查所採用輸入數據之準確性及相關性,以及所得計算結果。

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Impairment of loan receivables

(Refer to notes 3.11, 4 and 19 in the consolidated financial statements)

The Group had loan receivables amounting to HK\$36,906,000 as at 31 December 2016 relating to its money lending business. A provision for impairment of HK\$972,000 has been made for the loan due from one borrower which has been assessed by management to be impaired.

Determining an appropriate amount for the impairment provision requires significant management judgment including an assessment of the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of borrowers, as well as the financial condition of the borrowers.

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of loan receivables included:

- understanding and verifying the credit policies adopted by management in approving loans and monitoring collectability;
- questioning management's knowledge on the background and financial condition of the borrowers;
- checking the repayment history of the borrowers; and
- discussing with management for indicators of impairment and, where such indicators were identified, assessing the adequacy and reasonableness of the amount of any provision arising.

關鍵審核事項(續) 應收貸款減值

(茲提述綜合財務報表附註3.11、4及19)

貴集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日就其借貸服務有應收貸款港幣36,906,000元,並已就一名借款人結欠之貸款作出減值撥備港幣972,000元,該款項被管理層評估為已經減值。

釐定適當減值撥備金額需要管理層作出重大 判斷,包括評估借款人目前之信用度及以往 收款記錄,以及借款人之財務狀況。

吾等就管理層對應收貸款之減值評估所採取 之程序包括:

- 了解及核實管理層在審批貸款及監察 可收回情況過程中所採取之信貸政 策;及
- 一 向查詢管理層對借款人之背景及財務 狀況之了解
- 檢查借款人之還款歷史;及
- 與管理層討論可能減值指標,而倘若 識別出有關指標,則評估所產生撥備 金額之準確性及合理性。

獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR The Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

年報其他資料

董事就其他資料負責。其他資料包括已計 入 貴公司年報的資料,惟不包括綜合財務 報表及相關核數師報告。

吾等就綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資 料且吾等並不就此發表任何形式的核證結論。

就吾等審核綜合財務報表而言,吾等負責閱 讀其他資料,並在閱讀中考慮其他資料是否 與綜合財務報表或吾等於審核中的瞭解存在 重大不一致或可能存在重大錯誤陳述。倘根 據吾等所進行的工作,吾等認為其他資料存 在重大錯誤申述,則吾等須報告該事實。吾 等並無須就此作出報告之事項。

董事就綜合財務報表之責任

董事負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定編製 真實公平的綜合財務報表,並負責董事認為 就使綜合財務報表之編製不存在由於欺詐或 錯誤而產生的重大錯誤陳述而言屬必要的相 關內部監控。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估貴集團的持續經營能力、披露(如適用)與持續經營相關的事宜並採用持續經營基準的會計法,惟董事擬清盤貴集團或終止經營或除此之外並無其他切實可行的選擇則除外。

董事亦負責監督貴集團的財務報告程序。審核委員會協助董事履行其在此方面之責任。

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR The audit of the consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error; design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks; and, obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表之責任

吾等的目標為合理確保綜合財務報表整體是 否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 陳述,並出具載有吾等意見的核數師報告, 本報告乃根據一九八一年百慕達法例第90條 僅向閣下(作為整體)作出而並無其他目的。 吾等不就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負責 或承擔責任。

合理確保為高水平的確保,惟並不保證根據 香港審計準則進行的審核總能發現所存在的 重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可能由欺詐或錯誤 而產生,倘其個別或整體可合理預期將影響 使用者根據該等綜合財務報表作出的經濟決 定,則被視為重大。

根據香港審計準則進行審核時,吾等運用專業判斷,於整個審核過程中抱持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表由於欺詐或 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險,因 應此等風險設計及執行審核程序,獲 得充足及適當審核憑證為吾等的意見 提供基礎。由於欺詐涉及合謀串通 機造、故意遺漏、誤導性陳述或凌駕 內部監控,因此未能發現由此造成的 重大錯誤陳述風險較未能發現由於錯 誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險更高。
- 瞭解與審核有關的內部監控,以設計 恰當的審核程序,但並非旨在對貴集 團內部監控的有效性發表意見。

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR The audit of the consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表之責任 (續)

- 評估所用會計政策是否恰當,以及董事所作會計估算及相關披露是否合理。
- 評估綜合財務報表(包括披露)的整體 列報、架構及內容,以及綜合財務報 表是否已公允列報相關交易及事項。
- 就貴集團內各實體或業務活動的財務 資料獲得充足的審核憑證,以就綜合 財務報表發表意見。吾等負責指導、 監督及執行集團的審核工作。吾等僅 為吾等的審核意見承擔責任。

吾等與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核工作的 計劃範圍及時間安排及重大審核發現,包括 吾等於審核期間識別出內部監控的任何重大 缺陷溝通。

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR The audit of the consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表之責任 (續)

吾等亦向審核委員會提交聲明,說明吾等已 遵守有關獨立性的道德要求,並就所有被合 理認為可能影響吾等的獨立性的關係及其他 事宜及相關防範措施(如適用)與治理層溝通。

吾等從與董事溝通的事項中,確定對本期間 綜合財務報表的審核工作最為重要的事項, 因而構成關鍵審核事項。除非法律或法規不 容許公開披露此等事項,或於極罕有的情況 下,吾等認為披露此等事項可合理預期的不 良後果將超越公眾知悉此等事項的利益而不 應於報告中披露,否則吾等會於核數師報告 中描述此等事項。

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Lee Ming Wai

Practising Certificate Number P05682

Hong Kong, 31 March 2017

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

利明慧

執業證書編號P05682

香港,二零一七年三月三十一日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合全面收入報表

			2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		Notes	—◆一八平 HK\$'000	—令一五十 HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
				(Re-presented)
				(經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務			
Revenue	收益	5(a)	28,079	30,908
Cost of revenue	收益成本 ————————————————————————————————————		(9,131)	(9,399)
Gross profit	毛利		18,948	21,509
Other income	其他收入	5(b)	9,189	9,860
Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列賬及於損益賬中 處理之財務資產之公平值		(0)	(500)
Fair value gain on investment properties	虧損 投資物業之公平值收益	16	(2) 2,809	(530) 3,500
Administrative expenses	行政開支	_	(51,972)	(47,661)
Finance costs	融資成本	7	(4,943)	(4,925)
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	8	(25,971)	(18,247)
Income tax credit/(expense)	所得税抵免/(開支) ————————————————————————————————————	9	738	(405)
Loss for the year from continuing	持續經營業務之本年度虧損			
operations			(25,233)	(18,652)
Discontinued operation	已終止經營業務			
Profit for the year from discontinued	已終止經營業務之本年度			
operation	溢利 ————————————————————————————————————	10	5,970	209
Loss for the year	本年度虧損		(19,263)	(18,443)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入			
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	期後將可能會重新分類至 損益之項目			
Revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets	重估可供出售財務資產		604	(2,939)
				(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Other comprehensive income for the year	本年度其他全面收入		604	(2,939)
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收入總額			
Total comprehensive income for the year	个十 反土 山 収入総积		(18,659)	(21,382)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合全面收入報表

		Note 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
(Loss)/Profit for the year attributable to:	以下各項應佔本年度 (虧損)/溢利:			
Owners of the Company - from continuing operations - from discontinued operation	本公司擁有人 一持續經營業務 一已終止經營業務		(25,587) 5,970	(19,341) 209
			(19,617)	(19,132)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		354	689
			(19,263)	(18,443)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:	以下各項應佔本年度全面 收入總額:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(19,013) 354	(22,071) 689
			(18,659)	(21,382)
			HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙
Basic and diluted loss per share For continuing and discontinued	每股基本及攤薄虧損 持續及已終止經營業務	11		
operations For continuing operations	持續經營業務		(6.33) (8.26)	(6.23) (6.30)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

as at 31 December 2016 • 於二零一六年十二月三十一日

			_	
			2016	2015
			二零一六年	二零一五年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	3,571	3,169
Investment properties	投資物業	16	319,200	313,400
Prepaid land lease payments	預付土地租賃款項	17	3,577	3,700
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售之財務資產	18	18,733	18,129
Loans receivable	應收貸款	19	9,200	36,987
			354,281	375,385
			004,201	070,000
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	20	51	53
Prepaid land lease payments	預付土地租賃款項	17	123	123
Financial assets at fair value through profit				
or loss	處理之財務資產	21	4,796	4,896
Trade and other receivables and	營業及其他應收賬款及			
prepayments	預付款項	22	5,461	13,717
Loans receivable	應收貸款	19	27,706	1,943
Trust bank balances held on behalf of	代客戶持有之信託銀行結餘			
customers		23	_	11,318
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	24	115,330	118,736
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	25	117,768	131,977
			271,235	282,763
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	加到貝員 營業應付賬款	26	84	14,025
Other payables and accruals	宮未應的 版	20	13,267	11,746
· ·		27	13,267	203
Obligations under finance leases Bank borrowings (secured)	融資租約承擔銀行借貸(有抵押)	27 28	245,219	203
Tax payable		20		103
Tax payable	應付税項		230	103
			259,088	273,428
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		12,147	9,335
			•	
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		366,428	384,720

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

as at 31 December 2016 • 於二零一六年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Obligations under finance leases	融資租約承擔	27	692	338
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	29	2,438	3,303
			3,130	3,641
Net assets	資產淨額		363,298	381,079
EQUITY	權益			
Share capital	股本	30	61,941	61,941
Reserves	儲備	34	297,282	315,325
Equity attributable to the owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Company			359,223	377,266
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		4,075	3,813
Total equity	權益總額		363,298	381,079

On behalf of the directors

代表董事

Tsang Chiu Mo Samuel 曾昭武 Director 董事 Chu Ming Tak Evans Tania 朱明德 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

		Equity attributable to the owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔權益								
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Share premium* 股份溢價* HK\$'000 港幣千元	Capital reserve* 資本儲備* HK\$'000 港幣千元	Revaluation reserve* 重估儲備* HK\$*000 港幣千元	Share option reserve* 購股權儲備* HK\$'000 港幣千元	Retained profits/ (Accumulated losses)* 保留溢利/ (累計虧損)* HK\$'000	Total 合計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
				(Note 34(a)) (附註34(a))	(Note 34(b)) (附註34(b))	(Note 34(c)) (附註34(c))				
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	61,328	150,918	146,189	6,899	2,945	27,882	396,161	3,124	399,285
Other comprehensive income 其他全面 — Revaluation of — 重估可	本年度(虧損)/溢利 其他全面收入 一重估可供出售之 財務資產	-	-	-	-	-	(19,132)	(19,132)	689	(18,443)
financial assets	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-	_	_	(2,939)	-	-	(2,939)	-	(2,939)
Total comprehensive income for the year	* 本年度全面收入總額	-	-	-	(2,939)	-	(19,132)	(22,071)	689	(21,382)
Shares option granted (note 31) Shares issued under share option scheme (note 31)	已授出購股權(附註31) 根據購股權計劃所發行之 股份(附註31)	- 613	2,563	-	-	969 (969)	-	969 2,207	-	969 2,207
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日及 二零一六年一月一日	61,941	153,481	146,189	3,960	2,945	8,750	377,266	3,813	381,079
(Loss)/Profit for the year Other comprehensive income – Revaluation of available-for-sale	本年度(虧損)/溢利 其他全面收入 一重估可供出售之財務 資產	-	-	-	-	-	(19,617)	(19,617)	354	(19,263)
financial assets		-	-	-	604	-	-	604	-	604
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收入總額	-	-	-	604	-	(19,617)	(19,013)	354	(18,659)
Shares option granted (note 31) Acquisition of non-controlling	已授出購股權(附註31) 收購非控股權益	-	-	-	-	957	-	957	-	957
interests		-				-	13	13	(92)	(79)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年 十二月三十一日	61,941	153,481	146,189	4,564	3,902	(10,854)	359,223	4,075	363,298

The total balances of these equity accounts at the end of reporting period represent "Reserves" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

於報告期末之該等權益賬之結餘總額相當於綜合 財務狀況表之「儲備」。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cash flows from operating activities Loss before income tax from continuing	經營業務產生之現金流量 持續經營業務之除所得税前			
operations Profit before income tax from	虧損 已終止經營業務之除所得稅		(25,971)	(18,247)
discontinued operation	已於正經宮未務之陈別侍祝 前溢利 		5,970	209
Loss before income tax Adjustments for: Depreciation of property, plant and	除所得税前虧損 就以下各項作出調整: 物業、廠房及設備折舊		(20,001)	(18,038)
equipment		15	590	837
Fair value gain on investment properties Amortisation of prepaid land lease	投資物業之公平值收益 預付土地租賃款項攤銷	16	(2,809)	(3,500)
payments (Reversal)/Provision for impairment on	應收貸款之減值(撥回)/	17	123	123
loans receivable Employee share option expense Fair value loss on financial assets at fair	撥備 僱員購股權開支 按公平值列賬及於損益賬	8 31	(28) 957	1,000 969
value through profit or loss Bank interest income Dividend income from listed	中處理之財務資產之 公平值虧損 銀行利息收入 來自上市投資之股息收入	5(b)	2 (8,130)	530 (7,600)
investments Finance costs Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	融資成本 出售附屬公司之收益	5(b) 7 10	(924) 4,943 (5,854)	(1,054) 4,925 -
Operating loss before working capital changes Decrease/(Increase) in loans receivable Decrease in inventories	扣除營運資金變動前之經營 虧損 應收貸款減少/(增加) 存貨減少		(31,131) 2,052 2	(21,808) (7,741)
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列賬及於損益賬中 處理之財務資產減少		98	267
Decrease in trade and other receivables and prepayments	營業及其他應收賬款及預付 款項減少		1,204	414
Decrease/(Increase) in trust bank balances held on behalf of customers	代客戶持有之信託銀行結餘減少/(增加)		6,654	(5,232)
(Decrease)/Increase in trade payables, other payables and accruals	營業應付賬款,其他應付賬款及應計款項(減少)/		,	,
Transaction costs paid for disposal of a	增加 就出售附屬公司支付之交易	4.5	(7,208)	2,799
subsidiary ————————————————————————————————————	成本 ————————————————————————————————————	10	(146)	-
Net cash used in operating activities	經營業務所耗之現金淨額		(28,475)	(31,301)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment	投資業務產生之現金流量 購買物業、廠房及設備		(328)	(115)
Purchase of available-for-sale financial assets Decrease in pledged bank deposits	購買可供出售之財務資產 已抵押銀行存款減少		- 3,406	(144) 2,476
Decrease in bank deposits maturing beyond three months Bank interest received Dividend received from listed investments Addition of investment properties Net cash inflow from disposal of a subsidiary	超過三個月到期之銀行存款 減少 已收銀行利息	5(b) 16 10	71,353 8,398 924 (2,991) 12,272	6,135 7,827 1,054 -
Net cash generated from investing activities	投資業務所得現金淨額		93,034	17,233
Cash flows from financing activities Capital element of finance lease payments Interest element of finance lease payments Repayments of bank borrowings Loan interest paid Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary	融資業務產生之現金流量 融資租賃付款之資本部份 融資租賃付款之利息部份 償還銀行借貸 已付貸款利息 發行普通股股份之所得款項 收購附屬公司之額外權益		(261) (34) (2,132) (4,909) – (79)	(234) (30) (2,130) (4,895) 2,207
Net cash used in financing activities	融資業務所耗現金淨額		(7,415)	(5,082)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 增加/(減少)淨額		57,144	(19,150)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	於一月一日之現金及現金等 價物		33,328	52,478
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之現金及 現金等價物		90,472	33,328
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents Cash and bank balances as stated in consolidated statement of financial position Less: short-term deposits with maturity beyond three months but within	現金及現金等價物之 結餘分析 於綜合財務狀況表列賬之 現金及銀行結餘 減:超過三個月惟一年內 到期之短期存款		117,768	131,977
one year	N		(27,296)	(98,649)
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之現金及 現金等價物		90,472	33,328

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Century Legend (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in Bermuda and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The Company's registered office is at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM 11, Bermuda and its principal place of business is at Unit 906, 9th Floor, AXA Centre, 151 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company and all amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand ("HK\$'000") except when otherwise indicated.

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding. Details of the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 33. The Company and its subsidiaries are referred to as the "Group" hereinafter.

During the year, the Group disposed of its 100% equity interest in Century Legend Securities Limited ("CL Securities"). Details of the disposal are set out in note 10.

The consolidated financial statements on pages 57 to 165 have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") which collectively includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). The consolidated financial statements also include the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 were approved and authorised for issue by the directors on 31 March 2017.

1. 一般資料

世紀建業(集團)有限公司(「本公司」) 乃於百慕達註冊成立為一間獲豁免有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司之註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM 11, Bermuda,其主要營業地點為香港灣仔告士打道151號安盛中心9樓906室。

綜合財務報表以本公司之功能貨幣港幣(「港幣」)呈列。除另有註明外, 所有數值均四捨五入至千元(「港幣千元」)。

本公司主要從事投資控股業務,其附屬公司之主要業務詳情載於附註33。 於下文中,本公司及其附屬公司統稱 為本集團。

年內,本集團出售其於世紀建業證券 有限公司(「世紀建業證券」)之100%股權。出售詳情載於附註10。

載於第57至165頁之綜合財務報表乃 根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公 會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)(此統稱包括所有適用 之個別香港財務報告準則、香港會計 準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋)編製。 綜合財務報表亦包括香港公司條例及 聯交所證券上市規則之適用披露規定。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度之綜合財務報表乃於二零一七年三 月三十一日由董事批准及授權刊發。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR REVISED HKFRSS

(a) New or revised HKFRSs - effective 1 January 2016

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time the following new standards, amendments and interpretations issued by the HKICPA, which are relevant to and effective for the Group's financial statements for the annual period beginning on 1 January 2016:

HKFRSs Annual Improvements (Amendments) 2012-2014 Cycle

Amendments to Disclosure Initiative

HKAS 1

Amendments to Equity Method in Separate HKAS 27 Financial Statements

Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure Initiative

The amendments are designed to encourage entities to use judgment in the application of HKAS 1 when considering the layout and content of their financial statements.

