

BINGO GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED 比高集團控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 8220

ANNUAL REPORT 年報 2021/22

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本報告乃遵照聯交所GEM證券上市規則(「GEM 上市規則」)之規定提供有關比高集團控股有限 公司(「本公司」)之資料。本公司各董事(「董 事」)共同及個別對本報告承擔全部責任。董事於 作出一切合理查詢後確認,就彼等所深知及確信, 本報告所載資料在各重大方面均為真確及完整, 且並無誤導或欺詐成分;而本報告並無遺漏任何 其他事項,致使其所載任何聲明或本報告有所誤 導。





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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

Executive Directors

CHIAU Sing Chi CHOW Man Ki Kelly LAU Man Kit CHOW Nga Chee Alice YIP Yiu Bong

Independent Non-Executive Directors

CHOI Mei Ping TSUI Wing Tak

COMPANY SECRETARY

CHAN Ka Yin

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

CHOW Man Ki Kelly

AUDIT COMMITTEE

TSUI Wing Tak (Chairman)* CHOI Mei Ping

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

CHOI Mei Ping (Chairman) CHOW Man Ki Kelly TSUI Wing Tak

董事會

執行董事

周星馳 周文姬 劉文傑 周雅緻 葉耀邦

獨立非執行董事

蔡美平 徐永得

公司秘書

陳家賢

監察主任

周文姬

審核委員會

徐永得(主席)* 蔡美平

薪酬委員會

蔡美平(主席) 周文姬 徐永得



CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

CHOI Mei Ping *(Chairman)*[#] TSUI Wing Tak

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

CHOW Man Ki Kelly CHAN Ka Yin

AUDITORS

CHENG & CHENG LIMITED Certified Public Accountants

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Fubon Bank Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Dah Sing Bank, Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Unit 202, 2/F, Chinaweal Centre 414–424 Jaffe Road Hong Kong

* Chairman of Audit Committee was appointed on 20 May 2022

Chairman of Nomination Committee was appointed on 8 April *
 2022

提名委員會

蔡美平*(主席)* * 徐永得

授權代表

周文姬 陳家賢

核數師

鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師*

主要往來銀行

富邦銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 大新銀行有限公司

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 謝斐道414-424號 中望商業中心2樓202室

- * 審核委員會主席於二零二二年五月二十日獲委任
- 提名委員會主席於二零二二年四月八日獲委任



CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

SHARE REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICES

Principal Registrar

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

Branch Registrar

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

8220

WEBSITE

www.bingogroup.com.hk

股份過戶登記處

股份過戶登記總處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

股份代號

8220

網址

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On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors ("Directors") of Bingo Group Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I hereby present the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2022 (the "Year") to our shareholders.

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the Year, the Group continues to focus on movie production, licensing and derivatives, crossover marketing and provision of interactive contents ("Filmed Entertainment, New Media Exploitations and Licensing Businesses") and cinema investment and management ("Cinema Business").

In view of the on-going development of the Cinema Business. this segment has become the prime revenue generator of the Group in the Year. Approximately revenue of HK\$8.5 million and gross profit of HK\$4.9 million were generated during the Year. The revenue and gross profit for the Year improved, as compared to revenue of HK\$6.9 million and gross profit of HK\$3.9 million generated in last year. Due to outbreak of COVID-19 in the very beginning of Year 2020, all cinemas in Hangzhou and Shanghai could not open since late January 2020. In July 2020, cinemas in certain low-risk areas of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") were allowed to recommence their businesses. The Group's cinemas in Shanghai and Hangzhou were just re-opened in August 2020. However, the COVID-19 spread in Shanghai again and our cinema in Shanghai has ceased to operate again from early March 2022 onwards. Since the lockdown period in the Year is less than that of last year, and only Shanghai was locked down in the Year, the turnover for the Year increased as compared to that for the last year.

On 9 February 2018, Bingo Movie Development Limited ("Bingo Movie"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and Lechuang Holdings (HK) Limited ("Lechuang"), an independent third party, entered into an agreement (the "JV Agreement") in relation to the formation of the joint venture company ("JV Company"). The issued share capital of the JV Company will be owned as to 49% by Bingo Movie and as to 51% by Lechuang. The JV Company will be principally engaged in investment and development of VR (Virtual Reality) and MR (Mixed Reality) projects. Pursuant to the JV Agreement, Bingo Movie would

本人謹代表比高集團控股有限公司(「本公司」) 董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)向股東呈述本公司 及其附屬公司(「本集團」)截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度(「本年度」)之年報。

業務回顧

於本年度,本集團繼續專注於電影製作、特許權 及衍生作品權、跨界市場推廣及提供互動內容 (「電影娛樂、新媒體開發及特許權業務」)以及 影院投資及管理(「影院業務」)。

鑑於影院業務持續發展,此分部已成為本集團本 年度之最主要收益來源。本年度所產生收益及毛 利分別約為8,500,000港元及4,900,000港 元。與去年所產生收益及毛利分別為6,900,000 港元及3,900,000港元相比,收益及毛利於本 年度有所上升。由於新冠狀病毒於二零二零年甫 一開始爆發,自二零二零年一月下旬以來,杭州 和上海的所有電影院無法營業。於二零二零年七 月,中華人民共和國(「中國」)若干低風險地區 的電影院已獲准恢復營業。本集團於上海及杭州 的電影院於二零二零年八月重新開放。然而,上 海再次蔓延新冠狀病毒,且我們於上海的影院自 二零二二年三月初起再次停業。由於本年度之封 鎖期少於去年,且本年度僅有上海被封城,本年 度的營業額較去年有所增加。

於二零一八年二月九日,本公司全資附屬公司比 高電影發展有限公司(「比高電影」)與獨立第三 方樂創控股(香港)有限公司(「樂創」)訂立內容 有關成立合營公司(「合營公司」)之協議(「合營 協議」)。比高電影及樂創將分別擁有合營公司 49%及51%已發行股本。合營公司將主要從事 投資及開發虛擬實境及混合實境項目。根據合營 協議,比高電影將與合營公司訂立貸款協議,據



enter into of a loan agreement with the JV Company, pursuant to which Bingo Movie would advance the loan of not less than HK\$25 million and not more than HK\$35 million to the JV Company for investment and development of relevant VR and MR projects. In September 2018, the loan agreement has been signed and RMB29 million was lent to the JV Company. Another loan of RMB16 million with a term of three years was granted to the JV Company on 30 September 2019. The difference between the new loan and old loan of RMB13 million with the accrued interest has been repaid to the Bingo Movie during the year ended 31 March 2020. No appropriate VR or MR projects were located as at the date of this annual report. In September 2021, the Group has confirmed with the JV Company that the JV Company allowed the Group to withdraw the loan partially up to RMB5 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$6.2 million as at 31 March 2022) on demand and the remaining RMB11 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$13.5 million as at 31 March 2022) remained to be repayable in September 2022. Bingo Movie has withdrawn the loan partially of RMB3 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$3.7 million as at 31 March 2022) in October 2021. The amount of outstanding loan to the JV Company as at 31 March 2022 was approximately RMB13.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$16.0 million).

On 23 December 2021 (after trading hours), the Company and 廣州玖的文化科技有限公司 (Guangzhou Jiu De Cultural and Technology Company Limited#) ("Business Partner" or "Jiu De") entered into a framework agreement (the "Framework Agreement") whereby the parties agreed to negotiate in good faith to enter into a legally binding formal agreement (the "Formal Agreement") on the formation of a joint venture for carrying out business cooperation on the development of augmented reality digital live action role-playing game ("LARP") projects.

Pursuant to the Framework Agreement, it was agreed that the Company and the Business Partner shall form a joint venture in Guangzhou, China, which shall be owned as to 51% and 49% by the Company and the Business Partner, and the board of the joint venture shall have 3 directors, 2 of which shall be nominated by the Company and 1 of which shall be nominated by the Business Partner.

此,比高電影將向合營公司墊付為數不少於 25,000,000港元但不多於35,000,000港元之 貸款,以作投資及發展相關虛擬實境及混合實境 項目之用。於二零一八年九月,貸款協議已簽署 並已向合營公司借出人民幣29.000.000元。於 二零一九年九月三十日, 合營公司獲授另一筆人 民幣16,000,000元為期三年的貸款。截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度,新貸款與舊貸款之 間的差額人民幣13,000,000元及應計利息已 於本期間向比高電影作出償還。於本年報日期, 並無找到合適的虛擬實境或混合實境項目。於二 零二一年九月,本集團已向合營公司確認,合營 公司允許本集團按要求部分提取最多人民幣 5,000,000元(於二零二二年三月三十一日相 當於約6.200.000港元)的貸款,以及餘下人民 幣11,000,000元(於二零二二年三月三十一日 相當於約13,500,000港元)仍須於二零二二年 九月償還。比高電影已於二零二一年十月部分提 取貸款人民幣3,000,000元(於二零二二年三 月三十一日相當於約3,700,000港元)。於二零 二二年三月三十一日,向合營公司提供之未償還 貸款金額約為人民幣13.000.000元(相當於約 16,000,000港元)。

於二零二一年十二月二十三日(交易時段後), 本公司與廣州玖的文化科技有限公司(「業務夥 伴」或「玖的」)訂立框架協議(「框架協議」),據 此訂約雙方同意進行真誠磋商,以就成立一間合 營公司以開展有關發展增強現實數字真人角色 扮演遊戲(「LARP」)項目之業務合作訂立具有 法律約束力之正式協議(「正式協議」)。

根據框架協議,本公司與業務夥伴協定將於中國 廣州市成立一間合營公司,其將由本公司及業務 夥伴分別擁有51%及49%,以及合營公司之董 事會將擁有3名董事,其中2名將由本公司提名 以及1名將由業務夥伴提名。

The Company has been exploring business opportunities leveraging on its movie production, licensing and derivatives, crossover marketing and provision of interactive contents business experience and knowledge in the past year and considered that such business experience and the IPs of the films would be valuable resources in developing various new forms of entertainments to capture the ever-changing consumer markets for entertainment and games in China. On the other hand, LARP games have been developing rapidly in the recent years and have become one of the most popular entertainments for the consumers in China, particularly the younger generations. The Business Partner is an experienced LARP projects developer and/or its associate run the famous LARP platform "玖號房" (Room No. 9#) which is a wellestablished LARP game system in China. The Company considers the potential cooperation with the Business Partner would bring a synergy of the strengths of the parties and would be an opportunity for the Company to tap into the growing LARP markets as well as the heated augmented reality and virtual reality application business.

Subsequent to 31 March 2022, the joint venture with Jiu De has been established in the PRC in May 2022.

The English names used in the section of "BUSINESS REVIEW" are transliteration of their Chinese names for illustrative purpose only.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

During the Year, the Group recorded a total turnover of approximately HK\$8.5 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$1.6 million compared with that of approximately HK\$6.9 million in the last Year. The turnover of the Group for the Year and the last Year principally represented revenue from Cinema Business. Loss for the Year of approximately HK\$14.7 million was recorded. As compared with the loss of HK\$24.9 million for the last year, the loss decreased by approximately HK\$10.2 million. The decrease in loss for the year was mainly attributable to the tightened cost control measures implemented during the Year to react the severe business environment. Administrative expenses decreased from approximately HK\$22.2 million for the last year to approximately HK\$15.8 million for the Year. 過去一年,本公司一直利用其於電影製作、特許 權及衍生作品權、跨界市場推廣及提供互動內容 業務之經驗及知識開拓商機,並認為該等商業經 驗以及電影IP將是開發各種新型娛樂形式之寶 貴資源,從而把握中國不斷變化之娛樂及遊戲消 費市場。另一方面,近年來LARP遊戲一直迅速 發展,已成為中國消費者,尤其是年輕一代最受 歡迎的娛樂方式之一。業務夥伴是一家經驗豐富 的LARP項目開發者及/或其聯營公司運行著名 的LARP項目開發者及/或其聯營公司運行著名 的LARP 亞自筑號房」,它是中國較為完善之 上和P遊戲系統。本公司認為,與業務夥伴之潛 在合作將讓訂約各方之優勢產生協同效應,並將 是本公司進軍不斷增長之LARP市場以及熱門增 強現實與虛擬現實應用業務之機會。

於二零二二年三月三十一日後,與玖的之合營公 司已於二零二二年五月於中國成立。

「業務回顧」一節所用英文名稱僅為中文名稱譯文, 僅作説明用途。

財務回顧

於本年度,本集團錄得總營業額約8,500,000 港元,較去年約6,900,000港元增加約 1,600,000港元。本集團於本年度及去年之營 業額主要指影院業務之收益。本年度虧損約為 14,700,000港元。與去年之虧損24,900,000 港元比較,虧損減少約10,200,000元。本年度 虧損減少主要由於本年度實施緊縮的成本控制 措施,以應對嚴峻的營商環境。行政開支由去年 的約22,200,000港元減少至本期間的約 15,800,000港元。



In October 2021, the Company completed the placing and raised net proceeds of approximately HK\$5.5 million. The number of shares of the Company increased from 855,384,669 shares as at 1 October 2021 to 1,026,444,669 as at 18 October 2021.

In December 2021, the Company proposed (i) to issue convertible bonds to Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi, executive Director, and (ii) to adopt share consolidation pursuant to which every ten (10) issued and unissued existing shares of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company into one (1) new share of HK\$0.10 each, and change in the board lot size of the Company's shares from 20,000 exiting shares to 10,000 new shares. Please refer to the Company's circular dated 21 January 2022 for details. The above proposals were approved by the eligible shareholders of the Company on 14 March 2022. The number of the Company issued shares changed from 1,026,444,669 to 102,644,466 since 16 March 2022. There is no change of the Company's issued share capital during the period form 16 March 2022 to 31 March 2022.

LIQUIDITY, DEBT RATIO, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had total assets of approximately HK\$35.4 million (2021: HK\$43.9 million), including cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$11.8 million (2021: HK\$15.3 million). There was no pledged bank deposit as at 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil). As at 31 March 2022, the debt ratio (defined as total liabilities/total assets) was approximately 0.87 (2021: 0.80).

The Group held cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$11.8 million as at 31 March 2022. Together with the loan to the JV Company of RMB13.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$16.0 million), RMB2.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$2.5 million) of which is repayable on demand and the remaining RMB11.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$13.5 million) will be matured in September 2022, the Company believes that it can cover the full amount of its current liabilities of approximately HK\$14.7 million as at 31

於二零二一年十月,本公司完成配售事項及籌集 所得款項淨額約5,500,000港元。因此,本公司 之股份數目由於二零二一年十月一日之 855,384,669股股份增加至於二零二一年十月 十八日之1.026,444,669股股份。

於二零二一年十二月,本公司建議(i)向執行董事 周星馳先生發行可換股債券,及(ii)進行股份合 併,據此將每十(10)股已發行及未發行本公司股 本中每股面值0.01港元之現有股份合併為一(1) 股每股面值0.10港元之新股份,以及將本公司 股份之每手買賣單位由20,000股現有股份更改 為10,000股新股份。詳情請參閱本公司日期為 二零二二年一月二十一日之通函。上述建議已於 二零二二年三月十四日獲得本公司合資格股東 批准。本公司已發行股份數目自二零二二年三月 十六日起由1,026,444,669股變更為 102,644,466股。於二零二二年三月十六日起 至二零二二年三月三十一日止期間,本公司已發 行股本並無發生變動。

流動資金、 負債比率、 財政資源及 資本結構

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團之資產總值 約為35,400,000港元(二零二一年: 43,900,000港元),包括現金及現金等值物約 11,800,000港元(二零二一年:15,300,000 港元)。於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團並 無已抵押銀行存款(二零二一年:無)。於二零 二二年三月三十一日之負債比率(即負債總額除 資產總值)約為0.87(二零二一年:0.80)。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團持有現金及 現金等值物約11,800,000港元。連同向合營公 司提供之貸款人民幣13,000,000元(相當於約 16,000,000港元)(其中人民幣2,000,000元 (相當於約2,500,000港元)須按要求償還及餘 下人民幣11,000,000元(相當於約 13,500,000港元)將於二零二二年九月到期), 本公司相信其可足以彌補其於二零二二年三月 三十一日之全部流動負債約14,700,000港元。



March 2022. Accordingly, the Board considers that the Group has sufficient resources to satisfy its working capital requirements. During the Year, the Group financed its operations principally with its own working capital. As at 31 March 2022, the Group did not have any bank overdraft (2021: Nil).

PLACING OF NEW SHARES UNDER GENERAL MANDATE

On 18 October 2021, the Company completed a placing and has successfully raised approximately HK\$5.8 million (before expenses), which are detailed below.

On 27 September 2021 (after trading hours), the Company and Enlighten Securities Limited (the "Placing Agent") entered into a placing agreement (the "Placing Agreement") pursuant to which the Placing Agent agreed to place, on a best endeavour basis, to not less than six independent placees for up to 171,060,000 new shares at a price (the "Placing Price") of HK\$0.034 per placing share of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company (the "Placing"). These new shares rank pari passu in all respect with the then existing shares of the Company. The Placing was completed on 18 October 2021.

The Placing Price of HK\$0.034 per placing share represents: (i) a discount of approximately 10.5% to the closing price of HK\$0.038 per share of the Company as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 27 September 2021, being the date of the Placing Agreement; and (ii) a discount of approximately 15.8% to the average of the closing prices of HK\$0.0404 per share of the Company as quoted on the Stock Exchange for the last five consecutive trading days immediately prior to the date of the Placing Agreement.

The Group is principally engaged in cinema investment and management, movie production, licensing and derivatives, crossover marketing and provision of interactive contents. The Directors were of the view that the Placing can strengthen the financial position of the Company for its cinema operation and provide funding to the Company to meet any future investment opportunities in the cinema business. The Placing also represented a good opportunity to broaden the Shareholders' base and the capital base of the Company. The Directors 因此,董事會認為,本集團有充足資源可應付其 營運資金需求。於本年度,本集團主要自其自有 營運資金撥付經營業務之資金。於二零二二年三 月三十一日,本集團並無任何銀行透支(二零 二一年:無)。

根據一般授權配售新股份

於二零二一年十月十八日,本公司完成配售,且 已成功籌集約5,800,000港元(除開支前),詳 情載於下文。

於二零二一年九月二十七日(交易時段後),本 公司與名匯證券有限公司(「配售代理」)訂立配 售協議(「配售協議」),據此,配售代理已同意以 竭盡所能基準按每股本公司股本中每股0.01港 元之配售股份0.034港元之價格(「配售價」), 向不少於六名獨立承配人配售最多 171,060,000股新股份(「配售事項」)。該等新 股份於各方面與配本公司當時之現有股份享有 同等地位。配售事項已於二零二一年十月十八日 完成

配售價每股配售股份0.034港元較:(i)本公司股份於二零二一年九月二十七日(即配售協議日期) 在聯交所所報之收市價每股0.038港元折讓約 10.5%:及(ii)本公司股份於緊接配售協議日期 前之最後五個連續交易日在聯交所所報之平均 收市價每股0.0404港元折讓約15.8%。

本集團主要從事影院投資及管理、電影製作、特 許權及衍生作品權、跨界市場推廣及提供互動內 容。董事認為,配售事項可鞏固本公司之財務狀 況以經營其影院,並為本公司提供資金以應付未 來影院業務之任何投資機會。配售事項亦為拓展 股東基礎及擴大本公司資本基礎之良機。董事(包



(including the independent non-executive Directors) considered that the terms and conditions of the Placing Agreement were fair and reasonable and were on normal commercial terms and the Placing was in the interest of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

The aggregate gross proceeds of the Placing were approximately HK\$5.8 million and the aggregate net proceeds of the Placing, after deduction of expenses, were approximately HK\$5.5 million, representing a net issue price of approximately HK\$0.032 per placing share. The net proceeds from the Placing were intended to be used for cinema investment and/ or supporting the existing cinema operation of the Group. As of 31 March 2022, an amount of approximately HK\$3.6 million were used for supporting the existing cinema operation of the Group as intended and the remaining amount of approximately HK\$1.9 million were yet to be utilised.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

In August 2021, the Group disposed of its 51% equity stake in Zhejiang Bingo Family Brand Management Company Limited at a consideration of RMB1 (equivalent to HK\$1). Gain on disposal of the aforesaid subsidiary of approximately HK\$0.2 million was recognised during the Year.

In January 2022, the Group disposed of its 100% equity stake in Easybuild Assets Management Limited at a consideration of HK\$0.3 million. Gain on disposal of the aforesaid subsidiary of approximately HK\$0.6 million was recognised during the Year.

Save as disclosed above, the Group had no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the year ended 31 March 2022.

EMPLOYEES

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had 44 (2021: 65) staff in the PRC and Hong Kong. Total staff costs including directors' remuneration were approximately HK\$8.6 million during the Year (2021: HK\$10.7 million).

括獨立非執行董事)認為,配售協議之條款及條件屬公平合理並按一般商業條款進行,而配售事 項符合本公司及股東之整體利益。

配售事項之所得款項總額約為5,800,000港元, 而經扣除開支後,配售事項之所得款項淨額總額 約為5,500,000港元,相當於淨發行價約每股 配售股份0.032港元。配售事項之所得款項淨額 擬用作影院投資及/或支持本集團之現有影院 營運。截至二零二二年三月三十一日,約 3,600,000港元已按擬定用途用於支持本集團 之現有影院營運,而餘額約1,900,000港元未 獲動用。

附屬公司之重大收購及出售

於二零二一年八月,本集團出售其於浙江比高家 品牌管理有限公司之51%股權,代價為人民幣1 元(相當於1港元)。出售前述附屬公司之收益約 200,000港元已於本年度確認。

於二零二二年一月,本集團出售其於易建資產管 理有限公司之100%股權,代價為300,000港 元。出售前述附屬公司之收益約600,000港元 已於本年度內確認。

除上述所披露者外,於截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無附屬公司及聯屬公 司之重大收購或出售。

僱員

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團在中國及香 港聘用44名(二零二一年:65名)僱員。於本年 度,員工成本總額(包括董事酬金)約為 8,600,000港元(二零二一年:10,700,000港 元)。

Remuneration is determined with reference to market terms and the performance, qualification and experience of individual employee. Year-end bonus based on individual performance will be paid to employees as recognition of and reward for their contributions. Other benefits include contributions to statutory mandatory provident fund scheme to its employees. During the Year, the Company has not granted any awarded shares or share options to the Group's directors or employees.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS

In addition to the information of retirement benefits disclosed in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements and elsewhere in this annual report, the information of the Group's retirement benefits schemes is as follows:

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in mainland China are required to participate in a defined contribution pension scheme centrally operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain proportion of its payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The only obligation of the Company with respect to the central pension scheme is to make the required contributions. No forfeited contribution under the central pension scheme is available to reduce the contribution payable in future years. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

The Group also participates in a pension scheme under the rules and regulations of the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance ("MPF scheme") for all employees in Hong Kong, which is defined contribution retirement scheme. The contributions to the MPF scheme are based on minimum statutory contribution requirement of 5% of eligible employees' relevant aggregate income and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF scheme. No forfeited contribution under the MPF Scheme is available to reduce the contribution payable in future years. The assets of this pension scheme are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

薪酬乃參照市場條款以及個別僱員之表現、資歷 及經驗釐定。年終花紅按個人表現而發放予僱員, 以表揚及回報彼等所作出貢獻。其他福利包括為 僱員作出之法定強制性公積金計劃供款。於本年 度,本公司並無向本集團董事或僱員授出任何獎 勵股份或購股權。

退休福利

除綜合財務報表附註11及本年報其他章節所披 露之退休福利資料外,本集團退休福利計劃之資 料載列如下:

本集團於中國內地營運之附屬公司之僱員須參 加當地市政府實施之定額供款中央養老金計劃。 該等附屬公司須就其薪金按某一百分比向中央 養老金計劃供款。本公司就中央養老金計劃之唯 一責任為作出規定供款。概無根據中央養老金計 劃被沒收之供款可用於抵減未來年度應付之供 款。該等供款於根據中央養老金計劃之規則成為 應付款項時自損益扣除。

本集團亦為香港所有僱員參與強制公積金計劃 條例(「強積金計劃」)規則及規定項下之養老金 計劃,其為定額供款退休計劃。強積金計劃之供 款根據最低法定供款規定按合資格僱員相關總 收入之5%計算並於根據強積金計劃之規則成為 應付款項時自損益扣除。概無根據強積金計劃被 沒收之供款可用於抵減未來年度應付之供款。此 養老金計劃之資產於獨立管理之基金內與本集 團資產分開持有。



FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The Group's exposures to foreign currencies mainly arises from receivables from PRC customers and its investment in foreign subsidiaries which are financed internally in RMB, and payables to PRC suppliers. In order to mitigate the potential impact of currency fluctuations, the Group closely monitors its foreign currency exposures and will use suitable hedging instruments against significant foreign currency exposures, where necessary. No foreign currency hedge contract was entered into by the Group during the Year. As at 31 March 2022, the Group had no outstanding foreign currency hedge contracts (2021: Nil).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (2021: Nil).

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Save as disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had no material capital commitments as at 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil).

OUTLOOK

As of the date of this report, the coronavirus outbreak has killed over 6 million people and infected more than 500 million people globally. Although the situation in China is better than many countries in the West, the economy in China is still shocked to a certain extent. Especially COVID-19 Delta Variant and Omicron Variant have appeared in China in the first half of Year 2021 and late Year 2021 respectively. The cinemas have been ordered to be closed since early Year 2020 and certain cinemas in the PRC are just allowed to be re-opened in late July 2020. The cinema businesses in China was affected again. Our cinema in Shanghai has ceased to operate again from early March 2022 onwards, and our cinema in Hangzhou had a shorter lockdown period. It was closed for approximately one week since late April 2022 and had re-opened on 1 May 2022 already.

外匯風險

本集團主要因應收中國客戶之款項及於海外附 屬公司之投資(均透過內部資源以人民幣撥付) 以及應付中國供應商之款項而承受外幣風險。為 減輕幣值波動可能產生之影響,本集團密切監察 其外幣風險,在有需要時將使用合適對沖工具對 沖重大外幣風險。本集團於本年度並無訂立任何 外幣對沖合約。於二零二二年三月三十一日,本 集團並無任何未平倉外幣對沖合約(二零二一年: 無)。

或然負債

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何重 大或然負債(二零二一年:無)。

資本承擔

除综合財務報表附註36所披露者外,於二零 二二年三月三十一日,本集團並無重大資本承擔 (二零二一年:無)。

展望

於本報告日期,新冠狀病毒爆發已令全球逾 6,000,000人死亡,並超過500,000,000人受 到感染。雖然中國疫情較西方不少國家為佳,但 中國經濟在某程度上仍受到打擊。尤其是,中國 二零二一年上半年及二零二一年年底分別出現 新冠病毒Delta變體及奧密克戎變體。影院自二 零二零年初已被命令停業以來,中國若干電影院 於二零二零年七月下旬方獲准重新開業。中國影 院業務可能再次受到影響。我們位於上海的影院 自二零二二年三月初起再次停業,而我們位於杭 州的影院的封鎖期更短。其自二零二二年四月底 起關閉大約一周,並已於二零二二年五月一日重 新開放。



In spite of the wide-spreading of coronavirus mentioned above, the Group may continue to grasp other business opportunities in investments in cinemas in the PRC and attractive movies, when appropriate. While the Group continued its existing businesses, the Group will put more focus onto locating other business opportunities with enormous potentials, including online games developing and operating businesses, and investments in China cultural industry.

The VR (Virtual Reality) and MR (Mixed Reality) industry is undergoing rapid development and the Company considers that there will be growth potential in investment of VR and MR projects. In February 2018, the Group entered into an agreement with Lechuang Holdings (HK) Limited ("Lechuang") in relation to the formation of the joint venture company ("JV Company"). The formation of the JV Company will allow the Group to utilise its experience in provision of interactive contents with the expertise of Lechuang in developing VR and MR projects. The Company is optimistic as to the prospect of the JV Company, and has granted a loan to the JV Company in September 2019. However, entertainment business, including VR and MR businesses, is one of the commercial sectors suffered by COVID-19 seriously in the PRC. No appropriated VR and MR investment target was located during the Year. The outstanding loan amount as at 31 March 2022 was approximately RMB13.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$16.0 million).

As mentioned in the section of "BUSINESS REVIEW" above, the Company has entered into the Framework Agreement with Jiu De about the business cooperation on the development of LARP projects. The Board is optimistic on this project but will finalise the terms of the Formal Agreement carefully in view of difficult time of running entertainment business in the PRC currently. 儘管新冠狀病毒廣泛傳播(如上所述),本集團 可能在適當時繼續把握投資於中國影院及受歡 迎電影之其他商機。本集團持續經營其現有業務, 同時更集中物色其他具龐大潛力之商機,包括開 發及經營在線遊戲業務以及投資於中國文化事 業。

虛擬實境及混合實境行業正迅速發展,而本公司 認為投資於虛擬實境及混合實境項目富增長潛 力。於二零一八年二月,本集團與樂創控股(香 港)有限公司(「樂創」)就成立合營公司(「合營 公司」)訂立協議。成立合營公司將令本集團可利 用其提供互動內容的經驗加上樂創於發展虛擬 實境及混合實境項目的專業知識。本公司對合營 公司之前景感到樂觀,並於二零一九年九月已向 合營公司授出一筆貸款。然而,娛樂業務(包括 虛擬實境及混合實境業務)為中國遭受新冠狀病 毒嚴重打擊的商業領域之一。本年度並未物色到 任何合適的虛擬實境及混合實境投資目標。於 二零二二年三月三十一日尚未償還之貸款金額 為約人民幣13,000,000元(相當於約 16,000,000港元)。

如上文「業務回顧」一節所述,本公司與玖的就 發展LARP項目之業務合作已訂立框架協議。董 事會對該項目很樂觀,但鑒於當前為中國經營娛 樂業務的艱難時期,其將審慎落實正式協議之條 款。



The Board believes that the Group's existing businesses can create a synergistic effect with the above-mentioned new businesses and will benefit the Group in the future.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to extend my sincere gratitude to all our shareholders, investors and business partners for their continued support and confidence in the Group. I would also like to thank my fellow Directors and senior management team who have offered invaluable advice and leadership during such a challenging year and the management team and all staff for their dedication, loyalty and valued services.

For and on behalf of the Board

CHOW Man Ki Kelly Executive Director Hong Kong, 28 July 2022 董事會相信,本集團現有業務可與上述新業務締 造協同效應,日後將對本集團有利。

致謝

本人謹藉此機會代表董事會由衷感謝各股東、投 資者及業務夥伴一直以來對本集團之支持和信 任。本人亦謹此鳴謝各董事及資深管理團隊在這 嚴峻的一年給予寶貴意見及領導,並對管理團隊 及全體員工的熱誠投入與忠誠服務深表感激。

代表董事會

執行董事 **周文姬** 香港,二零二二年七月二十八日





DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及資深管理層

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi ("Mr. Chiau") — Mr. Chiau has over 30 years of performance and management experience in the movie industry. Mr. Chiau has been a leading icon of the movie and entertainment industry in the Greater China Region for over 30 years, and had received numerous awards in the industry, including best supporting actor, best actor and best director awards presented by leading film academies. Mr. Chiau joined the Group in June 2010. He is currently a director of a subsidiary of the Company.

Mr. Chiau is a brother of Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly, an executive Director and a substantial shareholder of the Company.

Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly ("Ms. Kelly Chow") — Ms. Kelly Chow was appointed as an executive Director in January 2014. Ms. Kelly Chow has over 20 years' ample experience in movie production and distribution as well as licensing businesses. She is currently directors of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Ms. Chow is a sister of Mr. Chiau, an executive Director and a substantial shareholder of the Company. In addition to the Company, Ms. Kelly Chow is working with Mr. YIP Yiu Bong ("Mr. Yip"), an executive Director, in The Star Overseas Limited ("TSOL"). Mr. Yip is currently the Head of Legal and Compliance of The Star Overseas Limited, the controlling shareholder of which is Ms. Kelly Chow.

Mr. LAU Man Kit ("Mr. Lau") — Mr. Lau joined the Group in January 2014. Mr. Lau has over 40 years of extensive sales and marketing experience in various industries, including property management, computer technology systems and automobiles, and has a wide business network in China. Mr. Lau is currently directors of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice ("Ms. Alice Chow") — Ms. Alice Chow is currently the Manager — Marketing, Public Relations & Content Management of the Group, directors of certain subsidiaries of the Company and a producer of TSOL. She holds the degrees of Master of Arts in Communication of Hong Kong Baptist University, Master of Corporate Governance of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and Master of Visual Arts of Hong Kong Baptist University. Ms. Alice Chow has approximately 20 years of experience in the industry of movie production.

執行董事

周星馳先生(「周先生」)一周先生在電影界擁 有逾30年演出及管理經驗。周先生為首屈一指 的電影及娛樂界代表,風靡大中華地區超過30 年,獲獎無數,包括由業界頂尖電影頒獎禮頒發 的最佳男配角、最佳男主角及最佳導演獎項。周 先生於二零一零年六月加入本集團。彼現為本公 司旗下一家附屬公司之董事。

周先生為本公司執行董事兼主要股東周文姬女 士之胞弟。

周文姬女士(「周文姬女士」) — 周文姬女士於 二零一四年一月獲委任為執行董事。周文姬女士 於電影製作、發行及授權業務擁有逾20年豐富 經驗。彼現為本公司旗下若干附屬公司之董事。

周女士為本公司執行董事兼主要股東周先生之 胞姊。除本公司外,周文姬女士還與星輝海外有 限公司(「星輝」)執行董事葉耀邦先生(「葉先 生」)合作。葉先生現為星輝海外有限公司的法律 及合規負責人,該公司的控股股東為周文姬女士。

劉文傑先生(「劉先生」) — 劉先生於二零一四 年一月加入本集團。劉先生於物業管理、電腦科 技系統及汽車等行業累積逾40年豐富銷售及營 銷經驗,並於中國擁有廣泛業務脈絡。劉先生現 為本公司旗下若干附屬公司之董事。

周雅緻女士(「周雅緻女士」) — 周雅緻女士目 前為本集團營銷、公共關係及內容管理經理、本 公司若干附屬公司董事及星輝的製片人。彼擁有 香港浸會大學傳播學碩士學位、香港理工大學公 司管治碩士學位及香港浸會大學視覺藝術碩士 學位。周雅緻女士於影視製作行業擁有約20年 經驗。



DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及資深管理層

Mr. YIP Yiu Bong — Mr. Yip, holds Master's degree of Laws in Chinese and Comparative Laws, City University of Hong Kong, Master's degree in Professional Accounting, Hong Kong Polytechnic University and Bachelor's degree of Business Administration (Hons) and Master's degree of Science in Corporate Governance and Compliance, Hong Kong Baptist University. Mr. Yip is a Chartered Secretary, a Chartered Governance Professional and an Associate of both The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and The Chartered Governance Institute in the United Kingdom and a Certified Practicing Accountant of CPA Australia. He is currently the Head of Legal and Compliance of The Star Overseas Limited, the controlling shareholder of which is Ms. Kelly Chow and she is an executive director and a substantial shareholder of the Company, Mr. Yip has over 16 years of experience in legal and compliance departments of various companies and legal firms. He joined the Group as a non-executive Director in June 2020 and re-designated as an executive Director in March 2021.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. CHOI Mei Ping ("Ms. Choi") — Ms. Choi has approximately 20 years' ample marketing experience in the airline industry. She is currently working in an international airline company. She has joined the Group in November 2014.

Mr. TSUI Wing Tak ("Mr. Tsui") — Mr. Tsui is currently an executive director of CBK Holdings Limited (stock code: 8428) and was an executive director of Aurum Pacific (China) Group Limited (stock code: 8148) from April 2020 to December 2020. The issued shares of all two companies are listed on GEM the Stock Exchange. He is also a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a Certified Practising Accountant of CPA Australia. Mr. Tsui holds a bachelor's degree in Economics from Macquarie University in Australia. He has over 25 years of extensive experience in corporate finance and accounting.

葉耀邦先生 — 葉先生,持有香港城市大學中國 法與比較法法學碩士學位、香港理工大學專業會 計學碩士學位及香港浸會大學工商管理(榮譽) 學士學位及公司管治及合規理學碩士學位。葉先 生為特許秘書、特許企業管治專業人員以及香港 特許秘書公會及英國的特許公司治理公會的會 員以及澳洲會計師公會執業會計師。彼目前為星 輝海外有限公司的法律及合規負責人,該公司的 控股股東為周文姬女士,其為本公司的執行董事 及主要股東。葉先生於多家公司及律師行的法律 及合規部門擁有超過16年的經驗。彼於二零二 零年六月加入本集團,擔任非執行董事,並於二 零二一年三月獲調任為執行董事。

獨立非執行董事

蔡美平女士(「蔡女士」) — 蔡女士於航空業累 積約20年豐富市場推廣經驗。彼目前於一家國 際航空公司工作。彼於二零一四年十一月加入本 集團。

徐永得先生(「徐先生」) — 徐先生目前為國茂 控股有限公司(股份代號:8428)的執行董事及 於二零二零年四月至二零二零年十二月為奧栢 中國集團有限公司(股份代號:8148)的執行董 事。該兩家公司的已發行股份均於聯交所GEM 上市。彼亦為香港會計師公會資深會員及澳洲會 計師公會執業會計師。徐先生持有澳洲麥覺理大 學經濟學學士學位。彼於企業財務及會計領域擁 有超過25年的豐富經驗。



OVERVIEW

The board (the "Board") of directors ("Directors") of Bingo Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report in this annual report for the year ended 31 March 2022 (the "Year"). The Company is concerned to have high standards of corporate governance. It is important because the Board believes that good quality corporate governance would assist the management to monitor the Company's business activities effectively and thus interests of the shareholders of the Company will be well protected.

