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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Arthur George Dew Chairman and Non-Executive Director Lee Seng Hui Chief Executive and Executive Director Edwin Lo King Yau Executive Director Mak Pak Hung Executive Director Lee Su Hwei Non-Executive Director David Craig Bartlett Independent Non-Executive Director Alan Stephen Jones Independent Non-Executive Director Lisa Yang Lai Sum Independent Non-Executive Director

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Lee Seng Hui *Chairman* Edwin Lo King Yau

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Alan Stephen Jones *Chairman* Arthur George Dew David Craig Bartlett Lisa Yang Lai Sum

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

David Craig Bartlett *Chairman* Arthur George Dew Alan Stephen Jones Lisa Yang Lai Sum

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Arthur George Dew *Chairman* David Craig Bartlett Alan Stephen Jones Lisa Yang Lai Sum

BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited China CITIC Bank International Limited Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited OCBC Wing Hang Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

22nd Floor Allied Kajima Building 138 Gloucester Road Wanchai Hong Kong Tel : 2519 2288 Fax : 2598 5518 / 2598 0419 E-mail : webmaster@alliedgroup.com.hk

SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

COMPANY SECRETARY

Lau Tung Ni

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

SOLICITOR

P. C. Woo & Co.

STOCK CODE 373

WEBSITES

http://www.alliedgroup.com.hk http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/alliedgroup/index.htm



I am pleased to present to shareholders of Allied Group Limited ("Company") the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year 2016. The performance of the Group has been very pleasing as the Group achieved another record profit attributable to shareholders.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

For the year ended 31st December, 2016, the Group's revenue from continuing operations was HK\$4,101.9 million (2015: HK\$4,700.9 million). Profit attributable to the owners of the Company from continuing operations was HK\$3,263.2 million in 2016 (2015: HK\$1,659.2 million), an increase 97%. Profit attributable to the owners of the Company from continuing and discontinued operations was HK\$3,263.2 million in 2016 (2015: HK\$2,983.2 million). Earnings per share from continuing and discontinuing and discontinued operations amounted to HK\$18.34, as compared to HK\$16.33 in 2015.

DIVIDEND

The Board has declared a second interim dividend of HK\$1.85 per share (in lieu of a final dividend) for the year ended 31st December, 2016 (2015 second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend): HK\$1.6 per share) payable on or around Tuesday, 9th May, 2017 to the shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 18th April, 2017, making a total dividend for the year 2016 of HK\$2.0 per share (2015: HK\$1.75 per share).

It should be noted that the Company undertook share repurchases for cancellation during the year at an aggregate consideration (before expenses) of approximately HK\$57.2 million. Accordingly, both net asset value per share and earnings per share have been enhanced. The Board will give consideration to further repurchases of shares for cancellation when opportunities arise.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

(1) For determining the entitlement to the second interim dividend

For determining the entitlement to the second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) for the year ended 31st December, 2016, the register of members of the Company is closed from Wednesday, 12th April, 2017 to Tuesday, 18th April, 2017 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order for a Shareholder to qualify for the second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend), all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited of Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 11th April, 2017.

(2) For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company ("2017 AGM")

The 2017 AGM is scheduled to be held on Friday, 26th May, 2017. For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the 2017 AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 23rd May, 2017 to Friday, 26th May, 2017 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order for a Shareholder to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2017 AGM, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited of Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 22nd May, 2017.

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The "Review of Operations" by the Chief Executive, which immediately follows this statement, incorporates the Group's business outlook for the future.

APPRECIATION

We have experienced another record year of profit in 2016. However, the Group expects there will be various economic challenges during 2017. We believe that with its prudent strategy, and the dedication, loyalty, professionalism of its staff, the Group is well prepared to meet the challenges.

I would like to express the Group's appreciation for the efforts of our staff and look forward to their continued support. I would also like to thank my fellow Directors, our professional advisors and our Shareholders for their support during the year.

Arthur George Dew Chairman

Hong Kong, 27th March, 2017



INTRODUCTION

The Company is primarily an investment holding company, with a stated strategy of focusing its management and financial resources on its core businesses of property investment and development and financial services together with elderly care services. The Company's interests in property investment and development and elderly care services in Hong Kong, overseas and in mainland China are mainly held through its 74.99% holding in Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited ("Allied Properties"), Allied Properties' associate Tian An China Investments Company Limited ("TACI"), and Dan Form Holdings Company Limited ("Dan Form") which became TACI's subsidiary during the year 2106. The Company's financial services business is mainly conducted through Allied Properties' 56.33% holding in Sun Hung Kai & Co. Limited ("SHK") as well as SHK's effective 58.18% holding in United Asia Finance Limited ("UAF"). SHK Hong Kong Industries Limited ("SHK HK IND"), a 74.98% subsidiary of the Company, is engaged in investments in listed and unlisted securities.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	2016 HK\$ Million	2015 HK\$ Million
Revenue	4,101.9	4,700.9
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company from continuing operations Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	3,263.2	1,659.2
(continuing and discontinued operations) Equity attributable to owners of the Company	3,263.2 21,758.3	2,983.2 19,344.1
Return on equity attributable to owners of the Company Gearing ratio	15.0% 14.1%	15.4% 9.2%
Earnings per share	HK\$ 18.34	HK\$ 16.33



FINANCIAL REVIEW

Financial Results

The revenue of the Group for the year from continuing operations was HK\$4,101.9 million (2015: HK\$4,700.9 million). The decrease is mainly due to lower interest income arising from the consumer finance business.

The profit attributable to the owners of the Company for the year from continuing operations was HK\$3,263.2 million (2015: HK\$1,659.2 million), an increase of 97%.

The profit attributable to the owners of the Company for the year from continuing and discontinued operations was HK\$3,263.2 million, an increase of HK\$280.0 million (2015: HK\$2,983.2 million, which included the attributable profit of HK\$1,324.0 million from the one-off gain on disposal of 70% interest in Sun Hung Kai Financial Group Limited ("SHKFGL") and its profit contribution up to the sale date).

The increase in profit attributable to the owners of the Company from continuing operations was primarily due to:-

- higher contribution from associate TACI;
- better performance of the consumer finance business; and
- share of profit from APAC Resources Limited ("APAC"), which became an associate of the Group from February 2016.

Earnings per share

Earnings per share from continuing and discontinued operations amounted to HK\$18.34 (2015: HK\$16.33).



Material Acquisitions and Disposals

In February 2016, the acquisition of approximately 23.9% of the total issued share capital of APAC (stock code: 1104) at a consideration of HK\$484.0 million was completed by Allied Properties group. APAC is treated as an associate of Allied Properties. Details of the acquisition are contained in the joint announcements dated 16th December, 2015 and 29th February, 2016 made by the Company and Allied Properties. Subsequent to the acquisition, Allied Properties group acquired additional interests in APAC and Allied Properties group's shareholdings in APAC increased from approximately 23.9% to approximately 28.44% as at 31st December, 2016 and it was approximately 28.69% as at the date of this annual report.

In February 2016, SHK group divested its 25% stake in China Xin Yongan Futures Company Limited and realised total proceeds of HK\$57.9 million including interest on principal. A gain on disposal of HK\$3.9 million was recognised as other income.

In March 2016, SHK group completed the sale of its minority interest in Sinolending Ltd. for a consideration of US\$34.5 million. Sinolending is a peer-to-peer lending service company and operates under the name dianrong.com in mainland China. As the sale price is in line with the carrying value, there was no material effect on profit or loss from the sale for the year.

In May 2016, SHK group disposed of its commercial office space in Tian An Centre, Shanghai for a total consideration of RMB84.3 million (equivalent to HK\$100.7 million). The transaction was carried out through the sale of two wholly-owned subsidiaries of SHK group, Hing Yip Holdings Limited and Sing Hing Investment Limited, and the assignment of the respective shareholder's loans to the purchaser, a subsidiary of TACI. Further details are included in the joint announcement dated 6th May, 2016 made by SHK and TACI. A gain of HK\$18.9 million was booked by SHK from the sale. The Group recognised a net realised gain on disposal of HK\$9.7 million after elimination of HK\$9.2 million to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate, TACI.

In May 2016, SHK group formed a joint venture, which is classified as an interest in an associate in the consolidated financial statements, with three partners to acquire the holding company of the Sofitel Paris Le Faubourg, a hotel located in the 8th district of Paris near major tourist attractions such as the Louvre Museum. The acquisition consideration was agreed at EUR118.9 million and the enterprise value for the holding company was EUR162.3 million. Taking into account debt financing, deal expenses and pre-funded interest reserves, the amount invested by SHK group was approximately EUR43.2 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$382.0 million) for its 50% interest in the joint venture.

In May 2016, SHK HK IND group completed the disposal of its interests in joint ventures together with the amounts due from joint ventures, recording a loss of HK\$14.1 million.

In August 2016, Allied Properties group acquired the entire interest of Cautious Base Limited which engaged in elderly care services business at a consideration of HK\$20.0 million.

Other than the above acquisitions and disposals, there were no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year.



Financial Resources, Liquidity and Capital Structure

During the year, the Group purchased part of the 6.375% US dollar denominated notes ("6.375% Notes") with a total nominal value of US\$9.7 million (2015: US\$19.4 million) from the market at a total consideration of HK\$81.7 million (2015: HK\$153.5 million). In May 2016, the Group made an exchange offer for the exchange of the 6.375% Notes with the 4.75% US dollar denominated notes ("4.75% Notes") at an exchange ratio of 1.05375. The holders of the 6.375% Notes with a nominal value of US\$115.5 million (including intra-group holdings of US\$61.2 million) accepted the exchange offer to exchange for the 4.75% Notes with a nominal value of US\$121.6 million (including intra-group holdings of US\$64.4 million). In addition, the Group issued new 4.75% Notes with a nominal value of US\$240.0 million at par, of which US\$4.0 million was subscribed by a subsidiary of the Group.

The 4.75% Notes are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and are issued to professional investors only. The 4.75% Notes are guaranteed by SHK. The nominal value of the 4.75% Notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings was US\$290.2 million or equivalent to HK\$2,250.3 million at the reporting date.

The nominal value of the 6.375% Notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings was US\$225.8 million or equivalent to HK\$1,751.8 million (2015: US\$289.8 million or equivalent to HK\$2,246.0 million) at the reporting date.

The nominal value of the 3% US dollar denominated notes was US\$60.0 million or equivalent to HK\$465.3 million (2015: US\$60.0 million or equivalent to HK\$465.0 million) at the reporting date.

The nominal value of the 6.9% Renminbi denominated notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings was RMB488.0 million or equivalent to HK\$544.9 million (2015: RMB488.0 million or equivalent to HK\$582.4 million) at the reporting date.

At the end of the reporting period, the equity attributable to owners of the Company amounted to HK\$21,758.3 million, representing an increase of HK\$2,414.2 million or approximately 12.5% from 2015. The Group maintained a strong cash and bank balance position and had cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$7,553.8 million as at 31st December, 2016 (2015: HK\$8,427.4 million). The Group's bank and other borrowings and notes totalling HK\$10,630.1 million (2015: HK\$10,199.7 million) of which the portion due on demand or within one year was HK\$5,011.3 million (2015: HK\$2,652.7 million) and the remaining long-term portion was HK\$5,618.8 million (2015: HK\$7,547.0 million). The liquidity of the Group as evidenced by the current ratio (current assets/current liabilities) was 3.71 times (2015: 5.93 times). The Group's gearing ratio (net bank and other borrowings and notes/ equity attributable to the owners of the Company) was 14.1% (2015: 9.2%).



Financial Resources, Liquidity and Capital Structure (Cont'd)

	2016 HK\$ Million	2015 HK\$ Million
Bank loans are repayable as follows:		
On demand or within one year	2,054.9	1,995.1
More than one year but not exceeding two years	1,753.4	2,240.9
More than two years but not exceeding five years	1,074.2	2,027.7
Bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are repayable as follows:	.,	_/0_/
Within one year	210.8	73.2
More than one year but not exceeding two years	450.8	65.2
More than two years but not exceeding five years	9.2	446.0
	5,553.3	6,848.1
	`	
Other borrowings are repayable as follows:		
Within one year	24.0	-
Over five years	35.0	35.0
	59.0	35.0
Renminbi denominated notes are repayable as follows:		
Within one year	6.2	6.6
More than one year but not exceeding five years	543.7	580.4
US dollar denominated notes are repayable as follows:	0.000	
Within one year	2,255.4	66.6
More than one year but not exceeding five years	2,212.5	2,663.0
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	5,017.8	3,316.6
	10,630.1	10,199.7

Other than the US dollar denominated notes and Renminbi denominated notes, most of the bank and other borrowings of the Group are charged at floating interest rates. There are no known seasonal factors in the Group's borrowing profile.

The banking facilities of the Group are reviewed from time to time and new banking facilities will be obtained or renewed to meet the funding requirements for capital commitments, investments and operations of the Group.

During the year, the Company repurchased 1,432,000 own shares at an aggregate consideration (before expenses) of approximately HK\$57.2 million, details of which are outlined in the section "Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Shares" of the Directors' Report.



Segment Information

Detailed segmental information in respect of the revenue and profit or loss is shown in note 6 to the consolidated financial information.

Risk of Foreign Exchange Fluctuation

The Group is required to maintain foreign currency exposure to cater for its recurring operating activities and present and potential investment activities, meaning it will be subject to reasonable exchange rate exposure. However, the Group will closely monitor this risk exposure as required.

Contingent Liabilities

Details of contingent liabilities are set out in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements.

Pledge of Assets

Details regarding pledge of assets are set out in note 45 to the consolidated financial statements.



OPERATIONAL REVIEW

Financial Services

Investment and Finance

- The profit attributable to owners of SHK was HK\$1,109.6 million (2015: HK\$3,896.5 million). If profit from discontinued operations in 2015 was excluded, SHK registered a 66% increase in profit attributable to its owners compared to HK\$667.7 million in 2015.
- SHK relied on the consistent performance of its principal investments division which included the structured finance business to anchor its earnings. An improved performance from UAF and a net valuation gain of HK\$203.5 million from the 30% stake in SHKFGL contributed to a better result in 2016.
- Sun Hung Kai Credit Limited ("SHK Credit"), an 86% owned subsidiary of SHK, provides mortgage services and funding solutions to home owners and property investors in Hong Kong. SHK Credit has become profitable in its first full year of operations and is already amongst the top three non-bank institutions for new mortgage loan origination in this market segment.

Consumer Finance

- The profit attributable to owners of UAF, the 58% owned subsidiary of SHK, for the year amounted to HK\$623.8 million, an increase of 18% from 2015.
- UAF has implemented a strategic restructuring of its mainland China business since mid-2015 in the wake of an economic downturn and its result has continued to recover. The cost savings from operational streamlining and revamping of underperforming branches have markedly brought down operating costs over the last two consecutive half yearly periods. An adjustment of marketing strategy to focus resources and effort to promote small consumer loans to salaried workers in mainland China as the prime customer segment has effectively diversified the underlying credit risk.
- For UAF's business in Hong Kong, it continued to focus primarily on unsecured personal loan business. The increased amount and proportion of unsecured loans generated higher weighted average yield. Whilst the charge off has increased, it was more than compensated by the higher yield.
- At the end of the year, the consolidated consumer finance gross loan balance amounted to HK\$8.6 billion, representing a decrease of 10% from the end of 2015. At the end of 2016, UAF had 107 branches in mainland China, including 5 branches on loan marketing business, and 50 branches in Hong Kong.



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OPERATIONAL REVIEW (CONT'D)

Properties

Hong Kong

- Allied Properties reported a profit attributable to its owners (including continuing and discontinued operations) of HK\$4,352.9 million (2015: HK\$4,122.5 million).
- Allied Properties' rental income from its Hong Kong property portfolio was at a steady level compared to 2015.
- The net gain in the value of the Allied Properties' property portfolio, including investment properties owned by SHK and a gain arising from the reclassification of a piece of land in Houston from properties held for sale to investment properties, was HK\$580.1 million during the year, higher than that of 2015 by HK\$144.1 million.
- The hotel division reported a decrease in average room rates and occupancies, resulting in a decreased contribution.
- During the year, Allied Kajima Limited ("AKL"), Allied Properties' 50% joint venture, has acquired the adjacent building to Century Court in Wanchai, forming an addition to the redevelopment of Century Court into a boutique hotel. While demolition of Century Court has finished, demolition of the adjacent block is expected to be started in the second quarter of 2017. The new boutique hotel will be added to AKL's existing portfolio, which includes Allied Kajima Building, Novotel Century Hong Kong hotel and Sofitel Philippine Plaza Hotel. Synergy is expected between the new boutique hotel and the existing Novotel hotel which is located diagonally opposite to it.
- Allied Properties has diversified its investments through the acquisition in February 2016 of a 23.9% interest in APAC, a Hong Kong listed company which is an established natural resource investment and commodity trading house owning strategic interests in natural resource companies. Allied Properties group has acquired further interest in APAC and currently holds 28.69% in APAC. Allied Properties' investment in APAC contributed an equity accounted profit of HK\$118.3 million during the year.



OPERATIONAL REVIEW (CONT'D)

Properties (Cont'd)

Mainland PRC

- The profit attributable to the owners of TACI was HK\$5,713.0 million (2015: HK\$2,600.0 million).
- The increase in profit of TACI was mainly due to a gain of HK\$3,937.7 million on disposal of subsidiaries carrying non-core assets and a gain of HK\$1,588.6 million on purchase of a 90.65% interest in Dan Form, a Hong Kong listed company which mainly holds investment properties in Hong Kong.
- There are a total of 15 cyberparks over 12 cities. The overall contribution of TACI's cyberpark unit has been low. The slowing Chinese economy affected sales and leasing of the commercial components of TACI's cyberparks but sales of the residential component has been quite brisk, especially the smaller sized apartments.
- TACI's urban renewal project, Tian An Cloud Park, in Huawei New City Area in the Longgang District of Shenzhen has commenced leasing and pre-sales of phase 1 since November 2014. Sales and leasing of phase 1 have been encouraging and this project has continued to contribute to its performance. Phase 2 with GFA of approximately 582,600m² is under construction and expected to be completed in 2018.

Investments

SHK HK IND

- SHK HK IND reported a net loss attributable to is owners of HK\$73.6 million (2015: HK\$104.0 million).
- The loss was mainly arising from equity related investments and offset partly by profit contribution from bond investments.

EMPLOYEES

The total number of headcount of the Group as at 31st December, 2016 was 5,343 (2015: 6,927). This net decrease in headcount reflects mainly the reduction at UAF in the number of branches in mainland China. Total staff costs (including continuing and discontinued operations), including Directors' emoluments, amounted to HK\$983.3 million (2015: HK\$1,130.4 million). The Group reviews remuneration packages from time to time. In addition to salary payments, other staff benefits include contributions to employee provident funds, medical subsidies and a discretionary bonus scheme. The Group recognises the importance of continuing professional education and development, and appropriate courses are arranged on a periodical basis as well as subsidies are granted to employees who take job-related courses.



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PRINCIPAL RISKS

The Group adopts a comprehensive risk management framework. Risk management policies and procedures are regularly reviewed and updated to react to changes in market conditions and the Group's business strategy. The audit committee of the Company, or in the case of SHK, its risk management committee, reviews risk-related policies and scrutinises that management has performed its duty to have effective risk management and internal control systems necessary for monitoring and controlling major risks arising from the Group's business activities, changing external risks and the regulatory environment, and reports to the Board on the above.

Financial Risk

Financial risk includes market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Market risk concerns that the value of an investment will change due to movements in market factors and which can be further divided into equity risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk. Credit risk is the risk of losses arising from clients or counterparties failing to make payments as contracted. Liquidity risk concerns that a given security or asset cannot be traded readily in the market to prevent a loss or make the required profit. Further discussion on financial risk management is outlined in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is concerned with possible losses caused by inadequate or failed internal processes, people, systems or external events. Operational risk is mitigated and controlled through establishing robust internal controls, setting out clear lines of responsibility, proper segregation of duties and effective internal reporting and contingency planning. It is our corporate culture that the business and operating line management are fully aware of, and responsible for, managing the operational risks of their business units on a day-to-day basis. Independent monitoring and reviews are conducted by the internal audit team which reports regularly to the respective senior management and the Audit Committee.

RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group is highly committed to comply with laws and regulations that govern our businesses. As a listed company in Hong Kong, the company has to comply with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Our loan businesses in Hong Kong are governed by the Money Lenders Ordinance. The lending businesses in the PRC are operated in accordance with the regional guidelines announced by the provincial governments under the Guiding Opinions of the China Banking Regulatory Commission and the People's Bank of China on the Pilot Operation of Small-sum Loan Companies. Our rental businesses are governed by the Landlord and Tenant (Consolidation) Ordinance.



LONG TERM CORPORATE STRATEGIES

The Group will continue its businesses of investment, structured finance, consumer finance, property and related businesses, elderly care services and other investments. The Group's policy has been to adopt the following long term strategies:-

- 1. To maintain the organic growth of its core businesses;
- 2. To maintain a balance between the demands of short term returns and long term capital appreciation; and
- 3. To seek investment opportunities that assist in strengthening and broadening its earnings base.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK

It is expected that the slowdown of mainland China's economy may continue in 2017 and economic and political volatility in the global environment could escalate, consequent on several world events. At the same time, the market is expecting the US interest rate hike will induce inflation and interest rate pressure to the local economy.

The consumer finance businesses in Hong Kong are expected to remain solid barring any rapid deterioration in the economy. The consumer finance businesses in mainland China seem to have turned around satisfactorily.

For the structured finance business, market competition for private corporate debt has intensified but with the Group's experience, network, and market position, we remain confident in our ability to seek profitable financing opportunities.

The local government introduced additional measures in November 2016 to try to slow down the rising residential property market, but the shortage in the supply of land has caused record land prices. It is expected that downturn of the property market may happen if mortgage interest rates increase substantially in 2017.

For the mainland property market, there have been various measures by the authorities to regulate the high housing demand and cool down the overheated property market, so as to restore a healthy and stable property market.

The Board will continue to adopt a prudent approach in implementing the Group's stated strategies with solid financial position and diversified income streams for the benefit of the Group and all its shareholders.



APPRECIATION

The Board would like to thank all the staff for their effort and contribution in 2016, and would like to express appreciation to the Shareholders for their continued support.

Lee Seng Hui Chief Executive

Hong Kong, 27th March, 2017



18 Profile of Directors and Senior Management

ARTHUR GEORGE DEW

Mr. Arthur George Dew, aged 75, Chairman of the Company since January 2007, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in December 1995 and re-designated as a Non-Executive Director of the Company in July 2002. Mr. Dew is also a director of a subsidiary of the Company. He graduated from the Law School of the University of Sydney, Australia, and was admitted as a solicitor and later as a barrister of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, Australia. He is currently a non-practising barrister. He has a broad range of corporate and business experience and has served as a director, and in some instances chairman of the board of directors, of a number of public companies listed in Australia, Hong Kong and elsewhere. He is also the chairman and a non-executive director of each of Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited ("APL"), APAC Resources Limited ("APAC"), Dragon Mining Limited ("Dragon Mining") and Tian An Australia Limited ("Tian An Australia", formerly known as PBD Developments Limited), and a non-executive director of each of SHK HK IND") and Tanami Gold NL ("Tanami Gold"). Mr. Dew was previously a non-executive director of BARD1 Life Sciences Limited ("BARD1", formerly known as Eurogold Limited). Dragon Mining, Tanami Gold, Tian An Australia and BARD1 are companies listed on the Australian Securities Exchange.

LEE SENG HUI

Mr. Lee Seng Hui, aged 48, Chief Executive of the Company since January 1998, was appointed a Non-Executive Director of the Company in July 1992 and became an Executive Director of the Company in December 1993. Save as disclosed herein, Mr. Lee is also a director of a subsidiary of the Company. He graduated from the Law School of the University of Sydney with Honours. Previously, he worked with Baker & McKenzie and N M Rothschild & Sons (Hong Kong) Limited. Mr. Lee is the chief executive and an executive director of APL and the chairman and a non-executive director of Tian An China Investments Company Limited ("Tian An"). He is a non-executive director of APAC and a non-executive chairman of Mount Gibson Iron Limited ("Mount Gibson"), a company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. He was appointed as a non-executive director and the chairman of Dan Form Holdings Company Limited ("Dan Form") in November 2016 and December 2016 respectively. He is a brother of Ms. Lee Su Hwei (a Non-Executive Director of the Company).

EDWIN LO KING YAU

Mr. Edwin Lo King Yau, aged 56, was appointed an Executive Director of the Company in May 2000 and resigned as the Company Secretary of the Company in March 2016. Mr. Lo is also director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He holds a Master's Degree in Applied Finance from Macquarie University, Australia and is a chartered company secretary. He had served various executive roles in several companies in Hong Kong including as company secretary for public listed companies. He is also an executive director of Tian An. He was appointed as an executive director of Dan Form in November 2016.



MAK PAK HUNG

Mr. Mak Pak Hung, aged 70, was appointed an Executive Director of the Company in January 2006. He holds a Bachelor of Arts Honours Degree in Economics from the University of Hong Kong and a Master of Business Administration Degree from the University of Western Ontario, Canada. Mr. Mak is the Executive Director for Banking and Treasury of Sun Hung Kai & Co. Limited ("SHK") and a director of Sun Hung Kai International Bank [Brunei] Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of SHK. Formerly, Mr. Mak was the Chief Financial Officer of SHK. Prior to joining SHK, Mr. Mak was with A.S. Watson & Company Limited, a subsidiary company of CK Hutchison Holdings Limited (formerly known as Hutchison Whampoa Limited), as Chief Operating Officer and Group Finance Director. Before that, he was the Managing Director of Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce for Hong Kong and China and has also held senior positions with Manufacturers Hanover Trust Co. and Citibank N.A., with extensive experience in banking and finance. He is also a director of United Asia Finance Limited.

LEE SU HWEI

Ms. Lee Su Hwei, aged 46, was appointed a Non-Executive Director of the Company in May 2000. She holds a Bachelor of Economics Degree from the University of Sydney and has experience as an investment analyst and in the securities industry generally in Hong Kong and the region. She is the sister of Mr. Lee Seng Hui (the Chief Executive and Executive Director of the Company).

DAVID CRAIG BARTLETT

Mr. David Craig Bartlett, aged 51, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in December 1999. He graduated with honours in law from Exeter University in the United Kingdom in 1988 and subsequently qualified as a solicitor in England & Wales, The Republic of Ireland and the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. A former partner of the international law firm Clyde & Co., he regularly acted for and advised the Company and its subsidiaries before leaving private practice for a career in industry. Now based primarily in Europe, Mr. Bartlett is also an independent non-executive director of each of APL and SHK.

ALAN STEPHEN JONES

Mr. Alan Stephen Jones, aged 73, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in January 2006. Mr. Jones, a chartered accountant, has extensive experience in management, administration, accounting, property development, carpark management, finance and trading, and has been involved in successful mergers and acquisitions of a number of public companies in Australia and internationally. Mr. Jones is an independent non-executive director of each of APL and SHK. He is also an independent non-executive director of Mount Gibson, a company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange, and a non-executive chairman of Air Change International Limited, a company listed on the National Stock Exchange of Australia Limited. He is also a non-executive director of Mulpha Australia Limited.

LISA YANG LAI SUM

Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum, aged 50, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in November 2013. She graduated from the University of Sydney with a Bachelor's Degree in Law and Economics and is also qualified as a solicitor in Australia and England. She is a practicing solicitor in Hong Kong and a consultant of ONC Lawyers. Ms. Yang is also an independent non-executive director of Tian An. She was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Dan Form in March 2017.



KENNETH LI CHI KONG

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Mr. Kenneth Li Chi Kong, aged 63, joined the Company in January 1996 and is the Group Financial Controller of the Company. Mr. Li is also director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Li graduated from the University of Edinburgh in Scotland, United Kingdom with a Bachelor's Degree of Science and obtained a Post-graduate Diploma in Accounting from Heriot-Watt University in Edinburgh. He is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland and a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has extensive experience in finance and accounting. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Li worked for two major audit firms and acted as the group financial controller for several listed companies in Hong Kong. Mr. Li is also the financial controller and an executive director of APL.

MARK WONG TAI CHUN

Mr. Mark Wong Tai Chun, aged 52, took up the post of director of investment of the Company in September 2007. Mr. Wong is also director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He has a Master's Degree in Business Administration and is a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. Mr. Wong was the financial controller of other listed companies in Hong Kong. He is also an executive director of each of APL and SHK HK IND and an alternate director to Mr. Arthur George Dew in APAC, Tanami Gold, Dragon Mining and Tian An Australia. Mr. Wong was previously an alternate director to Mr. Arthur George Dew in BARD1. Tanami Gold, Dragon Mining, Tian An Australia and BARD1 are companies listed on the Australian Securities Exchange.

KELVIN LAM KAM WING

Mr. Kelvin Lam Kam Wing, aged 50, is the Assistant Financial Controller of the Company. He obtained a Master's Degree in Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1999 and is a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Before Mr. Lam joined the Group in 1992, he had worked in an international accounting firm for four years.



The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance within a sensible framework with an emphasis on the principles of transparency, accountability and independence. The board of directors of the Company ("Board") believes that good corporate governance is essential to the success of the Company and to the enhancement of shareholders' value.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

In the light of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report ("CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules"), the Board has reviewed the corporate governance practices of the Company with the adoption of the various enhanced procedures which are detailed in this report. The Company has applied the principles of, and complied with, the applicable code provisions of the CG Code during the year ended 31st December, 2016, except for certain deviations as specified with considered reasons for such deviations as explained below. The Board will review the current practices at least annually, and make appropriate changes if considered necessary.

THE BOARD

The Board currently comprises eight directors ("Directors") in total, with three Executive Directors, two Non-Executive Directors ("NEDs") and three Independent Non-Executive Directors ("INEDs"). The composition of the Board during the year and up to the date of this report is set out as follows:

Executive Directors:	Lee Seng Hui <i>(Chief Executive)</i> Edwin Lo King Yau Mak Pak Hung
Non-Executive Directors:	Arthur George Dew <i>(Chairman)</i> Lee Su Hwei
Independent Non-Executive Directors:	David Craig Bartlett Alan Stephen Jones Lisa Yang Lai Sum

The brief biographical details of the Directors are set out in the Profile of Directors and Senior Management on pages 18 to 20. Other than that Mr. Lee Seng Hui, the Chief Executive of the Company, is a brother of Ms. Lee Su Hwei, a NED of the Company, there are no family or other material relationships among members of the Board.



THE BOARD (CONT'D)

Board Process

During the year, the NEDs (a majority of whom are independent) provided the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively "Group") with a wide range of expertise and experience. Their active participation in the Board and committee meetings brought independent judgment on issues relating to the Group's strategy, performance and management process, taking into account the interests of all shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders").

Throughout the year and up to the date of this report, the Company has had at least three INEDs representing not less than one-third of the Board. At least one of the INEDs has the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules. The Board has received from each INED an annual confirmation of his/her independence and considers that all the INEDs are independent under the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

The Board meets regularly to discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group, and to review and approve the Group's annual and interim results and other ad hoc matters which need to be dealt with. During the year, four Board meetings were held and the individual attendance records of each Director at the meetings of the Board, Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee and general meeting during the year ended 31st December, 2016 are set out below:

	Number of meetings attended/held Remuneration Audit			General
Name of Directors	Board	Committee	Committee	Meeting
Executive Directors:				
Lee Seng Hui (Chief Executive)	3/4			1/1
Edwin Lo King Yau	4/4			1/1
Mak Pak Hung	4/4			1/1
Non-Executive Directors:				
Arthur George Dew (Chairman)	4/4	1/1	3/3	1/1
Lee Su Hwei	1/4			0/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors:				
David Craig Bartlett	3/4	0/1	2/3	1/1
Alan Stephen Jones	3/4	1/1	3/3	1/1
Lisa Yang Lai Sum	3/4	1/1	3/3	1/1



THE BOARD (CONT'D)

Board Process (Cont'd)

The Board has reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering mainly the Group's overall strategy, annual operating budget, annual and interim results, approval of Directors' appointment or re-appointment (based on the recommendations made by the Nomination Committee), material contracts and transactions, corporate governance as well as other significant policy and financial matters. The Board has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the executive management under the instruction/supervision of the Executive Committee which has its specific written terms of reference. The respective functions of the Board and management of the Company have been formalised and set out in writing and will be reviewed and updated by the Board from time to time to ensure that they are consistent with the existing rules and regulations.

Regular Board meetings each year are scheduled in advance to facilitate maximum attendance of Directors. At least 14 days' notice of a Board meeting is normally given to all Directors who are given an opportunity to include matters for discussion in the agenda. The company secretary of the Company ("Company Secretary") assists the Chairman of the Board in preparing the agenda for meetings and ensures that all applicable rules and regulations are complied with. The agenda and the accompanying Board papers are normally sent to all Directors at least 3 days before the intended date of a regular Board meeting (and so far as practicable for such other Board meetings). Draft minutes of each Board meeting are circulated to all Directors for their comment before being tabled at the following Board meeting for approval. All minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director.

According to the current Board practice, if a substantial Shareholder or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter will be dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The articles of association of the Company ("Articles of Association") also stipulate that save for the exceptions as provided therein, a Director shall abstain from voting on any Board resolution and not be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving any contract or arrangement in which such Director or any of his/her close associates has a material interest.