The adoption of these amendments has no significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements

The amendments allow an entity to apply the equity method in accounting for its investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in its separate financial statements. The amendments are applied retrospectively in accordance with HKAS 8.

The adoption of the amendments has no impact on these financial statements as the Company has not elected to apply the equity method in its separate financial statements.

2. 採用新訂或經修訂香港財務 報告準則

(a) 新訂或經修訂香港財務報告 準則-二零一六年一月一日 起生效

香港財務報告 二零一二至

準則(修訂本) 二零一四年

週期之年度

改進

香港會計準則 披露計劃

第1號之修訂

香港會計準則 獨立財務報表之

第27號之修訂 權益法

香港會計準則第**1**號之修 訂一披露計劃

該修訂之設計旨在鼓勵實體於 應用香港會計準則第1號,考慮 其財務報表之佈局及內容時, 使用判斷。

採納該修訂並無對本集團之財 務報表造成重大影響。

香港會計準則第**27**號之修 訂-獨立財務報表之權益法

該修訂允許實體在其獨立財務 報表中就其於附屬公司、合營 企業及聯營公司之投資入賬時 採用權益法。根據香港會計準 則第8號,該修訂獲追溯應用。

採納該修訂並無對此等財務報 表造成影響,因為本公司並無 選擇在其獨立財務報表採用權 益法。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

ADOPTION OF NEW OR REVISED 2. HKFRSS (CONTINUED)

New or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new or revised HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group:

Amendments to

Disclosure Initiative¹

HKAS 7

Recognition of Deferred

Amendments to HKAS 12

Tax Assets for Unrealised

Losses¹

Amendments to HKFRS 2

Classifications and Measurement of

Share-based Payment

Transactions²

HKFRS 9

Financial Instruments²

HKFRS 15

Revenue from Contracts with

Customers²

Amendments to HKFRS 15

Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarifications to

HKFRS 15)2

HKFRS 16 Leases3

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January

Amendments to HKAS 7 Disclosure Initiative

The amendments introduce an additional disclosure that will enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

Amendments to HKAS 12 Recognition of **Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses**

The amendments relate to the recognition of deferred tax assets and clarify some of the necessary considerations, including how to account for deferred tax assets related to debt instruments measured at fair value.

採用新訂或經修訂香港財務 2. 報告準則(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或 (b) 經修訂香港財務報告準則 本集團並無提早採納下列已頒 佈但尚未生效,並可能適用於 本集團財務報表之新訂或經修 訂香港財務報告準則。

> 香港會計準則 披露計劃1

第7號之修訂

就未變現虧損確認 香港會計準則

第12號之修訂 遞延税項資產1

香港財務報告準則 以股份為基礎付款 第2號之修訂

交易之分類及

計量2

香港財務報告準則 金融工具2

第9號

香港財務報告準則 客戶合約收益2

第15號

香港財務報告準則 客戶合同收益(香 港財務報告準則 第15號之修訂

第15號之澄清)2

香港財務報告準則 租賃3

第16號

- 於二零一十年一月一日或以後 開始之年度期間生效
- 於二零一八年一月一日或以後 開始之年度期間生效
- 於二零一九年一月一日或以後 開始之年度期間生效

香港會計準則第7號之修 訂一披露計劃

該等修訂引入一項補充披露, 將讓財務報表使用者能夠評價 因融資活動產生的負債變動。

香港會計準則第12號之修 訂一就未變現虧損確認遞延 税項資產

該等修訂有關確認遞延税項資 產及澄清若干必要考慮因素, 包括如何就與以公平值計量的 債務工具相關的遞延税項資產 入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR REVISED HKFRSS (CONTINUED)

(b) New or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued) Amendments to HKFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payments Transactions

The amendments provide requirements on the accounting for the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments; share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations; and a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity-settled.

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows (the business model test) and that have contractual terms that give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (the contractual cash flow characteristics test) are generally measured at amortised cost. Debt instruments that meet the contractual cash flow characteristics test are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") if the objective of the entity's business model is both to hold and collect the contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. Entities may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure equity instruments that are not held for trading at FVTOCI. All other debt and equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

- 2. 採用新訂或經修訂香港財務 報告準則(續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續) 香港財務報告準則第2號之 修訂一股份支付交易之分類 及計量

該等修訂對下列會計處理作出 規定:歸屬及非歸屬條件對為 量以現金結算以股份責付交有 額結算特徵之股份支付交易之條款 及股份支付交易之條款 作出會使交易由現金結算 分類為權益結算之修訂。

香港財務報告準則第9號一 金融工具

香港財務報告準則第9號引入 財務資產分類及計量之新規 定。按業務模式持有而目的為 持有資產以收取合約現金流之 債務工具(業務模式測試)以及 具產生現金流之合約條款且僅 為支付本金及未償還本金利息 之債務工具(合約現金流特徵測 試),一般按攤銷成本計量。 倘該實體業務模式之目的為持 有及收取合約現金流以及出售 財務資產,則符合合約現金流 特徵測試之債務工具乃按公平 值計入其他全面收入(「按公平 值計入其他全面收入1)計量。 實體可於初步確認時作出不可 撤回之選擇,按公平值計入其 他全面收入計量並非持作買賣 之股本工具。所有其他債務及 股本工具乃按公平值計入損益 (「按公平值計入損益」)計量。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR REVISED HKFRSS (CONTINUED)

(b) New or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued) HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

HKFRS 9 includes a new expected loss impairment model for all financial assets not measured at FVTPL replacing the incurred loss model in HKAS 39 and new general hedge accounting requirements to allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in financial statements.

HKFRS 9 carries forward the recognition, classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from HKAS 39, except for financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of the liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, HKFRS 9 retains the requirements in HKAS 39 for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities.

2. 採用新訂或經修訂香港財務 報告準則(續)

金融工具(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續) 香港財務報告準則第9號一

香港財務報告準則第9號就並非按公平值計入損益之所有財務資產納入新的預期虧損減6模式(取代香港會計準則第39號之已產生虧損模式)以及新的一般對沖會計法規定,以讓實體於財務報表內更好地反映其風險管理活動。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR REVISED HKFRSS (CONTINUED)

(b) New or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued) HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The new standard establishes a single revenue recognition framework. The core principle of the framework is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. HKFRS 15 supersedes existing revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations.

HKFRS 15 requires the application of a 5 steps approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied

HKFRS 15 includes specific guidance on particular revenue related topics that may change the current approach taken under HKFRSs. The standard also significantly enhances the qualitative and quantitative disclosures related to revenue.

- 2. 採用新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第**15**號一客戶合約收益

香港財務報告準則第15號規定 確認收益所應用之五個步驟:

● 第1步:識別與客戶所訂立之

合約

• 第2步: 識別合約之履約責任

• 第3步: 釐定交易價格

● 第4步:分配交易價格至各履

約責任

• 第5步:於履行各履約責任時

確認收益

香港財務報告準則第15號包括 對與可能改變目前根據香港財 務報告準則採取之方式之特定 收益相關事宜之特定指引。有 關準則亦顯著加強有關收益之 定性及定量披露。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR REVISED HKFRSS (CONTINUED)

(b) New or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued) Amendments to HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarifications to HKFRS 15)

The amendments to HKFRS 15 included clarifications on identification of performance obligations; application of principal versus agent; licenses of intellectual property; and transition requirements.

HKFRS 16 Leases

HKFRS 16, which upon the effective date will supersede HKAS 17 Leases and related interpretations, introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Specifically, under HKFRS 16, a lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. Accordingly, a lessee should recognise depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability, and also classifies cash repayments of the lease liability into a principal portion and an interest portion and presents them in the statement of cash flows. Also, the right-of-use asset and the lease liability are initially measured on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease, or to exercise an option to terminate the lease. This accounting treatment is significantly different from the lessee accounting for leases that are classified as operating leases under the predecessor standard, HKAS 17.

2. 採用新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或經 修訂香港財務報告準則第15號之 香港財務報告準則第15號之 修訂一客戶合同收益(香港 財務報告準則第15號之澄 清)

香港財務報告準則第15號的修訂包括澄清確定履約義務:應用委託人及代理人:知識產權許可:及過渡規定。

香港財務報告準則第**16**號-和賃

香港財務報告準則第16號由生 效當日起將取代香港會計準則 第17號「租賃」及相關詮釋, 其引入單一承租人會計處理模 式, 並規定承租人就為期超過 12個月的所有租賃確認資產及 負債,除非相關資產為低價值 資產則作別論。具體而言,根 據香港財務報告準則第16號, 承租人須確認使用權資產(表示 其有權使用相關租賃資產)及租 賃負債(表示其有責任支付租賃 款項)。因此,承租人應確認 使用權資產折舊及租賃負債利 息,並將租賃負債的現金還款 分類為本金部分及利息部分, 並於現金流量表內呈列。此 外,使用權資產及租賃負債初 步按現值基準計量。計量包括 不可撤銷租賃付款,亦包括承 租人合理地肯定將行使選擇權 延續租賃或行使選擇權終止租 賃的情況下,將於選擇權期間 內作出的付款。此會計處理方 法與承租人會計法顯著不同, 因後者根據原準則香港會計準 則第17號分類為經營租約的租 約。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR REVISED HKFRSS (CONTINUED)

(b) New or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued) HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

In respect of the lessor accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

The directors of the Company anticipate that all of the pronouncements will be adopted in the Group's accounting policy for the first period beginning after the effective date of the pronouncement. The directors of the Company are currently assessing the possible impact of the above new or revised standards on the Group's results and financial position in the first year of application. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether these new pronouncements will result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies or financial statements. Other new or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective are unlikely to have material impact on the Group's financial statements upon application.

2. 採用新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續) 香港財務報告準則第16號一 租賃(續)

> 就出租人會計處理而言,香港 財務報告準則第16號大致繼承 香計處理規定。因此,出租人 繼續將其租約分類為經營租約 或融資租約,並且對兩類租約 進行不同會計處理。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are summarised below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

3.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties and certain financial instruments which are stated at fair value. The measurement bases are fully described in the accounting policies below.

It should be noted that accounting estimates and assumptions are used in preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge and judgment of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 4.

3.2 Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (see note 3.3 below). Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策概要

編製該等綜合財務報表時所採用之主 要會計政策概述如下。除另有説明者 外,該等政策已於所有呈列年度貫徹 採用。

3.1 編製基準

除投資物業及若干金融工具以 公平值列賬外,綜合財務報表 乃根據歷史成本法編製。有關 計算基準於下文會計政策全面 描述。

3.2 業務合併及綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司3.3)之 財務報表包括本公司3.3)之 則務報表。集團內公司間間 易及結餘及未變現 數之財務報表時 資產之財務報 明,否則未變現虧損於 明,在此情況下,虧損於損益 認。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.2 Business combination and basis of consolidation (Continued)

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

Acquisition of subsidiaries or businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interest either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by another HKFRSs. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments, in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.2 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

在年內購入或售出之附屬公司 之業績由收購日起計或計至出 售日止(視情況而定),列入綜 合全面收益表內。必要時,附 屬公司之財務報表將予以調整 以使其會計政策與本集團其他 成員公司所使用者一致。

收購附屬公司或業務採用收購 法列賬。一項收購成本是按所 轉讓資產,所產生負債及本集 團(作為收購方)發行之股權 於收購日期之公平值總額計量 的。所收購可識別資產及所承 擔負債則主要按收購日期公平 值計量。本集團先前所持被收 購方之股權以收購日期公平值 重新計量,而所產生之收益或 虧損則於損益賬內確認。本集 團可按逐筆交易基準選擇以被 收購方之識別資產淨值之公平 值或應佔比例計算非控股權 益。所有其他非控股權益按公 平值計量,除另一香港財務報 告準則規定另一計量基準則另 作別論。所產生之收購相關成 本列作開支,除非該等成本於 發行股本工具時產生,在此情 況下,該等成本自權益扣減。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.2 Business combination and basis of consolidation (Continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.2 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

倘若本集團失去附屬公司之控制權,出售之損益乃按(i)已收不值及任何保屬公司之之之之。 何之總商譽)及負債先益司之之。 (包括商譽)及負債權公之之。 (包括政任何,是 (包括政任何,是 (包括政任何,是 (包括政政, (包括政政,)(包括政政

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.2 Business combination and basis of consolidation (Continued)

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance.

3.3 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present:

- power over the investee;
- exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee; and
- the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns.

Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of the subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.2 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

於收購後,代表於附屬公司之目前擁有權權益之非控股權認之版面值為於初步確認之該權益金額,另加非控股權益等權益變屬屬於非控股權益。會產生虧絀結餘,全面收益總額仍須歸屬於非控股權益。

3.3 附屬公司

附屬公司指本公司能對其行使 控制權之被投資方。倘達成以 下三項條件,本公司取得被投 資方之控制權:

- 對被投資方行使權力;
- 一 對來自被投資方之浮動 回報承擔風險或享有權 利;及
- 能行使其對被投資方之權力以影響其浮動回報。

倘有情況顯示任何有關控制條 件改變,則重新評估有關控制 權。

於本公司之財務狀況表中,於 附屬公司之投資按成本值減去 減值虧損(如有)列賬。附屬公 司之業績由本公司按已收及應 收股息列賬。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.4 Foreign currency

In the individual financial statements of the consolidated entities, foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the individual entity using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the end of reporting period retranslation of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined and are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

In the consolidated financial statements, all individual financial statements of foreign operations, originally presented in a currency different from the Group's presentation currency, have been converted into HK\$. Assets and liabilities have been translated into HK\$ at the closing rates at the end of reporting period. Income and expenses have been converted into HK\$ at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates, or at the average exchange rates for the reporting period provided that the exchange rates do not fluctuate significantly. Any differences arising from this procedure have been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in the translation reserve in equity.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.4 外幣

按公平值以外幣列賬之非貨幣項目按釐定公平值當日適用之 匯率重新換算,並作為公平值 之盈虧部份列報。以外幣按歷 史成本法計量之非貨幣項目不 會重新換算。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.4 Foreign currency (Continued)

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the translation reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

3.5 Revenue and other income recognition

Revenue and other income is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the income and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably on the following bases:

- (a) Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured. This is usually taken as the time when the goods are delivered and the customer has accepted the goods.
- (b) Revenue from rendering of services is recognised when the relevant services are rendered.
- (c) Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable.
- (d) Commission and management fee income is recognised when the agreed services are provided.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.4 外幣(續)

當出售境外業務,與該業務相 關並於截至出售日期為止在換 算儲備內確認之累計外匯差 額,會重新分類至損益賬以作 為出售之損益部份。

3.5 收益及其他收入確認

收益及其他收入乃於可能有經濟效益流入本集團及能夠可靠 地計算收入與成本(如適用)時 按下列基準確認:

- (a) 銷貨收益乃於所有權之 重大風險及回報已轉予 客戶,並能合理確保可 收回有關應收賬款已確 認。有關收益確認之 於貨物已交付及客 接受貨物時進行。
- (b) 服務收益在相關服務提供後確認。
- (c) 利息收入以尚餘本金及 適用實際利率為參考按 時間比例確認。
- (d) 佣金及管理費收入在協 定之服務提供後確認。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.5 Revenue and other income recognition (Continued)

- (e) Rental income is recognised on a time proportion basis over the relevant lease terms.
- (f) Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

3.6 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable directly to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets which require a substantial period of time to be ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Income earned on temporary investments of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on those assets is deducted from borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

3.7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Buildings held under leasing agreements are depreciated over their expected useful lives of 38 years or over the term of lease, if shorter.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.5 收益及其他收入確認(續)

- (e) 租金收入乃於租期內按 時間比例確認。
- (f) 當可收取股息之權利獲 確立後,股息收入可予 以確認。

3.6 借貸成本

3.7 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備是按收購成本減累計折舊及減值虧損(如有)列賬。物業、廠房及設備之成本包括其購買價以及收購項目之任何直接應佔成本。

根據租賃協議持有之樓宇乃根 據彼等之預期可使用年期38年 或租約年期(如屬較短)作折舊。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.7 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their cost net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The assets' residual values, depreciation methods and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives are as follows:

Leasehold improvements 10 – 33 1/3% Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 20 – 33 1/3%

Motor vehicles 33 1/3%

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount (See note 3.9).