The Company has applied the principles in the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") and Corporate Governance Report contained in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules. The Company is in compliance with the mandatory Code provisions, save for the deviations discussed in the sections of "CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF OFFICER" and "APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF THE DIRECTORS" below.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules throughout the Year. The Company has also made specific enquiry to all Directors and, the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with the required standard of dealing and its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors.

COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

Board of Directors

The Board is entrusted with the overall responsibility for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising the Company's business and affairs. The ultimate responsibility for the day to day management, administration and operation of the Company is delegated to the executive Directors and the senior management of the Company. In practice, the Board takes responsibilities for decision making in all major matters of the Company. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the Group and the Board has the full support of them to discharge its responsibilities.

概覽

比高集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董 事」)會(「董事會」)欣然於截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度(「本年度」)之本年報內提呈本 企業管治報告。本公司著重維持高標準之企業管 治。企業管治受重視乃由於董事會相信,高質素 之企業管治將有助管理層有效地監管本公司之 業務活動,從而妥善保障本公司股東之利益。

本公司已應用GEM上市規則附錄15所載企業管 治守則(「守則」)及企業管治報告之原則。除下 文「主席與行政總裁」及「董事之委任及重選」兩 節所述偏離情況外,本公司已遵守強制性守則條 文。

董事之證券交易

本公司於本年度內已採納有關董事進行證券交易之操守守則,其條款乃不比GEM上市規則第 5.48條至第5.67條之規定買賣標準寬鬆。本公司亦已向全體董事作出特定查詢,且並不知悉任何違反規定買賣標準及其有關董事進行證券交易之操守守則之情況。

董事會之組成

董事會

董事會整體上負責領導及監控本公司業務及事務,從而推動本公司成功發展,而本公司日常管理、行政及營運之最終責任則由董事會授權予本公司執行董事及資深管理層進行。實質上,董事 會負責本公司所有主要事務之決策。本集團於訂 立任何重要交易前均須獲得董事會批准,而董事 會於履行其職責時亦獲彼等全力支持。



Biographical details of the Directors as at the date of this report are set out on pages 16 to 17 of this annual report. Given the composition of the Board and the skills, knowledge and expertise of the Directors, the Board believes that it is appropriately structured to provide sufficient checks and balances to protect the interests of the Group and the shareholders. The Board will review its composition regularly to ensure that it has the appropriate balance of expertise, skills and experience to continue to effectively oversee the business of the Company.

The emoluments of the Directors are determined by the Board of Directors on recommendation of the Remuneration Committee with the reference to their respective duties and responsibility with the Company, the Company's performance and current market situation. Details of emoluments of the Directors for the Year are disclosed in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises seven Directors, including five executive Directors, namely Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi, Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly, Mr. LAU Man Kit, Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice and Mr. YIP Yiu Bong; and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. CHOI Mei Ping and Mr. TSUI Wing Tak. Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi and Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly are siblings. Mr. YIP Yiu Bong is currently the Head of Legal and Compliance of The Star Overseas Limited ("TSOL"), the controlling shareholder of which is Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly and she is an executive director and a substantial shareholder of the Company. Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice is currently a producer of TSOL. Save as disclosed, the Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/ relevant relationship(s) with each other.

Independent non-executive Directors have confirmed in writing their independence from the Company in accordance with the guidelines on director independence of the GEM Listing Rules. On this basis, the Company considers all such Directors to be independent.

As part of an ongoing process of directors' training, the Company Secretary continuously updates all Directors on latest developments regarding the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance of the same by all Directors. All Directors are encouraged to attend external forum or training courses on relevant topics which may count towards Continuous Professional Development training. 董事於本報告日期之個人資料詳載於本年報第 16頁至第17頁。基於董事會之組成及各董事之 技能、學識及專業知識,董事會相信,其架構已 能恰當地提供足夠之監察及平衡,以保障本集團 和股東之利益。董事會將定期檢討其組成,以確 保其在專業知識、技能及經驗方面維持合適之平 衡,藉以繼續有效地監管本公司之業務。

董事薪酬乃參考各董事於本公司之職責、本公司 之表現及當前市況,由董事會按薪酬委員會之建 議釐定。本年度董事酬金詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註12。

於本報告日期,董事會由七名董事組成,包括五 名執行董事周星馳先生、周文姬女士、劉文傑先 生、周雅緻女士及葉耀邦先生;及兩名獨立非執 行董事蔡美平女士及徐永得先生。周星馳先生與 周文姬女士乃胞姊弟。葉耀邦先生目前為星輝海 外有限公司(「星輝海外」)的法律及合規負責人, 該公司的控股股東為周文姬女士,其為本公司的 執行董事及主要股東。周雅緻女士現為星輝海外 的製作人。除所披露者外,董事會成員彼此之間 概無財務、業務、家庭或其他重大/相關關係。

獨立非執行董事已根據GEM上市規則對董事獨 立身份之指引,書面確認其於本公司獨立身份; 因此,本公司認為,所有有關董事屬獨立人士。

作為對董事持續培訓之一部分,公司秘書不斷向 全體董事更新有關GEM上市規則及其他適用監 管規定之最新發展資料,以確保全體董事遵守有 關規定。董事會鼓勵全體董事出席外界就有關課 題所舉辦座談會或培訓課程,有關活動可計入為 持續專業發展培訓。



Pursuant to Code Provision A.6.5, Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. During the Year, all Directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional development activities either by attending training courses or by reading materials relevant to the Company's business or to the Directors' duties and responsibilities.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage on Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any legal actions taken against Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

The number of Board Meetings, Committee Meetings and General Meetings attended by each Director during the Year under review is set out in the following table. Figure in brackets indicates maximum number of meetings in the period in which the individual was a Board Member or Committee Member (as the case may be). 根據守則條文第A.6.5條,董事應參與持續專業發展,增進並重溫其知識及技能,以確保其對董事會作出知情及切合所需的貢獻。於本年度,全體董事均透過出席培訓課程或閱覽本公司業務或董事職能及職責相關資料之方式參與合適之持續專業發展培訓活動。

本公司已安排適當之董事及高級職員責任保險, 涵蓋董事及資深管理層就企業活動而產生針對 董事及高級職員之法律訴訟責任。保險範圍將會 每年檢討。

於本回顧年度內,各董事出席董事會會議、委員 會會議及股東大會之次數載於下表。括號內之數 字指有關人士為董事會成員或委員會成員(視乎 情況而定)期間內所舉行之最多會議次數。

				Audit	Remuneration	Nomination	
			Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	General
Name of Directors			Meetings	Meetings	Meetings	Meetings	Meetings
董事姓名	附註	董事會會議	審核委員會會議	薪酬委員會會議	提名委員會會議	股東大會	
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi	周星馳先生		9/(16)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	0/(2)
Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly	周文姬女士		16/(16)	N/A 不適用	2/(2)	1/[1]	0/(2)
Mr. LAU Man Kit	劉文傑先生		16/(16)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/(2)
Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice	周雅緻女士		16/(16)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	2/(2)
Mr. LIN Jason	LIN Jason 先生	1	0/(5)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	0/(1)
Mr. YIP Yiu Bong	葉耀邦先生		16/(16)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	2/(2)
Non-executive Director	非執行董事						
Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang Roberta	陳鄒重珩女士	2	1/(2)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Ms. CHOI Mei Ping	蔡美平女士		16/(16)	5/(5)	2/(2)	1/[1]	0/(2)
Mr. ONG King Keung	王競強先生		16/(16)	5/(5)	2/(2)	1/[1]	0/(2)
Mr. TSUI Wing Tak	徐永得先生		16/(16)	5/(5)	2/(2)	1/[1]	0/(2)
Note 1: retired by rotation on 28	Sentember 202	01		附註1: 疗	☆-零--年ヵ	月一十八日輪催	ī退任

Note 1: retired by rotation on 28 September 2021 Note 2: resigned on 30 June 2021 附註1: 於二零二一年九月二十八日輪值退任 附註2: 於二零二一年六月三十日辭任



CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Company does not have the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer during the year ended 31 March 2022. The Board is in the process of locating appropriate persons to fill the vacancies of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Even so, the Board considers that the existing Board members are able to share the power and responsibilities of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer among themselves, as detailed below.

Based on Code A.2.1, (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision C.2.1 under the new Corporate Governance Code that came to effect on 1 January 2022) the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing. The Board's current significant decisions are made in Board meetings. Every Board member has the rights and responsibility to propose Board meetings to discuss significant issues he/she concerns, and has the power to make the decisions among other Board members.

With reference to Code A.2.2, (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision C.2.2 under the new Corporate Governance Code that came to effect on 1 January 2022) in each Board meeting, the director who proposes that meeting (the "Convenor") would generally be appointed as the chairman of the meeting in accordance with the articles of association of the Company, and he/she has to ensure all directors briefed on issues arising at board meeting.

主席與行政總裁

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本公司並 無董事會主席及行政總裁。董事會現正物色合適 人選,以便填補主席與行政總裁之空缺。即使如 此,董事會認為現任董事會成員能夠共同享有及 分擔主席及行政總裁之權力及責任,詳情載列如 下。

根據守則第A.2.1條(已根據於二零二二年一月 一日生效之新企業管治守則重新編號為企管守 則條文第C.2.1條),主席及行政總裁之角色應 該有所區分,而不應由同一名人士擔任。主席與 行政總裁之間職責分工應清楚界定並以書面列 載。董事會目前重大決定於董事會會議作出。每 名董事會成員均有權及責任建議召開董事會會 議以討論重大關注事項,並有權與其他董事會成員 自作出決定。

參照守則第A.2.2條(已根據於二零二二年一月 一日生效之新企業管治守則重新編號為企管守 則條文第C.2.2條),於各董事會會議,建議召開 會議之董事(「召集人」)根據本公司組織章程細 則一般獲委任為會議主席,彼應確保董事會會議 上所有董事均適當知悉當前事項。



With reference to Code A.2.3, (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision C.2.3 under the new Corporate Governance Code that came to effect on 1 January 2022) the Convenor has to provide the meeting agenda and materials (the "Board Papers") to the company secretary, and the company secretary will then pass the Board Papers to other Board members for their review. Unless urgent matters to be discussed, it is the Board's practice that the Board Papers have to be given to the Board at least 3 days in advance of the Board meetings. Other Board members should have enough time to read the Board Papers and raise questions and/or request more information before holding the Board meetings. For the urgent Board meetings, the Convenor and/or company secretary have to contact individual Director about the details of the agenda meeting and the reasons of urgency. Every Board member has the right to request additional time to understand the agenda details and delay the Board meeting.

With reference to Code A.2.4, (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision C.2.4 under the new Corporate Governance Code that came to effect on 1 January 2022) the executive Directors jointly provide leadership of the Board, and ensure the Board works effectively and perform its responsibilities, and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by it in a timely manner. As mentioned above, all Directors have the rights to propose Board meetings. The company secretary has to summarise all agenda items and circulate the agenda to all Board members.

With reference to Code A.2.5, (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision C.2.5 under the new Corporate Governance Code that came to effect on 1 January 2022) the Board members share the responsibility to ensure good corporate governance practices and procedures are established. It is the practice of the Board to discuss corporate governance issues in the meetings to approve the interim and annual results. 參照守則第A.2.3條(已根據於二零二二年一月 一日生效之新企業管治守則重新編號為企管守 則條文第C.2.3條),召集人須向公司秘書提供 會議議程及資料(「董事會文件」),而公司秘書 其後將有關董事會文件轉交其他董事會成員以 供審閱。除非將予討論之事項為緊急事項,否則 根據董事會常規,董事會文件須於董事會會議舉 行至少三日前向董事會發出。其他董事會成員將 有足夠時間閱讀董事會文件及提出問題及/或 於舉行董事會會議前要求更多資料。就緊急董事 會會議而言,召集人及/或公司秘書須聯絡個別 董事有關會議議程詳情及緊急召開會議之理由。 各董事會成員有權要求額外時間了解議程詳情 及延後董事會會議。

參照守則第A.2.4條(已根據於二零二二年一月 一日生效之新企業管治守則重新編號為企管守 則條文第C.2.4條),執行董事共同帶領董事會, 並確保董事會有效地運作,且履行應有職責,並 及時就所有重要適當事項進行討論。誠如上文所 述,所有董事有權建議召開董事會會議。公司秘 書須概括所有議程項目,並向全體董事會成員傳 閱議程。

參照守則第A.2.5條(已根據於二零二二年一月 一日生效之新企業管治守則重新編號為企管守 則條文第C.2.5條),董事會成員均有責任確保 公司制定良好企業管治常規及程序。根據董事會 常規,董事會將於會議討論企業管治事項,以批 准中期及年度業績。



With reference to Code A.2.6, (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision C.2.6 under the new Corporate Governance Code that came to effect on 1 January 2022) the executive Directors share the responsibility of encouraging all directors to make a full and active contribution to the Board's affairs and take the lead to ensure that it acts in the best interest of the Company. The Convenor has the responsibility to encourage other Directors with different views to voice their concerns, allow sufficient time for discussion of issues and ensure the Board decisions fairly reflected Board consensus.

With reference to Code A.2.7, (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision C.2.7 under the new Corporate Governance Code that came to effect on 1 January 2022) the independent non-executive Directors hold at least a meeting among themselves annually, to consider and discuss any significant issues of the Company and the Board, without influence from the executive Directors.

With reference to Code A.2.8, (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision C.2.8 under the new Corporate Governance Code that came to effect on 1 January 2022) the executive Directors share the responsibility of ensuring that appropriate steps are taken to provide effective communication with shareholders and that their views are communicated to the Board as a whole. It is a general practice that the executive Directors will discuss the shareholder's viewpoints with nonexecutive Directors in the Board meeting following a shareholders' meeting.

With reference to Code A.2.9, (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision C.2.9 under the new Corporate Governance Code that came to effect on 1 January 2022) the executive Directors share the responsibility of promoting a culture of openness and debate by facilitating the effective contribution of non-executive Directors in particular and ensuring constructive relations between executive and nonexecutive Directors. As mentioned above, all directors, including non-executive Directors, have the right to propose a board meeting to discuss the issues they consider important, and enough time is reserved for all Directors to read the Board Papers and raise questions. It is the Board's practice to encourage the non-executive Directors to raise their viewpoints in Board meetings. 參照守則第A.2.6條(已根據於二零二二年一月 一日生效之新企業管治守則重新編號為企管守 則條文第C.2.6條),執行董事均有責任鼓勵所 有董事全力投入董事會事務,並以身作則,確保 董事會行事符合本公司最佳利益。召集人有責任 鼓勵持不同意見之其他董事表達本身關注之事 宜、給予有關事宜充足時間討論,以及確保董事 會之決定能公正反映董事會共識。

參照守則第A.2.7條(已根據於二零二二年一月 一日生效之新企業管治守則重新編號為企管守 則條文第C.2.7條),獨立非執行董事應每年至 少舉行一次會議,以考慮及討論本公司及董事會 任何重大事項,而不受執行董事影響。

參照守則第A.2.8條(已根據於二零二二年一月 一日生效之新企業管治守則重新編號為企管守 則條文第C.2.8條),執行董事均有責任確保採 取適當步驟保持與股東有效聯繫,以及確保股東 意見可傳達到整個董事會。根據一般常規,於股 東大會後,執行董事將於董事會會議與非執行董 事討論股東意見。

參照守則第A.2.9條(已根據於二零二二年一月 一日生效之新企業管治守則重新編號為企管守 則條文第C.2.9條),執行董事均有責任提倡公 開、積極討論之文化,促進董事(特別是非執行 董事)對董事會作出有效貢獻,並確保執行董事 與非執行董事之間維持建設性關係。誠如上文所 述,所有董事(包括非執行董事)有權建議召開 董事會會議以討論彼等認為重大之事項,並給予 足夠時間讓所有董事閱讀董事會文件及提出問 題。根據董事會常規,董事會鼓勵非執行董事於 董事會會議提出意見。



Code A.5.1 states that an issuer should establish a nomination committee which is chaired by the chairman of the board or an independent non-executive director and comprises a majority of independent non-executive directors. It is the Board's practice to appoint an executive Director as the chairman of the nomination committee of the Board, as the Board considers that executive Directors have to lead the business development of the Company and need to have appropriate Board members and senior management to assist them. In addition, the nomination committee of the Board consists of majority of independent non- executive Directors, who have the veto power jointly if they consider the nomination is inappropriate. Subsequent to the year end date of 31 March 2022, the Board appointed Ms. CHOI Mei Ping, an independent nonexecutive Director, as the chairman of Nomination Committee on 8 April 2022.

With reference to Code B.1.1, (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision E.1.1 under the new Corporate Governance Code that came to effect on 1 January 2022) the remuneration committee of the Board would consult Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly, an executive Director and the major shareholder of the Company about their remuneration proposals for other executive Directors.

With reference to Code E.1.2, (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision F.2.2 under the new Corporate Governance Code that came to effect on 1 January 2022) the Board appoints as least one executive Director to attend the annual general meeting, due to the chairmanship vacancy. The executive Directors have to invite the chairman of the audit, remuneration and nomination committees of the Board to attend the annual general meeting.

With reference to Code F.1.3, (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision C.6.3 under the new Corporate Governance Code that came to effect on 1 January 2022) it is the Company's practice that the company secretary report to the executive Directors.

守則第A.5.1條載述發行人應設立提名委員會, 由董事會主席或獨立非執行董事擔任主席,成員 須以獨立非執行董事佔大多數。根據董事會常規, 董事會委任一名執行董事擔任董事會轄下提名 委員會之主席,原因是董事會認為執行董事須領 導本公司業務發展,需要有合適董事會成員及高 級管理層協助執行董事。此外,董事會轄下之提 名委員會大部分成員由獨立非執行董事組成,倘 獨立非執行董事認為提名屬不適當,彼等有共同 否決權。於二零二二年三月三十一日之年結日後, 董事會於二零二二年四月八日委任獨立非執行 董事蔡美平女士為提名委員會主席。

參照守則第B.1.1條(已根據於二零二二年一月 一日生效之新企業管治守則重新編號為企管守 則條文第E.1.1條),董事會轄下薪酬委員會應 就其他執行董事之薪酬建議諮詢執行董事兼本 公司主要股東周文姬女士。

參照守則第E.1.2條(已根據於二零二二年一月 一日生效之新企業管治守則重新編號為企管守 則條文第F.2.2條),由於主席職位懸空,董事會 委任至少一名執行董事出席股東週年大會。執行 董事應邀請董事會轄下審核委員會、薪酬委員會 及提名委員會之主席出席股東週年大會。

參照守則第F.1.3條(已根據於二零二二年一月 一日生效之新企業管治守則重新編號為企管守 則條文第C.6.3條),根據本公司常規,公司秘書 應向執行董事匯報。



APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF THE DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the Provision A.4.1 of the Code, the non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to reelection.

The non-executive Director and all independent non-executive Directors are not appointed for a specific term, but they are subject to re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles.

In accordance with the Articles of the Association of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years.

NON-COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 5.05A OF GEM LISTING RULES

Following the appointment of Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice and Mr. LIN Jason as executive Directors on 31 March 2021, the number of Board members increased to ten members but Company has only three independent non-executive Directors. As such, the number of independent non-executive Directors falls below the minimum number as required under Rule 5.05A of GEM Listing Rules. Following the resignation of Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang Roberta on 30 June 2021, the number of independent non-executive Directors has become one-third of the total number of Board members and Rule 5.05A of GEM Listing Rules has been complied with accordingly.

董事之委任及重選

根據守則條文第A.4.1條,非執行董事之委任應 有指定任期,並須接受重選。

非執行董事及所有獨立非執行董事之委任並無 指定任期,惟彼等須根據細則於本公司股東週年 大會上接受重選。

根據本公司之組織章程細則,當時在任之三分之 一董事(倘人數並非三之倍數,則為最接近但不 少於三分之一)須輪值退任,惟每名董事須每三 年最少退任一次。

不遵守 GEM 上市規則第 5.05A 條

隨著周雅緻女士及LIN Jason先生於二零二一年 三月三十一日獲委任為執行董事後,董事會成員 人數增加至十名,惟本公司仍然只有三名獨立非 執行董事。因此,獨立非執行董事的人數低於 GEM 上市規則第5.05A 條所規定的最低人數。 於陳鄒重珩女士於二零二一年六月三十日辭任 後,獨立非執行董事的人數已為董事會成員總數 的三分之一,因此已符合GEM上市規則第5.05A 條的規定。



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Company's corporate governance function is carried out by the Board pursuant to a set of written terms of reference adopted by the Board, which include (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations; (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management of the Group; (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees of the Group and the Directors; and (e) to review the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

The Board had reviewed and discussed the corporate governance policy of the Group and was satisfied with the effectiveness of its corporate governance policy.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The responsibilities of the external auditors about their financial reporting are set out in the independent auditor's report attached to the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 set out in this report.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. CHAN Ka Yin ("Mr. Chan"), who is a director of an external service provider, was appointed as the company secretary in November 2013. Mr. Chan is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He reports to the executive Directors of the Company and assists the Board in functioning effectively and efficiently. During the Year, Mr. Chan undertook over 15 hours of professional training to update his skill and knowledge.

企業管治職能

本公司之企業管治職能根據董事會所採納一系 列書面職權範圍由董事會履行,當中包括[a]制 定及檢討本公司企業管治政策及慣例並提供推 薦意見:[b]檢討及監督本集團董事及資深管理 層之培訓及持續專業發展:[c]檢討及監督本公 司遵守法律及監管規定之政策及慣例:[d]制定、 檢討及監督適用於本集團僱員及董事之操守守 則及合規守則(如有):及[e]檢討本公司是否遵 守守則及企業管治報告之披露事項。

董事會已檢討及討論本集團之企業管治政策,且 信納其企業管治政策行之有效。

董事責任聲明

董事知悉其有責任編製可反映本集團真實公平 財務狀況之綜合財務報表。董事並不知悉任何與 可能對本公司持續經營能力構成重大疑慮之事 件或情況有關之重大不明朗因素。

外聘核數師有關彼等之財務申報責任載於本報 告所載本集團截至二零二二年三月三十一日止 年度之綜合財務報表所附奉之獨立核數師報告。

公司秘書

身為外部服務供應商董事之陳家賢先生(「陳先 生」)於二零一三年十一月獲委任為公司秘書。 陳先生為香港會計師公會及英國特許公認會計 師公會資深會員。彼向本公司執行董事匯報,並 協助董事會以高效方式發揮職能。於本年度,陳 先生已接受相關專業培訓逾15小時,以增進技 能及知識。



REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a remuneration committee ("Remuneration Committee") with specific written terms of reference. During the Year, the Remuneration Committee comprises all independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. CHOI Mei Ping (Chairman), Mr. ONG King Keung, Mr. TSUI Wing Tak and one executive Director, Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly.

The responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include (a) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy; (b) to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; and (c) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of executive Directors, non-executive Directors, and senior management, and to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate.

The primary goal of the remuneration on executive remuneration packages is to enable the Group to motivate executive Directors and senior management by linking their remuneration with reference to the Group's operation results, which reference to individual performances and comparable market statistics.

The principal elements of the Group's executive remuneration package include basic salary, discretionary bonus, and share options.

薪酬委員會

本公司已成立薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」),並 以書面釐定其具體職權範圍。於本年度,薪酬委 員會由全體獨立非執行董事蔡美平女士(主席)、 王競強先生、徐永得先生以及一名執行董事周文 姬女士組成。

薪酬委員會之職責包括[a]就全體董事及資深管 理層之本公司薪酬政策及架構,以及就制定有關 薪酬政策設立正式兼具透明度之程序,向董事會 提供推薦意見:[b]參考董事會企業目標及宗旨 檢討及批准管理層薪酬建議;及[c]就執行董事、 非執行董事及資深管理層之薪酬向董事會提供 推薦意見,並檢討及批准有關董事因行為不當而 遭撤換或罷免之補償安排,以確保有關安排符合 合約條款,且在其他方面屬合理及合宜。

行政人員薪酬組合之薪酬主要目的乃為透過參 考本集團經營業績、個人表現及可資比較市場數 據,將執行董事及資深管理人員之薪酬與其掛鈎, 讓本集團可激勵該等人士。

本集團之行政人員薪酬組合主要包括基本薪金, 酌情花紅及購股權。



NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a nomination committee ("Nomination Committee") with specific written terms of reference.

During the Year, the Nomination Committee comprises all independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. CHOI Mei Ping, Mr. ONG King Keung, Mr. TSUI Wing Tak and one executive director, Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly (Chairman).

The responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board; identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and selecting or making recommendations to the Board on selection of individual nominated for directorships; making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of directors and succession planning for directors; and determining the policy for nomination of Directors. The Nomination Committee has specific written terms of reference which are of no less exacting terms than those stipulated in Code provisions.

Procedure and Process for Nomination of Directors

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the appointment of Director(s) including independent nonexecutive Director(s) in accordance with the following procedures and process:

 The Nomination Committee will, giving due consideration to the current composition and size of the Board, develop a list of desirable skills, perspectives and experience at the outset to focus the search effort;

提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會(「提名委員會」),並 書面釐定其具體職權範圍。

於本年度,提名委員會由全體獨立非執行董事蔡 美平女士、王競強先生、徐永得先生及一名執行 董事周文姬女士(主席)組成。

提名委員會之職責包括檢討董事會之架構、人數 及其組成;物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員 之人士,並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向 董事會提供意見;就董事委任或續聘以及董事繼 任計劃之有關事宜向董事會提出建議;及訂定提 名董事之政策。提名委員會以書面訂明具體職權 範圍,其條款的嚴謹程度不遜於守則條文所訂明 者。

提名董事的程序及流程

提名委員會將根據以下程序及流程向董事會建 議任命董事(包括獨立非執行董事):

i. 提名委員會將適當考慮董事會目前的組成
 和規模,首先制定一份理想的技能、觀點及
 經驗清單,以集中物色重點;



- ii. The Nomination Committee may consult any source it considers appropriate in identifying or selecting suitable candidates, such as referrals from existing Directors, advertising, recommendations from a third party agency firm and proposals from the Shareholders with due consideration given to the criteria which include but are not limited to:
 - Diversity in the aspects, amongst others, of gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service;
 - (b) Commitment for responsibilities of the Board in respect of available time and relevant interest;
 - Qualifications, including accomplishment and experience in the relevant industries in which the Group's business is involved;
 - (d) Independence;
 - (e) Reputation for integrity;
 - (f) Potential contributions that the individual can bring to the Board; and
 - (g) Plan(s) in place for the orderly succession of the Board.
- iii. The Nomination Committee may adopt any process it considers appropriate in evaluating the suitability of the candidates, such as interviews, background checks, presentations and third party reference checks;
- iv. The Nomination Committee will consider a broad range of candidates who are in and outside of the Board's circle of contacts;
- Upon considering a candidate suitable for the directorship, the Nomination Committee will hold a meeting and/or by way of written resolutions to, if thought fit, approve the recommendation to the Board for appointment;

- ii. 提名委員會於物色或甄選合適候選人時可 諮詢其認為適當的任何來源,例如現有董 事的推薦、廣告、第三方代理公司的推薦及 股東的建議,並適當考慮(包括但不限於) 下列因素:
 - [a] 各方面的多樣性,其中包括性別、年齡、文化和教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知識和服務年限;
 - [b] 其能投放於董事會職責的可投入時 間及代表相關界別的利益;
 - [c] 資格,包括涉及本集團業務的相關行 業的成就和經驗;
 - (d) 獨立性;
 - [e] 誠信聲譽;
 - [f] 個人可以為董事會帶來的潛在貢獻; 及
 - [g] 為董事會有序繼任而制訂的計劃。
- iii. 提名委員會可採用其認為適當的任何程序
 評估候選人的合適性,例如面試、背景調
 查、演講及第三方背景調查;
- iv. 提名委員會將考慮在董事會聯絡圈內外的 各類候選人;
- v. 在考慮適合擔任董事職位的候選人後,提 名委員會將舉行會議及/或以書面決議案 方式以酌情批准向董事會提交委任建議;



- vi. The Nomination Committee will provide the relevant information of the selected candidate to the Remuneration Committee for consideration of the remuneration package of such selected candidate;
- vii. The Nomination Committee will thereafter make the recommendation to the Board in relation to the proposed appointment, and the Remuneration Committee will make the recommendation to the Board on the policy and structure for the remuneration;
- viii. The Board may arrange for the selected candidate to be interviewed by the members of the Board who are not members of the Nomination Committee and the Board will thereafter deliberate and decide the appointment as the case may be; and
- ix. All appointment of Directors will be confirmed by the filing of the consent to act as Director of the relevant Director (or any other similar filings requiring the relevant Director to acknowledge or accept the appointment as Director, as the case may be) to be filed with the relevant regulatory authorities, if required.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy to achieve board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors and measureable objectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural background, educational background, skills, knowledge and professional experience. All Board appointments will be based on merit, and candidates will be measured against objective criteria, with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The Nomination Committee has the delegated responsibilities to monitor the implementation and review the board diversity policy and report to the Board.

- vi. 提名委員會將向薪酬委員會提供所選候選
 人的相關資料,以供考慮該候選人的薪酬
 待遇;
- vii. 其後,提名委員會將就建議委任向董事會 提出建議,而薪酬委員會將就薪酬政策及 架構向董事會提出建議;
- viii. 董事會可安排選定的候選人由不屬提名委員會成員的董事會成員進行面試,此後,董 事會將根據具體情況審議並決定任命;及
- ix. 所有董事的任命,將通過提交相關董事表示同意擔任董事的文件(或要求相關董事確認或接受任命為董事的任何其他類似文件,視具體情況而定)予相關監管機構(如有需要)作存檔予以確認。

董事會成員多元政策

董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策,以透過考 慮多種因素及可計量目標實現董事會成員多元 化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化背景、教育背 景、技能、知識及專業經驗。董事會所有委任均 以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選時以客觀條件 充分顧及董事會成員多元化之裨益。提名委員會 獲轉授責任監督實施及審閱董事會成員多元化 政策並向董事會報告。



AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an audit committee ("Audit Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 5.28 to 5.33 of the GEM Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review the Company's annual report and accounts, interim report and quarterly reports and to provide advices and comments thereon to the Board. The Audit Committee will also be responsible for reviewing and supervising the Company's financial reporting, risk management and internal control systems.

During the Year, the Audit Committee comprises all independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. ONG King Keung (Chairman), Ms. CHOI Mei Ping and Mr. TSUI Wing Tak. In the meetings held during the Year, the Audit Committee reviewed the annual, interim and quarterly results of the Company and made recommendations to the Board and the management in respect of the Company's financial reporting, risk management and internal control system.

Accountability and Audit

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the accounts of the Company. As at 31 March 2022, the Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the consolidated financial statements of the Company on a going concern basis.

The responsibilities of the external auditor on financial reporting are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report attached to the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

The Board has regularly reviewed the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control systems with an aim to safeguard the shareholders' interests and the Company's assets. The purpose is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatements, errors, losses or fraud, and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in achieving the Company's business objectives.

審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會(「審核委員會」),並 遵照GEM上市規則第5.28條至第5.33條以書 面釐定其職權範圍。審核委員會之主要職責為審 関本公司之年報及賬目、中期報告及季度報告, 並就此向董事會提供意見及建議。審核委員會亦 須負責檢討及監督本公司之財務匯報、風險管理 及內部監控制度。

於本年度,審核委員會由全體獨立非執行董事組 成,即王競強先生(主席)、蔡美平女士及徐永得 先生。審核委員會於本年度內舉行之會議上審閱 本公司之年度、中期及季度業績,並就本公司之 財務匯報、風險管理及內部監控制度向董事會及 管理層提供推薦意見。

問責性及審核

董事了解彼等編製本公司賬目之責任。於二零 二二年三月三十一日,董事並不知悉有任何會對 本公司繼續以持續經營基準經營之能力構成重 大疑問之事件或狀況之重大不明朗因素。據此, 董事已按持續經營基準編製本公司之綜合財務 報表。

外聘核數師對財務匯報之責任載於本公司截至 二零二二年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報 表所附奉之獨立核數師報告。

董事會已就本公司之風險管理及內部監控制度 是否有效進行定期檢討,務求保障股東之權益及 本公司之資產。目的在於合理(而非絕對地)保 證並無重大失實陳述、錯誤、損失或欺詐,以及 管理而非消除未能達致本公司業務目標之風險。



AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 March 2022, fees for the Company's external auditor for audit services and non-audit services were HK\$850,000 and HK\$50,000 respectively.

The responsibilities of the auditors with respect to financial reporting are set out in the section of "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 55 to 60.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

Responsibility

The Board has the overall responsibility to ensure that sound and effective risk management functions are maintained, while management is required to provide responsive actions to manage risk. A sound and effective risk management is designed to identify and manage the risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

Risk Management Framework

We adopt an integrated bottom-up and top-down risk review process to enable comprehensive identification and prioritization of all material risks throughout the Group, escalation of material risks at the right managerial level, effective risk dialogue among the management, and proper oversight of risk mitigation efforts.

核數師酬金

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本公司外聘核數師就審核服務及非審核服務之費用分別 為850,000港元及50,000港元。

核數師有關財務申報之責任載於第55頁至第60 頁「獨立核數師報告」一節。

風險管理及內部監控

責任

董事會整體負責確保維持穩健有效之風險管理 職能,同時管理層須因應情況採取行動以管理風 險。穩健有效之風險管理旨在識別及管理未能達 成業務目標之風險。

風險管理框架

我們採納由下而上與由上而下之綜合風險檢討 程序,以便全面識別及優先考慮本集團內所有重 大風險,將重大風險上報至適當的管理層面,讓 管理層之間就風險進行有效溝通,並妥善監督減 輕風險之措施。



Internal Controls Model and Continuous Improvement

Our internal controls model is based on that set down by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the U.S. Treadway Commission ("COSO") for internal controls and has five components, namely Control Environment; Risk Assessment; Control Activities; Information and Communication; and Monitoring. In developing our internal controls model based on the COSO principles, we have taken into consideration our organizational structure and the nature of our business activities.

We have put in place a phased improvement plan and progressed to future enhance our internal controls and risk management system. The initial phase of the plan focused on adopting a more risk-based (instead of process-based) approach to risk identification and assessment. This approach enriches our ability to analyze risks and respond to opportunities as we pursue our strategic objectives. Management reporting to the Audit Committee has also been enhanced, including the presentation of special reports on selected risk topics.

In the current place, we aim to further integrate internal controls and risk management into our business processes, including in annual budgeting and planning. Instead of treating the COSO framework as a framework-update exercise, a holistic approach has been adopted by us, taking into consideration the Company's circumstances, including its ongoing internal controls and risk management improvement plan as well as other strategic initiatives (e.g. corporate social responsibility strategy and reporting). All of these enhance our ultimate objective to make our risk management system a "live" one that is practiced on a day-to-day basis by operating units.

內部監控模式及持續改進

我們的內部監控模式乃依據反虛假財務報告委員會發起人委員會[Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the U.S. Treadway Commission](「COSO」)就內部監控所制定者, 包括監控環境、風險評估、監控活動、資訊及溝 通以及監察五個組成部分。在依據COSO原則制 定內部監控模式時,我們已考慮到旗下組織架構 及業務活動性質。

我們已制定分階段改進計劃以供日後一直推行, 從而提升旗下內部監控及風險管理制度。計劃初 段主力採納加強以風險為本(而非以程序為本) 之方式識別及評估風險,令我們在落實策略目標 之時更有能力分析風險及對商機作出回應。管理 層亦加強向審核委員會匯報,包括就選定風險議 題提呈特別報告。

在現階段,我們旨在進一步將內部監控及風險管 理融入業務程序,包括年度預算編製及規劃。我 們並非將COSO框架視為框架更新活動,而是考 慮到本公司情況(包括其持續內部監控及風險管 理改進計劃,以及企業社會責任策略及報告等其 他策略措施)而採納全面方針。此等措施全部均 有助落實最終目標,務求風險管理制度成為各營 運單位日常採用之「靈活」系統。







Review of Risk Management & Internal Controls Effectiveness

In respect of the Year, the Company has engaged independent professional advisors (the "Advisors") to carry out the internal audit functions by performing independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The Advisors have conducted an annual review (the "Annual Review") of and made recommendations to improve the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. Based on the Annual Review the Board considered the risk management and internal controls system effective and adequate. No significant areas of concern that may affect the financial, operational, compliance controls, and risk management functions of the Group has been identified. During the review, the Board also considered the resources, gualification and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting functions, and their training and budget were adequate.