Every Director is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials and has access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the Company's senior management. Directors will be continuously updated on the major development of the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and upkeep of good corporate governance practices. In addition, a written procedure has been established since June 2005 to enable the Directors, in discharge of their duties, to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at a reasonable cost to be borne by the Company.



THE BOARD (CONT'D)

Directors' Continuous Professional Development

For continuous professional development, in addition to Directors' attendance at meetings and review of papers and circulars sent by the management of the Company, Directors participated in the activities including the following:

Participation in Continuous Professional Development Activities		
Name of Directors	Reading Regulatory Updates	Attending trainings/ briefings/seminars/ conference relevant to Directors' duties
Executive Directors:		
Lee Seng Hui (Chief Executive)	\checkmark	✓
Edwin Lo King Yau	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mak Pak Hung	\checkmark	1
Non-Executive Directors:		
Arthur George Dew (Chairman)	\checkmark	✓
Lee Su Hwei	\checkmark	X
Independent Non-Executive Directors:		
David Craig Bartlett	\checkmark	✓
Alan Stephen Jones	\checkmark	\checkmark
Lisa Yang Lai Sum	\checkmark	✓

Board Diversity

The Company has adopted the Board Diversity Policy in November 2013 which sets out the objectives and principles regarding board diversity for the purpose of achieving the Company's strategic objectives of balanced diversity at the Board as far as practicable. Board appointments will be based on merit and candidates will be considered against measurable objectives, taking into account the Company's business and needs.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity criteria, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, knowledge, professional experience and skills. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and the contribution that the selected candidates may bring to the Board.



ROLES OF CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Arthur George Dew, being the Chairman of the Board, is primarily responsible for the leadership of the Board, ensuring that (i) all significant policy issues are discussed by the Board in a timely and constructive manner; (ii) all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings; and (iii) the Directors receive accurate, timely and clear information. The functions of the chief executive are performed by Mr. Lee Seng Hui, the Chief Executive of the Company, who is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's business. Their responsibilities are clearly segregated and have been set out in writing and approved by the Board in June 2005, and subsequently updated in April 2012.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee include the nomination procedure specifying the process and criteria for the selection and recommendation of candidates for directorship of the Company.

Every newly appointed Director will receive an induction package from the Company Secretary on the first occasion of his/her appointment. This induction package is a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the responsibilities and on-going obligations to be observed by a director pursuant to the Companies Ordinance, Listing Rules and Securities and Futures Ordinance. In addition, this induction package includes materials briefly describing the operations and business of the Company, the latest published financial reports of the Company and the documentation for the corporate governance practices adopted by the Board. Directors will be continuously updated on any major developments of the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and upkeep of good corporate governance practices.

All NEDs (including INEDs) of the Company were appointed for a specific term, but subject to the relevant provisions of the Articles of Association or any other applicable laws whereby the Directors shall vacate or retire from their office but eligible for re-election. The term of appointment of the NEDs (including INEDs) has been renewed for further two years commencing from 1st January, 2017.

According to the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM"), one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. Further, any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company whilst for those appointed as an addition to the Board shall hold office until the next following AGM and in both cases, those Directors shall then be eligible for re-election at the relevant meeting. Every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board is responsible for performing corporate governance duties and has adopted the written terms of reference on its corporate governance functions in April 2012.

The duties of the Board in respect of the corporate governance functions include:

- (i) developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (v) reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

In 2016 and up to the date of this report, the Board has performed the corporate governance duties in accordance with its terms of reference.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established various committees, including a Nomination Committee, a Remuneration Committee, an Audit Committee and an Executive Committee, each of which has its specific written terms of reference. Copies of minutes of all meetings and resolutions of the committees, which are kept by the Company Secretary, are circulated to all Board members and the committees are required to report back to the Board on their decision and recommendations where appropriate. The procedures and arrangements for a Board meeting, as mentioned in the section headed "The Board" of this report, have been adopted for the committee meetings so far as practicable.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee has been established since March 2012 and is chaired by the Chairman of the Board and comprises a majority of INEDs. Currently, the Nomination Committee consists of four members, including Mr. Arthur George Dew (Chairman of the Nomination Committee), being a NED, Mr. David Craig Bartlett, Mr. Alan Stephen Jones and Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum, all being the INEDs. The Nomination Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and has access to independent professional advice according to the Company's policy if considered necessary. The major roles and functions of the Nomination Committee are included in its terms of reference, which are available on the websites of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") and the Company.



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Nomination Committee (Cont'd)

The Nomination Committee will meet as and when necessary in accordance with its terms of reference and may also deal with matters by way of circulation. In 2016, no Nomination Committee meeting was held while the Nomination Committee dealt with matters by way of circulation. In 2016 and up to the date of this report, the Nomination Committee performed the works as summarised below:

- (i) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the proposed resolution for re-election of the retiring Directors at 2016 AGM and 2017 AGM;
- (ii) reviewed the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board and assessed the independence of each INED; and
- (iii) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the renewal of the term of appointment of NEDs (including the INEDs) for two years commencing from 1st January, 2017.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee has been established for more than 10 years and currently consists of four members, including Mr. David Craig Bartlett (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. Alan Stephen Jones and Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum, all being the INEDs, and Mr. Arthur George Dew, being a NED. The Remuneration Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and has access to independent professional advice according to the Company's policy if considered necessary. The major roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are included in its terms of reference, which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are in compliance with the code provision B.1.2 of the CG Code, but with a deviation from the code provision that the Remuneration Committee shall make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Executive Directors only and not senior management (as opposed to executive directors and senior management under the code provision). The reasons for the above deviation are summarised as below:

- (i) the Board believes that the Remuneration Committee is not properly in a position to evaluate the performance of senior management and that this evaluation process is more effectively carried out by the Executive Directors;
- (ii) the Executive Directors must be in a position to supervise and control senior management and thus must be able to control their compensation; and
- (iii) there is no reason for Executive Directors to pay senior management more than industry standards and thus Shareholders will benefit by reducing costs in the fixing of such compensation packages.

The Remuneration Committee shall meet at least once a year in accordance with its terms of reference. One Remuneration Committee meeting was held in 2016 and the attendance of each member is set out in the section headed "The Board" of this report.



Remuneration Committee (Cont'd)

In addition to the Remuneration Committee meeting, the Remuneration Committee also dealt with matters by way of circulation during 2016. In 2016 and up to the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee performed the works as summarised below:

- (i) reviewed the existing policy and structure for the remuneration of Directors;
- (ii) reviewed the existing remuneration packages of the Executive Directors, the Group Financial Controller and the director of investment;
- (iii) reviewed the existing remuneration of the NEDs (including the INEDs);
- (iv) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the bonus for the year ended 31st December,
 2015 and the increment in the remuneration for the year 2016 of the Executive Directors, the
 Chairman, the Group Financial Controller and the director of investment; and
- (v) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the increase in service fees and the renewal of term of appointment of the NEDs (including the INEDs).

The remuneration payable to Directors will depend on their respective contractual terms under their employment contracts or service contracts as approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee. Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements whereas detailed changes in the emoluments of certain Directors during the interim period and up to the date of the Interim Report were also disclosed in the Interim Report of the Company dated 24th August, 2016. Details of the emolument policy of the Group are also set out in the "Emolument Policy" section contained in the Directors' Report on page 52.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee has been established for more than 10 years and currently consists of four NEDs, three of whom are INEDs. To retain independence and objectivity, the Audit Committee is chaired by an INED with appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The current members of the Audit Committee are Mr. Alan Stephen Jones (Chairman of the Audit Committee), being an INED, Mr. Arthur George Dew, being a NED, Mr. David Craig Bartlett and Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum, both being INEDs. The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and has access to independent professional advice according to the Company's policy if considered necessary. The major roles and functions of the Audit Committee are included in its terms of reference, which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.



Audit Committee (Cont'd)

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are revised from time to time to comply with the code provision C.3.3 of the CG Code, but with deviations from the code provision of the audit committee's responsibility to:

- (i) implement policy on the engagement of the external auditors to supply non-audit services;
- (ii) ensure the management has performed its duty to have effective risk management and internal control systems; and
- (iii) ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the listed company.

The Board considers that the Audit Committee shall recommend (as opposed to implement under the code provision) the policy on the engagement of the external auditors to supply non-audit services for the following reasons:

- (i) it is proper and appropriate for the Board and its committees to develop policy and make appropriate recommendations;
- (ii) the proper and appropriate mechanism for implementation of such policy and recommendations is through the Executive Directors and management; and
- (iii) INEDs are not in an effective position to implement policy and follow up the same on a day-to-day basis.

Further, the Board considers that the Audit Committee only possesses the effective ability to scrutinise (as opposed to ensure under the code provision) whether management has performed its duty to have effective risk management and internal control systems. The Audit Committee is not equipped to ensure that the same is in place as this would involve day-to-day supervision and the employment of permanent experts. The Audit Committee is not in a position either to ensure co-ordination between the internal auditors but it can promote the same. Similarly, the Audit Committee is not in a position to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced but it can check whether it is adequately resourced.

The Audit Committee shall meet at least twice a year in accordance with its terms of reference. Three Audit Committee meetings were held in 2016 and the attendance of each member is set out in the section headed "The Board" of this report.

In addition to the Audit Committee meetings, the Audit Committee also dealt with matters by way of circulation during 2016. In 2016 and up to the date of this report, the Audit Committee performed the works as summarised below:

- (i) reviewed and approved the audit scope and fees proposed by the external auditor;
- (ii) reviewed the reports of findings/independent review report from the external auditor and the management's response in relation to the final audit for the year ended 31st December, 2015, the interim results review for the six months ended 30th June, 2016 and the final audit for the year ended 31st December, 2016 of the Group;



Audit Committee (Cont'd)

- (iii) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the financial reports for the year ended 31st December, 2015, for the six months ended 30th June, 2016 and for the year ended 31st December, 2016 together with the relevant management representation letters and announcements;
- (iv) reviewed the Group Internal Audit Plan prepared by the Internal Audit Department ("IAD");
- (v) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the updated report on substantiation of the resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions, and their training programmes and budget;
- (vi) reviewed and recommended for the Board's annual review the Related Party Transaction Policies and Procedures, Procedures for the Identification and Monitoring of Connected Transactions, Whistle Blower Policy, Policy on the Disclosure of Inside Information and Manual of Company Management Authority;
- (vii) reviewed and discussed the draft proforma audit report pursuant to the new and revised Hong Kong Standards on Auditing; and
- (viii)reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the updated Related Party Transaction Policies and Procedures.

Executive Committee

The Executive Committee has been established since January 1993 and currently consists of two Executive Directors, being Messrs. Lee Seng Hui (Chairman of the Executive Committee) and Edwin Lo King Yau. The Executive Committee is vested with all the general powers of management and control of the activities of the Group as are vested in the Board, save for those matters which are reserved for the Board's decision and approval pursuant to the written terms of reference of the Executive Committee. The terms of reference of the Executive Committee were revised in November 2007 following the adoption of the Whistle Blower Policy by the Company.

The Executive Committee will meet as and when necessary to discuss the operating affairs of the Group and may also deal with matters by way of circulation. The Executive Committee is mainly responsible for undertaking and supervising the day-to-day management and is empowered:

- (i) to formulate and implement policies for the business activities, internal control and administration of the Group; and
- (ii) to plan and decide on strategies to be adopted for the business activities of the Group within the overall strategy of the Group as determined by the Board.



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COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lau Tung Ni is the Company Secretary of the Company. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman on board governance matters, and is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and for facilitating communications among Directors as well as with the Shareholders and management.

Ms. Lau is a fellow member of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. During 2016, Ms. Lau undertook over 15 hours of relevant professional training to update her skills and knowledge.

CODES FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS AND RELEVANT EMPLOYEES

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. All Directors have confirmed, following a specific enquiry by the Company, that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code.

The Company has also adopted the Model Code as the Code for Securities Transactions by Relevant Employees to regulate dealings in securities of the Company by certain employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries who are considered to be likely in possession of inside information in relation to the Company or its securities.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Reporting

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing, with the support from the Accounts Department, the consolidated financial statements of the Group. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2016, the accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong have been adopted and the requirements of the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (which also include Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance were complied with. The Directors believe that they have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, and made judgments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable and have ensured that the consolidated financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

The reporting responsibilities of the Company's external auditor, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 107 to 116.



ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (CONT'D)

Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board has the responsibility to review annually the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls. In 2016, the Board, through the Audit Committee, had reviewed the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions, and their training programmes and budget.

The Group's risk management and internal control systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss; to manage rather than completely eliminate the risk of system failure; and to assist in the achievement of the Group's agreed objectives and goals. They have a key role in the management of risks that are significant to the fulfilment of business objectives. In addition, they should provide a basis for the maintenance of proper accounting records and assist in the compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

Systems and procedures are put in place to identify, evaluate and manage the risks of different businesses and activities. The annual assessment is performed through the completion by the relevant business units and department heads of their respective responsibility statements as co-ordinated by the IAD. The result and findings are reported by the management to the Chairman of Executive Committee who puts forward the same to the Audit Committee and the Board for review on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems, which have been considered effective and adequate.

The Company's principal subsidiaries are managed under independent systems of risk management and internal controls. These subsidiaries have provided appropriate assurance to the Company on their compliance with the CG Code regarding risk management and internal control systems in general to the Company.

A discussion of the policies and procedures on the management of each of the major types of risk which the Group is facing is included in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements and under the "Principal Risks" section contained in the Review of Operations on page 15.

Internal Audit

The Head of Internal Audit reports to the Chairman of the Board and the Audit Committee. The IAD generally carries out the analysis and independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The Group Internal Audit Plan was prepared by the IAD and issued to the Audit Committee and the Board for review.



ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (CONT'D)

External Auditors' Remuneration

During the year, the remuneration paid to the Group's external auditors is set out as follows:

Services rendered for the Group	HK\$ Million
Audit services	8.5
Non-audit services	
– Taxation services	0.6
- Other professional services	3.4
Total	12.5

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board recognises the importance of good communication with Shareholders. Information in relation to the Group is disseminated to Shareholders in a timely manner through a number of formal channels, which include interim and annual reports, announcements and circulars. Such published documents together with the latest corporate information and news are also made available on the website of the Company.

The Company's AGM is a valuable forum for the Board to communicate directly with Shareholders. The Chairman actively participates at the AGM and personally chairs the meeting to answer any questions from Shareholders. The chairmen of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee or in their absence, another member of the respective committees or failing that their respective duly appointed delegate, are also available to answer questions at the AGM. The chairman of any independent board committee formed as necessary or pursuant to the Listing Rules (or if no such chairman is appointed, at least a member of the independent board committee) will also be available to answer questions at any general meeting of Shareholders to approve a connected transaction or any other transaction that is subject to independent Shareholders' approval.

During the year, the 2016 AGM was held on 26th May, 2016. The attendance records of the Directors at the general meeting are set out in the section headed "The Board" of this report.

Separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings for each substantial issue, including the re-election of retiring Directors.

The notice to Shareholders is to be sent in the case of AGM at least 20 clear business days before the meeting and to be sent at least 10 clear business days in case of all other general meetings. An explanation of the detailed procedures of conducting a poll is provided to the Shareholders at the commencement of the meeting. The Chairman answers questions from Shareholders regarding voting by way of a poll. The poll results are published in the manner prescribed under the requirements of the Listing Rules.



COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS (CONT'D)

Shareholder(s) representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all Shareholders having a right to vote at general meetings as at the date of deposit of the requisition can request the Directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") by sending a written request to the registered office of the Company ("Registered Office"). Such requisition must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the EGM and must be authenticated by the person or persons making it. Besides, Shareholders may make a proposal ("Proposal") at a Shareholders' meeting by submitting it in written form to the Board at the Registered Office in accordance with the Companies Ordinance and the Articles of Association where applicable. The Proposal shall be in the form of a proposed resolution, which shall clearly and concisely set out the Proposal for discussion and be relevant to the Company's business scope.

The Board established a shareholders' communication policy in April 2012, and subsequently updated in December 2015. A Shareholder may serve an enquiry to the Board at the Registered Office for the attention of the Board in written form, which shall state the nature of the enquiry and the reason for making the enquiry. In addition, Shareholders can contact Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, the share registrar of the Company, for any questions about their shareholdings.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ENHANCEMENT

Enhancing corporate governance is not simply a matter of applying and complying with the CG Code of the Stock Exchange but also about promoting and developing an ethical and healthy corporate culture. We will continue to review and, where appropriate, improve our current practices on the basis of our experience, regulatory changes and developments. Any views and suggestions from our Shareholders to promote and improve our transparency are also welcome.

On behalf of the Board

Arthur George Dew Chairman

Hong Kong, 27th March, 2017



APPROACH AND STRATEGY

Allied Group Limited believes in delivering long term, sustainable value creation to our shareholders. In doing so, we recognise that the choices we make will have an impact on the communities in which we carry on our business and we should ensure such impact a positive one. We are committed to contributing to the sustainable development of society and the environment, and endeavour to embrace these principles as part of our practice and governance. The Company has adopted a Sustainability Policy in November 2016 which covers our principles in the area of employment and labour practices, business integrity, the environment and the community.

This report outlines the Group's sustainability initiatives and selected Key Performance Indicators ("KPI") that are material to the Group and its stakeholders on Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") issues for the year ended 31st December, 2016. This report supplements information disclosed in this Annual Report.

REPORTING SCOPE

The subject areas and aspects are presented based on the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" ("ESG Guide") as set out in Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange").

MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT AND STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Amongst various environmental and social issues based on the ESG Guide within the scope of sustainability, the below are the list of issues that are considered to be material and relevant to the Group. The priorities are set based on management's view as well as certain conclusions from stakeholders' engagement. We regularly engage key stakeholders in daily operations through meetings, events, and other communications and feedback channels. Based on management's view, the aspects and KPIs relevant for this report's disclosure are set out as follows:

Material and relevant issues:

Supply chain management (Aspect B5) general disclosure, KPI B5.1, B5.2 Anti-corruption (Aspect B7) general disclosure, KPI B7.2

Other relevant issues:

Emissions (Aspect A1) general disclosure Use of resources (Aspect A2) general disclosure, KPI A2.1 The environment and natural resources (Aspect A3) general disclosure, KPI A3.1 Employment (Aspect B1) general disclosure Health and safety (Aspect B2) general disclosure Development and training (Aspect B3) general disclosure, KPI B3.1, B3.2 Labour standards (Aspect B4) general disclosure Product responsibility (Aspect B6) general disclosure, KPI B6.2, B6.5 Community investment (Aspect B8) general disclosure, KPI B8.1, B8.2

All other aspects of KPI not mentioned above were concluded to be not relevant for disclosure.



The following ESG issues are presented based on the classification of provisions by the Stock Exchange's ESG Guide.

A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

The Group's Sustainability Policy encompasses our general approach towards environmental issues. We endeavour to:

- observe relevant laws and regulations and aim to go beyond minimum requirements;
- prevent/minimise air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste;
- make efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials;
- minimise the impact of the Group's activities on the environment and natural resources; and
- engage our staff, customers and partners to promote environmentally sustainable business practices and constantly re-assess our processes to minimise environmental impact.

Emissions (Aspect A1)

The Group is not involved in any manufacturing activities. Emissions produced directly by the Group only related to the executive passenger vehicles (35) and company boats (7) in Hong Kong and mainland China. These are used for senior staff's local travel only as well as for entertainment. The scale and usage is immaterial given the size of the Group's assets and staff.

Other emissions produced are mostly on a "second degree" basis as incurred during occasional business travels.

In line with our policy to minimise air and greenhouse gas emissions, major operations are equipped with video conferencing facilities to minimise the need for face to face meetings and keep business travelling to a minimum. Only a small percentage of employees travel for business.

There are no relevant laws and regulations applicable to our business on this aspect.


A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (CONT'D)

Use of Resources (Aspect A2), and The Environment and Natural Resources (Aspect A3)

We place a high priority on the efficient use of resources. With 5,343 staff across the Group, we consume considerable amounts of electricity and paper and with the efficient use of such, we hope to minimise our impact on the environment whilst we grow our businesses. Water consumption is not material to our business as it relates mainly to the personal consumption of our staff or for their personal hygiene.

Since June 2013, electronic board paper systems have been promoted and implemented throughout the Group, allowing our directors to access meeting papers online anytime, anywhere with the use of portable electronic devices, improving Board efficiency whilst saving paper.

The Company has for some years established an electronic communication channel with shareholders, allowing shareholders to select to receive our corporate communications, such as annual reports, interim reports and circulars, by accessing online versions instead of receiving hard copies in mail. As a result, printing quantities of our corporate communications are substantially reduced and consumption of paper are thus minimised.

Environmental protection guidelines in relation to energy savings and reduction in paper consumption are circulated to all staff at head office and branches. For instance, staff are reminded to switch off lights and equipment after work, during lunch break or during the time working outside the office and wherever possible. Energy efficient office equipment is always preferred in making purchase decisions. During 2016, the Group's total electricity consumption was approximately 8.2 million kwh.

In Hong Kong, United Asia Finance Limited ("UAF") joined the "Charter on External Lighting" (the "Charter") launched by the Environment Bureau on 1st April, 2016 and the external lighting of advertising and shop signage be switched off after midnight. One of the Group's subsidiary companies, Protech Property Management Limited, has for many years participated in the Earth Hour Campaign (the "Campaign") and encouraged owners/tenants of the flats and buildings which it manages to turn off lights every year for one hour at 8:30 pm on the Campaign nights. The purpose of the Charter and the Campaign is to minimise light nuisance and energy wastage and to bring general awareness of environmental protection.

Throughout the Group, the following business processes were implemented to improve efficiency and to reduce paper usage:

- On-line or mobile loan applications channels
- Web-based application system such as Document Management Systems of UAF and Sun Hung Kai Credit Limited ("SHK Credit")
- Electronic loan statements
- Recycling schemes of office equipment and supplies
- Internal electronic administration and communication platform

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (CONT'D)

Use of Resources (Aspect A2), and The Environment and Natural Resources (Aspect A3) (Cont'd)

In the property and hotel business, eco-friendly options are often considered and where possible/ appropriate are implemented in operations, construction and maintenance works.

These include:

- 1. Building Environmental Assessment Method Plus applied to demolition and new building project.
- 2. Replace air-cool with water-cool air-conditioning system with selection of more efficient oil-free chillers.
- 3. Up-grade building management system with better control for air-handling units.
- 4. Carry out energy audits.
- 5. Replace energy wasting lights with LED lights.
- 6. Change diesel boilers to gas boilers and heat pumps for hot water system.
- 7. Use of syphonic double flush WC units where appropriate.
- 8. Roof waterproofing system using more economical and efficient method to reduce noise, dust and debris.
- 9. Use of non-Chlorofluorocarbon based refrigerants in air-conditioning unit selection.

Recycling scheme for materials, such as paper, plastic, glass bottle and cooking oil, has been launched in certain restaurant and within internal departments.

Except for the abovementioned, the Group's businesses have no direct impact on the environment and natural resources.

B. SOCIAL ISSUES

Employment, Health and Safety and Labour Standards (Aspect B1, B2, B4)

The Company is substantially an investment holding company and with subsidiaries involved in real estate, finance and money lending, property leasing, management services and elderly care services. Our people are our most important assets that drive the long-term development and sustainability of the Company. The Group's policy on employment is as follows:

- observing relevant laws and regulations;
- being an equal-opportunity employer, implementing fair practices relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare for our staff;



Employment, Health and Safety and Labour Standards (Aspect B1, B2, B4) (Cont'd)

- providing a safe, healthy and quality workplace and protecting employees from occupational hazards;
- promoting a good work-life balance for staff;
- investing in training and professional development of our staff for the purpose of improving their knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work;
- maintaining an open dialogue with our staff, facilitating a transparent two way communication; and
- no child and forced labour.

In Hong Kong, the Group's employment of staff is subject to the Employment Ordinance, the Minimum Wage Ordinance, as well as the Employees' Compensation Ordinance. In mainland China, staff employment is subject to the Labour Law and the Employment Contract Law of the People's Republic of China (「中華人民共和國勞動法及勞動合同法」). The Group has no known non-compliance with the above relevant regulations.

Our compensation and benefits (including working hours, rest periods, welfare) need to be competitive with other peers in the same sectors and in general exceeds the minimum as required by the relevant regulations. Owing to the nature of our businesses, work related injuries, occupational health issues and the incurrence of child labour are not significant risk factors.

Further information on the Group's human resources are also detailed in the section headed "Review of Operations" on page 14 of this Annual Report.

The Group endeavours to provide a safe and pleasant working environment for our staff. On top of this, well-being programmes such as those promoting a good work-life balance are offered regularly to staff such as the handling of stress and parenting skills. The Group also sponsors and organises various company teams across the Group for team sports and community service. Sports teams include dragon boating, soccer and basketball to name a few whereas Volunteer teams visited Elderly Homes/Centers and joined Recreational Activities for Disabled Persons organised by Hong Kong PHAB Association. The Group also participates in various donation campaigns organised by the Community Chest and Oxfam Hong Kong. Certain operations also publish staff magazines to share Group, industry and staff news and to promote internal communication.



Employment, Health and Safety and Labour Standards (Aspect B1, B2, B4) (Cont'd)

As at 31st December, 2016, the Group employs a total of 5,343 staff compared against 6,927 at the end of 2015 as UAF consolidated its consumer finance branches in mainland China.

Staff Breakdown





Employment, Health and Safety and Labour Standards (Aspect B1, B2, B4) (Cont'd)

Human Resources and sustainability related awards:

- Good MPF Employer Award 2014-2016 (Sun Hung Kai & Co. Limited ("SHK"))
- Caring Company Award 2005-2017 (UAF); 2016-2017 (SHK); 2009-2017 (Protech Property Management Limited)
- Partner Employer Award 2016-2017 (UAF)
- ERB Manpower Developer Award Scheme 2012-2018 (UAF)
- Social Capital Builder Award 2017 (UAF)
- Hong Kong Outstanding Corporate Citizenship Awards 2016 (UAF)
- The Young Entrepreneurs Development Council's Life Planning Co-operation Award 2015-2016 (UAF)

Development and Training (Aspect B3)

The Group is committed to fostering a culture of continuous learning in our organisation. Heavy emphasis is placed on staff training which is tailored to equip our workforce with the necessary knowledge and skills relevant for their work, as well as to build our talent pool. Management is involved, together with professional trainers, in designing training programmes that meet the demands of the work place. Training content and topics are set to cover the key aspects of our operations. These include:

Compliance and regulatory – general compliance, market and regulatory updates, prevention of bribery, bankruptcy laws, data privacy, the Money Lenders Ordinance ("MLO").

Management skills and personal – leadership skills, supervisory skills, KPI setting, communication and interpersonal skills, creative thinking and problem solving skills, self-development skills.

Job skills – language skills, computer skills, debt collection skills, customer service skills.

UAF has a comprehensive graduate training programme to train up talented university graduates for advancing to future management team. The 25-month programme trains the graduate trainees on their knowledge and skill sets for consumer financing industry.

On top of internal training, UAF also provides a study subsidy for staff to advance their education after office work. UAF Hong Kong has received the honour of "Manpower Developer" from the Employees Retraining Board every year since 2012.

In the hotel sector, as talents are our most valuable assets, we have formulated strategic plans for talent retention, growth and development. We also provide training courses on regular basis for talents.

Staff training across the Group amounted to 110,441 hours in total.



Development and Training (Aspect B3) (Cont'd)

Training hours breakdown



Supply Chain Management (Aspect B5)

The Group's general business suppliers include providers of information technology and communication, premises, legal and other business services as well as vendors for office supplies. These are not considered to pose significant social risks for our business and procurement decisions are based on pricing, suitability as well as the general reputation of suppliers.



Supply Chain Management (Aspect B5) (Cont'd)

For UAF and SHK Credit businesses specifically, external debt collection agents are engaged only after internal collection efforts have failed to collect overdue debts. More than 20 and 35 of such agents were engaged by both businesses in Hong Kong and mainland China respectively. UAF and SHK Credit both have well-defined policies and procedures for the selection, monitoring of their debt collection agents. The agents are selected carefully based on track record of good practices and reputation. They are required to abide by a Code of Conduct and are subject to benchmarking, audits and rotation. As UAF and SHK Credit do not sell their receivables, they can retain control over the collection process. Under the Code of Conduct, the agents shall not:

- sub-contract or delegate the whole or any part of their duties under the debt service agreement with UAF and SHK Credit;
- violate the relevant laws and regulations; and
- engage in any action or conduct which is prejudicial to the business, integrity, reputation or goodwill of UAF and SHK Credit.

As part of monitoring these agents, regular surveys with customers and the general public are conducted for feedback. During 2016, complaints received on debt collection amounted to 0.01% of the UAF's and SHK Credit's customer base. We understand that this is a very low ratio by industry standards according to management's knowledge. Over the years, UAF's market share by customer numbers (outside of banks) in Hong Kong continued to lead as a result of its solid reputation.

Product Responsibility (Aspect B6)

The Group provides loan products to individuals and corporates in Hong Kong and mainland China. This includes corporate structured loans under the Principal Investments Segment of SHK, consumer finance and small business loans through UAF, as well as mortgage loans through SHK Credit.

In Hong Kong, all the relevant loan businesses above operate under the MLO, being licensed money lenders. In mainland China, UAF's operations follow the regional guidelines announced by the provincial governments under the Guiding Opinions of the China Banking Regulatory Commission and the People's Bank of China on the Pilot Operation of Small Loan Companies. During the year, there were no known cases of non-compliance with the above laws or regulations.

In Hong Kong, the MLO focuses on borrowers' rights as well as lenders' practices. UAF, as a founding member of The Hong Kong S.A.R. Licensed Money Lenders Association Limited ("LMLA"), has led the drafting of the Code of Practice (the "Code") for the money lending industry. The Code was promoted for application by all the members of the LMLA including UAF and SHK Credit. The Code is a comprehensive framework of market practice and standard, developed based on the Hong Kong Monetary Authority's guidelines to banks, in the various business aspects such as customer relationships, know-your-customer, anti money laundering, credit evaluation, collection and recovery and data privacy. UAF is on the executive committee of LMLA and leads the task force for regular review of the Code. The latest version was released during the year. UAF also holds regular dialogues with the Companies Registry (which reviews the licensing matters of money lenders) to discuss best practices and industry trends.



Product Responsibility (Aspect B6) (Cont'd)

Servicing approximately 190,000 customers in Hong Kong and mainland China, UAF and SHK Credit place a very high priority to uphold customers data privacy. Measures and clear guidelines are in place and observed to ensure customers' relevant data are protected against unauthorised or accidental access, processing or erasure. Appropriate levels of security protection were implemented by adequate physical, electronic and managerial measures to safeguard and secure customers' personal data. In addition, all Hong Kong staff are required to complete a Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance e-learning course annually.

Owing to the nature of the consumer finance business where debt collection is involved, reputational risk monitoring and preventions are of utmost importance. At both UAF and SHK Credit, various measures are in place to minimise risks. Results and response to collection efforts are monitored on a timely basis. Dedicated telephone hotlines are set up for customer complaints and dispute resolution. External agents engaged for collection are tightly monitored as discussed above.

Anti-Corruption (Aspect B7)

A Whistle Blower Policy has been established to facilitate employees' direct reporting of any unlawful conduct, any incident of corruption, avoidance of internal controls, incorrect or improper financial or other reporting to senior management. This policy is either circulated to employees periodically or placed on the corporate electronic platform by the Group to facilitate employees' easy access and reporting.

All relevant staff in Hong Kong are required to complete Money Laundering & Counter-Terrorist Financing e-learning courses annually. ICAC seminar on anti-corruption is organised periodically for employees.

Community Investment (Aspect B8)

We strive to excel for our customers and undertake the responsibility of a good corporate citizen contributing to the community by encouraging our staff to enroll in charity and social services. The Sun Hung Kai & Co. Foundation (the "Foundation") was established in March 2010. It serves as a platform for SHK and its business associates and partners to support our community, in particular, to improve the lives of the underprivileged. The Foundation's principal interests are in the areas of poverty relief, education and the environment.

UAF had a long history of participation in volunteering activities to service our communities. It was also named a "Caring Company" by the Hong Kong Council of Social Service for 11 consecutive vears. In 2015, the UAF volunteer team was officially formed. UAF hope that through the volunteer activities, UAF can help the underprivileged in the community, like low-income senior citizens, senior citizens living alone, children with heart diseases etc, by offering our care and concern. A total of 53 staff participated in volunteering activities as of 31st December, 2016 and served for a total of 1,040 volunteer hours during 2016.



Community Investment (Aspect B8) (Cont'd)

The key activities in 2016 include the following:

- Po Leung Kuk Charity Walk
- Low Income Children Birthday Party
- Elderly Lantern Making for Autumn Festival
- Low Income Family Fun Day Running Family
- Visit to Kunming Children Welfare Institute

Total donations of approximately HK\$4.3 million were paid to various charitable institutions, including Po Leung Kuk, The Community Chest, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong and Macau Taiwanese Charity Fund Limited, Yan Oi Tong Limited, Bosco Charity Association Limited, The Hong Kong Council of Social Service, Corporate Governance Development Foundation Fund Limited and Bring Me a Book Hong Kong Limited.