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.7 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備於其估計可,使用年期內按直線基準折舊的 藉此撇銷其成本(扣除預期剩餘價值)。資產之剩餘價值、折舊 方法及可使用年期於各報告期 末予以審閱,並在適當情況下 調整。可使用年期如下:

租約物業裝修 10-33 1/3%

傢俬、裝置及

辦公室設備 20 - 33 1/3% 汽車 33 1/3%

倘資產賬面值高於其估計可收回金額,則該資產即時撇減至 其可收回金額(見附註3.9)。

融資租賃項下所持資產乃按所 擁有資產之相同基準,按其估 計可使用年期或有關租約期間 之較短者折舊。

因出售物業、廠房及設備項目 產生之盈虧為銷售所得款項淨 額與其賬面值之差額,於出售 時在損益賬中確認。

只有當與資產相關之日後經濟 利益有可能流向本集團且該資 產之成本能可靠計量時,該資 產之其後成本方可列入資產(賬面值中或確認為獨立資產(倘 適用)。所有其他成本(例如制 修及保養費用)於產生財政期間 計入損益賬。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.8 Investment properties

Investment property is property held either to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or for both, but not held for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

On initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at fair value. Fair value is determined by external professional valuers, with sufficient experience with respect to both the location and the nature of the investment property. The carrying amounts recognised at the end of reporting period reflect the prevailing market conditions at the end of reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from either changes in the fair value or the sale of an investment property are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For a transfer from investment properties to owneroccupied properties or inventories, the deemed cost of property for subsequent accounting is its fair value at the date of change in use.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.8 投資物業

投資物業是為了賺取租金或實 現資本增值或為兩者兼得而業 有之物業,但並非為於一般業 務過程中出售、用於生產或供 應貨品或服務或為行政用途而 持有之物業。

於初步確認時,投資物業按成本(包括任何直接應佔成本)計量。於初步確認後,投值是列。於初步確認後平值呈及性質的大值是及性質的大值是及性質的人類的人類。於報告期末確認之時的,就是與於報告期末之現行市況。

因公平值變動或出售投資物業 而產生之盈虧於其產生期間計 入損益賬中。

由投資物業轉往自置物業或存 貨,作為物業日後會計之被認 定成本為在改變用途日期之公 平值。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

Prepaid land lease payments, property, plant and equipment and the Company's interests in subsidiaries are tested for impairment whenever there are indications that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less costs to sell, and value-in-use. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and the risk specific to the asset.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent from those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount and only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.9 非財務資產減值

當有跡象顯示資產之賬面值不可收回時,預付土地租賃款項、物業、廠房及設備及本公司於附屬公司之權益須進行減值測試。

就評估減值而言,如果該資產並不產生大部份獨立於其他資產之現金流入,則以能獨立產生現金流入之最小資產組別(即現金產生單位)來釐定可收回金額。因此,部份資產個別進行減值測試,部份則在現金產生單位層面進行測試。

倘用以釐定資產之可收回金額 之估計出現有利變動,減值虧 損則予以撥回,惟資產之賬面 值不得超過倘並無確認減值虧 損而釐定之賬面值(已扣除折舊 或攤銷)。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.10 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets acquired under finance leases

Where the Group acquires the use of assets under finance leases, the amounts representing the fair value of the leased asset, or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments of such assets, are included in property, plant and equipment and the corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, are recorded as obligations under finance leases.

Subsequent accounting for assets held under finance lease arrangements corresponds to those applied to comparable acquired assets. The corresponding finance lease liability is reduced by lease payments less finance charges.

Finance charges implicit in the lease payments are charged to profit or loss over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.10 租約

倘根據租約之條款將擁有權之 絕大部份風險及回報轉讓至承 租人,該租約便會分類為融資 租約。所有其他租約則列為經 營租約。

融資租約項下收購之資產

倘本集團按融資租約取得資產之使用權,該等資產相當於租賃資產公平值之金額或(倘屬較低金額)最低租賃付款現值會計入物業、廠房及設備,而相關負債於扣除融資租約開支後會列作融資租約承擔。

按融資租約安排持有之資產其 後之會計處理方法與可資比較 購入資產所用者相同。相關融 資租約負債會按租金付款減融 資租約支出調減。

租金付款內含之融資支出會按租約年期自損益賬扣除,以就各會計期間之責任結餘達致大致固定之支銷率。或有租金於產生之會計期間自損益賬扣除。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.10 Leases (Continued)

Operating lease charges (the Group as lessee)

Where the Group has the right to use the assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease terms except where an alternative basis is more representative of the time pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased assets. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rental are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Assets leased out under operating leases (the Group as lessor)

Assets leased out under operating leases are measured and presented according to the nature of the assets. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the rental income.

Rental income receivable from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the time pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.10 租約(續)

經營租約費用(本集團為承租方)

經營租約項下之預付土地租賃 款項初步按成本列賬,其後於 租期內按直線基準確認。

根據經營租約出租之資產(本集團為出租人)

根據經營租約出租的資產須按資產性質計量及呈列。所有產人。所產人之最初直接費用均計入該租金人資產之賬面值及以確認租金收入之相同基準按租約期確認為開支。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.11 Financial assets

Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition depending on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired and where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at the end of each reporting period.

All financial assets are recognised when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised initially at fair value and other financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs.

Derecognition of financial assets occurs when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments expire or are transferred and substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

At the end of each reporting period, financial assets are reviewed to assess whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such evidence exists, impairment loss is determined and recognised based on the classification of the financial asset.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.11 財務資產

管理層於最初確認時根據收購 財務資產之目的將其分類,並 在許可及適當之情況下,於各 報告期末重新評估財務資產之 分類。

只有當本集團成為訂立有關工 具合約條文之一方時,以正常方 務資產方予以確認。以正常方 式購買及出售之財務資產於資 易日確認。按公平值計不 益之財務資產初步按公平值 認,而其他財務資產乃按公 值加應佔直接交易成本計量。

當從投資中收取現金流量之權 利到期或轉讓且擁有權之絕大 部份風險及回報已經轉讓時, 則終止確認財務資產。

財務資產於各報告期末予以檢討,以評估是否有客觀證據顯示出現減值。倘存在任何減值證據,減值虧損根據財務資產之分類予以釐定及確認。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.11 Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss represent financial assets held for trading.

Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term, or it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit-taking. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments or financial guarantee contracts.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial assets included in this category are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Fair value is determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists. Fair value gain or loss does not include any dividend or interest earned on these financial assets, which are recognised as income in accordance with the Group's policies in note 3.5.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.11 財務資產(續)

按公平值列賬及於損益賬中 處理之財務資產

本集團之按公平值列賬及於損 益賬中處理之財務資產指持作 買賣之財務資產。

於初步確認後,列入該類別之 財務資產按公平值計量益, 值之任何變動則於損益市 認。公平值乃參考活躍無 易或採用估值方法(如無活 場存在)予以釐定。公平值之所 場存在包括該等財務息 不包括該或利息 取之任何股息或利息 根據附註3.5內本集團之政策 認為收入。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.11 Financial assets (Continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Amortised cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate and transaction cost. Gain and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired as well as through amortisation process.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Non-derivative financial assets that do not qualify for inclusion in any of the other categories of financial assets are classified as available-for-sale financial assets.

All financial assets within this category are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from a change in the fair value, excluding any dividend and interest income which are recognised in profit or loss in accordance with the policies set out in note 3.5, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in the revaluation reserve in equity, except for impairment losses (see the policy below) and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, until the financial asset is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.11 財務資產(續)

貸款及應收賬款

可供出售之財務資產

不符合資格列入任何其他財務 資產類別之非衍生財務資產分 類為可供出售財務資產。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.11 Financial assets (Continued)

At the end of each reporting period, financial assets other than at fair value through profit or loss are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment.

Objective evidence of impairment of individual financial assets includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

Loss events in respect of a group of financial assets include observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from the group of financial assets. Such observable data includes but not limited to adverse changes in the payment status of debtors in the group and, national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.11 財務資產(續)

於各報告期末審閱財務資產(按 公平值列賬及於損益賬中處理 之財務資產除外),以釐定是否 存有任何客觀減值證據。

個別財務資產之客觀減值證據 包括引起本集團留意有關一件 或以上下列虧損事件之可察覺 數據:

- 債務人出現重大財務困 難;
- 一 違反合約,例如未能或 延遲償付利息或本金;
- 債務人將很有可能宣告破 產或進行其他財務重組;
- 技術、市場、經濟或法律 環境出現對債務人造成不 利影響之重大變動;及
- 一 於股本工具之投資之公 平值大幅或長期下跌至 低於其成本。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.11 Financial assets (Continued)

If any such evidence exists, the impairment loss is measured and recognised as follows:

(i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). The amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss of the period in which the impairment occurs.

If, in subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that it does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset exceeding what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in profit or loss of the period in which the reversal occurs.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.11 財務資產(續)

倘出現任何該等證據,則減值 虧損按以下類別予以計量及確 認:

(i) 以攤銷成本列賬之財 務資產

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.11 Financial assets (Continued)

(i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

Where the recovery of trade receivables is considered doubtful but not remote, the impairment losses for doubtful receivables are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery of trade receivables is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade receivables directly and any amounts held in the allowance account in respect of that receivable are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

When a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity and there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, an amount is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss as an impairment loss. That amount is measured as the difference between the asset's acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that asset previously recognised in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.11 財務資產(續)

(i) 以攤銷成本列賬之財 務資產(續)

倘營業應收賬款之收回 被視為存疑但並非無法 收回, 呆賬減值虧損會 使用撥備賬記錄。倘本 集團信納營業應收賬款 無法收回,被視為無法 收回之金額會直接與營 業應收賬款撇銷,而就 該應收款項於撥備賬持 有之任何金額會予以撥 回。其後收回先前已於 撥備賬扣除之款項乃透 過撥備賬撥回。撥備賬 之其他變動及其後收回 先前直接撇銷之款項會 於損益確認。

(ii) 可供出售之財務資產

當認出減示有並虧收償平往確計已並售值該關於損購還值就認是股務且產額益該本難差資任他本資有出自賬金扣額,於減五量,以及公證值扣為按何當減益虧可計之觀減本認乃任與並損值不可平據,除減資本時去賬損值,除減資本時去賬損值額則,值產金公以中後

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.11 Financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Available-for-sale financial assets (Continued)

Reversals in respect of investment in equity instruments classified as available-for-sale and stated at fair value are not recognised in the profit or loss. The subsequent increase in fair value is recognised in other comprehensive income.

3.12 Inventories

Inventories comprise finished goods and consumable stocks and are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolescence on slow moving items. Cost, calculated on the first-in, first-out basis, comprises invoiced value of goods and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present locations and conditions. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

3.13 Accounting for income taxes

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax assets and/or liabilities comprise those obligations to, or claims from, tax authorities relating to the current or prior reporting period, that are unpaid at the end of reporting period. They are calculated according to the tax rates and tax laws applicable to the fiscal periods to which they relate, based on the taxable profit for the year. All changes to current tax assets or liabilities are recognised as a component of income tax expense in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.11 財務資產(續)

(ii) 可供出售之財務資產 (續)

就分類為可供出售並以 公平值列賬之股本工具 投資而言,其撥回金額 不於損益賬中確認。其 後公平值增加於其他全 面收入中確認。

3.12 存貨

3.13 所得税之會計處理

年內所得税是包括當期税項及 遞延税項。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.13 Accounting for income taxes (Continued)

Deferred taxes are calculated using the liability method on temporary differences. This involves the comparison of the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements with their respective tax bases at the end of reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, tax losses available to be carried forward as well as other unused tax credits, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit, including existing taxable temporary differences, will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither taxable nor accounting profit or loss.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.13 所得税之會計處理(續)

如臨時差額是由商譽或因某交易初步確認(業務合併除外)資產及負債而產生,又不影響應課稅及會計溢利或虧損,則不予以確認此等遞延稅項資產及負債。

除非本集團可控制有關臨時差額之回撥及臨時差額在可見將來亦不會回撥,由投資附屬公司產生之應課稅臨時差額,其 遞延稅項負債均需予以確認。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.13 Accounting for income taxes (Continued)

Deferred tax is calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply in the period the liability is settled or the asset realised, provided they are enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

An exception to the general requirement on determining the appropriate tax rate used in measuring deferred tax amount is when an investment property is carried at fair value under HKAS 40 *Investment Property*. Unless the presumption is rebutted, the deferred tax amounts on these investment properties are measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of these investment properties at their carrying amounts at the end of reporting period. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognised in profit or loss, or in other comprehensive income or directly in equity if they relate to items that are charged or credited to other comprehensive income or directly to equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are presented in net if, and only if, the Group:

- (a) has the legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- (b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.13 所得税之會計處理(續)

遞延税項是根據預期債務償還 或資產變現期間適用之税率計 算(不經貼現),惟該等税率須 於報告期末已通行或大致通行。

遞延稅項資產或負債之變動於 損益賬或其他全面收入中確 認,或倘該等資產或負債與於 其他全面收入或直接於股本中 扣除或計入之項目有關,則直 接於股本中確認。

本集團只會於以下情況以淨額 呈列即期稅項資產與即期稅項 負債:

- (a) 依法有強制執行權可以 將已確認金額對銷;及
- (b) 計劃以淨額基準結算, 或同時變現資產及結清 負債。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.13 Accounting for income taxes (Continued)

The Group presents deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in net if, and only if:

- the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities;
 and
- (b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either (i) the same taxable entity; or (ii) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

3.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and in hand as well as short-term bank deposits with original maturities of three months or less which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.15 Share capital and share premium

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Share capital is determined using the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Share premium includes any premiums received on the issuance of shares over the par value. Any transaction costs associated with the issuance of shares are deducted from share premium (net of any related income tax benefit) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.13 所得税之會計處理(續)

本集團只會於以下情況以淨額 呈列遞延稅項資產與遞延稅項 負債:

- (a) 該實體依法有強制執行權 可以將即期稅項資產與即 期稅項負債對銷;及
- (b) 遞延稅項產與遞稅項資產與應至稅項資產與價值是關於任何。 (i) 有量與人類。 (ii) 有數。 (ii) 計量, (ii) 計量, (ii) 計量, (ii) 計類, (ii) 計算, (iii) 計 (

3.14 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行及 手頭現金以及價值變動風險極 低之原到期日為三個月或以下 之銀行短期存款。

3.15 股本及股份溢價

普通股分類為股本。股本乃按 已發行股份之面值釐定。

股份溢價包括發行股份時所收取高於票面值之任何溢價。與股份發行相關之任何交易成本乃自股份溢價扣減(扣除任何相關所得稅利益),惟以股本交易直接應佔之增加成本為限。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.16 Retirement benefit costs and short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short-term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.

Non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

Defined contribution retirement plan

Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when the services are rendered by the employees.

3.17 Share-based employee compensation

The Group operates equity-settled share-based compensation plans to remunerate its employees and directors.

All employee services received in exchange for the grant of any share-based compensation are measured at their fair values. These are indirectly determined by reference to the share options awarded. Their value is appraised at the grant date and excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.16 退休福利成本及短期僱員 福利

短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利是指預計在僱員 提供了相關服務的年度呈報期 末後十二個月以前將全數結付 的僱員福利(離職福利除外)。 短期僱員福利於僱員提供相關 服務的年度內確認。

非累計有薪假期,如病假及產 假於直至放假時方予確認。

界定供款退休計劃

於僱員提供服務時,界定供款 退休計劃之供款於損益確認為 開支。

3.17 以股份支付之僱員補償 本集團推行以股本結算之股份 付款補償計劃,以為其僱員及 董事提供酬金。

> 僱員提供以換取獲授任何股份 付款補償之所有服務乃按照其 公平值計量。此乃參照所獲得 之購股權而間接釐定,其價值 乃於授出日期評估,而不包括 任何非市場歸屬條件之影響。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.17 Share-based employee compensation (Continued)

Share-based compensation is recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when the share options granted vest immediately, with a corresponding increase in share options reserve. If vesting periods or other vesting conditions apply, the expense is recognised over the vesting period, based on the best available estimate of the number of share options expected to vest. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at the end of each reporting period so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether the market vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are later forfeited or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to retained profits/accumulated losses.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.17 以股份支付之僱員補償(續)

以股份支付之補償會於授出的 購股權即時歸屬時在授出日期 確認為開支,並在購股權儲備 相應增加。倘歸屬條件或其他 歸屬條件適用,則開支會於 歸屬期內按照預期歸屬之購股 權數目之最佳可得估計確認。 非市場歸屬條件會一併考慮, 方法為調整於各報告期末預期 歸屬之股本工具數目,使於歸 屬期間最終確認之累計數額, 按最後能歸屬之購股權數目計 算。市場歸屬條件為授出購股 權之公平值計算因素之一。只 要其他授出條件符合,不論市 場歸屬條件是否符合,均會作 出支銷。累計開支不會因市場 歸屬條件未能達成而調整。

於購股權獲行使時,先前於購股權儲備確認之款額將轉入股份溢價。當購股權其後被沒收或於到期日尚未行使,早前於購股權儲備確認之金額將轉入保留溢利/累計虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.18 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All interest related charges are recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see note 3.6).