HANDLING AND DISSEMINATION OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Company has put in place a policy on handling and dissemination of inside information which sets out the procedures and internal controls for handling and dissemination of inside information in a timely manner in such a way to avoid placing any person in a privileged dealing position. The inside information policy also provides guidelines to employees of the Group to ensure proper safeguards exists to prevent the Company from breaching the statutory and listing rule disclosure requirements. The Company has appropriate internal control and reporting systems to identify and assess potential inside information. Dissemination of inside information of the Company shall be conducted by publishing the relevant information on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, according to the requirements of the Listing Rules.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There is no change in the Company's constitutional documents during the Year.

檢討風險管理及內部監控之成效

就本年度而言,本公司已委聘獨立專業顧問(「顧 問」)進行內部審計職能,方法為獨立評估本集團 風險管理及內部監控制度是否充分及行之有效。 顧問已進行年度檢討(「年度檢討」)並提供推薦 意見,以改進本集團風險管理及內部監控制度之 成效。根據年度檢討,董事會認為風險管理及內 部監控制度行之有效及充分。概無識別到任何可 能影響本集團財務、營運、合規監控及風險管理 職能之重大事項。於檢討期間,董事會亦認為, 本集團會計及財務申報職能員工之資源、資歷及 經驗以及彼等之培訓及預算充裕。

處理及發佈內幕消息

本公司已訂立一項處理及發佈內幕消息的政策, 列出處理及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部監控,使 內幕消息得以適時處理及發佈,而不會導致任何 人士在證券交易上處於佔優的地位。內幕消息政 策亦為本集團僱員提供指引,確保設有適當的措 施,以預防本公司違反法定及上市規則的披露規 定。本公司設有適當的內部監控及匯報制度,識 別及評估潛在的內幕消息,會透過聯交所及本公司網 站刊登相關消息。

憲章文件

本公司之憲章文件於本年度並無變動。



BINGO GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED 比高集團控股有限公司
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting and to put forward proposal at general meetings

Pursuant to Article 58 of the articles of association of the Company, the Board may whenever it thinks fit call extraordinary general meetings. Any one or more shareholders of the Company holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Pursuant to Article 85 of the articles of association of the Company, no person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting unless a written notice (unless otherwise specifically stated and as further defined in the articles of association of the Company] (the "Notice") signed by a shareholder of the Company (other than the person to be proposed) duly gualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also a Notice signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office of the Company or at the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such Notice(s) are given, shall be at least seven (7) days and that (if the Notices are submitted after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election) the period for lodgment of such Notice(s) shall commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such general meeting.

股東權利

股東召開股東特別大會及於股東大會上提呈決 議案之程序

根據本公司之組織章程細則第58條,董事會可 於其認為適當之任何時候召開股東特別大會。任 何一名或以上於遞呈要求日期持有不少於附帶 於本公司股東大會表決權之本公司繳足股本十 分之一之本公司股東,有權隨時透過向董事會或 本公司之公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董事會召 開股東特別大會,以處理有關要求中指明之任何 事項;且有關大會,成處理有關要求中指明之任何 專項;且有關大會,就處理有關要求也指明之任何 內舉行。倘遞呈後二十一[21]日內,董事會未有 召開有關大會,前遞呈要求人士可自行以同樣方 式召開大會,而遞呈要求人士因董事會未有召開 大會而產生之所有合理開支須由本公司向遞呈 要求人士作出補償。

根據本公司之組織章程細則第85條,除非獲董 事推薦參選,否則除會上退任董事外,概無任何 人士合資格於任何股東大會上參選董事,除非由 正式合資格出席大會並於會上投票之本公司股 東(擬參選人士除外)簽署書面通知(本公司之 組織章程細則另行指定及進一步界定者除外) (「通知」),當中表明建議提名該人士參選之意 向,並附上獲提名人士簽署表示願意參選之通知, 送交本公司總辦事處或本公司香港股份過戶登 記分處,前提為發出該等通知之期限最少須為七 [7]日,(倘於寄發為有關選舉而指定舉行之股東 大會通告後送交通知)遞交有關通知之期限將於 寄發舉行有關選舉之股東大會有關通告翌日開 始,並不得遲於該股東大會舉行日期前七[7]日 結束。



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

Procedures for directing shareholders' enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may at any time send their enquires and concerns to the Company, for the attention of the Board of Directors, by email: info@bingogroup.com.hk, or mail to Unit 202, 2/F, Chinaweal Centre, 414-424 Jaffe Road, Hong Kong.

Shareholders may also make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company.

Investor Relations and Communication

The Board recognizes the importance of good communications with all shareholders. The Company believes that maintaining a high level of transparency is a key to enhance investor relations. The Company is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to its shareholders and investment public.

The Company updates its shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through its corporate publications including quarterly, interim and annual reports and public announcements. While the annual general meeting provides a valuable forum for direct communication between the Board and its shareholders, the Company also maintains its website to provide an alternative communication channel for the public and its shareholders. All corporate communication and Company's latest updates are available on the Company's website for public's information.

向董事會提交股東查詢之程序

股東可隨時透過電郵info@bingogroup.com.hk, 或郵寄至香港謝斐道414-424號中望商業中心 2樓202室,註明收件人為董事會,從而向本公 司作出查詢及提問。

股東亦可在本公司股東大會上向董事會作出查 詢。

投資者關係及溝通

董事會深明與所有股東進行良好溝通之重要性。 本公司相信維持高水平之透明度乃提升投資者 關係之關鍵。本公司致力保持向其股東及投資大 眾公開及適時披露公司資料之政策。

本公司透過其公司刊物,包括季度報告、中期報 告及年報以及公告,向其股東提供其最新業務發 展及財務表現之最新資料。同時,股東週年大會 為董事會與其股東直接溝通提供寶貴平台,本公 司亦維護其網站以向公眾人士及其股東提供另 一溝通渠道。所有公司通訊及本公司之最新資料 均可於本公司網站供公眾人士查閱。



The board (the "Board") of directors ("Directors") of Bingo Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") is pleased to present the Directors' Report in this annual report for the year ended 31 March 2022 (the "Year").

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year ended 31 March 2022 by operating segment is set out in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The Group's loss for the year ended 31 March 2022 and the state of affairs of the Group at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 61 to 64. The Directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil).

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and assets, liabilities and minority interests of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 184. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Fair review of the Company's business and likely future development

Please refer to "Directors' Business Review" on pages 6 to 15.

比高集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董 事」)會(「董事會」)欣然提呈截至二零二二年三 月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)之本年報內的董 事會報告。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本公司各附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註**36**。

有關本集團於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止 年度按經營分部進行之表現分析載於綜合財務 報表附註7。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度之 虧損、本集團於該日之事務狀況載於第61頁至 第64頁之綜合財務報表。本公司董事並不建議 派付截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度之末 期股息(二零二一年:無)。

財務資料摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度之已刊發業績及資產、 負債及少數股東權益之摘要載於第184頁。此摘 要並非經審核綜合財務報表一部分。

物業、廠房及設備

於本年度,有關本集團物業、廠房及設備之變動 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註17。

業務回顧

對本公司業務之公正回顧及可能未來發展

請參閱第6至15頁「董事業務回顧」。



Principal risks and uncertainties

Please refer to note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

Environmental protection

The Group has taken an initiative to promote employees' awareness of environmental protection and the need to achieve efficient utilisation of resources through launching paper recycling in offices.

Being an environmental friendly corporation, the Company will not print hard copy of the Environmental, Social and Governance Report. The environmental policies and performance of the Group are disclosed in a separate Environmental, Social and Governance Report to be published on the websites of the Company (www.bingogroup.com.hk) and the HKEXnews (www.hkexnews.hk).

Compliance with laws and regulations

In order to comply with the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance, the Group emphasises the importance of adhering to anticorruption practices for all employees. The Group regards honesty, integrity and fair play as its core values that must be upheld by all employees of the Group at all times. As such, the Board has instructed the Group's employees are not allowed to solicit or accept any advantage for themselves or others, from any person, company or organisations having business dealings with the Group.

Company's key relationships with its employees

The Group has provided employees with opportunities to advance their career. The Group's policy is to encourage employees to take part in professional examinations, seminars and training courses related to their roles and duties through leave grants. Competitive remuneration is also offered to employees and their performance is reviewed on an annual basis reflecting each employee's contributions to the Group.

主要風險及不確定因素

請參閱綜合財務報表附註6。

環境保護

本集團已採取措施,通過於辦公室回收紙張提高 僱員之環保意識及達致有效利用資源之需要。

本公司為一家環保企業,因此將不會印刷環境、 社會及管治報告之實體版本。本集團環境政策及 表現於環境、社會及管治報告獨立作出披露,該 報告將於本公司網站(www.bingogroup.com.hk) 及披露易網站(www.hkexnews.hk)刊登。

遵守法律及規則

為遵守《防止賄賂條例》,本集團高度重視全體 僱員謹守反貪污常規。本集團視誠實、正直及公 平公正為其核心價值,本集團所有僱員必須一直 維護。因此,董事會作出指示,本集團僱員不得 為自己或為他人向與本集團有業務來往之任何 人士、公司或機構要求或接受任何形式之利益。

本公司與僱員之主要關係

本集團為僱員提供職業發展機會。本集團之政策 為透過假期發放,鼓勵僱員參與與其職位及職責 相關的專業考試、講座及訓練課程。本集團亦給 予僱員具競爭力的薪酬,並每年根據僱員個別對 本集團的貢獻評估表現。



EQUITY-LINKED ARRANGEMENTS

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Company's operations. Details of the share option scheme arrangement can be referred to the "Share Option Scheme" section in this Directors' report and note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board established a dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy") in January 2019. The Company endeavours to maintain adequate working capital to develop and operate the business of the Group and to provide stable and sustainable return to the shareholders of the Company.

In considering the payment of dividends, the Board shall take into account, among other things, the actual and expected financial performance of the Group, the capital and debt level of the Group, the general market conditions, any working capital requirements, capital expenditure requirements and future development plans of the Group, the liquidity position of the Group, contractual restrictions on payment of dividends, the statutory and regulatory restrictions which the Group is subject to from time to time and any other relevant factors that the Board may consider relevant.

The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend distribution ratio. The Company's dividend distribution record in the past does not necessarily imply that the similar level of dividends may be declared or paid by the Company in the future.

The declaration and payment of dividend by the Company is subject to any restrictions under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and the Company's articles of association and any other applicable laws and regulations. The Board will continually review the Dividend Policy and reserve the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend, modify and/or cancel the Dividend Policy at any time.

與權益掛鈎之安排

本公司設有一項購股權計劃,旨在獎勵及回報合 資格參與者對本公司業務成功作出之貢獻。購股 權計劃安排之詳情可參閱本董事會報告「購股權 計劃」一節及綜合財務報表附註35。

股息政策

董事會於二零一九年一月制訂股息政策(「股息 政策」)。本公司致力維持充足的營運資金以發 展及經營本集團業務,並為本公司股東提供穩定 及可持續的回報。

於考慮支付股息時,董事會應考慮(其中包括) 本集團的實際及預期財務表現、本集團的資本及 債務水平、整體市況、任何營運資金需求、資本 開支要求及本集團的未來發展計劃、本集團的流 動資金狀況、支付股息的合約限制、本集團不時 受到的法定及監管限制以及董事會可能認為相 關的任何其他相關因素。

本公司並無任何預先釐定的股息分配比率。本公司過往的股息分配記錄並非一定意味著本公司 日後可能宣派或支付類似股息水平。

本公司宣派及派付股息須遵守開曼群島公司法 及本公司組織章程細則及任何其他適用法律法 規的任何限制。董事會將持續檢討股息政策並保 留其唯一及絕對酌情權隨時更新、修訂、修改 及/或取消股息政策。



The Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Group in respect of its future dividend and/ or in no way obligate the Group to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

SHARE CAPITAL, SHARE OPTIONS AND CONVERTIBLE BONDS

Details of movements in either the Company's convertible bonds, share capital and share options during the Year are set out in notes 30, 31 and 33 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2022.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the Year are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company or the laws of the Cayman Islands.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During in the Year, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for 1.78% of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 1.32%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted to 94.95% of the total cost of sales for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to 84.59%. 股息政策不會以任何方式構成本集團有關其未 來股息的具法律約束力承諾及/或不會以任何 方式令本公司有責任隨時或不時宣派股息。

股本、購股權及可換股債券

於本年度,有關本公司可換股債券、股本及購股 權之變動詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註30、 31及33。

購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本公司或 其任何附屬公司概無購買、贖回或出售本公司任 何上市證券。

儲備

本公司及本集團儲備於本年度之變動詳情分別 載於綜合財務報表附註32及綜合權益變動表。

優先購股權

本公司之組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無載 列有關優先購股權之條文。

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度內,本集團向五大客戶作出之銷售額佔 本年度之銷售總額1.78%,而當中向最大客戶 作出之銷售額佔1.32%。本集團向五大供應商 作出之購貨額佔本年度之銷售成本總額94.95%, 而當中向最大供應商作出之購貨額佔84.59%。



None of the Directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and/or five largest suppliers during the Year.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the Year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kellv Mr. LAU Man Kit Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice Mr. LIN Jason (retired by rotation on 28 September 2021) Mr. YIP Yiu Bong

Non-executive Director:

Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang Roberta (resigned on 30 June 2021)

Independent non-executive Directors:

Ms. CHOI Mei Ping Mr. ONG King Keung (resigned on 20 May 2022) Mr. TSUI Wing Tak

At the forthcoming annual general meeting, Mr. YIP Yiu Bong, Ms. CHOI Mei Ping and Mr. TSUI Wing Tak shall retire by rotation in accordance with Article 84(1). All of them being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election thereat.

The Company confirmed that it has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the year ended 31 March 2022 and it still considered them to be independent as the date of this report.

就董事所深知,於本年度內,擁有本公司已發行 股本逾5%之本公司董事或彼等任何聯繫人士或 任何股東概無於本集團五大客戶及/或五大供 應商中擁有任何實益權益。

董事

本年度內及截至本報告日期之本公司董事為:

執行董事:

周星馳先生 周文姬女士 劉文傑先生 周雅緻女十 LIN Jason 先生 (於二零二一年九月二十八日輪值退任) 葉耀邦先生

非執行董事:

陳鄒重珩女士 (於二零二一年六月三十日辭任)

獨立非執行董事:

蔡美平女士 王競強先生 (於二零二二年五月二十日辭任) 徐永得先生

於應屆股東週年大會上,葉耀邦先生、蔡美平女 士及徐永得先生須根據第84[1]條輪值告退。彼 等均符合資格並願意於大會上接受重選。

本公司確認已接獲各獨立非執行董事於截至二 零二二年三月三十一日止年度根據香港聯合交 易所有限公司GEM 證券上市規則(「GEM上市規 則」)第5.09條作出之年度獨立確認書,截至本 報告日期,本公司仍認為彼等屬獨立人士。



DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

During the Year, none of the Directors has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements, no other transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, any of the subsidiaries or its holding company was a party and in which any Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at the time during the Year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

INDEMNITY OF DIRECTORS

The Company has arranged for Directors' Liability Insurance Policy for indemnifying their liabilities arising from corporate activities. The coverage and the amount insured under such policy are reviewed annually by the Company.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2022, the following Directors of the Company had or were deemed to have interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")) (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such

董事之服務合約

於本年度,概無董事與本公司訂有本公司不得於 一年內不作賠償(法定賠償除外)而予以終止之 服務合約。

董事於交易、安排或合約中之權益

除綜合財務報表附註34所披露者外,董事並無 在由本公司、任何附屬公司或其控股公司訂立與 本集團業務有關且於本年底或本年度內仍然有 效之其他重大交易、安排或合約中直接或間接擁 有重大權益。

管理合約

於本年度概無訂立或存有任何與本公司業務整 體或任何重大部分之管理及行政有關之合約。

董事彌償

本公司已為各董事購買董事責任保險,以保障其 因企業行為而引起之法律責任,本公司均會為該 保險的保障範圍及保額進行年度檢討。

董事及最高行政人員於股份及相關股 份之權益及淡倉

於二零二二年三月三十一日,下列本公司董事於 本公司及其相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章 證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部) 之股份、相關股份或債券中,擁有或被視作擁有(i) 根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會 本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉(包括彼等根據證 券及期貨條例有關條文被當作或視作擁有之權 益或淡倉);或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第352條



provisions of the SFO); or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to herein; or (iii) which were, pursuant to rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by the Directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange:

須記入該條所述登記冊之權益或淡倉;或[iii]根 據GEM上市規則第5.46至5.67條有關董事進 行證券交易之規定須知會本公司及聯交所之權 益或淡倉:

(a) Long positions in the shares of the Company

(a) 於本公司股份之好倉

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Nature of interest 權益性質		Number of Shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate percentage of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司 已發行股本 概約百分比
Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi Beneficial owner 周星馳先生 實益擁有人			2,757,352	2.69%
	Held by trust <i>(Note 1)</i> 由信託持有 (<i>附註1)</i>		40,212,124	39.17%
Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly 周文姬女士	Held by trust <i>(Note 1)</i> 由信託持有 (<i>附註1)</i>		40,212,124	39.17%
Notes:		附註	:	
1. These shares are registered in the name of Beglobal Investments Limited and Golden Treasure Global Investment Limited. Beglobal Investments Limited and Golden Treasure Global Investment Limited are companies indirectly owned by a discretionary trust, the discretionary objects of which are Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi, Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly and their family.		1.	 該等股份乃以Beglobal Investment Limited及Golden Treasure Global Investment Limited之名義登記 Beglobal Investments Limited及Golde Treasure Global Investment Limited 為由酌情信託對象為周星馳先生、周文文 女士及其家屬之酌情信託間接擁有之公 司。 	
2. The total number of the issued sh Company as at 31 March 2022 was 10		2.	本公司於二零二二年 發行股本總數為 102 ,	



BINGO GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED 比高集團控股有限公司



DIRECTORS' REPORT
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(b) Long positions in the underlying shares of the Company

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 15 August 2012 which the Board may, at their discretion, offer employees, Directors, or any other persons who have contributed to the Group to take up share options to subscribe for shares subject to the terms and conditions stipulated in that share option scheme.

Details of the share options granted to the Directors under the Schemes and movements in such holdings during the Year were as follows:

(b) 於本公司相關股份之好倉

Number of

本公司已於二零一二年八月十五日採納一 項購股權計劃,據此,董事會可酌情向曾經 對本集團作出貢獻之僱員、董事或任何其 他人士提出要約,以根據購股權計劃訂明 之條款及條件接納可認購股份之購股權。

於本年度,該等計劃項下授予董事之購股 權及其持有量變動詳情如下:

Number of

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Option type (Note 1) 購股權類別 (附註1)	Number of options held as at 1 April 2021 (Note 2) 於二零二一年 四月一日 所持購股權數目 (附註2) '000	Number of options granted during the Year 於本年度授出 之購股權數目 '000	Number of options exercised during the Year 於本年度行使 之購股權數目 '000	options cancelled/ lapsed during the Year (Note 2) 於本年度 已註銷/失效 之購股權數目 (附註2) '000	Adjustment during the Year (Note 3) 於本年度調整 (附註3) '000	options held as at 31 March 2022 (<i>Note 2</i>) 於二零二二年 三月三十一日 所持購股權數目 (<i>附註2</i>) '000
				千份	千份	千份	
Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi 周星馳先生	2017A	8,500	-	-	(8,500)	-	-
Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly 周文姬女士	2016A 2018A 2021A	7,500 7,500 -	- - 8,540	- -	(7,500) - -	- (6,750) (7,686)	- 750 854
Mr. LAU Man Kit 劉文傑先生	2016A	750	-	-	(750)	-	-
Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice 周雅緻女士	2018A 2021A	7,500	- 8,540	-	-	(6,750) (7,686)	750 854
Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang Roberta <i>(Note 4)</i> 陳鄒重珩女士 <i>(附註4)</i>	2016A	750	-	-	(750)	-	-
Ms. CHOI Mei Ping 蔡美平女士	2016A	750	-	-	(750)	-	-
Total 總計		33,250	17,080	-	(18,250)	(28,872)	3,208

- Note 1: Details of specific categories of share options are disclosed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 2: Except for the share options with option type 2021A, the number of share options mentioned are adjusted to reflect the share consolidation effective on 2 May 2019.
- *Note 3:* On 16 March 2022, the share consolidation took effect on the basis that every ten then existing shares were consolidated into one consolidated share. The exercise price and the number of the outstanding share options granted under the Share Option Scheme were adjusted accordingly.

Note 4: Resigned on 30 June 2021.

In addition to 855,000* number of Shares granted to Mr. Chiau on 16 August 2019 pursuant to the Share Award Scheme (which is detailed below), 69,090,090 number of Shares which would be allotted and issued upon the exercise in full of the convertible bonds held by Mr. Chiau, as at 31 March 2022.

On 16 August 2019, based on the recommendation of the remuneration committee ("Remuneration Committee") of the Board, the Board (including all independent nonexecutive Directors) has resolved to grant 855,000* awarded Shares (the "Awarded Shares") to Mr. Chiau, under the share award scheme of the Company as recognition of Mr. Chiau's contribution to the Group and incentive for Mr. Chiau for his continuing future contribution to the Group. The Awarded Shares are to be purchased by the trustee of the Company's share award scheme on the Stock Exchange and to be held on trust for Mr. Chiau pursuant to the terms of the share award scheme of the Company. The Awarded Shares shall be vested to Mr. Chiau on the first anniversary of the date of grant, i.e. 16 August 2020, and subsequently delayed to 16 August 2024, which is mutually agreed between the Company and Mr. Chiau.

- *附註1*:有關特定類別購股權的詳情,已於綜 合財務報表附註35披露。
- 附註2: 除購股權類別2O21A之購股權外,所 述購股權數目經調整以反映二零一九 年五月二日生效的股份合併。
- 附註3: 於二零二二年三月十六日,股份合併 按每十股當時現有股份合併為一股合 併股份之基準生效。根據購股權計劃 已授出之尚未行使購股權之行使價及 數目已相應作出調整。

附註4: 於二零二一年六月三十日辭任。

除根據下文所詳述之股份獎勵計劃於二零 一九年八月十六日授予周先生之 855,000*股股份外,於二零二二年三月 三十一日,周先生所持可換股債券獲全面 行使時將予配發及發行69,090,090股股 份。

於二零一九年八月十六日,根據董事會薪 酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)的建議,董事會 (包括所有獨立非執行董事)決定根據本公 司的股份獎勵計劃向周先生授出 855,000*股獎勵股份(「獎勵股份」),以 表彰周先生對本集團的貢獻以及對周先生 未來對本集團的持續貢獻的獎勵。獎勵股份 份將由本公司股份獎勵計劃的受託人在聯 交所購買,並根據本公司股份獎勵計劃的 條款以信託形式代周先生持有。獎勵股份 應於授出日期的一週年(即二零二零年八 月十六日)歸屬於周先生,並隨後延遲至二 零二四年八月十六日,其為本公司與周先 生共同協定。



On 14 October 2019, based on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, the Board (including all independent non-executive Directors) has resolved to grant 424,000* Awarded Shares to Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly ("Ms. Kelly Chow"), under the share award scheme of the Company as recognition of Ms. Kelly Chow's contribution to the Group and incentive for Ms. Kelly Chow for her continuing future contribution to the Group. The Awarded Shares are to be purchased by the trustee of the Company's share award scheme on the Stock Exchange and to be held on trust for Ms. Kelly Chow pursuant to the terms of the share award scheme of the Company. All of 424,000* Awarded Shares shall be vested to Ms. Kelly Chow on the first anniversary of the date of grant, i.e. 14 October 2020, which was subsequently delayed to 16 August 2024 or the date on which the trustee has completed the acquisition of all 424,000* Awarded Shares on market, whichever is earlier.

On 14 October 2019, based on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, the Board (including all independent non-executive Directors) has resolved to grant 424,000* Awarded Shares to Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice ("Ms. Alice Chow"), under the share award scheme of the Company as recognition of Ms. Alice Chow's contribution to the Group and incentive for Ms. Alice Chow for her continuing future contribution to the Group. The Awarded Shares are to be purchased by the trustee of the Company's share award scheme on the Stock Exchange and to be held on trust for Ms. Alice Chow pursuant to the terms of the share award scheme of the Company. Half of the Awarded Shares (i.e. 212,000* awarded Shares) shall be vested to Ms. Alice Chow on the first anniversary of the date of grant, i.e. 14 October 2020, and the remaining half of the Awarded Shares (i.e. 212,000* awarded Shares) shall be vested to Ms. Alice Chow on the second anniversary of the date of grant, i.e. 14 October 2021. Both the Company and Ms. Alice Chow agreed that all these 424,000* Awarded Shares were delayed to be vested on 16 August 2024 or the date when the trustee has completed the acquisition of all the awarded shares on market, whichever is earlier.

於二零一九年十月十四日,根據薪酬委員會的建議,董事會(包括所有獨立非執行董事)決定根據本公司的股份獎勵計劃向周文姬女士(「周文姬女士」)授出424,000* 股獎勵股份,以表彰周文姬女士對本集團的貢獻以及對周文姬女士未來對本集團的持續貢獻的獎勵。獎勵股份將由本公司股份獎勵計劃的受託人在聯交所購買,並根據本公司股份獎勵計劃的條款以信託形式代周文姬女士持有。全部424,000*股獎勵股份應於授出日期的一週年(即二零二零年十月十四日)歸屬於周文姬女士,並隨後延遲至二零二四年八月十六日或受託人已完成收購市場上所有424,000*股獎勵股份當日(以較早者為準)。

於二零一九年十月十四日,根據薪酬委員 會的建議,董事會(包括所有獨立非執行董 事)決定根據本公司的股份獎勵計劃向周 雅緻女士(「周雅緻女士」)授出424,000* 股獎勵股份,以表彰周雅緻女士對本集團 的貢獻以及對周雅緻女士未來對本集團的 持續貢獻的獎勵。獎勵股份將由本公司股 份獎勵計劃的受託人在聯交所購買,並根 據本公司股份獎勵計劃的條款以信託形式 代周雅緻女士持有。一半獎勵股份(即 212.000*股獎勵股份)應於授出日期的 一週年(即二零二零年十月十四日)歸屬於 周雅緻女士,以及餘下一半獎勵股份(即 212,000*股獎勵股份)應於授出日期的 二週年(即二零二一年十月十四日)歸屬於 周雅緻女士。本公司及周雅緻女士均已同 意所有該等424,000*股獎勵股份延遲至 於二零二四年八月十六日或受託人已完成 收購市場上所有獎勵股份當日(以較早者 為準)歸屬。





* The number of Awarded Shares stated on pages 46 and 47 are adjusted based on the share consolidation of the Company's shares effective on 16 March 2022.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2022, none of the Directors nor the chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) which were, pursuant to rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by Directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

So far as known to the Directors, as at 31 March 2022, the following persons (not being Directors or chief executive of the Company) had, or was deemed to have, interests or short in the shares or underlying shares (i) which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO; or (ii) who is expected, directly and indirectly, interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group or (iii) which were required, pursuant to section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein:

* 第46頁及47頁所述之獎勵股份數目已根 據於二零二二年三月十六日生效之本公 司股份之股份合併作出調整。

除上文披露者外,於二零二二年三月 三十一日,本公司董事或最高行政人員概 無於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及 期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債 券中,擁有或被視作擁有[i]根據證券及期 貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司 及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉(包括彼等旗 擴有之權益或淡倉);或[ii]根據證券及期 貨條例第352條須記入該條所述登記而規則 第5.46至5.67條有關董事進行證券交易 之規定須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益 或淡倉。

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股 份之權益

就董事所知,於二零二二年三月三十一日,以下 人士(並非本公司董事或最高行政人員)於股份 或相關股份中擁有或被視作擁有(i)根據證券及 期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文須向本公司 及聯交所披露之權益或淡倉:或(ii)預期直接或 間接擁有任何類別股本(賦予其持有人權利於任 何情況下在本集團任何成員公司之股東大會上 投票)面值10%或以上權益之權益或淡倉;或(iii) 根據證券及期貨條例第336條須記錄於該條所 述登記冊之權益或淡倉:



Long position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

		Approximate percentage of
		issued share
	Number of	capital of
Name of Shareholders	Shares held	the Company
		佔本公司已發行
股東名稱	所持股份數目	股本概約百分比
	40,212,124	39.17%
Treasure Offshore Holdings Limited <i>(Note 1)</i> (附註1)	40,212,124	39.17%
Beglobal Investments Limited <i>(Note 2)</i> (附註2)	40,212,124	39.17%
Golden Treasure Global Investment Limited (Note 2) (附註2)	7,250,000	7.06%
KD Kin Hang 高健行	5,135,500	5.00%

Notes:

- Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi, Ms. CHOW Man Ki, Kelly and their family are the beneficiaries of a discretionary trust of which Sinostar FE (PTC) Limited ("Sinostar") is the trustee. Sinostar as the trustee of the discretionary trust is the sole shareholder of Treasure Offshore Holdings Limited, which is the sole shareholder of Beglobal Investments Limited.
- Beglobal Investments Limited directly holds 32,962,124 shares of the Company (representing approximately 32.11% of the issued share capital of the Company) and indirectly holds 7,250,000 shares of the Company (representing approximately 7.06% of the issued share capital of the Company) through Golden Treasure Global Investment Limited as at 31 March 2022.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to resolution passed on 15 August 2012, a share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted for the primary purpose of providing incentives to directors, eligible employees and participants who have contributed to the Group, and will expire on 14 August 2022. Under the Scheme, the board of directors of the Company may grant options to certain employees of the Group and any distributor, contractor, business partner, promoter, service provider, customer, supplier, consultants, agents and advisers or any person who, in the sole discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Group in recognition of their contribution to the Group. 附註:

- 周星馳先生、周文姬女士及其家屬為一個全權信 託之受益人,Sinostar FE [PTC] Limited (「Sinostar」)為該全權信託之受託人。作為該 全權信託之受託人,Sinostar為Treasure Offshore Holdings Limited之唯一股東,而該公 司為Beglobal Investments Limited之唯一股 東。
- 於二零二二年三月三十一日,Beglobal Investments Limited 直接持有32,962,124股 本公司股份(佔本公司已發行股本約 32.11%),並透過Golden Treasure Global Investment Limited 間接持有7,250,000股本 公司股份(佔本公司已發行股本約7.06%)。

購股權計劃

根據於二零一二年八月十五日通過之決議案,本 公司就鼓勵為本集團作出貢獻的董事、合資格僱 員及參與者採納購股權計劃(「該計劃」),有關 計劃將於二零二二年八月十四日屆滿。根據該計 劃,本公司董事會可向本集團若干僱員以及任何 分銷商、承包商、業務夥伴、發起人、服務供應 商、客戶、供應商、諮詢人、代理及顧問或董事會 全權酌情認為曾為或可能會為本集團作出貢獻 之任何人士授出購股權,以表揚彼等為本集團作 出貢獻。



As at the date of this annual report, the total number of shares of the Company available for issue under the Scheme is 8,553,846 shares, which represents approximately 8.3% of the number of total issued shares of the Company, and the Company had 5,662,000 share options outstanding under the Scheme, which represented approximately 5.5% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date. 於本年報日期,根據該計劃可供發行之本公司股份總數為8,553,846股,相當於本公司已發行股份總數約8.3%,本公司根據該計劃尚未行使之購股權為5,662,000份,相當於該日本公司已發行股份約5.5%。

As at 31 March 2022, the remaining life of the Scheme was approximately 5 months.

於二零二二年三月三十一日,該計劃餘下年期約 為五個月。

Option ty Category (Note		options	Number of options exercised during the Year	Number of options cancelled/ lapsed during the Year (Note 2) 於本年度	Adjustment during the Year (Note 3)	Number of options held as at 31 March 2022 (Note 2) 於二零二二年
	四月一日	於本年度授出	於本年度行使	已註銷/失效		三月三十一日
購股權類	引 所持購股權數目	之購股權數目	之購股權數目	之購股權數目	本年度調整	所持購股權數目
類別 (附註)	(附註2)	(附註4)		(附註2)	(附註3)	(附註2)
	000	000	000	000'	000	'000
	千份	千份	千份	千份	千份	千份
Directors 2016	A 9,750	_	_	(9,750)	-	_
董事 2017	A 8,500	-	_	(8,500)	-	_
2018	A 15,000	-	_	-	(13,500)	1,500
2021	Α –	17,080	-	_	(15,372)	1,708
Employees 2018	A 7,500	-	-	-	(6,750)	750
僱員						
Advisors 2018		-	-	(1,500)	-	-
顧問 2020	A 25,500	-	-	(17,000)	(7,650)	
2021	A –	8,540	-	-	(7,686)	854
	67,750	25,620	-	(36,750)	(50,958)	5,662



- Note 1: Details of specific categories of share options are disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.
- *Note 2:* Except for the share options with option type 2020A and 2021A, the number of share options mentioned are adjusted to reflect the share consolidation effective on 2 May 2019.
- *Note 3:* On 16 March 2022, the Share Consolidation took effect on the basis that every ten existing Shares be consolidated into one consolidated Share. The exercise price and the number of the outstanding share options granted under the Share Option Scheme and the number of shares granted under share award scheme were adjusted accordingly.
- *Note 4:* During the year ended 31 March 2022, in addition to 17,080,000 share options granted to Directors, 8,540,000 share options were granted to the company secretary of the Company.

THE SHARE AWARD SCHEME

On 14 August 2019 (the "Adoption Date"), the Board adopted the Share Award Scheme which has taken effect immediately. The following is a summary of the principal terms and conditions of the Share Award Scheme:

Purposes and objectives

The purposes of the Share Award Scheme are to recognise and reward the contribution of Eligible Persons, which are defined below, to the growth and development of the Group, to give incentives to Eligible Persons in order to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group.

Duration

Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board, the Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of ten (10) years commencing on the Adoption Date.

- 附註1:有關特定類別購股權之詳情於綜合財務報表 附註36披露。
- 附註2:除購股權類別2020A及2021A之購股權外, 所述購股權數目經調整以反映二零一九年五 月二日生效的股份合併。
- 附註3:於二零二二年三月十六日,股份合併按每十 股現有股份合併為一股合併股份之基準生效。 根據購股權計劃已授出之尚未行使購股權之 行使價及數目以及根據股份獎勵計劃授出之 股份數目已相應作出調整。
- 附註4:截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,除向 董事授出之17,080,000份購股權外,向本公 司之公司秘書授出8,540,000份購股權。

股份獎勵計劃

於二零一九年八月十四日(「採納日期」),董事 會採納股份獎勵計劃,並已即時生效。以下為股 份獎勵計劃之主要條款及條件之概要:

目的及目標

股份獎勵計劃之目的為表彰及獎勵合資格人士 (定義如下)對本集團增長和發展之貢獻,並給 予合資格人士獎勵以挽留彼等為本集團之持續 經營和發展而努力,亦為本集團進一步發展吸引 合適之人才。

有效期

股份獎勵計劃將由採納日期起生效,有效期為十 [10]年,惟董事會可決定提前終止。



Eligible Persons

Pursuant to the terms of the Share Award Scheme, the following classes of participants (each an "Eligible Person") are eligible for participation in the Share Award Scheme:

- (a) any employee (an "Employee") (whether full time or part time, including any executive director but excluding any non-executive director) of any member of the Group or any entity (the "Invested Entity") in which the Group holds any equity interest;
- (b) any non-executive directors (including independent nonexecutive directors) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity;
- (c) any adviser (professional or otherwise), consultant to or expert in any area of business or business development of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; and
- (d) any other group or classes of participants who have contributed or may contribute by way of joint venture, business alliance or other business arrangement to the development and growth of the Group,

and, for the purposes of the Share Award Scheme, the awarded shares may be made to any company wholly owned by one or more of the above participant(s). The eligibility of any of the Eligible Persons to an awarded shares shall be determined by the Board from time to time on the basis of the Board's opinion as to his contribution and/or future contribution to the development and growth of the Group.

The grant of the awarded shares to the Eligible Person(s) is through (i) the purchase of awarded shares by the Company's administration committee or the trustee of the Share Award Scheme; and/or (ii) issue of new awarded shares under the general mandate approved at the Company's general meetings.

Save as the awarded shares granted on 16 August 2019 and 14 October 2019, the Company has not granted any awarded shares.

合資格人士

根據股份獎勵計劃之條款,下列類別的參與者(各稱為「合資格人士」)符合資格參與股份獎勵計 劃:

- (a) 本集團任何成員公司或本集團於其中持有 任何股權的任何實體(「被投資實體」)的任 何僱員(「僱員」)(全職或兼職,包括任何 執行董事,惟不包括任何非執行董事);
- (b) 本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何被投資實 體的任何非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董 事);
- [c] 本集團任何成員公司或任何被投資實體於 任何方面的業務或業務發展的任何顧問(專 業或其他方面)、諮詢人或專家;及
- [d] 透過合營企業、企業聯盟或其他業務安排 的方式,已經或可能對本集團的發展及增 長有所貢獻的任何其他組別或類別的參與 者,

且就股份獎勵計劃而言,獎勵股份可能授予由上 述一名或多名參與者全資擁有的任何公司。任何 合資格人士獲得獎勵股份的資格,須經由董事會 不時按董事會就其對本集團發展及增長作出的 貢獻及/或未來貢獻的意見而釐定。

透過以下方式向合資格人士授予獎勵股份:[i]本 公司管理委員會或股份獎勵計劃的受託人購買 獎勵股份:及/或[ii]根據本公司股東大會批准的 一般授權發行新的獎勵股份。

除於二零一九年八月十六日及二零一九年十月 十四日授出獎勵股份之外,本公司並無授予任何 獎勵股份。



For further details of the Share Award Scheme, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 14 August 2019.

DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the sections headed "DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES" and "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" above, none of the Directors or employees of the Group or their associates were granted by the Company or its subsidiaries the rights to acquire shares or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate, or had exercised any such rights as at 31 March 2022.

REMUNERATION POLICY

The primary goal of our policy for remuneration packages is to ensure that the Directors are fairly rewarded and that they receive appropriate incentives to maintain high standards of performance.

Details of the Director's emoluments and the five highest paid individuals of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out in notes 12 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Saved as disclosed in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements, no other connected transactions (including continuing connected transactions) were entered into by the Group under the GEM Listing Rules.

COMPETING INTEREST

None of the Directors, the management shareholders or the substantial shareholders of the Company, or any of their respective associates, has engaged in any business that competes or may compete with the business of the Group or has any other conflict of interest with the Group. 有關股份獎勵計劃的更多詳情,請參閱本公司日 期為二零一九年八月十四日的公告。

董事及僱員購入股份或債券之權利

除上文標題為「董事及最高行政人員於股份及相 關股份之權益及淡倉」及「購股權計劃」兩節所 披露者外,概無董事或本集團之僱員或彼等之聯 繫人士獲本公司或其附屬公司授予權利購入本 公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券,或於二 零二二年三月三十一日已行使任何該等權利。

薪酬政策

本公司薪酬政策之主要目的為確保董事獲得公 平報酬及適當激勵,以保持高水準表現。

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度之董事薪 酬及本集團五位最高薪酬人士之詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註12及13。

關連交易

除綜合財務報表附註34所披露者外,本集團並 無訂立GEM上市規則項下之任何其他關連交易 (包括持續關連交易)。

競爭權益

本公司董事、管理層股東或主要股東或彼等各自 任何聯繫人士概無從事任何與本集團業務構成 或可能構成競爭或與本集團有任何其他利益衝 突之業務。



SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

AUDITORS

CHENG & CHENG LIMITED will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the reappointment of CHENG & CHENG LIMITED as auditors of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

CHOW Man Ki Kelly Executive Director

Hong Kong, 28 July 2022

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開取得之資料及據董事所知,於 本報告日期,本公司已發行股本總數最少25% 由公眾人士持有。

核數師

鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公司將退任並符合資格 且願意獲續聘。續聘鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公司 為本公司核數師之決議案將提呈應屆股東週年 大會。

代表董事會

執行董事 **周文姬**

香港,二零二二年七月二十八日





CHENG & CHENG LIMITED Certified Public Accountants 鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公司

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BINGO GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of BINGO GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED (the "Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 61 to 183, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. 致比高集團控股有限公司之全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(「我們」)已審核列載於第61至183頁 比高集團控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公 司(「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,此等綜合財務 報表包括於二零二二年三月三十一日之綜合財 務狀況報表與截至該日止年度之綜合損益表、綜 合其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金 流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計 政策概要。

我們認為,綜合財務報表按照香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)真實及公平地反映 貴 集團於二零二二年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀 況,及 貴集團截至該日止年度之綜合財務業績 及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例之披露 規定妥為編製。

意見之基礎

我們的審核工作乃按照香港會計師公會頒佈之 香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行。我們在 該等準則下之責任已在本報告「核數師就審核綜 合財務報表須承擔之責任」部分中作進一步闡述。 根據香港會計師公會頒佈之專業會計師道德守 則(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已根據守 則履行我們的其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所 獲得之審核憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見 提供基礎。



KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本 期綜合財務報表之審核最為重要之事項。該等事 項是在我們審核整體綜合財務報表及出具意見 時進行處理的。我們不會對該等事項提供單獨意 見。

Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit	關鍵審核事項	我們的審核 如何處理該事項
Revenue from cinema investment and management business Refer to Notes 7 and 8 to the consolidated financial statements		<i>來自影院投資及管理業務之 收益</i> 請參閲綜合財務報表 附註 7 及8	
We identified revenue recognised from cinema investment and management business as a key audit matter as revenue recognised is quantitatively significant to the	revenue from cinema investment	我們將來自影院投資及管理業 務確認之收益確定為關鍵審核 事項,乃因確認之收益對綜合 損益表具有重大量化意義。	我們與影院投資及管 理業務相關的程序包 括:
consolidated statement of profit or loss. Revenue from box office takings is	 Obtaining an understanding of the revenue process of the cinema investment and management business; 	售出票房收益在電影播放時確	一 了解影院投資及 管理業務之收益 過程:
recognised when the movie is broadcasted and revenue from advertising is recognised over the contract terms. The accounting policy for revenue recognition is disclosed in Note 4(k) to the		認,而廣告收益於合約期內確 認。收益確認的會計政策於綜 合財務報表附註4(k)中披露。 截至二零二二年三月三十一日 止年度, 貴集團確認來自影 院投資及管理業務的收益約為	一 了解確認來自影 院投資及管理業 務的收益之主要 控制;及
consolidated financial statements. The Group recognised revenue of approximately HK\$8,494,000 from cinema investment and management business for the year ended 31 March 2022, which is disclosed in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and Notes 7 and 8 to the consolidated financial statements.	 Performing test of details, on sample basis, by comparing the details and amounts shown on the underlying documentation, including the journal vouchers, box office takings report and contracts for advertising. 	8,494,000港元,已於綜合損益表以及綜合財務報表附註7 及8中披露。	 一通過比較相關文件(包括分錄憑證、票房收入報告及廣告合約) 上所示詳細資料及金額抽樣進行詳情測試。



OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年 報所載資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核 數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他資料, 我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式之鑒證 結論。

就我們審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任是閱 讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與 綜合財務報表或我們在審核過程中所了解之情 況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述之 情況。基於我們已執行之工作,如果我們認為其 他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,我們須報告有關事實。 在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及管理層就綜合財務報表須承擔 之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定 編製真實而中肯之綜合財務報表,並對其認為為 使綜合財務報表之編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤 而導致之重大錯誤陳述所需內部控制負責。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團 之持續經營能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經 營有關之事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎, 除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別 無其他實際替代方案。

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行彼等之職責 以監督 貴集團財務報告過程。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之 責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述取得合 理保證,並出具包括我們意見之核數師報告。本 報告乃根據我們協定之委聘條款僅向閣下(作為 整體)作出,而不作其他用途。我們不對任何其 他人士就本報告內容負上或承擔任何責任。合理 保證是高水平保證,但不能保證按照香港審計準 則進行之審核,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能 發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合 理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務 報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出經濟決定, 則有關錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審核過程中,我們運用 專業判斷,並保持專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- > 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風險,設計及執行審核程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當之審核憑證,作為我們意見之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險。
- 了解與審核相關之內部控制,以設計適當 審核程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控 制之有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策之恰當性及作出 會計估計和相關披露之合理性。



- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎之恰當性作 出結論。根據所獲取審核憑證,確定是否存 在與事項或情況有關之重大不確定性,從 而可能導致對 貴集團持續經營能力產生 重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定 性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者 注意綜合財務報表中之相關披露。假若有 關披露不足,則我們應當發表非無保留意 見。我們的結論是基於截至核數師報告日 止所取得審核憑證。然而,未來事項或情況 可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表之整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否 中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務資料 獲取充足、適當審核憑證,以便對綜合財務 報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審核之 方向、監督和執行。我們為審核意見承擔全 部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與管理層溝通計劃之審核範 圍、時間安排、重大審核發現等,包括我們在審 核中識別出內部控制之任何重大缺陷。

我們亦向管理層提交聲明, 説明我們已符合有關 獨立性之相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通有可 能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性之所有關係 和其他事項, 以及在適用情況下為消除威脅而採 取的行動或應用的防範措施。



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication. 從與管理層溝通之事項中,我們確定哪些事項對 審核本期綜合財務報表最為重要,因而構成關鍵 審核事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項, 除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極 端罕見之情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝 通某事項造成之負面後果超過產生之公眾利益, 我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

CHENG & CHENG LIMITED Certified Public Accountants Lam Chun Sing

Practising Certificate number P06998

Hong Kong, 28 July 2022

鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師* **林振陞** 執業證書編號P06998

香港,二零二二年七月二十八日



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 綜合損益表

			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Notes 附註		 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	7,8	8,494	6,860
Cost of sales and services	" 銷售及服務成本	,0	(3,643)	(2,994)
Gross profit	毛利		4,851	3,866
Other revenue and other net income	其他收益及其他淨收入	9	2,108	4,911
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及營銷開支		(98)	(217)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(15,797)	(22,245)
Impairment of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備減值			
equipment		17	(209)	(2,753)
Impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值	18	(1,714)	(2,814)
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	19	-	(950)
Share-based payments	以股份為基礎之付款	33,35	(1,219)	(2,013)
Share of result of an associate	分佔一間聯營公司業績		8	57
Finance costs	融資成本	10	(2,601)	(2,736)
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	11	(14,671)	(24,894)
Taxation	税項	14	-	(16)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損		(14,671)	(24,910)
Loss attributable to:	應佔虧損:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(13,779)	(21,488)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(892)	(3,422)
			(14,671)	(24,910)
			HK cents	HK cents
			港仙	港仙
				(Restated)
				(經重列)
Loss per share	每股虧損	16		
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄		(14.77)	(25.12)



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合其他全面收益表

Loss for the year本年度虧損Other comprehensive loss其他全面虧損Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:其後可重新分類至損益之Exchange differences on translating foreign operations換算海外業務產生之匯兑	差額	千港元 (24,910)
Item that may be reclassified其後可重新分類至損益之子subsequently to profit or loss:Exchange differences on translatingforeign operations	差額	
Item that may be reclassified其後可重新分類至損益之子subsequently to profit or loss:Exchange differences on translatingforeign operations	差額	
subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translating 換算海外業務產生之匯兑: foreign operations	差額	
foreign operations	額	
5		
— Exchange differences arising during — 本年度產生之匯兑差		
the year	(335)	(332)
— Release of translation reserve upon — 出售附屬公司時釋放	匯兑儲備	
disposal of subsidiaries	37	-
Other comprehensive loss for the year, 本年度其他全面虧損,扣務	余税項	
net of tax	(298)	(332)
Total comprehensive loss for the year 本年度全面虧損總額	(14,969)	(25,242)
Other comprehensive loss 應佔其他全面虧損:		
attributable to:		
Owners of the Company 本公司擁有人	(279)	(435)
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	(19)	103
	(298)	(332)
Tetal communications 库什乙壳能得纳额,		
Total comprehensive loss 應佔全面虧損總額:		
attributable to: Owners of the Company 本公司擁有人	(14,058)	(04,000)
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	(911)	(3,319)
	(14,969)	(25,242)



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況報表

At 31 March 2022 於二零二二年三月三十一日

			2022	2021
		A. (.	二零二二年	二零二一年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		1913 A.L.	17870	/E//L
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產	47	_	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	5	572
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	18	-	921
Goodwill	商譽	19		_
Interests in an associate	於一間聯營公司的權益	21	570	376
Loan to an associate	向一間聯營公司授出貸款	21	-	18,931
Rental deposits	租賃按金	24	547	355
			1,122	21,155
			.,	21,100
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	22	-	945
Trade receivables	應收賬款	23	67	206
Other receivables, deposits and	其他應收款項、按金及預付			
prepayments	款項	24	6,365	6,339
Loan to an associate	向一間聯營公司授出貸款	21	16,029	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	25	11,824	15,303
			34,285	22,793
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade payables	應付賬款	26	72	203
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	27	3,717	3,877
Contract liabilities	合約負債	28	8,266	7,994
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	29	2,689	3,070
			14,744	15,144
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		19,541	7,649
	and and the former of the large			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	資產總值減流動負債			
LIABILITIES			20,663	28,804



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況報表

At 31 March 2022 於二零二二年三月三十一日

			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Notes 附註	—————— HK\$'000 千港元	— マ — ↓ HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	30	11,501	13,752
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	29	4,515	6,231
			16,016	19,983
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		4,647	8,821
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	31	10,265	8,554
Reserves	儲備		(4,464)	845
			5,801	9,399
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	36	(1,154)	(578)
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		4,647	8,821

The consolidated financial statements on pages 61 to 183 刊載於第61頁至第183頁之綜合財務報表已於 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of 二零二二年七月二十八日獲董事會批准及授權 directors on 28 July 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

刊發,並由下列董事代表簽署:

CHOW Man Ki Kelly 周文姬 DIRECTOR 董事

CHOW Nga Chee Alice 周雅緻 DIRECTOR 董事



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

		Share capital	Share premium	Contributed surplus	Equity component of convertible bonds 可換股債券	Share options reserve	Share award scheme reserve 股份獎勵	Exchange reserve	Accumulated losses	Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司	Non- controlling interests	Total
		股本 HK\$`000 千港元	股份溢價 HK \$'000 千港元	實繳盈餘 HK \$'000 千港元	權益部分 HK\$ [:] 000 千港元	購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	計劃儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	匯兑儲備 HK\$ [:] 000 千港元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	擁有人應佔 HK\$ [°] 000 千港元	非控股權益 HK\$ [°] 000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2020 Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss	於二零二零年三月 三十一日 本年度虧損 本年度其他全面	8,554 -	420,810 -	132,237 -	25,548 -	10,266 -	1,720	(1,646) -	(561,958) (21,488)	35,531 (21,488)	(3,937) (3,422)	31,594 (24,910)
for the year — Exchange differences arising on translation	虧損 一換算產生之 匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	(435)	-	(435)	103	(332)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損 總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	(435)	(21,488)	(21,923)	(3,319)	(25,242)
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests Redemption of convertible	非控股權益注資 贖回可換股債券	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,183	1,183
bonds Issue of share options Lapse of share options	發行購股權 購股權失效	-	- -	-	(25,508) - -	- 893 (3,596)	- -	-	25,508 - 3,596	- 893 -	-	- 893 -
Lapse of share awards Acquisition of non-controlling interests in subsidiaries	股份獎勵失效 收購附屬公司的 非控股權益	-	-	-	-	-	(1,153) -	-	1,153 (6,222)	- (6,222)	- 5,495	- (727)
Equity settled share award arrangement	以權益結算之股份 獎勵安排	-	-	-	-	-	1,120	-	-	1,120	-	1,120
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月 三十一日	8,554	420,810	132,237	40	7,563	1,687	(2,081)	(559,411)	9,399	(578)	8,821
Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year	本年度虧損 本年度其他全面 虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,779)	(13,779)	(892)	(14,671)
 Exchange differences arising on translation Release of translation reserve upon disposal 	 一換算產生之 匯兑差額 一出售附屬公司 時釋放匯兑 	-	-	-	-	-	-	(316)	-	(316)	(19)	(335)
of subsidiaries	儲備	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	-	37	-	37
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損 總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	(279)	(13,779)	(14,058)	(911)	(14,969)
Issue of convertible bonds Extinguishment of convertible	發行可換股債券 清償可換股債券	-	-	-	8,743	-	-	-	-	8,743	-	8,743
bonds Issue of shares on placement Issue of share options	發行購股權	- 1,711 -	- 3,750 -	-	(40) - -	- - 1,168	-	-	(4,923) - -	(4,963) 5,461 1,168	-	(4,963) 5,461 1,168
Lapse of share options Disposal of subsidiary Equity settled share award arrangement	購股權失效 出售附屬公司 以權益結算之股份 獎勵安排	-	-	-	-	(5,943) - -	- - 51	-	5,943 - -	- - 51	- 335 -	- 335 51
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月 三十一日	10,265	424,560	132,237	8,743	2,788	1,738	(2,360)	(572,170)	5,801	(1,154)	4,647





CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		Т <i>л</i> ел	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	經營活動之現金流量		
ACTIVITIES			
Loss before taxation	税前虧損	(14,671)	(24,894)
Adjustments for:	經調整以下各項:		0 700
Finance costs recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之融資成本	2,601	2,736
Interest income	利息收入	(199)	(188)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	362	889
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	784	1,360
Impairment of property,	物業、廠房及設備之減值		
plant and equipment		209	2,753
Impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之減值	1,714	2,814
Impairment of goodwill	商譽之減值	-	950
Exchange gain on loan to an associate	向一間聯營公司授出貸款之		
	匯兑收益	(749)	(1,419)
Share of result of an associate	分佔一間聯營公司業績	(8)	(57)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	(822)	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益		
equipment		(16)	-
Property, plant and equipment written off	撇銷物業、廠房及設備	-	1,633
Share-based payments	以股份為基礎之付款	1,219	2,013
Rent concession	租金優惠	(123)	(814)
Gain on lease termination	租賃終止之收益	(170)	(218)
Operating cash flows before working capital	營運資金變動前之		
changes	經營現金流量	(9,869)	(12,442)
Increase in inventories	存貨增加	-	(945)
Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables	應收賬款減少/(增加)	114	(61)
(Increase)/Decrease in other receivables,	其他應收款項、按金及		
deposits and prepayments	預付款項(增加)/減少	(217)	228
Decrease in trade payables	應付賬款減少	(137)	(167)
Increase in deposits received, other payables	已收按金、其他應付款項及		
and accruals	應計款項增加	1,640	362
(Decrease) in contract liabilities	合約負債(減少)	(63)	(10)
CASH USED IN OPERATIONS	營運所用現金	(8,532)	(13,035)
Interest received	已收利息	17	39
Tax paid	已付税項	-	(16)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所用之現金淨額	(8,515)	(13,012)



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

		Note 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動之現金流量			
Net cash repayment from parties for procurement	各方還款之現金淨額		_	1,452
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備		(10)	_
Proceed from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之 所得款項		36	_
Cash outflow for disposal of subsidiaries Advance to an associate	出售附屬公司之現金流出 墊款予一間聯營公司		(262) (4)	- (1)
Repayment received for loan to an associate	就向一間聯營公司授出貸款 已收的還款		3,651	
NET CASH GENERATED FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得之 現金淨額		3,411	1,451
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動之現金流量			
Repayment of lease liabilities Interest paid	償還租賃負債 已付利息		(3,075) (350)	(2,591) (524)
Acquisition of interest in subsidiaries from non-controlling interests Capital contribution from non-controlling	向非控股權益收購於 附屬公司之權益 非控股權益注資		-	(6)
interests Net proceeds from Placing	配售之所得款項淨額		- 5,461	1,183
Transaction cost for issue convertible bonds	發行可換股債券之 交易成本		(722)	_
Redemption of convertible bonds	贖回可換股債券		-	(10,000)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM/ (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得/(所用)之 現金淨額		1,314	(11,938)
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值物減少		(3,790)	(23,499)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	年初之現金及現金等值物		15,303	38,146
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響		311	656
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	年終之現金及現金等值物	25	11,824	15,303



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

For the Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non- cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

融資活動所產生負債之對賬

下表詳列本集團融資活動所產生負債之變動(包括現金及非現金變動)。融資活動所產生負債乃 現金流量已經(或未來現金流量將會)於本集團 綜合現金流量表中分類為融資活動所產生現金 流量之負債。

		Convertible bonds 可換股債券 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Total liabilities from financing activities 融資活動所產生 負債總額 HK\$'000 干港元
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	21,540	18,114	39,654
Financing cash flow	融資現金流量	(10,000)	(3,115)	(13,115)
Interest expenses	利息開支	2,212	524	2,736
New leases entered	訂立新租賃	_	1,121	1,121
Rent concession	租金優惠	_	(814)	(814)
Lease termination	租賃終止	_	(7,601)	(7,601)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	_	1,072	1,072
At 31 March 2021 and	於二零二一年三月三十一日及			
1 April 2021	二零二一年四月一日	13,752	9,301	23,053
Financing cash flow	融資現金流量	_	(3,425)	(3,425)
Interest expenses	利息開支	2,251	350	2,601
Issue of convertible bonds	發行可換股債券	11,438	_	11,438
Extinguishment of convertible bonds		(15,940)	_	(15,940)
New leases entered	訂立新租賃	_	1,557	1,557
Rent concession	租金優惠	_	(123)	(123)
Lease termination	租賃終止	_	(170)	(170)
Disposal of subsidiary	出售附屬公司	_	(608)	(608)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	_	322	322
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	11,501	7,204	18,705



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Bingo Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("GEM").

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in Note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

The functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements. The functional currency of the subsidiaries of the Company mainly includes Renminbi ("RMB") and HK\$. All values are rounded to nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

The registered office of the Company is located at Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1–1111, Cayman Islands. The head office and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong is Unit 202, 2/F., Chinaweal Centre, 414–424 Jaffe Road, Hong Kong. The directors of the Company (the "Directors") consider the Company's ultimate holding company to be Beglobal Investments Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("CO").

1. 公司資料

比高集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)為於開 曼群島註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司,其股 份於香港聯合交易所有限公司GEM (「GEM」)上市。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本公司各 附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附 註36。

本公司之功能貨幣為港元(「港元」),亦為 綜合財務報表的呈列貨幣。本公司附屬公 司之功能貨幣主要包括人民幣(「人民幣」) 及港元。除另行説明外,所有數值湊整至最 接近千位。

本公司之註冊辦事處位於Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1–1111, Cayman Islands。本 公司之總辦事處兼香港主要營業地點為香 港謝斐道414–424號中望商業中心2樓 202室。本公司董事(「董事」)認為,本公 司之最終控股公司為於英屬處女群島 註冊成立之有限責任公司Beglobal Investments Limited。

2. 編製基準

該等綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之一切適用香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(此 乃包括所有適用之個別香港財務報告準則、 香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋之 統稱)及香港公認會計原則而編製。該等綜 合財務報表同時遵守香港聯合交易所有限 公司GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」) 之適用披露條文及香港公司條例(「公司條 例」)之披露規定。



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarised below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated. The adoption of new or amended HKFRSs and the impacts on the Group's consolidated financial statements, if any, are disclosed in Note 3.

3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs

a) Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 April 2021 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 9,	Interest Rate Benchmark
HKAS 39, HKFRS 7,	Reform — Phase 2
HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16	

Amendment to HKFRS 16 Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

The amendments to HKFRSs in the current year had no material impact on the Group's financial position and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

2. 編製基準(續)

編製此等綜合財務報表所使用之重大會計 政策概述如下。除另有指明外,此等政策已 於所呈列之各年度貫徹應用。採納新訂或 經修訂香港財務報告準則及對本集團綜合 財務報表的影響(如有)披露於附註**3**。

3. 應用經修訂香港財務報告準則

a) 於本年度強制生效的經修訂香港財 務報告準則

於本年度內,本集團已就編製綜合財 務報表首次應用由香港會計師公會 頒佈且已於二零二一年四月一日或 之後開始的年度期間強制生效之下 列經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則第 利率基準改革
9號、香港會計準則 一第2階段
第39號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香
港財務報告準則第
4號及香港財務報告準則第
4號及香港財務報告準則第
5本)
香港財務報告準則第
於二零二一年六月三十
16號(修訂本)
日後的新冠病毒疫情
相關和金減免

於本年度應用經修訂香港財務報告 準則對本集團於本年度及過往年度 的財務狀況及表現及/或該等綜合財 務報表所載的披露並無重大影響。



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs (Continued)

b) New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ³
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) ¹
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies ¹
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates ¹
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction ¹
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment — Proceeds before Intended Use ²
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract ²
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 ²

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all these new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

3. 應用經修訂香港財務報告準則 (續)

b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但 尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則:

香港財務報告準則	保險合約及相關修訂1
第17號	
香港財務報告準則	對概念框架的提述 ²
第3號(修訂本)	
香港財務報告準則第10 號及香港會計準則第	投資者及其聯營公司或合 營企業之間之資產出售
號及省准曾訂华則弟 28號(修訂本)	宮正未之间之貝厓山告 或注資 ³
香港會計準則第1號	將負債分類為流動或非流
(修訂本)	動及香港詮釋第5號相
	關修訂 (二零二零年)1
香港會計準則第1號及香	會計政策披露1
港財務報告準則實務	H BT PARTS WAR
報告第2號(修訂本)	
香港會計準則第8號 (修訂本)	會計估計之定義1
(11日本) 香港會計準則第 12 號	單一交易所產生與資產及
(修訂本)	負債相關之遞延税項1
香港會計準則第16號	物業、廠房及設備 — 作擬
(修訂本)	定用途前的所得款項²
香港會計準則第37號	虧損性合約 — 履行合約
(修訂本)	的成本 ²
香港財務報告準則	二零一八年至二零二零年
(修訂本)	香港財務報告準則的年 度改進 ²
	IX 以 LK
	一月一日或之後開始
的年度期間生 2	效。 三月一日或之後開始
 が一令—— 的年度期間生 	

3 於待定日期或之後開始的年度期間 生效。

本公司董事預期應用所有該等新訂 及經修訂香港財務報告準則於可見 未來將不會對綜合財務報表產生重 大影響。


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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

4. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本法編製,詳 情如下文所載會計政策所闡釋。

歷史成本一般基於為交換貨品及服務而給 予之代價之公平值。

公平值乃指市場參與者之間在計量日進行 的有序交易中出售一項資產所收取的價格 或轉移一項負債所支付的價格,無論該價 格乃直接觀察到的結果,或是採用其他估 值技術作出的估計。在對資產或負債的公 平值作出估計時,本集團考慮了市場參與 者在計量日為該資產或負債進行定價時將 會考慮的該等特徵·於此等綜合財務報表 中計量及/或披露的公平值均按此基準予 以釐定,惟《香港財務報告準則第2號以股 份為基礎的付款》範圍內的以股份為基礎 的支付交易、根據《香港財務報告準則第 16號租賃》入賬的租賃交易及與公平值類 似旧並非公平值的計量(例如《香港會計 準則第2號存貨》中的可變現淨值或《香港 會計準則第36號資產減值》中的使用價值) 除外。

非金融資產之公平值計量乃考慮市場參與 者通過使用其資產之最高及最佳用途或將 其出售予將使用其最高及最佳用途之另一 市場參與者,從而可產生經濟利益之能力。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量根據公 平值計量的輸入數據可觀察程度及公平值 計量的輸入數據對其整體的重要性分類為 第一級、第二級或第三級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據乃實體於計量日可 取得的相同資產或負債於活躍市場 之報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據乃就資產或負債直 接或間接地可觀察之輸入數據(第一 級內包括的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據乃資產或負債的不 可觀察輸入數據。

a) 綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司以及本公 司及其附屬公司控制之實體之財務 報表。倘符合以下條件,即本公司擁 有控制權:

- 可對投資對象行使權力;
- 因參與投資對象之業務而承擔 可變回報的風險或享有可變回 報的權利;及
- 可行使其權力影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制 因素中,有一項或以上出現變化,則 本集團會重新評估其是否控制投資 對象。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

a) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the noncontrolling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

a) 綜合賬目基準(續)

本集團獲得附屬公司控制權時便開 始將附屬公司綜合入賬,於失去控制 權時則終止綜合入賬。具體而言,年 內所收購或出售附屬公司之收入及 開支於本集團獲得控制權日期計入 綜合損益表,直至本集團不再控制該 附屬公司為止。

損益及各項其他全面收益歸屬於本 公司擁有人及非控股權益。附屬公司 之全面收入總額歸屬於本公司擁有 人及非控股權益,即使此舉導致非控 股權益出現虧絀結餘。

附屬公司之財務報表於有需要時作 出調整,以使其會計政策與本集團會 計政策一致。

本集團成員公司間交易相關的所有 集團內部資產及負債、股權、收入、 開支及現金流量於綜合入賬時悉數 對銷。

於附屬公司的非控股權益與本集團 的權益分開呈列,有關權益代表賦予 其持有人權利於清盤時按比例分佔 相關附屬公司的資產淨值的現有所 有權權益。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

a) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's relevant components of equity and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries, including re-attribution of relevant reserves between the Group and the noncontrolling interests according to the Group's and the non-controlling interests' proportionate interests.

Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted, and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary and noncontrolling interests (if any) are derecognised. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary attributable to the owners of the Company. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("HKFRS 9") or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

a) 綜合賬目基準(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權權益 變動

本集團於附屬公司之權益之變動(而 並無導致本集團失去對附屬公司之 控制權)當作股本交易入賬。本集團 權益之相關部份及非控股權益之賬 面值均予以調整,以反映於附屬公司 之相對權益之變動,包括按照本集團 與非控股權益之權益比例,將本集團 與非控股權益之間之相關儲備重新 歸屬。

非控股權益之調整額與所支付或收 取代價公平值之間之任何差額,均直 接於權益中確認,並歸屬於本公司擁 有人。

倘若本集團失去對附屬公司之控制 權,該附屬公司之資產及負債及非控 股權益(如有)終止確認,則收益或虧 損於損益內確認且以下列兩者間之 差額計算:fil所收代價之公平值與任 何保留權益之公平值總和及[ii]資產 (包括商譽)之賬面值與本公司股東 應佔附屬公司之負債。過往在有關附 屬公司之其他全面收益確認之所有 金額均入賬,猶如本集團已直接出售 附屬公司之相關資產或負債(即按適 用之香港財務報告準則具體規定/准 許重新分類至損益或轉撥至其他權 益類別)。在原附屬公司所保留任何 投資於失去控制權之日之公平值根 據《香港財務報告準則第**9**號金融工 具》(「香港財務報告準則第9號」)被 視為初步確認公平值供後續會計處 理,或(如適用)於聯營公司或合營企 業投資之初步確認成本。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b) Investment in an associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of an associate are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of an associate used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise in the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. Changes in net assets of the associate other than profit or loss and other comprehensive income are not accounted for unless such changes resulted in changes in ownership interest held by the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate, the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

b) 於聯營公司之投資

聯營公司指本集團可對其產生重大 影響的實體。重大影響指參與被投資 公司的財務及營運決策的權力,而非 控制或聯合控制有關政策的權力。

聯營公司的業績、資產及負債採用權 益會計法納入該等綜合財務報表。就 權益會計目的而言所用的聯營公司 財務報表,乃採用本集團就類似交易 及類似狀況下的事件所用者一致的 會計政策編製。根據權益法,於聯營 公司或合營企業的投資按成本於綜 合財務狀況報表中初步確認,其後經 調整以確認本集團所佔聯營公司損 益及其他全面收益。聯營公司的淨資 產變動(計入損益及其他全面收入者 除外)不予入賬,除非該等變動引致 本集團的所有權權益發生變動。倘本 集團應佔聯營公司的虧損高於本集 團於該聯營公司的權益,則本集團會 終止確認其應佔的進一步虧損。額外 虧損僅以本集團已產生法律或推定 責任或代表聯營公司作出付款為限。

自投資對象成為一家聯營公司當日 起,對聯營公司的投資採用權益法入 賬。於收購一間聯營公司的投資時, 投資成本高於本集團應佔投資對象 確認的可識別資產及負債公平淨值 的數額確認為商譽。有關商譽計入投 資的賬面值。倘本集團所佔可識別資 產及負債的公平淨值高於投資成本 之數額,則會於重新評估後於收購投 資期間即時於損益內確認。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b) Investment in an associate (Continued)

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of the relevant interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

b] 於聯營公司之投資(續)

本集團評估是否有客觀證據顯示於 聯營公司權益會減值。當有客觀證據 存在,該項投資之全部賬面值(包括 商譽)會根據香港會計準則第**36**號以 單一資產的方式進行減值測試,方法 是比較其可收回金額(即使用價值號以 公平值減出售成本之較高者)與賬面 值。任何已確認之減值虧損不會分配 產(包括商譽)。該減值虧損之任何 撥回乃於該項投資之可收回金額其 後增加之情況下根據香港會計準則 第**36**號確認。

倘本集團不再對聯營公司擁有重大 影響,會入賬列為出售於該投資對象 之全部權益,所產生之盈虧於損益內 確認。當本集團保留於前聯營公司之 權益,目保留權益為香港財務報告準 則第9號範圍內的金融資產時,則本 集團於當日按公平值計量保留權益, 而公平值則被視為初步確認時之公 平值。聯營公司之賬面值與任何保留 權益之公平值及出售聯營公司相關 權益的任何所得款項之間的差額,乃 計入釐定出售聯營公司之損益。此外, 倘該聯營公司直接出售相關資產或 負債,則本集團可能需要按相同基準 計入有關該聯營公司的以往於其他 全面收益確認的所有金額。因此,倘 聯營公司以往於其他全面收益確認 之損益重新分類為出售相關資產或 負債之損益,則本集團於出售/部份 出售相關聯營公司時將盈虧由權益 重新分類至損益賬(列作重新分類調 整)。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b) Investment in an associate (Continued)

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

c) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, which represent the lowest level at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and not larger than an operating segment.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

b) 於聯營公司之投資(續)

當本集團削減於聯營公司之所有權 權益但繼續使用權益法時,倘以往於 其他全面收益確認有關削減所有權 權益之盈虧部分將於出售相關資產 或負債時重新分類至損益,則本集團 會將該盈虧重新分類至損益。

倘一集團實體與本集團之聯營公司 交易,與該聯營公司交易所產生之損 益只會在有關聯營公司之權益與本 集團無關的情況下,才會在本集團之 綜合財務報表確認。

c) 商譽

收購業務所產生商譽按成本值減累 計減值虧損(如有)列賬,於綜合財務 狀況報表內分開呈列。

就減值測試而言,商譽會被分配予預 期會受惠於合併協同效益之本集團 各現金產生單位或現金產生單位組 別,而該單位或單位組別指就內部管 理目的監控商譽的最低水平且不超 過經營分類。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c) Goodwill (Continued)

A cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit (or group of cashgenerating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or group of cash-generating units).

Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit or any of the cash-generating unit within the group of cash-generating units, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of an operation within the cashgenerating unit (or a cash-generating unit within a group of cash-generating units), the amount of goodwill disposed of is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation (or the cashgenerating unit) disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit (or the group of cash-generating units) retained.

The Group's policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of an associate is described in note 4(b).

4. 主要會計政策(續)

c) 商譽(續)

獲分配商譽的現金產生單位(或現金 產生單位組別)會每年或倘有跡象顯 示有關單位可能出現減值時更頻繁 地進行減值測試。就於報告期間收購 產生的商譽而言,獲分配商譽的現金 產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)於 該報告期末之前進行減值測試。當可 收回金額少於賬面值時,減值虧損會 首先分配,以減少任何商譽的賬面值, 繼而以該單位(或現金產生單位組別) 內各資產的賬面值為基準按比例分 配至其他資產。

商譽的任何減值虧損直接於損益確 認。就商譽確認的減值虧損於其後期 間並不撥回。

於出售有關現金產生單位或現金產 生單位組別內任何現金產生單位時, 商譽的應佔金額會計入釐定出售損 益金額。當本集團出售現金產生單位 (或現金產生單位組別內現金產生單位)內的業務時,所出售商譽金額按 所出售業務(或現金產生單位)與所 保留現金產生單位(或現金產生單位 組別)部分的相對價值計量。

本集團有關因收購聯營公司而產生 商譽的政策載於附註4[b]。





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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvement	Over the shorter of the			
	lease terms and 20%			
Plant and machinery	10%			
Computers	25–33%			
Furniture, fixtures and	20%			
equipment				
Motor vehicles	25%			

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

e) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.