Apart from charitable activities, the Group is also actively involved in the community via our participation as well as our senior management's roles in industry organisations, schools, chambers and Non-Governmental Organisations. By sharing our knowledge and best practices, we aim to contribute to the long term development of the communities we operate in.

Role of Company/Senior Management	Organisation
SHK	
Corporate Member and Committee Member Corporate Member	The Chamber of Hong Kong Listed Companies The Malaysian Chamber of Commerce (Hong Kong and Macau) Ltd.
UAF	
Founding member, Chairman	The Hong Kong S.A.R. Licensed Money Lenders Association Limited
Trustee member	New Asia College of The Chinese University of Hong Kong
Director	Hong Kong and Macau Taiwanese Charity Fund Limited

In the hotel sector, we promote community contribution within the organisation. In 2016, we have committed to reconciliation through Non-Governmental Organisations, e.g. Orbis, for various programmes which encouraged social responsibility between the staff and the community.



The board of directors of the Company ("Board") presents its annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively "Group") for the year ended 31st December, 2016.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The Company acts as an investment holding company and provides corporate management services. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries, associates and joint venture at 31st December, 2016 are set out in notes 50, 51 and 52 to the consolidated financial statements respectively. The business review of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2016, as well as further discussion and analysis as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, are set out in the section headed "Review of Operations" on pages 6 to 17, the section headed "Communication with Shareholders" under "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 33 and 34 and the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 35 to 45 of this Annual Report, the discussions of which form part of this directors' report.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group and appropriations of the Company are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on pages 117 and 118 and in the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The Board has declared a second interim dividend of HK\$1.85 per share (in lieu of a final dividend) for the year ended 31st December, 2016 (2015 second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend): HK\$1.6 per share) payable on or around Tuesday, 9th May, 2017 to the shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 18th April, 2017, making a total dividend for the year 2016 of HK\$2.0 per share (2015: HK\$1.75 per share). Details are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31st December, 2016 at HK\$7,793.7 million. The net increase in fair value of HK\$568.0 million attributable to investment properties held at 31st December, 2016 has been credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Details of the changes in the investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the changes in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

During the year, the Group's interest in Tian An China Investments Company Limited ("TACI") remained at 48.66%. In view of the provisions of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements", the Group has considered whether TACI is a subsidiary when preparing its consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2016 and has concluded that it does not have unilateral ability to direct the relevant activities of TACI based on the facts and circumstances as detailed in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the Group continues to account for its interest in TACI as an associate.

PROPERTIES

Particulars of major properties of the Group at 31st December, 2016 are set out on pages 287 to 292.



SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARES ISSUED

Details of movement in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

DEBENTURES

The Group has issued the following debentures, which remained outstanding at the end of the year.

- US\$234.5 million 6.375% Guaranteed Notes due 2017 issued under its US\$2 billion Guaranteed Medium Term Note Programme which was listed on 27th September, 2012 (stock code: 4567) by Sun Hung Kai & Co. (BVI) Limited ("SHK BVI"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and is an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.
- US\$60 million 3% Guaranteed Notes due 2017 were further issued under its US\$2 billion Guaranteed Medium Term Note Programme by SHK BVI which was listed on 28th March, 2014.
- US\$361.6 million 4.75% Guaranteed Notes due 2021 were further issued during the year under its US\$2 billion Guaranteed Medium Term Note Programme by SHK BVI which was listed on 1st June, 2016 (stock code: 5654).
- RMB500 million 6.9% Guaranteed Notes due 2018 were issued under the US\$3 billion Medium Term Note Programme by UA Finance (BVI) Limited (a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) which was listed on 2nd May, 2013.

For further details of the abovementioned issued Notes, please refer to note 37 to the consolidated financial statements. Save as disclosed above, the Group has not issued any debentures during the year.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company ("Directors") during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors: Lee Seng Hui Edwin Lo King Yau Mak Pak Hung

Non-Executive Directors: Arthur George Dew Lee Su Hwei

Independent Non-Executive Directors: David Craig Bartlett Alan Stephen Jones Lisa Yang Lai Sum



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DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

In accordance with Article 105(A) of the articles of association of the Company ("Articles of Association"), Mr. Arthur George Dew, Mr. Mak Pak Hung and Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum shall retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

A list of names of all the directors who have served on the boards of the Company's subsidiaries during the year are available on the website of the Company under the "Corporate Governance" section.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM") has an unexpired service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

TERMS OF OFFICE FOR THE NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

All the Non-Executive Directors (including the Independent Non-Executive Directors ("INEDs")) were appointed for a specific term of two years which shall continue until 31st December, 2018 but subject to the relevant provisions of the Articles of Association or any other applicable laws whereby the Directors shall vacate or retire from their office.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

At 31st December, 2016, Mr. Lee Seng Hui, Ms. Lee Su Hwei and Mr. Mak Pak Hung, Directors, had the following interests in the shares or underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations, within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO"), as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO:

Name of Directors	Name of companies	Number of shares interested	Approximate % of the total number of issued shares	Nature of interests
Lee Seng Hui	the Company	131,729,301	74.49%	Personal interests (held as beneficial owner) in 22,921 shares and other interests in 131,706,380 shares (Note 1)
Lee Su Hwei	the Company	131,706,380	74.48%	Other interests (Note 1)
Mak Pak Hung	Sun Hung Kai & Co. Limited ("SHK") (Note 2)	5,000	0.00%	Personal interests (5,000 shares held as beneficial owner) (Note 3)



DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (CONT'D)

Notes:

- 1. Mr. Lee Seng Hui and Ms. Lee Su Hwei are the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust, being a discretionary trust which indirectly held 131,706,380 shares of the Company.
- 2. SHK is an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited which in turn is a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Therefore, SHK is an associated corporation of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.
- 3. This represents the remaining one-third of the deemed interest in 15,000 shares of SHK duly granted to Mr. Mak Pak Hung on 28th April, 2008 under the SHK Employee Ownership Scheme and the shares were vested and became unrestricted from 15th April, 2011.
- 4. All interests stated above represent long positions.

Save as disclosed above, at 31st December, 2016, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations, within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO, as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules").

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

During the year and up to the date of this report, the following Directors (not being the INEDs) are considered to have interests in the businesses listed below which compete or are likely to compete with the businesses of the Group pursuant to the Listing Rules as set out below:

- (i) Messrs. Arthur George Dew and Lee Seng Hui are directors of Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited ("APL") which, through certain of its subsidiaries and close associates, is partly engaged in the business of money lending and is partly involved in the investment and trading in securities in the resources and related industries and financial instruments;
- (ii) Mr. Lee Seng Hui and Ms. Lee Su Hwei are two of the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust which is a deemed substantial shareholder of each of APL, SHK, SHK Hong Kong Industries Limited ("SHK HK IND"), TACI, Dan Form Holdings Company Limited ("Dan Form") and APAC Resources Limited ("APAC") which, through their subsidiaries, are partly engaged in the businesses as follows:
 - APL, through a subsidiary, is partly engaged in the business of money lending;
 - APL, through certain of its subsidiaries and close associates, is partly involved in the investment and trading in securities in the resources and related industries and financial instruments;
 - SHK, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of money lending and property investment;
 - SHK HK IND, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly involved in trading in securities and investment in financial instruments;





DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES (CONT'D)

- (ii) (Cont'd)
 - TACI, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of money lending, property development and investment and property management;
 - Dan Form, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of property investment and property management; and
 - APAC, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the business of money lending and is partly involved in the investment and trading in listed securities in the resources and related industries;
- (iii) Mr. Lee Seng Hui is a director of Allied Kajima Limited which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of property rental and hospitality related activities;
- (iv) Messrs. Lee Seng Hui and Edwin Lo King Yau are directors of TACI which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of money lending, property development and investment and property management;
- (v) Messrs. Lee Seng Hui and Edwin Lo King Yau are directors of Dan Form (appointed with effect from 18th November, 2016) which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of property investment and property management;
- (vi) Mr. Lee Seng Hui is a director of APAC which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the business of money lending and is partly involved in the investment and trading in listed securities in the resources and related industries;
- (vii) Mr. Lee Seng Hui is a director of Mount Gibson Iron Limited which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly involved in the investment and trading in listed securities in the resources and related industries;
- (viii)Mr. Arthur George Dew is a director of APAC (appointed with effect from 1st March, 2016) which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the business of money lending and is partly involved in the investment and trading in listed securities in the resources and related industries;
- (ix) Mr. Arthur George Dew is a director of SHK HK IND which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly involved in trading in securities and investment in financial instruments;
- (x) Mr. Arthur George Dew is a non-executive director of each of Tanami Gold NL and Dragon Mining Limited which, through certain of their subsidiaries, are partly involved in the investment and trading in listed securities in the resources and related industries; and
- (xi) Mr. Arthur George Dew is the non-executive chairman of Tian An Australia Limited (formerly known as PBD Developments Limited) which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in property development.

Although the above-mentioned Directors have competing interests in other companies by virtue of their respective common directorship or shareholding, they will fulfil their fiduciary duties in order to ensure that they will act in the best interests of the Shareholders and the Company as a whole at all times. Hence, the Group is capable of carrying on its businesses independently of, and at arm's length from, the businesses of such companies.



DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which the Directors or an entity connected with the Directors had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year. For information, a tenancy agreement dated 19th November, 2015 was entered into between Mr. Lee Seng Hui as the tenant and a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company as the landlord. The rental of HK\$4.1 million received therefrom during the year ended 31st December, 2016 is considered insignificant in relation to the Group's business.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Save for employment contracts, no other contracts, relating to the management and/or administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or subsisted during the year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Articles of Association provides that every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto. In addition, the Company has maintained appropriate directors and officers liability insurance in respect of relevant legal actions against the Directors.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS

To the best of Directors' knowledge, at 31st December, 2016, the following Shareholders had interests in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

Name of Shareholders	Number of shares interested	Approximate % of the total number of issued shares	Notes
Cashplus Management Limited ("Cashplus")	55,861,688	31.59%	_
Zealous Developments Limited ("Zealous")	55,861,688	31.59%	1, 2
Minty Hongkong Limited ("Minty")	75,844,692	42.89%	_
Lee and Lee Trust	131,706,380	74.48%	3,4
Dalton Investments LLC	10,649,938	6.02%	_



SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS (CONT'D)

Notes:

- 1. This represents the same interest of Cashplus in 55,861,688 shares.
- 2. Cashplus is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Zealous. Zealous was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which Cashplus was interested.
- 3. Minty and Zealous are wholly-owned by the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust, being a discretionary trust.
- 4. Mr. Lee Seng Hui and Ms. Lee Su Hwei, both Directors, together with Mr. Lee Seng Huang are the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust, being a discretionary trust, and were therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which Minty and Zealous were interested.
- 5. All interests stated above represent long positions.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

Details of the Directors' and senior management's emoluments and of the five highest paid individuals in the Group are set out in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Executive Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments payable to Directors will depend on their respective contractual terms under their employment contracts or service contracts as approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 30% of the total turnover for the year. Also, the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers taken together were less than 30% of the Group's total purchases for the year.

None of the Directors, their close associates or any Shareholders, which to the knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the Company's total number of issued shares, had a beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers and customers.



PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

Save for the Company's purchases of its own shares on the Stock Exchange as disclosed below, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares during the year ended 31st December, 2016.

	Number of shares	Purchase co per sl		Aggregate consideration paid
Month	repurchased	Highest HK\$	Lowest HK\$	(before expenses) HK\$
January	4,000	35.00	35.00	140,000
April	4,000	38.00	38.00	152,000
May	26,000	38.50	38.00	990,200
September	36,000	40.10	39.40	1,437,200
October	1,362,000	40.00	40.00	54,480,000
	1,432,000			57,199,400

DONATIONS

The Group made charitable donations of HK\$4.3 million during the year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 21 to 34.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules.



AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the AGM to re-appoint Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Arthur George Dew Chairman

Hong Kong, 27th March, 2017



Deloitte.

TO THE MEMBERS OF ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Allied Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") set out on pages 117 to 285, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2016, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31st December, 2016, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



致聯合集團有限公司各股東

(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「吾等」)已審核列載於第 117頁至第285頁聯合集團有限公司(「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報 表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一六年十二月 三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度 的綜合損益表及綜合損益及其他全面收益表、 綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合 財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,综合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)真實及公平地反映 貴 集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日的綜合財務 狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合 現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例妥為編製。

意見的基礎

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。吾等就該等準則下承擔的責任在本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」部分中闡述。根據香港會計師公會的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」),吾等獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。吾等相信,吾等所獲得的審核憑證能充足及適當地為吾等的審核意見提供基礎。



KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

Valuation of investment properties 投資物業之估值

We identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements as a whole and level of judgment in determining their respective fair values.

Approximately 96% of the investment properties represent residential properties, car parking spaces, commercial properties and a godown located in Hong Kong. The carrying amount of investment properties was HK\$7,793.7 million as at 31st December, 2016 with a resulting change in fair value of HK\$568.0 million recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year then ended.

All of the Group's investment properties are held at fair value based on valuations performed by independent qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group (the "Valuers").

Details of the valuation methodology and key inputs used in the valuations are disclosed in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements. The valuations are dependent on certain key inputs that involve management judgment, including term yield, reversionary yield and reversionary rental for investment properties. A table showing the relationship of significant unobservable inputs to fair value is also disclosed in this note.

由於投資物業估值之結餘對綜合財務報表整體而言屬重大,吾 等將投資物業之估值以及於釐定彼等各自公平價值時涉及之判 斷水平視為關鍵審核事項。

約96%之投資物業指位於香港之住宅物業、車位、商業物業及 貨倉。該等投資物業於二零一六年十二月三十一日之賬面值為 7,793.7百萬港元,公平價值變動568.0百萬港元乃於截至該日止 年度的綜合損益表內確認。

貴集團之全部投資物業根據與 貴集團概無關連之獨立專業合 資格估值師(「估值師」)進行之估值按公平價值持有。

有關估值所用估值方法及主要輸入數據詳情於綜合財務報表附 註17內披露。估值取決於涉及管理層判斷之若干關鍵輸入數據 (包括投資物業之年期收益率、復歸收益率及復歸租金)。載列重 大不可觀察輸入數據與公平價值之關係之列表亦於本附註內披 露。

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據吾等的專業判斷,認為對 本期綜合財務報表的審核最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在吾等審核整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。吾等不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of investment properties included:

- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuers and an understanding of the valuation methodology, the performance of the property markets, significant assumptions adopted, critical judgment on key inputs and data used in the valuations;
- Assessing the reasonableness of the key inputs and source data used in the valuations by management and the Valuers by comparing them, on a sample basis, to publicly available information of similar comparable properties; and
- Re-performing a sensitivity analysis on the key inputs to evaluate the magnitude of their impacts on the fair values.

吾等就有關評估投資物業所執行之程序包括:

- 評估估值師之勝任能力、專業能力及客觀 性並對估值方法、物業市場表現、所採用的 假設、關鍵輸入數據與用作估值之數據作 出的重要判斷進行了解;
- 以抽樣為基礎,通過與類似可資比較物業的公開資料進行比較,評估管理層與估值 師於估值中所用關鍵輸入數據及原始數據 的合理性;及
- 重新對關鍵輸入數據進行敏感度分析,以 評估彼等對公平價值之影響幅度。



Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

Impairment assessments of interests in associates 於聯營公司之權益之減值評估

We have identified the impairment assessments of interests in associates as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements as a whole and level of judgment (as stated in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements) in determining the estimated recoverable amount of the relevant interests in the associates.

As at 31st December, 2016, the management has conducted an impairment assessment to ensure that the carrying amount of the interests in Tian An China Investments Company Limited ("TACI") and Sun Hung Kai Financial Group Limited ("SHKFGL") are lower than their respective estimated recoverable amounts. The estimated recoverable amounts of TACI and SHKFGL have been determined with reference to their fair values less costs of disposal which are inherently subjective being dependent on the inputs that require management judgment and assumptions about the discounted future cash flows of the respective associates and the related discount rates.

As disclosed in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements, the carrying amounts of TACI and SHKFGL are HK\$9,826.2 million and HK\$954.0 million respectively. The management has concluded that there is no impairment in respect of the Group's interest in TACI as its fair value less cost of disposal is higher than its carrying amount. For SHKFGL, as the carrying amount is higher than its fair value less cost of disposal, an impairment of HK\$141.5 million is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

吾等確認於聯營公司之權益之減值評估為一項關鍵審核事項乃 由於結餘對綜合財務報表整體而言屬重大以及於釐定於聯營公 司之相關權益之估計可收回金額時涉及判斷水平(如綜合財務 報表附註4所述)。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,管理層進行了減值評估,以確保 於天安中國投資有限公司(「天安」)及新鴻基金融集團有限公司 (「新鴻基金融集團」)之權益之賬面值低於其各自之估計可收回 金額。天安及新鴻基金融集團的估計可收回金額乃參考其公平 價值減出售成本釐定,帶有主觀性即取決於須管理層對相關聯 營公司的折現日後現金流及相關的貼現率作出判斷及假設的輸 入數據。

誠如綜合財務報表附註23所披露,天安及新鴻基金融集團的賬 面值分別為9,826.2百萬港元及954.0百萬港元。管理層的結論 為 貴集團於天安之權益並無減值,原因是其公平價值減出售 成本高於其賬面值。就新鴻基金融集團而言,由於其賬面值高於 其公平價值減出售成本,故已於綜合損益表確認141.5百萬港元 的減值。

關鍵審核事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Our procedures in relation to the impairment assessments of interests in associates included:

- Obtaining an understanding of the process and testing the internal controls over the annual impairment assessment including the Group's assessment of indicators of impairment, preparation of the cash flow forecasts, setting of reasonable and supportable assumptions and inputs to the models used to estimate the recoverable amount;
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the valuation methodology and the models used, with the assistance of our internal valuation specialist, where appropriate;
- Evaluating the reasonableness of the inputs and assumptions used to determine the cash flow forecasts with reference to historical performance, economic and industry indicators, publicly available information and the Group's strategic plans;
- Checking the arithmetic accuracy of the forecast of discounted future cash flows prepared by the respective management; and
- Re-performing the underlying calculations used in the Group's assessment and performing sensitivity analysis of the inputs used.

吾等就有關於聯營公司之權益之減值評估所執 行之程序包括:

- 了解進行年度減值評估的程序並對其內部 監控進行測試,包括 貴集團對減值指標 的評估、現金流預測的編製、合理及具支持 性假設的設定及輸入模式用於評估可收回 金額的輸入數據;
- 在內部估值專家協助下(倘適用)評估估值 方法及所採用模式之合理性;
- 按過往表現、經濟及行業指標、公開資料
 及 貴集團戰略計劃評估釐定現金流預測
 所用的輸入數據及假設的合理性;
- 檢查由相關管理層編製對折現日後現金流的預測的計算準確性;及
- 重新進行於 貴集團評估中所用的相關計 算並對所用的輸入數據進行敏感度分析。

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

Valuation of loans and advances to consumer finance customers and term loans 私人財務客戶貸款及墊款以及有期貸款之估值

We identified the impairment of loans and advances to consumer finance customers and term loans as a key audit matter due to application of significant judgment and use of subjective assumptions by management.

As shown in notes 26 and 29 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has loans and advances to consumer finance customers of HK\$8,273.4 million, after recognising an impairment allowance of HK\$909.5 million, and term loans of HK\$3,065.0 million after recognising an individual impairment allowance of HK\$0.4 million as at 31st December, 2016.

Loans and advances to consumer finance customers, which are individually not significant and assessed not to be impaired individually are assessed for impairment collectively. The collective impairment allowance for loans and advances to consumer finance customers was based on an evaluation of their collectability with reference to an aging analysis of the amounts and management judgment.

Term loans are assessed for impairment individually. The consideration for an impairment allowance for term loans is done on an individual basis and involves significant management judgment including the determination of present value of estimated future cash flows taking into account the borrower's financial situation and the net realisable value of the underlying collateral or guarantees received.

The basis of determining the impairment allowances is disclosed in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

關鍵審核事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Our procedures in relation to the collective impairment of loans and advances to consumer finance customers included:

- Obtaining an understanding of and evaluating the valuation methodology and assumptions used by management, as well as checking the reasonableness of inputs applied in determining and calculating the collective impairment allowance with reference to the underlying loan data and past collection statistics of respective loan portfolios; and
- Testing the mathematical accuracy of the collective impairment based on the input data.

Our procedures in relation to the individual impairment of term loans included:

- Obtaining an understanding from management of the established policies and procedures on credit risk approval and monitoring;
- On a sample basis, evaluating management's assessment of the credit quality of the borrowers by examining the credit files, including overdue records, the borrowers' financial information and other relevant information, and checking the existence and recoverable amount of the collateral and the charge over the collateral, as applicable; and
- For those term loans with impairment indicators, checking on a sample basis, management's computations of the recoverable amounts and the impairment allowance.



Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

Valuation of loans and advances to consumer finance customers and term loans (Cont'd) 私人財務客戶貸款及墊款以及有期貸款之估值(續)

吾等確認私人財務客戶貸款及墊款以及有期貸款估值為一項關 鍵審核事項乃由於涉及管理層應用重大判斷及主觀性假設的使 用。

誠如綜合財務報表附註26及29所示,於二零一六年十二月三十一 日, 貴集團的私人財務客戶貸款及墊款經確認減值撥備909.5 百萬港元後為8,273.4百萬港元,而有期貸款經確認個別減值撥 備0.4百萬港元後為3,065.0百萬港元。

就個別而言屬微小且個別評估中並無出現減值之私人財務客戶 貸款及墊款乃按綜合基準進行減值評估。私人財務客戶貸款及 墊款之綜合減值撥備乃根據經參考款項賬齡分析及管理層判斷 後作出之可收回性評估釐定。

有期貸款乃按個別基準評估減值。有期貸款減值撥備按個別基 準作出考慮並涉及管理層重大判斷,包括估計日後現金流現值 的釐定;考慮借款人的財務狀況及已收取相關抵押品或擔保之 可變現淨值。

釐定減值撥備的基準披露於綜合財務報表附註4。

關鍵審核事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

吾等就有關私人財務客戶貸款及墊款之綜合減 值所執行之程序包括:

- 了解及評估管理層所用的估值方法及假設 以及查證所應用輸入數據之合理性,並參 考相關貸款資料及有關貸款組合過往收款 數據後釐定及計算綜合減值撥備;及
- 根據輸入數據測試綜合減值計算的準確 性。

吾等就有關有期貸款之個別減值所執行之程序 包括:

- 自管理層了解有關信貸風險批核及監控之 已存在政策及程序;
- 以抽樣為基礎,通過檢驗信貸文件(包括逾 期記錄、借款人的財務資料及其他相關資 料)估計管理層對借款人信貸質素的評估, 並查證抵押品的存在情況及可收回金額以 及就抵押品所作之押記(倘適用);及
- 就該等存在減值跡象的有期貸款而言,以 抽樣為基礎,查證管理層對可收回金額及 減值撥備的估算。



Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Valuation of financial instruments classified as level 3 under fair value hierarchy 分類為公平價值等級第三級之金融工具之估值

We identified the valuation of financial instruments classified as level 3 under the fair value hierarchy ("Level 3 financial instruments") as a key audit matter due to the degree of complexity involved in valuing the instruments and the significance of the judgments and estimates made by management. In particular, the determination of unobservable inputs is considerably more subjective given the lack of availability of market-based data.

At 31st December, 2016, HK\$4,834.7 million of the Group's total financial assets (including available-for-sale financial assets of HK\$42.2 million and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$4,792.5 million) and HK\$4.8 million of the Group's total financial liabilities carried at fair value were classified as level 3 under the fair value hierarchy. These include unlisted put right for shares in an associate – SHKFGL, unlisted overseas equity securities with a put right for shares and unlisted overseas investment funds with carrying amount at 31st December, 2016 of HK\$1,052.0 million, HK\$826.1 million and HK\$2,871.6 million respectively. Further details of the valuation technique and unobservable inputs of material Level 3 financial instruments are disclosed in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of financial instruments classified as level 3 under the fair value hierarchy included:

- Obtaining an understanding of the valuation methodologies and the processes performed by the management with respect to the valuation of Level 3 financial instruments;
- For a sample of financial instruments, performing the following procedures, with the assistance of our internal valuation specialist, as appropriate:
 - Evaluating the appropriateness of the methodologies and valuation techniques used by management for Level 3 financial instruments;
 - Assessing the reasonableness and relevance of key assumptions and inputs based on our industry knowledge;
- In respect of unlisted put right for shares in an associate and unlisted overseas equity securities with a put right for shares, in addition to the above procedures, testing the mathematical accuracy of the valuation model, with the assistance of our internal valuation specialist; and
- In respect of the unlisted overseas investment funds, checking the net asset value against the financial information provided by fund managers.



Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

Valuation of financial instruments classified as level 3 under fair value hierarchy (Cont'd) 分類為公平價值等級第三級之金融工具之估值(續)

吾等確認分類為公平價值等級第三級之金融工具(「第三級金融 工具」)之估值為一項關鍵審核事項乃由於對該等工具進行估值 涉及的複雜程度及管理層所作的重大判斷及估計。尤其是,由於 缺少市場數據,決定不可觀察輸入數據相較而言極具主觀性。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的總金融資產(包括可 供出售金融資產42.2百萬港元及透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金 融資產4,792.5百萬港元)4,834.7百萬港元,及 貴集團按公平價 值列賬的總金融負債4.8百萬港元分類為公平價值等級第三級, 其包括非上市之一間聯營公司(新鴻基金融集團)股份認沽權、 含股份認沽權之非上市海外股本證券及非上市海外投資基金, 其於二零一六年十二月三十一日之賬面值分別為1,052.0百萬港 元、826.1百萬港元及2,871.6百萬港元。重大第三級金融工具之 估值技術及不可觀察輸入數據之進一步詳情披露於綜合財務報 表附註25。

關鍵審核事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

吾等就有關分類為公平價值等級第三級之金 融工具之估值所執行之程序包括:

- 了解管理層就第三級金融工具之估值所執 行之估值方法及流程;
- 就金融工具樣本而言,在吾等之內部估值 專家協助下執行以下程序(視情況而定):
 - 評估管理層就第三級金融工具所採用 的方法及估值方法是否恰當;
 - 根據吾等之行業知識評估主要假設及 輸入數據是否合理及相關;
- 就非上市之一間聯營公司股份認沽權及含 股份認沽權之非上市海外股本證券而言,
 除以上程序外,在吾等之內部估值專家協助下測試估值模式的計算精確性;及
- 就非上市海外投資基金而言,將資產淨值 與基金經理提供的財務資料進行核實。



OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息承擔責任。其他信息 包括年報中所包含的信息,但不包括綜合財務 報表及吾等就此發出的核數師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表作出的意見並不涵蓋其他 信息,且吾等不對其他信息發表任何形式的鑒 證結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,吾等的責任是閱讀 其他信息,從而考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務 報表或吾等在審核過程中獲悉的信息存在重大 不符,或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。基於吾等已執 行的工作,如果吾等認為其他信息存在重大錯 誤陳述,吾等須報告此事實。在這方面,吾等沒 有任何報告。

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例編製綜合財 務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實而公允的 反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要 的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營有關的 事項(如適用),且除非董事有意將 貴集團清 盤或停止營運,或除此之外並無其他實際可行 的辦法,否則董事須採用持續經營會計基準。

治理層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

吾等的目標乃對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合 理保證,並出具包括吾等意見的核數師報告,並 按照香港公司條例第405條僅向 閣下(作為整 體)報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。吾等 不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承 擔任何責任。合理保證為高水平的保證,但不能 保證按照香港審計準則進行的審核總能發現重 大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起, 如果合理預期其單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合 財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經 濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審核的過程中,吾等 運用專業判斷,保持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足及適當的審核憑證,作為吾等意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審核相關的內部控制,以設計在有 關情況下屬適當的審核程序,但目的並非 對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的適當性以及作 出會計估計及相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的適當性作出結論,並根據所獲取的審核憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘吾等認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足,則修訂吾等的意見。吾等的結論乃基於直至核數師報告日止所取得的審核憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營業務。



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Sze Ching Yiu.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 (續)

- 評估綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 及內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否 公平反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料 獲取充足適當的審核憑證,以便對綜合財 務報表發表意見。吾等負責 貴集團審核 的方向、監督及執行。吾等為審核意見承擔 全部責任。

除其他事項外,吾等與治理層溝通審核的計劃 範圍及時間以及重大審核發現等,其中包括吾 等在審核中識別出內部控制的任何重大不足之 處。

吾等亦向治理層提交聲明,表明吾等已符合有 關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與彼等溝通 可能合理被認為會影響吾等獨立性的所有關係 及其他事項以及在適用的情況下相關的防範措 施。

從與治理層溝通的事項中,吾等確定該等對本 期綜合財務報表的審核最為重要的事項,因而 構成關鍵審核事項。吾等在核數師報告中闡釋 該等事項,除非法律或規例不允許公開披露該 等事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,合理預期倘於 吾等之報告中註明某事項造成的負面後果超過 產生的公眾利益,則吾等決定不應在報告中註 明該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審核項目合夥人為施 清耀。

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu *Certified Public Accountants* Hong Kong 27th March, 2017 德勤●關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師
 香港
 二零一七年三月二十七日



Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

綜合損益表

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

			2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		Notes 附註	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Continuing operations Revenue Other income	持續經營業務 收入 其他收入	5 & 6	4,101.9 57.9	4,700.9 99.8
Total income	總收入		4,159.8	4,800.7
Cost of sales and other direct costs Brokerage and commission expenses Selling and marketing expenses Administrative expenses Changes in values of properties Net gain on financial assets and liabilities Net exchange gain (loss) Bad and doubtful debts Other operating expenses Finance costs Share of results of associates Share of results of joint ventures	銷售成本及其他直接成本 經紀費及佣金費用 銷售及市場推廣費用 行政費用 物業價值變動 金融資產及負債收益淨額 匯兑收益(虧損)淨額 呆壞賬 其他經營費用 融資成本 應佔品營公司業績 應佔合營公司業績	7 8 9 12	(335.3) (51.0) (120.3) (1,349.6) 574.1 713.7 8.1 (893.6) (271.0) (283.6) 2,900.2 193.9	$\begin{array}{c} (368.2)\\ (56.0)\\ (106.2)\\ (1,501.4)\\ 432.0\\ 865.0\\ (1.0)\\ (1,571.5)\\ (850.1)\\ (239.9)\\ 1,291.8\\ 156.5 \end{array}$
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	13	5,245.4	2,851.7
Taxation	税項	14	(164.2)	(102.2)
Profit for the year from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之 年度溢利		5,081.2	2,749.5
Discontinued operations Profit for the year from discontinued operations	已終止經營業務 來自已終止經營業務之 年度溢利	41	_	3,229.3
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		5,081.2	5,978.8



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

			2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		Notes 附註	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Attributable to:	應佔方:			
Owners of the Company Profit for the year from continuing	本公司股東 來自持續經營業務之			
operations Profit for the year from	年度溢利 來自已終止經營業務		3,263.2	1,659.2
discontinued operations	之年度溢利			1,324.0
			3,263.2	2,983.2
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益			
Profit for the year from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之 年度溢利 本中已始止////////////////////////////////////		1,818.0	1,090.3
Profit for the year from discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務 之年度溢利			1,905.3
			1,818.0	2,995.6
			5,081.2	5,978.8
			HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
Earnings per share	每股盈利	15		
From continuing and discontinued operations	來自持續及已終止經營 業務			
Basic	基本		18.34	16.33
Diluted	攤薄		18.34	16.33
From continuing operations	來自持續經營業務			
Basic	基本		18.34	9.08
Diluted	攤薄		18.34	9.08



Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st December, 2016

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	5,081.2	5,978.8
Other comprehensive income (expenses):	其他全面收益(費用):		
<i>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:</i> Revaluation gain on properties transferred from self-owned properties to	將不會重新分類至損益賬之 項目: 自用物業轉撥至投資物業 所產生的除税後		
investment properties, net of tax Share of other comprehensive expenses	物業重估收益 應佔聯營公司其他	-	111.3
of associates Share of other comprehensive income	金面費用 應佔合營公司其他	(422.6)	(427.3)
of joint ventures	全面收益	0.4	0.7
		(422.2)	(315.3)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	<i>其後可能重新分類至損益賬之 項目:</i> 可供出售金融資產		
Available-for-sale financial assets – Net fair value changes during the year – Reclassification adjustment to profit	一本年度公平價值變動淨額 一於出售時重新分類調整至	(25.4)	5.4
or loss on disposal	損益賬	1.6	(22.9)
Exchange differences arising on translation	折算海外業務賬項而產生之	(23.8)	(17.5)
of foreign operations Reclassification adjustment to profit or	匯兑差額 於附屬公司出售/清盤時	(491.7)	(347.1)
loss on disposal/liquidation of subsidiaries Reclassification adjustment to profit or		(0.1)	(9.1)
loss on liquidation of a joint venture Share of other comprehensive (expenses)	重新分類調整至損益賬 應佔聯營公司其他全面	-	(1.1)
income of associates Share of other comprehensive (expenses)	(費用)收益 應佔合營公司其他全面	(106.7)	55.1
income of joint ventures	(費用)收益	(4.2)	0.6
		(626.5)	(319.1)
Other comprehensive expenses for the year, net of tax	本年度其他全面費用, 已扣除税項	(1,048.7)	(634.4)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	4,032.5	5,344.4
Attributable to: Owners of the Company	應佔方: 本公司股東	2,719.4	2,651.4
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	1,313.1 4,032.5	2,693.0 5,344.4



Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表 120

at 31st December, 2016

於二零一六年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Non-current assets Investment properties Property, plant and equipment Prepaid land lease payments Goodwill Intangible assets Interests in associates Interests in joint ventures Available-for-sale financial assets Amounts due from associates Loans and advances to consumer finance customers due after one year Deposits for acquisition of property, plant and equipment and investments Deferred tax assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Trade and other receivables	非流動資產 投資物業房及設備 物業房及設備 額響房及設備 商幣房及設備 資幣。 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個	17 18 19 20 21 23 24 25 30 26 27 25 29	7,793.7 1,077.9 4.2 134.1 22.7 11,685.8 2,422.1 631.6 257.4 2,521.2 44.8 652.5 3,650.6 507.3	7,197.7 1,133.0 4.6 124.3 18.7 9,025.2 2,156.3 376.0 73.5 2,741.3 48.8 543.4 3,484.6 1,734.6
			31,405.9	28,662.0
Current assets Properties held for sale and other inventories Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Prepaid land lease payments Loans and advances to consumer finance customers due within one year Trade and other receivables Amounts due from associates Amounts due from joint ventures Available-for-sale financial assets Tax recoverable Bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 待出售物業及其他 存貨損益公平價值 透處避地行動之金融資產 預一年及人財務 百戶貸款及整款 項聯營營出同一年 各及引司全融 資量營公出售項 明之之整款 資幣營營出目税項 報金及現金等價物	28 25 19 26 29 30 30 25 31 31	44.4 3,790.2 0.1 5,752.2 3,971.2 121.0 11.1 - 1.9 1,257.7 6,296.1 21,245.9	179.2 3,159.7 0.1 6,080.7 2,345.4 233.3 14.3 129.0 9.6 1,501.4 6,926.0 20,578.7
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Amounts due to associates Amounts due to joint ventures Tax payable Bank and other borrowings due within one year Notes Provisions	 流動負債 貿易及其他應付款項 透過損益賬按公平價值 處聯營公司款項 您聯營公司司款項 應一年於項 其據 撤備 流動資產淨值 	32 25 36 37 38	376.9 125.8 7.3 0.1 148.6 2,749.7 2,261.6 56.4 5,726.4 15,519.5	372.1 204.5 5.5 0.1 204.3 2,579.5 73.2 32.6 3,471.8 17,106.9
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		46,925.4	45,768.9



at 31st December, 2016

綜合財務狀況表(續)

於二零一六年十二月三十一日

			2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		Notes 附註	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	一、一工, HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	33	2,221.7	2,221.7
Reserves	儲備	35	19,536.6	17,122.4
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司股東應佔			
the Company	權益		21,758.3	19,344.1
Shares held for employee ownership	為僱員股份擁有計劃			
scheme	持有股份		(9.1)	(12.6)
Employee share-based compensation reserve	以股份支付之僱員酬金 儲備		4.8	6.1
Share of net assets of subsidiaries	應佔附屬公司淨資產		19,357.6	18,709.8
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		19,353.3	18,703.3
Non-controlling interests			19,333.3	10,703.3
Total equity	權益總額		41,111.6	38,047.4
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Bank and other borrowings due after	一年後到期之銀行及			
one year	其他借貸	36	2,862.6	4,303.6
Notes Deferred tax liabilities	票據 遞延税項負債	37 27	2,756.2 192.1	3,243.4 173.1
Provisions	撥備	38	2.9	1.4
			5,813.8	7,721.5
			46,925.4	45,768.9

The consolidated financial statements on pages 117 to 285 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27th March, 2017, and are signed on its behalf by:

第117頁至第285頁之綜合財務報表經董事會於 二零一七年三月二十七日批准及授權刊發,並 由下列董事代表簽署:

Arthur George Dew 狄亞法 DIRECTOR 董事

Edwin Lo King Yau 勞景祐 DIRECTOR 董事

					Attributable	Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司股東應佔	e Company					Non-control 非控服	Non-controlling interests 非控股權益		
		Share capital 股本 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Property revaluation nesence 物業重估 HKS Million 百萬港元	Investment revaluation 按管重估 储備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Translation reserve 麗兒滿備 HKS Million 百萬港元	Non- distributable reserve 謙儀希 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Capital and other reserves 資本及 其他儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Dividend reserve 股息儲蓄 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 勝勝 市 市 市 市 市 市	Shares held for employee acheme 落有能量 持有能的 HKS Million 百萬港元	Employee share-based compensation 正要告诉 或在之權員 動金儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Share of net assets of subsidiaries 應古 階屬公司 帶資產 HKS 納illion 百萬港元	Total #K\$ Million 百萬港元	Total equity 離溢總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 1st January, 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	2,221.7	198.8	272.3	559.0	55.2	16.9	13,568.5	275.0	17,167.4	(20.2)	13.3	16,745.9	16,739.0	33,906.4
Profit for the year Other commedencies in commenced	本年度溢利 ★午帝甘州今南	1	I	I	I	I	I	2,983.2	I	2,983.2	I	I	2,995.6	2,995.6	5,978.8
for the year	サームステルニュニット 収益(費用)	T	45.6	29.2	(407.4)	T	0.5	0.3	T	(331.8)	I	I	(302.6)	(302.6)	(634.4)
total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year	本年度全面收益 (費用)總額	1	45.6	29.2	(407.4)	1	0.5	2,983.5	1	2,651.4	1	1	2,693.0	2,693.0	5,344.4
Shares of a subsidiary issued to non-controlling interests	向非控股權益發行 一間附屬公司之股份 **1、********	I	I	I	I	I	I	(20.9)	I	(20.9)	I	I	55.2	55.2	
Share of reserve movements of associates	應佔聯官公司乙儲福 變動	I	I	1.5	(17.8)	I	(2.2)	20.0	I	1.5	I	I	0.5	0.5	
Acquisition of additional interests in a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司之額外權益 一間附屬公司書面及注納即於2	I	I	I	I	I	I	16.5	I	16.5	I	I	(29.2)	(29.2)	
cancelled by a subsidiary	同時回るも発言を見れたいとして対象である。	I	I	I	I	I	I	24.8	I	24.8	I	I	(159.5)	(159.5)	(134.7)
Released on disposal of a subsidiary Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments	出確	I	I	I	1	I	1	I	1	I	I	I	(0.7)	(0.7)	
of a subsidiary Vesting of shares of the employee ownership scheme	結算以股份為基礎付款 ne 一間附屬公司之僱員股份	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	0.4	1	0.4	
of a subsidiary		I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	7.6	(7.6)	I	I	
Dividend distribution to non-controlling interests	分派股息予非控股權益	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	(595.4)	(595.4)	(595.4)
Interim dividend declared	宣派中期股息 □ 44 m ê	I	I	I	I	I	I	(27.5)	27.5		I	I	I	I	
Uwdend paid Second interim dividend declared	亡\\\ 阪忌 宣派第二次中期股息	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	- (2.85.2)	(302.3) 285.2	(c.208) -	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	(302.) –
Transfer from accumulated profits to capital reserves	由累計溢利轉撥至 資本儲備	I	I	I	I	I	0.2	(0.2)	I	I	I	I	I	I	
Amounts paid for shares repurchased and cancelled by the Company	本公司購回及註銷股份之 已付款項	T	T	I	I	1	1	(194.1)	1	(194.1)	I	I	1	I	(194.1)
åt 31et Deremher 2015															

綜合權益變動表

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Cont'd) for the year ended 31st December, 2016

綜合權益變動表(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

				Attributadie	Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司股東應佔	e company					Non-conun 業控	Non-controlling interests 非控股權益		
	Share Share capital 照条 和 出版	Property revaluation reserve 儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Investment revaluation 按資重估 儲備 HKS Million 百萬港元	Tanslation reserve 用K\$ Million 百萬港元	Non- distributable reserve 業研源發 補儲 而萬緒 五萬港 元	Capital and other reserves 資本及 其他儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 田K Million 百萬港元	Dividend reserve 殷息儲備 HK\$ 励間III on 百萬港元	Total HK\$ Million 百萬祐元	Shares held for employee ownership 為希信國後 幕有計劃 時有計劃 持有計劃 出版的 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Employee share-based comparation reserve 以股份 對金儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Share of net assets of subsidiaries 原合 習資產 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total HK\$ 篇計 百萬常 五萬 第 元	Total equity HK\$ Million 百萬祐元
於二零一六年一月一日	2,221.7	244.4	303.0	133.8	55.2	15.4	16,085.4	285.2	19,344.1	(12.6)	6.1	18,709.8	18,703.3	38,047.4
本年度溢利 → + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	I	ı	I	I	I	I	3,263.2	I	3,263.2	I	I	1,818.0	1,818.0	5,081.2
本年度具他至国 收益(費用)	T	ı	(127.0)	(436.3)	ı	15.2	4.3	I	(543.8)	I	I	(504.9)	(504.9)	(1,048.7)
本年度全面收益(費用) 總額	T	ı	(127.0)	(436.3)	ı	15.2	3,267.5	I	2,719.4	I	I	1,313.1	1,313.1	4,032.5
向非控股權益發行一間附屬公司														
之股份	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	(0.1)	I	(0.1)	I	ı	0.2	0.2	0.1
應佔聯管公司之儲備愛動 附屬公司購回及註銷股份之	I	I	I	7.6	I	(0.2)	(7.4)	I	I	I	I	I	I	
已付款項	I	ı	I	ı	I	I	64.1	ı	64.1	I	I	(243.3)	(243.3)	(179.2)
收購一間附屬公司	I	ı	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	2.9	2.9	2.9
出售於附屬公司之權益	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	(1.2)	(1.2)	(1.2)
一間附屬公司之僱員股份擁有計劃 職置股份	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	(1.4)		I	(1.4)	(1.4)
確認一間附屬公司之股權結算														
以股份為基礎付款 調加量パヨンドヨーのゲナント劇	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	3.6	I	3.6	3.6
一间 阿屬公 可乙 催貝 胶 が 擁 有 計 劃	I	ı	I	ı	ı	I	I	ı	I	4.9	(4.9)	ı	I	
<u>一世的</u> 一次的一个,在这些一个,他们的一个,他们就是一个,你们就是一个,你们就是一个,你们就是一个,你们就是一个,你们就是一个,你们就是一个,你们就是一个,你们就是一个,你们就是一个,你们就是一个,你们就是一个,你们就是	I	ı	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	1			(423.9)	(423.9)
宣派中期股息	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	(26.7)	26.7	I	I	ı		1	
已付股息	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	(311.9)	(311.9)	I	I	I	I	(311.9)
宣派第二次中期股息	I	ı	I	I	I	I	(327.1)	327.1	I	I	I	I	I	
Transfer from accumulated profits to capital reserves 由累計溢列轉撥至資本儲備 ^	I	I	I	I	I	1.1	(1.1)	I	I	I	I	I	I	
☆A U時回次証明WWA 己付款項	T	,	ı	ı	ı	ı	(57.3)	I	(57.3)	I	ı	I	ı	(57.3)
於二零一六年十二月三十一日	2,221.7	244.4	176.0	(294.9)	55.2	31.5	18,997.3	327.1	21,758.3	(9.1)	4.8	19,357.6	19,353.3	41,111.6
		於二零一六年一日一日 本年度溢利 本年度溢利 本年度送利 本年度送利 本年度送利 本年度送利 本年度送利 本年度送利 本年度送相合面 收益(費用) 本有度送相合 市計 並 在目前 加爾屬公司之儲蓄酸的 已付數通 市計 動 的 的 一 可 的 一 可 引 一 一 開 開 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一	応ご零一六年一月一日 Share 応ご零一六年一月一日 2,221.7 応ご零一六年一月一日 2,221.7 本年度送利 (雲和illion) 本年度送利 2,221.7 本年度送利 2,221.7 本年度送利 2,221.7 本年度送利 2,221.7 本年度支援地会面 2,221.7 市 2,221.7	市 Property Investi 応ご零一六年一月一日 - - - 応ご零一六年一月一日 - - - - 本年度送利 - - - - - 本年度送利 - - - - - - 本年度送利 -<	中国市 中国 中国	市内の市小 市のの市小 Investment Share reserve reserve reserve Stratution reserve reserve reserve Stratution reserve reserve reserve Stratution reserve reserve reserve Artextextexand reserve reserve reserve Artextextexand reserve reserve reserve Artextextexand reserve reserve reserve Artextexand reserve reserve reserve <	中学校 中の 中の 小の Capital Rate Research Res	市地市 市地市 市地市 市地市 市地市 ホール・ ビー・ I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I </td <td>中型中学 中型中学 中型 + - - -</td> <td>中国 中国 · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td>Non- chain Non- chain Non- c</td> <td>Appendix controls Appendix Appendix controls Ap</td> <td>Reserve indicing methods Reserve methods R</td> <td>Anticipation Anticipation Anticipation<</td>	中型中学 中型 + - - -	中国 · · · · · · · · · ·	Non- chain Non- c	Appendix controls Appendix Appendix controls Ap	Reserve indicing methods Reserve methods R	Anticipation Anticipation<

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司 Annual Report 2016 二零一六年年報 123

124 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

綜合現金流量表

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Operating activities Profit for the year	經營業務 本年度溢利		5,081.2	5,978.8
Adjustments for: Bad and doubtful debts Finance costs Taxation Net impairment loss recognised on	調整項目: 呆壞賬 融資成本 税項 確認於聯營公司之		893.6 283.6 164.2	1,559.6 244.7 132.3
interests in associates Depreciation Net realised loss (gain) on disposal	權益之減值虧損淨額 折舊 出售合營公司之		142.5 79.4	521.7 91.1
of joint ventures Expenses recognised for employee ownership scheme of Sun Hung	已變現虧損(收益)淨額 就新鴻基有限公司 (「新鴻基」)之僱員股份		14.1	(5.7)
Kai & Co. Limited ("SHK") Amortisation of intangible assets Net loss on disposal/write-off of	擁有計劃確認之費用 無形資產攤銷 出售/撤銷物業、廠房及		2.8 1.5	0.5 11.9
property, plant and equipment Impairment loss on amounts due	設備之虧損淨額 合營公司欠款之		1.1	3.6
from joint ventures Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments	減值虧損 預繳地價 攤銷		1.0 0.2	38.8 0.2
Share of results of associates Net fair value gain on financial	應佔聯營公司業績 金融資產及負債之		(2,900.2)	(1,291.8)
assets and liabilities Net increase in fair value of investment properties	公平價值收益淨額 投資物業之公平價值 增加淨額		(789.4) (568.0)	(790.7) (415.0)
Share of results of joint ventures Net realised gain on disposal of	應佔合營公司業績 出售附屬公司之		(193.9)	(158.4)
subsidiaries Net exchange (gain) loss Impairment loss reversed for hotel	已變現收益淨額 匯兑(收益)虧損淨額 撥回酒店物業之減值	41	(9.7) (7.9)	(15.1) 4.7
property Net realised gain on disposal of an	虧損 出售一間聯營公司之 已變現收益淨額		(6.1)	(17.0)
associate Net realised gain on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	亡愛現收益伊領 出售可供出售金融資產之 已變現收益淨額		(3.9)	(22.5)
Loss on purchase of bonds issued by the Group	購買由本集團 所發行之債券之虧損 可供出集合融次意之		-	141.5
Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets Profit on disposal of discontinued	可供出售金融資產之 減值虧損 出售已終止經營		-	13.8
operations Gain on disposal of investment	業務之溢利 出售投資物業之		-	(3,033.5)
properties Operating cash flows before movements	收益 未計營運資金變動前之			(1.0)
in working capital	經營業務現金流量		2,185.0	2,992.5


綜合現金流量表(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Net change in financial	透過損益賬按公平價值		
assets and financial liabilities	處理之金融資產及	407 F	(1 1 (1 ()
at fair value through profit or loss (Increase) decrease in loans and advances	金融負債變動淨額	127.5	(1,161.6)
to consumer finance customers	(增加)減少	(460.1)	996.3
Decrease (increase) in amounts due	聯營公司欠款	(400.1)	990.5
from associates	減少(增加)	103.6	(97.8)
Increase in trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項增加	(435.1)	(1,820.5)
Increase in properties held for sales	待出售物業及其他存貨	(10011)	(1)02010)
and other inventories	增加	(0.1)	_
(Decrease) increase in trade and	貿易及其他應付款項(減少)		
other payables	增加	(1.0)	1,093.4
Increase (decrease) in provisions and	撥備及其他負債		
other liabilities	增加(減少)	21.1	(12.0)
Cash from operations	經營所產生之現金	1,540.9	1,990.3
Taxation paid	已繳税項	(330.0)	(355.8)
Interest paid	已付利息	(234.7)	(179.7)
Net cash from operating activities	經營業務所產生之現金淨額	976.2	1,454.8



綜合現金流量表(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

			2016	2015
			二零一六年	二零一五年
		Notes 附註	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元
		N1 비T		口內他儿
Investing activities	投資業務			
Fixed deposits with banks	提取(存入)銀行定期			
withdrawn (placed)	存款		154.2	(572.9)
Dividends received from associates	來自聯營公司之股息		139.4	74.3
Proceeds on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司所得款項	41	104.1	641.8
Proceeds on disposal of long-term	出售指定為透過損益賬			
financial assets designated as	按公平價值處理之		00.0	100 1
at fair value through profit or loss Proceeds on disposal of associates	長期金融資產所得款項 出售聯營公司所得款項		90.2 57.9	189.1
Amounts repaid by associates	聯營公司還款		52.7	 1,471.5
Proceeds on disposal of joint ventures	出售合營公司所得款項		35.1	10.9
Dividends received from joint ventures	來自合營公司之股息		11.8	32.5
Proceeds on disposal of available-	出售可供出售金融資產所得			
for-sale financial assets	款項		7.8	222.8
Proceeds on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備所得			1.0
plant and equipment	款項 合營公司還款		0.3	1.0
Amounts repaid by joint ventures Acquisition of associates	山宮公司違款 收購聯營公司		0.3 (546.3)	0.6
Purchase of long-term financial assets	購入指定為透過損益賬		(340.3)	_
designated as at fair value through	按公平價值處理之			
profit or loss	長期金融資產		(253.3)	(2,297.1)
Amounts advanced to associates	墊款予聯營公司		(243.8)	(346.4)
Capital injection to associates	向聯營公司注資		(180.8)	(83.7)
Purchase of available-for-sale	購入可供出售金融			(117.0)
financial assets Purchase of property, plant and	資產 購入物業、廠房		(114.1)	(117.9)
equipment	及設備		(47.1)	(88.8)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司		(45.5)	(00.0)
Amounts advanced to joint ventures	墊款予合營公司		(45.0)	(1.2)
Payment of deposits for acquisition of	收購物業、			
property, plant and equipment and	廠房及設備			(10.0)
investments	以及投資預付按金		(44.8)	(49.9)
Capital injection to a joint venture Purchase of intangible assets	向一間合營公司注資 購入無形資產		(23.4) (6.5)	(57.7) (8.0)
Additions to investment properties	添置投資物業		(0.3)	(6.5)
Proceeds on disposal of discontinued	出售已終止經營業務		()	(0.0)
operations	所得款項	41	_	3,543.1
Proceeds on disposal of investment	出售投資物業所得			
properties	款項		-	7.2
Net payment of statutory deposits	法定按金付款淨額			(5.5)
	机次米农/矿田、矿支工			
Net cash (used in) from investing activities	投資業務(所用)所產生 之現金淨額		(000 0)	2 550 2
activities	<u> </u>		(898.0)	2,559.2



綜合現金流量表(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes	2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million
		附註	百萬港元	百萬港元
Einanging activities	融資業務			
Financing activities Proceeds from issue of notes by	一間附屬公司發行			
a subsidiary	票據所得款項		1,823.7	_
New bank and other borrrowings	籌集所得新造銀行及			
raised	其他借貸		1,445.4	3,450.8
Redemption of notes Proceeds from issue of shares of	贖回票據 發行一間附屬公司股份所得		18.5	-
a subsidiary	款項		0.1	34.3
Amounts advanced from associates	聯營公司墊款		0.1	0.1
Amounts advanced from joint ventures	合營公司墊款		0.1	-
Repayment of bank and other	償還銀行及其他			<i></i>
borrowings	借貸		(2,760.4)	(4,380.0)
Dividends by subsidiaries to non-controlling interests	附屬公司向非控股權益派付 股息		(423.9)	(595.4)
Dividends paid to equity shareholders	已付權益股東股息		(311.9)	(302.5)
Amounts paid for shares repurchased	附屬公司購回及註銷股份之		(0.1.10)	(0 0 _ 10)
and cancelled by subsidiaries	已付款項		(179.2)	(134.7)
Repurchase of notes	回購票據		(121.1)	(159.9)
Amounts paid for shares repurchased	本公司購回及註銷股份之已			(104.1)
and cancelled by the Company Purchase of shares for employee	付款項 就新鴻基僱員股份擁有計劃		(57.3)	(194.1)
ownership scheme of SHK	收購股份		(1.4)	_
Amount repaid to a joint venture	償還一間合營公司款項		_	(75.0)
Acquisition of additional interests	收購附屬公司之			× ,
in subsidiaries	額外權益		_	(12.8)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資業務所用現金淨額		(567.3)	(2,369.2)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and	現金及現金等價物(減少)		(100.1)	1 (1 1 0
cash equivalents Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	増加淨額 匯率變動之影響		(489.1) (140.8)	1,644.8 (112.1)
Cash and cash equivalents at the	於年初之現金及現金		(140.0)	(112.1)
beginning of the year	等價物		6,926.0	5,393.3
Cash and cash equivalents at the end	於年末之現金及現金			
of the year	等價物	31	6,296.1	6,926.0

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

1. GENERAL

Allied Group Limited ("Company") is a public limited company incorporated in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("Hong Kong") and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange"). The ultimate controlling party of the Company is the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust. The address of the principal place of business of the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust is 24/F, Allied Kajima Building, 138 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company is 22/F, Allied Kajima Building, 138 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("Group") are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

The Company acts as an investment holding company and provides corporate management services. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries, associates and joint venture are set out in notes 50, 51 and 52 respectively.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time in the current year:

Amendments to HKFRS 11 Amendments to HKAS 1	Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations Disclosure Initiative
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41	Agriculture: Bearer Plants
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28	Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

1. 一般資料

聯合集團有限公司(「本公司」)為一間在香 港特別行政區(「香港」)註冊成立之公眾有 限公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公 司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司之最終控制方 為Lee and Lee Trust之受託人,Lee and Lee Trust之受託人之主要營業地點之地址為香 港灣仔告士打道138號聯合鹿島大廈22樓。 本公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地點地址為 香港灣仔告士打道138號聯合鹿島大廈22 樓。

本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)之綜合財 務報表以港元呈列,與本公司之功能貨幣 相同。

本公司為一間投資控股公司及提供企業管理服務,其主要附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 公司之主要業務活動分別載於附註50、51 及52。

採用新訂及香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)修訂本

於本年度強制生效的香港財務報告準則修 訂本

本集團於本年度首次採納下列由香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財 務報告準則修訂本:

香	港財務報告準則	收購共同經營權益
	第11號修訂本	的會計法
香	港會計準則	披露主動性
	第1號修訂本	
香	港會計準則	澄清折舊及攤銷的
	第16號及香港會計	可接受方法
	準則第38號修訂本	
香	港會計準則	農業:生產性植物
	第16號及香港會計	
	準則第41號修訂本	
香	港財務報告準則	投資實體:應用綜合
	第10號、香港財務	入賬的例外情況
	報告準則第12號及	
	香港會計準則	
	第28號修訂本	
香	港財務報告準則	香港財務報告準則
н	修訂本	二零一二年至
		二零一四年週期
		之年度改進





2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Cont'd)

Except for the amendments to HKFRS 11, amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38, amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41, amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 and amendments included in the Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle, which are not relevant to the preparation of the Group's financial statements, the nature and the impact of the amendments are described below.

Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure Initiative

The Group has applied the amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure Initiative for the first time in the current year. The amendments to HKAS 1 clarify that an entity need not provide a specific disclosure required by an HKFRS if the information resulting from that disclosure is not material, and give guidance on the bases of aggregating and disaggregating information. However, the amendments reiterate that an entity should consider providing additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in HKFRS is insufficient to enable users of financial statements to understand the impact of particular transactions, events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance.

In addition, the amendments clarify that an entity's share of the other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method should be presented separately from those arising from the Group, and should be separated into the share of items that, in accordance with other HKFRSs: (i) will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (ii) will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met.

As regards the structure of the financial statements, the amendments provide examples of systematic ordering or grouping of the notes.

The Group has applied these amendments retrospectively. The application of the amendments to HKAS 1 has not resulted in any material impact on the financial statements of the Group. The same accounting policies, presentation and methods of computation have been followed in these consolidated financial statements as were applied in the preparation of the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2015.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

採用新訂及香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)修訂本(續)

於本年度強制生效的香港財務報告準則修 訂本(續)

除香港財務報告準則第11號修訂本、香港 會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第38號修 訂本、香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準 則第41號修訂本、香港財務報告準則第10 號、香港財務報告準則第12號及香港會計 準則第28號修訂本以及香港財務報告準則 二零一二年至二零一四年週期之年度改進 包含的修訂與編製本集團財務報表無關 外,修訂本的性質及影響載述如下。

香港會計準則第1號披露主動性之修訂本 本集團於本年度首次應用香港會計準則第 1號披露主動性之修訂本。香港會計準則第 1號够訂本澄清,倘披露資料並不重大,實 體不需要按照香港財務報告準則規定進行 具體披露,並以合併及分列資料為基準提 供指引。然而,該等修訂重申,倘依據香港 財務報告準則具體要求之披露不足以讓財 務報表使用者了解特定交易、事件及狀況 對實體的財務狀況及財務業績的影響,則 實體應考慮提供額外披露。

此外,該等修訂釐清,實體應佔聯營公司及 合營公司使用權益法入賬之其他全面收益 應與自本集團產生者分開呈列,且應根據其 他香港財務報告準則分為以下應佔項目: (i)將不會重新分類至損益賬;及(ii)其後將會 於符合特定條件時重新分類至損益賬。

有關財務報表之架構,該等修訂提供附註 系統化排序或分類之例子。

本集團已追溯應用該等修訂。應用香港會 計準則第1號修訂本並無對本集團之財務 報表造成任何重大影響。此等綜合財務報 表採用與編製本集團截至二零一五年十二 月三十一日止年度之財務報表相同之會計 政策、呈列方式及計算方法。

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS 2. TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not vet effective:

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ²
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the related Amendments ²
HKFRS 16	Leases ³
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transaction ²
Amendments to HKFRS 4	Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts ²

Amendments to	Recognition of Deferred Tax
HKAS 12	Assets for Unrealised Losses ¹
Amendments to	Sale or Contribution of Assets
HKFRS 10 and	between an Investor and its
HKAS 28	Associate or Joint Venture ⁵

Amendments to HKAS 7 Disclosure Initiative¹

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle⁴

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2017.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2018.

3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2019.

4 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2017 or 1st January, 2018, as appropriate.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

Except as described below, the directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs will have material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

採用新訂及香港財務報告準則(「香港 2. 財務報告準則1)修訂本(續)

> 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及香港財務報告 準則修訂本 本集團並無提早採用以下已頒佈但未生效 之新訂及香港財務報告準則修訂本: 香港財務報告準則 金融工具2 第9號 香港財務報告準則 來自客戶之合約收 入及相關修訂2 第15號 香港財務報告準則 租賃3 第16號 香港財務報告準則 以股份付款交易之 第2號修訂本 分類及計量2 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 第4號修訂本 第9號「金融工具| 與香港財務報告 準則第4號「保險 合約 | 一併應用² 香港會計準則第7號 披露主動性1 修訂本 香港會計準則第12號 就未變現虧損確認 修訂本 褫延税項資產1 香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營 第10號及香港會計 公司或合營公司 準則第28號修訂本 間之出售或注入 資產5 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 二零一四年至二 修訂本 零一六年调期之 年度改進4 於二零一七年一月一日或以後開始之年度期間 生效。 於二零一八年一月一日或以後開始之年度期間 生效。 於二零一九年一月一日或以後開始之年度期間 生效。

4 於二零一七年一月一日或二零一八年一月一日 (如適用)或以後開始之年度期間生效。

5 於待定日期或以後開始之年度期間生效。

除下文所述者外,本公司董事預料應用該 等新訂及香港財務報告準則修訂本不會對 综合財務報表有任何重大影響。



2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

HKFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, financial liabilities, general hedge accounting and impairment requirements for financial assets.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 which are relevant to the Group are:

- all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"). All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.
- with regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss is presented in profit or loss.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

採用新訂及香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)修訂本(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及香港財務報告 準則修訂本(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號一金融工具 香港財務報告準則第9號引入了有關金融資 產、金融負債之分類及計量、一般對沖會計 法,以及金融資產的減值要求的新規定。

香港財務報告準則第9號中適用於本集團 之主要規定為:

- 所有屬香港財務報告準則第9號範疇 內之已確認金融資產,其後均按攤銷 成本或公平價值計量。尤其是,按商業 模式持有而目的為收取合約現金流之 債務投資,以及純粹為支付本金及未 償還本金之利息而擁有合約現金流之 債務投資,一般均於其後會計期間結 算日按攤銷成本計量。於目的為同時 收回合約現金流及出售金融資產之業 務模式下持有之債務工具,以及金融 資產合約條款令於特定日期產生之現 金流純粹為支付本金及未償還本金之 利息的債務工具,一般以按公平價值 計入其他全面收益 (「按公平價值計入 其他全面收益」)計量。所有其他債務 投資及股本投資均於其後會計期間結 算日按公平價值計量。此外,根據香港 財務報告準則第9號,實體可作出不可 撤銷地選擇在其他全面收益中呈列股 權投資(並非持作交易)之公平價值變 動,並只在損益賬中確認股息收入。
- 就指定為透過損益賬按公平價值計量
 之金融負債而言,香港財務報告準則
 第9號規定,歸因於金融負債之信貸風
 險變動之該負債公平價值變動金額,
 乃於其他全面收益呈列,惟在其他全
 面收益內確認負債信貸風險變動影響
 會導致於損益賬產生或擴大會計錯配
 則另作別論。歸因於金融負債信貸風
 險之公平價值變動,其後不會重新分類至損益賬。根據香港會計準則第39
 號「金融工具:確認及計量」,指定為
 透過損益賬按公平價值計量之金融負債之公平價值變動全數金額呈列於損益賬。



APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS 2. TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

HKFRS 9 – Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

in relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

Based on the Group's financial instruments and risk management policies as at 31st December, 2016, application of HKFRS 9 in the future may have a material impact on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets. The Group's available-for-sale financial assets, which are currently stated at cost less impairment, will either be measured as fair value through profit or loss or be designated as FVTOCI (subject to fulfilment of the designation criteria). In addition, the expected credit loss model may result in early provision of credit losses which are not yet incurred in relation to the Group's financial assets measured at amortised cost. Furthermore, additional disclosures are required under HKERS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

採用新訂及香港財務報告準則(「香港 2. 財務報告準則1)修訂本(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及香港財務報告 準則修訂本(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號-金融工具(續) 就金融資產之減值而言,與香港會計 準則第39號項下按已產生信貸虧損模 式計算相反,香港財務報告準則第9號 規定按預期信貸虧損模式計算。預期 信貸虧損模式規定實體於各結算日將 預期信貸虧損及變動計入該等預期信 貸虧損,以反映信貸風險自初始確認 以來之變動。換言之,毋須再待發生信 貸事件方確認信貸虧損。

根據本集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日 之金融工具及風險管理政策,將來應用香 港財務報告準則第9號可能對本集團金融資 產之分類及計量產生重大影響。本集團之 可供出售金融資產,目前乃按成本扣除減 值列賬,未來將按公平價值通過損益賬計 量,或指定為按透過其他全面收益按公平 價值列賬之方式計量(須符合指定標準)。 此外,預期信貸虧損模式可能導致就本集 團以攤銷成本計量之金融資產尚未發生之 信貸虧損提早計提撥備。此外,根據香港財 務報告準則第7號「金融工具:披露」要求作 出額外披露。

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

HKFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers

HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and the related interpretations when it becomes effective. The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the Standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

In 2016, the HKICPA issued Clarifications to HKFRS 15 in relation to the identification of performance obligations, principal versus agent considerations, as well as licensing application guidance.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may result in more disclosures, however, the directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 will have a material impact on the timing and amounts of revenue recognised in the respective reporting periods.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

 採用新訂及香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)修訂本(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及香港財務報告 準則修訂本(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號-來自客戶之合 約收入

香港財務報告準則第15條已頒佈,其制定 一項單一全面模式供實體用作將自客戶合 約所產生的收入入賬。於香港財務報告準 則第15號生效後,其將取代現時載於香港 會計準則第18號「收入」、香港會計準則第 11號「建築合約」及相關詮釋的收入確認指 引。香港財務報告準則第15號的核心原則 為實體所確認描述向客戶轉讓承諾貨品或 服務的收入金額,應為能反映該實體預期 就交換該等貨品或服務有權獲得的代價。 具體而言,該準則引入確認收入的五個步 驟:

- 第一步:識別與客戶訂立的合約
- 第二步:識別合約中的履約責任
- 第三步:釐定交易價
- 第四步:將交易價分配至合約中的履 約責任
- 第五步:於實體完成履約責任時確認 收入

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,實體於完 成履約責任時(或就此)確認收入,即於特 定履約責任相關之商品或服務之「控制權」 轉讓予客戶時。香港財務報告準則第15號 已就特別情況之處理方法加入更明確指 引。此外,香港財務報告準則第15號規定作 出更詳盡之披露。

於二零一六年,香港會計師公會頒佈香港 財務報告準則第15號有關確認履約責任、 主理人與代理人之考量及授權應用指引澄 清。

本公司董事預期,於日後應用香港財務報 告準則第15號可能會導致更多披露,然而, 本公司董事預期,應用香港財務報告準則 第15號將不會對相關報告期間已確認收入 之時間及金額造成重大影響。



2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

HKFRS 16 – Leases

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. HKFRS 16 will supersede HKAS 17 Leases and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 16 distinguishes lease and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified asset is controlled by a customer. Distinctions of operating leases and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost (subject to certain exceptions) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Subsequently, the lease liability is adjusted for interest and lease payments, as well as the impact of lease modifications, amongst others. For the classification of cash flows, the Group currently presents upfront prepaid lease payments as investing cash flows in relation to leasehold lands for owned use and those classified as investment properties while other operating lease payments are presented as operating cash flows. Under the HKFRS 16, lease payments in relation to lease liability will be allocated into a principal and an interest portion which will be presented as financing cash flows.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

 採用新訂及香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)修訂本(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及香港財務報告 準則修訂本(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號-租賃 香港財務報告準則第16號為識別租賃安 排,以及對出租人及承租人的會計處理方 法引入一個綜合模式。於香港財務報告準 則第16號生效後,其將取代香港會計準則 第17號「租賃」以及相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第16號基於是否存在由 客戶控制的已識別資產,來區分租賃合約 與服務合約。承租人會計處理取消經營租 賃與融資租賃之間的區分,並由一個模式 所取代,據此承租人須就所有租賃確認使 用權資產及相應負債,惟短期租賃及低價 值資產租賃則除外。

使用權資產初始按成本計量並隨後按成本 (惟若干例外情況除外)減累計折舊及減值 虧損計量,就任何租賃負債重新計量而調 整。租賃負債初始按當日尚未支付的租賃 款項的現值計量。隨後,租賃負債就(其中 包括)利息及租賃款項以及租賃修訂的影 響作出調整。就現金流分類而言,本集團目 前將提前預付租賃款項呈列為有關自用租 賃土地且該等分類為投資物業的投資現金 流量,而其他經營租賃付款呈列為經營現 金流量。根據香港財務報告準則第16號,有 關租賃負債的租賃款項將分配至呈列為融 資現金流量的本金及利息的部分。



2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

HKFRS 16 – Leases (Cont'd)

In contrast to lessee accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17, and continues to require a lessor to classify a lease either as an operating lease or a finance lease. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 16.