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

(i) Bank borrowings

Bank borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Bank borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Bank borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the end of reporting period.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.18 財務負債

財務負債於本集團成為工具合約條文之一方時予以確認。所有利息相關支出均根據本集團有關借貸成本之會計政策予以確認(見附註3.6)。

財務負債於其責任解除或取消或過期時終止確認。

按攤銷成本之財務負債

ï) 銀行借貸

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.18 Financial liabilities (Continued)

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (Continued)

- (ii) Obligations under finance leases
 Obligations under finance leases are measured at initial value less the capital element of lease repayments (see note 3.10).
- (iii) Other financial liabilities Other financial liabilities (including trade and other payables and accruals) are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

3.19 Financial guarantees contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer (or guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee which is not designated as at fair value through profit or loss, it is recognised initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contact at the higher of: (i) the amount determined in accordance with HKAS 37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* (note 3.20); and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with HKAS 18 *Revenue*.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.18 財務負債(續) 按攤銷成本之財務負債(續)

- (ii) 融資租約承擔 融資租約承擔按初始值 減租約還款之資本部份 計量(見附註3.10)。
- (iii) 其他財務負債 其他財務負債(包括營業 及其他應付賬款及應計 款項)初步按公平值確 認,並於其後以實際利 率法按攤銷成本計量。

3.19 財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約指發行人(或擔保人)須於合約持有人因指定債務人未能根據債務工具之條款支付到期款項而蒙受虧損時,向持有人償付指定款項之合約。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.20 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which it is probable will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reliably estimated. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation. All provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.20 撥備及或然負債

倘須撥出經濟利益之可能性較 低,或無法對有關該是有 靠之估計,則會將該是 為可能性極低者則除出 沒 之可能性極低者則能性極 後出經濟利益之可能性極 後出在發生一項或多 在 事件下始能肯定之 被 被 被 數 為 或 然負債。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.21 Segment reporting

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the chief operating decision maker i.e. the executive directors for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and for their review of the performance of those components.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

3.22 Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.21 分部報告

本集團定期向主要營運決策者 (即執行董事)報告內部財務資料,以供彼等就本集團業務組成 部份的資源分配作決定,以及供 彼等檢討該等組成部份的表現, 而本集團則根據該等資料劃分營 運分部及編製分部資料。

3.22 關連人士

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人 士或該人士之近親與本 集團有關連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制 本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大 影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本公司母公司的主要管理層成員。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 3.22 Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.22 關連人士(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件, 即實體與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團本集團人 屬同一集團之司(即各母司、附屬公司、附屬公司後 同系附屬公司彼此之間有關連)。

 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方的合營 企業。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三 方實體的合營企 業,而另一實體 為該第三方實體 的聯營公司。
 - (v) 實體為本集團或 與本集團有關連 之實體就僱員利 益設立的離職福 利計劃。
 - (vi) 實體受(a)所識別 人士控制或受共 同控制。
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人 士對實體有重於 影響力或屬關的 體(或該實體的母 公司)主要管理層 成員。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 3.22 Related parties (Continued)

- (b) (Continued)
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.22 關連人士(續)

(b) (續)

(viii) 實體或其所屬集 團之任何成員則 本集團或本集團 之母公司提供重 要管理層人員服 務。

某一人士之近親家屬成員指與 該實體交易時預期可影響該名 人士或受該名人士影響之家屬 成員,並包括:

- (i) 該名人士之子女及配偶 或家庭夥伴;
- (ii) 該名人士之配偶或家庭 夥伴之子女;及
- (iii) 該名人士或該名人士之 配偶或家庭夥伴之受養 人。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Impairment of receivables

The policy for the impairment of receivables of the Group is based on, where appropriate, the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of the receivables and on the management's judgment. A considerable amount of judgment is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, which is based in part on the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. If the financial conditions of debtors of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional provision for impairment may be required.

Estimated fair value of investment properties

As disclosed in note 16, the Group's investment properties were revalued at the end of reporting period by independent professional valuers. Such valuations were based on certain assumptions which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. In making the judgment, the Group considers latest completed transactions and information from current prices in an active market for similar properties and uses assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period.

For more detailed information in relation to fair value measurement of investment properties, please refer to note 16.

4. 關鍵會計估算及判斷

估算及判斷會被持續評估,並根據過 往經驗及其他因素進行評價,包括在 有關情況下相信合理之對未來事件之 預測。

估算不確定因素之重要來源

本集團對未來作出估算及假設。所得 之會計估計如其定義,很少會與相關 實際結果一致。下文所述估算及假設 存在導致須於下個財政年度對資產及 負債之賬面值作出重大調整之重大風 險:

應收賬款減值

本集團應收賬款減值之政策乃基於(如適用)應收賬款之可收回程度之評估以及賬齡分析,並按管理層之判斷釐定。於評估該等應收賬款之最終變現時,須作出大量判斷,其乃部份或根據各債務人之現時信譽及過往收款紀錄作出。倘本集團之債務人之財務狀況轉壞,導致其還款能力減弱,則或須就減值作出額外撥備。

投資物業之估計公平值

誠如附註16所披露,本集團之投資物 業於報告期末由獨立專業估值師進行 重估。有關估值乃根據若干未確定之 假設而進行,該等假設可能與實際結 果有很大差異。於作出有關判斷時, 本集團考慮到活躍市場內類似物業之 最近已完成之交易以及之現行價格容 料,及運用主要以各報告期末存在之 市場狀況為基礎之假設。

關於投資物業公平值計量之更多資料,請參閱附註16。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

5(a). REVENUE

5(a). 收益

Revenue which is derived from the Group's principal activities is recognised during the year as follows:

年內,來自本集團主營業務及已確認 之收益如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Continuing operations Rendering of hair styling services Interest income from money lending Gross rental income from investment properties	持續經營業務 提供髮型設計服務 借貸之利息收入 來自投資物業之租金總收入	17,239 1,585 9,255	17,797 1,551 11,560
		28,079	30,908

5(b). OTHER INCOME

5(b). 其他收入

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Continuing operations Bank interest income Dividend income from listed investments Sundry income	持續經營業務 銀行利息收入 來自上市投資之股息收入 雜項收入	8,130 924 135	7,600 1,054 1,206
		9,189	9,860

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has identified its operating segments and prepared segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the Group's executive directors for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and review of these components' performance. The business components in the internal reporting to the executive directors who are the chief operating decision-makers are determined following the Group's major product and service lines. The Group is currently organised into the following three operating segments.

During the year, the Group disposed its wholly-owned subsidiary, CL Securities, which is principally engaged in the provision of stock broking services in Hong Kong and is included in the segment of stock broking. The segment of stock broking has been presented under the discontinued operation.

Continuing operations

Hair styling – Provision of hair styling and related services in Hong Kong

Money lending – Provision of commercial and personal loans in Hong Kong

Property investments - Investing in commercial and

residential properties for rental income potential and for capital appreciation in both Macau and

Hong Kong

Discontinued operation

Stock broking – Provision of stock broking services in Hong Kong (note 10)

6. 分部資料

根據定期呈報予本集團執行董事以供 彼等決定本集團業務組成部份之資源 分配以及檢討該等部分表現之內部財 務資料,本集團已識別其經營分部並 編製分部資料。內部呈報予執行董事 (主要營運決策者)之業務組成部分乃 根據本集團主要產品及服務線釐定。 本集團現時分為以下三個經營分部。

年內,本集團出售其全資附屬公司世紀建業證券,該公司主要在香港提供股票經紀服務,並計入股票經紀分部。股票經紀分部呈列於已終止經營業務項下。

持續經營業務

髮型設計 - 在香港提供髮型設計

及相關服務

借貸 一 在香港提供商業及私

人貸款

物業投資 - 投資位於澳門及香港

之商業及住宅物業以 獲取租金收入潛力及

資本增值

已終止經營業務

股票經紀 - 在香港提供股票經紀

服務(附註10)

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segments:

6. 分部資料(續) 分部收益及業績 按可呈報分部劃分本集團之收益及業 績之分析如下:

			t revenue 3收益	Segment results 分部業績		
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Re-presented) (經重列)	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Re-presented) (經重列)	
Continuing operations Hair styling Money lending Property investments	持續經營業務 髮型設計 借貸 物業投資	17,239 1,585 9,255	17,797 1,551 11,560	1,217 1,235 (8,927)	1,787 39 (4,705)	
Discontinued operation Stock broking	已終止經營業務 股票經紀	378	3,157	5,970	209	
		28,457	34,065	(505)	(2,670)	
Unallocated income Exchange losses, net Fair value loss on financial	未分配收入 匯兑虧損淨額 財務工具之公平值虧損			4,687 (14,832)	5,260 (10,673)	
instruments Corporate staff costs Other corporate expenses	公司員工成本 其他公司開支			(2) (5,072) (4,277)	(530) (4,822) (4,603)	
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損			(20,001)	(18,038)	

Revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers.

Segment results represent the profit earned/loss incurred by each segment without allocation of central administrative costs. Segment results exclude interest income, dividend income, exchange losses and fair value change on financial instruments which arise from assets which are managed on a group basis. Segment results also exclude corporate staff costs and other corporate expenses. This is the measure reported to the executive directors for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

上述已呈報之收益指來自於外部客戶之收益。

分部業績指各分部賺取之溢利/所產生之虧損,並無計及中央行政成息分部業績不包括利息收入、匯兑虧損及按組合基準管理之金融工具公平值變動之一。此乃向執行董事呈報之司開支。此乃向執行董事呈報之方法,旨在分配資源以及評估分部表現。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 6. 分部資料(續) Segment assets and liabilities 分部資產及負債

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Segment assets Continuing operations Hair styling Money lending Property investments	分部資產 持續經營業務 髮型設計 借貸 物業投資	6,061 37,114 329,826	5,139 39,265 324,468
Discontinued operation Stock broking	已終止經營業務 股票經紀	373,001 -	368,872 31,987
Total segment assets	分部資產總額	373,001	400,859
Available-for-sale financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Pledged bank deposits Short-term bank deposits Other corporate assets	可供出售之財務資產 按公平值列賬及於損益賬中 處理之財務資產 已抵押銀行存款 短期銀行存款 其他公司資產	18,733 4,796 115,330 87,812 25,844	18,129 4,896 118,736 107,621 7,907
Consolidated total assets	合併資產總額	625,516	658,148
Segment liabilities Continuing operations Hair styling Money lending Property investments	分部負債 持續經營業務 髮型設計 借貸 物業投資	2,088 73 57,386	1,813 82 58,086
Discontinued operation Stock broking	已終止經營業務 股票經紀	59,547	59,981 14,299
Total segment liabilities	分部負債總額	59,547	74,280
Deferred tax liabilities Bank borrowings Other corporate liabilities	遞延税項負債 銀行借貸 其他公司負債	2,438 198,980 1,253	3,303 198,000 1,486
Consolidated total liabilities	合併負債總額	262,218	277,069

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, pledged bank deposits and certain bank deposits which are managed on group basis and other corporate assets; and
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than tax liabilities and certain borrowings which are managed on group basis, and other corporate liabilities.

6. 分部資料(續) 分部資產及負債(續) 就監控分部表現及分配各分部間資源

- 所有資產均分配至可呈報分部 (可供出售之財務資產、按公平 值列賬及於損益賬中處理之財務 資產、按組合基準管理之已抵押 銀行存款以及若干短期銀行存款 及其他公司資產除外);及
- 所有負債均分配至可呈報分部 (税項負債及按組合基準管理 之若干借貸及其他公司負債除 外)。

Other segment information

其他分部資料

		Interest income 利息收入		Fair value gain on investment properties Finance 投資物業之公平值收益 融資店					Depreciation and amortisation 折舊及攤銷		
		2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
			(Re-presented)						(Re-presented)		(Re-presented)
			(經重列)						(經重列)		(經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務										
Hair styling	髮型設計	-	-	-	-	-	-	277	87	102	122
Money lending	借貸	1,585	1,551	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property investments	物業投資	4,380	3,449	2,809	3,500	1,171	1,198	2,993	3	240	280
Discontinued operation	已終止經營業務										
Stock broking	股票經紀	75	396	-	-	-	-	-	9	7	35
		6,040	5,396	2,809	3,500	1,171	1,198	3,270	99	349	437
Unallocated	未分配	3,750	4,151	-	-	3,772	3,727	749	540	364	523
Total	總計	9,790	9,547	2,809	3,500	4,943	4,925	4,019	639	713	960

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) Geographical information

The geographical location of the specified non-current assets (i.e. non-current assets excluding financial assets) is based on the physical location of the assets. The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided or the goods were delivered.

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of the specified non-current assets and revenue from external customers, analysed by the geographical location.

6. 分部資料(續)地區資料

指定非流動資產(即不包括財務資產之 非流動資產)之地區位置乃根據資產實 際所在位置劃分。客戶之地區位置乃 根據獲提供服務或貨品付運之位置劃 分。

以下為指定非流動資產之賬面值及來 自外部客戶之收益之分析(按地區位置 分析)。

	Specified non-current assets 指定 非流動資產		Revenue from external customers 來自外部 客戶之收益	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Hong Kong (place of domicile) 香港(所在地) Macau 澳門	263,828	258,956	24,789	29,439
	62,520	61,313	3,668	4,626
	326,348	320,269	28,457	34,065

Revenue from external customers derived in Hong Kong include revenue generated by the discontinued operation of stock broking amounting to HK\$378,000 (2015: HK\$3,157,000).

Information about a major customer

Revenue from one customer of the Group's property investments segment amounted to HK\$3,284,000 (2015: HK\$5,175,000) which represented more than 10% of the Group's revenue.

來自香港的外部客戶之收益包括由已 終止經營的股票經紀所產生的港幣 378,000元之收益(二零一五年:港幣 3,157,000元)。

有關一名主要客戶的資料

來自本集團物業投資分部之一名客戶之收益為港幣3,284,000元(二零一五年:港幣5,175,000元),相當於本集團收益逾10%。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

7. FINANCE COSTS

7. 融資成本

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Continuing operations Interest charges on finance leases Interest charges on bank loans	持續經營業務 融資租約利息開支 銀行貸款之利息開支	34 4,909	30 4,895
		4,943	4,925

8. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX

8. 除所得税前虧損

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Loss before income tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):	除所得税前虧損已扣除/ (計入)下列項目後列賬:		
Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments	預付土地租賃款項攤銷	123	123
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	583	802
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	600	570
Employee benefit expenses (note 12) (Reversal)/Provision for impairment on	僱員福利開支(附註12) 應收貸款之減值(撥回)/	26,403	25,596
loans receivable Rentals received/receivable from	撥備 已收/應收投資物業租金減	(28)	1,000
investment properties less direct outgoings of HK\$1,326,000 (2015:	直接支出港幣1,326,000元 (二零一五年:港幣646,000		
HK\$646,000)	元)	(7,929)	(10,914)
Operating lease charges in respect of:	下列各項之經營租約開支:		0.455
- Buildings	一樓宇	3,586 468	3,422 468
 Motor vehicles and equipment Exchange loss, net 	一汽車及設備 匯兑虧損淨額	14,832	10,673

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

9. INCOME TAX (CREDIT)/EXPENSE

9. 所得税(抵免)/開支

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Continuing operations Income tax expense comprises:	持續經營業務 所得税開支包括:		
Current tax - Hong Kong profits tax - Over provision in respect of prior years	即期税項 一香港利得税 一過往年度超額撥備	148 (21)	103
		127	103
Deferred tax (note 29)	遞延税項(附註29)	(865)	302
		(738)	405

The Group is subject to Hong Kong profits tax which is calculated at 16.5% (2015: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year.

Pursuant to the tax rules and regulations of Macau, the subsidiaries incorporated and operated in Macau are liable to Macau Profits Tax at the rate of 12% (2015: 12%).

本集團須繳交香港利得税,就年度應 課税溢利按16.5%税率計算(二零一五 年:16.5%)。

根據澳門税務規則及規例,於澳門註冊成立及經營之附屬公司須按12%(二零一五年:12%)之税率繳納澳門利得税。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

9. INCOME TAX (CREDIT)/EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation between income tax (credit)/expense and accounting loss at applicable tax rate is as follows:

9. 所得税(抵免)/開支(續)

所得税(抵免)/開支與會計虧損按適用 税率之對賬如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Continuing operations Loss before income tax from continuing operations	持續經營業務 持續經營業務之除所得税前 虧損	(25,971)	(18,247)
Tax at the statutory rate of 16.5% (2015: 16.5%) in Hong Kong	以香港法定税率16.5% (二零一五年:16.5%)計算		
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	之税項 在其他司法權區經營之附屬 公司不同税率之影響	(4,285)	(3,010)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Tax effect of non-taxable revenue	不可扣減開支之税務影響 非應課税收入之税務影響	1,101 (906)	2,250 (2,313)
Tax effect of prior year's unrecognised tax losses utilised this year Tax losses not recognised as deferred tax	項虧損之税務影響	(237)	(269)
assets Over provision in respect of prior years Others	税務虧損 過往年度超額撥備 其他	3,425 (21) (352)	3,372 - (120)
Income tax (credit)/expense	所得税(抵免)/開支	(738)	405

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

10. DISCONTINUED OPERATION

On 16 November 2015, the Group entered into a conditional sales and purchase agreement with an independent third party, Po Lee Capital Limited in respect of the disposal of its 100% equity interest in CL Securities (the "Disposal"). CL Securities is principally engaged in the provision of stock broking services in Hong Kong.

The Disposal was completed on 23 March 2016. The consideration for the Disposal was HK\$23,598,000.

The results of CL Securities constitute a discontinued operation which are set out below. For the purpose of presenting the discontinued operation of CL Securities, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2015 and the related notes have been represented.