4. 主要會計政策(續)

d) 物業 · 廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃為生產或提供商 品或服務或為管理目的持有的有形 資產,按成本減其後累計折舊及其後 累計減值虧損(如有)於綜合財務狀 況報表列賬。

折舊採用直線法確認,以於估計可使 用年期撇銷資產成本至剩餘價值。估 計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法 於各報告期末審閱,並按預期基準入 賬任何估計變動的影響。

物業、廠房及設備以直線法按以下年 率折舊:

租賃物業裝修	按租期及 20%
	(以較短者為準)
廠房及機器	10%
電腦	25–33%
傢俬、裝置及	20%
設備	
汽車	25%

廠房及設備項目於出售時或預期持 續使用該資產不再產生未來經濟利 益時終止確認。因出售或報廢廠房及 設備項目產生的任何收益或虧損按 出售所得款項與資產賬面值的差額 釐定並於損益中確認。

e) 存貨

存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值的較低 者列賬。存貨成本乃使用加權平均法 計算。可變現淨值為存貨估計售價減 去竣工所有估計成本及作出銷售所 需的成本。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")] are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

f) 金融工具

金融資產及金融負債乃於集團實體 成為工具之合約條文之訂約方時於 綜合財務狀況報表確認。所有以常規 方式購入或出售之金融資產均按交 易日基準確認及不再確認。以常規方 式購入或出售指於市場規定或慣例 所訂期限內交付資產之金融資產購 入或出售。

金融資產及金融負債初步以公平值 計量。與收購或發行金融資產及金融 負債(透過損益按公平值列賬(「透過 損益按公平值列賬」)之金融資產及 金融負債除外)直接相關之交易成本, 會於初步確認時計入金融資產或本, 會負債(如適用)內或自當中扣除。與 收購透過損益按公平值列賬之金融 資產或金融負債直接相關之交易成 本,會即時在損益內確認。

實際利率法是一種計算金融資產或 金融負債之經攤銷成本以及將利息 收入及利息開支分配予有關期間之 方法。實際利率是確切折現金融資產 或金融負債之預期年期或(倘適用) 更短期間估計未來現金收入及付款 (包括所有構成實際利率整體部分支 付或收到之費用及積分、交易成本及 其他溢價或折價)至首次確認時賬面 淨值之利率。



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4.	SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)		
	f)	Financial instruments (Continued)	

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired. For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer creditimpaired.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- f) 金融工具(續)
 - 金融資產

金融資產分類及後續計量

符合下列條件之金融資產其後按攤 銷成本計量:

- 於一個商業模式內持有金融資 產,而其持有金融資產之目的 為收取合約現金流量;及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生之現 金流量僅為支付本金及未償還 本金之利息。

攤銷成本及利息收入



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including trade receivables, other receivables and deposits, loan to an associate and bank balances) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

4. 主要會計政策(續) f) 金融工具(續) 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值

本集團根據預期信貸虧損(「預期信 貸虧損」)模型對根據香港財務報告 準則第9號為須予減值評估之金融資 產(包括應收賬款、其他應收款項及 按金、向一間聯營公司授出貸款以及 銀行結餘)進行減值評估。預期信貸 虧損金額於各報告日期更新,以反映 自初始確認後信貸風險的變化。

全期預期信貸虧損指於相關工具的 預計可使用年期內發生所有可能違 約事件而導致的預期信貸虧損。與其 相反,12個月的預期信貸虧損(「12 個月預期信貸虧損」)則指預期付可能 於報告日期後12個月內發生違約事 件而導致的部分全期預期信貸虧損。 評估乃根據本集團的過往信貸虧損 經驗進行,並根據債務人特定因素、 整體經濟狀況以及就報告日期的當 前狀況及未來狀況預測的評估進行 調整。

本集團一直就應收賬款確認全期預 期信貸虧損。

就所有其他工具而言,本集團按相等 於12個月預期信貸虧損的金額計量 虧損撥備,除非自初步確認後信貸風 險出現大幅增加,於此情況下,本集 團確認全期預期信貸虧損。評估是否 應確認全期預期信貸虧損乃根據自 初步確認以來所發生違約的可能性 或風險是否大幅增加而定。





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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- f) 金融工具(續)
 - 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(i) 信貸風險大幅增加

在評估自初始確認以來信貸風 險是否有大幅增加時,本集團 將截至報告日期金融工具發生 的違約風險與截至初步確認日 期金融工具發生違約風險相比 較。在作出該評估時,本集團考 慮合理及可靠的量性及質需的 資料,包括過往經驗及無需付 出不必要成本或努力即可取得 的前瞻性資料。

尤其是,在評估信貸風險是否 大幅上升時,本集團會考慮以 下資料:

- 金融工具外部(如有)或 內部信貸評級之實際或預 期顯著惡化;
- 信貸風險外部市場指標顯 著惡化,例如信貸利差大 幅上升、債務人信貸違約 掉期價格大幅上升;
- 預期業務、財務或經濟狀 況現有或預測不利變動將 導致債務人履行其債務責 任之能力遭到大幅削弱;
- 債務人經營業績實際或預 期顯著惡化;



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

- (i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)
 - an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- f) 金融工具(續)
 - 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

- (i) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)
 - 債務人之監管、經濟或技 術環境實際或預期出現重 大不利變動,導致債務人 履行其債務責任之能力遭 到大幅削弱。

不論上述評估結果如何,倘合約付款逾期超過三十日,則本 集團會假定信貸風險自初步確認以來已大幅上升,除非本集 團另有合理且可證實資料可資證明,則作別論。

本集團定期監察用以識別信貸 風險曾否大幅上升之標準之成 效,並於適當時候作出修訂,從 而確保有關標準能夠於款項逾 期前識別信貸風險大幅上升。

(ii) 違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本 集團認為當內部形成或從外部 來源所得資料顯示,債務人不 大可能向其債權人(包括本集 團)支付全數款項(並無考慮到 本集團所持之任何抵押品)時, 則出現違約事件。

不論上文所述,本集團認為,金 融資產逾期超過90日即屬違約,除非本集團有合理且可支 持的資料證明更滯後的違約標 準較為合適則作別論。



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4.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)		4.	主	要會會	計政		
f)	Fina	ancia	l instruments (Continued)		f)	金融	王具
	Fina	Financial assets (Continued)				金融	資產(
	Imp	Impairment of financial assets (Continued)				金融	資產》
	(iiii)	Cre	dit-impaired financial assets			(iii)	信貸
		mor imp that that	nancial asset is credit-impaired when one or re events of default that have a detrimental act on the estimated future cash flows of t financial asset have occurred. Evidence t a financial asset is credit-impaired includes ervable data about the following events: significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower; a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;				當未違資產及 [a] [b]
		(c)	the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;				(c)

- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

策(續)

- (續)
 - (續)

咸值(續)

減值之金融資產

項或多項對金融資產估計 現金流量造成不利影響之 事件發生時,即代表金融 已出現信貸減值。金融資 現信貸減值之證據包括涉 下事件之可觀察數據:

- 發行人或借款人出現重大 財政困難;
- 違反合約,如違約或逾期 事件;
- 向借款人作出貸款之貸款 人出於與借款人財政困難 有關之經濟或合約考慮, 給予借款人在其他情況下 不會作出之讓步;
- [d] 借款人有可能破產或進行 其他財務重組;或
- [e] 金融資產之活躍市場因財 務困難而消失。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over one year past due, whichever occurs sooner.

Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. The Group uses a practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade receivables using a provision matrix taking into consideration historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

- 4. 主要會計政策(續)
 - f) 金融工具(續)
 - 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(iv) 撤銷政策

當有資料顯示對手方陷入嚴重 財政困難,且並無實際收回款 項的可能時(例如對手方被清 盤或進入破產程序,或就應收 賬款而言,當金額已逾期超過 一年(以較早發生者為準)), 本集團會撇銷金融資產。

經考慮法律意見後,在適當情 況下,已撇銷之金融資產可能 仍可於本集團收回程序下實施 強制執行。撤銷構成終止確認 事件。其後收回之任何款項於 損益確認。

(v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損

預期信貸虧損之計量乃違約概 率、違約虧損率(即違約造成虧 損之幅度)及違約虧損率2函數。 違約概率及違約虧損率乃國驗之函數。 違約概率及違約虧損之困數據及前瞻性資料進計。 預期信貸虧損之估計,其不應 定。本集團經考慮過定陣販 一行權宜貸虧損,並按無不 的出 不必要成本或努力即可 前瞻性資料進行調整。



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4.

f) Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL for certain trade receivables are considered on a collective basis taking into consideration past due information and relevant credit information such as forward looking macroeconomic information.

For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- f) 金融工具(續)
 - 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

[v] 計量及確認預期信貸虧損(續)

一般而言,預期信貸虧損按根 據合約應付本集團之所有合約 現金流量與本集團預期將收取 之現金流量之間之差額估計, 並按初步確認時釐定之實際利 率貼現。

若干應收賬款的全期預期信貸 虧損乃經計及逾期資料及前瞻 性宏觀經濟資料等相關信貸資 料,按集體基準予以考慮。

就集體評估而言,本集團在分 組時計及以下特徵:

- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規模及行業;及
- 外部信貸評級(如有)。

管理層定期檢討分組工作,以 確保各組別組成部分繼續存在 類似信貸風險特徵。

利息收入按金融資產的賬面總 值計算,除非金融資產出現信 貸減值,於此情況下,利息收入 按金融資產的攤銷成本計算。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

Derecognition of financial asset

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

- 4. 主要會計政策(續)
 - f) 金融工具(續)
 - 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損(續)

除透過虧損撥備賬確認相應調 整的應收賬款外,本集團就所 有金融工具通過調整其賬面值 於損益內確認減值損益。

終止確認金融資產

僅當資產現金流量的合約權利屆滿 時,或轉讓該金融資產及轉移其所有 權的絕大部分風險及回報予另一實 體時,本集團方會終止確認金融資產。 若本集團防無轉移亦無保留已轉報, 並於該有權的絕大部分風險及回報, 並就資產之保留權益及可能須至 付之 關負債。若本集團仍保留已轉 讓資產的所有權的絕大部分風 險及回報,則將繼續確認該金融資產, 並就已收所得款項確認有抵押借貸。

當終止確認按攤銷成本計量的金融 資產時,該資產賬面值與所收及應收 代價之差額於損益中確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including trade payables, other payables and accruals, debt component of convertible bonds and lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

f) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本

分類為債務或股本

債務及股本工具根據合約安排的性 質及金融負債及股本工具的定義分 類列作金融負債或股本。

股本工具

股本工具乃證明一間實體的資產經 扣除其所有負債後的剩餘權益的合 約。本公司發行的股本工具按已收所 得款項經扣除直接發行成本後確認。

購回本公司自身股本工具直接於權 益確認及扣除。概無就購買、出售、 發行或註銷本公司自身股本工具而 於損益中確認收益或虧損。

金融負債

所有金融負債其後採用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計入損益計量。

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債

金融負債(包括應付賬款、其他應付 款項及應計款項、可換股債券的債務 部分及租賃負債)於其後採用實際利 率法按攤銷成本計量。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

Convertible bonds

The component parts of the convertible bonds are classified separately as financial liability and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. A conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component (including any embedded non-equity derivatives features) is estimated by measuring the fair value of similar liability that does not have an associated equity component.

A conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to share premium. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible bond, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

f) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本(續)

可換股債券

可換股債券的組成部分乃根據合約 安排之內容以及金融負債及股本工 具之定義,個別分類為金融負債及權 益。倘兑換股權將透過以固定金額的 現金或另一項金融資產換取固定數 目的本公司股本工具結算,則分類為 股本工具。

於發行日期,負債部分(包括任何嵌入式非股本衍生工具特點)之公平值 乃透過計量並無相關權益部分之類 似負債的公平值估算。

與發行可換股債券有關之交易成本 乃按所得款項之分配比例分配至負 債及權益部分。與權益部分有關之交 易成本會直接自權益扣除。與負債部 分有關之交易成本則計入負債部分 之賬面值,並於可換股債券期內採用 實際利率法攤銷。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

Convertible bonds (Continued)

When the contractual terms of a convertible instrument are modified, the revised terms would result in a substantial modification from the original terms, after taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances including qualitative factors, such modification is accounted for as derecognition of the original financial liability and the recognition of new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of financial liability derecognised and the fair value of consideration paid or payable, including any liabilities assumed and derivative components recognised, is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

f) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本(續)

可換股債券(續)

當修改可換股工具的合約條款時,考 慮到所有相關事實及情況(包括定性 因素)後,修訂後的條款將導致對原 來條款的實質性修改,該等修改則計 入終止確認原來金融負債及確認認 新金融負債。終止確認金融負債的賬 面值與已付或應付代價的公平值之 間的差額(包括任何所承擔的負債及 已確認衍生部分)於損益中確認。

終止確認金融負債

當且僅當本集團責任解除、取消或屆 滿時,本集團會終止確認金融負債。 終止確認的金融負債賬面值與已付 及應付代價之間的差額會在損益中 確認。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

g) Impairment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cashgenerating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cashgenerating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cashgenerating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cashgenerating unit or group of cash-generating units.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

g) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產 的減值

於本報告期末,本集團審閱其物業、 廠房及設備以及使用權資產的賬面 值,以確定是否有任何跡象顯示該等 資產出現減值虧損。倘存在任何該等 跡象,則會估計相關資產的可收回金 額,以確定減值虧損(如有)的幅度。

物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的可 收回金額乃獨立估計。倘無法個別估 計資產之可收回金額,本集團會估計 該資產所屬現金產生單位之可收回 金額。

對現金產生單位進行減值測試時,倘 可設立一個合理及一致的分配基準, 公司資產會被分配到相關現金產生 單位,否則將會被分配至可設立一個 合理及一致的分配基準的最小組別 的現金產生單位。可收回金額按公司 資產所屬的現金產生單位或現金產生 單位或現金產生單位組別的賬面值 作比較。

可收回金額為公平值減銷售成本與 使用價值兩者中較高者。在評估使用 價值時,估計未來現金流量採用税前 貼現率貼現至其現值,該税前貼現率 反映當前市場對貨幣時間價值及資 產(或現金產生單位)特定風險的評 估,就此而言未來現金流量的估計未 經調整。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

g) Impairment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cashgenerating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a prorata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cashgenerating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

g) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產 的減值(續)

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)的可 收回金額低於其賬面值,則資產(或 現金產生單位)的賬面值將調減至其 可收回金額。就未能按合理一致的基 準分配至現金產生單位的企業資產 或部分企業資產,本集團會比較一個 組別的現金產生單位賬面值(包括已 分配至該組現金產生單位的企業資 產或部分企業資產的賬面值)與該組 現金產生單位的可收回金額。於分配 減值虧損時,按該單位或一組現金產 生單位各項資產的賬面值所佔比例 分配至資產。資產賬面值不得減少至 低於其公平值減出售成本(如可計 量)、其使用價值(如可釐定)及零之 中的最高值。已另行分配至資產的減 值虧損金額按比例分配至該單位或 一組現金產生單位的其他資產。減值 虧損即時於損益確認。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產(或現 金產生單位或一組現金產生單位)的 賬面值會上調至其經修訂的估計可 收回金額,惟就此已上調的賬面值不 得超出資產(或現金產生單位或一組 現金產生單位)於過往年度並無確認 減值虧損時釐定的賬面值。減值虧損 撥回即時於損益中確認。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months of maturity when acquired. Cash and cash equivalents include investments and advances denominated in foreign currencies provide that they fulfill the above criteria.

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents would also include bank overdrafts and advances from banks repayable within three months from the date of the advance.

i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

4. 主要會計政策(續)

h) 現金及現金等值物

現金及現金等值物包括手頭現金及 活期存款,以及可隨時轉換為已知金 額現金、所涉及價值變動風險不高且 一般自取得起計三個月內到期的短 期高流通性投資。現金及現金等值物 包括以外幣計值並符合上述規格之 投資及墊款。

於編製綜合現金流量表時,現金及現 金等值物亦將包括由墊款日期起計 三個月內須償還之銀行透支及墊款。

i) 撥備

當本集團因某一已發生事件而承擔 現時責任(法定或推定),而本集團 很可能須履行該責任,且責任金額能 可靠地估計時,便會確認撥備。

確認為撥備的金額為於報告期末履 行現時責任所需代價的最佳估計,當 中計及與責任有關的風險及不明朗 因素。當撥備使用履行現時責任所需 估計現金流量計量時,其賬面值為該 等現金流量的現值(倘金錢時間價值 的影響屬重大)。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j) Leases

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed. As a practical expedient, leases with similar characteristics are accounted on a portfolio basis when the Group reasonably expects that the effects on the consolidated financial statements would not differ materially from individual leases within the portfolio.

The Group as a lessee

(i) Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative standalone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

j) 租賃

租賃的定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時 間內控制可識別資產使用的權利,則 該合約屬於或包含租賃。

就於首次應用日期或之後訂立或修 改或因業務合併而產生的合約而言, 本集團根據香港財務報告準則第16 號的定義於開始、修訂日期或收購日 期(視何者合適而定)評估該合約是 否屬於或包含租賃。除非合約的條計 及條件其後出現變動,否則有關合約 將不予重新評估。作為可行權宜方法, 具有類似特徵的租賃於本集團各約 將不動與組合內個別租賃存在重大差異 時按組合基準入賬。

本集團作為承租人

(i) 將代價分配至合約組成部分

就包含租賃組成部分以及一項 或多項額外租賃或非租賃組成 部分之合約而言,本集團根據 租賃組成部分之相對獨立價格 及非租賃組成部分之合計獨立 價格基準將合約代價分配至各 項租賃組成部分。

非租賃組成部分乃基於彼等的 相對獨立價格與租賃組成部分 區分。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(ii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of staff quarters that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

(iii) Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

j) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(ii) 短期租賃和低價值資產租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應 用於自初始日期起租期為12個 月或以下之員工宿舍租賃。其 亦適用於低價值資產租賃的確 認豁免。短期租賃及低價值資 產的租賃的租賃付款在租賃期 內按直線法或另一有系統基準 確認為費用。

(iii) 使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債之初始計量金 額;
- 於開始日期或之前作出的 任何租賃付款,減任何已 收租賃優惠;
- 本集團產生的任何初始直 接成本;及
- 本集團於拆除及拆遷相關 資產、復原相關資產所在 場地或復原相關資產至租 賃的條款及條件所規定的 狀況時估計產生的成本。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(iii) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities other than adjustments to lease liabilities resulting from Covid-19-related rent concessions in which the Group applied the practical expedient.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

j) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(iii) 使用權資產(續)

使用權資產按成本計量,減去 任何累計折舊及減值虧損,並 就租賃負債的任何重新計量作 出調整,惟不包括對新冠病毒 疫情相關租金減免產生的租賃 負債的調整,本集團就此應用 可行權宜方法。

本集團已合理地確定可於租期 結束時取得相關租賃資產所有 權的使用權資產由開始日期起 至可使用年期結束止計提折舊。 在其他情況下,使用權資產按 直線法於其估計可使用年期及 租期(以較短者為準)內計提折 舊。

本集團於綜合財務狀況報表內將使用權資產呈列為獨立項目。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(iv) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

j) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(iv) 租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按當 日未付的租賃付款現值確認及 計量租賃負債。在計算租賃付 款現值時,倘租賃中隱含的利 率不易確定,則本集團在租賃 開始日期使用遞增借款利率。

租賃付款包括:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定 付款)減任何應收租賃優 惠;
- 取決於指數或比率的可變 租賃付款額,最初使用指 數或開始日期的比率計 算;
- 預計根據剩餘價值擔保將
 予支付的金額;
- 倘本集團合理確定將行使 購買選擇權的行權價;及
- 終止租賃的罰款金額,如
 果租賃期反映出本集團將
 行使終止租賃的選擇權。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(iv) Lease liabilities (Continued)

Variable lease payments that reflect changes in market rental rates are initially measured using the market rental rates as at the commencement date. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are not included in the measurement of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets, and are recognised as expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

j) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

[iv] 租賃負債(續)

反映市場租金變化的可變租賃 付款於開始日期使用市場租金 初步計量。並不視乎指數或比 率而定的可變租賃付款並不計 入租賃負債及使用權資產計量, 而於觸發付款的事件或條件發 生期間確認為開支。

於開始日期後,租賃負債根據 利息增長及租賃付款作出調整。

倘出現以下情況,本集團會重 新計量租賃負債(並對相關使 用權資產作出相應調整):

- 租期有所變動或行使購買 選擇權的評估發生變化, 在此情況下,相關租賃負 債透過使用重新評估日期 的經修訂貼現率貼現經修 訂租賃付款而重新計量。
- 租賃付款因進行市場租金 調查後市場租金變動而出 現變動,在此情況下,相 關租賃負債透過使用初始 貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付 款而重新計量。

本集團於綜合財務狀況報表內 將租賃負債呈列為單獨項目。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(v) Lease modifications

Except for Covid-19-related rent concessions in which the Group applied the practical expedient, the Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the nonlease components.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

j) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(v) 租賃修改

除本集團就新冠病毒疫情相關 租金減免應用可行權宜方法外, 倘出現以下情況,本集團會將 租賃修改作為一項單獨的租賃 入賬:

- 該項修改通過增加使用一 項或多項相關資產的權利 擴大了租賃範圍;及
- 租賃代價增加,增加的金額相當於範圍擴大對應的單獨價格,加上為反映特定合約的實際情況而對單獨價格進行的任何適當調整。

就未作為一項單獨租賃入賬的 租賃修改而言,本集團基於透 過使用修改生效日期的經修訂 貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付款的 經修改租賃的租期重新計量租 賃負債。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(vi) Covid-19-related rent concessions

In relation to rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic, the Group has elected to apply the practical expedient not to assess whether the change is a lease modification if all of the following conditions are met:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 if the changes are not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

j) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(vi) 新冠病毒疫情相關租金減免

就因新冠病毒疫情直接導致的 租金減免而言,倘符合以下所 有條件,本集團已選擇應用可 行權宜方法不評估有關變動是 否屬租賃修改:

- 租賃付款的變動使租賃代 價有所修改,而經修改的 代價與緊接變動前的租賃
 代價大致相同:或少於緊
 接變動前的租賃代價:
- 租賃付款的任何減幅僅影
 響原到期日為二零二二年
 六月三十日或之前的付款;及
- 租賃的其他條款及條件並 無實質變動。

倘變動並非租賃修改,應用可 行權宜方法之承租人須按應用 香港財務報告準則第16號將變 動入賬之相同方式就租金減免 導致的租賃付款變動入賬。租 賃付款的寬免或豁免被入賬。租 賃付款的寬免或豁免被入賬賬列 作可變租賃付款。相關租賃負 債獲調整以反映寬免或豁免的 金額,並於該事件發生的期內 在損益中確認相應調整。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

k) Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

k) 客戶合約之收入

本集團於完成履約義務時(或就此) (即於與特定履約義務相關之貨品或 服務之「控制權」轉讓予客戶時)確認 收益。

履約義務指一項明確的貨品或服務 (或一批貨品或服務)或一系列大致 相同的明確貨品或服務。

倘符合以下其中一項條件,則控制權 隨時間轉移,而收益則參考相關履約 義務的完成進度隨時間確認:

- 客戶於本集團履約時同時收取
 及消耗本集團履約所提供的利益;
- 本集團的履約產生及強化客戶 於本集團履約時控制的資產; 或
- 本集團的履約未產生對本集團 具有替代用途的資產,且本集 團有強制執行權收取至今已履 約部分的款項。

否則,收益於客戶獲得明確商品或服 務控制權時確認。

合約負債指本集團因已自客戶收取 代價(或代價金額到期),而須向客 戶轉讓貨品或服務之義務。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

k) Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

The performance obligations of the Group for contracts with customers are summarised as follows:

Cinema investment and management

The Group sells movies tickets, snacks and accessories to customers both through its own cinema and through internet sales.

Income from box office takings is recognised when the movies have been broadcasted and revenue from selling snacks and accessories is recognised when control of goods have been transferred to the customers. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately at the point the customer purchases the movies tickets, snacks and accessories.

The advertising income represents the display of some advertising materials in the area of the cinema and the airtime right before the start of a movie. The income of the former is recognised on a straight-line basis over the contract terms with a fixed amount. For the latter, the income is recognised over the contract terms and the amount of revenue is correlated to the box office takings of the movie with the airtime.

The management services income represents cinema management services provided. The Group considers the performance obligation is satisfied over time as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

k] 客戶合約之收入(續)

本集團與客戶簽訂合約的履行義務 概要如下:

影院投資及管理

本集團透過自有影院及互聯網銷售 向客戶出售電影票、零食及配飾。

票房收入於電影播放時確認,出售零 食及配飾收益於貨品控制權轉讓予 客戶時確認。在客戶購買電影票、零 食及配飾時,須立即支付交易價格。

廣告收入指於影院區及電影開場前 播放時間展示若干廣告材料。前者的 收入於合約期內以固定金額按直線 基準確認。至於後者,收入於合約期 內確認,收益金額與電影播放的票房 收入相關。

管理服務收入指所提供的影院管理 服務。由於客戶於本集團履約時同時 收取及消耗本集團履約所提供的利 益,本集團認為履約責任乃隨時間達 成。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

k) Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Cinema investment and management (Continued)

For others, it mainly represents the services charges for registration of membership and for the reissuance of membership cards for those lost cases. The income was recognised when the membership cards were issued to the members.

A contract liability is recognised for the prepayment made by the customers in the membership cards. The balance will be recognised as revenue at the point when movies are broadcasted or when the customers purchase snacks and accessories.

I) Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other revenue and other net income".

4. 主要會計政策(續)

k] 客戶合約之收入(續)

影院投資及管理(續)

其他主要指註冊會員及會員卡遺失 情況下重新發卡的服務費。收入於向 會員發行會員卡時確認。

就客戶於會員卡作出的預付款確認 合約負債。結餘將於電影播放時或客 戶購買零食及配飾時確認為收益。

I) 政府補貼

在合理地保證本集團會遵守政府補 貼的附帶條件以及將會得到補貼後, 政府補貼方會予以確認。

作為彌補已產生開支或虧損,或向本 集團提供並無未來相關成本的即時 財務援助而應收的收入相關的政府 補貼,在成為應收款項期間內於損益 中確認。有關補貼於「其他收益及其 他淨收入」項下呈列。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

m) Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit/(loss) before tax because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

m) 所得税

所得税開支指即期應付税項與遞延 税項的總和。

即期應繳税項乃按年內應課税溢利 計算。應課税溢利與除税前溢利/(虧 損)不同,此乃由於其他年度應課税 或可扣減之收入或支出項目及永不 課税或可扣減之項目。本集團之即期 税項負債乃使用於報告期末前所頒 行或大致頒行之税率計算。

遞延税項乃按綜合財務報表內資產 及負債賬面值與計算應課税溢利所 用相應税基之暫時差額確認。遞延税項 育負債一般就所有應課税暫能差額 確認。遞延税項資產一般於可能的差額 就送利抵銷可扣減暫時差額時時有 額因不影響應課税溢利及會計溢額 的方產上,則不會確認 有時差額因初步確認商譽而產生,則 不會確認遞延税項負債。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

m) Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

m] 所得税(續)

遞延税項負債就於附屬公司及聯營 公司之投資相關之應課税暫時差額 而確認,惟倘本集團能控制暫時差額 之撥回,且有關暫時差額在可預見未 來不大可能撥回則除外。有關該等投 資遞延税項資產僅於可能有足夠症 課税溢利動用作暫時差額之利益並。 預期於可預見未來撥回時方予確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值會於各報告 期末審閲及減少,直至不再可能有足 夠應課税溢利可供收回全部或部分 資產為止。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期於償 還負債或變現資產期間適用之税率 基於報告期末已實施或實質實施的 税率(及税法)計量。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映本 集團按預期於報告期末收回或清償 其資產及負債賬面值之方式計算而 出之税務後果。

就計量本集團確認使用權資產及相 關租賃負債的租賃交易的遞延税項 而言,本集團首先釐定税項扣減是否 歸因於使用權資產或租賃負債。


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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

m) Income tax (Continued)

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 Income Taxes requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences on initial recognition of the relevant right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised due to application of the initial recognition exemption. Temporary differences arising from subsequent revision to the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, resulting from remeasurement of lease liabilities and lease modifications, that are not subject to initial recognition exemption are recognised on the date of remeasurement or modification.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

n) Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme in Hong Kong and state-managed retirement benefit schemes in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

m) 所得税(續)

就税項扣減歸屬於租賃負債的租賃 交易而言,本集團分別應用《香港會 計準則第12號所得税》的使用權資 產及租賃負債規定。由於應用初始確認相關使用權資產及 租賃負債規定。由於應用初始確認相關使用權資產及 租賃負債時產生的暫時差額不予 了使用權資產及租賃負 債的賬面值所產生的暫時差額(毋須 應用初始確認豁免)於重新計量或修 改日期確認。

當有法定可執行權利將當期税項資 產抵銷當期税項負債時,以及當它們 與同一税務機關徵收的所得税有關 且本集團有意按淨額基準結算其當 期税項資產和負債時,遞延所得税資 產和負債均予以抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟當其 與於其他全面收益或直接於權益確 認之項目有關則除外,於此情況下, 即期及遞延税項亦分別於其他全面 收益或直接於權益確認。

n) 退休福利費用

香港強制性公積金計劃及中華人民 共和國(「中國」)國家管理退休福利 計劃之供款為於僱員提供服務後而 符合領取有關供款之資格時確認為 開支。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

o) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages, salaries, annual leaves and sick leaves) after deducting any amount already paid.

p) Share-based payments arrangement

Equity-settled share-based payments transactions

(i) Share options granted to directors and employees

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value of the equity-settled share-based payments determined at the grant date without taking into consideration all non-market vesting conditions is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest based on assessment of all relevant non-market vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share options reserve.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

o) 短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利於僱員提供服務時就 預計將支付福利的未貼現金額予以 確認。所有短期僱員福利確認為開支, 除非另一項香港財務報告準則要求 或允許將有關福利納入資產成本,則 作別論。

在扣除已支付的任何金額後,對僱員 應得的福利(例如工資、薪金、年假 及病假)確認負債。

p) 以股份為基礎之付款安排

根據權益結算以股份為基礎之付款交易

(i) 向董事及僱員授出購股權

向僱員及提供類似服務的其他 人士作出根據權益結算以股份 為基礎之付款按股本工具於授 出日期的公平值計量。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

p) Share-based payments arrangement (Continued)

Equity-settled share-based payments transactions (Continued)

(i) Share options granted to directors and employees (Continued)

For share options that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

(ii) Share options granted to non-employees

Equity-settled share-based payments transactions with advisors other than employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service. The fair values of the goods or services received are recognised as expenses (unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets).

4. 主要會計政策(續)

p) 以股份為基礎之付款安排(續)

根據權益結算以股份為基礎之付款交易 (續)

(i) 向董事及僱員授出購股權(續)

就於授出日期即時歸屬之購股 權而言,授出購股權之公平值 即時於損益支銷。

當購股權獲行使,先前於購股 權儲備內確認之金額將轉撥至 股份溢價。當購股權於歸屬日 期後被沒收或於屆滿日期仍未 行使,則先前於購股權儲備確 認之金額將轉撥至累計虧損。

(ii) 向非僱員授出購股權

與僱員以外的顧問根據權益結 算以股份為基礎之付款交易按 所獲取貨品或服務的公平值計 ,於此情況下,則按照所出 計,於此情況下,則按照所過 計,於此情況下,則按照所 對 下提供服務當日的務的公平 值確認為開支(除非有關 資 品 或服務符合資格確認為資產則 作別論)。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

p) Share-based payments arrangement (Continued)

Share award scheme

The Group operates a share award scheme for the purpose of providing incentive for directors, employees and advisors to achieve performance goals and aligning their interests directly to the shareholders of the Company through ownership of shares of the Company.

The amount to be expensed as share-based compensation expenses is determined by reference to the fair value of the awarded shares granted, taking into account all non-market vesting conditions associated with the grants. The total expense is recognised over the relevant vesting periods (or on the grant date if the shares vest immediately), with a corresponding credit to the share award scheme reserve under equity.

For those awarded shares which are amortised over the vesting periods, the Group revises its estimates of the number of awarded shares that are expected to ultimately vest based on the vesting conditions at the end of each reporting period. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative expense recognised in prior years is recognised in profit or loss in the current year, with a corresponding adjustment to the share award scheme reserve.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

p] 以股份為基礎之付款安排(續)

股份獎勵計劃

本集團設立股份獎勵計劃,旨在激勵 董事、員工及顧問達致績效目標,並 通過擁有本公司股份來使彼等的利 益直接與本公司股東的利益趨於一 致。

列作以股份為基礎的薪酬開支的金額乃參考已授出獎勵股份的公平值 並計及與該授出相關的一切非市場 歸屬條件後釐定。開支總額於有關歸 屬期間內(或倘股份被即時歸屬,則 於授出日期)確認,而相關金額於股 份獎勵計劃儲備中記入權益項下。

至於已於歸屬期間攤銷的獎勵股份, 本集團於各報告期末修改其對預期 最終會根據歸屬條件歸屬的獎勵股 份數目的估計數字。因而產生對過往 年度確認的累計開支的任何調整,會 於今年度的損益中確認,並對股份獎 勵計劃儲備作出相應調整。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

p) Share-based payments arrangement (Continued)

Modification to the terms and conditions of the share-based payment arrangements

When the terms and conditions of an equity-settled share-based payment arrangement are modified, the Group recognises, as a minimum, the services received measured at the grant date fair value of the equity instruments granted, unless those equity instruments do not vest because of failure to satisfy a vesting condition (other than a market condition) that was specified at grant date. In addition, if the Group modifies the vesting conditions (other than a market condition) in a manner that is beneficial to the employees, for example, by reducing the vesting period, the Group takes the modified vesting conditions into consideration over the remaining vesting period.

If the modification reduces the total fair value of the share-based arrangement, or is not otherwise beneficial to the employee, the Group continues to account for the original equity instruments granted as if that modification had not occurred.

q) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

p) 以股份為基礎之付款安排(續)

修改以股份為基礎之付款安排的條款 及條件

當以權益結算以股份為基礎之付款 安排條款及條件有所修改時,本集團 會至少確認按授出日期已授出股本 工具的公平值計量的已獲得服務,除 非該等股本工具因無法滿足授出日 期所指定的歸屬條件(市場條件除外) 而未有歸屬則作別論。此外,倘本集 團以有利僱員的方式(如透過縮短歸 屬期等)修改歸屬條件(市場條件除 外),則本集團可於剩餘歸屬期內考 慮經修改的歸屬條件。

如該修改減少以股份為基礎安排的 公平值總額,或對僱員並無其他益處, 本集團繼續對原授出的權益工具進 行會計處理,猶如有關修改並無發生。

q) 借貸成本

收購、建造或生產之合資格資產(即 須經一段頗長時間始能開始準備作 其擬定用途或出售之資產)之直接應 佔借貸成本計入該等資產之成本中, 直至該等資產已大致上可作其擬定 用途或出售。

所有其他借貸成本按其產生期間在 損益中確認。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

r) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the Group's interests in associates.

For the purpose of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group, that is HK\$, using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case, the exchange rates at the date of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

4. 主要會計政策(續)

r] 外幣

編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時, 以實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣) 所進行交易,按交易當日之現行匯率 確認。於報告期末,以外幣計值之貨 幣項目按當日之匯率重新換算,而以 外幣計值按公平值入賬之非貨幣項 目則按釐定公平值當日之現行匯率 重新換算。以外幣歷史成本計量之非 貨幣項目不作重新換算。

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目 產生的匯兑差額於產生期間在損益 中確認,惟下列除外:由海外業務收 取或支付的貨幣項目(其結算並非已 計劃或可能發生(因此構成海外業務 投資淨額的一部份))所產生的匯兑 差額,乃初步於其他全面收益內確認, 並於出售或部分出售本集團於聯營 公司權益時自權益重新分類至損益。

就呈報綜合財務報表而言,本集團業 務之資產及負債採用各報告期末之 現行匯率換算為本集團之呈報貨幣 (即港元)。收入及開支項目按期內之 平均匯率換算,除非匯率於該期間大 幅波動,於此情況下,乃使用交易日 期之匯率。所產生之匯兑差額(如有) 於其他全面收益確認並於匯兑儲備 (歸屬於非控股權益,如適用)項下於 權益內累計。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

r) Foreign currencies (Continued)

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

s) Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group, as follows:

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or a parent of the Group.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

r] 外幣(續)

於出售海外業務(即出售本集團於海 外業務之全部權益、出售涉及失去包 含海外業務之附屬公司之控制權、或 部分出售包含海外業務的聯營公司 權益,而其保留權益為金融資產時, 就本公司擁有人應佔該業務而於權 益累計之所有匯兑差額重新分類至 損益。

s) 關連人士

關連人士乃指與本集團有關之人士 或實體,詳情如下:

- [a] 該名人士符合以下條件時,該 名人士或其家族之近親與本集 團有關聯:
 - (i) 對本集團擁有控制權或聯 合控制權;
 - (ii) 對本集團擁有重大影響 力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司 之主要管理層成員。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

s) Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are the members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-empolyment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of the parent of the entity); or
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provide key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- **s] 關連人士**(續)
 - (b) 實體在適用於以下任何條件時, 與本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 實體與本集團為同一集團 的成員公司;
 - [ii] 某一實體為另一實體之聯 營公司或合營企業,或為 另一實體所屬集團公司成 員之聯營公司或合營企 業;
 - (iii) 實體及本集團均為同一第三方之合營企業;
 - [iv] 一間實體為第三方實體之 合營企業,而另一實體為 第三方實體之聯營公司;
 - [v] 實體為本集團或與本集團 有關之實體之僱員福利設 立離職後福利計劃;
 - [vi] 實體受[a]所界定人士控 制或聯合控制;
 - [vii] (a)(i)所界定人士對實體擁 有重大影響力或為實體或 該實體母公司之主要管理 人員;或
 - [viii] 實體或其所屬集團之任何 成員公司向本集團或本集 團之母公司提供主要管理 人員服務。

一名人士的近親指與實體交易時預 計對該人士有或受該人士影響的家 族成員。



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

t) Films in progress and film rights

Films in progress represents films and televisions drama series under production and is stated at cost incurred to date, less any identified impairment loss. Cost is transferred to film rights upon completion.