As at 31st December, 2016, the Group has noncancellable operating lease commitments of HK\$237.2 million as disclosed in note 43(a). A preliminary assessment indicates that these arrangements will meet the definition of a lease under HKFRS 16, and hence the Group will recognise a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability in respect of all these leases unless they qualify for low value or short-term leases upon the application of HKFRS 16. In addition, the application of new requirements may result changes in measurement, presentation and disclosure as indicated above. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the financial effect until the directors complete a detailed review.

Amendments to HKAS 7 Disclosure Initiative

The amendments require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities including both changes arising from cash flows and noncash changes. Specially, the amendments require the following changes in liabilities arising from financing activities to be disclosed: (i) changes from financing cash flows; (ii) changes arising from obtaining or losing control of subsidiaries or other businesses; (iii) the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates; (iv) changes in fair values; and (v) other changes.

The amendments apply prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2017 with earlier application permitted. The application of the amendments will result in additional disclosures on the Group's financing activities, specifically reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the consolidated statement of financial position for liabilities arising from financing activities will be provided on application.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

採用新訂及香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)修訂本(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及香港財務報告 準則修訂本(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號一租賃(續) 與承租人會計處理相比,香港財務報告準 則第16號大致轉承香港會計準則第17號的 出租人會計處理規定,並且繼續要求出租 人將其租賃分類為經營租賃或融資租賃。 此外,香港財務報告準則第16號規定作出 更詳盡之披露。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有 不可撤銷經營租賃承擔237.2百萬港元(如 附註43(a)所述)。初步評估顯示,該等安排 符合香港財務報告準則第16號下的租賃定 義,因此,本集團將就所有該等租賃確認使 用權資產及相應負債,除非在應用香港財 務報告準則第16號時其符合低價值或短期 租賃。此外,應用新的規定或會導致上文所 述計量、呈列及披露變動。然而,在董事完 成詳細審閱之前,提供財務影響之合理估 計並不實際可行。

香港會計準則第7號「披露主動性」之修訂 本

該等修訂規定實體披露能讓財務報表使用 者評估融資活動引起的負債變動,包括現 金流量引致之變動及非現金變動。尤其是, 該等修訂規定披露以下來自融資活動的負 債變動:(i)來自融資現金流量的變動;(ii)來 自取得或失去附屬公司或其他業務的控制 權的變動;(iii)外幣匯率變動的影響;(iv)公 平價值變動;及(v)其他變動。

該等修訂應用於二零一七年一月一日或之 後開始的年度期間,並獲准提早採納。應 用該等修訂可能導致有關本集團融資活動 的額外披露,尤其是融資活動產生的負債 於綜合財務狀況表的期初及期末結餘的對 賬,將於應用該等修訂時提供。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622).

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain properties and financial instruments, which are measured at fair value, as explained in the significant accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

主要會計政策 3.

編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財 務報表載列聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規 則」)及香港公司條例(第622章)規定之適 用披露內容。

综合財務報表乃按歷史成本基準編製,惟 下列主要會計政策所説明按公平價值計量 的若干物業及金融工具除外。

歷史成本一般根據就交易貨品及服務所付 代價之公平價值。

公平價值是指市場參與者之間在計量日進 行的有序交易中出售一項資產所收取的價 格或轉移一項負債所支付的價格,無論該價 格是直接觀察到的結果還是採用其他估值 方法作出的估計。在對資產或負債的公平 價值作出估計時,本集團考慮了市場參與 者在計量日為該資產或負債進行定價時將 會考慮的那些特徵。在本綜合財務報表中 計量和/或披露的公平價值均在此基礎上 予以確定,但香港財務報告準則第2號「以 股份付款」範圍內的以股份為基礎的支付 交易、香港會計準則第17號「租賃」範圍內 的租賃交易、以及與公平價值類似但並非 公平價值的計量(例如,香港會計準則第2 號「存貨」中的可變現淨值或香港會計準則 第36號「資產減值」中的使用價值)除外。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Basis of preparation (Cont'd)

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from input other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include input for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally.

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

編製基準(續)

非金融資產公平價值之計量乃經參考市場 參與者可從使用該資產得到之最高及最佳 效用,或把該資產售予另一可從使用該資 產得到最高及最佳效用之市場參與者所產 生之經濟效益。

此外,就財務呈報而言,公平價值計量根據 公平價值計量之輸入數據之可觀察程度及 輸入數據對公平價值計量整體而言之重要 性分為第一、第二或第三級,現闡述如下:

- 第一級公平價值計量按相同的資產或 負債於活躍市場的報價(無調整)計 算。
- 第二級公平價值計量乃除第一級計入 之報價外,就資產或負債可直接(即價 格)或間接(即自價格衍生)觀察輸入 數據得出。
- 第三級公平價值計量乃計入並非根據 可觀察市場數據之資產或負債之估值 方法得出。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及受本公司控制 之公司及其附屬公司之財務報表。倘本公 司符合以下情況,則取得控制權:

- 有權控制被投資方;
- 因其參與被投資方業務而獲得或有權 獲得可變回報;及
- 有能力以其權力影響其回報。

倘事項及狀況顯示上文列示三項控制元素 之一項或多項有變,本集團會重新評估其 是否控制投資對象。

倘本集團於投資對象之投票權未能佔大多 數,但只要投票權足以賦予本集團實際能 力可單方面掌控投資對象之相關業務時, 本公司即對投資對象擁有權力。

於年內所收購或出售的附屬公司,其收入 及費用均自收購生效日期起及截至出售生 效日期止(如適用)計入損益及其他全面收 益。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D) 3.

Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein. Profit or loss and each items of other comprehensive income are attributable to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributable to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a debit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the noncontrolling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

主要會計政策(續) 3.

綜合基準(續)

如有需要,本集團會對附屬公司之財務報 表作出調整,使其會計政策與本集團其他 成員公司所採用者一致。

所有本集團內成員間交易、結餘、收入及開 支均於綜合賬目時全數對銷。

附屬公司之非控股權益與本集團所佔權益 分開呈列。損益及其他全面收益的各部分 歸屬於本公司股東及非控股權益。即使導 致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘,附屬公司的 全面收益總額仍歸屬於本公司股東及非控 股權益。

本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權權益之變動

倘本集團於附屬公司之擁有權權益出現變 動,但並無導致本集團失去對該等附屬公 司之控制權,則入賬列作權益交易。本集 團之權益與非控股權益之賬面值均予以調 整,以反映彼等於附屬公司之相關權益之 變動。非控股權益之調整款額與已付或已 收代價之公平價值兩者間之任何差額,均 直接於權益確認並歸屬於本公司股東。

倘本集團失去一間附屬公司之控制權,則 於損益內確認收益或虧損,並按(i)所收取代 價之公平價值及任何保留權益之公平價值 之總額及(ii)附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及 負債以及任何非控股權益之過去賬面值之 差額計算。所有有關該附屬公司過往於其 他全面收益確認之款額,將按猶如本集團 已直接出售有關附屬公司之相關資產或負 債入賬(即按適用香港財務報告準則之規 定/許可重新分類至損益或轉撥至另一個 權益類別)。於失去控制權當日於前附屬公 司保留之任何投資之公平價值將根據香港 會計準則第39號於其後入賬時被列作初步 確認之公平價值,或(如適用)於初步確認 時於聯營公司或合營公司之投資成本。

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes and HKAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to sharebased payment transactions of the acquiree or the replacement of an acquiree's share-based payment transactions with share-based payment transactions of the Group are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any noncontrolling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisitiondate amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any noncontrolling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain. 綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併

業務收購採用收購法列賬。業務合併中之 轉讓代價按公平價值計量,而公平價值乃 按於收購日本集團所轉讓之資產、本集團 向被收購公司原股東產生之負債及本集團 於交換被收購公司之控制權發行之股權之 公平價值之總額計算。收購相關費用一般 於產生時在損益賬確認。

所收購之可識別資產及所承擔之負債乃於 收購日按公平價值確認,惟以下情況除外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及與僱員福利安 排有關之負債或資產分別按香港會計 準則第12號「所得税」及香港會計準則 第19號「僱員福利」確認及計量;
- 與被收購公司以股份付款之交易有關 或以本集團以股份付款之交易取代被 收購公司以股份付款之交易有關之 負債或權益工具,於收購當日按香港 財務報告準則第2號「以股份付款」計 量;及
- 按照香港財務報告準則第5號「持作出 售之非流動資產及已終止經營業務」
 分類為持作出售之資產(或出售組別)
 按照該準則計量。

商譽按所轉讓之代價、任何非控股權益於 被收購公司中所佔金額、及收購公司以往 持有之被收購公司股權之公平價值(如有) 之總和,減所收購可識別資產及所承擔負 債於收購當日之淨值後,所超出之差額計 量。倘經過評估後,所收購可識別資產與所 承擔負債於收購當日之淨額高於轉讓之代 價、任何非控股權益於被收購公司中所佔 金額以及收購公司以往持有之被收購公司 股權之公平價值(如有)之總和,則差額即 時於損益賬內確認為議價收購收益。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Business combinations (Cont'd)

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the noncontrolling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-bytransaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another Standard.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisitiondate fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments made against goodwill or gain on bargain purchase. Measurement period adjustments are adjusted that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with HKAS 39, or HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control), and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併(續)

屬現時擁有權權益且持有人有權於清盤時 按比例分佔公司淨資產之非控股權益,可初 步按公平價值或非控股權益應佔被收購公 司可識別淨資產之已確認金額比例計量。 計量基準可按每項交易而選擇。其他種類 之非控股權益乃按其公平價值或另一項準 則規定之基準(如適用)計量。

倘本集團於業務合併中轉讓之代價包括因 或然代價安排而引致之資產或負債,則有關 或然代價會按收購當日之公平價值計量, 並會包括於業務合併中轉讓之代價之一部 分。倘合資格作出計量期調整之或然代價公 平價值有變,則有關變動會作追溯調整,而 商譽或議價收購收益亦會作出相應調整。 計量期調整指因於「計量期間」(自收購日 期起計不超過一年)內取得有關於收購當 日已存在之事實及情況之額外資料而產生 之調整。

其後是否將不合資格作出計量期調整之或 然代價公平價值之變動入賬,則視乎或然 代價之分類方式而定。被分類為權益之或 然代價不會於往後之結算日重新計量,而 其後償付之款項則於權益內入賬。被分類 為資產或負債之或然代價於往後之結算日 按照香港會計準則第39號或香港會計準則 第37號「撥備、或然負債及或然資產」(視 適用情況而定)重新計量,相應之收益或虧 損則於損益賬內確認。

當業務合併以分階段完成,本集團以往所 持被收購公司之股權會按收購當日(即本 集團取得控制權當日)之公平價值重新計 量,而所產生之收益或虧損(如有)則於損 益賬內確認。就被收購公司權益在收購日 期前於其他全面收益中所確認之數額,會 重新分類至損益賬(若此處理方法適用於 出售該權益)。

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Business combinations (Cont'd)

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of that date.

Interests in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies of associates and joint ventures in conformity with the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

综合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

主要會計政策(續) 3.

業務合併(續) 倘業務合併未能於進行合併之報告期結束 前完成初步入賬,則本集團會呈報未完成 入賬之項目之臨時金額。該等臨時金額會 於計量期(見上文)內,或確認額外資產或 負債時調整,以反映所取得有關於收購當 日已存在之事實及情況(如已知),並會影 響於當日確認之金額之新資料。

於聯營公司及合營公司之權益

聯營公司指本集團可對其發揮重大影響力 之公司。重大影響力指有權參與被投資公司財務及營運決策,但並非控制或共同控 制該等政策之權力。

合營公司指一項聯合安排,對安排擁有共 后皆公司指一领称百女好》封女好雄有兴 同控制權之訂約方據此對聯合安排之資產 淨值擁有權利。共同控制是指按照合約約 定對某項安排所共有的控制,共同控制僅 在當相關活動要求共同享有控制權之各方 作出一致同意之決定時存在。

聯營公司及合營公司之業績、資產及負債 行口會計權益法併入綜合財務報表。根據 權益法,於聯營公司或合營公司之投資初 步按成本於綜合財務狀況表確認,其後就 確認本集團應佔該聯營公司或合營公司之 損益及其他全面收益作出調整。如有需要, 可調整聯營公司及合營公司之會計政策, 使之與本集團一致。倘本集團應佔聯營公 同或合營公司虧損超出本集團於該聯營公司或合營公司之權益(包括實際構成本集 團於該聯營公司之權益(包括實際構成本集 個於該聯營公司或合營公司之淨投資之任 何長期權益),則本集團國於此准確認其能定 進一步虧損,惟倘本集團產生法律或推定 責任或須代表聯營公司或合營公司付款, 方確認額外虧損。

於被投資方成為聯營公司或合營公司當 日,對聯營公司或合營公司之投資採用權 益法入賬。於收購聯營公司或合營公司之 投資時,投資成本超過本集團應佔投資對 象之可識別資產及負債公平價值淨額之任 何差額均確認為商譽。有關商譽乃計入投 資之賬面值。倘於重新評估後,本集團所佔 可識別資產及負債之公平價值淨額高於投 資成本,則會於收購投資之期間即時在損 益確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Interests in associates and joint ventures (Cont'd)

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate or a joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate or a joint venture, or when the investment is classified as held for sale. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

Where the Group's interest in associate increases, whether directly or indirectly, the impact of the change should be accounted for as an incremental purchase of the associate and recognised at cost.

When the Group transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate or joint venture. 綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合營公司之權益(續)

香港會計準則第39號之規定用於釐定是否 須就本集團於聯營公司或合營公司之投資 確認任何減值虧損。如有需要,投資之全部 賬面值(包括商譽)會根據香港會計準則第 36號「資產減值」作為一項獨立資產,透過 比較其可收回金額(使用價值及公平價值 減銷售成本之較高者)及其賬面值作減值 測試。任何已確認之減值虧損組成投資賬 面值一部分。根據香港會計準則第36號,任 何減值虧損之撥回於投資可收回金額其後 增加時確認。

當本集團不再對聯營公司擁有重大影響力 或於合營公司擁有共同控制權時,則按出 售於該被投資公司的全部權益入賬,所產 生的收益或虧損於損益中確認。於投資不 再為聯營公司或合營公司,或投資被分類 為持作出售當日起,本集團停止使用權益 法。聯營公司或合營公司於終止使用權益 法當日之賬面值與任何保留權益之公平價 值及出售任何所得款項之間的差額,乃計 入釐定出售聯營公司或合營公司之損益。 此外,倘該聯營公司或合營公司直接出售 相關資產或負債,則本集團可能需要按相 同基準計入有關該聯營公司或合營公司的 以往於其他全面收益確認的所有金額。因 此, 倘聯營公司或合營公司以往於其他全 面收益確認的損益重新分類為出售相關資 產或負債的損益,則本集團將於終止使用 權益法時將收益或虧損由權益重新分類至 損益(列作重新分類調整)。

倘本集團於聯營公司之權益增加(不論為 直接或間接),有關變數之影響應入賬為聯 營公司增額收購,並按成本確認。

當本集團與本集團之聯營公司或合營公司 交易,將按本集團於相關聯營公司或合營 公司之權益對銷未變現損益。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to 1st January, 2005

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary, an associate or a joint venture for which the agreement date is before 1st January, 2005 represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the relevant subsidiary, associate or joint venture at the date of acquisition.

For previously capitalised goodwill arising on acquisitions after 1st January, 2001, the Group has discontinued amortisation from 1st January, 2005 onwards, and such goodwill is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the cash generating unit to which the goodwill relates may be impaired.

Goodwill arising on acquisitions on or after 1st January, 2005

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary for which the agreement date is on or after 1st January, 2005 represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the relevant subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Such goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

On subsequent disposal of the relevant subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

商譽

於二零零五年一月一日之前因收購產生之 商譽

收購一間附屬公司、聯營公司或合營公司 (協議日期為於二零零五年一月一日之前) 產生之商譽,指收購成本超逾本集團於收 購當日應佔相關附屬公司、聯營公司或合 營公司之可識別資產及負債公平價值之權 益之差額。

對於二零零一年一月一日後因收購產生之 原先已資本化商譽,本集團自二零零五年 一月一日起不再繼續攤銷,而有關商譽每 年及有跡象顯示商譽有關之現金產生單位 有可能出現減值時進行減值測試。

於二零零五年一月一日或之後因收購產生 之商譽

收購一間附屬公司(協議日期為於二零零 五年一月一日或之後)產生之商譽,指收購 成本超逾本集團於收購當日應佔相關附屬 公司之可識別資產、負債及或然負債之公 平價值之權益之差額。該等商譽乃按成本 減累計減值虧損列賬(如有)。

其後出售有關附屬公司時,資本化商譽之 應佔金額乃計入釐定出售之損益金額。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

Income from properties developed for sale is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the properties are transferred to buyers, which is when the construction of relevant properties has been completed and the properties have been delivered to the purchasers and collectibility of related receivables is reasonably assured. Profit or loss arising from the outright sale of an entire development property prior to completion is recognised when a binding sales contract becomes unconditional and the risks and rewards of the ownership have been transferred to the buyer. Deposits received from pre-sales of properties are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position under current liabilities.

Rental income from properties under operating leases, including rentals invoiced in advance, is recognised on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

Income from the provision of services, including elderly care services, is recognised upon the provision of the relevant services or on a time apportionment basis over the terms of the service contracts.

Income from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold.

Revenue from hotel operations is recognised when services are provided.

Interest income from financial assets is recognised on a time apportionment basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

主要會計政策(續) 3.

收入確認

收入按日常業務中已收及應收代價之公平 價值計算,指已售貨品及已提供服務之應 收款項,扣除折扣及相關銷售税項。

當收入數額能可靠地計量、而未來經濟利 益可能流入本集團,且符合以下本集團各 業務的特定準則時,本集團便會確認收入。

出售發展物業的收入於物業擁有權的重大 風險及回報均轉讓予買方時確認,指當相 關物業的建築工程已完成而物業已交付予 買方,並可合理確定收取有關應收款項的 可能性時。在建築竣工前將整個發展物業 出售所得的溢利或虧損於一份具約束力的 銷售合同成為無條件及擁有權的風險及回 報已轉讓予買方時確認。已收取的預售物 業訂金則列入綜合財務狀況表的流動負債 丙。

經營租約之物業租金收入(包括提前開出 發票之租金)乃以直線法於相關租賃期內 確認。

提供服務(包括護老服務)之收入於提供相 關服務時或於服務合約期內按已服務時間 之比例確認。

銷售貨品之收入於擁有權之重大風險及回 報均轉讓予買方時,且本集團既不能就其 擁有權參與管理及對售出貨品亦無有效控 制權時確認。

酒店業務收入於提供服務時確認。

金融資產之利息收入乃按時間攤分法, 並 參照尚未償還本金額及所適用之實際利率 確認,而實際利率為於金融資產之預期可 用年期將估計日後現金流量折現至該資產 初始確認時之賬面淨值之比率。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the owners' right to receive payment has been established.

Fees for management and advisory services for funds are recognised when the related services are rendered.

Realised profits or losses from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised on a trade date basis whilst the unrealised profits or losses are recognised from valuation at the end of the reporting period.

Income from rendering financial guarantee services is recognised over the contractual period on a straight-line basis.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. 綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

來自投資之股息收入於股東收取付款之權 利建立時確認。

基金之管理及顧問服務費於提供有關服務 時確認。

來自透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資 產已變現溢利或虧損,以交易日期基準確 認,而未變現溢利或虧損則於報告期末按 估值確認。

提供財務保證服務之收入按直線法於合約 期內確認。

租約

倘租賃之條款將擁有權之絕大部分風險及 回報轉予承租人,租約歸類為融資租約。所 有其他租約歸類為經營租約。

本集團作為出租人

經營租約之租金收入以直線法於相關租期 內於損益賬內確認。

本集團作為承租人

經營租約付款乃在相關租期內以直線法確 認為費用。因訂立一項經營租約作為獎勵 之已收及應收福利乃以直線法於租期內確 認為租金開支減少。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Leasehold land and buildings

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid land lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straightline basis. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

Foreign currencies

The individual financial statements of each group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity are expressed in Hong Kong dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company, and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Nonmonetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in equity.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

主要會計政策(續) 3.

租賃土地及樓宇

倘租賃包括土地及樓宇元素時,本集團則 會根據各項元素的擁有權所附帶之絕大部 分風險及回報是否已轉讓予本集團,分別 評估各元素應分類為融資或經營租約。特 別是於租約開始時,最低租約付款(包括任 何一次性預付款項)按租約內土地元素及 樓宇元素之租賃權益之相對公平價值,按 比例分配到土地及樓宇元素。

倘能可靠地分配租約付款時,列賬為經營 租約的租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表呈 列為「預繳地價」,並按直線法於租期內攤 銷。倘租約付款未能於土地及樓宇元素作 可靠分配,則整份租約一般分類為融資租 約及列賬為物業、廠房及設備。

外幣

各個集團公司之個別財務報表乃以有關公 司營運所在主要經濟環境之貨幣(其功能 貨幣)呈列。就綜合財務報表而言,各公司 之業績及財務狀況以本公司之功能貨幣港 元呈列,而港元亦為綜合財務報表之呈列 貨幣。

在編製各個別集團公司之財務報表時,以 公司功能貨幣以外之貨幣 (外幣)進行的交 易按交易當日之匯率確認。於報告期末,以 外幣計值之貨幣項目按該日適用之匯率重 新换算。以外幣計值按公平價值列賬之非 貨幣項目按釐定公平價值之日期的匯率重 新换算。以外幣之歷史成本計值之非貨幣 項目不會重新換算。

結算貨幣項目及換算貨幣項目產生之匯兑 差額於產生期間之損益賬確認。重新換算 以公平價值列賬之非貨幣性項目產生之匯 兑差額計入該期間之損益賬內,惟重新換 算非貨幣性項目產生之差額,其盈虧直接 於權益確認,在此情況下,匯兑差額亦直接 於權益中確認。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Foreign currencies (Cont'd)

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (the translation reserve). Such translation differences are reclassified to profit or loss in the period in which the operation is disposed of.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable asset acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and retranslated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the other comprehensive income.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised on a time apportionment basis, taking into account the principal and the effective interest rates. They are charged to profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

Employee benefits

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

The contributions payable to the Group's retirement benefit schemes and the mandatory provident fund scheme are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contribution. 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團海外經 營業務之資產及負債乃按報告期末之適用 匯率換算至本集團之呈列貨幣(即港元), 而收入及支出項目乃按該年之平均匯率進 行換算,除非匯率於該期間出現大幅波動 則作別論,於此情況下,則採用於交易當日 之匯率換算。所產生之匯兑差額(如有)乃 於其他全面收益確認,並於權益累計(匯兑 儲備)。有關匯兑差額於出售業務期間重新 分類至損益。

因收購海外業務產生之商譽及所收購可識 別資產之公平價值調整,乃視作海外業務 之資產及負債處理及按報告期末之現行匯 率重新換算。所產生之匯兑差額於其他全 面收益內確認。

借貸成本

與收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即需用較 長期間才可作擬定用途或銷售的資產)直接 有關之借貸成本加入至該等資產之成本, 直至該等資產絕大部分已達致可作擬定用 途或銷售為止。

特定借貸於撥作合資格資產之支出前用作 短暫投資所賺取之投資收入,會從合資格 撥作資本之借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本乃經計及本金與實際利 率後,以時間攤分法確認,並於產生之年度 在損益賬扣除。

僱員福利

僱員應享年假之權益於僱員應享有時確 認。就因僱員提供服務而計至報告期末之 年假之估計負債作出撥備。

應付予本集團之退休福利計劃及強制性公 積金計劃供款於僱員提供使其有權獲得供 款之服務時作為開支在綜合損益表內扣 除。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Employee benefits (Cont'd)

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit-sharing, where appropriate, based on approved formulas that take into consideration the profit attributable to the Group after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

For shares of SHK ("Awarded Shares") granted under the employee ownership scheme of SHK, the fair value of the employee services received is determined by reference to the fair value of Awarded Shares granted at the grant date and is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (employee share-based compensation reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of Awarded Shares that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to the employee share-based compensation reserve.

Taxation

Taxation represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit before taxation" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

主要會計政策(續) 3.

僱員福利(續)

本集團按照認可計算方法就花紅及分攤溢 利確認負債及開支(如適用),該計算方法 已考慮本集團應佔溢利並作出若干調整。 於出現合約責任或過往慣例引致推定責任 時,本集團即確認撥備。

根據新鴻基僱員股份擁有計劃授出的新鴻 基股份(「獎授股份」),所獲取僱員服務的 公平價值參考於授出日期所授出獎授股份 的公平價值釐定,並採用直線法於歸屬期 內支銷,及於權益(以股份支付之僱員酬金 儲備)增加相應數額。於每個報告期末,本 集團調整對預期最終歸屬獎授股份數目的 估計,調整估計所產生的影響(如有)在損 益確認,及對以股份支付之僱員酬金儲備 作出相應調整。

税項

税項指現時應付税項及遞延税項之總和。

現時應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計 算。應課税溢利因其他年度的應課税之收 入或可扣税之開支及毋須課税或不可扣税 項目與綜合損益表中所報「除税前溢利」不 同。本集團之即期税項負債乃按報告期末 已頒佈或實際頒佈之税率計算。

遞延税項乃以綜合財務報表資產及負債賬 面值與計算應課税溢利所用相應税基間之 臨時差額確認。遞延税項負債一般會就所有 應課税臨時差額確認。遞延税項資產則一 般於有可能以可扣税臨時差額抵銷之應課 税溢利之情況下,就該可抵銷部分之所有 可扣税臨時差額予以確認。若於一項交易 中,因商譽或初始確認(不包括業務合併) 其他資產及負債而引致既不影響應課税溢 利亦不影響會計溢利之臨時差額,則不會 確認該等資產及負債。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Taxation (Cont'd)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in associates and joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax law) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amounts of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination. 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項負債乃按於附屬公司之投資及聯 營公司及合營公司之權益產生之應課税臨 時差額而確認,惟若本集團有能力控制臨 時差額之撥回及臨時差額不會於可預見之 未來撥回之情況除外。與有關投資及權益 相關之可扣税臨時差額產生之遞延税項資 產,僅在可能有足夠應課税溢利以動用臨時 差額利益及預期於可見將來撥回時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於報告期末作檢 討,並在不再有可能會有足夠應課税溢利 收回全部或部分資產價值時作調減。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期於償還負債 或變現資產之期間按報告期末已頒佈或實 際頒佈之税率(及税法)計算。

遞延税項負債及資產之計算結果反映本集 團於報告期末預期就收回或償付資產及負 債賬面值可能引致之税務後果。

為使用公平價值模式計量之投資物業計算 遞延税項負債或遞延税項資產時,該等物 業之賬面值乃推斷為完全透過銷售收回, 除非有關推斷被駁回。倘投資物業為可折 舊且其商業模式之目標為隨時間消耗大部 分含於該等投資物業經濟利益,而非透過 銷售獲利,有關推斷會被駁回。

即期及遞延税項於損益賬中確認,惟與於 其他全面收益或直接於權益確認之項目相 關者除外,於該情況下,即期及遞延税項 亦分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益中確 認。對業務合併進行初步會計處理中產生 即期税項或遞延税項時,税務影響納入業 務合併會計處理。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is stated at its fair value at the end of the reporting period. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

Transfers to, or from, investment property are made in the following circumstances:

- commencement of owner-occupation, for a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property;
- end of owner-occupation, for a transfer from owneroccupied property to investment property; and
- commencement of an operating lease to another party, for a transfer from inventories to investment properties.

For a transfer from investment property carried at fair value to owner-occupied property or inventories, the property's deemed cost for subsequent accounting shall be its fair value at the date of changes in use.

For a transfer from owner-occupied property to investment property, the entity shall treat any difference at that date between the carrying amount of the property and its fair value in the same way as a revaluation surplus. The excess of the fair value of the property at the date of transfer over the carrying amount of the property is credited to other comprehensive income and accumulated in revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised as an expense, in which case the increase is credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss. The excess of the carrying amount of the property at the date of transfer over the fair value of the property is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss to the extent it exceeds the balance, if any, on the revaluation reserve relating to a previously revaluation of the same asset. On subsequent disposal of the investment property, the revaluation surplus included in equity may be transferred to accumulated profits. The transfer from revaluation surplus to accumulated profits is not made through profit or loss.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

主要會計政策(續) 3.

投資物業

投資物業為持作用以賺取租金及/或資本 增值之物業,按其於報告期末之公平價值 列賬。因投資物業公平價值變動產生之盈 虧計入產生期間之損益。

投資物業於出售時或當投資物業被永久撤 銷使用時及出售該資產預期不會產生任何 日後經濟利益時終止確認。物業終止確認時 產生之任何收益或虧損按該資產之出售所 得款項淨額與資產賬面值間之差額計算, 並於該物業終止確認之期間計入損益。

投資物業在下列情況下轉入或轉出:

- 對於投資物業轉入業主佔用物業,為 業主佔用開始時;
- 對於業主佔用物業轉入投資物業,為 業主佔用結束時;及
- 對於存貨轉入投資物業,為與另外一 方之經營租約開始時。

對於按公平價值計值之投資物業轉入業主 佔用物業或存貨,對物業進行其後會計處 理之視作成本乃使用之變動日期之公平價 值。

對於業主佔用物業轉入投資物業,有關項 目應以與計算重估盈餘相同的方法計算該 物業於轉撥當日之賬面值與其公平價值之 差額。該物業於轉撥當日之公平價值超出 其賬面值之差額會計入其他全面收益,並 於重估儲備累計,惟倘先前確認為開支的 同一資產將重估減值逆轉為增值,則有關 增幅會計入綜合損益表,惟以先前於綜合 損益表扣除的減幅為限。該物業於轉撥當 日之賬面值超出其公平價值之金額會於綜 合損益表中確認,惟確認金額需扣除有關 先前就同一資產重估的重估儲備結餘(如 有)。隨後於出售投資物業時,列入權益之 重估盈餘可以轉入累計溢利。重估盈餘並 不透過損益賬轉入累計溢利。

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties (Cont'd)

For a transfer from inventories to investment property that will be carried at fair value, any difference between the fair value of the property at that date and its previous carrying amount shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their estimated residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Hotel property	shorter of the estimated useful life and
	the remaining lease
	term of land
Leasehold land and	shorter of the estimated
buildings	useful life and
0	the remaining lease
	term of land
Leasehold improvements	20%
•	10% to 50%
Motor vehicles and vessels	16 ² / ₃ % to 20%

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

When the nature of the lessee's property interest change from investment property to property, plant and equipment, the lessee shall continue to account for the lease as a finance lease.