10. 已終止經營業務

於二零一五年十一月十六日,本集團 與獨立第三方寶利資本有限公司就出 售其於世紀建業證券的所有股權訂立 有條件買賣協議(「出售事項」)。世紀 建業證券主要從事於香港提供股票經 紀服務。

出售事項已於二零一六年三月二十三 日完成。出售事項的代價為港幣 23,598,000元。

構成世紀建業證券已終止經營業務的 業績載列如下。就呈列世紀建業證券 已終止經營業務而言,截至二零一五 年十二月三十一止年度的綜合全面收 益表及相關附註已經重列。

		Period from 1 January to 23 March 2016 由二零一六年 一月一日至三月 二十三日期間 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年 十二月三十一日 止年度 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue Cost of services provided	收益 提供服務之成本	378 (54)	3,157 (704)
Gross profit Other income Administrative expenses	毛利 其他收入 行政開支	324 281 (489)	2,453 30 (2,274)
Profit before income tax Income tax expense	除所得税前溢利 所得税開支	116	209
Profit for the period/year Gain on disposal of CL Securities	期/年內溢利 出售世紀建業證券之收益	116 5,854	209
Profit for the year from discontinued operation	來自已終止經營業務之 年內溢利	5,970	209

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

10. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (CONTINUED)

10. 已終止經營業務(續)

		Period from 1 January to 23 March 2016 由二零一六年 一月一日至三月 二十三日期間 HK\$'000	Year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年 十二月三十一日 止年度 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cash flows from discontinued operation Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities Net cash used in investing activities	來自已終止經營業務之現金流 經營業務(所耗)/所得之現金 淨額 投資活動所用現金淨額	(1,262)	1,625 (9)
Net cash used in financing activities Net cash (outflows)/inflows	融資活動所用現金淨額 現金(流出)/流入淨額	(1,262)	1,512

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

10. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (CONTINUED)

The assets and liabilities of CL Securities derecognised at the date of disposal on 23 March 2016 were as follows:

10. 已終止經營業務(續)

世紀建業證券於二零一六年三月二十三日出售時取消確認之資產及負債如下:

	HK\$'000 港幣千元
非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備	36
流動資產	
營業及其他應收賬款及預付款項	6,784
代客戶持有之信託銀行結餘	4,664
現金及銀行結餘	11,326
	22,774
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	4,987
	180
應付一間附屬公司之款項	45
	5,212
山 年 	17,598
	物業、廠房及設備 流動資產 營業及其他應收賬款及預付款項代客戶持有之信託銀行結餘 現金及銀行結餘 流動負債 營業應付賬款 其他應付賬款及應計款項

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

10. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (CONTINUED)

Gain on disposal of CL Securities is calculated as follows:

10. 已終止經營業務(續)

出售世紀建業證券之收益計算如下:

		HK\$'000 港幣千元
Consideration received Net assets disposed of Transaction costs of the disposal	已收代價 已出售資產淨值 出售之交易開支	23,598 (17,598) (146)
Gain on disposal	出售之收益	5,854

Net cash inflow from disposal of CL Securities is calculated as follows:

出售世紀建業證券之現金流入淨額計 算如下:

		HK\$'000 港幣千元
Consideration received Less: Cash and bank balances disposed of	已收代價 減:出售之現金及銀行結餘	23,598 (11,326)
		12,272

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

11. LOSS/EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on:

11. 每股虧損/盈利

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本虧損乃根 據以下數據計算:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
(Loss)/Profit attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔(虧損)/ 溢利		
Loss from continuing operations Profit from discontinued operation	持續經營業務之虧損 已終止經營業務之溢利	(25,587) 5,970	(19,341) 209
Loss from continuing and discontinued operations	持續及已終止經營業務之虧損	(19,617)	(19,132)
		2016 二零一六年 '000 千股	2015 二零一五年 '000 千股
Number of shares	股數		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic loss per share	就計算每股基本虧損而言之 普通股加權平均數	309,706	307,078

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

11. LOSS/EARNINGS PER SHARE (CONTINUED)

For the purposes of calculating diluted loss/earnings per share, no adjustment has been made to the basic loss per share for continuing and discontinued operations as well as for continuing operations as the exercise of the outstanding share options (note 31) would result in decrease in the basic loss per share for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015.

Earnings per share from discontinued operation are as follows:

11. 每股虧損/盈利(續)

為計算每股攤薄虧損/盈利,概無對 持續及已終止經營業務以及持續經營 業務之每股基本虧損作出調整,因為 行使未行使購股權(附註31)將減少 截至二零一六年及二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度的每股基本虧損。

已終止經營業務之每股盈利如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK cents 港仙	2015 二零一五年 HK cents 港仙
Basic	基本	1.93	0.07
Diluted (note)	攤薄(附註)	1.87	0.07

Note:

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for discontinued operation is based on the profit from discontinued operation attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$5,970,000 (2015: HK\$209,000) and the weighted average of 319,801,000 (2015: 317,584,000) ordinary shares outstanding during the year after adjusting for the effects of the outstanding share options.

附註:

已終止經營業務之每股攤薄盈利乃根據本公司擁有人應佔已終止經營業務之溢利港幣5,970,000元(二零一五年:港幣209,000元)及就未行使購股權之影響作出調整後之年內發行在外為數319,801,000(二零一五年:317,584,000股)股普通股之加權平均數計算。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

12. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

12. 僱員福利開支

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Continuing operations Salaries, allowances and staff benefits Commission Retirement benefit costs Share option expense (note 31)	持續經營業務 薪酬、津貼及員工福利 佣金 退休福利成本 購股權開支(附註31)	24,454 554 438 957	23,686 527 414 969
		26,403	25,596

13. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance regulated by the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority in Hong Kong, with effect from 1 December 2000, the Group participates in a Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF scheme") operated by an approved trustee in Hong Kong and makes contributions for its eligible employees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income. The cap of monthly relevant income is increased from HK\$25,000 to HK\$30,000 from 1 June 2014. Contributions to the scheme vest immediately.

Total contributions paid by the continued and discontinued operations of the Group into the MPF Scheme and recognised as an expense during the year, including contributions for the directors, amounted to HK\$459,000 (2015: HK\$498,000). No forfeited contribution is available for reducing the Group's existing level of contributions (2015: nil).

13. 退休福利

根據香港強積金管理局所頒布之強制性公積金計劃條例(二零零年十二月一日起生效),本集團參與由香港福見日起生效),本集團參與由香港福見公養金計劃(「強積金計劃」),為合金資金的人。 一日起生效之強制性公積金資格格展 計劃(「強積金計劃」),為合金資格條 人。根據強積金計劃」),為合金資格條 人之5%向限 人之5%向限 人之5%向限 人上限自二零加 時期 大月一日起由港幣25,000元增加 等30,000元。向該計劃之供款即時歸屬。

本集團持續經營及已終止經營業務之 強積金計劃供款總額(包括支付董事之 供款)為港幣459,000元(二零一五年: 港幣498,000元)已於本年度確認為開 支。概無被放棄供款可供減少本集團 供款之現有水平(二零一五年:無)。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

14. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

14. 董事酬金及五名最高薪酬

Directors' emoluments

人士

The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid and payable to the directors are as follows:

董事酬金 (a) 已付及應付董事之酬金總額如 下:

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Discretionary bonus* 酬情花紅* HK\$'000 港幣千元	Retirement benefit costs 退休福利成本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Share option expense 購股權開支 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Year ended 31 December 2016	截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度						
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. Tsang Chiu Mo Samuel	曾昭武先生	120	2,886	2,000	6	-	5,012
Mr. Tsang Chiu Ching	曾昭政先生	768	2,592	2,000	38	-	5,398
Ms. Tsang Chiu Yuen Sylvia	曾昭婉女士	600	2,544	2,000	30	957	6,131
Ms. Chu Ming Tak Evans Tania	朱明德女士	-	1,016	200	50	-	1,266
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Hui Yan Kit	許人傑先生	40	-	-	-	-	40
Mr. Wong Tak Ming Gary	黃德明先生	40	-	-	-	-	40
Mr. Au Chi Wai Edward	區志偉先生	40	-	-	-	-	40
		1,608	9,038	6,200	124	957	17,927
Year ended 31 December 2015	截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度						
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. Tsang Chiu Mo Samuel	曾昭武先生	120	2,766	2,000	6	-	4,892
Mr. Tsang Chiu Ching	曾昭政先生	768	2,472	2,000	38	-	5,278
Ms. Tsang Chiu Yuen Sylvia	曾昭婉女士	600	2,424	2,000	30	969	6,023
Ms. Chu Ming Tak Evans Tania	朱明德女士	-	950	200	48	-	1,198
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Hui Yan Kit	許人傑先生	40	-	-	-	-	40
Mr. Wong Tak Ming Gary	黄德明先生	40	-	-	-	-	40
Mr. Au Chi Wai Edward	區志偉先生	40	-	-	-	-	40
		1,608	8,612	6,200	122	969	17,511

The discretionary bonus is performance-related with the basis determined by the Remuneration Committee.

酌情花紅按薪酬委員會釐定之 基準與表現掛鈎。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

14. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (CONTINUED)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

None of the directors waived or has agreed to waive emoluments in respect of the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015.

During the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join the Group or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group include four (2015: four) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in note (a) above and the emoluments paid and payable to the remaining one (2015: one) highest paid individual are as follows:

14. 董事酬金及五名最高薪酬人士(續)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

截至二零一六年及二零一五年 十二月三十一日止年度,並無 董事放棄或同意放棄其酬金。

截至二零一六年及二零一五年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團並未支付任何酬金予任何董 事作為加入本集團或加入本集 團後之獎勵,或作為離職之補 僧。

(b) 五名最高薪酬人士

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團五名最高薪酬人士包括四名(二零一五年:四名)董事,其酬金已載於上文附註(a)之分析內,已付及應付餘下一名(二零一五年:一名)最高薪酬人士之酬金如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Salaries, allowances and other benefits Retirement benefit costs	薪金、津貼及其他福利退休福利成本	912 42	866 40
		954	906

The emoluments of this remaining one (2015: one) highest paid individual fell within the following band:

餘下一名(二零一五年:一名) 最高薪酬人士之酬金介乎以下 範圍:

		Number of 人	
		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
Emolument band	酬金範圍		
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	零至港幣1,000,000元	1	1

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 樓宇 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Leasehold improvements 租約物業裝修 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 傢俬、裝置及 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$ ¹ 000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2015 Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零一五年一月一日 成本 累計折舊	2,908 (459)	3,919 (3,303)	4,583 (4,313)	1,290 (1,258)	12,700 (9,333)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	2,449	616	270	32	3,367
Year ended 31 December 2015 Opening net carrying amount Additions Depreciation – Continuing operations Depreciation – Discontinued operation	截至二零一五年 十二月三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 添置 折舊一持續經營業務 折舊一已終止經營業務	2,449 - (76)	616 - (485) -	270 115 (105) (35)	32 524 (136)	3,367 639 (802) (35)
Closing net carrying amount	年末賬面淨值	2,373	131	245	420	3,169
At 31 December 2015 Cost Accumulated depreciation Net carrying amount	於二零一五年十二月三十一日 成本 累計折舊 賬面淨值	2,908 (535) 2,373	3,919 (3,788)	4,502 (4,257)	1,814 (1,394) 420	13,143 (9,974) 3,169
Year ended 31 December 2016 Opening net carrying amount Additions Depreciation – Continuing operations Depreciation – Discontinued operation Disposal of subsidiary (note 10)	截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 添置 折舊一持續經營業務 折舊一已終止經營業務 出售附屬公司(附註10)	2,373 - (76)	131 265	245 23 (85) (7) (36)	420 740 (277)	3,169 1,028 (583) (7)
Closing net carrying amount	年末賬面淨值	2,297	251	140	883	3,571
At 31 December 2016 Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零一六年十二月三十一日 成本 累計折舊	2,908 (611)	4,184	4,054 (3,914)	2,554 (1,671)	13,700 (10,129)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	2,297	251	140	883	3,571

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續) (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2016, motor vehicles with net carrying amount of HK\$883,000 (2015: HK\$420,000) are held under finance lease. The capital value of motor vehicles at the inception of the leases amounted to HK\$1,264,000 (2015: HK\$524,000).

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,賬面 淨值為港幣883,000元(二零一五年: 港幣420,000元)之汽車以融資租賃方 式持有。汽車於開始租賃時之資本值 為港幣1,264,000元(二零一五年:港 幣524,000元)。

16. 投資物業

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Fair value At 1 January Additions through subsequent expenditure Net change in fair value*	公平值 於一月一日 透過期後開支添置 公平值變動淨值*	313,400 2,991 2,809	309,900 - 3,500
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	319,200	313,400

Disclosed as "Fair value gain on investment properties" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The Group's investment properties are measured using a fair value model and are leased to third parties under operating leases to earn rental income, further details of which are set out in note 35(a).

The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31 December 2016 by ROMA Appraisals Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer, on an open market, existing use basis.

本集團之投資物業採用公平值模型予 以計量及按經營租約租予第三方,以 赚取租金收入,有關進一步詳情載於 附註35(a)。

獨立合資格專業估值師羅馬國際評 估有限公司已於二零一六年十二月 三十一日按照公開市場之現存用途基 準對本集團之投資物業進行重新評估。

^{*} 作為綜合全面收入報表之「投資物業之公平值 收益」披露。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

The fair value measurement of the Group's investment properties has been categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13 Fair value measurement. All of the fair values of the investment properties as at 31 December 2016 are level 3 (2015: level 3) recurring fair value measurement, which uses significant unobservable inputs in arriving at the fair values. There is no transfer between level 1 and level 2, or transfers into or out of level 3 during the current year or in prior year.

Fair values as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 are determined using direct comparison approach. Fair values are based on recent market information about prices for comparable properties with significant adjustments for any differences in the characteristics of the Group's properties.

Details about the valuation inputs are as follows:

16. 投資物業(續)

本集團投資物業之公平值計量,已分類為三層公平值層級(定義見香港財新13號公平值計量)。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,所有五年、對之公平值為第三層(二零一五年至)經常性公平值計量,計數據三層已使用重大不可觀察輸入數第二時已使用重大不可觀察輸入數第二時已使用重大不可觀察輸入或轉出第三層。

於二零一六年及二零一五年十二月 三十一日之公平值乃使用直接比較法 釐定。公平值乃根據近期關於可比較 物業之市場資料為依據,並就本集團 物業之特色之任何差異作出重大調整。

估值數據之詳情載列如下:

Properties 物業	Location 位置	Level 層級	Valuation technique 估值技術	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	Range of unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據之範圍
Residential properties 住宅物業	Hong Kong 香港	3	Direct comparison approach 直接比較法	Discount/Premium on quality and characteristics of properties 就物業質素及特點作折讓/溢價	-6%至15%
A boutique hotel 精品酒店	Hong Kong 香港	3	Direct comparison approach 直接比較法	Discount/Premium on quality and characteristics of properties 就物業質素及特點作折讓/溢價	(二零一五年:-8%至4%) -5% to 15% (2015: -5% to 5%) -5%至15%
A retail shop	Macau	3	Direct comparison approach	Discount/Premium on quality and characteristics of properties	(二零一五年:-5%至5%) -30% to 1% (2015: -5% to 0%)
零售商鋪	澳門	3	直接比較法	就物業質素及特點作折讓/溢價	-30%至1% (二零一五年:-5%至0%)
Office premises 辦公室物業	Macau 澳門	3	Direct comparison approach 直接比較法	Discount/Premium on quality and characteristics of properties 就物業質素及特點作折讓/溢價	-10% to 0% (2015: -5% to 5%) -10%至0% (二零一五年: -5%至5%)

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Higher premiums or discounts for differences in the quality and characteristics of the Group's properties and the comparables would result in correspondingly higher or lower fair values.

The fair value measurement is based on the highest and best use of the investment properties, which does not differ from their actual use.

As at 31 December 2016, certain investment properties with carrying amount of approximately HK\$283,000,000 (2015: HK\$278,400,000) were pledged to secure the banking facilities granted to the Group as further detailed in note 28.

17. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

16. 投資物業(續)

就本集團物業及可比較物業之質素及 特點差異所作之較高溢價或折讓將導 致相應較高或較低之公平值。

公平值乃根據投資物業的最高效益及 最佳用途計量,即與其實際用途並無 差異。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,賬面值約為港幣283,000,000元(二零一五年:港幣278,400,000元)之若干投資物業已作為本集團獲授銀行信貸之抵押,有關進一步詳情載於附註28。

17. 預付土地租賃款項

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Opening net carrying amount Amortisation charge for the year	年初賬面淨值 本年度攤銷費用	3,823 (123)	3,946 (123)
Closing net carrying amount	年末賬面淨值	3,700	3,823
As at 31 December Cost Accumulated amortisation	於十二月三十一日 成本 累計攤銷	4,687 (987)	4,687 (864)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	3,700	3,823
Analysed as:	分析:		
Non-current assets Current assets	非流動資產 流動資產	3,577 123	3,700 123
		3,700	3,823

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

18. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL 18. 可供出售之財務資產 **ASSETS**

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Listed equity investments in Hong Kong, at fair value	於香港上市之股本投資, 按公平值	18,733	18,129

The Group's listed equity investments in Hong Kong are held for long-term and are non-trading in nature. Fair values of these listed equity investments have been measured as described in note 38.1(iv).

本集團於香港之上市股本投資乃長期 持有,屬非買賣性質。誠如附註38.1 (iv)所述,該等上市股本投資之公平值 已予計量。

19. LOANS RECEIVABLE

19. 應收貸款

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Loans receivable – unsecured Less: Provision for impairment	應收貸款-無抵押 減:減值撥備	37,878 (972)	39,930 (1,000)
Loans receivable, net Less: Amounts due within one year classified as current assets	應收貸款,淨額 減:一年內到期款額,分類為 流動資產	36,906 (27,706)	38,930 (1,943)
Amounts due after one year classified as non-current assets	一年後到期款額・分類為非流 動資產	9,200	36,987

The loans receivable bear interest at fixed annual rates ranging from 4% to 24% (2015: 4% to 24%). The repayment terms of the loans are negotiated on an individual basis.

應收貸款按固定年利率4%至24%(二 零一五年:4%至24%)計息。貸款之還 款期按個別基準逐筆磋商。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

19. LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

At the end of the reporting period, impairment provision of HK\$972,000 (2015: HK\$1,000,000) has been made for the loan due from one customer (2015: one customer) who is in financial difficulty.

The maturity profile of the above loans (net of provision) at the end of reporting period, which is analysed by the remaining periods to their contractual maturity dates, is as follows:

19. 應收貸款(續)

於報告期末,已就一名(二零一五年: 一名)出現財務困難之客戶結欠之貸款 作出港幣972,000元(二零一五年:港 幣1,000,000元)之減值撥備。

於報告期末,上述貸款(扣除撥備後) 之到期還款資料按約定還款日期前之 剩餘期間分析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
On demand Three months or less Over three months but less than one year In one to two years Over two years	按要求償還 三個月或以內 三個月以上至一年內 一至兩年 兩年以上	- 453 27,253 9,200 -	- 581 1,362 27,787 9,200
		36,906	38,930

Loans receivables (net of provision) at the end of the reporting period which are neither past due nor impaired relate to a number of borrowers. The Group has developed long-term business relation with the customers with outstanding loan balance at the end of reporting period and all of them have no recent history of default. To minimise credit risk, the directors assess background and financial condition of customers on regular basis. Based on the above assessment, the directors consider that impairment provision is not necessary in respect of the net carrying amount of loans receivable at the end of reporting period.