Film rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Their costs are amortised over the underlying licence period, with reference to projected revenue.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal to the related actual results.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

4. 主要會計政策(續)

t) 在製電影及電影版權

在製電影指製作中之電影及電視連 續劇,按截至入賬日期已產生成本減 任何可識別減值虧損入賬。成本將於 完成後轉撥為電影版權入賬。

電影版權按成本減累計攤銷及減值 虧損列賬。電影版權之成本按相關版 權有效期經參考預期收益後進行攤 銷。

5. 重大會計估計及判斷

本集團根據過往經驗及其他因素(包括認 為於有關情況下會合理發生之未來事項預 期)持續評估估計及判斷。

本集團作出有關未來之估計及假設。惟定 義上,會計估計結果極少與相關實際結果 相同。

估算及相關假設會不斷作出審閱。倘所作 修訂僅對作出修訂之期間有效,則對會計 估算作出之修訂將於該期間內確認,或倘 修訂對現時及未來期間均會造成影響,則 會於作出修訂及未來期間確認。有可能導 致下一財政年度資產及負債賬面值出現重 大調整之重大風險之估計及假設如下:



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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to severe industry activities. Management will increase the depreciation and amortisation charges where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable and amortisation lives and therefore depreciation and amortisation expense in future periods.

b) Impairment of goodwill, property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets

Determining whether goodwill, property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash- generating units and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

Details of impairment assessment of cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are disclosed in Note 20.

5. 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

a) 物業、廠房及設備之可使用年期

本集團管理層釐定物業、廠房及設備 之估計可使用年期及相關折舊及攤 銷費用。該估計乃根據性質及功能類 同之物業、廠房及設備實際可使用年 期之過往經驗作出,並可能因技術創 新及競爭對手有關激烈行業活動之 行動而出現重大變動。當可使用年創 低於先前估計時,管理層將增加折舊 及攤銷費用,或會撇銷或撇減技術過 時或已棄用或出售之非策略資產。定 期檢討可能導致應折舊及攤銷年限 銷開支。

b) 商譽、物業、廠房及設備及使用權 資產減值

釐定商譽、物業、廠房及設備及使用 權資產有否減值需要估計獲分配商 譽之現金產生單位之使用價值。於計 算使用價值時,本集團需要估計預期 從現金產生單位產生之未來現金流 量及合適之折現率以計算現值。若實 際之未來現金流量少於預期者,則可 能產生重大減值虧損。

獲分配商譽之現金產生單位的減值 評估詳情於附註**20**披露。





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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

c) Provision of ECL for trade and other receivables, and loan to an associate

The Group uses provision matrix to calculate ECL for the trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on aging as groupings of various debtors that have similar loss patterns. The provision rates are based on the Group's historical default rates taking into consideration forward-looking information that is reasonable and supportable available without undue costs or effort. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and changes as the forward-looking information are considered. In addition, trade receivables with significant balances and credit impaired, if any, are assessed for ECL individually.

The Group assesses the ECL of loan to an associate and other receivables individually based on past repayment record and financial position of the counterparties.

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The information about the ECL of loan to an associate, trade receivables and other receivables, are disclosed in Notes 6(b)(iii), 21, 23 and 24.

5. 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

c) 應收賬款及其他應收款項以及向一 間聯營公司授出貸款之預期信貸虧 損撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算應收賬款 之預期信貸虧損。撥備矩陣乃按具有 類似虧損型態之不同債務人組別劃 分之賬齡計量。撥備率乃根據本集團 之歷史違約率,並考慮毋須付出不必 要之成本或努力即可取得的合理且 有理據的前瞻性資料計算得出。於每 個報告日,過往觀察所得的違約率會 重新評估,並考慮前瞻性資料之變動。 此外,具有重大結餘及信貸減值(如 有)之應收賬款將個別評估預期信貸 虧損。

本集團根據對手方的過往還款記錄 及財務狀況個別評估向一間聯營公 司授出貸款及其他應收款項之預期 信貸虧損。

預期信貸虧損撥備易受估計變動之 影響。有關向一間聯營公司授出貸款、 應收賬款及其他應收款項預期信貸 虧損之資料於附註6[b](iii]、21、23 及24披露。



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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

6. 金融工具

(a) 金融工具類別

(a) Categories of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of the Group's financial assets and liabilities as at the end of the reporting period are as follows: 本集團各類別金融資產及負債於報 告期末之賬面值如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產		
Trade receivables	應收賬款	67	206
Loan to an associate	向一間聯營公司授出貸款	16,029	18,931
Amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項	559	373
Financial assets included in other	計入其他應收款項及按金		
receivables and deposits	之金融資產	1,878	1,399
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	11,824	15,303
		30,357	36,212
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債		
Trade payables	應付賬款	72	203
Financial liabilities included in other	計入其他應付款項及應計		
payables and accruals	款項之金融負債	3,717	3,877
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	11,501	13,752
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7,204	9,301
		22,494	27,133



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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include loan to an associate, bank balances and cash, convertible bonds and lease liabilities. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency.

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk primarily through sales, purchases and recognised assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States Dollars ("US\$") and Renminbi ("RMB").

The Group currently does not expect any significant movements in the exchange rate of US\$ to HK\$ and it is mainly exposed to the effects of fluctuation in RMB. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy, however, the management monitors the foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目的及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括向一間 聯營公司授出貸款、銀行結餘及現金、 可換股債券及租賃負債。有關金融工 具的詳情於相關附註內披露。於該等 金融工具有關的風險包括市場風險 (外匯風險及利率風險)、信貸風險及 流動資金風險。有關如何降低該等風 險之政策載於下文。本集團管理層管 理及監控該等風險,以確保及時有效 實行適當措施。

(i) 外匯風險

貨幣風險指金融工具之公平值 或未來現金流量會隨匯率變動 而波動之風險。

本集團所面對之外匯風險主要 來自以相關業務功能貨幣以外 之貨幣入賬之買賣及已確認資 產及負債。產生此項風險之貨 幣主要為美元(「美元」)及人民 幣(「人民幣」)。

本集團目前預期美元兑港元之 匯率將無任何重大波動,現時 主要面臨人民幣波動之影響。 本集團目前並無外幣對沖政策。 然而,管理層監察外匯風險,並 於有需要時考慮對沖重大外幣 風險。



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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(i) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The policies to manage foreign currency risk have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to be effective.

The carrying amounts of monetary assets and liabilities which were denominated in currencies (mainly RMB) other than the functional currency of the relevant group companies at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

- 6. 金融工具(續)
 - (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)
 - (i) 外匯風險(續)

本集團自過去數年以來一直沿 用管理外匯風險之政策,並認 為其有效。

於報告期末,以有關集團公司 功能貨幣以外貨幣(主要為人 民幣)計值的貨幣資產及負債的 賬面值如下:

		31 March 2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	31 March 2021 二零二一年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	446	1,686
Loan to an associate	向一間聯營公司授出貸款	16,029	18,931
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	(177)	(147)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's loss after tax (and accumulated losses) that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the HK\$ and the US\$ would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the US\$ against other currencies.

敏感度分析

下表載列於報告期末本集團面 臨重大風險的外匯匯率變動於 該日出現變動(假設所有其他 風險參數保持不變)對本集團的 稅後虧損(及累計虧損)產生的 即時變動。就此而言,已假設 定及美元的聯繫匯率將不會 質 美元兑任何其他貨幣的任何價 值變動而受到重大影響。



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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

6. 金融工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies
 (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

 (Continued)
 (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)
 - (i) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

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(i) 外匯風險(續)
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敏感度分析(續)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

	20	22	2021		
	二零二	二二年	二零二一年		
	Increase/		Increase/		
	(decrease)	Loss after	(decrease)	Loss after	
	in foreign	tax and	in foreign	tax and	
	exchange	accumulated	exchange	accumulated	
	rates	losses	rates	losses	
	匯率上升/	除税後虧損	匯率上升/	除税後虧損	
	(下跌)	及累計虧損	(下跌)	及累計虧損	
		HK\$'000		HK\$'000	
		千港元		千港元	
Renminbi 人民幣	5%	(815)	5%	(1,023)	
	(5%)	815	(5%)	1,023	

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the group entities' loss after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into HK\$ at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2021.

上表所載分析結果指為呈列目 的而將以對應功能貨幣計量的 各集團實體除税後虧損及權益 按報告期末現行匯率兑換為港 元的綜合即時影響。

敏感度分析假設外匯匯率變動 已應用於重新測量使本集團於 報告期末面臨外匯風險的金融 工具。分析不包括換算海外業 務財務報表為本集團呈列貨幣 所產生的差異。分析按與二零 二一年相同的基準進行。



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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group is exposed to the cash flow interest rate risk due to its bank deposits and loan to an associate, carrying interest at variable rates which is disclosed in Notes 25 and 21 to the consolidated financial statements and fair value interest rate risk due to its convertible bonds carrying interest at fixed rates which are disclosed in Note 30 to the consolidated financial statements respectively. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy and does not use any derivative instruments to reduce its economic exposure to the changes in interest rates.

As at 31 March 2022 and 2021, the Group's convertible bonds bore an imputed interest at fixed rate and the loan to an associate and the bank deposits are carrying minimal interest rates. Management considers the exposure to the changes in market interest rate should not be materially enough to cause adverse financial effect on the Group's position.

The policies to manage interest rate risk have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to be effective.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

(ii) 利率風險

利率風險乃與金融工具之公平 值或現金流量會因隨市場利率 變動而波動之風險有關。

本集團因其銀行存款及向一間 聯營公司授出貸款(按綜合財 務報表附註25及21所披露的浮 動利率計息)而承受現金流量的 率風險,並因其可換股債券(方 動務報表附註30所披露的 固定利率計息)承受公平值利率 風險。本集團目前並無利率對 沖政策,亦無使用任何衍生工 具降低其承受利率變動之經濟 風險。

於二零二二年及二零二一年三 月三十一日,本集團的可換股 債券按固定利率估算利息,而 向一間聯營公司授出貸款及銀 行存款附帶最低利率。管理層 認為市場和率變動的風險應不 足以對本集團狀況造成不利財 務影響。

本集團自過去數年以來一直沿 用管理利率風險之政策,並認 為其有效。



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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation under the terms of the financial instrument and cause a financial loss to the Group. The Group's exposure to credit risk mainly arises from the ordinary course of its operations and the loan to an associate.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash at bank, trade and other receivables and deposits and loan to an associate. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

Cash at bank are placed with high-credit-quality institutions and directors of the Group consider that the credit risk for such is minimal.

In respect of trade receivables, credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. Debtors with overdue balances, which will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis, are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

In order to minimise the credit risk in respect of trade and other receivables, the Group reviews the recoverable amount at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate allowances are made for irrecoverable amounts. The Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on trade balances individually or based on provision matrix. In this regard, the directors of the Group consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

(iii) 信貸風險

信貸風險指金融工具交易對手 未能根據金融工具的條款履行 其責任並導致本集團產生財務 損失的風險。本集團的信貸風 險主要於其日常業務過程中以 及自向一間聯營公司授出貸款 而產生。

本集團之信貸風險主要來自銀 行現金、應收賬款及其他應收 款項及按金以及向一間聯營公 司授出貸款。管理層已制訂信 貸政策,持續監管有關信貸風 險。

銀行現金存放於信用質素高之 機構,且本集團董事認為,有關 信貸風險極低。

就應收賬款而言,本集團對所 有要求提供超過若干數額信貸 之客戶進行信貸評估。本集團 將檢討個別借方之逾期結餘, 並於授出任何其他信貸前要求 借方償還所有逾期欠款。一般 而言,本集團並不要求客戶提 供抵押。

為降低應收賬款及其他應收款 項所帶來之信貸風險,本集團 於各報告期末檢討可收回金額, 確保已就不可收回款項計提足 夠撥備。本集團根據預期信貸 虧損模式對貿易結餘個別或根 據撥備矩陣進行減值評估。因 此,本集團董事認為,本集團之 信貸風險已大幅降低。



For the Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) Credit risk (Continued)

The maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of any collateral held is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position after deducting any impairment allowance. The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to have low credit risk and therefore the loss allowances are measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECLs prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime ECL provision for all trade receivables. To measure the ECLs, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics. The Group has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and ECL. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

As at 31 March 2022 and 2021, trade receivables that are individually significant and credit impaired have been separately assessed for impairment. The Group makes periodic assessments on the recoverability of the receivables based on the background and reputation of the customers, historical settlement records and past experience.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

(iii) 信貸風險(續)

不計算所持任何抵押品,最高 信貸風險為扣除任何減值撥備 後綜合財務狀況報表所列各金 融資產之賬面值。本集團並無 提供任何擔保,而致令本集團 承受信貸風險。

現金及現金等值物被認為信貸 風險低,因此虧損撥備按相當 於12個月預期信貸虧損的金額 計量。

於二零二二年及二零二一年三 月三十一日,單項重大的應收 賬款及信貸減值已單獨評估為 減值。本集團根據客戶的背景 及聲譽、過往結算記錄及過往 經驗,定期評估應收款項的可 收回程度。



For the Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) Credit risk (Continued)

Majority of the Group's revenue is received from debtors in relation to cinema investment and management operation. The Group's trade receivables arise from revenue of these business. In view of the history of business dealings with the debtors and the sound collection history of the receivables due from them, management believes that there is no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding receivable balance due from these debtors. Management makes periodic assessment on the recoverability of the trade and other receivables based on historical payment records, the length of overdue period, the financial strength of the debtors and whether there are any disputes with the debtors. The directors consider the Group's credit risk of these receivables to be low.

The credit quality of loan to an associate and other receivables has been assessed with reference to historical information about the counterparties default rates and financial position of the counterparties. The directors are of the opinion that the credit risk of these debtors is low due to the sound collection history of the receivables due from them, as the associate place the loan in a financial institution which is high-credit quality as bank deposit and time deposit and such deposit are keep rolling. Therefore, the Group assessed impairment of these balances based on 12-month ECL and expected credit loss rate of these debtors is assessed to be close to zero and no provision was made as of 31 March 2022 and 2021.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

(iii) 信貸風險(續)

向一間聯營公司授出貸款及其 他應收款項的信貸質素乃經參 考有關對手方違約率及對手方 財務狀況的歷史資料評估。董 事認為該等債務人的信貸風險 低微,乃由於應收彼等款項的 收款記錄良好,此乃由於聯營 公司將貸款存放於信用品質較 高的金融機構(原因為銀行存 款及定期存款等存款屬循環計 息)。因此,本集團按12個月預 期信貸虧損評估該等結餘的減 值及該等債務人的預期信貸虧 損率評估乃接近於零,且截至 二零二二年及二零二一年三月 三十一日並無計提撥備。



For the Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

6.	FIN	IANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)			6 .	金融			
	(b) Financial risk management objective (Continued)			ves and policies		(b)	財務	(策 (續)	
		(iii)	Credit risk (Continued)				(iii)	信貸風險(續)	
			The following tables show th lifetime ECL that has been reco receivables under the simplified	gnised for trade				下表列示根據簡4 應收賬款之全期 之變動:	
								Lifetime ECL	
								(credit-	
								impaired)	Total
								全期預期	
								信貸虧損	
								(信貸減值)	合計
								HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
			As at 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四	月一	H		325	325
			Impairment losses reversed	撥回減值虧損				(71)	(71)
			Write-offs	撇 銷				(270)	(270)
			Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整				16	16
			As at 31 March 2021,	於二零二一年3	月三	+-6	∃ •		
			1 April 2021 and	二零二一年四	月一	日及			
			31 March 2022	二零二二年日	月三	+-6		-	-

Concentration risk

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and debtor rather than the industry or country in which the customers and debtors operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers or debtors. As at 31 March 2022, loan to an associate amount to HK\$16,029,000 (2021: HK18,931,000) was due from an associate of the Group which was approximately 45% (2021: 43%) of the Group's total assets.

集中風險

本集團的信貸風險承擔主要受 每名客戶及債務人之個別特點 影響,而不是客戶及債務人經 營所在行業或國家,因此,重大 信貸集中風險主要於本集動對 個別客戶或債務人承擔重大風 險時產生。於二零二二年三月 三十一日,向一間聯營公司 出貸款16,029,000港元(二零 二一年:18,931,000港元), 屬應收本集團一間聯營公司款 項,約佔本集團總資產之45% (二零二一年:43%)。



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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. The Group is exposed to liquidity risk in respect of settlement of trade payables, other payables and accruals, convertible bonds and lease liabilities and also in respect of its cash flow management. The Group's objective is to maintain an appropriate level of liquid assets and committed lines of funding to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short-term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the board of directors (the "Board") when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

6. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

(iv) 流動資金風險

流動資金風險乃關於本集團無 法履行與其金融負債相關責任 的風險,而該等金融負債相關 通交付現金或另一種金融資資 結清。本集團就結清應付賬款、 其他應付款項及應計款項、可 換股債券及租賃負面臨流動 資金風險,亦就其現金流管的 目標為維持適當的流動資產水 平及取得承諾信貸融資,以應 付短期及長期的流動資金需求。



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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iv) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The liquidity policies have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to be effective in managing liquidity risks.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on the rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the company can be required to pay:

- 6. 金融工具(續)
 - (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)
 - (iv) 流動資金風險(續)

本集團自過去數年以來一直沿 用流動資金政策,並認為其有 效管理流動資金風險。

下表為於報告期末本集團非衍 生金融負債(按合約非貼現現 金流量計算,包括按合約利率 或浮動利率(則按報告期末當 日之利率)計算之應付利息)之 剩餘合約到期,以及本公司可 被要求還款之最早日期之詳情:

		2022						
					二零日	二二年		
				Total		More than	More than	
				contractual	Within	1 year but	2 years but	
		Effective		undiscounted	1 year or	less than	less than	
		interest	Carrying	cash flow	on demand	2 years	5 years	More than
		rate	amount	合約非貼現	一年內或	多於一年但	多於兩年但	5 years
		實際利率	賬面值	現金流量總額	應要求	少於兩年	少於五年	多於五年
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade payables	應付賬款	-	72	72	72	-	-	-
Financial liabilities included	計入其他應付款項及							
in other payables	應計款項之金融							
and accruals	負債		3,717	3,717	3,717	-	-	-
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	14.3	11,501	19,000	-	-	19,000	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3.46 to 5.38	7,204	7,763	2,938	1,654	3,171	-
			22,494	30,552	6,727	1,654	22,171	-



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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iv) Liquidity risk (Continued)

			2021 二零二一年					
				Total		More than	More than	
				contractual	Within	1 year but	2 years but	
		Effective		undiscounted	1 year or	less than	less than	
		interest	Carrying	cash flow	on demand	2 years	5 years	More than
		rate	amount	合約非貼現	一年內或	多於一年但	多於兩年但	5 years
		實際利率	賬面值	現金流量總額	應要求	少於兩年	少於五年	多於五年
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade payables	應付賬款	-	203	203	203	_	_	-
Financial liabilities included	計入其他應付款項及							
in other payables	應計款項之金融							
and accruals	負債	-	3,877	3,877	3,877	-	-	-
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	13.61 to 19.71	13,752	20,000	-	5,000	15,000	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3.00 to 5.38	9,301	10,118	3,384	2,339	4,057	338
			27,133	34,198	7,464	7,339	19,057	338

(c) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 March 2022 and 2021.

[c] 公平值

本集團按攤銷成本列值之金融工具 之賬面值與其於二零二二年及二零 二一年三月三十一日之公平值並無 重大差異。



[iv] 流動資金風險(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

6 .	金融工具 (續)
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7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the executive directors that are used to make strategic decisions. The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately according to the nature of their operations.

For management purposes, the Group is organised into two operating segments for the year:

Cinema investment and management business — cinema investment and provision of cinema management service.

Filmed entertainment, new media exploitations and licensing businesses — movie production, licensing and derivatives, crossover marketing, provision of interactive contents, artist development and last miles engagement.

The revenue from external customers reported to the management is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Revenue between segments are carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

Segment result represents the profit or loss by each segment without allocation of central administration costs including directors' salaries, investment and other income, finance costs, share of result of an associate, sharebased payments and income tax expense. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

7. 分部資料

管理層根據執行董事所審閱用於作策略決 策之報告釐定經營分部。本集團經營業務 根據業務性質分類及單獨管理。

就管理而言,本集團於本年度劃分為兩個 經營分部:

影院投資及管理業務 — 影院投資及提供 影院管理服務。

電影娛樂、新媒體開發及特許權業務— 電 影製作、特許權及衍生作品權、跨界市場推 廣、提供互動內容、藝人發展及後期業務。

向管理層報告之來自外部客戶之收益按與 綜合損益表內收益一致之方式計量。分部 間之收益按與公平交易適用者等同之條款 入賬。

分部業績指各分部之損益,未經分配中央 行政成本,包括董事薪金、投資及其他收 入、融資成本、分佔一間聯營公司業績、以 股份為基礎之付款及所得税開支。此乃向 主要經營決策者報告以進行資源分配及評 估分部表現之計量方式。



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7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue, results, assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segment.

7. 分部資料(續)

下表按可呈報及經營分部分析本集團之收 益、業績、資產及負債。

			ended 31 March 《二二年三月三十一			ended 31 March 『二一年三月三十-		
			Filmed			Filmed		
		Cinema	entertainment,		Cinema	entertainment,		
		investment	new media		investment	new media		
		and	exploitations		and	exploitations		
		management	and licensing		management	and licensing		
		business	businesses	Total	business	businesses	Total	
			電影娛樂、			電影娛樂、		
			新媒體			新媒體		
		影院投資	開發及		影院投資	開發及		
		及管理業務	特許權業務	總計	及管理業務	特許權業務	總計	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Segment Revenue	分部收益	8,494	-	8,494	6,860	-	6,860	
Segment Results	分部業績							
Reportable segment result	可呈報分部業績	(2,410)	(15)	(2,425)	(10,036)	436	(9,600)	
Unallocated corporate income	未分配企業收入			1,702	(-,,		2,423	
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配企業開支			(10,136)			(13,025)	
Share of result of an associate	分佔一間聯營公司業績			8			57	
Share-based payments	以股份為基礎之付款			(1,219)			(2,013)	
Finance costs	融資成本			(2,601)			(2,736)	
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損			(14,671)			(24,894)	
Segment Assets	分部資產							
Reportable segment assets	可呈報分部資產	2,817	370	3,187	5,598	3,110	8,708	
Interests in an associate	於一間聯營公司的權益			570			376	
Loan to an associate	向一間聯營公司授出貸款			16,029			18,931	
Unallocated corporate assets	未分配企業資產			15,621			15,933	
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值			35,407			43,948	
Segment Liabilities	分部負債							
Reportable segment liabilities	可呈報分部負債	16,202	-	16,202	17,898	-	17,898	
Convertible bonds	可換股債券			11,501			13,752	
Unallocated corporate liabilities	未分配企業負債			3,057			3,477	
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額			30,760			35,127	



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7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment information and allocating resources between segment:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than interests in an associate, loan to an associate and unallocated corporate assets.
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than convertible bonds and unallocated corporate liabilities.

Other segment information:

7. 分部資料(續)

就監察分部資料及分部間分配資源而言:

- 所有資產分配至可呈報分部,惟於一 間聯營公司的權益、向一間聯營公司 授出貸款及未分配企業資產除外。
- 所有負債分配至可呈報分部,惟可換
 股債券及未分配企業負債除外。

其他分部資料:

			Year ended 3' 截至二零二二年三 Filmed entertainment, new media exploitations and licensing businesses 電影娛樂、 新媒體 開發及	I March 2022 月三十一日止年№ Corporate level	E Total
		及管理業務	特許權業務	企業層面	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Additions to property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備添置				
equipment		10	-	-	10
Additions to right-of-use assets	使用權資產添置	-	-	1,557	1,557
Interest income	利息收入	5	-	194	199
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊				
equipment		362	-	-	362
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	238	-	546	784
Impairment of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備減值				
equipment		209	-	-	209
Impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值	703	-	1,011	1,714
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益	40			40
equipment	印在版上入业社	16	-	-	16
Gain on lease termination	租賃終止之收益	170	-	-	170
Rent concession	租金優惠	75	-	48	123



For the Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

7. 分部資料(續)

Other segment information (Continued):

其他分部資料(續):

			Year ended 31	March 2021	
		i	截至二零二一年三.	月三十一日止年度	
			Filmed		
		Cinema	entertainment,		
		investment	new media		
		and	exploitations		
		management	and licensing	Corporate	
		business	businesses	level	Total
			電影娛樂、		
			新媒體		
		影院投資	開發及		
		及管理業務	特許權業務	企業層面	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Additions to right-of-use assets	使用權資產添置	-	_	1,121	1,121
Interest income	利息收入	16	7	165	188
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊				
equipment		889	-	_	889
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,173	-	187	1,360
Impairment of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備減值				
equipment		2,753	-	-	2,753
Impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值	1,880	-	934	2,814
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	950	-	-	950
Gain on lease termination	租賃終止之收益	218	_	-	218

Revenue from major products and services:

The Group's revenue from its major products and services were as follows:

來自主要產品及服務之收益:

本集團來自主要產品及服務之收益如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cinema business	影院業務	8,494	6,860



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7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Geographical information:

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location of the customers, irrespective of the origin of the goods or services. The geographical location of the non-current assets is based on the physical location of assets in the case of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets, and the location of the operation to which they are allocated in the case of goodwill and interests in an associate. Revenue from external customers and information about noncurrent assets by geographical location are detailed below:

7. 分部資料(續)

地區資料:

本集團主要於香港及中華人民共和國(「中 國」)經營業務。客戶之地域位置按客戶所 在地劃分,而不論貨品或服務來源。非流動 資產之地域位置,就物業、廠房及設備及使 用權資產而言,乃按資產實際地點劃分,而 就商譽及於一間聯營公司的權益而言,則 按歸屬經營位置劃分。來自外部客戶之收 益及按地域位置劃分之非流動資產資料詳 列如下:

		external	Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶之收益		external customers non-current as		ent assets
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000	2022 二零二二年 HK\$ ^{'000} 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元		
Hong Kong PRC	香港中國	- 8,494		570 5	376 1,493		
		8,494	6,860	575	1,869		

Revenue from major customers:

There are no major customers contributing over 10% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil).

8. **REVENUE**

An analysis of Group's revenue for the year from operations, is as follows:

來自主要客戶之收益:

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,概 無主要客戶貢獻本集團收益超過10%(二 零二一年:無)。

8. 收益

於本年度,本集團經營業務之收益分析如 下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue from cinema business	來自影院業務之收益	8,494	6,860



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8. **REVENUE** (Continued)

8. 收益(續)

來自客戶合約收益細分

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from cinema business 影院業務收益		
— Sales of movie tickets — at a point — 銷售電影票 — 某一時間點		
in time	7,478	6,172
— Sales of snacks — at a point in time — 銷售零食 — 某一時間點	690	480
— Advertising income — over time — 廣告收入 — 隨時間	9	27
— Management services income — over — 管理服務收入 — 隨時間		
time	109	83
— Others (<i>note</i>) — 其他(<i>附註</i>)	208	98
Total 總計	8,494	6,860

note: It mainly represents the rental income for claw machines placed in cinemas, service income for registration of membership and the income for the re-issuance of membership cards for lost cards.

Contracts for advertising services typically have a 1 year to 3 years non-cancellable term in which the Group bills a fixed percentage on the box office takings. The Group elected to apply the practical expedient by recognising revenue in the amount to which the Group has right to invoice. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

The prepaid amounts in membership cards (Note 28) have no expiration and can be redeemed anytime at customers' discretion. The management of the Group expected that the remaining performance obligation as at 31 March 2022 will be materially recognised as income within one to two years after the year end.

附註: 其主要指於電影院放置爪機的租金收入、 會員註冊的服務收入及遺失卡的重新發 行會員卡的收入。

廣告服務合約一般訂有一至三年的不可取 消條款,其中本集團以票房收入的固定百 分比開票。本集團選擇採用實務經驗,以本 集團有權開具發票的金額確認收益。香港 財務報告準則第15號允許不予披露分配至 有關未達成合約的交易價。

會員卡的預付款項(附註28)並未到期,可 隨時根據客戶的意願進行兑換。本集團管 理層預期於二零二二年三月三十一日的剩 餘履約責任將於年底後一至兩年內實質性 確認為收入。



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9. OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET INCOME

9. 其他收益及其他淨收入

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$ ['] 000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$ [°] 000 千港元
Exchange gain	匯兑收益	609	1,865
Interest income	利息收入	199	188
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益		
equipment		16	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	822	-
Gain on lease termination	租賃終止之收益	170	218
Government grants (note 1)	政府補貼(<i>附註1)</i>	43	1,007
Rent concession (note 2)	租金優惠(<i>附註2)</i>	123	814
Others	其他	126	819
		2,108	4,911

notes:

附註:

1. 政府補貼指本集團就於中國營運影院獲

補貼之未達成條件或是或然事項。

 其主要指由於二零一九年新型冠狀病毒 (「新冠病毒」)而為中國電影院關閉的業

務提供的租金優惠。

政府提供及與香港政府所提供保就業計

劃有關的補貼,分別為43,000港元(二零

二一年:312,000港元)及零港元(二零

二一年:695.000港元)。概無有關該等

- The government grants represent the subsidies received by the Group from the government for the operation of cinemas in the PRC of HK\$43,000 (2021: HK\$312,000) and related to Employment Support Scheme provided by Hong Kong Government of HK\$Nil (2021: HK\$695,000). There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants.
- It mainly represents rent concession provided to cinemas in PRC for the closure of business due to 2019 Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19").

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 融資成本

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Imputed interest on convertible bonds Interest expenses on lease liabilities	可換股債券之推算利息 租賃負債之利息支出	2,251 350	2,212 524
		2,601	2,736



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11. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

11. 除稅前虧損

Loss before taxation is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

除税前虧損已扣除/(計入)下列各項:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$ [°] 000 千港元
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		
— Audit services	— 核數服務	850	850
— Other services	— 其他服務	50	500
Direct expenses of cinema business	影院業務直接開支 <i>(附註1)</i>		
(note 1)		3,643	2,994
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment		362	889
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	784	1,360
Property, plant and equipment written off	撇銷物業、廠房及設備	-	1,633
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
equipment	收益	(16)	_
Impairment of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之減值		
equipment		209	2,753
Impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之減值	1,714	2,814
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	-	950
Gain on lease termination	租賃終止之收益	(170)	(218)
Short-term lease expenses	短期租賃開支	45	_
Variable lease payments not included in the	並無計入租賃負債計量的		
measurement of lease liabilities	可變租賃付款	-	81
Staff costs (including directors'	員工成本(包括董事酬金)		
remuneration)			
— Salaries and allowances	一 薪金及津貼	6,916	8,893
— Equity settled share-based payments	— 根據權益結算以股份為		
	基礎之付款	828	885
— Retirement scheme contributions	— 退休計劃供款	861	888
Equity settled share-based payments paid	已付顧問根據權益結算		
to advisors	以股份為基礎之付款	391	1,128

note:

附註:

1. The direct expenses mainly represent the profit sharing paid to film providers.

 直接開支主要指已付電影供應商的溢利 分成。



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12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid or payable to the Company's directors for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

12. 董事酬金

截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一 日止年度已付或應付本公司董事之酬金如 下:

		Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度 Salaries,				
		Directors' fee 董事袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	allowances and other benefits 薪金、津貼 及其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement benefit scheme 退休福利 計劃 HK\$'000 千港元	Share- based payments 以股份為 基礎之付款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi	周星馳先生	-	-	-	-	-
Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly	周文姬女士	120	30	-	388	538
Mr. LAU Man Kit	劉文傑先生	180	-	-	-	180
Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice	周雅緻女士 <i>(附註1)</i>					
(note 1)		-	328	15	440	783
Mr. LIN Jason (<i>note 2</i>)	LIN Jason 先生(<i>附註2</i>)	-	129	3	-	132
Mr. YIP Yiu Bong (note 3)	葉耀邦先生 <i>(附註3)</i>	120		-	-	120
<i>Non-executive Directors</i> Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang Roberta (<i>note 6</i>)	<i>非執行董事</i> 陳鄒重珩女士 <i>(附註6)</i>	30	-	-	-	30
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Ms. CHOI Mei Ping	蔡美平女士	120		-	-	120
Mr. ONG King Keung (note 7)	王競強先生 <i>(附註7)</i>	120	_	_	_	120
Mr. TSUI Wing Tak (<i>note 5</i>)	徐永得先生 <i>(附註5)</i>	120	-	-	-	120
		810	487	18	828	2,143



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12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

12. 董事酬金(續)

				1 March 202	
		截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度			
			Salaries,		
			allowances	Share-	
		Directors'	and other	based	
		fee	benefits 薪金、津貼	payments 以股份為	Total
		董事袍金	及其他福利	基礎之付款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi	周星馳先生	_	_	365	365
Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly	周文姬女士	120	34	205	359
Mr. LAU Man Kit	劉文傑先生	150	_	_	150
Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice (note 1)	周雅緻女士(附註1)	_	_	_	_
Mr. LIN Jason <i>(note 2)</i>	LIN Jason 先生 (<i>附註2</i>)	_	_	_	_
Mr. YIP Yiu Bong (note 3)	葉耀邦先生(附註3)	-	-	_	-
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事				
Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang	陳鄒重珩女士(<i>附註6)</i>				
Roberta <i>(note 6)</i>		120	_	_	120
Mr. YIP Yiu Bong (note 3)	葉耀邦先生(<i>附註3)</i>	100	-	_	100
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事				
Ms. CHOI Mei Ping	蔡美平女士	120	_	_	120
Mr. TSOI Chiu Yuk (<i>note 4</i>)	蔡朝旭先生 <i>(附註4)</i>	12	_	_	12
Mr. ONG King Keung (note 7)	王競強先生 <i>(附註7)</i>	120	_	_	120
Mr. TSUI Wing Tak (note 5)	徐永得先生(<i>附註5)</i>	79	_	_	79
		821	34	570	1,425



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12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

- note 1: Appointed on 31 March 2021
- note 2: Appointed on 31 March 2021, suspended all duties and powers on 7 May 2021 and retired by rotation on 28 September 2021
- note 3: Appointed on 1 June 2020 as a non-executive director and re-designated as an executive director on 31 March 2021
- note 4: Resigned on 6 May 2020
- note 5: Appointed on 5 August 2020
- note 6: Resigned on 30 June 2021
- note 7: Resigned on 20 May 2022

The executive directors' emoluments shown above (excluding directors' fee) were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The executive directors' director's fee shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

The non-executive directors' and independent nonexecutive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

12. 董事酬金(續)

- 附註1: 於二零二一年三月三十一日獲委任
- 附註2: 於二零二一年三月三十一日獲委任, 於二零二一年五月七日暫停所有職務 及權力及於二零二一年九月二十八日 輪值退任
- 附註3: 於二零二零年六月一日獲委任為非執 行董事及於二零二一年三月三十一日 調任為執行董事
- 附註4: 於二零二零年五月六日辭任
- 附註5: 於二零二零年八月五日獲委任
- *附註6*: 於二零二一年六月三十日辭任
- *附註7:* 於二零二二年五月二十日辭任

上文所示的執行董事的酬金(不包括董事 袍金),乃為彼等就本公司及本集團管理事 務所提供的服務而支付。

上文所示執行董事袍金為彼等作為本公司 董事提供的服務而支付。

上述非執行董事及獨立非執行董事酬金, 乃為彼等擔任本公司董事所提供的服務而 支付。



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13. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals in the Group with the highest emoluments, two (2021: no one) are directors of the Company whose emoluments are disclosed above. The emoluments of the remaining three individuals (2021: five), are as follows:

13. 最高薪人員

本集團五名最高薪酬人員當中,兩名(二零 二一年:零名)為本公司董事,其薪酬已於 上文披露。餘下三名(二零二一年:五名) 人員之薪酬如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	1,437	1,978
Retirement scheme contributions	退休計劃供款	162	79
Staff share-based payments	員工股份支付	-	508
		1,599	2,565

Analysis of emoluments of the five highest paid individuals (including directors and other employees) by emolument range is as follows: 五名最高薪酬人員(包括董事及其他僱員) 之薪酬按薪酬範圍之分析如下:

			^{employees} 人數
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Not exceeding HK\$1,000,000	1,000,000 港元以內	5	5

During the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals, including directors, as an inducement to join the Group or as compensation for loss of office. In addition, during the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, no directors waived any emoluments. 於截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度內,本集團並無向五名最 高薪酬人員(包括董事)支付薪酬,作為彼 等加盟本集團之獎勵或作為離職之補償。 此外,於截至二零二二年及二零二一年三 月三十一日止年度內,概無董事放棄任何 薪酬。



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14. TAXATION

14. 稅項

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$`000 千港元
The taxation charge recognised in profit or loss comprises:	於損益內確認之税項 支出包括:		
Current tax Under-provision in prior years	即期税項 過往年度撥備不足	_	16
		_	16

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill") which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

No provision of Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as there is no assessable profits for the current year (2021: Nil).

PRC subsidiaries are subject to PRC Enterprise Income Tax at 25% for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021.