Prepaid land lease payments

The up-front prepayments made for the leasehold land and land use rights that are classified as operating leases are amortised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease or when there is impairment, the impairment is expensed in profit or loss. 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

投資物業(續)

對於存貨轉入按公平價值列賬之投資物 業,該日期物業公平價值與其之前賬面值 的任何差額將於損益賬中確認。

物業·廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括持作用於生產或供 應貨品及服務或作行政用途的土地及樓宇) 乃按成本減之後累計折舊及累計減值虧損 列賬。

折舊按估計可使用年期以直線法按下列年 率確認,以撤銷其資產成本減其估計剩餘 價值:

酒店物業	於估計可使用年期
	或土地租約之
	剩餘期限中之
	較短者
租賃土地及樓宇	於估計可使用年期
	或土地租約之
	剩餘期限中之
	較短者
租賃樓宇裝修	20%
傢具、裝置及	10%至50%
設備	
汽車及	16 ² /3%至20%
汽船	

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或預計持續 使用該資產無經濟利益產生時終止確認。 出售物業、廠房及設備項目所產生的盈虧按 銷售所得款項及資產賬面值之差額計算, 並於損益確認。

當承租人之物業權益性質由投資物業轉變 為物業、廠房及設備時,承租人將繼續將租 約列為融資租約。

預繳地價

分類為經營租約之租賃土地及土地使用權 之前期預付款按直線法於租約期間在綜合 損益表內攤銷,如有任何減值,則會在綜合 損益表扣除。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are identified and recognised separately from goodwill where they satisfy the definition of an intangible asset and their fair values can be measured reliably. Such intangible assets are measured at their fair value at the acquisition date.

Intangible assets acquired separately

- (i) <u>Exchange participation rights and club memberships</u> They comprise:
 - the eligibility right to trade through the Stock Exchange, Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited and other exchanges; and
 - the eligibility right to use the facilities of various clubs.

The exchange participation rights are considered by the management of the Group as having an indefinite useful life because they are expected to contribute to net cash flows indefinitely. The management also considers that the club memberships do not have a finite useful life.

(ii) Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised using the straight-line method.

Costs associated with developing or maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense as incurred. Costs that are directly associated with the production of identifiable and unique software controlled by the Group, and that will probably generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognised as intangible assets. Direct costs include software development employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads.

Computer software development costs recognised as assets are amortised from the dates when the software becomes available for use using the straight-line method. 綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

無形資產

於業務合併中收購的無形資產 於業務合併中收購的無形資產若符合無形 資產定義及其公平價值能可靠計量之情況 下乃與商譽分開識別及確認。該等無形資 產按於收購日期的公平價值計量。

獨立收購無形資產

- (i)
 交易所參與權及會所會籍

 包括:
 - 透過聯交所、香港期貨交易所有
 限公司及其他交易所交易之權利
 資格;及
 - 一 使用不同會所設施之權利資格。

本集團管理層認為交易所參與權乃為無固 定使用年期,因為預計該等權利將無限期 帶來淨現金流。管理層亦認為,會所會籍並 不具有固定使用年期。

 (ii) <u>電腦軟件</u> 購入之電腦軟件許可權按購入軟件及 使其投入使用所涉及之成本進行資本 化。該等成本以直線法攤銷。

> 開發或保養電腦軟件之成本於產生時 確認為費用。對於可認定為本集團所 控制,且有可能帶來高於成本之經濟 利益超過一年之獨特軟件,將直接與 其製造有關之成本入賬列為無形資 產。直接成本包括軟件開發僱員費用 及適當之部分相關費用。

> 電腦軟件開發成本確認為資產,並由 軟件可供使用之日起以直線法攤銷。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Intangible assets (Cont'd)

Intangible assets acquired separately (Cont'd)

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Useful lives are also examined on an annual basis and adjustments where applicable are made on a prospective basis. Alternatively, intangible assets with indefinite lives are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses and are tested for impairment annually by comparing their recoverable amount with their carrying amount.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Impairment of tangible and intangible assets excluding financial assets

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit, and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

無形資產(續)

獨立收購無形資產(續)

初始確認後,有固定使用年期的無形資產 按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列 賬。有固定使用年期的無形資產攤銷乃於 預計可使用年期內按直線法撥備。使用年 期會每年檢討,並於適合時按未來適用基 準調整。另一方面,無固定使用年期的無形 資產按成本減任何累計減值虧損列賬,並 每年對可收回金額與賬面值進行比較以測 試減值。

取消確認無形資產所產生之收益或虧損為 出售所得款項淨額與資產之賬面值之差 額,並於取消確認資產時於損益確認。

有形及無形資產(不包括金融資產)減值

就減值測試而言,因收購而產生之商譽會分 配至預期可從合併之協同效益中獲益之各 相關現金產生單位或各組現金產生單位。 獲分配商譽之現金產生單位會每年及於有 謝象可能減值時更頻密作減值測試。就一個 報告期間因收購而產生之商譽,獲分配商 譽之現金產生單位會於該報告期末前作減 值測試。倘現金產生單位之可收回金額低 於單位賬面值,減值虧損會首先分配至該 單位以減低該單位獲分配商譽之賬面值依 比例分配至該單位之其他資產。任何商譽 之減值虧損會直接在損益內確認。商譽已 確認之減值虧損不會在往後期間撥回。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Impairment of tangible and intangible assets excluding financial assets (Cont'd)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill) that have indefinite useful lives are not subject to amortisation, and are tested at least annually for impairment and reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Assets that are subject to depreciation and amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units) if an impairment test cannot be performed for an individual asset. An impairment loss is recognised immediately as an expense. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cashgenerating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale ("AFS") financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產(不包括金融資產)減值 (續)

無固定使用年期之無形資產(商譽除外)毋 須攤銷,但須每年進行減值測試,且在事件 或情況轉變顯示賬面值可能無法收回時, 進行減值評估。須予以折舊及攤銷之資產 在事件或情況轉變顯示賬面值可能無法收 回時, 進行減值評估。倘資產賬面值高於可 收回金額,其高於之金額則確認為減值虧 損。可收回金額為資產公平價值減出售成 本與使用價值兩者間之較高者。就評估減 值而言,倘若無法對個別資產進行減值測 試,則於存在可分開識別現金流(現金產生 單位)之最低水平上將資產集合。減值虧損 即時確認為開支。如其後撥回減值虧損,資 產(或現金產生單位)之賬面值將增加至可 收回金額之經修訂估計,惟增加後之賬面 值不得高於過往年度並無就資產(或現金 產生單位)確認減值虧損時原應釐定之賬 面值。減值虧損撥回即時於損益確認。

金融工具

當集團實體成為文據之合約條文之訂約方 時,則確認金融資產及金融負債。金融資產 及金融負債初始按公平價值計算。因收購 或發行金融資產或金融負債(透過損益賬 按公平價值處理之金融資產或金融負債除 外)而直接應佔之交易成本,於初始確認時 按適用情況加入或扣自該項金融資產或金 融負債之公平價值。因收購透過損益賬按 公平價值處理之金融資產或金融負債而直 接應佔之交易成本即時於損益賬確認。

金融資產

金融資產歸類為以下各類別:透過損益賬 按公平價值處理(「透過損益賬按公平價值 處理」)之金融資產、持有至到期之投資、 可供出售金融資產(「可供出售金融資產」) 及貸款及應收款項。分類視乎金融資產之 性質及用途而定,並於首次確認時釐定。所 有透過正常方式買賣金融資產按交易日期 基準確認及終止確認。按正常方式買賣為 按照市場規則或慣例所制定之時限內須交 付資產之金融資產買賣。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when the financial assets is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) 實際利息法

實際利息法為計算金融資產的攤銷成本以 及於有關期間分配利息收入的方法。實際利 率為於金融資產的預計可使用年期或(如 適用)較短期間內可準確折現估計未來現 金收入(包括所支付或收取能構成整體實 際利率的所有費用、交易成本及其他溢價 或折讓)至初始確認賬面淨值的利率。債務 工具按實際利率基準確認利息收入。

透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產 當金融資產為持作交易用途或指定為透過 損益賬按公平價值處理,則分類為透過損 益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產。

倘發生下列情況,則將金融資產歸類為持 作交易:

- 所收購的該金融資產主要用於在短期
 內出售;或
- 於初始確認時,該金融資產是作為本 集團整合管理的已識別金融工具組合 的一部分,且有近期實現短線套利模 式;或
- 該金融資產為衍生工具,但非指定為 有效對沖工具。

倘發生下列情況,則持作交易用途之金融資 產除外之金融資產可於初始確認時指定為 透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產:

- 該指定消除或大幅減少可能另外產生
 之計量或確認不一致;或
- 金融資產構成金融資產或金融負債或
 兩者之組別之一部分,並根據本集團
 之已定風險管理或投資策略按公平價
 值基準管理及評估其表現,該組別之
 資料按該基準內部提供;或
- 其構成包括一個或以上嵌入式衍生工
 具之合約之一部分,香港會計準則第
 39號允許全部合併合約(資產或負債)
 指定為透過損益賬按公平價值處理。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Cont'd)

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets

AFS financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or not classified as financial assets at FVTPL, held-to-maturity investments or loans and receivables.

Equity and debt securities held by the Group that are classified as AFS financial assets and are traded in an active market are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the carrying amount of AFS monetary financial assets relating to interest income calculated using the effective interest method and dividends on AFS equity investments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established. Other changes in the carrying amount of AFS financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment of financial assets below).

AFS equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below). 綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產 (續)

透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產

透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產按 公平價值列賬,而由重新計量產生之任何 收益或虧損透過損益賬確認。

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產為指定為可供出售或非 歸類為透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融 資產、持有至到期之投資或貸款及應收款 項之非衍生工具。

於各報告期末,本集團持有分類為可供出 售金融資產及於市場上交易活躍之股本及 債務證券,乃按公平價值計量。有關可供出 售貨幣金融資產因以實際利息法計算利息 收入引致之賬面值變動及可供出售股本投 資的股息於本集團建立收取股息權利時均 於損益確認。可供出售金融資產賬面值的 其他變動於其他全面收益確認,並於投資 重估儲備中累計。當投資被出售或釐定為 減值,先前於投資重估儲備確認之累積盈 虧重新分至損益賬(見下文金融資產減值 之會計政策)。

對於沒有活躍市場所報之市價及公平價值 不能可靠計量之可供出售股本投資及與該 等權益工具關連且必須透過交付該類無報 價權益工具作結算之衍生工具,於各報告 期末,按成本減已確定減值虧損計量(見下 文金融資產減值之會計政策)。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, amounts due from associates, amounts due from joint ventures, bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents and loans and advances to consumer finance customers) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as AFS, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the securities below their cost is considered in determining whether the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for AFS financial assets, the cumulative loss (measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss) is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss on equity investments are not reversed through profit or loss.

Each receivable that is individually significant is reviewed for indication of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Loans and receivables that are individually not significant and are assessed not to be impaired individually are reviewed at the end of each reporting period on a collective portfolio basis.

Individual impairment allowance applies to securities margin financing and term loans which are individually significant or have objective evidence of impairment. In assessing the individual impairment, management estimates the present value of future cash flows which are expected to be received, taking into account the borrower's financial situation and the net realisable value of the underlying collateral or guarantees in favour of the Group. Each impaired asset is assessed on its merits and the impairment allowance is measured as the difference between the loan's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the loan's original effective interest rate.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

主要會計政策(續) 3.

金融工具(續)

金融資產 (續)

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為並非於活躍市場報價而 具有固定或可釐定付款之非衍生金融資 產。於初始確認後,貸款及應收款項(包括 貿易及其他應收款項、聯營公司欠款、合營 公司欠款、銀行存款、現金及現金等價物以 及私人財務客戶貸款及墊款)乃利用實際 利息法按攤銷成本扣除任何減值虧損計量 (見下文金融資產減值之會計政策)。

金融資產減值

本集團於各報告期末評估是否有任何客觀 證據證明一項或一組金融資產有減值。對 於歸類於可供出售的股本證券,公平價值 之重大或長期下降至低於成本被視為證券 減值之客觀證據。倘可供出售金融資產出 現減值證據,則累計虧損(按收購成本與當 期公平價值間之差額減去之前於損益確認 之金融資產的任何減值虧損計算)將自權 益剔除,並於損益確認。於損益確認之股本 投資的減值虧損不會透過損益撥回。

於各報告期末評估各個別計算時屬重大的 應收款項有否減值。個別計算時不屬重大 且被評估為不會作個別減值的貸款及應收 款項會於各報告期末集體評估。

個別減值撥備適用於個別為重大或有客觀 減值證據的證券孖展融資及有期貸款。評 估個別減值時,管理層會考慮借款人的財 務狀況、相關抵押品或給予集團擔保的可 變現淨值,估計預期可收回的未來現金流 量現值。各項減值資產根據其存在價值估 計,減值撥備按貸款賬面值及以貸款原有 實際利率折現的估計未來現金流量現值間 之差額計算。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D) 3.

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd) Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

Collective impairment allowances cover credit losses inherent in portfolios of loans receivable and other accounts with similar economic and credit risk characteristics where objective evidence for individual impaired items cannot be identified. In assessing the collective impairment, management makes assumptions both to define the way the Group assesses inherent losses and to determine the required input parameters, based on historical loss experience and current economic conditions. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when financial liabilities are either held for trading or those designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

主要會計政策(續) 3.

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) 金融資產減值(續) 集體減值撥備涵蓋具有相若經濟及信貸風 險特性的應收貸款組合和其他賬戶的內在 信貸虧損,而且並不能以客觀憑據識別個 別項目的減值。評估集體減值時,管理層 根據過往虧損紀錄和現時經濟狀況作出假 設,以釐定本集團評估內在風險的方式及 所需輸入參數。撥備賬賬面值之變動於損 益內確認。

金融負債及權益工具 由集團實體發行之金融負債及權益工具乃 根據合同安排之性質以及金融負債及權益 工具之定義分類為金融負債或權益。

透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融負債 當金融負債為持作交易用途或於初次確認 時指定為透過損益賬按公平價值處理,則 分類為透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融 負債。

倘發生下列情況,則將金融負債歸類為持 作交易:

- 該金融負債主要用於在不久期限購 回;或
- 該金融負債是於初始確認時作為本集 團整合管理的已識別金融工具組合的 一部分,且有近期實現短線套利模式; 或
- 該金融負債為衍生工具,但非指定為 有效對沖工具。



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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd) <u>Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss</u> (Cont'd)

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss.

Financial guarantee issued

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

A financial guarantee issued for rendering financial guarantee service is initially measured at fair value as represented by the consideration received from the specified customers and the consideration received is recognised as revenue on straight-line basis over the guarantee period. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financing guarantee at the higher of: (i) the amount of obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with HKAS 37; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the Group's revenue recognition policy.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具(續) 透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融負債 (續)

倘發生下列情況,則持作交易用途之金融負 債除外之金融負債可於初始確認時指定為 透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融負債:

- 該指定消除或大幅減少可能另外產生
 之計量或確認不一致;或
- 金融負債構成金融資產或金融負債或
 兩者之組別之一部分,並根據本集團
 之已定風險管理或投資策略按公平價
 值基準管理及評估其表現,該組別之
 資料按該基準內部提供;或
- 其構成包括一個或以上嵌入式衍生工 具之合約之一部分,香港會計準則第 39號允許全部合併合約(資產或負債) 指定為透過損益賬按公平價值處理。

透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融負債按 公平價值計量,重新計量產生之任何收益 或虧損在損益賬確認。

已發出之財務保證

財務保證合約乃規定發行人須支付特定款 項以補償持有人因特定債務人未能按照債 務工具之原有或經修訂條款於到期時支付 款項所蒙受損失之合約。

就提供財務保證服務發出之財務保證初步 按從指定客戶收取之代價所代表的公平價 值計量,該已收取代價按直線法於擔保期 內確認為收入。初步確認後,本集團按下列 最高者計量財務保證:(i)於合約項下之責 任,根據香港會計準則第37號釐定之金額; 及(ii)初始確認之金額減根據本集團之收入 確認政策確認之累計攤銷。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd) Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including bank and other borrowings, notes, trade and other payables, amounts due to associates and amounts due to joint ventures, which are recognised initially at fair value, are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Effective interest method

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis (other than those financial liabilities classified as at FVTPL, of which the interest expense is included in net gains or losses.)

Fair value measurement principles

Fair values of quoted investments are based on quoted prices. For unlisted securities or financial assets without an active market, the Group establishes the fair value by using appropriate valuation techniques including the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other investments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 載至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具(續) 其他金融負債 其他金融負債包括初始按公平價值確認之 銀行及其他借貸、票據、貿易及其他應付款 項、欠聯營公司款項及欠合營公司款項,其 後採用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量。

權益工具

權益工具指能證明於實體扣除其所有負債 後之資產中擁有之剩餘權益之任何合約。 本公司發行之權益工具按已收所得款項減 直接發行成本而列賬。

購回本公司權益工具直接於權益確認及扣 除。於購回、銷售、發行或註銷本公司權益 工具時並無於損益確認盈虧。

實際利息法

實際利率為於金融負債的預計可使用年期 或(如適用)較短期間內可準確折現估計未 來現金支出(包括所支付或收取能構成整 體實際利率的所有費用、交易成本及其他溢 價或折讓)至初始確認賬面淨值的利率。利 息開支按實際利率基準確認(該等分類為 透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融負債除 外,其中利息開支計入收益或虧損淨額)。

公平價值計算原則

報價投資之公平價值乃基於報價價格。就非 上市證券或無活躍市場之金融資產而言, 本集團使用合適估值方法建立公平價值, 此等方法包括使用新近之公平交易、參考 其他大致相同之投資、折現現金流分析及 期權定價模式等。


3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Embedded derivatives

Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative, their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, if it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in profit or loss net of any reimbursement.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that the outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision. 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

嵌入式衍生工具

倘非衍生產品主合約中之嵌入式衍生工具 符合衍生工具之定義,而其風險及性質與主 合約之風險及性質並無密切相關,且主合 約不以透過損益賬按公平價值處理,則該 嵌入式衍生工具作獨立之衍生工具處理。

終止確認

於金融資產收取現金流量之權利到期或已 轉讓及本集團已轉讓所有權之絕大部分風 險及回報時,即終止確認金融資產。於終止 確認一項金融資產之全部分時,該資產賬 面值與已收及應收代價金額之差額以及已 於其他全面收益確認及於權益累計之累計 盈虧於損益賬確認。

金融負債於相關合約指定之責任獲解除、 取消或到期時終止確認。已終止確認之金 融負債之賬面值與已付或應付代價之差額 於損益賬確認。

撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件現在須承擔法定或推 定責任,而解除有關責任將導致資源流出, 並能夠可靠估算責任金額,則會確認撥備。 倘本集團預期撥備將部分或全部獲償付, 而實際肯定可獲償付,則有關償付確認為 獨立資產。撥備相關開支於損益扣除償付 金額呈列。

或然負債指因過往事件而可能引起之責 任,該等責任須視乎日後有否發生或不發 生一項或多項並非本集團所能完全控制之 事件方可確實。或然負債亦包括因過去事 件引起,惟因未必有需要流出經濟資源或 無法可靠計算該責任之數額而不予確認之 現有責任。

或然負債不會確認,惟會於綜合財務報表 附註披露。倘資源流出之可能性有變而很 可能導致資源流出,則或然負債將確認為 撥備。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes freehold and leasehold land cost, development cost, borrowing costs and other direct costs attributable to such properties until the relevant properties reach a marketable state. Net realisable value is determined by reference to management estimates of the selling price based on prevailing market conditions, less all estimated costs to completion and costs to be incurred in marketing and selling.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, bank balances and short-term time deposits.

4. **KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY**

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are set out as follows.

Estimate of fair value of investment properties

At the end of the reporting period, investment properties are stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by independent professional valuers. In determining the fair value, the valuer has based on a method of valuation which involves certain estimates. In relying on the valuation report, the management has exercised their judgment and is satisfied that the assumption used in valuation is reflective of the current market conditions.

Impairment allowances on loans and receivables other than loans and advances to consumer finance customers

In determining individual impairment allowances, the Group periodically reviews its trade receivables and term loans to assess whether impairment allowances exist. In determining whether impairment allowances should be recorded in the profit or loss, management estimates the present value of future cash flows which are expected to be received, taking into account the borrower's financial situation and the net realisable value of the underlying collateral or guarantees in favour of the Group.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

主要會計政策(續) 3.

待出售物業

待出售物業按成本與可變現淨值兩者中較 低者入賬。成本包括永久持有及租賃土地 成本、發展成本、借貸成本及其他該等物業 應佔之直接成本,直至相關物業達到可供 出售狀態。可變現淨值參考管理層根據現 行市場條件估計之售價減所有估計完成成 本以及市場推廣及銷售時產生之成本而釐 定。

存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者中較低者入 賬。成本乃採用加權平均法計算。

現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金、銀行結 餘及短期定期存款。

估計不確定因素之主要來源 4.

於報告期末,就有關日後及其他估計不明 朗因素主要來源作出的主要假設存在重大 風險,導致下個財政年度內資產及負債的 賬面值出現重大調整,於下文有所述及。

投資物業之公平價值估計

於報告期末,投資物業按獨立專業估值師 所評估的公平價值列賬。估值師決定公平 價值時乃根據包含若干估計的估值方法進 行,管理層倚賴估值報告時已作出判斷及 信納估值所用的假設乃反映市場現況。

貸款及應收款項(不包括私人財務客戶貸款 及墊款)之減值撥備

於釐定個別減值撥備時,本集團定期審核 其應收貿易賬款及有期貸款,以評估是否 存在減值撥備。於釐定是否應於損益記錄 減值撥備時,管理層在考慮借款人之財務 狀況及向本集團作出的相關抵押或擔保之 可變現淨值後,以估計預期收取未來現金 流量之現值。

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONT'D)

Impairment allowances on loans and advances to consumer finance customers

The policy for collective impairment allowances for loans and advances to consumer finance customers of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and aging analysis of accounts and on management's judgment. A considerable amount of judgment is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these loans and advances, including the current creditworthiness, and the past collection history of each loan.

Estimated impairment of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives

The Group conducts tests for impairment of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives annually in accordance with the relevant accounting standards. Determining whether the goodwill and the intangible assets are impaired requires an estimation of the fair value less cost to sell or value in use on the basis of data available to the Group. Where future cash flows are less than expected, an impairment loss may arise.

Deferred tax

Estimating the amount for recognition of deferred tax assets arising from tax losses and other deductible temporary differences requires a process that involves forecasting future years' taxable income and assessing the Group's ability to utilise tax benefits through future earnings. Where the actual future profits generated are more or less than expected, a recognition or reversal of the deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the period in which such a recognition or reversal takes place. While the current financial models indicate that the recognised tax losses can be utilised in the future, any changes in assumptions, estimates and tax regulations can affect the recoverability of this deferred tax asset.

Fair value of derivative and financial instruments

The Group selects appropriate valuation techniques for financial instruments not quoted in an active market. Note 25 provides detailed information about the key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of material financial instruments. 标合 則 務 報 表 阿 註 (*頌)* 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源(續)

私人財務客戶貸款及墊款之減值撥備

本集團私人財務客戶貸款及墊款集體減值 撥備政策以可收回性評估、賬齡分析及管 理層判斷為基礎。評估該等貸款及墊款之 最終變現能力需要進行大量判斷,包括現 時信譽及各個貸款之過往收款歷史記錄。

商譽及無固定使用年期之無形資產之估計 減值

本集團根據相關會計準則,每年對商譽及無 固定使用年期之無形資產進行減值測試。 在釐定商譽及無形資產是否減值時,要求 根據本集團可得到之資料對公平價值減出 售成本或使用價值作出估計。倘未來現金 流量低於預期,則可能產生減值虧損。

遞延税項

估計因税項虧損及其他可扣税臨時差額產 生之確認遞延税項資產金額需要經過涉及 預測未來數年之應課税收入及評估本集 團透過未來盈利利用税項利益之能力之 過程。倘產生之實際未來溢利高於或低於 預期,則可能產生遞延税項資產確認或撥 回,並將於確認或撥回發生之期間在損益 確認。倘現有財務模式顯示已確認税項虧 損可於未來動用,則任何假設、估計及税務 規例之變動可能影響該遞延税項資產之可 收回性。

衍生工具及金融工具之公平價值

本集團對於活躍市場無報價的金融工具選 用適當的估值方法。附註25載有釐定重大 金融工具公平價值之主要假設之詳情。

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

零一六年年報

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONT'D)

Recoverable amount of associates

- (i) In determining the recoverable amount of Tian An China Investments Company Limited ("TACI"), a listed associate included in note 23 (Note (i)), management used appropriate assumptions to estimate the fair value less cost of disposal based on discounted future cash flows of the associate. Where those assumptions and/or future cash flows are different from expected, impairment may arise.
- (ii) In determining the recoverable amount of APAC Resources Limited ("APAC"), a listed associate included in note 23 (Note (i)), management used the fair value less cost of disposal based on the fair value of APAC's interest in its associate plus its other assets and liabilities, and assessed if any impairment may arise.
- (iii) SHK disposed of 70% interest in its wholly-owned subsidiary Sun Hung Kai Financial Group Limited ("SHKFGL") in June 2015 and classified the remaining 30% equity interest as an associate, the Group's interest in SHKFGL is tested for impairment whenever there is an impairment indicator. Determining whether the interest in the associate is impaired requires an estimation of the fair value less cost to sell or value in use on the basis of data available to the Group. Where recoverable amount is less than expected, an impairment loss may arise.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源(續)

聯營公司之可收回金額

- (i) 在釐定於附註23(註解(i))所包括之一間上市聯營公司天安中國投資有限公司(「天安」)之可收回金額時,管理層利用恰當的假設按聯營公司之折現未來現金流對公平價值減出售成本作出估計。該等假設及/或未來現金流與預期有所出入時,減值可能產生。
- (ii) 在釐定於附註23(註解(i))所包括之一間上市聯營公司亞太資源有限公司(「亞太資源」)之可收回金額時,管理層使用按亞太資源於其聯營公司之權益的公平價值加亞太資源其他資產及負債所得之公平價值減出售成本,及評估是否可能產生減值。
- (iii) 於二零一五年六月,新鴻基出售於其 全資附屬公司新鴻基金融集團有限公 司(「新鴻基金融集團」)之70%權益, 並將餘下30%股權分類作一間聯營公 司處理,本集團於新鴻基金融集團的 權益當出現減值跡象時進行減值測 試。在釐定於聯營公司之權益是否減 值時,須根據本集團可得到之資料對 公平價值減出售成本或使用價值作出 估計。倘可收回金額低於預期,則可能 產生減值虧損。

5. **REVENUE**

Revenue represents the amounts received and receivable that are derived from the provision of consumer finance, property rental, sale of properties, hotel operations and property management services, provision of consultancy and other services, interest and dividend income, income from advisory services, income from term loan financing and elderly care services. An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

收入 5.

收入代表來自提供私人財務、物業租賃、出 售物業、酒店業務及物業管理服務、提供顧 問及其他服務、利息及股息收入、顧問服務 收入、有期貸款融資及護老服務收入已收 及應收之款項。以下為本集團年度收入之 分析:

2016

		二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Continuing operations Interest income on loans and advances to	持續經營業務 私人財務客戶貸款及墊款之		
consumer finance customers	利息收入	2,961.0	3,671.8
Interest income received from banks, term loans and others Property rental, hotel operations and	來自銀行、有期貸款及 其他來源之利息收入 物業租賃、酒店業務及	460.7	461.8
management services	管理服務	431.8	417.0
Income from advisory services and others	顧問服務及其他收入	186.7	104.5
Dividend income Elderly care services	股息收入 護老服務	35.5 26.2	45.8
, ,		4,101.9	4,700.9
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務	_	603.5
		4,101.9	5,304.4

During the year, the interest income that was derived from financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss amounted to HK\$3,421.2 million (2015: HK\$4,129.1 million).

年內,並非來自透過損益賬按公平價值處理 之金融資產所產生之利息收入為3,421.2百 萬港元(二零一五年:4,129.1百萬港元)。

2015



SEGMENTAL INFORMATION 6.

The operating business organised and managed in each segment represents a strategic business unit that offers different products and services for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance by the Executive Directors of the Company. The Group has the following reportable and operating segments:

- Investment and finance investment and provision of term loan financing.
- Consumer finance providing consumer loan finance products.
- Property development and investment development and sale of properties, property rental, provision of property management services and hotel operations managed by third parties.
- Corporate and other operations including corporate revenue and expenses, elderly care services and results of unallocated operations.

Inter-segment transactions have been entered into on terms agreed by the parties concerned.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. 分部資料

各分部所組織及管理的業務營運,乃代表 提供不同產品及服務以供本公司執行董事 分配資源及評估分部表現的策略性業務單 位。本集團之可報告及營運分部如下:

- 投資及金融一投資及提供有期貸款融 資。
- 私人財務一提供私人貸款財務產品。
- 物業發展及投資一發展及出售物業、 物業租賃、提供物業管理服務以及由 第三方管理之酒店業務。
- 企業及其他業務一包括企業收入及開 支、護老服務以及未分配業務業績。

分部間之交易乃按有關訂約各方所議定之 條款訂立。



6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(i) Segment revenue and results

Analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations is as follows:

标合 财 務 報 表 附 註 (*潭)* 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2016

6. 分部資料(續)

(i) 分部收入及業績
 本集團來自持續經營業務之收入及業
 績分析如下:

				二零一六年		
		Investment and finance 投資及金融 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Consumer finance 私人財務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Property development and investment 物業發展 及投資 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Corporate and other operations 企業及 其他業務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Segment revenue Less: inter-segment revenue	分部收入 減:分部間之收入	610.1 (6.0)	3,024.2	429.8 (17.8)	103.5 (41.9)	4,167.6 (65.7)
Segment revenue from external customers from continuing operations	來自持續經營 業務之外部客戶之 分部收入	604.1	3,024.2	412.0	61.6	4,101.9
Segment results Impairment loss on	分部業績 於聯營公司之權益之	1,266.9	730.7	611.3	(31.5)	2,577.4
interests in associates Finance costs Share of results of associates	減值虧損 融資成本 應佔聯營公司業績 應止 ヘベハコ					(142.5) (283.6) 2,900.2
Share of results of joint ventures	應佔合營公司 業績	(55.3)	-	249.2		193.9
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項					5,245.4 (164.2)
Profit for the year from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之 年度溢利					5,081.2

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綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(i) Segment revenue and results (Cont'd)

(i) 分部收入及業績(續)

6. 分部資料(續)

				2015 二零一五年		
		las sostan out		Property development	Corporate	
		Investment and finance 投資及金融 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Consumer finance 私人財務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	and investment 物業發展 及投資 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	and other operations 企業及 其他業務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Segment revenue Less: inter-segment revenue	分部收入 減:分部間之收入	581.8 (8.0)	3,706.4	411.8 (17.7)	58.8 (32.2)	4,758.8 (57.9)
Segment revenue from external customers from continuing operations	來自持續經營 業務之外部客戶之 分部收入	573.8	3,706.4	394.1	26.6	4,700.9
Segment results Reversal of impairment loss on interests in associates	分部業績 撥回於聯營公司之權益之 減值虧損	962.3	615.8	616.2	(29.3)	2,165.0
Impairment loss on interest in an associate Finance costs Share of results of associates	於一間聯營公司之權益之 減值虧損 融資成本 應佔聯營公司業績					(538.7) (239.9) 1,291.8
Share of results of joint ventures	應佔合營公司 業績	37.8	-	118.7		156.5
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項					2,851.7 (102.2)
Profit for the year from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之 年度溢利					2,749.5





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Cont'd) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(ii) Segment assets and liabilities

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. 分部資料(續)

(ii) 分部資產及負債

				2016 二零一六年		
		Investment and finance 投資及金融 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Consumer finance 私人財務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Property development and investment 物業發展 及投資 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Corporate and other operations 企業及 其他業務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Segment assets Interests in associates	分部資產 於聯營公司之權益	17,202.5	12,603.8	7,569.3	124.4	37,500.0 11,685.8
Interests in joint ventures Deferred tax assets Amounts due from associates Amounts due from joint	於合營公司之權益 遞延税項資產 聯營公司欠款 合營公司	227.1	-	2,195.0	-	2,422.1 652.5 378.4
ventures Tax recoverable	欠款 可收回税項	2.2	-	8.9	-	11.1 1.9
Total assets	資產總額					52,651.8
Segment liabilities Amounts due to associates	分部負債 欠聯營公司款項	249.9	4,897.5	78.0	19.1	5,244.5 7.3
Amounts due to joint ventures Tax payable Bank and other borrowings Notes Deferred tax liabilities		-	-	0.1	-	0.1 148.6 929.8 5,017.8 192.1
Total liabilities	負債總額					11,540.2



綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

6. 分部資料(續)

(ii) Segment assets and liabilities (Cont'd)

(ii) 分部資產及負債(續)

				2015 二零一五年		
		Investment and finance 投資及金融 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Consumer finance 私人財務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Property development and investment 物業發展 及投資 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Corporate and other operations 企業及 其他業務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Segment assets	分部資產	15,452.8	14,406.4	7,127.1	198.8	37,185.1
Interests in associates Interests in joint ventures Deferred tax assets Amounts due from associates	於聯營公司之權益 於合營公司之權益 遞延税項資產 聯營公司欠款	208.2	-	1,948.1	-	9,025.2 2,156.3 543.4 306.8
Amounts due from joint ventures Tax recoverable	合營公司 欠款 可收回税項	5.1	-	9.2	-	14.3 <u>9.6</u>
Total assets	資產總額					49,240.7
Segment liabilities Amounts due to associates	分部負債 欠聯營公司款項	316.7	6,479.8	72.0	5.8	6,874.3 5.5
Amounts due to joint ventures Tax payable Bank and other borrowings Notes Deferred tax liabilities		-	-	0.1	-	0.1 204.3 619.4 3,316.6 173.1
Total liabilities	負債總額					11,193.3



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Cont'd) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

Re

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(iii) The geographical information of revenue from continuing operations and non-current assets are disclosed as follows: 綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

- 6. 分部資料(續)
 - (iii) 來自持續經營業務所得收入及非流 動資產之地域資料披露如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
evenue from continuing operations from external customers by location of operations Hong Kong Mainland China Others	按營運地點劃分的外部客戶 來自持續經營業務 所得收入 香港 中國內地 其他	3,132.2 958.4 11.3 4,101.9	2,964.6 1,697.9 <u>38.4</u> 4,700.9

No revenue arising from transactions with a single external customer amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the year.