於報告期末,並未逾期或減值之應收貸款(扣除撥備後)乃與若干借款人有關。本集團已與所有於報告期末,償還貸款結餘之有關客戶建立長期期以有關係,而彼等全部並無近期欠款之最份減至最低,董事認為於報告期末。以對於報告期末,董事認為於報告期末值撥份,董事認為於報告期末值撥份。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

20. INVENTORIES

20. 存貨

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Consumable stocks	可用存貨	51	53

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in cost of sales for the year ended 31 December 2016 amounted to HK\$668,000 (2015: HK\$651,000).

為數港幣668,000元(二零一五年: 港幣651,000元)之存貨成本確認為 開支,並計入截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度之銷售成本。

21. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

21. 按公平值列賬及於損益賬中處理之財務資產

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Listed equity investments held for trading, at fair value	持作買賣之上市股本投資, 按公平值	4,796	4,896

The fair value of the listed equity investments have been measured as described in note 38.1(iv).

上市股本投資之公平值已經按附註 38.1 (iv)計量。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

22. 營業及其他應收賬款及預付款項

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trade receivables Less: Provision for impairment	營業應收賬款	1,586	8,367
	減:減值撥備	-	(281)
Trade receivables, net Other receivables and prepayments	營業應收賬款淨值	1,586	8,086
	其他應收賬款及預付款項	3,875	5,631
		5,461	13,717

For stock broking segment, the Group allowed a credit period up to the settlement dates of their respective transactions (normally two business days after the respective trade dates) except for margin client receivables which are repayable on demand. For other business segments, no credit period is granted in general.

就股票經紀分部而言,本集團給予截至各相關交易結算日期為止之信貸期 (通常為各交易日期後兩個營業日),惟應收孖展客戶款項須應要求時償還。就其他業務分部而言,概無授出信貸期。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

The ageing analysis (based on invoice date) of the trade receivables, net of provision for impairment, at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

22. 營業及其他應收賬款及預付款項(續)

於報告期末,營業應收賬款(扣除減值 撥備)之賬齡分析(按發票日期)如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Repayable on demand – margin	須應要求時償還-應收孖展		
receivables*	須應安水时俱爆一應收打廠 款項*	_	6,942
0-30 days	0至30日	1,223	527
31-60 days	31至60日	_	22
61-90 days	61至90日	-	35
Over 90 days	90日以上	363	560
		1,586	8,086

As at 31 December 2015, the Group held certain listed equity securities of customers as collateral over these trade receivables of stock broking segment.

As at 31 December 2015, receivables from margin clients were interest-bearing at 6.75% to 18% per annum, whereas receivables from cash clients amounting to HK\$530,000 are interest-bearing at 7% to 9% per annum.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews trade receivables for evidence of impairment on both an individual and collective basis. As at 31 December 2015, included in the provision for impairment of trade receivables was a provision for individually impaired trade receivables of HK\$281,000 with a gross carrying amount of HK\$281,000. The individually impaired trade receivables related to customers that were in default or delinquent in payments.

* 於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團於股票經紀分部持有客戶之若干上市股本證券以 作為此等營業應收賬款之抵押品。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,來自 孖展客戶之應收款項按6.75%至18% 之年利率計息,而來自現金客戶之應 收款項為港幣530,000元,則按7%至 9%之年利率計息。

於各報告期末,本集團按個別及整體 基準審閱營業應收賬款之減值憑證。 於二零一五年十二月三十一日,營 業應收賬款之減值撥備亦包括港幣 281,000元之個別減值之營業應收賬款 撥備,其總賬面值為港幣281,000元。 個別減值之營業應收賬款與拖欠或逾 期付款之客戶有關。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

The ageing analysis (based on due date) of the trade receivables excluding receivables due from margin customers that are past due but are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

22. 營業及其他應收賬款及預付款項(續)

已逾期但未被視為減值之營業應收賬款(不包括應收孖展客戶之款項)之賬齡分析(按到期日)如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
1-30 days past due 31-60 days past due 61-90 days past due Over 90 days past due	逾期1至30日 逾期31至60日 逾期61至90日 逾期90日以上	79 - - 363	527 22 35 560
		442	1,144

Trade receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Trade receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to customers that have a good payment record with the Group. Based on past experience, the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

尚未逾期或未減值之營業應收賬款與 近期並無拖欠還款記錄之若干分散客 戶有關。

已逾期但未減值之營業應收賬款乃關於與本集團擁有良好付款記錄之客戶。根據過往經驗,管理層相信,毋須就該等結餘作出減值撥備,原因為信貸質素概無重大變動及該等結餘仍被視為可全部收回。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

23. TRUST BANK BALANCES HELD ON BEHALF OF CUSTOMERS

As at 31 December 2015, the Group maintained segregated trust accounts with a licensed bank in Hong Kong to hold clients' monies in conducting its stock broking business. In the consolidated statement of financial position, the Group has classified the clients' monies as trust bank balances held on behalf of customers under current assets and recognised the corresponding trade payables to the respective customers under current liabilities. The Group is allowed to retain some or all of the interest earned on the clients' monies. The Group is not allowed to use the clients' monies to settle its own obligations. Due to the Disposal on 23 March 2016 as mentioned in note 10, there is no trust bank balances held on behalf of customers as at 31 December 2016.

24. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

Pledged bank deposits at the end of the reporting period represent time deposits which are denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") with original maturity periods of 3 to 12 months (2015: 6 to 12 months). The deposits earn interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.20% to 7.00% per annum (2015: 2.80% to 4.20% per annum) and have been pledged to secure certain banking facilities granted by a bank (note 28).

25. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Cash and bank balances include the following:

23. 代客戶持有之信託銀行結餘

24. 已抵押銀行存款

於報告期末之已抵押銀行存款,指以 人民幣(「人民幣」)計值之定期存款, 原先到期時限為3至12個月(二零一五 年:6至12個月)。該等存款按介乎 2.20%至7.00%(二零一五年:2.80% 至4.20%)的固定年利率賺取利息,並 已作抵押,以取得一間銀行授出之若 干銀行融資(附註28)。

25. 現金及銀行結餘 現金及銀行結餘包括以下各項:

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cash at bank and in hand 銀行及手頭現金 Short-term bank deposits 短期銀行存款	29,956 87,812	24,356 107,621
Cash and bank balances 現金及銀行結餘	117,768	131,977

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

25. CASH AND BANK BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposits rates. Short-term bank deposits are placed with banks with original maturity periods range from 1 month to 12 months (2015: 7 days to 12 months) and earn interest at market interest rates ranging from 0.30% to 7.00% per annum (2015: 0.25% to 4.50% per annum).

At the end of the reporting period, cash and bank balances denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$98,599,000 (2015: HK\$104,694,000)

26. TRADE PAYABLES

At the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis (based on invoice date) of the Group's trade payables is as follows:

25. 現金及銀行結餘(續)

銀行現金按每日銀行存款利率的浮動利率計息。短期銀行存款則存放於銀行,原先到期期限介乎1日至12個月(二零一五年:7日至12個月),及按市場利率介乎每年0.30%至7.00%(二零一五年:每年0.25%至4.50%)賺取利息。

於報告期末,以人民幣計值之現金及銀行結餘為98,599,000港元(二零一五年:104,694,000港元)

26. 營業應付賬款

於報告期末,本集團之營業應付賬款 之賬齡分析(按發票日期)如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Repayable on demand – Trust bank balances for funds placed by customers 0-30 days 31-60 days	按要求償還-由客戶存放之 資金之信託銀行結餘 0至30日 31至60日	- 46 38	11,315 2,678 32
		84	14,025

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

27. OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES

27. 融資租約承擔

Obligations under finance leases are as follows:

融資租約承擔如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Total minimum lease payments:	最低租金總額:		
Due within one year	一年內到期	326	230
Due in the second to fifth year inclusive	第二年至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)到期	784	385
)	1,110	615
Less: Future finance charges	減:未來融資費用	(130)	(74)
Present value of finance lease obligations	融資租約承擔現值	980	541
Present value of finance lease obligations:			
Due within one year included in current liabilities	一年內到期並列為流動負債	288	203
Due in the second to fifth year inclusive	第二年至第五年		
included in non-current liabilities	(包括首尾兩年) 到期並列為非流動負債	692	338
		980	541

The Group entered into finance leases in respect of the purchases of motor vehicles. The lease period are 4 to 5 years and interest rates are 2.75% to 3.25% (2015: 2.45% to 2.75%) per annum. The leases have no terms of renewal or any contingent rental provisions.

本集團就購入汽車訂立融資租約。租期為四至五年,於各融資租約訂約日之年利率為2.75%至3.25%(二零一五年:2.45%至2.75%)。租約並無續租條款或任何或然租金條文。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

28. BANK BORROWINGS (SECURED)

28. 銀行借貸(有抵押)

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current liabilities Portion of term loans due for repayment within one year	流動負債 須於一年內償還之定期貸款之 部份	171,130	200,131
Portion of term loans due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand clause	包含按要求償還條款之須於一 年後償還之定期貸款之部份	74,089	47,220
		245,219	247,351

The bank borrowings, including the term loans repayable on demand, are carried at amortised cost. None of the portion of term loans due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand clause (and therefore classified as current liability) is expected to be settled within one year.

銀行借貸(包括須按要求償還之定期貸款)按攤銷成本列賬。概無預期將於一年內結算之包含按要求償還條款(而因此分類為流動負債)之須於一年後償還之定期貸款部份。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

28. BANK BORROWINGS (SECURED) (CONTINUED)

The analysis of the Group's bank borrowings by scheduled repayment is as follows:

28. 銀行借貸(有抵押)(續)

本集團之銀行借貸按計劃償付進行之 分析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Portion of term loan due for repayment within one year	須於一年內償還之定期貸款之 部份	171,130	200,131
Portion of term loans due for repayment after one year (note (a))	須於一年後償還之定期貸款之 部份(附註a)		
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內	31,132	2,133
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內	40,350	42,333
After 5 years	五年後	2,607	2,754
		245,219	247,351

Notes:

- (a) The amounts due are based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements and ignore the effect of any repayment on demand clause.
- (b) The Group's bank borrowings as at the end of the reporting period, all denominated in HK\$, bear interest at Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") plus 1.2% to 2.2% or prime rate minus 2.95% (2015: HIBOR plus 1.2% to 2.2% or prime rate minus 2.95%) per annum. The interest rates of the Group's bank borrowings as at 31 December 2016 ranged from 1.42% to 2.59% (2015: 1.39% to 2.46%) per annum.
- (c) The Group's bank borrowings and banking facilities are secured by certain of the Group's investment properties and bank deposits with carrying amounts of approximately HK\$283,000,000 (2015: HK\$278,400,000) (note 16) and HK\$115,330,000 (2015: HK\$118,736,000) (note 24) respectively, and corporate guarantee given by the Company to the extent of HK\$245,219,000 (2015: HK\$247,351,000).

附註:

- (a) 該等應付款項乃根據貸款協議所載之計 劃償還日期計算且不計任何按要求償還 條款之影響。
- (b) 於報告期末,本集團之銀行借貸(均以港幣計值),分別按香港銀行同業拆息(「香港銀行同業拆息」)加年息1.2%至2.2%或按最優惠利率減年息2.95%(二零一五年:按銀行同業拆息加年息1.2%至2.2%或按最優惠利率減2.95%)計息。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀行借貸年息介乎1.42%至2.59%(二零一五年:1.39%至2.46%)。
- (c) 本集團之銀行借貸及銀行融資乃以若干 賬面值分別約港幣283,000,000元(二零 一五年:港幣278,400,000元)(附註16) 及港幣115,330,000元(二零一五年:港 幣118,736,000元)(附註24)之本集團 投資物業及銀行存款,以及本公司作出 之上限為港幣245,219,000元(二零一五 年:港幣247,351,000元)之公司擔保作 抵押。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

29. DEFERRED TAX

Details of the deferred tax liabilities recognised and their movements during the current and prior year are as follows:

29. 遞延税項

本集團於本年度及過往年度確認之遞 延税項負債及變動之詳情如下:

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 HK\$'000	税項虧損 HK\$'000	Fair value changes of investment properties 投資物業之公平值變動	Total 合計 HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 January 2015 Charged to profit or loss	於二零一五年一月一日 於損益中扣除之款項	1,337	-	1,664	3,001
(note 9)	(附註9)	302	_	_	302
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日及 二零一六年一月一日	1,639	_	1,664	3,303
Charged/(Credited) to profit or loss (note 9)	於損益中扣除/(計入)之款項(附註9)	1,031	(2,064)		(865)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年				
	十二月三十一日	2,670	(2,064)	1,832	2,438

At 31 December 2016, the Group had estimated tax losses of approximately HK\$277,243,000 (2015: HK\$229,890,000). A deferred tax asset of HK\$2,064,000 (2015: nil) has been recognised in respect of tax losses of approximately HK\$12,512,000 (2015: nil). No deferred tax have been recognised in respect of the remaining tax losses as it is uncertain whether future taxable profit will be available for utilising the tax losses. Under current tax legislation, the tax losses can be carried forward indefinitely.

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團之估計稅項虧損約為港幣277,243,000元(二零一五年:港幣229,890,000元)。已就稅項虧損約海幣12,512,000元(二零一五年:無)確認遞延稅項資產港幣2,064,000元(二零一五年:無)。由於未能確定未來可有應課稅溢利而使用稅項虧損確認遞延稅項時並無就餘下稅項虧損確認遞延稅項。根據目前之稅項法例,稅項虧損可無限期結轉。

綜合財務報表附註

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.2 each

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

30. SHARE CAPITAL

30. 股本

		每股面值港幣0.2元之普通	
		Number of	Nominal
		shares	value
		股份數目	面值
			HK\$'000
			港幣千元
Authorised:	法定:		
At 1 January 2015, 31 December 2015	於二零一五年一月一日、		
and 31 December 2016	二零一五年十二月三十一日及		
	二零一六年十二月三十一日	2,000,000,000	400,000
Issue and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:		
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	306,641,597	61,328
Shares issued upon exercise of	根據購股權獲行使發行之股份		
share options (note 31)	(附註31)	3,064,000	613
At 31 December 2015, 1 January 2016	於二零一五年十二月三十一日、		
and 31 December 2016	二零一六年一月一日及		
	二零一六年十二月三十一日	309,705,597	61,941

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

A share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was adopted by the Company pursuant to a resolution passed at the annual general meeting held on 22 May 2009 for the primary purpose of providing incentives or rewards to the participants who have contributed to the Group and encouraging participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole. The board of directors may, at its discretion, offer to directors, employees of any member of the Group, any advisors and service providers of any member of the Group, options to subscribe for shares in the Company at a price not less than the highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange on the date of grant of the option; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares on the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the grant of the options; and (iii) the nominal value of a share. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the grant of the options by each of the relevant grantees. The options vest on the condition that the grantee is a participant of the Share Option Scheme from the date of options grant to the commencement date of the exercisable period of the options and the participant is not required to achieve any performance targets before any share options granted under the Share Option Scheme can be exercised.

31. 以股份支付之補償

本公司根據於二零零九年五月二十二 日舉行之股東週年大會上通過之決議 案採納購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」), 該項購股權計劃之主要目的為激勵或 獎勵對本集團作出貢獻之參與者,以 及鼓勵參與者為本公司及其股東之整 體利益致力提高本公司及其股份之價 值。董事會可酌情向本集團任何成員 公司之董事、僱員,以及本集團任何 成員公司之任何顧問及服務供應商授 出購股權以認購本公司股份,認購價 將不低於下列三者中之最高者:(i)本公 司股份於授出購股權當日在聯交所之 收市價;(ii)股份於緊接授出購股權當 日前五個交易日在聯交所之平均收市 價;及(iii)股份面值。各相關承授人須 於接納授出之購股權時,支付港幣1元 之象徵式代價。購股權之歸屬條件為 承授人於獲授購股權日期至購股權行 使期開始之日為止的期間,須為有關 購股權計劃之參與人,而參與人無須 於根據購股權計劃授出之任何購股權 可獲行使前達致任何業績目標。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (CONTINUED)

Movements of the share options during the reporting period and their weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

31. 以股份支付之補償(續)

於報告期間內購股權之變動及其加權 平均行使價如下:

		2016 二零一六年		201 二零一	
			Weighted		Weighted
			average		average
		Number	exercise	Number	exercise
		of options	price	of options	price
			加權平均		加權平均
		購股權數目	行使價	購股權數目	行使價
			HK\$		HK\$
			港幣元		港幣元
Outstanding at 1 January	於一月一日尚未行使	16,371,826	0.310	16,371,826	0.310
Granted	已授出	3,096,000	0.732	3,064,000	0.720
Exercised	已行使	-	-	(3,064,000)	0.720
Outstanding at 31 December	於十二月三十一日				
	尚未行使	19,467,826	0.377	16,371,826	0.310
Exercisable at 31 December	於十二月三十一日可行使	19,467,826	0.377	16,371,826	0.310

The weighted average share price of the Company on the date of exercise of the options during the year ended 31 December 2015 was HK\$0.910. No share option was exercised during current year.

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度購股權獲行使當日之本公司加權平均股價為港幣0.910元。本年度概無行使購股權。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (CONTINUED)

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

31. 以股份支付之補償(續)

於報告期末之未行使購股權之行使價 及行使期如下:

		Number of options 購股權數目	Exercise price 行使價 HK\$ 港幣元	Exercise period 行使期
2016 Granted on	二零一六年 於二零零九年	16,371,826	0.310	22 May 2009
22 May 2009	五月二十二日授出			- 21 May 2019 二零零九年五月二十二日至 二零一九年五月二十一日
Granted on 14 September 2016	於二零一六年 九月十四日授出	3,096,000	0.732	14 September 2016 - 13 September 2026 二零一六年九月十四日至 二零二六年九月十三日
2015	二零一五年			
Granted on 22 May 2009	於二零零九年五月 二十二日授出	16,371,826	0.310	22 May 2009 - 21 May 2019 二零零九年五月二十二日至 二零一九年五月二十一日

The options outstanding as at 31 December 2016 had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3.6 years (2015: 3.4 years).