於二零一八年三月二十一日,香港立法會 通過《二零一七年税務(修訂)(第7號)條 例草案》(「條例草案」),引入利得税兩級 制。該條例草案於二零一八年三月二十八 日經簽署成為法律,並於翌日刊憲。根據利 得税兩級制,合資格集團實體首 2,000,000港元溢利的税率為8.25%,而 超過2,000,000港元的溢利税率為 16.5%。不符合利得税兩級制的集團實體 溢利將繼續按16.5%的統一税率徵税。

兩個年度按估計應課税溢利的16.5%計算 香港利得税。

由於本年度並無應課税溢利,因此並無計 提香港利得税撥備(二零二一年:無)。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,中國附屬公司須按税率25%繳 付中國企業所得税。


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14. TAXATION (Continued)

During the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, the tax authority in the PRC has grant concessionary tax rate at 20% to some of the PRC subsidiaries of the Company because the size and assessable profits of those subsidiaries have fulfilled the condition as small and micro corporations defined by the relevant tax authority.

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the loss before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

14. 税項(續)

截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一 日止年度,中國税務部門向本公司若干中 國附屬公司授出優惠税率20%,因為該等 附屬公司的規模及應課税溢利已達致有關 税務部門定義的小微企業條件。

本年度税項與綜合損益表所列之除税前虧 損對賬如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(14,671)	(24,894)
Tax at the respective applicable tax rate Income not subject to taxation Expenses not deductible for tax purpose Tax effect of unrecognised tax loss Tax effect of temporary difference not recognised	按有關適用税率計算之税項 毋須課税收入 不可扣減作税務用途之開支 未確認税項虧損之税務影響 未確認暫時差額之税務影響	(2,679) (185) 1,484 2,019	(5,207) (427) 2,016 3,073 545
Utilisation of deductible temporary	動用先前未確認之可扣減暫時		
differences previously not recognised Under provision in prior years	差額 過往年度撥備不足	(639) -	- 16
Taxation charged for the year	本年度税項支出	-	16

Deferred tax assets not recognised

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had unused tax losses arising in the PRC and Hong Kong of a p p r o x i m a t e l y HK\$25,380,000 (2021: HK\$21,198,000) and approximately HK\$65,059,000 (2021: HK\$63,595,000) respectively available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profits stream. Under current tax regulation, tax losses arising in the PRC can be carried forward for five to eight years from the year in which the respective loss arose while the tax losses arising in Hong Kong can be carried forward indefinitely.

未確認遞延税項資產

於報告期末,本集團有源自中國及香港之 未動用税項虧損分別約25,380,000港 元(二零二一年:21,198,000港元)及 約65,059,000港元(二零二一年: 63,595,000港元)可供用作抵銷未來溢 利。由於無法預測未來溢利來源,故並無 就未動用税項虧損確認遞延税項資產。根 據現行税務規例,源自中國之税項虧損可 於有關虧損產生年度起計五至八年結轉, 而源自香港之税項虧損則可無限期結轉。



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14. TAXATION (Continued)

14. 稅項(續)

Deferred tax assets not recognised (Continued)

Expiry dates of tax losses arising in the PRC are as follows:

未確認遞延税項資產(續)

於中國產生的税項虧損的到期日如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
2022	二零二二年	-	-	2,103	2,488
2023	二零二三年	2,652	3,270	2,652	3,138
2024	二零二四年	2,350	2,898	2,350	2,781
2025	二零二五年	2,381	2,935	2,381	2,817
2026	二零二六年	1,209	1,491	1,209	1,430
2027	二零二七年	4,771	5,882	_	_
2029	二零二九年	7,221	8,904	7,221	8,544
		20,584	25,380	17,916	21,198

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has deductible temporary differences of RMB10,584,000 (equivalent to HK\$13,049,000) (2021: RMB12,692,000 (equivalent to HK\$15,017,000)). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary difference as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

At the end of the reporting period, undistributed profits of subsidiaries amounted to approximately HK\$5,849,000 (2021: HK\$7,953,000). Withholding tax resulting from the distribution of such profits would amount approximately to HK\$585,000 (2021: HK\$795,000) if they are distributed to holding companies/shareholders outside the PRC. However, no deferred tax liabilities have been recognised in this respect as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

15. DIVIDEND

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil).

於報告期末,本集團的可扣減暫時差額為人 民幣10,584,000元(相當於13,049,000 港元)(二零二一年:人民幣12,692,000 元(相當於15,017,000港元))。由於不大 可能有應課税溢利可用以抵銷可扣減暫時 差額,故並無就有關可扣減暫時差額確認遞 延税項資產。

未確認遞延税項負債

於報告期末,附屬公司之未分派溢利約為 5,849,000港元(二零二一年: 7,953,000港元)。倘彼等向中國以外之 控股公司/股東作出分派,則分派有關溢 利產生之預扣税約為585,000港元(二零 二一年:795,000港元)。然而,由於本公 司控制該等附屬公司之股息政策且認為可 能不會於可見將來分派該等溢利,故並無 就此確認遞延税項負債。

15. 股息

董事並不建議派付截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度之任何股息(二零二一年: 無)。



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16. LOSS PER SHARE

16. 每股虧損

Basic and diluted loss per share

每股基本及攤薄虧損

		2022 二零二二年 HK cents	2021 二零二一年 HK cents
		港仙	港仙 (Restated) (經重列)
Total basic and diluted loss per share	每股基本及攤薄虧損總額	(14.77)	(25.12)

The loss and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share are as follows

用以計算每股基本及攤薄虧損之虧損及普 通股加權平均股數如下

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損	(13,779)	(21,488)
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年 (Restated) (經重列)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	用於計算每股基本及攤薄虧損之 普通股加權平均股數	93,271,316	85,538,467

The weighted average numbers of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic loss per share have been retrospectively adjusted to reflect the share consolidation with effect from 16 March 2022.

The incremental shares from assumed exercise of share options granted by the Company and conversion of the Company's outstanding convertible bonds are excluded in calculating the diluted loss per share during the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 because they are antidilutive in calculating the diluted loss per share.

用於計算每股基本虧損的普通股加權平均 數已予追溯調整,以反映自二零二二年三 月十六日起生效的股份合併。

在計算截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度每股攤薄虧損時已撇除假 設本公司已授出之購股權獲行使及本公司 尚未行使之可換股債券獲兑換而增加之股 份,原因為其對計算每股攤薄虧損具反攤 薄效應。



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17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

17. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvement 租賃	Plant and machinery	Computers	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、	Motor vehicles	Total
		物業裝修	廠房及機器	電腦	裝置及設備	汽車	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本						
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	25,055	21,347	262	5,778	1,797	54,239
Written off	撇銷	(8,584)	(3,557)	(193)	(2,031)	-	(14,365)
Currency realignment	匯兑調整	1,744	1,611	15	401	-	3,771
At 31 March 2021 and	於二零二一年三月三十一日						
1 April 2021	及二零二一年四月一日	18,215	19,401	84	4,148	1,797	43,645
Additions	☆ <u>→</u> → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →	10,215	7		3	1,757	-0,040
Disposal	出售		(878)		_	_	(878)
Currency realignment	四 口 匯 兑 調 整	767	802	3	176	_	1,748
							.,
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	18,982	19,332	87	4,327	1,797	44,525
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值						
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	24,276	16,993	249	5,353	1,797	48,668
Charge for the year	年度支出	111	686	-	92	-	889
Written off	撇銷	(8,214)	(2,600)	(184)	(1,734)	-	(12,732)
Impairment for the year (note 20)		241	2,492	-	20	-	2,753
Currency realignment	匯兑調整	1,707	1,394	14	380	-	3,495
At 31 March 2021 and	於二零二一年三月三十一日						
1 April 2021	及二零二一年四月一日	18,121	18,965	79	4,111	1,797	43,073
Charge for the year	年度支出	32	308	-	22	-	362
Disposal	出售	-	(858)	-	-	-	(858)
Impairment for the year (note 20)	年內減值 <i>(附註20)</i>	64	125	-	20	-	209
Currency realignment	匯兑調整	765	792	3	174	-	1,734
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	18,982	19,332	82	4,327	1,797	44,520
Net book value	賬面淨值						
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	-	-	5	-	-	5
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	94	436	5	37	_	572

The property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,633,000 was written off during last year due to lease termination for a cinema in PRC with poor business environment. For details, please refer to Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements. 營商環境欠佳導致中國一間影院的租賃終止,故去年已撤銷賬面值為約1,633,000 港元的物業、廠房及設備。有關詳情,請參 閱綜合財務報表附註18。



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18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

18. 使用權資產

The consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

綜合財務狀況報表列示以下有關租賃之金 額:

		HK \$'000 千港元
Net carrying amount at 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日之賬面淨值	10,829
Additions	添置	1,121
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(1,360)
Impairment (<i>note 20</i>)	減值(<i>附註20</i>)	(2,814)
Lease termination (note)	租賃終止(附註)	(7,383)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	528
Net carrying amount at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日及	004
and 1 April 2021	二零二一年四月一日之賬面淨值	921
Additions	添置	1,557
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(784)
Impairment (<i>note 20</i>)	減值(<i>附註20</i>)	(1,714)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	20

於二零二二年三月三十一日之賬面淨值

note: During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group and the lessor has mutually agreed to early terminate lease contract for an office in PRC. Lease liabilities had been decreased by HK\$170,000. Respective right-of-use assets had been fully impaired in previous year. A gain of lease termination of HK\$170,000 was recognised in profit or loss.

Net carrying amount at 31 March 2022

Due to poor business environment, the Group and the lessor has mutually agreed to early terminate lease contract for a cinema in the PRC during last year. Right-ofuse assets and lease liabilities therefore decreased by HK\$7,383,000 and HK\$7,601,000 respectively. A gain on lease termination of HK\$218,000 was recognised in profit or loss. 附註: 於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團與出租人已共同協定提前終止中 國辦事處的租賃合約。租賃負債已減少 170,000港元。各項使用權資產已於去 年悉數計提減值。終止租賃收益 170,000港元已於損益確認。

> 由於營商環境欠佳,去年本集團與出租 人共同協定提前終止中國一間影院的租 賃合約。因此使用權資產及租賃負債分 別減少7,383,000港元及7,601,000 港元。租賃終止之收益218,000港元已 於損益確認。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$ ³ 000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Expense relating to short-term leases Variable lease payments not included in	與短期租賃有關的開支 並無計入租賃負債計量的	45	_
the measurement of lease liabilities	可變租賃付款	-	81
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃的現金流出總額	3,470	3,196
Additions to right-of-use assets	使用權資產添置	1,557	1,121



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18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

For both years, the Group leases various offices, cinemas and storage for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 2 to 15 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the noncancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for various offices. As at 31 March 2022, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed in Note 11.

Variable lease payments

Leases of cinemas are either with only fixed lease payments or contain variable lease payment that are based on 11 to 13% of net sales, which is total sales less sales tax and charges, and minimum annual lease payment that are fixed over the lease term. The payment terms are common in cinemas business in the PRC where the Group operates. The amount of fixed and variable lease payments paid/payable to relevant lessors for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021:

For the year ended 31 March 2022

18. 使用權資產(續)

於兩個年度,本集團租賃各辦公室、影院及 儲物室作其營運之用。所訂立的租賃合約 的固定期限為2至15年。租賃條款乃按個 別基準協商,並載有各種不同的條款及條 件。於釐定租期及評估不可撤回期間的長 度時,本集團應用合約的定義並釐定合約 可強制執行的期間。

本集團就多間辦公室定期訂立短期租賃。 於二零二二年三月三十一日,短期租賃組 合與短期租賃開支於附註11披露之短期租 賃組合類似。

可變租賃付款

電影院的租賃為僅採用固定租賃付款或包 含基於11至13%銷售淨額(即銷售總額減 銷售税及費用)的可變租賃付款的兩者之 一及在租賃期內固定的最低年度租賃付款 額。付款條款在本集團經營所在的中國電 影院業務中較為普遍。截至二零二二年及 二零二一年三月三十一日止年度已付/應 付予有關出租人的固定及可變租賃付款金 額:

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

		Number of cinemas 電影院數目	Fixed payments 固定付款 HK\$'000 千港元	Variable payments 可變付款 HK\$'000 千港元 (note) (附註)	Total payments 付款總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Cinema without variable lease payments Cinemas with variable lease	無可變租賃付款的 電影院 具有可變租賃付款的	1	826	-	826
payments	電影院	1	1,386	-	1,386



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18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

18. 使用權資產(續)

Variable lease payments (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2021

可變租賃付款(續)

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

		Number of cinemas 電影院數目	Fixed payments 固定付款 HK\$'000 千港元	Variable payments 可變付款 HK\$'000 千港元 (note) (附註)	Total payments 付款總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Cinema without variable lease payments	無可變租賃付款的 電影院	1	707	_	707
Cinemas with variable lease payments	具有可變租賃付款的 電影院	2	1,254	81	1,335

note: The variable payments mainly represent the over-provision of variable lease payments in previous year.

The overall financial effect of using variable payment terms is that higher rental costs are incurred by cinemas with higher sales. Variable rent expenses are expected to continue to represent a similar proportion of revenue in future years.

Rent concessions

During the year ended 31 March 2022, lessors of various offices, warehouse and cinemas provided rent concessions to the Group through rent reductions ranging from 23% over four months and waiver of rent for 1 month.

These rent concessions occurred as a direct consequence of Covid-19 pandemic and met all of the conditions in HKFRS 16.46B, and the Group applied the practical expedient not to assess whether the changes constitute lease modifications. 附註:可變付款主要為過往年度可變租賃付款 的超額撥備。

使用可變付款條款的整體財務影響,為銷 售量較高的電影院會產生較高的租金成本。 可變租金支出預期將在來年繼續佔收入的 類似比例。

租金減免

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,各 辦公室、倉庫及影院出租人透過於四個月 內減租23%及豁免一個月租金向本集團提 供租金減免。

該等租金減免乃因新冠病毒疫情直接所導 致及符合香港財務報告準則第16.46B條 中的所有條件,且本集團已應用可行權宜 方法不評估變動是否構成租賃修改。



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19. GOODWILL

19. 商譽

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本		
At the beginning and at the end of the year	年初及年末	12,423	12,423
Accumulated impairment losses	累計減值虧損		
At the beginning of the year	年初	(12,423)	(11,473)
Impairment	減值	-	(950)
At the end of the year	年末	(12,423)	(12,423)
Carrying amount	賬面值		
At the end of the year	年末	-	_

The carrying amount of goodwill (net of accumulated impairment losses) was allocated to cash-generating units ("CGUs") as follows:

商譽之賬面值(經扣除累計減值虧損)已分 配至現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」),具 體如下:

		2022 二零二二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cinema business — Cinema Group	影院業務 — 電影院集團	-	-

The goodwill arose from the acquisition of Bingo Cinema (Shanghai) Company Limited ("Shanghai Bingo") together with its subsidiaries ("Cinema Group") during the year ended 31 March 2013, which was engaged in cinema business.

20. IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT OF GOODWILL, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS RELATED TO THE CINEMA GROUP

During the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, the business performance of the subsidiaries of Shanghai Bingo was below expectation, the management of the Group concluded there was indication for impairment and performed impairment assessment on the CGUs of Cinema business. 截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,商 譽產生自收購從事影院業務之比高電影院 (上海)有限公司(「比高上海」)及其附屬 公司(「電影院集團」)。

20. 與電影院集團相關的商譽、物 業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產 的減值評估

截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一 日止年度,比高上海附屬公司的經營業績 低於預期,本集團管理層認為影院業務之 現金產生單位存在減值跡象並對其進行減 值評估。



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20. IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT OF GOODWILL, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS RELATED TO THE CINEMA GROUP (Continued)

The Group estimates the recoverable amounts of the subsidiaries of Shanghai Bingo, which are considered as individual CGUs to which the assets belong. In addition, the management of the Group estimates the recoverable amounts of the Cinema Group. The recoverable amounts of the above CGUs have been determined on the basis of value in use.

The value in use calculations use cash flow projections based on the latest financial budgets approved by the management of the Company covering a 5-year period at pre-tax discount rates of 16.1% (2021: 13.8%). Cash flow projection during the budget period was based on the operating costs, budgeted sales, growth rate and gross margin during the budget period and the budgeted sales and budgeted margin have been determined based on past performance and management's expectations for the future changes in the market.

Based on the result of the assessment, the directors of the Company determine that the recoverable amount of the CGUs is lower than the aggregate carrying amount of the CGUs and full impairment was provided for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: recoverable amount was approximately HK\$1,500,000). The impairment amount has been allocated to each category of property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets, such that the carrying amount of each category of asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. Accordingly, the Group recognised impairment losses on goodwill, property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets of Nil (2021: HK\$950,000), HK\$209,000 (2021: HK\$2,753,000) and HK\$1,714,000 (2021: HK\$2,814,000) respectively during the year 31 March 2022.

20. 與電影院集團相關的商譽、物 業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產 的減值評估(續)

本集團估計比高上海附屬公司的可收回金 額,被視為資產所屬的單獨現金產生單位。 此外,本集團管理層估計電影院集團的可 收回金額。上述現金產生單位的可收回金 額乃根據使用價值確定。

使用價值乃使用根據本公司管理層所批准 涵蓋5年期間的最新財務預算之現金流量 預測,按税前貼現率16.1%(二零二一年: 13.8%)計算。預算期間之現金流量預測 乃以預算期間之經營成本、預算銷售、增長 率及毛利率為基準,而預算銷售及預算毛 利率乃根據過往表現及管理層對市場之未 來變化之預期而釐定。

根據評估結果,本公司董事釐定現金產生單位的可收回金額低於現金產生單位的賬面總值,且於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度悉數計提減值(二零二一年:可收回金額為約1,500,000港元)。減值金額已分配至各類別之物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產,以致各類別資產的賬面值不會削減至低於其公平值減出售成本及其使用價值兩者中的最高者。就此,截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本集團已就商譽、物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產確認減值虧損分別零(二零二一年:950,000港元)、209,000港元(二零二一年:2,753,000港元)及1,714,000港元(二零二一年:2,814,000港元)。



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21. INTERESTS IN AN ASSOCIATE

21. 於聯營公司的權益

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$ ['] 000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted shares	非上市股份		
Share of net assets	分佔淨資產	11	3
Amount due from an associate (note b)	應收聯營公司款項(<i>附註b)</i>	559	373
		570	376
Loan to an associate (<i>note c</i>)	向一間聯營公司授出貸款(附註c)	16,029	18,931

The following list contains the particulars of the Group's associate:

下表載有本集團聯營公司的詳情:

				Propo	ortion of ownersl 擁有權權益比		
Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	Form of business structure 業務結構形式	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及 營運地點	Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及繳足 股本詳情	Group's effective interest 本集團的 實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司持有	Held by subsidiaries 附屬公司持有	Principal activity 主要活動
Goal Creation Game Limited 創高遊戲有限公司	来奶 <u>葡</u> 稱形式 Incorporated 註冊成立	当建地綱 Hong Kong 香港	100 shares of HK\$1 each 100股每股面值 1港元的股份	具际推 型 49%	-	49%	エ安府勤 Investing in Virtual Reality and Mixed Reality Project 投資虛擬實境及混合實境 項目

(a) Fair value of investments

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's associate is a private company and there was no quoted market price available for the investment.

(b) Amount due from an associate

The amount due from an associate is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The balance is denominated in HK\$ and approximate to their fair value.

(a) 投資之公平值

於報告期末,本集團之聯營公司為私 人公司且有關投資並無市場報價。

(b) 應收聯營公司之款項

應收聯營公司之款項屬無抵押、不計 息及須按要求償還。該結餘乃以港元 計值及與其公平值相若。



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21. INTERESTS IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

(c) Loan to an associate

On 30 September 2019, the Group entered into a loan agreement ("2019 Loan Agreement") with the associate. Pursuant to the 2019 Loan Agreement, the Group advanced a loan of RMB16,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$19,728,000 (2021: HK\$18,931,000)) to the associate for three years. The associate placed the loan into a bank as bank deposit and time deposit for interest income.

The loan is unsecured, bearing interest at annual rates of 0.4% to 2.35% (2021: 0.4% to 2.1%), which is at the same interest rate as for bank deposit and time deposit placed in the bank mentioned above, RMB2,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,466,000) was repayable on demand and the remaining RMB11,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$13,563,000) was repayable in September 2022. In September 2021, the Group has confirmed with Goal Creation Game Limited ("Goal Creation") that Goal Creation allowed the Group to withdraw the loan partially up to RMB5,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$6,165,000) on demand and the remaining RMB11,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$13,563,000) remained to be repayable in September 2022. RMB3,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$3,651,000) had been repaid to the Group in October 2021 (2021: RMB16,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$18,931,000) was repayable in September 2022).

21. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

(c) 向一間聯營公司授出貸款

於二零一九年九月三十日,本集團與 聯營公司訂立貸款協議(「二零一九 年貸款協議」)。根據二零一九年貸款 協議,本集團向聯營公司墊款 人民幣16,000,000元(相當於 19,728,000港元(二零二一年: 18,931,000港元)),為期三年。該 聯營公司將貸款存入銀行作為銀行 存款及定期存款以獲取利息收入。

該筆貸款為無抵押,年利率為D.4% 至2.35% (二零二一年:0.4%至 2.1%)(與上述存入銀行的銀行存 款及定期存款的利率相同),且人民 幣2.000.000元(相當於 2,466,000港元)屬按要求償還及餘 下人民幣11,000,000元(相當於 13,563,000港元)須於二零二二年 九月償還。於二零二一年九月,本集 團已向創高游戲有限公司(「創高」) 確認,創高允許本集團按要求部分提 取最多人民幣5,000,000元(相當於 約6,165,000港元)的貸款,以及餘 下人民幣11,000,000元(相當於約 13,563,000港元)仍須於二零二二 年九月償還。人民幣3,000,000元 (相當於約3,651,000港元)已於 二零二一年十月償還予本集團(二零 二一年:人民幣16,000,000元(相 當於18,931,000港元)須於二零 二二年九月償還)。



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21. INTERESTS IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of the material associate is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amount shown in the associates' financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs:

21. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

有關主要聯營公司的財務資料概要載列如下。以下財務資料概要指聯營公司根據香 港財務報告準則編製之財務報表所示金額:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	16,611	19,310
Current liabilities	流動負債	(16,588)	(19,305)
Net assets	資產淨額	23	5
Group's effective interest	本集團的實際權益	49 %	49%
Share of net assets	分佔資產淨額	11	3
Revenue	收益	-	-
Profit for the year	年度溢利	18	116
Dividend received from the associate	年內已收聯營公司股息		
during the year		-	_

22. INVENTORIES

22. 存貨

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Finished goods	製成品	-	945

23. TRADE RECEIVABLES

23. 應收賬款

The aging of the Group's trade receivables based on the invoice date is analysed as follows:

本集團根據發票日期之應收賬款賬齡分析 如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30 日以內	14	115
31–60 days	31至60日	-	27
61–90 days	61至90日	-	3
Over 90 days	90日以上	53	61
		67	206
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	減:預期信貸虧損撥備	-	-
		67	206



For the Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

23. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022, included in the Group's trade receivables balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$53,000 (2021: HK\$91,000) which are past due as at the reporting date, of which HK\$Nil (2021: HK\$16,000) has been past due more than 30 days but less than 90 days and HK\$53,000 (2021: HK\$48,000) has been past due over 90 days.

For cinema business and filmed entertainment, new media exploitations and licensing business segment, the credit terms granted by the Group to its customers normally ranged from COD (cash-on-delivery) to 120 days. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. All trade receivables are expected to be recovered within one year.

Details of impairment assessment of trade receivables are set out in note 6.

23. 應收賬款(續)

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團應收 賬款結餘包括賬面總值為53,000港元(二 零二一年:91,000港元)且於報告日期已 逾期的應收款項,其中零港元(二零二一 年:16,000港元)已逾期超過30日但少於 90日及53,000港元(二零二一年: 48,000港元)已逾期90日以上。

就影院業務以及電影娛樂、新媒體開發及 特許權業務分部而言,本集團給予其客戶 之信貸期一般由現金交收至120日不等。 本集團致力對其未收回應收款項維持嚴格 監控。資深管理層負責定期檢討逾期結餘。 所有應收賬款預期於一年內收回。

應收賬款的減值評估詳情載於附註6。

24. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS 24. 其他應收款項、按金及預付款項

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK \$`000 千港元
Other receivables	其他應收款項	1,189	564
Deposits and prepayments Monies held by a trust for share award	按金及預付款項 以股份獎勵計劃信託方式	723	1,130
scheme	持有的金額	5,000	5,000
		6,912	6,694
Represented by:	代表:		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	547	355
Current assets	流動資產	6,365	6,339
		6,912	6,694

As the monies held by a trust managed by a trustee which is a licensed corporation under the Securities and Futures Ordinance and is licensed to carry on the regulated activities in connection with asset management, the management of the Group considers that the credit risk and the corresponding expected credit loss of the monies were immaterial. 該等款項由受託人管理的一個信託所持有, 該受託人是根據證券及期貨條例獲准從事 與資產管理有關的受規管活動的持牌法團, 本集團管理層認為該等款項的信貸風險及 相應的預期信貸虧損並不重大。



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25. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

25. 現金及現金等值物

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash at banks and in hand	銀行及手頭現金	11,824	15,303

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rate based on daily bank deposit rates. The fair values of the Group's bank balances and cash at 31 March 2022 and 2021 approximate their corresponding carrying amounts.

As at 31 March 2022, deposits and cash placed with banks in Mainland China amounted to approximately HK\$3,758,000 (2021: HK\$7,215,000). Remittance of funds out of Mainland China is subject to relevant rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the government of Mainland China.

The bank balances carry interest at market rates which range from 0.001% to 0.3% (2021: 0.001% to 0.3%) per annum.

For the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, the Group performed impairment assessment on bank balances and concluded that the probability of defaults of the counterparty banks and financial institution are insignificant and accordingly, no allowance for expected credit losses is provided.

銀行現金按基於每日銀行存款利率之浮動 利率賺取利息。本集團於二零二二年及二 零二一年三月三十一日之銀行結餘及現金 之公平值與其相應之賬面值相若。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,存放於中國 內地銀行之存款及現金為約3,758,000港 元(二零二一年:7,215,000港元)。將資 金匯出中國內地須受中國內地政府頒佈之 相關外匯管制規則及規例所規限。

銀行結餘按每年0.001%至0.3%(二零 二一年:0.001%至0.3%)的市場利率計 息。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一 日止年度,本集團對銀行結餘進行減值評 估並得出結論,對手方銀行及金融機構違 約的可能性不大,故並無就預期信貸虧損 計提撥備。



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26. TRADE PAYABLES

The aging of the Group's trade payables based on the invoice date is analysed as follows:

26. 應付賬款

本集團根據發票日期的應付賬款之賬齡分 析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30日以內	48	187
31–60 days	31至60日	-	-
61–90 days	61至90日	-	4
Over 90 days	90日以上	24	12
		72	203

Payment terms with suppliers are generally within 30 days.

All amounts are short term and hence the carrying values of trade payables are considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value. 供應商之付款期限一般為30日以內。

所有金額為短期,因此應付賬款的賬面值 被視為與公平值合理相若。

27. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

27. 其他應付款項及應計款項

					2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Oth	er payables and accruals (<i>note 1</i>)	其他應付款項及應言 <i>(附註1)</i>	計款項		3,717	3,877
note	35:		附註	:		
1.	Included in the amount mainly represents remuneration of approximately HK\$850 HK\$850,000).		1.		至主要指核數師酬金 零二一年 : 850,000	

2. All of the other payables and accruals are expected to be settled within one year or are repayable on demand.



所有其他應付款項及應計款項預計將於 一年內結清或按要求償還。

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28. CONTRACTS LIABILITIES

28. 合約負債

As at 31 March	於三月三十一日	8,266	7,994
Currency realignment	匯兑調整	335	599
for the year		1,358	893
Receipt in advance from customers	年內收取客戶墊款		
liabilities		(1,421)	(903)
Revenue recognised during the year in relation to carried-forward contract.	年內確認有關結轉合約負債 的收益		
		7,334	7,400
As at 1 April	於四月一日	7,994	7.405
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	—
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021

Cinema investment and management

The balance was a prepaid amount in the membership card by the customers. The balance will be recognised as income when the customers buy the movies tickets, and the corresponding movie was broadcasted, and snacks by utilising the prepaid amount in the membership card.

The timing of the transfer of the movies tickets and snacks are at the discretion of the customers and the management considers that the contract liabilities would not have significant financing component.

All the contract liabilities are expected to be settled within the Group's normal operating cycle in respect of cinema investment and management segment and the whole balances are classified as current.

No revenue was recognised in the current year relates to performance obligations that were satisfied in prior periods.

影院投資及管理

結餘為客戶於會員卡的預付款項。當客戶 使用會員卡預付金額購買電影票(相應的 電影已經播出)及零食時,結餘將確認為收 益。

轉讓電影票及零食的時間按客戶指示,管 理層認為合約負債並無重大融資組成部分。

所有合約負債預期於本集團影院投資及管 理分部的正常經營週期內結清,結餘整體 分類為流動。

本年度並無就過往期間達成的履約責任確 認收益。



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29. LEASE LIABILITIES

29. 租賃負債

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Lease liabilities payable:	應付租賃負債:		
Within one year Within a period of more than one year	一年內 一年以上但不超過兩年	2,689	3,070
but not more than two years		1,497	2,131
Within a period of more than two years but not more than five years	兩年以上但不超過五年	3,018	3,765
Within a period of more than five years	五年以上	-	335
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12	減.19個日內到期償付的	7,204	9,301
months shown under current liabilities	减,12回方内到溯貨內的 流動負債	(2,689)	(3,070)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months shown under non-current	12 個月後到期償付的 非流動負債		
liabilities		4,515	6,231

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities range from 3.46% to 5.38% (2021: from 3% to 5.38%).

All lease obligations are denominated in the functional currencies of the relevant group entities.

30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

On 1 April 2020, the outstanding amount of convertible bonds issued to Mr. Chiau Sing Chi ("Mr. Chiau") was HK\$30 million, those convertible bonds being Tranche 1 to Tranche 5 of the convertible bonds issued in February 2010 and subsequently modified in March 2020. Details are described in Note 35.

The convertible bonds contain two components, liability component and equity component.

適用於租賃負債的加權平均遞增借款利率 介乎3.46%至5.38%(二零二一年:3% 至5.38%)。

所有租賃承擔均以相關集團實體的功能貨 幣計價。

30. 可換股債券

於二零二零年四月一日,向周星馳先生(「周 先生」)發行之可換股債券之結餘為 30,000,000港元,該等可換股債券為於 二零一零年二月發行及其後於二零二零年 三月修訂之第1期至第5期可換股債券。詳 情載於附註35。

可換股債券包括兩個部分,即負債部分及 權益部分。



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30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the remaining outstanding convertible bonds of Tranche 1 were redeemed at a redemption amounting to HK\$10,000,000, which is equal to 100% of the principal amount of the outstanding convertible bonds of Tranche 1.

On 7 December 2021, the Company entered into the Subscription and Settlement Agreement ("Agreement") with Mr. Chiau, the holder of convertible bonds. According to the Agreement, the Company agreed to issue and Mr. Chiau agreed to subscribe for convertible bonds in the principal amount of HK\$19,000,000 ("2022 CB"), the consideration of which would be set-off against the principal amount of the convertible bonds outstanding as at 7 December 2021.

The above settlement terms of the convertible bonds between the Company and Mr. Chiau were considered as renegotiation of convertible bonds and therefore the original convertible bonds were extinguished and the new convertible bonds were recognised on the date which convertible bonds to be issued.

The Agreement and the transaction contemplated thereunder were approved in the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company on 14 March 2022, and convertible bonds with principal amount of HK\$19,000,000 were issued to Mr. Chiau on 17 March 2022. As such, the Company had derecognised the carrying amount of Tranche 2 to Tranche 5 convertible bonds of approximately HK\$15,980,000 and recognised the fair value of convertible bonds of approximately HK\$20,181,000. The difference of approximately HK\$4,201,000 and related cost incurred for issuing convertible bonds approximately HK\$722,000 had been debited to reserve of the Company as Mr. Chian is also the substantial shareholder of the Company, it was considered as an equity transaction. Details are described in Note 35. During the year ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, no Tranche 2 to 5 or 2022 CB was converted into shares of the Company by the holder.

30. 可換股債券(續)

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,第1 期剩餘未轉換可換股債券按相等於第1期 未轉換可換股債券本金額100%的贖回金 額(即10,000,000港元)予以贖回。

於二零二一年十二月七日,本公司與可換 股債券持有人周先生訂立認購及清償協議 (「該協議」)。根據該協議,本公司同意發 行,而周先生同意認購本金額為 19,000,000港元的可換股債券(「二零 二二年可換股債券」),其代價將由於二零 二一年十二月七日之未轉換可換股債券之 本金額抵銷。

本公司與周先生訂立之上述可換股債券清 償條款被視為重新磋商可換股債券,故原 可換股債券已註銷,且新可換股債券於可 換股債券發行日期確認。

該協議及其項下擬進行的交易已於二零 二二年三月十四日在本公司股東特別大會 獲批准,並於二零二二年三月十七日向周 先生發行本金額為19,000,000港元之可 換股債券。因此,本公司已終止確認第2期 至第5期可換股債券的賬面值約 15,980,000港元,並確認可換股債券之 公平值約20,181,000港元。發行可換股 債券所產生之差額約4,201,000港元及相 關成本約722,000港元已計入本公司儲 備,由於周先生亦為本公司主要股東,故其 被視作一項股權交易。詳情載於附註35。 截至二零二年及二零二一年三月三十一 日止年度,第2期至第5期或二零二二年可 換股債券概無獲持有人轉換為本公司股份。



For the Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

The fair value of the liability component which was determined by independent professional valuers Sino-Infinite Apprasial Limited on the issue date, is the present value of the contractually determined stream of future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate 14.3% (2021: 13.61% to 19.71%) and providing substantially the same cash flows, on the same terms, but without the conversion option. The residual amount of the fair value amount are assigned as equity amount and included in equity.

The movement of the liability component and equity component of the convertible bonds for the year is set out below:

30. 可換股債券(續)

負債部分之公平值(由獨立專業估值師中 源評估有限公司釐定)於發行日期,為合約 所釐定未來現金流量按實際利率14.3%(二 零二一年:13.61%至19.71%)折現的現 值,並以相同條款提供大致相同現金流量, 惟沒有兑換選擇權。公平值餘額分配為權 益部分,並計入權益內。

年內,可換股債券負債部分及權益部分之 變動載列如下:

		Liability component 負債部分 HK\$'000 千港元	Equity component 權益部分 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	21,540	25,548
Imputed interest charged Redemption of convertible bonds	已計推算利息 贖回可換股債券	2,212 (10,000)	- (25,508)
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	13,752	40
Imputed interest charged Issue of convertible bonds Extinguishment of convertible bonds	已計推算利息 發行可換股債券 清償可換股債券	2,251 11,438 (15,940)	- 8,743 (40)
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	11,501	8,743
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Mature within 1 year Mature later than 1 year	一年內到期 一年後到期	- 11,501	- 13,752
		11,501	13,752



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31. SHARE CAPITAL

31. 股本

		As at 31 March 2022 於二零二二年三月三十一日 Number of		As at 31 Ma 於二零二一年3 Number of	
		shares 股份數目 '000 千股	Amount 面值 HK\$'000 千港元	shares 股份數目 '000 千股	Amount 面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised:	法定:				
At the beginning of the year, ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each Share consolidation <i>(note 1)</i>	於年初,每股面值 0.01 港元 的普通股 股份合併(附註1)	20,000,000 (18,000,000)	200,000 -	20,000,000 -	200,000 -
At the end of the year, ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 (2021: HK\$0.01) each	於年末,每股面值0.1港元 (二零二一年:0.01港元) 的普通股	2,000,000	200,000	20,000,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:				
At the beginning of the year, ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each Placing of shares (<i>note 2</i>) Share consolidation (<i>note 1</i>)	於年初,每股面值0.01港元 的普通股 配售股份(<i>附註2</i>) 股份合併(<i>附註1</i>)	855,385 171,060 (923,800)	8,554 1,711 -	855,385 - -	8,554 - -
At the end of the year, ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 (2021:HK\$0.01) each	於年末 [,] 每股面值0.1港元 (二零二一年:0.01港元) 的普通股	102,645	10,265	855,385	8,554

note 1:

附註1:

On 16 March 2022, the Company completed share consolidation which was approved at the extraordinary general meeting held on 14 March 2022. Details of share consolidation is as follows:

The Company implemented a share consolidation on the basis that every ten existing shares of HK\$0.01 of the Company combined into one consolidated share of HK\$0.1 effective on 16 March 2022.

於二零二二年三月十六日,本公司完成股份合 併,其已於二零二二年三月十四日召開的股東特 別大會上獲通過。股份合併的詳情載列如下:

本公司按每10股本公司每股面值0.01港元的現 有股份合併為一股每股面值0.1港元的合併股份 的基準進行股份合併,自二零二二年三月十六日 起生效。



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31. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

note 2:

On 27 September 2021, the Company entered into a placing agreement with a placing agent in respect of the placement of 171,060,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each to investors at a price of HK\$0.034 per share. The placement was completed on 18 October 2021 and the premium on the issue of shares amounting to approximately HK\$3,750,000 (net of transaction cost) was credited to the Company's share premium account.