年內,概無來自單一外部客戶之交易 收入佔本集團收入的10%或以上。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Non-current assets of continuing operations other than financial assets and deferred tax assets by location of assets	按資產位置劃分的持續 經營業務之金融資產 及遞延税項資產以外的 非流動資產		
Hong Kong	香港	21,741.5	19,033.1
Mainland China	中國內地	514.6	593.7
Others	其他	929.2	81.8
		23,185.3	19,708.6

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Cont'd) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(iv) Other segment information

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

- 6. 分部資料(續)
 - (iv) 其他分部資料

		Investment and finance 投資及金融 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Consumer finance 私人財務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2016 二零一六年 Property development and investment 物業發展 及投資 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Corporate and other operations 企業及 其他業務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Continuing operations Included in segment results/ segment assets Depreciation and amortisation	持續經營業務 計入分部業績∕ 分部資產 折舊及 攤銷	12.7	45.4	21.5	1.5	81.1
Net impairment losses	確認(撥回)減值虧損			2110		
recognised (reversed) Net increase in fair value of		1.0	(6.1)	-	-	(5.1)
investment properties Bad and doubtful debts	價值增加淨額 呆壞賬	135.5 (34.7)	- 928.5	432.5 (0.2)	-	568.0 893.6
Capital expenditure	資本開支	18.7	17.9	17.8	0.7	55.1
				2015 二零一五年 Property		
		Investment and finance 投資及金融 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Consumer finance 私人財務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	development and investment 物業發展 及投資 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Corporate and other operations 企業及 其他業務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Continuing operations Included in segment results/ segment assets Depreciation and	持續經營業務 計入分部業績/ 分部資產 折舊及					
amortisation	攤銷 陈河 (塔回) 浅仿転拐	13.8	45.7	21.4	1.3	82.2
Net impairment losses recognised (reversed) Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investment	確認(撥回)減值虧損 淨額 投資物業之公平 價值增加(減少)	38.8	13.8	(17.0)	-	35.6
properties	淨額	38.3	(0.1)	376.8	-	415.0
Bad and doubtful debts	呆壞賬 ※本問支	107.7	1,463.3	0.5	-	1,571.5
Capital expenditure	資本開支	7.4	152.7	16.3	0.4	176.8



С N 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

7. CHANGES IN VALUES OF PROPERTIES

7. 物業價值變動

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Continuing operations Changes in values of properties comprise:	持續經營業務 物業價值變動包括:		
Net increase in fair value of investment properties* Impairment loss reversed for	投資物業之公平價值 增加淨額* 撥回酒店物業之	568.0	415.0
hotel property	減值虧損	6.1	17.0
		574.1	432.0

The reversal of impairment losses was based on the lower of cost and value in use for hotel property. The value in use was determined based on independent professional valuations at 31st December, 2016.

* The amount recognised in the current year included HK\$130.8 million representing the difference between the fair value and previous carrying amount of a property transferred from properties held for sale to investment properties at 31st December, 2016.

NET GAIN ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AND 8. LIABILITIES

The following is an analysis of the net gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

撥回之減值虧損乃基於酒店物業之成本及 使用價值兩者中之較低者計算。使用價值 乃根據二零一六年十二月三十一日之獨立 專業估值釐定。

本年度確認之金額包括於二零一六年十二月 三十一日自待出售物業轉撥至投資物業之一項 物業之公平價值與先前賬面值之差額130.8百 萬港元。

金融資產及負債收益淨額 8.

透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產及 負債收益淨額分析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
C ontinuing operations Net realised and unrealised (loss) gain on financial assets and liabilities Held for trading	持續經營業務 金融資產及負債已變現及 未變現(虧損)收益淨額 持作交易用途	(177.8)	523.7
Designated as at fair value through profit and loss	指定為透過損益賬 按公平價值處理	891.5	<u> </u>

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

9. BAD AND DOUBTFUL DEBTS

9. 呆壞賬

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Continuing operations Loans and advances to consumer finance customers	持續經營業務 私人財務客戶貸款及 墊款		
Impairment loss, net of reversal	已扣除撥回之減值虧損	876.6	1,446.9
Trade and other receivables Impairment loss, net of reversal Bad debts written off	貿易及其他應收款項 已扣除撥回之減值虧損 壞賬撇銷	17.0	113.5 11.1
		17.0	124.6
Bad and doubtful debts recognised in profit or loss	於損益賬內確認 之呆壞賬	893.6	1,571.5

The following are the amounts written off in allowance of impairment against the receivables and recoveries credited to allowance of impairment during the year: 年內,從減值撥備撤銷以對銷應收款項之 款項及計入減值撥備之收回款項如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Continuing operations Loans and advances to consumer finance customers	持續經營業務 私人財務客戶貸款及 墊款		
Amounts written off in allowance of impairment Recoveries credited to allowance of impairment	從減值撥備撤銷 之款項 計入減值撥備之 收回款項	(1,054.0) 160.2	(1,363.7) 129.5
Trade and other receivables Amounts written off in allowance of impairment	貿易及其他應收款項 從減值撥備撤銷之 款項	(72.4)	(4.4)

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10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2015: eight) Directors were as follows:

10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金

(a) 已付或應付八名(二零一五年:八名) 董事之酬金如下:

			2016 二零一六年			
		Chief Executive Lee Seng Hui 行政總裁 李成輝 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Edwin Lo King Yau 勞景祐 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Mak Pak Hung 麥伯雄 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	
EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS Directors' fee Salaries/service fees and	執行董事 董事袍金 薪金/服務費及	-	-	-	-	
other benefits Bonus payments (Note) Retirement benefits	其他福利 花紅(註解) 退休福利	10.07 36.68	2.08 5.50	2.64 1.13	14.79 43.31	
scheme contributions Sub-total	計劃供款	<u> </u>	0.10		<u> </u>	
Sud-total	小町	46.88	/.68	3.//	58.33	

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group. 上表所示執行董事之酬金主要為彼等 就本公司及本集團管理事務之服務。

			2016 二零一六年		
		Chairman Arthur			
		George Dew	Lee		
		主席 狄亞法	Su Hwei 李淑慧	Total 總額	
		K亚龙 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	子 所急 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS Directors' fee Salaries/service fees and	非執行董事 董事袍金 薪金/服務費及	0.07	-	0.07	
other benefits	其他福利	1.79	-	1.79	
Bonus payments (Note)	花紅(註解)	2.42	-	2.42	
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利 計劃供款		_		
Sub-total	小計	4.28	_	4.28	

The non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company or its subsidiaries. 上表所示非執行董事之酬金主要為彼 等作為本公司或其附屬公司董事之服 務。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2015: eight) Directors were as follows: (Cont'd)

10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金(續)

(a) 已付或應付八名(二零一五年:八名) 董事之酬金如下:(續)

		2016 二零一六年			
		Alan Stephen Jones HK\$ Million 百萬港元	David Craig Bartlett 白禮德 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lisa Yang Lai Sum 楊麗琛 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS	獨立非執行 董事				
Directors' fee Salaries/service fees and	董事袍金 薪金/服務費及	0.01	0.01	-	0.02
other benefits	其他福利	0.73	0.35	0.10	1.18
Bonus payments Retirement benefits scheme	花紅 退休福利	-	-	-	-
contributions	計劃供款		-	-	
Sub-total	小計	0.74	0.36	0.10	1.20

The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company or its subsidiaries.

上表所示獨立非執行董事之酬金主要 為彼等作為本公司或其附屬公司董事 之服務。

2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元

63.81

Total

總計

AL 聯



10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2015: eight) Directors were as follows: (Cont'd)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金(續)

2015

(a) 已付或應付八名(二零一五年:八名) 董事之酬金如下:(續)

			二零	一五年	
		Chief Executive Lee Seng Hui 行政總裁 李成輝 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Edwin Lo King Yau 勞景祐 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Mak Pak Hung 麥伯雄 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS Directors' fee Salaries/service fees and	執行董事 董事袍金 薪金/服務費及	-	-	-	-
other benefits	其他福利	10.33	2.00	2.58	14.91
Bonus payments (Note) Retirement benefits scheme	花紅(註解) 退休福利	17.80	3.07	1.05	21.92
contributions	計劃供款	0.13	0.09	_	0.22
Sub-total	小計	28.26	5.16	3.63	37.05

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group. 上表所示執行董事之酬金主要為彼等 就本公司及本集團管理事務之服務。

			2015 二零一五年	
		Chairman		
		Arthur		
		George Dew		
		主席	Lee Su Hwei	Total
		狄亞法	李淑慧	總額
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS	非執行 董事			
Directors' fee Salaries/service fees and	董事袍金 薪金/服務費及	0.07	-	0.07
other benefits	其他福利	1.76	-	1.76
Bonus payments (Note)	花紅(註解)	2.33	-	2.33
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利 計劃供款		-	
Sub-total	小計	4.16	_	4.16

The non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company or its subsidiaries. 上表所示非執行董事之酬金主要為彼 等作為本公司或其附屬公司董事之服 務。



(a)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

- 10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金(續)
- The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2015: eight) Directors were as follows: (Cont'd)

(a)	已付或應付八名(二零一五年:八名)
	董事之酬金如下:(續)

			2015 二零一五年		
		Alan Stephen Jones HK\$ Million 百萬港元	David Craig Bartlett 白禮德 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lisa Yang Lai Sum 楊麗琛 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
INDEPENDENT NON- EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS	獨立非執行 董事				
Directors' fee Salaries/service fees and	董事袍金 薪金/服務費及	0.01	0.01	-	0.02
other benefits Bonus payments	其他福利 花紅	0.72	0.34	0.10	1.16
Retirement benefits scheme 退休福利 contributions 計劃供款		-	_		
Sub-total	小計	0.73	0.35	0.10	1.18

The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company or its subsidiaries.

上表所示獨立非執行董事之酬金主要 為彼等作為本公司或其附屬公司董事 之服務。

	2015
二零	一五年
HK\$	Million
百	萬港元

42.39

Note: The amounts represented the actual discretionary bonus in respect of the preceding year approved and paid to respective directors during the year.

總計

The Company provided management services to certain listed subsidiaries and associates and charged these companies management fees. The above emoluments include all amounts paid or payable to the Company's directors by the Company or the subsidiaries during 2016. However, it should be noted that the amounts above for Mr. Lee Seng Hui and Mr. Edwin Lo King Yau include the sums of HK\$19.28 million (2015: HK\$11.30 million) and HK\$3.84 million (2015: HK\$2.58 million) respectively that have been included in the 2016 management fee charged by the Company to a listed associate, TACI, for management services performed by Mr. Lee and Mr. Lo as directors of TACI and TACI has disclosed in its 2016 annual report the HK\$19.28 million (2015: HK\$11.30 million) and HK\$3.84 million (2015: HK\$2.58 million) as part of the emoluments of Mr. Lee and Mr. Lo respectively.

The service fee of each of the independent nonexecutive directors was increased by approximately 5% with effective from 1st January, 2017 as compared with 2016.

註解: 有關款項乃年內批准及已付相關董事 去年的實際酌情花紅金額。

本公司向若干上市附屬公司及聯營公 司提供管理服務,並向該等公司收取 管理費。上述酬金包括本公司或附屬 公司於二零一六年已付或應付本公司 董事之所有款項。然而,護持生告之社 述有關李成輝先生及勞景祐先生之款 項包括金額分別為19.28百萬港元(二 零一五年:11.30百萬港元)及3.84百 萬港元(二零一五年:2.58百萬港元) 之款項,該等款項已列入本公司就李 先生及勞先生擔任一間上市聯營公司 天安之董事履行管理服務而向天安收取之二零一六年管理費內,天安已將 該19.28百萬港元(二零一五年:11.30 百萬港元)及3.84百萬港元(二零一五 年:2.58百萬港元)之款項分別作為李 先生及勞先生酬金之一部分披露於其 二零一六年年報內。

自二零一七年一月一日起,各獨立非 執行董事之服務費較二零一六年上升 約5%。

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

Total

10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Employees' emoluments

The five highest paid individuals included two (2015: one) of the Directors, details of whose emoluments are set out in 10(a) above. The combined emoluments of the remaining three (2015: four) individuals are as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金(續)

(b) 僱員酬金

五名最高薪酬之人士包括兩名(二零 一五年:一名)董事,其酬金詳情載於 上文附註10(a)。其餘三名(二零一五 年:四名)人士之酬金綜合如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Salaries and other benefits Bonus payments Retirement benefit scheme	薪金及其他福利 花紅 退休福利	18.0 52.2	20.7 70.3
contributions Incentive/commission	計劃供款 獎金/佣金	1.1	1.1 0.9
	ملك ۲۹ مالد م		0.3

The emoluments of the above employees who were not Directors of the Company, were within the following bands: 上述僱員並非本公司董事,彼等酬金 介乎以下範圍:

71.3

93.0

	Number of employees 僱員人數	
	2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
HK\$7,500,001 – HK\$8,000,000 7,500,001港元-8,000,000港元 HK\$8,500,001 – HK\$9,000,000 8,500,001港元-9,000,000港元 HK\$10,000,001 – HK\$10,500,000 10,000,001港元-10,500,000港元	- 1	1
HK\$10,000,001 – HK\$10,300,000 10,000,001 徳元 - 10,300,000 徳元 HK\$23,500,001 – HK\$24,000,000 23,500,001港元 - 24,000,000港元 HK\$27,500,001 – HK\$28,000,000 27,500,001港元 - 28,000,000港元	- 1 -	1
HK\$38,500,001 – HK\$39,000,000 38,500,001港元-39,000,000港元 HK\$47,000,001 – HK\$47,500,000 47,000,001港元-47,500,000港元	1	- 1
	3	4

10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

(c) Senior management's emoluments

Salaries and other benefits

Retirement benefit scheme

Bonus payments

contributions

Of the senior management of the Group, eight (2015: eight) were the Directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosure above. The combined emoluments of the remaining three (2015: three) individuals are as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金(續)

(c) 高級管理層酬金

本集團高級管理層中有八名(二零 一五年:八名)為本公司董事,彼等之 酬金已披露於上文。其餘三名(二零 一五年:三名)個別人士的酬金綜合如 下:

2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
5.6 2.8	5.5 2.7
0.3	0.3
8.7	8.5

The emoluments of the above senior management who were not Directors of the Company, were within the following bands:

薪金及其他福利

退休福利計劃

供款

花紅

上述高級管理層並非本公司之董事, 彼等酬金介乎以下範圍:

	Number of employees 僱員人數	
	2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
1,000,001港元-1,500,000港元 3,000,001港元-3,500,000港元 4,000,001港元-4,500,000港元	1 1 1	1 1 1
	3	3

HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$1,500,000

HK\$3,000,001 - HK\$3,500,000

HK\$4,000,001 - HK\$4,500,000

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

11. INFORMATION ABOUT MATERIAL INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which the Directors or an entity connected with the Directors had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year. For information, a tenancy agreement dated 19th November, 2015 was entered into between Mr. Lee Seng Hui as the tenant and a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company as the landlord. The rental of HK\$4.1 million (2015: HK\$3.9 million) received therefrom during the year ended 31st December, 2016 is considered insignificant in relation to the Group's business.

12. FINANCE COSTS

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

11. 關於董事於交易、安排或合約中的重大 權益的資料

於本年度終結時或於本年度內任何時間, 本公司或其任何附屬公司並無訂立董事或 與董事有關連之實體直接或間接擁有重大 權益之任何重要交易、安排或合約。以下所 述僅供參考:李成輝先生(作為承租人)與 本公司一間非全資附屬公司(作為業主)於 二零一五年十一月十九日訂立租賃協議。 於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 內,本集團收取4.1百萬港元(二零一五年: 3.9百萬港元)之租金對本集團業務而言屬 不重大。

12. 融資成本

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Continuing operations Interest on the following liabilities wholly repayable within five years: Bank borrowings Notes	持續經營業務 以下為須於五年內全數償還之 負債利息: 銀行借貸 票據	221.1 255.8	248.2 217.5
Total finance costs included in: Cost of sales and other direct costs	計入下列項目內之 融資成本總額: 銷幣本及其他直接成本	476.9	465.7 225.8
Finance costs	融資成本	283.6 476.9	239.9 465.7

All finance costs were derived from financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss for both years. 該兩個年度所有融資成本乃來自並非透過 損益賬按公平價值處理之金融負債。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

13. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Profit before taxation from continuing operations has been arrived at after charging:	來自持續經營業務之 除税前溢利 已扣除:		
Auditors' remuneration Amortisation of intangible assets Amortisation of prepaid land lease	核數師酬金 無形資產攤銷 預繳地價	7.5 1.5	10.0 1.3
payments Depreciation Expenses recognised for employee	攤銷 折舊 就新鴻基之僱員股份擁有	0.2 79.4	0.2 80.7
ownership scheme of SHK Impairment loss on amounts due from joint ventures (included in other	計劃確認之費用 合營公司欠款之 減值虧損	2.8	1.4
operating expenses) Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets (included in other	(計入其他經營費用) 可供出售金融資產之 減值虧損(計入其他	1.0	38.9
operating expenses) Impairment loss on interests in associates (included in other	經營費用) 於聯營公司之權益之 減值虧損(計入其他	-	13.8
operating expenses)* Loss on disposal of joint ventures (included in	經營費用)* 出售合營公司之虧損 (計入其他	142.5	538.7
other operating expenses) Loss on purchase of bonds issued by the Group (included in other operating expenses)	經營費用) 購買由本集團所發行之 債券之虧損 (計入其他經營費用)	14.1	- 141.5
Net loss on disposal/write-off of property, plant and equipment	(前八兵他經習貨用) 出售/撤銷物業、 廠房及設備之 虧損淨額	- 1.1	4.0
Retirement benefit scheme contributions Staff costs (including Directors' emoluments but excluding contributions to retirement benefit schemes and expenses recognised for the	退休福利計劃供款 員工成本(包括董事 酬金但不包括 退休福利計劃 供款及就新鴻基之 僱員股份擁有計劃	95.3	119.8
employee ownership scheme of SHK)	確認之費用)	888.0	902.4



13. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (CONT'D)

13. 除税前溢利(續)

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
and after crediting:	並已計入:		
Dividend income from listed equity securities Dividend income from unlisted equity	上市股本證券股息 收入 非上市股本證券股息	32.0	42.3
securities	收入	3.6	3.5
Gain on disposal of investment properties (included in other income) Net realised gain on disposal	出售投資物業之收益 (計入其他收入) 出售一間合營公司之	-	1.0
of a joint venture (included in other income) Net realised gain on disposal	已變現收益淨額 (計入其他收入) 出售一間聯營公司之	-	5.7
of an associate (included in other income) Net realised gain on disposal of	已變現收益淨額 (計入其他收入) 出售可供出售金融資產之	3.9	_
available-for-sale financial assets (included in other income) Net realised gain on disposal of	已變現收益淨額 (計入其他收入) 出售附屬公司之已變現收益	1.1	22.5
subsidiaries (included in other income) (note 41) Rental income from investment	淨額(計入其他收入) (附註41) 經營租約投資物業之	9.7	15.1
properties under operating leases, net of outgoings of HK\$25.2 million (2015: HK\$20.9 million) Reversal of impairment loss on interests	租金收入,扣除支出25.2 百萬港元 (二零一五年:20.9百萬港元) 撥回於聯營公司之	179.9	185.6
in associates (included in other income)	權益之減值虧損 (計入其他收入)		17.0

SHK disposed of 70% interest in its wholly-owned subsidiary SHKFGL in June 2015 and classified the remaining 30% equity interest as an associate. Affected by the slow recovery of Hong Kong and China stock markets in 2016 after the stock market correction in the second half of 2015, the carrying amount of the 30% equity interest in SHKFGL exceeded the recoverable amount at the reporting date that led to a further impairment loss of HK\$141.5 million (2015: HK\$538.7 million) included in the amount of impairment loss on interests in associates for the year ended 31st December, 2016. The recoverable amount was measured at fair value less cost of disposal of SHKFGL. The fair value was measured by discounted cash flow approach at the reporting date using a discount rate of 19.7% (2015: 14.6%). As part of the disposal in 2015, the Group was awarded a put right on the 30% equity interest of SHKFGL. This put right recorded a valuation gain during the year of HK\$345.0 million (2015: HK\$596.0 million) classified under net gain on financial assets and liabilities.

於二零一五年六月,新鴻基出售其全資附屬公 司新鴻基金融集團之70%權益,並將餘下30% 股權分類作一間聯營公司處理。受到香港及中 國股票市場於二零一五年下半年進行調整後 而於二零一六年復甦步伐緩慢所影響,於新鴻 基金融集團之30%脫權之賬面值高於結算日之 可收回金額,以致出現進一步減值虧損141.5 百萬港元(二零一五年:538.7百萬港元),已 計入截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度於 聯營公司之權益之減值虧損。可收回金額以新 鴻基金融集團的公平價值減出售成本計量,結 算日公平價值以貼現率19.7%(二零一五年: 14.6%)的折現現金流方法所計量。作為於二 零一五年出售事項的一部分,本集團獲授予新 鴻基金融集團的30%股權的認沽權。該認沽權 於年內錄得估值收益345.0百萬港元(二零一五 年:596.0百萬港元),歸類於金融資產及負債 收益淨額。 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Cont'd) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

14. TAXATION

14. 税項

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
The income tax charged (credited) from continuing operations comprises:	來自持續經營業務之 所得税支出(抵免)包括:		
Current tax Hong Kong People's Republic of China ("PRC")	本期税項 香港 中華人民共和國(「中國」)	202.3 83.4	178.3 214.5
Over provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	285.7 (0.8)	392.8 (1.2)
Deferred tax Current year	遞延税項 本年度	284.9 (120.7)	391.6 (289.4)
		164.2	102.2

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at the rate of 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits for both years.

PRC subsidiaries are subject to PRC Enterprise Income Tax at 25% for both years.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in the relevant jurisdictions.

香港利得税於兩個年度均按估計應課税溢 利之税率16.5%計算。

於中國之附屬公司須付中國企業所得税, 兩個年度税率均為25%。

來自其他司法地區之税項按年內估計應課 税溢利以有關司法地區內各國之現行税率 計算。



14. TAXATION (CONT'D)

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

14. 税項(續)

本年度税項與綜合損益表列示之除税前溢 利之對賬如下:

2016

		二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Profit before taxation (from continuing operations)	除税前溢利(來自持續 經營業務)	5,245.4	2,851.7
Less: Share of results of associates Share of results of joint ventures	減:應佔聯營公司業績 應佔合營公司業績	(2,900.2) (193.9)	(1,291.8) (156.5)
Profit attributable to the Company and subsidiaries	本公司及附屬公司應佔 溢利	2,151.3	1,403.4
Tax at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5%	以香港利得税税率16.5% (二零一五年:16.5%)		
(2015: 16.5%) Countries subject to different tax rates Tax effect of deductible temporary	計算之税項 面對不同税率之國家 未確認可扣税臨時差額之	354.9 (15.7)	231.5 (27.2)
differences not recognised Tax effect of expenses that are not	税項影響 不可用作扣税支出之 税項影響	0.5	0.3
deductible for tax purposes Tax effect of income that is not taxable for tax purposes	毋須課税收入之 税項影響	48.0 (229.0)	196.0 (290.7)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	未確認税務虧損之税項影響 動用之前未確認税務虧損之 税項影響	16.3 (10.0)	19.4 (21.8)
Tax effect of utilisation of deductible temporary differences previously not recognised	動用之前未確認 可扣税臨時 差額之税項影響	_	(4.1)
Over provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(0.8)	(1.2)
Taxation for the year	本年度税項	164.2	102.2

Deferred tax recognised in other comprehensive income during the year was immaterial (2015: deferred tax of HK\$5.0 million arising from the revaluation gain on properties transferred from self-owned properties to investment properties).

年內,於其他全面收益中確認之遞延税項 並不重大(二零一五年:從自用物業轉撥至 投資物業所產生的物業重估收益而引致遞 延税項5.0百萬港元)。

2015



15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

From continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing and discontinued operations attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

15. 每股盈利

來自持續及已終止經營業務

來自持續及已終止經營業務之本公司股東 應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根據以下數據 計算:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Earnings Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share (profit attributable to owners of the Company) Adjustments to profit in respect of shares held for the employee ownership scheme of a subsidiary	<u>盈利</u> 就計算每股基本盈利之盈利 (本公司股東 應佔溢利) 就一間附屬公司之僱員股份 擁有計劃持有股份對溢利 作出調整	3,263.2	2,983.2
Earnings for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	就計算每股攤薄盈利 之盈利	3,263.0	2,983.2
		Million shares 百萬股	Million shares 百萬股
<u>Number of shares</u> Weighted average number of shares in issue for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share	<u>股份數目</u> 就計算每股基本及 攤薄盈利之已發行股份 加權平均數	177.9	182.7



15. EARNINGS PER SHARE (CONT'D)

From continuing operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

15. 每股盈利(續)

來自持續經營業務

來自持續經營業務之本公司股東應佔每股 基本及攤薄盈利乃根據以下數據計算:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
per share (profit from continuing operations (注 attributable to owners of the Company) 紹 Adjustments to profit in respect of shares 就一 held for the employee ownership scheme 了	到 計算每股基本盈利之盈利 本公司股東應佔來自持續 經營業務之溢利) 一間附屬公司之僱員股份 確有計劃持有股份對溢利 乍出調整	3,263.2 (0.2)	1,659.2
0 1 1 0	計算每股攤薄盈利 之盈利	3,263.0	1,659.2
		Million shares 百萬股	Million shares 百萬股
Weighted averagenumber of shares in就計issue for the purpose of basic and攤	<u>分數目</u> 計算每股基本及 難薄盈利之已發行股份 吅權平均數	177.9	182.7

From discontinued operations

No earnings per share from discontinued operations is presented for the year as there is no discontinued operation during the year. Basic earnings per share from discontinued operations for the year ended 31st December, 2015 was HK\$7.25 per share which was calculated based on the profit attributable to owners of the Company from discontinued operations of HK\$1,324.0 million and the weighted average number of 182.7 million shares in issue during that year. Diluted earnings per share from discontinued operations for last year was the same as the basic earnings per share as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding.

來自已終止經營業務

由於年內並無已終止經營業務,故年內並 無呈列來自已終止經營業務之每股盈利。 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度, 來自已終止經營業務之每股基本盈利為每 股7.25港元,乃根據來自已終止經營業務之 本公司股東應佔溢利1,324.0百萬港元及該 年度已發行股份加權平均數182.7百萬股計 算。由於並無具潛在攤薄影響之普通股,去 年來自已終止經營業務之每股攤薄盈利與 每股基本盈利相同。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Cont'd) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

16. DIVIDEND

16. 股息

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Dividend paid and declared Interim dividend paid of HK15 cents (2015: HK15 cents) per share Second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) of HK\$1.85 per share declared subsequent to the end of the reporting period (2015: second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) of E付及已宣派股息 已付中期股息每股15港仙 (二零一五年:每股15港仙 於報告期末後宣派 第二次中期股息(代替 末期股息)每股1.85港元 (二零一五年:第二次 中期股息(代替末期股息)) 26.7	27.5
HK\$1.6 per share) 每股1.6港元)	327.1	285.2
	353.8	312.7
Dividend recognised as distribution during the year 2015 second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) of HK\$1.6 (2015: 2014 final dividend of HK\$1.5) 年內確認分派 之股息 二零一五年第二次中期股息 (代替末期股息) 每股1.6港元(二零一五 年:二零一四年末期股息		
per share每股1.5港元)2016 interim dividend of二零一六年中期股息HK15 cents每股15港仙(2015: HK15 cents)(二零一五年:per share每股11.5港山	285.2	275.0
per share 每股15港仙)	26.7 311.9	27.5 302.5

The amount of the second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) for the year ended 31st December, 2016 has been calculated by reference to 176,820,118 shares in issue at 27th March, 2017.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度第 二次中期股息(代替末期股息)之數額,乃 參照於二零一七年三月二十七日已發行之 176,820,118股股份計算。



17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. 投資物業

		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	PRC 中國 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	USA 美國 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
	○亚庫店				
Fair value At 1st January, 2015	公平價值 於二零一五年一月一日	7,023.7	154.9	_	7,178.6
Exchange adjustments	派二· 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 正 二 二 正 二 二 正 二 三 正 二 二 二 正 二 二 三 二 三		(7.7)	_	(7.7)
Transferred from properties	轉撥自待出售		()		(,
held for sale	物業	119.6	-	-	119.6
Transferred from property,	轉撥自物業、廠房及				
plant and equipment	設備	113.0	19.5	-	132.5
Additions	增加	6.5	16.9	-	23.4
Transferred to property, plant and equipment (note 18)	轉撥至物業、廠房及設備 (附註18)		(17.5)		(17.5)
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	(640.0)	(17.3)	_	(640.0)
Disposals	出售	(6.2)	_	_	(6.2)
Increase (decrease) in fair value	於損益確認之公平價值	(0.2)			(0.2)
recognised in profit or loss	增加(減少)	422.8	(7.8)	-	415.0
At 31st December,	於二零一五年				
2015	十二月三十一日	7,039.4	158.3	-	7,197.7
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	(3.0)	-	(3.0)
Transferred from properties	轉撥自待出售			105 1	105 1
held for sale	物業 轉撥自物業、廠房及	-	-	135.1	135.1
Transferred from property, plant and equipment	設備		3.7	_	3.7
Additions	增加	1.2	J./ _	_	1.2
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	-	(109.0)	_	(109.0)
Increase (decrease) in fair value	於損益確認之公平價值		(103.0)		(105.0)
recognised in profit or loss	增加(減少)	437.7	(0.5)	130.8	568.0
At 31st December,	於二零一六年	- 4-0 0	10 F	0.05.0	
2016	十二月三十一日	7,478.3	49.5	265.9	7,793.7
Unrealised gains or losses for the	年內計入損益未變現				
year included in profit or loss	收益或虧損				
For 2016	二零一六年	437.7	(0.5)	130.8	568.0
For 2015	二零一五年	219.6	(7.8)	-	211.8

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Cont'd) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

The fair value of the Group's investment properties on the date of transfer and at the reporting dates have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at these dates by Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited, Norton Appraisals Limited and Whitney & Associates, firms of independent and qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group.

For properties located in Hong Kong and PRC, the fair value was grouped under level 3 and was determined based on the investment approach, where the market rentals of all lettable units of the properties are assessed and discounted at the market yield expected by investors for this type of properties. The market rentals are assessed taking into account the current passing rents and the reversionary income potential of tenancies. For the properties which are currently vacant, the valuation was based on captilaisation of the hypothetical and reasonable market rents with a typical lease term or direct comparison approach. The discount rate is determined by reference to the yields derived from analysing the sales transactions of similar properties in Hong Kong and adjusted to take into account the market expectation from property investors to reflect factors specific to the Group's investment properties.

For property located in the United States of America ("USA"), the fair value was grouped under level 3 and was determined based on the sales comparison approach - land analysis, where the market sales of the observable transactions in neighbourhood areas are assessed and adjusted to take into account the location, size, condition and physical characteristic of this investment property.