未行使購股權於二零一六年十二月 三十一日之加權平均餘下合約有效期 為3.6年(二零一五年:3.4年)。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (CONTINUED)

The share options granted during the year and in prior year have been determined using Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model by an independent professional valuer at the date of grant. The following are the key inputs to the model used:

31. 以股份支付之補償(續)

於年內及於往年授出之購股權之公平 值由一名獨立專業估值師於授出日期 採用柏力克一舒爾斯期權定價模式釐 定。以下為該定價模式使用之重要輸 入數據:

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
Crant data	₩ 山口 钿	14 Contombou	20 August
Grant date	授出日期	14 September	28 August
		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		九月十四日	八月二十八日
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$0.732	HK\$0.720
		港幣0.732元	港幣0.720元
Expected life of share options	購股權預計年期	5 years	5 years
		五年	五年
Dividend yield	股息率	Nil	Nil
		無	無
Risk-free interest rate	無風險利率	0.68%	1.17%
Expected volatility	預期波幅	49.70%	50.77%

Expected volatility, determined based on a statistical analysis of daily share prices over the last five years, and expected life of share options, determined based on the historical data, may not necessarily be the actual outcome.

The fair value of the share options granted during the year is approximately HK\$957,000 (2015: HK\$969,000) which has been recognised as share option expense (note 12) with the corresponding balance credited to the share option reserve. No liabilities were recognised as these were all equity-settled share-based payment transactions.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the exercise of 3,064,000 share options has resulted in the increase in share capital and share premium by HK\$613,000 and HK\$2,563,000 respectively, and the decrease in share option reserve by HK\$969,000. No share options were exercised during the year ended 31 December 2016.

根據過去五年內每日股價統計資料分析釐定之預期波幅,以及根據過往數據釐定之購股權預計年期,未必會成 為實際結果。

年內授出之購股權之公平值約為港幣 957,000元(二零一五年:港幣 969,000元),已確認為購股權開支(附註12),相應之結餘已計入購股權儲備。由於有關交易均為以股本結算之股份付款交易,故並無確認負債。

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度行使3,064,000份購股權已導致股本及股份溢價分別增加港幣613,000元及港幣2,563,000元,而購股權儲備則因而減少港幣969,000元。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度概無行使購股權。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

32. HOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF 32. 控股公司財務狀況表 FINANCIAL POSITION

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債			
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	非流動資產 於附屬公司之權益	33	49,800	49,800
Current assets Other receivables and prepayments Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and bank balances	流動資產 其他應收賬款及預付款項 應收附屬公司款項 現金及銀行結餘		1,139 257,868 110,177	1,247 207,836 111,619
			369,184	320,702
Current liabilities Amounts due to subsidiaries Other payables and accruals	流動負債 應付附屬公司款項 其他應付賬款及應計款項		146,440 673	78,413 543
			147,113	78,956
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		222,071	241,746
Net assets	資產淨額		271,871	291,546
EQUITY	權益			
Share capital Reserves	股本儲備	30 34	61,941 209,930	61,941 229,605
Total equity	權益總額		271,871	291,546

On behalf of the directors 代表董事

Tsang Chiu Mo Samuel 曾昭武 Director 董事 Chu Ming Tak Evans Tania 朱明德 *Director* 董事

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

33. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

As at 31 December 2016, the Company had direct and indirect interests in the following subsidiaries:

33. 附屬公司詳情

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司持有下列附屬公司之直接及間接權益:

股份*

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及法人類別	Principal activities and place of operations	Particulars of issued capital 已發行股本詳情	Percentage of interest held by the Company 本公司所持有 權益之百分比
Held directly: 直接持有:				
Century Legend Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	63,000 ordinary shares of US\$0.01 each	100%
世紀建業投資有限公司	英屬處女群島,有限公司	於香港從事投資控股	每股面值0.01美元之 63,000股普通股	100%
Century Legend Management Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Provision of properties management services in Hong Kong	1,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1,000,000	100%
世紀建業管理有限公司	香港,有限公司	於香港提供物業管理服務	港幣1,000,000元之 1,000,000股普通股	100%
Century Legend Entertainment Limited	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%
世紀建業娛樂有限公司 Held indirectly: 間接持有:	英屬處女群島・有限公司	於香港從事投資控股	1美元之1股普通股	100%
回接好有・ Century Legend Finance Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Provision of commercial and personal loans in Hong Kong	10,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$10,000,000	100%
世紀建業融資有限公司	香港,有限公司	於香港提供商業及私人貸款	港幣10,000,000元之 10,000,000股普通股	100%
Century Legend Strategic Investments Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	10,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$10,000,000; 5,000,000 non-voting deferred shares* of HK\$5,000,000	100%
世紀建業策略投資有限公司	香港,有限公司	於香港從事投資控股	港幣10,000,000元之 10,000,000股普通股: 港幣5,000,000元之 5,000,000股無投票權遞延	100%

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

33. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES 33. 附屬公司詳情(續) (CONTINUED)

Percentage

Name of company	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operations	Particulars of issued capital	of interest held by the Company 本公司所持有
公司名稱	註冊成立地點及法人類別	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股本詳情	權益之百分比
Held indirectly: (Continued) 間接持有:(續)				
Hong Kong Macau Trading Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Trading of general merchandises in Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$100	100%
港澳貿易有限公司	香港,有限公司	於香港從事一般商品貿易	港幣100元之100股普通股	100%
CL Entertainment Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Inactive	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$10,000	100%
世建娛樂有限公司	香港,有限公司	暫無營業	港幣10,000元之10,000股 普通股	100%
Headquarters Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Operation of a hair salon under the brand name of "Headquarters" in Hong Kong	150,000 ordinary shares of HK\$3,827,496	58%
總部有限公司	香港,有限公司	於香港以品牌 「Headquarters」 經營髮型屋	港幣3,827,496元之 150,000股普通股	58%
Century Legend Properties Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Investment holding and property investments in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1	100%
世紀建業地產有限公司	香港,有限公司	於香港從事投資控股及物業投資	港幣1元之1股普通股	100%
Simple Way Limited	Hong Kong, Iimited liability company	Inactive	1 ordinary share of HK\$1	100%
易威有限公司	香港,有限公司	暫無營業	港幣1元之1股普通股	100%
Max Rise Investments Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Investment holding and property investments in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1	100%
旭宏投資有限公司	香港,有限公司	於香港從事投資控股及物業 投資	港幣1元之1股普通股	100%

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

33. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

33. 附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及法人類別	Principal activities and place of operations 主要業務及經營地點	Particulars of issued capital 已發行股本詳情	Percentage of interest held by the Company 本公司所持有 權益之百分比
Held indirectly: (Continued) 間接持有:(續)				
Hong Kong Macau Travel Limited 港澳旅遊有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港,有限公司	Provision of travel agency services in Hong Kong 於香港提供旅行社服務	500,000 ordinary shares of HK\$500,000 港幣500,000元之 500,000股普通股	100%
Century Legend Properties (Macau) Limited 世紀建業地產(澳門)有限公司	Macau, limited liability company 澳門,有限公司	Investment holding in Macau 於澳門從事投資控股	Macau Pataca ("MOP") 25,000 澳門幣(「澳門幣」) 25,000元	100%
CL San Kin Yip Property Investment Limited 世建新建業物業投資有限公司	Macau, limited liability company 澳門,有限公司	Property investments in Macau 於澳門從事物業投資	MOP25,000 澳門幣25,000元	100%
CL MLO12 Property Investment Limited 世建MLO12物業投資有限公司	Macau, limited liability company 澳門,有限公司	Property investments in Macau 於澳門從事物業投資	MOP25,000 澳門幣25,000元	100%
CL Pawn, Watch & Jewellery Limited 世建當押鐘錶珠寶有限公司	Macau, limited liability company 澳門,有限公司	Inactive 暫無營業	MOP25,000 澳門幣25,000元	100% 100%

The non-voting deferred shares practically carry no rights to dividends or to participate in any distribution in winding up. They carry no rights to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year (2015: nil).

概無附屬公司於年末已發行任何債務 證券(二零一五年:無)。

無投票權遞延股份實際上無權收取股息 或於清盤時參與任何分派,亦無權收取 任何股東大會通告或出席大會或於會上 投票。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

34. RESERVES

Group

The amount of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Nature of the reserves is as follows:

(a) Capital reserve

Capital reserve of the Group represents:

- (i) the difference between the nominal value of share capital issued by the Company and the nominal value of the share capital and the share premium accounts of those companies forming the Group pursuant to the group reorganisation in 1993; and
- (ii) the reduction in issued share capital arising from the cancelling of paid up capital to the extent of HK\$0.09 on each share of HK\$0.1 in issue in 2001.

(b) Revaluation reserve

Revaluation reserve comprises the revaluation gain on self-occupied property and the cumulative net change in the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets which is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy in note 3.11.

(c) Share option reserve

Share option reserve has been set up in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 3.17.

34. 儲備

本集團

本集團於本年度及過往年度之儲備金額及變動乃於綜合權益變動表中列示。

儲備之性質如下:

(a) 資本儲備

本集團之資本儲備指:

- (i) 本公司已發行股本面值 與組成本集團之該等公 司根據一九九三年集團 重組之股本面值及股份 溢價賬之差額:及
- (ii) 註銷繳足股本導致已發 行股本減少,從二零零 一年已發行股份之每股 面值港幣0.1元中削減港 幣0.09元。

(b) 重估儲備

重估儲備包括自用物業之重估 收益及可供出售之財務資產之 累計公平值變動淨額並根據附 註3.11之會計政策處理。

(c) 購股權儲備

購股權儲備已根據附註3.17所 載之會計政策設立。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

34. RESERVES (CONTINUED) Company

34. 儲備(續) 本公司

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	150,918	213,978	2,945	(126,477)	241,364
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	100,010	210,010	2,040	(14,322)	(14,322)
Share option granted (note 31)	已授出購股權(附註31)	_	_	969	-	969
Share option exercised (note 31)	已行使購股權(附註31)	2,563	_	(969)	_	1,594
At 31 December 2015 and	於二零一五年十二月三十一日及					
1 January 2016	二零一六年一月一日	153,481	213,978	2,945	(140,799)	229,605
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	(20,632)	(20,632)
Share option granted (note 31)	已授出購股權(附註31)	-	-	957		957
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	153,481	213,978	3,902	(161,431)	209,930

Contributed surplus of the Company represents:

- (i) the difference between the underlying net tangible assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company and the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company at the time of the group reorganisation referred to above; and
- (ii) the reduction in issued share capital arising from the cancelling of paid up capital to the extent of HK\$0.09 on each share of HK\$0.1 in issue in 2001.

本公司之實繳盈餘指:

- (i) 本公司所收購附屬公司之相關 有形資產淨額與本公司於上述 集團重組時之已發行股份面值 之差額:及
- (ii) 註銷繳足股本導致已發行股本減少,從二零零一年已發行股份之每股面值港幣0.1元中削減港幣0.09元。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

35. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS AND COMMITMENTS

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 16) under operating lease arrangements with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years (2015: one to three years). At the end of reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

35. 經營租約安排與承擔

(a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租約安排出租 其投資物業(附註16),協定之 租期介乎一至三年(二零一五 年:一至三年)。於報告期 根據與承租人訂立之不可 根據與承租人訂立之於以下 經營租約,本集團可於以下 期收取之未來最低租賃款項總 額如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	一年內 第二年至第五年 (首尾兩年包括在內)	9,235 8,352	4,267 3,978
		17,587	8,245

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties under operating lease arrangements. The leases run for an initial period of one to five years (2015: one to five years), with options to renew the lease terms at the expiry dates or at dates as mutually agreed between the Group and the respective landlords/lessors. None of the leases include contingent rentals.

(b) 作為承租人

本集團根據經營租約安排租賃 其若干辦公室物業。該等租約 初步為期一至五年(二零一五 年:一至五年),並有權於屆滿 日期或本集團與有關業主/ 租人共同商定之日期另行續 租。該等租約概無計入或然租 金。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

35. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) As lessee (Continued)

At the end of reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, in respect of the rented premises, falling due as follows:

35. 經營租約安排與承擔(續)

(b) 作為承租人(續)

於報告期末,根據不可撤銷經營租約,本集團須就已租物業於以下年期到期之未來最低租 賃款項總額如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	一年內 第二年至第五年 (首尾兩年包括在內)	3,846	2,310
IIICIUSIVE	(目尾阙牛包括任内)	4,554 8,400	5,357

36. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

36. 資本承擔

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Commitments for the renovations	翻新投資物業之承擔		
of investment properties			
 contracted for but not provided 	-已簽約但尚未準備	-	1,605

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions with related parties during the year:

(a) Compensation of key management personnel
The directors are of the opinion that the key

management personnel are the directors of the Company, details of whose emoluments are set out in note 14(a), and certain highest paid employees whose remunerations are set out in note 14(b).

(b) Operating lease arrangements

37. 關連人士交易

除該等財務報表其他篇幅披露之交易 及結餘外,年內本集團亦與關連人士 進行下列重大交易:

(a) 主要管理人員之薪酬 董事認為,主要管理人員即本 公司之董事及若干最高薪酬僱 員,彼等之薪金詳情分別載於

附註14(a)及附註14(b)。

(b) 經營租約安排

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Rental expenses for a motor	234 216	234 216
Rental income received from 向以下公司收取之租金收入 — Po Lee Securities Limited —實利證券有限公司	555	_

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Operating lease arrangements (Continued)

The operating lease arrangements are mutually agreed by the Group and the contracting parties.

Mr. Tsang Chiu Mo Samuel, director, is the beneficial shareholder and director of Conba Management Consultant Limited.

Ms. Tsang Chiu Yuen Sylvia, director, is the beneficial shareholder and director of Complex Investments Limited.

Mr. Tsang Chiu Ching, director, is the director of Complex Investments Limited.

Mr. Tsang Chiu Mo Samuel, director, is the director of Po Lee Securities Limited.

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks, mainly market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management focuses on unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies applied by the Group to mitigate these risks are set out below. The Group currently does not have written risk management policies and guidelines. However, the board of directors meets periodically and cooperates closely with key management to analyse and formulate strategies to manage and monitor financial risks exposures in a timely and effective manner.

37. 關連人士交易(續)

(b) 經營租約安排(續) 經營租約費用經本集團及合約 方雙方同意後釐定。

董事曾昭武先生為磐基管理顧問有限公司之實益股東及董事。

董事曾昭婉女士為葛柏思投資 有限公司之實益股東及董事。

董事曾昭政先生為葛柏思投資 有限公司之董事。

董事曾昭武先生為寶利證券有限公司之董事。

38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

38.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities recognised at the end of reporting period are categorised as follows. See notes 3.11 and 3.18 for explanations on how the category of financial instruments affects their subsequent measurement.

(i) Financial assets

38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)

38.1 財務資產及負債之類別

於報告期末已確認本集團財務 資產及負債之賬面值分類如 下。有關金融工具類別如何影 響其往後之計量,請見附註 3.11及3.18,以了解更多詳情。

(i) 財務資產

201 二零一六 ⁴ HK\$'00 港幣千ヵ	二零一五年 HK\$'000
18,73	18,129
賬中 4,79	4,896
36,90 款 4,88	
115,33 117,76	118,736
1	15,330 17,768

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

- 38.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)
 - (ii) Financial liabilities

38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)

38.1 財務資產及負債之類別(續)

(ii) 財務負債

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost - Trade and other payables - Bank borrowings (secured) - Obligations under finance leases	按攤銷成本計量之 財務負債: 一營業及其他應付賬款 一銀行借貸(有抵押) 一融資租約承擔	13,351 245,219 980	25,771 247,351 541
		259,550	273,663

(iii) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Financial instruments not measured at fair value include trade and other receivables, loans receivable, trust bank balances held on behalf of customers, pledged bank deposits, cash and bank balances, trade and other payables, bank borrowings and obligations under finance leases.

Due to their short term nature, the carrying values of these financial instruments approximate their fair values.

(iii) 並非按公平值計量之 金融工具

基於其短期性,該等金融工具之賬面值與其公平值相若。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

38.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

(iv) Financial instruments measured at fair value

The fair value of available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices which is classified as level 1 financial instruments.

There are no level 2 and level 3 financial instruments during the year.

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments carried at fair value by level of fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)

38.1 財務資產及負債之類別(續)

(iv) 按公平值計量之金融 工具

附帶標準條款及條件, 並於活躍流通市場交 的可供出售之財務資產 及按公平值列賬及於資 益賬中處理之財務資產 之公平值,乃參考市場 報價釐定,被分類為第1 層金融工具。

年內,概無第2層及第3 層金融工具。

下表載列按公平值列值 之金融工具之分析(根據 公平值等級劃分):

- 第1層:相同資產 及負債於活躍市 場之報價(未經調 整);
- 一 第2層:就資產或 負債而直接(即價 格)或間接(即從 價格推衍)可觀察 之輸入(不包括第 1層所包含之報 價):及
- 第3層:並非根據 可觀察之市場數 據之有關資產或 負債之輸入(無法 觀察之輸入)。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

- 38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)
 - 38.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)
 - (iv) Financial instruments measured at fair value (Continued)

The financial assets measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- 38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)
 - 38.1 財務資產及負債之類別(續)
 - (iv) 按公平值計量之金融 工具(續)

於財務狀況表內按公平 值計量之財務資產乃劃 分為以下之公平值架構:

		Level 1 第1層 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 2 第2層 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 3 第3層 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
As 31 December 2016 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Available-for-sale financial	於二零一六年十二月三十一日 按公平值列賬及於損益賬中 處理之財務資產 可供出售之財務資產	4,796	-	-	4,796
assets	TVH IZMAL	18,733	-	-	18,733
Net fair values	淨公平值	23,529	_	_	23,529

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

- 38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)
 - 38.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)
 - (iv) Financial instruments measured at fair value (Continued)
- 38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)
 - 38.1 財務資產及負債之類別(續)
 - (iv) 按公平值計量之金融 工具(續)

		Level 1 第1層 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 2 第2層 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 3 第3層 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
As 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日				
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值列賬及於損益賬中				
through profit or loss	處理之財務資產	4,896	_	_	4,896
Available-for-sale financial	可供出售之財務資產				
assets		18,129	-	-	18,129
Net fair values	凈公平值	23,025	-	-	23,025
·					

There have been no transfers between level 1 and level 2 in the reporting period.