Share award scheme

The Board of the Company approved the adoption of a share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") with effect from 14 August 2019 (the "Adoption Date"). The purpose of the Share Award Scheme is to (i) recognise and reward the contributions by certain eligible participants and to give incentives thereto in order to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group; and (ii) to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group. Unless otherwise early terminated by the resolution of the board, the Share Award Scheme is valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the Adoption Date.

The Share Award Scheme is operated through a trustee which is independent of the Group. The shares to be awarded under the Share Award Scheme will be (i) issued by way of new issue of shares; and/or (ii) acquired by the trustee from the open market after the notification and instruction by the Company. The trustee shall not hold more than 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company.

31. 股本(續)

附註2:

於二零二一年九月二十七日,本公司與配售代理 訂立配售協議,當中涉及按每股0.034港元的價 格向投資者配售171,060,000股每股面值0.01 港元的普通股。配售已於二零二一年十月十八日 完成,且發行股份溢價約3,750,000港元(扣除 交易成本)已計入本公司股份溢價賬。

股份獎勵計劃

本公司董事會批准採納一項股份獎勵計劃 (「股份獎勵計劃」),自二零一九年八月 十四日(「採納日期」)起生效。股份獎勵計 劃的宗旨為(i)表彰及獎勵若干合資格參與 者作出的貢獻並給予獎勵,務求挽留彼等 繼續為本集團持續營運及發展效力;及(ii) 吸引適合人員以進一步推動本集團發展。 除非董事會決議提前終止,否則股份獎勵 計劃自採納日期起計10年期間有效及生 效。

股份獎勵計劃透過一名獨立於本集團的受 託人運營。根據股份獎勵計劃獎勵的股份 將(i)以發行新股的方式發行;及/或(ii)由 受託人在收到本公司的通知及指示後從公 開市場上購入。受託人持有本公司已發行 股份的總數不應超過10%。



For the Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Share award scheme (Continued)

On 16 August 2019 and 14 October 2019, the Company granted an aggregate of 1,279,000 (adjusted for share consolidation effective on 16 March 2022) awarded shares to two executive directors, namely Mr. Chiau and Ms. Chow Man Ki Kelly, and 2,986,000 (adjusted for share consolidation effective on 16 March 2022) awarded shares (collectively referred to as the "Awarded Shares") to other employees and advisors of the Group (collectively referred to as the "Selected Participants"). Subject to the acceptance of the Selected Participants and that the Selected Participants remain as employees and advisors of the Group on the vesting date of the Awarded Shares, the Awarded Shares shall vest in them on 15 August 2020, 13 October 2020 and 13 October 2021, at which time the Awarded Shares were transferred to the Selected Participants at nil consideration.

As additional time is required for the trustee to acquire the Awarded Shares on market, subject to the terms and conditions of the Share Award Scheme, during the year ended 31 March 2021, the Company and the relevant Selected Participants mutually agreed that part of the Awarded Shares, which were originally vested on the first anniversary of the date of grant, would be vested to the Selected Participants on the second anniversary of the date of grant or the date when the trustee has completed the acquisition of all the Awarded Shares on market, whichever is earlier. During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company and all the holders of Awarded Shares mutually agreed that all the Awarded Shares will be vested in August 2024 or the date when the trustee has completed the acquisition of all the Awarded Shares on market, whichever is earlier.

During the year, the Company did not repurchase any shares of the Company through the trustee of the Share Award Scheme from the open market. The Group recognised a share award expense of HK\$51,000 (2021: HK\$1,120,000) during the year ended 31 March 2022 in respect of the Awarded Shares granted. As at 31 March 2022 and 2021, no shares were held through the trustee of the Share Award Scheme.

31. 股本(續)

股份獎勵計劃(續)

於二零一九年八月十六日及二零一九年十 月十四日,本公司向兩名執行董事(即周先 生及周文姬女士)授出合共1,279,000股 (就於二零二二年三月十六日生效之股份 合併作出調整)獎勵股份及向本集團其他 僱員及顧問(統稱「選定參與者」)授出 2,986,000股(就於二零二二年三月十六 日生效之股份合併作出調整)獎勵股份(統 稱「獎勵股份」)。待接納選定參與者後及 選定參與者於獎勵股份歸屬日期仍為本集 團僱員及顧問的前提下,獎勵股份須於二 零二零年八月十五日、二零二零年十月 十三日及二零二一年十月十三日歸屬於彼 等,其時獎勵股份將無償轉移至選定參與 者。

由於受託人需額外時間收購市場上的獎勵 股份,在受限於股份獎勵計劃的條款及條 件情況下,截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度,本公司及有關選定參與者共同協 定,部分獎勵股份(最初於授予日期的一週 年歸屬)將於授出日期之第二週年當日或 受託人已完成收購市場上所有獎勵股份當 日(以較早者為準)歸屬選定參與者。截至 二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本公司 及所有獎勵股份持有人共同協定,所有獎 勵股份將於二零二四年八月或受託人已完 成收購市場上所有獎勵股份當日(以較早 者為準)歸屬。

年內,本公司並無透過股份獎勵計劃的受 託人於公開市場回購本公司任何股份。本 集團於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年 度就授出的獎勵股份確認51,000港元(二 零二一年:1,120,000港元)的股份獎勵 開支。於二零二二年及二零二一年三月 三十一日,通過股份獎勵計劃的受託人並 無持有任何股份。

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31. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Share options scheme

Details of the Company's share option schemes and the share options granted under the share option schemes are included in Note 33 to the financial statements.

Capital management

Capital comprises of share capital and reserves stated on the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for owners of the Company and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher owners' returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions. During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group maintains its net asset position.

As at the year ended, interest bearing debt and total cash balances are approximately HK\$11,501,000 (2021: HK\$13,752,000) and HK\$11,824,000 (2021: HK\$15,303,000) respectively. As the total cash amounts are higher than the interest bearing debt amounts, the net debt-to-equity ratio is not applicable.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirement.

31. 股本(續)

購權股計劃

本公司購股權計劃及根據購股權計劃授出 的購股權的詳情載於財務報表附註33。

資本管理

資本包括綜合財務狀況報表內載列之股本 及儲備。本集團管理資本之首要目標乃保 障本集團能夠繼續按持續經營基準經營, 從而令本集團通過按風險水平相應地為產 品及服務定價以及以合理成本取得融資管 道,繼續為本公司擁有人帶來回報並為其 他權益持有人帶來裨益。

本集團定期檢討及管理其資本架構,務求 在較高擁有人回報(可能帶來較高借貸水 平)與良好資本狀況帶來之好處及保障兩 者之間取得平衡,並因應經濟環境之變化 調整資本架構。截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度,本集團保持其資產淨值 狀況。

於年末,計息債務及現金結餘總額分別約 為11,501,000港元(二零二一年: 13,752,000港元)及11,824,000港元 (二零二一年:15,303,000港元)。由於 現金總額高於計息債務金額,淨債務權益 比率並不適用。

本公司或其任何附屬公司均不受外部實施 之資本規定限制。



For the Year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

32. RESERVES

32. 儲備

本公司

The Company

		Share premium	Contributed surplus	Equity component of convertible bonds 可換股債券	Share options reserve	Share award scheme reserve 股份獎勵	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	→換放債券 之權益部分 HK\$'000 千港元	購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	1000 英國 計劃儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	<mark>總計</mark> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2020 Redemption of convertible	於二零二零年四月一日 贖回可換股債券	420,810	130,295	25,548	10,266	1,720	(583,895)	4,744
bonds		-	-	(25,508)	-	-	25,508	-
lssue of share options	發行購股權	-	-	-	893	-	-	893
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	-	-	-	(3,596)	-	3,596	-
Lapse of share awards Equity settled share award	股份獎勵失效 以權益結算之股份獎勵安排	-	-	-	-	(1,153)	1,153	-
arrangement	· Y惟皿阳井之IX II 关阔文 I/r	_	_	_	_	1,120	_	1,120
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	(11,716)	(11,716)
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日及							
and 1 April 2021	二零二一年四月一日 双仁可始90年半	420,810	130,295	40	7,563	1,687	(565,354)	(4,959)
Issue of convertible bonds Extinguishment of convertible	發行可換股債券 。	-		8,743			-	8,743
bonds	7 /月 貝 引 沃 瓜 貝 ⑦	_		(40)			(4,923)	(4,963)
Issue of shares on	配售時發行股份			(10)			(1,010)	(1,000)
placement		3,750	-			-	-	3,750
lssue of share options	發行購股權	-			1,168			1,168
Lapse of share options	購股權失效 以據※社質之吸給將勵空排				(5,943)		5,943	-
Equity settled share award arrangement	以權益結算之股份獎勵安排				_	51		51
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	1	1	1	1	-	(17,647)	(17,647)
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	424,560	130,295	8,743	2,788	1,738	(581,981)	(13,857)

At 31 March 2022, no reserves is available for distribution to owners of the Company (2021: Nil).

The share premium is arising from the issue of shares of the Company.

The contributed surplus represents the difference between the combined net assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company and the nominal value of the shares of the Company at the time of the Group reorganisation. 於二零二二年三月三十一日,概無可供分 派予本公司擁有人之儲備(二零二一年: 無)。

股份溢價乃因發行本公司股份而產生。

實繳盈餘指於本集團重組時本公司所收購 之附屬公司合併資產淨值與本公司股份面 值間之差額。



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33. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to a resolution passed on 15 August 2012, a share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted for the primary purpose of providing incentives to directors, eligible employees and participants who have contributed to the Group and will expire on 14 August 2022. Under the Scheme, the Board of the Company may grant options to certain employees of the Group and any distributor, contractor, business partner, promoter, service provider, customer, supplier, consultants, agents and advisers or any person who, in the sole discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Group in recognition of their contribution to the Group.

Under the GEM Listing Rules, the maximum number of Shares which may be allotted and issued annually upon the exercise of all options which initially shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of adoption of the Scheme and thereafter, if refreshed shall not exceed 10% of the Shares in issue ("Scheme Mandate Limit") as at the date of approval of the refreshed limit by the Shareholders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the number of Shares to be issued upon the exercise of all the Options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and other share option schemes must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the share option scheme will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the Scheme Mandate Limit. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in aggregate within any 12-month period is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent nonexecutive directors or any of his, her or its associates in the 12-month period up to and including the date of offer of the option exceeding the higher of 0.1% of the Company's shares in issue and with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved by the Company's shareholders.

33. 購股權計劃

根據於二零一二年八月十五日通過之決議 案,旨在鼓勵董事、合資格僱員及曾為本集 團作出貢獻之參與者,本集團採納其購股 權計劃(「該計劃」),該計劃將於二零二二 年八月十四日屆滿。根據該計劃,本公司董 事會可向本集團若干僱員以及任何分銷商、 承包商、業務夥伴、發起人、服務供應商、 客戶、供應商、諮詢人、代理及顧問或董事 會全權酌情認為曾為或可能會為本集團作 出貢獻之任何人士授出購股權,以表揚彼 等為本集團作出貢獻。

根據GEM 上市規則,因所有購股權獲行使 而可能每年配發及發行之股份數目上限初 步共計不得超過採納該計劃當日已發行股 份10%,倘其後有所更新,則不得超過股 東批准更新限額當日已發行股份10%(「計 劃授權限額」)。儘管上文所述,因所有根 據該計劃及其他購股權計劃授出但尚未行 使之購股權獲行使而將予發行之股份數目 合共不得超過不時之已發行股份**30%**。根 據購股權計劃之條款已失效之購股權將不 會計入計劃授權限額內。在未經本公司股 東事先批准之情況下,於任何十二個月期 間內可向任何個別人士授出之購股權總額 所涉及股份數目,不得超過本公司已發行 股份之1%。於截至授出購股權日期止(包 括當日)十二個月期間內授予主要股東或 獨立非執行董事或彼各自之任何聯繫人士 之購股權,若超出本公司已發行股份O.1% 或價值逾5,000,000港元(以較高者為 準),則必須獲本公司股東批准。



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33. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Options granted must be taken up within 21 days of the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$1 per option. Options may be exercised at any time from the date of acceptance of the share option to such date as determined by the Board of the Company and the exercise price will not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

Details of specific categories of options and the fair value of options are set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

Details of the share options granted under the Scheme and movements in such holdings during the year were as follow:

33. 購股權計劃(續)

授出之購股權必須於授出日期起計21日內,就每份購股權支付1港元後接納。購股 權可於接納購股權當日起至本公司董事會 釐定之有關日期內隨時行使,且行使價將 不會低於(i)本公司股份於授出日期之收市 價:(ii)本公司股份於緊接授出日期前五個 營業日之平均收市價及(iii)本公司股份之 面值三者中之最高者。

特定類別購股權及購股權公平值之詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註35。

年內,該計劃項下授出之購股權及其變動 詳情如下:

			Number of shares issuable under options held 根據所持購股權可予發行之股份數目				
Category 類別		Share option type 購股權種類	Balance at 1 April 2021 於二零二一年 四月一日 之結餘 '000 千股	Granted 已授出 ′000 千股	Lapsed before share consolidation 於股份合併前 已失效 '000 千股	Adjustment <i>[note 1]</i> 調整 (<i>附註1</i>) '000 千股	Balance at 31 March 2022 於二零二二年 三月三十一日 之結餘 '000 千股
Directors	董事	2016A 2017A 2018A 2021A	9,750 8,500 15,000 -	- - 17,080	(9,750) (8,500) – –	- - (13,500) (15,372)	- - 1,500 1,708
Employees	僱員	2018A	7,500	-	-	(6,750)	750
Advisors	顧問	2016A 2020A 2021A	1,500 25,500 -	- - 8,540	(1,500) (17,000) -	- (7,650) (7,686)	- 850 854
			67,750	25,620	(36,750)	(50,958)	5,662

note 1: Adjustment for share consolidation effective from 16 March 2022. 附註1: 就自二零二二年三月十六日起生效之 股份合併作出調整。



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33. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

33. 購股權計劃(續)

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2021:

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,該 計劃項下尚未行使之購股權如下:

			Number of shares issuable under options held 根據所持購股權可予發行之股份數目				
			Balance at 1 April			Balance at 31 March	
		Share	2020 於二零二零年			2021 於二零二一年	
Category		option type	<u> </u>	Granted	Lapsed	<i>⋉ 二 </i>	
 類別		購股權種類	之結餘	已授出	已失效	之結餘	
			'000	'000'	'000	000	
			千股	千股	千股	千股	
Directors	董事	2015A	5,000	-	(5,000)	_	
		2016A	10,500	-	(750)	9,750	
		2017A	8,500	-	-	8,500	
		2018A	15,000	-	-	15,000	
Employees	僱員	2018A	15,000	-	(7,500)	7,500	
Advisors	顧問	2015A	1,000	_	(1,000)	_	
		2016A	1,500	-	_	1,500	
		2018A	15,000	-	(15,000)	-	
		2020A	-	25,500	-	25,500	
			71,500	25,500	(29,250)	67,750	

The Company has recognised an expense as share-based payments for the year ended 31 March 2022 with an amount of HK\$1,168,000 (2021: HK\$893,000).

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本 公司已確認開支為以股份為基礎之付款, 金額為1,168,000港元(二零二一年: 893,000港元)。



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34. RELATED PARTY AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

In addition to those balances disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party and connected transactions.

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in Note 12 is as follows:

34. 關連人士及關連交易

除該等綜合財務報表其他部分所披露之該 等結餘外,本集團曾進行下列重大關連人 士及關連交易。

(a) 主要管理人員薪酬

主要管理人員之薪酬(包括附註12所 披露支付予本公司董事之款項)如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Directors' fee, salaries, allowances and other benefits	董事袍金、薪金、津貼及 其他福利	1,297	855
Retirement benefit	退休福利		
scheme contributions	計劃供款	18	_
Share-based payments	以股份為基礎之付款	828	570
		2,143	1,425

(b) Connected transactions

(b) 關連交易

Name of connected parties 關連人士名稱	Nature of transactions 交易性質	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Goal Creation Game Limited	Interest income from loan to an associate (<i>Note 21</i>)	182	149
創高遊戲有限公司	向一間聯營公司授出貸款的利息收入 (附註21)		



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35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company has the convertible bonds and share option scheme for directors, employees and advisors of the Group. Details of the convertible bonds and share options are as follows:

Convertible bonds

35. 以股份為基礎之付款

可換股債券

本公司為本集團董事、僱員及顧問提供可 換股債券及購股權計劃。可換股債券及購 股權之詳情如下:

Tranche 2 Tranche 3 Tranche 4 Tranche 5 2022 CB 二零二二年 第2期 第3期 第4期 第5期 可換股債券 Principal amount 本余額 HK\$5.000.000 HK\$5.000.000 HK\$5.000.000 HK\$5.000.000 HK\$19.000.000 5.000.000港元 5,000,000港元 5.000.000港元 19.000.000港元 5,000,000港元 Share price* 股價* HK\$0.035 HK\$0.035 HK\$0.035 HK\$0.035 HK\$0.212 0.035港元 0.035港元 0.035港元 0.035港元 0.212港元 Interest 利息 Zero coupon Zero coupon Zero coupon Zero coupon Zero coupon 零息 零息 零息 零息 零息 Conversion price 換股價(*附註2*) HK\$5.3 HK\$5.3 HK\$5.3 HK\$5.3 HK\$0.275 (note 2) 5.3港元 5.3港元 5.3港元 5.3港元 0.275港元 Maturity date (note 1) 到期日(附註1) 1 June 2022 1 June 2023 1 June 2024 1 June 2025 31 December 2025 二零二二年 二零二三年 二零二四年 二零二五年 二零二五年 六月一日 六月一日 六月一日 六月一日 十二月三十一日

* Share price as at 31 March 2020 for Tranche 2 to Tranche 5, which is the date of undertaking by the bondholder given to the Company to extend the maturity dates of the convertible bonds by one year. Share price for 2022 CB represent share price as at 17 March 2022 which is the issue date of 2022 CB.

- note 1: Tranche 2 to Tranche 5 of convertible bonds had been extinguished during the year. Please refer to note 30 for details.
- note 2: Conversion price for Tranche 2 to Tranche 5 are conversion price before extinguishment.
- * 第2期至第5期於二零二零年三月三十一日 (即債券持有人向本公司作出承諾以將可換 股債券的到期日延長一年之日期)的股價。 二零二二年可換股債券之股價指於二零二二 年三月十七日(即二零二二年可換股債券之 發行日期)之股價。
- 附註1: 第2期至第5期可換股債券已於年內 註銷。詳情請參閱附註30。
- 附註2: 第2期至第5期之換股價為註銷前之 換股價。



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35. 以股份為基礎之付款(續) 35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued) 購股權計劃 Share Option Scheme Details of specific categories of options are as follow: 特定類別購股權詳情如下: The fair value of share options which were calculated 使用二項式購股權定價模式計算之購股權 by binomial option pricing model with the following 公平值乃使用以下假設: assumptions:

Option type: Grant date:	購股權類別: 授出日期:	2018A 17-9-2018 二零一八年 九月十七日	2020A 14-7-2020 二零二零年 七月十四日	2021A 6-7-2021 二零二一年 七月六日
Number of options granted: Exercise period:	授出購股權數目: 行使期:	180,000,000 17-9-2018- 16-9-2023 二零一八年 九月十七日至 二零二三年 九月十六日	25,500,000 14-7-2020- 13-7-2025 二零二零年 七月十四日至 二零二五年 七月十三日	25,620,000 6-7-2021- 5-7-2026 二零二一年 七月六日至 二零二六年 七月五日
Exercise price: Adjusted exercise price: <i>(note)</i> Fair value:	行使價: 經調整行使價: <i>(附註)</i> 公平值:	HK\$0.042港元 HK\$1.68港元 HK\$2,181,000港元	HK\$0.074港元 HK\$0.74港元	モラユロ HK\$0.084港元 HK\$0.84港元 HK\$1,168,000港元
Option type: Share price as at grant date Nature of the options: Risk-free rate: Expected life of the options: Expected volatility: Expected dividend yield: Exercise multiple: Closing price of the Compan shares immediately before t date of the grant of the afor share options (i.e. 13 July 2 5 July 2021)	購股權之 無風險權之 購別 期期 預使 合司 握 時 時 esaid 七月十三	期之股價: 性質: 率: 預期年期: 收益率:	2020A HK\$0.068港元 Call 認購 0.141% 5 years 年 72.9% 0% 2.80 HK\$0.0067港元	2021A HK\$0.084港元 Call 認購 0.735% 5 years 年 76.2% 0% 2.80 HK\$0.084港元

The expected volatility was based on the historical volatility of the Company's share prices. Expected dividends were based on historical dividends. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

note: The exercise price was adjusted due to share consolidation on 2 May 2019 and 16 March 2022.

預期波幅乃以本公司股份價格之過往波動 為基準。預期股息以過往股息為基準。主觀 輸入數據假設如有變動,可能對估計公平 值構成重大影響。

附註: 由於股份合併,行使價已於二零一九年 五月二日及二零二二年三月十六日調整。



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36. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

36. 主要附屬公司之詳情

Particulars regarding the subsidiaries at 31 March 2022 are as follows: 於二零二二年三月三十一日,附屬公司之 詳情如下:

Name of subsidiaries	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/	Type of legal entity	Issued and fully paid share capital 已發行及	Attribut equity int held by the 本公司應佔之	erests Company 2.股本權益	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	營業地點	法律實體類別	繳足股本	Directly 直接 %	Indirectly 間接 %	主要業務
Art Aim Limited 興藝有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	_	100	Movie production 電影製作
Billion Success Corporation Limited 億晟有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Licensing business 特許權業務
Bingo Cinema Investment Company Limited 比高電影院投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Cinema investment 影院投資
Bingo Cinema Management Company Limited 比高電影院管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Cinema management 影院管理
Bingo Management Services Limited 比高管理服務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Management services 管理服務
Bingo Movie Development Limited 比高電影發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Movie production 電影製作
Brilliant Tech Limited 采科有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Cinema management 影院管理
Easybuild Assets Management Limited 易建資產管理有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限責任公司		- (2021: 100) (二零二一年 : 100)	-	Investment holding 投資控股



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36. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 36. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

(Continued)

Name of subsidiaries	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 營業地點	Type of legal entity 法律實體類別	Issued and fully paid share capital 已發行及 繳足股本	Attribut equity inte held by the (本公司應佔之	erests Company 股本權益	Principal activities 主要業務
附屬公司名稱 	宮耒也勳	太 仹貝餖頖別	藏足版平	Directly 直接 %	Indirectly 間接 %	土安未倣
Emcom (HK) Pte Limited 帝國通訊 (香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$10 1D港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Huge Art Limited 泰藝有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Cartoon production 卡通製作
Lofty Gain Investments Limited 歲盈投資有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	U S\$1 1美元	100	-	Movie production 電影製作
Lofty Shine Limited 崴盛有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	U S\$1 1美元	100	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Shanghai Caike Cinema Management and Consultancy Limited.* (note 1) 上海采科影院管理咨詢 有限公司 ^(朋庭1)	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	US\$100,000 100,000美元	-	100	Cinema management 影院管理
Huichi (Shanghai) Consultancy Limited* ^(note 1) 輝馳 (上海)投資咨詢 有限公司 ^(朋社1)	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	US\$500,000 500,000美元	-	100	Cinema investment 影院投資
Shanghai Huichi Management and Consultancy Co., Ltd.* 上海輝馳管理咨詢有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB100,000 人民幣 100,000元	-	100	Cinema investment 影院投資
Bingo Cinema (Shanghai) Company Limited* 比高電影院 (上海)有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB6,000,000 人民幣 6,000,000元	-	75	Cinema business 影院業務



36. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

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36. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

(Continued)

Name of subsidiaries	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/	Type of legal entity	Issued and fully paid share capital 已發行及	Attributab equity intern held by the Co 本公司應佔之股	ests mpany 本權益	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	營業地點	法律實體類別	繳足股本	Directly 直接 %	Indirectly 間接 %	主要業務
Hangzhou Linan Bingo Cinema Company Limited* 杭州臨安比高電影院有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB500,000 人民幣 500,000元	_	75	Cinema business 影院業務
Hangzhou Bingo Cinema Company Limited* 杭州比高電影院有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB500,000 人民幣 500,000元	-	75	Cinema business 影院業務
Beijing Bingo Sky Culture Limited* ^(note 1) 北京比高天空文化 有限公司 ^(朋注1)	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB 2,000,000 人民幣 2,000,000元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Zhejiang Bingo Family Brand Management Company Limited* 浙江比高家品牌管理有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000元		- 2021: 51) 零二一年: 51)	Trading 貿易
* English name for ident	tification purpose o	nly	*	英文名稱僅供	識別	
note:			附註	:		
 Wholly owned foreign PRC law. 	enterprises (WOF	E) registered ur	nder 1.	根據中國法律	登記之外i	商獨資企業。



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36. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group that has material non-controlling interests:

36. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

下表列示擁有重大非控股權益之本集團非 全資附屬公司之詳情:

incorporation and interest principal place right of business non-contro Name of subsidiary 註冊成立地點及 非控股權益 附屬公司名稱 主要營業地點 權益及		interests rights non-controlli	held by ing interests 诗有之擁有權	(Loss)/Profit allocated to non-controlling interests 非控股權益應佔(虧損)/溢和		Accumulated non-controlling interests 」 累計非控股權益		
			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2022 二零二二年 HK\$ ['] 000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bingo Cinema (Shanghai) Company Limited Individually immaterial subsidiaries	比高電影院(上海) 有限公司 擁有非控股權益之	PRC 中國	25%	25%	(620)	(2,173)	(1,154) -	(515) (63)
with non-controlling interests	個別非重大附屬公司						(1,154)	(578)

Commitments in respect of subsidiaries

The Group has the following commitments relating to its subsidiaries:

有關附屬公司之承擔

本集團有以下與其附屬公司有關之承擔:

	2022	2021
	二零二二年	二零二一年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Commitment to provide funding if called 承諾按要求提供資金	986	6,011



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36. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's subsidiaries that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intra-group eliminations. 36. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

下表載列有關擁有重大非控股權益之本集 團附屬公司之財務資料概要。下述財務資 料概要指集團內成員公司間對銷前之金額。

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		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Bingo Cinema (Shanghai) Company Limited and subsidiaries	比高電影院(上海) 有限公司及附屬公司	—◆一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	-	1,482
Current assets	流動資產	11,343	13,985
Current liabilities	流動負債	(11,733)	(11,602)
Non-current liability	非流動負債	(4,273)	(5,925)
Revenue	收益	8,385	6,815
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Bingo Cinema (Shanghai) Company Limited and subsidiaries	比高電影院(上海) 有限公司及附屬公司	—◆一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year attributable to – owners of the Company – non-controlling interest Total comprehensive loss attributable to:	以下應佔本年度虧損 — 本公司擁有人 — 非控股權益 以下應佔全面虧損總額:	(1,856) (619)	(5,927) (2,173)
 owners of the Company non-controlling interest 	一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益	(1,952) (651)	(5,619) (2,026)
Net cash used in operating activities Net cash generated from/(used in)	經營活動所用之現金淨額 投資活動所得/(所用)	(696)	(656)
Net cash used in financing activities	之現金淨額 融資活動所用之現金淨額	2,937 (2,305)	(5,072) (1,833)

Change in ownership interest in subsidiaries

During last year, the Group acquired the remaining 30% of its interests in Bingo Cinema Investment Company Limited ("BCIC") and Bingo Cinema Management Company Limited ("BCMC"). The consideration of acquisition of HK\$721,000 were paid in cash during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021. An amount of HK\$5,495,000 (being the proportionate share of the carrying amount of the net liabilities of BCIC and BCMC) has been transferred from non-controlling interests. The difference of HK\$6,222,000 between the decrease in deficit of the non-controlling interests and the consideration paid has been debited to accumulated losses.

於附屬公司之擁有權權益變動

於去年,本集團收購於比高電影院投資有限公司(「BCIC」)及比高電影院管理有限公司(「BCMC」)的剩餘30%權益。截至二零二零年三月三十一日及二零二一年三月三十一日止年度已以現金方式支付收購代價721,000港元。5,495,000港元(即按比例分佔BCIC及BCMC淨負債的賬面值)之金額乃轉自非控股權益。非控股權益虧 絀減少與已付代價之間的差額6,222,000 港元已計入累計虧損。



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37. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 19 August 2021, the Group dispose Estrella Group Holdings Limited ("Estrella") to Ms. Chow Man Ki Kelly, an executive director of the Company at a consideration of HK\$1.

On 26 August 2021, the Company and an independent third party, entered into a sale and purchase agreement. Pursuant to that agreement, the Company agreed to sell and independent third party agreed to acquire 51% equity of Zhejiang Bingo Family Brand Management Company Limited ("Bingo Family") at a consideration of RMB1. The disposal has been completed in August 2021, on which date the control of Bingo Family was passed to independent third party.

On 10 January 2022, the Company and a legal representative of a PRC subsidiary of the Group, entered into a sale and purchase agreement. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company agreed to sell and legal representative of a PRC subsidiary of the Group agreed to acquire 100% interest of Easybuild Assets Management Limited ("Easybuild") at a consideration of HK\$300,000. The disposal has been completed on 10 January 2022, on which date the control of Easybuild was passed to independent third party. The consideration of HK\$300,000 has been collected by the Company subsequently in April 2022.

37. 出售附屬公司

於二零二一年八月十九日,本集團以代價1 港元將Estrella Group Holdings Limited (「Estrella」)出售予本公司執行董事周文 姬女士。

於二零二一年八月二十六日,本公司與一 名獨立第三方訂立一項買賣協議。根據該 協議,本公司同意銷售而該獨立第三方同 意收購浙江比高家品牌管理有限公司(「比 高家」)之51%股權,代價為人民幣1元。出 售事項已於二零二一年八月完成,而比高 家的控制權已於該日轉移至獨立第三方。

於二零二二年一月十日,本公司與本集團 一間中國附屬公司之法人代表訂立買賣協 議。根據該協議,本公司同意出售及本集團 一間中國附屬公司之法人代表同意收購易 建資產管理有限公司(「易建」)的100%權 益,代價為300,000港元。是次出售已於 二零二二年一月十日完成,易建的控制權 已於該日轉移至獨立第三方。本公司於二 零二二年四月後已收取代價300,000港 元。





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37. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

37. 出售附屬公司(續)

The aggregate amounts of the assets and liabilities attributable to the subsidiaries on the date of disposal were as follow: 附屬公司於出售日期應佔的資產及負債總額如下:

		Estrella HK\$'000 千港元	Bingo Family 比高家 HK\$'000 千港元	Easybuild 易建 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets disposed of:	已出售資產淨值:				
Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Other receivables and	現金及現金等值物 應收賬款 其他應收款項及預付	2 -	64 31	196 -	262 31
prepayments Inventories Other payables and accruals	款項 存貨 其他應付款項及應計	-	288 960	-	288 960
Lease liabilities	款項 租賃負債	(33)	(1,418) (608)	(434)	(1,885) (608)
Less: Non-controlling interests Reclassification of cumulative exchange difference from exchange reserve to	減:非控股權益 累計匯兑差額由匯兑儲 備重新分類至損益	(31) -	(683) (335)	(238) -	(952) (335)
profit or loss		-	42	(5)	37
Amount due to the Company	已出售應付本公司款項	(31)	(306)	(243)	(580)
disposed of Gain on disposal	出售收益	- 31	58 248	- 543	58 822
Consideration	代價	_+	_*	300	300
Satisfy by:	以下列方式支付:				
Receivable	應收款項	_*	_*	300	300

* Less than HK\$1,000.

* 少於1,000港元。



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37. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

The subsidiaries disposed of during the year did not contribute significantly to the results and cash flows of the Group during the year prior to the disposal.

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries is as follow:

37. 出售附屬公司(續)

年內所出售的附屬公司在出售前一年內並 無為本集團的業績及現金流量帶來重大貢 獻。

有關出售附屬公司的現金及現金等值物流 出淨額分析如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	_
Cash and bank balances disposed of	所出售之現金及銀行結餘	(262)
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in	有關出售附屬公司的現金及現金等值物 流出淨額	(262)
respect of the disposal of subsidiaries	流出净頟	(262)

38. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement scheme administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the MPF scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000, contributions to the MPF Scheme vest immediately. Contributions paid or payable to the MPF scheme are charged to the statement of profit or loss.

38. 退休福利計劃

根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例,本集團 為按照香港僱傭條例受僱之僱員設立一項 強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積 金計劃為由獨立受託人管理之界定供款退 休計劃。根據強積金計劃,僱主及其僱員均 須按照僱員相關收入之5%向強積金計劃 作出供款,惟每月相關收入之上限為 30,000港元。強積金計劃之供款即時歸 屬。已付或應付之強積金計劃供款於損益 表中扣除。



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38. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME (Continued)

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a state-sponsored retirement plan organised by the municipal government under the regulations of the PRC and these subsidiaries make mandatory contributions to the state-sponsored retirement plan to fund the employees' retirement benefits. The retirement contributions paid by the PRC subsidiaries are based on a percentage of the eligible employees' salaries and are charged to the statement of profit or loss as incurred. The Group discharges its retirement obligations upon payment of the retirement contributions to the statesponsored retirement plan organised by the municipal government in the PRC.

The Group does not have any other pension schemes for its employees in respect of the subsidiaries outside Hong Kong and the PRC. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2022 in respect of the retirement of its employees.

The total cost charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss of approximately HK\$861,000 (2021: approximately HK\$888,000) represents contributions payable to these schemes by the Group in respect of the current accounting period.

39. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified in these consolidated financial statements to conform with current year's presentation. Such reclassifications have no material effects on previously reported financial position and performance.

38. 退休福利計劃(續)

本集團於中國附屬公司之僱員按中國法規 規定參與由市政府管理之國家資助退休計 劃,且該等附屬公司按國家資助之退休計 劃為僱員退休福利作出強制性供款。該等 中國附屬公司按合資格僱員薪金之某一百 分比支付退休供款,且所產生之供款於損 益表中扣除。本集團於向中國市政府管理 之國家資助退休計劃作出退休供款後免除 其退休責任。

本集團並無為其香港及中國以外之附屬公 司之僱員設立其他退休金計劃。本公司董 事認為,於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集 團對於其僱員之退休方面並無重大或然負 債。

自綜合損益表中扣除之總成本約861,000 港元(二零二一年:約888,000港元)乃指 本集團就該等計劃於本會計期間應付之供 款。

39. 比較數字

若干比較數字已於該等綜合財務報表中重 新分類,以符合本年度呈報。該等重新分類 對先前呈報的財務狀況及表現並無重大影 響。



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40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 40. 本公司財務狀況報表 COMPANY

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSET Interests in subsidiaries	非流動資產 於附屬公司之權益	150,923	159,504
CURRENT ASSETS Other receivables, deposits and prepayments Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 其他應收款項、按金及 預付款項 現金及現金等值物	5,455 5,272	5,123 1,310
		10,727	6,433
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accruals Amounts due to subsidiaries	流動負債 其他應付款項及應計款項 應付附屬公司款項	1,726 152,015	1,289 147,301
		153,741	148,590
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨額	(143,014)	(142,157)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債	7,909	17,347
NON-CURRENT LIABILITY Convertible bonds	非流動負債 可換股債券	11,501	13,752
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS	(負債)/資產淨值	(3,592)	3,595
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	10,265 (13,857)	8,554 (4,959)
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額	(3,592)	3,595

The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 July 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

本公司的財務狀況報表已於二零二二年七 月二十八日獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並 由下列董事代表簽署:

CHOW Man Ki Kelly 周文姬 DIRECTOR 董事

CHOW Nga Chee Alice 周雅緻 DIRECTOR 董事



FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務摘要

The results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years are as follows:

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績及資產與負 債如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元
RESULTS Revenue	業績 收益	8,494	6,860	22,888	38,048	47,877
		_,	_,	,	,	,
Loss before taxation Taxation	除税前虧損 税項	(14,671) -	(24,894) (16)	(54,711) (131)	(25,624) (918)	(10,542) (846)
Loss before non-controlling interests Non-controlling interests	扣除非控股權益前 虧損 非控股權益	(14,671) 892	(24,910) 3,422	(54,842) 13,367	(26,542) 132	(11,388) 846
Loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 虧損	(13,779)	(21,488)	(41,475)	(26,410)	(10,542)
Loss per share — Basic and diluted (HK cents) <i>(note)</i>	每股虧損 一 基本及攤薄 (港仙)(附註)	(14.77)	(25.12)	(48.49)	(30.87)	(12.32)
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元
	次玄九名库	丁/它儿	て危儿	て危儿	「危儿	て他儿
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Total assets	資產及負債 資產總值	35,407	43,948	82,342	115,251	145,884
Total liabilities	負債總額	(30,760)	(35,127)	(50,748)	(37,316)	(41,056)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,154)	(578)	(3,937)	9,856	11,230

note: Adjusted for share consolidation effective from 2 May 2019 and 附註: 就自二零一九年五月二日起生效之股份合併 share consolidation effective from 16 March 2022

及自二零二二年三月十六日起生效之股份合 併作出調整