The methods and valuation techniques used for the purpose of measuring fair value are unchanged compared to the previous reporting periods.

The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale financial assets are listed equity securities denominated in HK\$. Fair values have been determined by reference to their quoted bid prices at the end of reporting period.

於報告期間,第1層與第 2層之間並無轉移。

就計量公平值使用的方 法及估值技巧與先前報 告期間相比並無變動。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

38.2 Foreign currency risk

Currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposures to currency risk arise from its deposits placed in banks, which are primarily denominated in HK\$ and RMB as set out in notes 24 and 25. The Group have no other significant foreign currency risk due to limited foreign currency transactions as the Group mainly operate in Hong Kong with majority of the business transactions being denominated and settled in HK\$.

Summary of exposure

Foreign currency denominated financial assets and liabilities, translated into HK\$ at the closing rates, are as follows:

38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)

38.2 外幣風險

風險概要

以外幣計值之財務資產及負債 以收市匯率換算為港幣之情況 如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Pledged bank deposits Cash and bank balances	已抵押銀行存款 現金及銀行結餘	115,330 98,599	118,736 104,694
		213,929	223,430

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

38.2 Foreign currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the Group's result and equity in regard to a 2.5% (2015: 2.5%) appreciation in the foreign currencies against the group entities' functional currencies. The 2.5% (2015: 2.5%) is the rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's best assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates.

The sensitivity analysis of the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period has been determined based on the assumed percentage changes in foreign currency exchange rates taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the year.

38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)

38.2 外幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

下表闡述本集團業績及權益在 外幣對本集團實體功能貨幣升 值2.5%(二零一五年:2.5%)之 敏感度。2.5%(二零一五年: 2.5%)為集團內部向主要管理 人員呈報外匯風險時所使用之 比率,並為管理層對外幣匯率 可能變動之最佳估計比率。

本集團於報告期末承受之外匯 風險之敏感度分析乃根據於財 政年度開始時已產生及於年內 一直保持之外幣匯率假設變動 百分比釐定。

		Decrease in loss for the year and decrease/increase in accumulated losses/retained profits 本年度虧損減少及累計虧損/保留溢利減少/增加		
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	
2.5% (2015: 2.5%) appreciation in RMB	人民幣升值2.5% (二零一五年:2.5%)	5,348	5,586	

A 2.5% (2015: 2.5%) depreciation in the foreign currencies against the group entities' functional currencies would have the same magnitude on the Group's result for the year and equity but of opposite effect.

外幣對集團實體功能貨幣貶值 2.5%(二零一五年:2.5%),將 對本集團本年度業績及權益帶 來相同程度但方向相反之影響。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

38.3 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Group's bank borrowings arranged in floating interest rates. The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy. However, the directors monitor interest rate change exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate change exposure should the need arise.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's result and equity (through the impact on floating rate bank borrowings).

38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)

38.3 利率風險

下表列示於所有其他變數保持 不變,而利率出現合理可能變 動情況下,本集團之業績及權 益(透過對浮動利率銀行借貸之 影響)對變動之敏感性。

		Increase in loss for the year and increase/decrease in accumulated losses/retained profits 本年度虧損增加及累計虧損/保留溢利增加/減少		
		2016	2015	
		二零一六年	二零一五年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	
Increase in basis points ("bp")	基點([基點])增加	0.005	0.474	
+100 bp	+100基點	2,065	2,474	

A decrease in 100 bp in the interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have the same magnitude on the Group's result for the year and equity but of opposite effect.

利率減少100基點而其他變數保持不變,將對本集團本年度之 業績及權益帶來相同程度但方 向相反之影響。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

38.4 Equity price risk

Equity price risk relates to the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the level of equity indices and the value of individual securities. The Group is exposed to change in market prices of listed equity securities in respect of its investments in listed equity securities classified as available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit and loss.

The directors manage this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk and return profiles and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk.

At 31 December 2016, if the quoted market price for the available-for-sale investments had been 10% (2015: 10%) higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the Group's equity will increase/decrease by approximately HK\$1,873,000 (2015: HK\$1,813,000).

Whereas, if the quoted market price for listed equity securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit and loss had been 10% (2015: 10%) higher with all other variables remain unchanged, the Group's loss (2015: loss) for the year would decrease by HK\$480,000 (2015: decrease by HK\$490,000) whereas the Group's accumulated loss/retained profit would decrease/increase by the same amount. A 10% (2015: 10%) lower in the quoted market price for listed equity securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, with all other variables held constant, would have the same magnitude on the Group's result for the year and equity but of opposite effect.

38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)

38.4 股票價格風險

股票價格風險乃關於股本證券 之公平值因股票指數水平及個 別證券價值變動而減少之風 險。本集團因投資上市股本證 券(分類為可供出售之財務資產 及按公平值列賬及於損益對上市 處理之財務資產),故面對上市 股本證券市價變動風險。

董事維持不同風險及回報率的 投資組合,以管理此風險,並 將於必要時考慮對沖有關風 險。本集團概無面對商品價格 風險。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,假如可供出售投資所報之市價上升/下降10%(二零一五年:10%),而所有其他變數維持不變,則本集團之權益將增加/減少約港幣1,873,000元(二零一五年:港幣1,813,000元)。

然而,倘若分類為按公平值列 賬及於損益賬中處理之財務 資產之上市股本證券所報之 市價上升10%(二零一五年: 10%),而所有其他變數維持 不變,則本集團之本年度虧損 (二零一五年:虧損)將減少港 幣480,000元(二零一五年:減 少港幣490,000元),而本集團 之累計虧損/保留溢利將減少/增 加相同金額。倘若分類為按公 平值列賬及於損益賬中處理之 財務資產之上市股本證券所報 之市價下跌10%(二零一五年: 10%),而所有其他變數維持不 變,則本集團之本年度業績及 權益將有相同程度但相反的影 響。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

38.5 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation under the terms of the financial instrument and cause a financial loss to the Group. The Group minimises its exposure to the credit risk by rigorously selecting the counterparties, performing ongoing credit evaluation on the financial conditions of its debtors and tightly monitoring the ageing of the receivables. Follow-up actions are taken in case of overdue balances. In particular for granting loans to customers, the directors will initially assess the background and financial position of each of the new and existing customers and will request for collateral when necessary in order to minimise credit risk. The directors will also review regularly the repayment pattern of the customers. Monitoring on credit risk of loans receivable is performed by the directors on on-going basis. In addition, management reviews the recoverable amount of the trade and other receivables and loans receivable individually or collectively at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. As at 31 December 2015, the Group held listed equity securities with market value of HK\$17,763,000 as collateral over the balance of margin receivables in stock broking segment which had been disposed of as mentioned in note 10. The Group does not hold any collateral over the loans and receivables at the end of reporting period. At the end of reporting period, the Group has certain concentration risk as HK\$36,800,000 or 100% (2015: HK\$38,400,000 or 96%) of the Group's loan receivables are due from two borrowers.

38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)

38.5 信貸風險

信貸風險指財務工具之交易方 未能履行其於財務工具條款項 下之責任,致使本集團蒙受財 務虧損之風險。本集團透過審 慎挑選交易方、就其債務人之 財務狀況進行持續信貸評估, 以及密切監控應收賬款之賬 齡,以降低其所承受之信貸風 險。本集團已採取跟進措施收 回逾期結餘。尤其就授出貸款 予客戶而言,董事將初步評估 各名新客戶及現有客戶之背景 及財務狀況,以及在有需要情 況下要求抵押品,務求將信貸 風險減至最低。董事亦將定期 檢視客戶之還款模式。對應收 貸款之風險,由董事按持續基 準監察。此外,管理層會於各 報告期末個別及共同檢討營業 及其他應收賬款及應收貸款之 可收回金額,藉以確保已就不 可收回金額作出足夠之減值 虧損。於二零一五年十二月 三十一日,本集團持有市值為 港幣 17,763,000 元之上市股 本證券作為股票經紀分部的應 收孖展款項之抵押品,股票經 紀分部如附註10所述已出售。 本集團於報告期末並無涉及貸 款及應收款項之任何抵押品。 於報告期末,本集團有若干信 貸集中風險,因為於本集團應 收貸款中,港幣36,800,000 元或100%(二零一五年:港幣 38,400,000元或96%) 乃來自兩 名借款人。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

38.5 Credit risk (Continued)

The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are banks with high creditratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The credit policy has been followed by the Group since prior years and is considered to have been effective in limiting the Group's exposure to credit risk to a desirable level.

38.6 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities. In the management of liquidity risk, the directors monitor and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations, investment opportunities and expected expansion. The Group finances its working capital requirements mainly by the funds generated from operations and investing activities.

38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)

38.5 信貸風險(續)

現金及現金等價物之信貸風險 有限,原因為因交易方均為獲 國際信貸評級機構認定為具高 信貸評級之銀行。

本集團自先前年度開始遵守信貸政策,而有關政策被視為有效將本集團之信貸風險限制在 理想水平。

38.6 流動資金風險

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

38.6 Liquidity risk (Continued)

At the end of reporting period, the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows is as follows:

38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)

38.6 流動資金風險(續)

於報告期末,本集團基於合約 未貼現現金流量之財務負債到 期還款資料列載如下:

		On demand 按要求償還 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Within 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 港幣千元	In 2 to 5 years 二至五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	More than 5 years 超過五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total contractual undiscounted cash flows 合約未貼現 現金流量總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total carrying amount 腹面總值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日						
Trade and other payables Bank borrowings including those	※ 一マ ハギィーカー 日 營業及其他應付賬款 銀行借貸(包括載有按要求償還	-	13,351	-	-	13,351	13,351
contain a repayment on demand clause (note)	條款之銀行借貸)(附註)	245,219				245,219	245,219
Obligations under finance leases	融資租約承擔	240,219	326	784	-	1,110	980
		245,219	13,677	784	-	259,680	259,550
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日						
Trade and other payables	營業及其他應付賬款	_	25,771	-	_	25,771	25,771
Bank borrowings including those contain a repayment on demand	銀行借貸(包括載有按要求償還條款之銀行借貸)(附註)						
clause (note)		247,351	-	-	-	247,351	247,351
Obligations under finance leases	融資租約承擔	-	230	385	-	615	541
		247,351	26,001	385	-	273,737	273,663

Note:

For term loans which contain a repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the bank's sole discretion, the analysis above shows the cash outflow based on the earliest period in which the Group can be required to pay, that is if the lenders were to invoke their unconditional rights to call the loans with immediate effect.

附註:

對於載有銀行可全權酌情行使之按要求 償還條款之定期貸款,上述分析按本集 團可能須還款之最早期間(即倘貸方擬行 使其無條件權利要求即時償還貸款)呈列 現金流出量。

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

38.6 Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table that follows summaries the maturity analysis of term loans with a repayment on demand clause based on agreed scheduled repayments set out in the loan agreements. The amounts include interest payments computed using contractual rates. As a result, these amounts were greater than the amounts disclosed in the "on demand" time band in the maturity analysis above. Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors do not consider that it is probable that the banks will exercise its discretion to demand immediate repayment. The directors believe that such term loans will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements.

38. 財務風險管理及公平值計量 (續)

38.6 流動資金風險(續)

		Maturity analysis – term loan subject to repayment on						
		demand clause based on scheduled repayments						
		附有按要求償還條款之定期貸款按議定還款日期之到期日分析						
		Total						
					contractual			
					undiscounted	Total		
		Within	In 2 to	More than	cash	carrying		
		1 year	5 years	5 years	outflows	amount		
					合約未貼現			
		一年內	二至五年	超過五年	現金流量總額	賬面總值		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元		
31 December 2016	二零一六年							
	十二月三十一日	175,731	74,539	2,960	253,230	245,219		
31 December 2015	二零一五年							
	十二月三十一日	203,450	47,945	3,107	254,502	247,351		

綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2016 • 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

39. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives when managing capital are:

- (a) to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it continues to provide returns and benefits for shareholders and other stakeholders:
- (b) to support the Group's stability and growth; and
- (c) to provide capital for the purpose of strengthening the Group's risk management capability.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

Management regards total equity as capital for capital management purpose. The amount of capital as at 31 December 2016 amounted to approximately HK\$363,298,000 (2015: HK\$381,079,000), which the management considers as satisfactory having considered the projected capital expenditures and the forecast strategic investment opportunities.

39. 資本管理

本集團管理資本之目標為:

- (a) 保障本集團持續經營之能力, 使其繼續為股東及其他持份者 提供回報及利益;
- (b) 支持本集團之穩定及增長;及
- (c) 為加強本集團之風險管理能力 提供資金。

本集團積極及定期對資本架構進行檢 討及管理,以在較高水平借貸可能產 生較高股東回報與良好資本狀況帶來 的優勢及保障之間維持平衡,並針對 經濟狀況變動對資本架構作出調整。

管理層視總股本為資本管理之資本。 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,資本 金額約為港幣363,298,000元(二零 一五年:港幣381,079,000元),其中 管理層已考慮到預期之資本開支及預 期策略性投資機會,並認為處於令人 滿意之狀況。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務摘要

A summary of the results, and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

以下為本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績、 資產及負債概要,乃摘錄自已刊發之經審核 財務報表。本概要並不構成經審核財務報表 之一部份。

Results 業績

		For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015* 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016* 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue*	收入*	28,647	30,721	32,115	34,065	28,457
Profit/(Loss) for the year*	年度溢利/(虧損)*	11,789	16,938	15,109	(18,443)	(19,263)

^{*} Included continuing operations and discontinued operation

Assets and Liabilities

資產及負債

			As at 31 December					
			於十二月三十一日					
		2012	2012 2013 2014 2015					
		二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一六年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元		
Total assets	總資產	439,644	622,400	674,990	658,148	625,516		
Total liabilities	總負債	(76,701)	(240,479)	(275,705)	(277,069)	(262,218)		
Shareholders' funds	股東資金	362,943	381,921	399,285	381,079	363,298		

包括持續經營業務及已終止經營業務

PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

投資物業詳情

Investment Properties

投資物業詳情

				Percentage of interest attributable
Description	Use	Nature	Gross floor	to the Group 本集團應佔
詳情	用途	性質	建築面積	權益百分比
Res-do-chao K San Kin Yip Com. Center, No. 44, Avenida de Lopo Sarmento de Carvalho, EM Macau, Macau	Commercial	Medium term leasehold	349 sq.ft.	100%
澳門賈羅布大馬路44號新建業商業中心K地舖	商業	中期租賃	349平方呎	100%
P12-07, P12-08, P12-09 and P12-10B Landmark, Alameda Dr. Carlos D'Assumpcao NoS 565-605-C, Rua De Xangai NoS 38-78-B, Avenida da Amizade NoS 519-597,	Commercial	Medium term leasehold	8,110 sq.ft.	100%
Macau 澳門友誼大馬路第519-597號、 上海街第38-78-B號、 宋玉生廣場第565-605-C號、 澳門置地廣場P12-07、P12-08、P12-09及 P12-10B	商業	中期租賃	8,110平方呎	100%
Nos. 105-107 Wing Lok Street, Sheung Wan and the remaining Portion of Marine Lot Nos. 135 and 136	Commercial	Long term leasehold	13,599 sq.ft.	100%
上環永樂街105-107號及 海旁地段第135及第136號餘段	商業	長期租賃	13,599平方呎	100%
Flat H, 20/F, Heng Shan Mansion, Kao Shan Terrace, No. 19 Taikoo Shing Road, Taikoo Shing, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong	Residential	Long term leasehold	691 sq.ft.	100%
香港鰂魚涌太古城太古城道19號高山台恆山閣 20樓H室	住宅	長期租賃	691平方呎	100%

PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

投資物業詳情

				Percentage of interest attributable
Description	Use	Nature	Gross floor	to the Group 本集團應佔
詳情	用途	性質	建築面積	權益百分比
Flat E, 27/F, Pine Mansion, Harbour View Gardens, No. 26 Taikoo Wan Road, Taikoo Shing, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong	Residential	Long term leasehold	1,029 sq.ft.	100%
香港鰂魚涌太古城太古灣道26號海景花園青松閣 27樓E室	住宅	長期租賃	1,029平方呎	100%
Flat B, 10/F, Kai Tien Mansion, Horizon Gardens, No. 17 Taikoo Wan Road, Taikoo Shing, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong	Residential	Long term leasehold	902 sq.ft.	100%
香港鰂魚涌太古城太古灣道17號海天花園啟天閣 10樓B室	住宅	長期租賃	902平方呎	100%
Flat F, 23/F, Loong Shan Mansion, Kao Shan Terrace, No. 21 Taikoo Shing Road, Taikoo Shing, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong	Residential	Long term leasehold	675 sq.ft.	100%
香港鰂魚涌太古城太古城道21號高山台龍山閣 23樓F室	住宅	長期租賃	675平方呎	100%