There has been no change from the valuation technique used in the prior year. In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

The following table gives information about how the fair values of these investment properties are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

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17. 投資物業(續)

本集團投資物業於轉讓日期及於結算日之 公平價值已根據Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited、普敦國際評估有限公司及Whitney & Associates於該等日期進行之估值釐定, 該等公司均為與本集團概無關連的獨立合 資格專業估值師。

就位於香港及中國的物業而言,公平價值 乃歸納入在第三級下,並根據投資法釐定, 據此,物業的全部可出租單位的市值租金 乃作評估, 並按投資者預期此類物業之市 值回報貼現。評估市值租金時,已考慮到現 有租金及租約調整收入潛力。就目前空置 之物業而言,估值乃根據假設及合理市值 租金之市值, 連同典型租期, 或採用直接比 較法作出。貼現率乃參考香港類似物業之 銷售交易之分析之結果釐定,並已作調整, 以計入物業投資者之市場預期,反映本集 團投資物業特有之因素。

就位於美利堅合眾國(「美國」)之物業而 言,公平價值乃歸納入在第三級下,並根據 銷售比較法-土地分析釐定,據此,鄰近地 區市場上出售之可觀察交易乃作評估並考 慮該投資物業的位置、規模、條件及物理特 性作出調整。

過往年度採用的估值方法並無變動。在估 計物業公平價值時,物業的最大及最佳用 途為其當前用途。

下表提供有關根據公平價值計量的輸入數 據的可觀察程度如何釐定該等投資物業的 公平價值(特別是所用的估值方法及輸入 數據),以及公平價值計量所劃分之公平價 值等級(第一至第三級)的資料。



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表之本集團 所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入 數據與公平價值 之關係(註解)
Residential properties located in Hong Kong 位於香港之 住宅物業	Level 3 第三級	Investment Approach 投資法 The key inputs are 主要輸入數據		
		(1) Term yield 年期收益率	Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, of 1.5% to 3% (2015: 1.5% to 3%). 年期收益率為1.5%至3% (二零 一五年: 1.5%至3%),經考慮可 資比較物業之市場平均售價及市 場平均租金產生之收益率並作出 調整以反映樓宇狀況。	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value. 年期收益率越高, 公平價值越低。
		(2) Reversionary yield 復歸收益率	Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, of 2% to 3.25% (2015: 2% to 3.25%). 復歸收益率為2%至3.25% (二零 一五年: 2%至3.25%),經考慮 可資比較物業之市場平均售價及 市場平均租金產生之收益率並作 出調整以反映未來租金之相關風 險。	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value. 復歸收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表之本集團 所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入 數據與公平價值 之關係(註解)
Residential properties located in Hong Kong (Cont'd) 位於香港之		The key inputs are (Cont'd) 主要輸入數據 (續)		
住宅物業(續)		(3) Monthly term rental 每月租金	 Monthly term rental for each unit is derived from the average of the rental as stated in the existing rental agreements with an average of HK\$20 to HK\$47 (2015: HK\$20 to HK\$45)/sq. ft./ month. 各單位之每月租金按現有租約所列 之租金介乎每月每平方呎20港元 至47港元 (二零一五年:20港元 至45港元)之平均數計算得出。 	The higher the monthly term rental, the higher the fair value. 每月租金越高, 公平價值越高。
		(4) Reversionary rental 復歸租金	Reversionary rental for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the range of average reversionary rental is from HK\$19 to HK\$53 (2015: HK\$19 to HK\$54)/sq.ft./month. 各單位之復歸租金與直接市場可資 比較租金相比,並經考慮物業地 點及其他個別因素,平均復歸租 金之範圍介乎每月每平方呎19港 元至53港元 (二零一五年:19港 元至54港元)。	The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value. 復歸租金越高, 公平價值越高。





截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

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17. 投資物業(續)
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Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表之本集團 所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入 數據與公平價值 之關係(註解)
Car parking spaces located in Hong Kong 位於香港之車位	Level 3 第三級	Investment Approach 投資法 The key inputs are 主要輸入數據		
		(1) Reversionary yield 復歸收益率	Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental of 5.5% (2015: 6%). 復歸收益率為5.5% (二零一五年: 6%),經考慮可資比較物業之市 場平均售價及市場平均租金產生 之收益率並作出調整以反映未來 租金之相關風險。	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value. 復歸收益率越高, 公平價值越低。
		(2) Reversionary rental 復歸租金	Reversionary rental for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the average reversionary rental is HK\$2,200 (2015: HK\$1,860)/unit/month. 各單位之復歸租金與直接市場可資 比較租金相比,並經考慮物業地 點及其他個別因素,平均復歸租 金為每月每單位2,200港元(二 零一五年:1,860港元)。	The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value. 復歸租金越高, 公平價值越高。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表之本集團 所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入 數據與公平價值 之關係(註解)
Commercial properties located in Hong Kong 位於香港之 商業物業	Level 3 第三級	Investment Approach 投資法 The key inputs are 主要輸入數據		
		(1) Term yield 年期收益率	 Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, of 2.00% to 4.25% (2015: 2.25% to 4.25%). 年期收益率為2.00%至4.25% (二 零一五年: 2.25%至4.25%),經 考慮可資比較物業之市場平均售 價及市場平均租金產生之收益率 並作出調整以反映樓宇狀況。 	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value. 年期收益率越高, 公平價值越低。
		(2) Reversionary yield 復歸收益率	Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, of 2.50% to 4.75% (2015: 2.75% to 4.75%). 復歸收益率為2.50%至4.75% (二 零一五年:2.75%至4.75%),經 考慮可資比較物業之市場平均售 價及市場平均租金產生之收益率 並作出調整以反映未來租金之相 關風險。	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value. 復歸收益率越高, 公平價值越低。



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表之本集團 所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入 數據與公平價值 之關係(註解)
Commercial properties located in Hong Kong (Cont'd) 位於香港之 商業物業 (續)		The key inputs are (Cont'd) 主要輸入數據 (續)		
问 木 忉 木 (減)		(3) Monthly term rental 每月租金	 Monthly term rental for each unit is derived from the average of the rental as stated in the existing rental agreements with an average of HK\$29 to HK\$66 (2015: HK\$31 to HK\$64)/sq. ft./ month. 各單位之每月租金按現有租約所列 之租金介乎每月每平方呎29港元 至66港元 (二零一五年:31港元 至64港元)之平均數計算得出。 	The higher the monthly term rental, the higher the fair value. 每月租金越高,公 平價值越高。
		(4) Reversionary rental 復歸租金	Reversionary rental for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the range of average reversionary rental is from HK\$34 to HK\$71 (2015: HK\$32 to HK\$71)/sq.ft./month. 各單位之復歸租金與直接市場可資 比較租金相比,並經考慮物業地 點及其他個別因素,平均復歸租 金之範圍介乎每月每平方呎34港 元至71港元 (二零一五年:32港 元至71港元)。	The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value. 復歸租金越高,公 平價值越高。

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截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表之本集團 所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入 數據與公平價值 之關係(註解)
Godown located in Hong Kong 位於香港之貨倉	Level 3 第三級	Investment Approach 投資法 The key inputs are		
		主要輸入數據 (1) Term yield 年期收益率	 Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, of 3.25% (2015: 3.25%). 年期收益率為3.25% (二零一五 年: 3.25%),經考慮可資比較物 業之市場平均售價及市場平均租 金產生之收益率並作出調整以反 映樓宇狀況。 	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value. 年期收益率越高, 公平價值越低。
		(2) Reversionary yield 復歸收益率	Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, of 3.75% (2015: 3.75%). 復歸收益率為3.75% (二零一五 年: 3.75%),經考慮可資比較物 業之市場平均售價及市場平均租 金產生之收益率並作出調整以反 映未來租金之相關風險。	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value. 復歸收益率越高, 公平價值越低。


截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表之本集團 所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入 數據與公平價值 之關係(註解)
Godown located in Hong Kong (Cont'd) 位於香港之貨倉 (續)		The key inputs are (Cont'd) 主要輸入數據 (續)		
		(3) Monthly term rental 每月租金	Monthly term rental for each unit is derived from the average of the rental as stated in the existing rental agreements with an average of HK\$7 (2015: HK\$7)/ sq. ft/month. 各單位之每月租金按現有租約所 列之平均租金每月每平方呎7港 元 (二零一五年:7港元)計算得 出。	The higher the monthly term rental, the higher the fair value. 每月租金越高,公 平價值越高。
		(4) Reversionary rental 復歸租金	Reversionary rental for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the average reversionary rental is HK\$6.5 (2015: HK\$6.1)/sq.ft./month. 各單位之復歸租金與直接市場可資 比較租金相比,並經考慮物業地 點及其他個別因素,平均復歸租 金之每月每平方呎為6.5港元(二 零一五年:6.1港元)。	The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value. 復歸租金越高,公 平價值越高。

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截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表之本集團 所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入 數據與公平價值 之關係(註解)
Commercial properties located in PRC 位於中國之 商業物業	Level 3 第三級	Investment Approach 投資法 The key inputs are		
		主要輸入數據 (1) Term yield 年期收益率	 Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, of 6% (2015: 4.75% to 6%). 年期收益率為6% (二零一五年: 4.75%至6%),經考慮可資比較 物業之市場平均售價及市場平均 租金產生之收益率並作出調整以 反映樓宇狀況。 	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value. 年期收益率越高, 公平價值越低。
		(2) Reversionary yield 復歸收益率	Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, of 6.75% (2015: 5.25% to 6.75%). 復歸收益率為6.75% (二零一五 年: 5.25%至6.75%),經考慮可 資比較物業之市場平均售價及市 場平均租金產生之收益率並作出 調整以反映未來租金之相關風 險。	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value. 復歸收益率越高, 公平價值越低。



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17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表之本集團 所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入 數據與公平價值 之關係(註解)
Commercial properties located in PRC (Cont'd) 位於中國之 商業物業(續)		The key inputs are (Cont'd) 主要輸入數據 (續)		
尚未彻未 (旗)		(3) Monthly term rental 每月租金	 Monthly term rental for each unit is derived from the average of the rental as stated in the existing rental agreements with an average of RMB86 (2015: RMB86 to RMB225)/sq. m./ month. 各單位之每月租金按現有租約所列 之租金每月每平方米人民幣86元 (二零一五年:人民幣86元至人 民幣225元)之平均數計算得出。 	The higher the monthly term rental, the higher the fair value. 每月租金越高,公 平價值越高。
		(4) Reversionary rental 復歸租金	Reversionary rental for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the average reversionary rental is RMB98 (2015: RMB94 to RMB210)/ sq.m./month. 各單位之復歸租金與直接市場可資 比較租金相比,並經考慮物業地 點及其他個別因素,平均復歸租 金之每月每平方米為人民幣98元 (二零一五年:人民幣94元至人 民幣210元)。	The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value. 復歸租金越高,公 平價值越高。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表之本集團 所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入 數據與公平價值 之關係(註解)
Industrial properties located in PRC 位於中國之 工業物業	; Level 3 第三級	Investment Approach 投資法 The key inputs are 主要輸入數據		
		(1) Term yield 年期收益率	 Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, of 4.25% to 6.75% (2015: 4.25% to 6.75%). 年期收益率為4.25%至6.75% (二 零一五年: 4.25%至6.75%),經 考慮可資比較物業之市場平均售 價及市場平均租金產生之收益率 並作出調整以反映樓宇狀況。 	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value. 年期收益率越高, 公平價值越低。
		(2) Reversionary yield 復歸收益率	Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, of 4.75% to 6% (2015: 4.75% to 6%). 復歸收益率為4.75%至6% (二零 一五年: 4.75%至6%),經考慮 可資比較物業之市場平均售價及 市場平均租金產生之收益率並作 出調整以反映未來租金之相關風 險。	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value. 復歸收益率越高, 公平價值越低。



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表之本集團 所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入 數據與公平價值 之關係(註解)
Industrial properties located in PRC (Cont'd) 位於中國之 工業物業 (續)	;	The key inputs are (Cont'd) 主要輸入數據 (續)		
		(3) Monthly term rental 毎月租金	Monthly term rental for each unit is derived from the average of the rental. The properties are vacant in both years. 各單位之每月租金為平均租金。該 等物業於該兩個年度內均為空 置。	The higher the monthly term rental, the higher the fair value. 每月租金越高,公 平價值越高。
		(4) Reversionary rental 復歸租金	Reversionary rental for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the range of average reversionary rental is from RMB27 to RMB43.5 (2015: RMB27 to RMB45)/sq.m./month. 各單位之復歸租金與直接市場可 資比較租金相比,並經考慮物業 地點及其他個別因素,平均復歸 租金之範圍介乎每月每平方米人 民幣27元至人民幣43.5元(二零 一五年:人民幣27元至人民幣45 元)。	The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value. 復歸租金越高,公 平價值越高。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表之本集團 所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公平價值 等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant ι 重大不可觀	unobservable input(s) 察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入 數據與公平價值 之關係(註解)
Freehold land located in the USA 位於美國之 永久業權土地	Level 3 第三級	Sales Comparison Approach – Land Analysis, based on market observable transactions of similar pieces of land and adjusts to reflect the location, size, conditions and physical characteristic of the freehold land. 銷售比較法 – 土地分析,以相 似土地之市場 可觀察交易為 基礎並作出 調整以反映 永久業權土地的 位置、規模、 條件及物理 特性。	market ob a piece of 較市場一塊 /英畝折	bunt is applied to the oservable price/acre of f similar land. 相似土地之可觀察價格 讓30%。	The higher the discount, the lower the fair value. 折讓越高,公平價 值越低。
million (2015: I any slight chang	HK\$85.0 million e in the unobse	with carrying value of n), there is no indicat ervable input would re- ilue measurement.	tion that		投資物業外,概無跡象顯示 該的任何較微變動將導致公
There were no trar years.	nsfers into or	out of level 3 durir	ng both	兩年內,並無轉入或	轉出第三級。
investment propert	ies pledged a porrowings a	riod, the carrying v as security of the C amounted to HK\$6 ion).	Group's	於報告期末,本集團 抵押之投資物業之賬 元(二零一五年:6,08	面值為6,761.6百萬港
		nent properties and loans and general b		本集團就貸款及一般 資物業及其他資產之	銀行信貸而抵押之投 詳情載於附註45。

facilities are set out in note 45.

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

18. 物業、廠房及設備

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

Cot 病本 R A1 Is Invare, 2015 氏二子工作=月二日 608.5 562.6 185.6 357.1 67.0 1,800.6 Change adjustments 市場 74.3 40.1 36.3 6.5 157.2 Inservered from investment properties 1 1 17.5 - - 7.2 Inservered from investment properties 1 1 1 1.65.3 1.3.1 1.00.0 4.7 1.22.0 Disposal of subsidiaries 1 7.2 - - - 7.2.2 1.00.0 4.7 1.02.0 1			Hotel property 酒店物業 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Leasehold land and buildings 租賃土地及 樓宇 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Leasehold improve- ments 租賃樓字裝修 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俱、 裝置及設備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Motor vehicles and vessels 汽車及汽船 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Air 15 Aurany, 2015 第二字一五年一月一日 608.5 562.6 185.6 357.1 87.0 1,800.8 Exchange adjustments 第2副業 - 15.1 66.5 13.5 - 25.1 Transferred for investment properties 1 1 36.3 6.5 157.2 Disposal of substances 1 1 77.3 40.1 36.6 63.7 17.2 Disposal of substances 1 1 1 77.7 10.0.0 (47.7) (22.4) Disposal of substances 第二案一五年十二月三十一日 608.5 617.3 170.2 214.5 85.7 1.696.2 At 31st December, 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 608.5 617.3 170.2 214.5 85.7 1.696.2 Transferred for investment properties 増振振振 2 - - 7.7 10.0.0 (4.7) (22.4) At 31 st December, 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 608.5 591.8 192.7 233.7 100.5 1.727.2 Actions 世界振振及3 - - 0.11 0.6.0 - 0.0.7 Disposal of subsidiance <	Cost	成木						
Tarsferred from investment properties (note 17) 弊習且投資資業 (別217) - 17.5 - - - 17.5 Tarsferred to investment properties Disposal of subsidiaries Exchange adjustments 第餐至投貨物業 - - - - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.0 17.6 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 - - - 17.5 -<	At 1st January, 2015 Exchange adjustments	於二零一五年一月一日 匯兑調整	608.5 -	(15.1)	(6.5)	(3.5)	-	(25.1)
Tansferred to investment properties 構想 至投資物業 - - - - - - - - 22.0 - - - - 22.0 - <t< td=""><td></td><td>轉撥自投資物業</td><td>-</td><td>/4.3</td><td>40.1</td><td>36.3</td><td>6.5</td><td>157.2</td></t<>		轉撥自投資物業	-	/4.3	40.1	36.3	6.5	157.2
Disposal/write-off 出售房屋公司 - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>			-		-	-	-	
At 31st December, 2015 Exchange adjustments 使二零一五年十二月三十一日 展気調整 608.5 617.3 170.2 214.5 85.7 1,696.2 Additions 増加 - - 5.6 25.2 16.6 47.4 Acquisition of subsidiaries 位期限局公司 - - 5.6 25.2 16.6 47.4 Instremed to investment properties 簡整投資物業 - - 0.3.9 - - - 10.9 Disposal/write-off 出售/繼銷 - - (0.1) 0.6.6 - (0.7) Disposal/write-off 出售/繼銷 - - (1.1) (8.8) (1.7) (11.6) At 31st December, 2016 於二零-六年十二月三十一日 608.5 591.8 192.7 233.7 100.5 1,727.2 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Exchange adjustments 概算整要算 - - (1.1) (8.8) (1.6) 0.1 6.0 16.3 30.7 29.6 7.5 91.0 Transferred to investment properties 欄影 整 投資物算 - -			-	. ,				. ,
Exchange adjustments 麗見調整 - (21.6) (9.5) (4.9) (0.1) (36.1) Additions #m - - 5.6 25.2 16.6 47.4 Acquisition of subsidiaries 軟螺根層及同 - - 5.6 25.2 16.6 47.4 Acquisition of subsidiaries 世常服を投き換素 - (3.9) - - - 35.9 Disposal of subsidiaries 世常服を投き換素 - (3.9) - - - (0.1) 0.6 - 0.9 Disposal of subsidiaries 世常 # - - (1.1) (8.8) (1.7) (1.6) At 31st December, 2016 校二零一六年十二月三十一日 274.7 48.2 113.0 230.0 37.0 702.9 Provided for the year # - (0.9) 3.8 (1.6) 0.1 (6.2) Inpairment tos reversed 期間 成 在 指 (17.0) - - - (10.2) Inpairment tos reversed 期間 成 在 指	Disposals/write-off	出售/撤銷		-	(7.7)	(10.0)	(4.7)	(22.4)
Additions 増加 - - - 5.6 25.2 16.6 47.4 Acquisition of subsidiaries 投票用服公司 - - - 27.6 8.3 - 35.9 Disposal of subsidiaries 出售用服公司 - - - - - 3.9 - - - - 3.9 - - - 3.9 - - - 3.9 - - - 3.9 - - - 3.9 - - - 3.9 - - - 3.9 - - - 3.9 - - - 3.9 - - - 3.9 - - - 3.9 - - - 0.7 <t< td=""><td>At 31st December, 2015</td><td>於二零一五年十二月三十一日</td><td>608.5</td><td>617.3</td><td>170.2</td><td>214.5</td><td>85.7</td><td>1,696.2</td></t<>	At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	608.5	617.3	170.2	214.5	85.7	1,696.2
Acquisition of subsidiaries $\psi_{BFR} B_{C} \exists$ - - 27.6 8.3 - 35.9 Transferred to investment properties $\# B^{L} 2 \Delta^{T}_{D} \psi_{R}^{*}$ - 0.10 0.66 - - 0.7 Disposal of Subsidiaries $\mu B^{T} B_{L} \Delta^{T}_{D}$ - - - - 0.7 Disposal of Subsidiaries $\mu B^{T} B_{L} \Delta^{T}_{D}$ - - 0.10 0.66 - - 0.7 At 31st December, 2016 $\mathcal{K} = \mathcal{R} - \pi E + \Box P_{-} - \Box P_{-}$ $E^{T} \mathcal{R} = \mathcal{R} - \pi E - P_{-} - \Box P_{-}$ 274.7 48.2 113.0 230.0 37.0 702.9 Exchange adjustments $B^{T}_{L} B^{T}_{L} B^{$	Exchange adjustments		-	(21.6)	. ,			(36.1)
Transferred to investment properties ###2£\dots and subsidiaries $ -$			_					
Disposals/write-off 出售/繼銷 - - (1.1) (8.8) (1.7) (11.6) At 31st December, 2016 $\& = = + + = = = = = = = = = = = = = = $			_		- 27.0		_	
At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 608.5 591.8 192.7 233.7 100.5 1,727.2 Accumulated depreciation and impairment It 1st january, 2015 累計新舊及減值 於二零一五年一月一日 274.7 48.2 113.0 230.0 37.0 702.9 Exchange adjustments 廣之調整 - 0.9 (3.8) (1.6) 0.1 (6.2) Transferred to investment properties 博鳌在投資物素 - (10.2) - - - (10.2) Impairment loss reversed 期目調通信範指 (17.0) - - - (10.2) Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries 於出售別攤燈云目前動音 - - (33.1) (144.9) (1.8) (17.9) At 31st December, 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 264.6 53.4 101.9 104.6 38.7 563.2 Exchange adjustments 厘克適整 - 0.2) - - - 34.9 At 31st December, 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 264.6 53.4 101.9 104.6 38.7 563.2 Einminated			-	-				
Accumulated depreciation and impairment At 1st January, 2015 累計折舊及減值 於二零一五年一月一日 274.7 48.2 113.0 230.0 37.0 702.9 Exchange adjustments 歴見測整 - (0.9) (3.8) (1.6) 0.1 (6.2) Provided for the year 本年度撥備 6.9 16.3 30.7 29.6 7.5 91.0 Impairment loss reversed 撥回減值虧損 (17.0) - - - (10.2) Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries 於出售閉腦差目時勤銷 - (13.1) (14.4.9) (18.5) (4.1) (17.5) At 31st December, 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 264.6 53.4 101.9 104.6 38.7 563.2 Exchange adjustments 歴見測整 - (1.8) (6.5) (2.7) (0.1) (1.1) Provided for the year 本年度發備 7.2 16.1 24.9 22.4 8.8 79.4 At 31st December, 2015 岐二零一五年十二月三十一日 264.6 53.4 101.9 104.6 38.7 563.2 Impairment loss rever	Disposals/write-off	出售/ 撇銷		-	(1.1)	(8.8)	(1./)	(11.6)
At 1st January, 2015 $\& \Box = -\Delta = -\Delta = -\Delta = -\Delta = -\Delta =\Delta =$	At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	608.5	591.8	192.7	233.7	100.5	1,727.2
At 1st January, 2015 $\& \Box = -\Delta = -\Delta = -\Delta = -\Delta = -\Delta =\Delta =$	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值						
Provided for the year $\pm 4 \mp g \overline{g} \overline{g} \overline{d} = \frac{4}{3}$ 6.9 16.3 30.7 29.6 7.5 91.0 Transferred to investment properties impairment loss reversed impairment loss reversed impairment loss reversed impairment loss reversed $ -$ <td>At 1st January, 2015</td> <td>於二零一五年一月一日</td> <td>274.7</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	At 1st January, 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	274.7					
Transferred to investment properties Impairment loss reversed Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries Eliminated on disposals/write-off 轉撥至投資物業 描目減值虧損 (17.0) - - - - (10.2) At 31st December, 2015 Exchange adjustments Provided for the year Acquisition of subsidiaries Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries Eliminated on disposals/write-off N =			- 69		. ,	· · · ·		
Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries 於出售附屬公司時對銷 - - (33.1) (144.9) (1.8) (179.8) At 31st December, 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 264.6 53.4 101.9 104.6 38.7 563.2 Exchange adjustments 匪兑調整 - (1.8) (6.5) (2.7) (0.1) (11.1) Provided for the year 本年度撥備 7.2 16.1 24.9 22.4 8.8 79.4 Acquisition of subsidiaries 收購附屬公司 - - 0.2) - - - (0.2) Impairment loss reversed 機開觸公司時對銷 - - (0.1) - - - (0.2) - - - (0.2) - - - (0.2) - - - (0.2) - - - (0.2) - - - (0.1) 0.5) - (0.6) Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries 校出售附屬公司時對銷 - - - (0.1) (0.5) - (0.6) Eliminated on disposals/write-off 校二售小膨陽公司時對銷 - - -			-					
Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撤銷時對銷 - - (4.9) (8.5) (4.1) (17.5) At 31st December, 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 264.6 53.4 101.9 104.6 38.7 563.2 Exchange adjustments 匪兑調整 - (1.8) (6.5) (2.7) (0.1) (11.1) Provided for the year 本年度撥備 7.2 16.1 24.9 22.4 8.8 79.4 Acquisition of subsidiaries 收購附屬公司 - - 0.2) - - 34.9 Transferred to investment properties 轉撥至投資物業 - (0.2) - - - (0.2) Impairment loss reversed 撥回減值虧損 (6.1) - - - (0.1) (0.5) - (0.6) Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售附屬公司時對銷 - - (1.1) (7.5) (1.6) (10.2) At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 265.7 67.5 146.5 123.8 45.8 649.3 Carrying amounts 擬雪値 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 342.8 524.3 46.2 109.9			(17.0)	-				
At 31st December, 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 264.6 53.4 101.9 104.6 38.7 563.2 Exchange adjustments 匪兑調整 - (1.8) (6.5) (2.7) (0.1) (11.1) Provided for the year 本年度撥備 7.2 16.1 24.9 22.4 8.8 79.4 Acquisition of subsidiaries 收購附屬公司 - - 27.4 7.5 - 34.9 Transferred to investment properties 轉擢至投資物業 - (0.2) - - - (0.2) Impairment loss reversed 撥回減值虧損 (6.1) - - - (0.1) (0.5) - (0.6) Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries 於出售「腳屬公司時對銷 - - (0.1) (0.5) - (0.6) Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售「撇銷時對銷 - - (1.1) (7.5) (1.6) (10.2) At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 265.7 67.5 146.5 123.8 45.8 649.3 Carrying amounts 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 342.8 524.3 46.2 109.9 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>· · · ·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			-	-	· · · ·			
Exchange adjustments 匯兑調整 - (1.8) (6.5) (2.7) (0.1) (11.1) Provided for the year 本年度撥備 7.2 16.1 24.9 22.4 8.8 79.4 Acquisition of subsidiaries 收購附屬公司 - - 27.4 7.5 - 34.9 Transferred to investment properties 轉撥至投資物業 - (0.2) - - - (0.2) Impairment loss reversed 撥回減值虧損 (6.1) - - - (0.1) (0.5) - (0.2) Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries 於出售附屬公司時對銷 - - (0.1) (0.5) - (0.6) Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撤銷時對銷 - - (1.1) (7.5) (1.6) (10.2) At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 265.7 67.5 146.5 123.8 45.8 649.3 Carrying amounts 撥面值 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 342.8 524.3 46.2 109.9 54.7 1,077.9	1					. ,		
Provided for the year 本年度撥備 7.2 16.1 24.9 22.4 8.8 79.4 Acquisition of subsidiaries 收購附屬公司 - - 27.4 7.5 - 34.9 Transferred to investment properties 轉撥至投資物業 - (0.2) - - - (0.2) Impairment loss reversed 撥回減值虧損 (6.1) - - - (0.1) Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries 於出售附屬公司時對銷 - - (0.1) (0.5) - (0.6) Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries 於出售戶漸銷時對銷 - - (1.1) (7.5) (1.6) (10.2) At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 265.7 67.5 146.5 123.8 45.8 649.3 Carrying amounts 擬面值 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 342.8 524.3 46.2 109.9 54.7 1,077.9			264.6					
Acquisition of subsidiaries 收購附屬公司 - - 27.4 7.5 - 34.9 Transferred to investment properties 轉撥至投資物業 - (0.2) - - - (0.2) Impairment loss reversed 撥回減值虧損 (6.1) - - - (0.2) Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries 於出售附屬公司時對銷 - - (0.1) (0.5) - (0.6) Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries 於出售/撇銷時對銷 - - (0.1) (0.5) - (0.6) At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 265.7 67.5 146.5 123.8 45.8 649.3 Carrying amounts 擬面值 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 342.8 524.3 46.2 109.9 54.7 1,077.9			7.2		. ,	· · · ·	()	()
Impairment loss reversed 撥回減值虧損 (6.1) - - - - - (6.1) Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries 於出售附屬公司時對銷 - - (0.1) (0.5) - (0.6) Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撤銷時對銷 - - (1.1) (7.5) (1.6) (10.2) At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 265.7 67.5 146.5 123.8 45.8 649.3 Carrying amounts 賬面值 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 342.8 524.3 46.2 109.9 54.7 1,077.9	Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	-	-				
Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries 於出售附屬公司時對銷 - - (0.1) (0.5) - (0.6) Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撇銷時對銷 - - (1.1) (7.5) (1.6) (10.2) At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 265.7 67.5 146.5 123.8 45.8 649.3 Carrying amounts 賬面值 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 342.8 524.3 46.2 109.9 54.7 1,077.9				. ,	-	-	-	
Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撤銷時對銷 - - (1.1) (7.5) (1.6) (10.2) At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 265.7 67.5 146.5 123.8 45.8 649.3 Carrying amounts At 31st December, 2016 腺面值 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 342.8 524.3 46.2 109.9 54.7 1,077.9			(6.1)		- (0.1)	(0.5)	_	
Carrying amounts 賬面值 At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 342.8 524.3 46.2 109.9 54.7 1,077.9				-				
At 31st December, 2016 放二零一六年十二月三十一日 342.8 524.3 46.2 109.9 54.7 1,077.9	At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	265.7	67.5	146.5	123.8	45.8	649.3
At 31st December, 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 343.9 563.9 68.3 109.9 47.0 1,133.0			342.8	524.3	46.2	109.9	54.7	1,077.9
	At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	343.9	563.9	68.3	109.9	47.0	1,133.0

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

The carrying amounts of hotel property and leasehold land and buildings shown above comprise:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

上述酒店物業及租賃土地及樓宇之賬面值 包括:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Properties in Hong Kong Properties outside Hong Kong	於香港之物業 香港境外之物業	583.0 284.1	590.9 316.9
		867.1	907.8

At the end of reporting period, leasehold land and buildings with carrying value of HK\$21.7 million (2015: HK\$22.2 million) were pledged as security of the Group's bank and other borrowings.

19. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

The Group's prepaid land lease payments comprise:

於報告期末,本集團就銀行及其他借貸抵押 賬面值為21.7百萬港元(二零一五年:22.2 百萬港元)之租賃土地及樓宇。

19. 預繳地價

本集團之預繳地價包括:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Leasehold land outside Hong Kong	香港境外之租賃土地	4.3	4.7
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current assets Current assets	為呈報目的所作之分析: 非流動資產 流動資產	4.2 0.1	4.6 0.1
		4.3	4.7

20. GOODWILL

20. 商譽

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Cost At 1st January Acquisition of subsidiaries Released on disposal of a subsidiary	成本 於一月一日 收購附屬公司 出售一間附屬公司時撥回	124.3 9.8 	125.6 (1.3)
At 31st December	於十二月三十一日	134.1	124.3



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

21. 無形資產

21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		Compute 電腦 Acquired 購入 HK\$ Million 百萬港元		Exchange participation rights 交易所 參與權 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Club memberships 會所會籍 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Cost At 1st January, 2015 Exchange adjustments Additions Disposal of subsidiaries	成本 於二零一五年一月一日 匯兑調整 増加 出售附屬公司	140.0 (0.4) 1.4 (128.2)	101.9 - 6.6 (108.5)	2.3 (2.3)	11.2 - (2.8)	255.4 (0.4) 8.0 (241.8)
At 31st December, 2015 Exchange adjustments Additions	於二零一五年十二月三十一日 匯兑調整 增加	12.8 (1.0) 5.5	- - -	- -	8.4 _ 1.0	21.2 (1.0) 6.5
At 31st December, 2016 Accumulated amortisation and impairment	於二零一六年十二月三十一日 累計攤銷及 減值		-	-	9.4	26.7
At 1st January, 2015 Amortisation charged for the year Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries	於二零一五年一月一日 本年度已扣除之攤銷 出售附屬公司時對銷	99.0 4.1 (101.5)	43.7 7.8 (51.5)	1.0 - (1.0)	1.1 - (0.2)	144.8 11.9 (154.2)
At 31st December, 2015 Amortisation charged for the year	於二零一五年十二月三十一日 本年度已扣除之攤銷	1.6 1.5	-	-	0.9	2.5 1.5
At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	3.1	-		0.9	4.0
Carrying amounts At 31st December, 2016	賬面值 於二零一六年十二月三十一日	14.2	-	-	8.5	22.7
At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	11.2	_	-	7.5	18.7

Other than the club memberships and exchange participation rights, which have indefinite useful lives, the intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the following periods:

除會所會籍及交易所參與權無固定使用年 期外,無形資產於下列期間按直線法攤銷:

Acquired computer software	3 – 5 years	購入電腦軟件	3至5年
Internally developed computer software	5 – 10 years	內部開發電腦軟件	5至10年



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

22. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL

For impairment testing, goodwill at 31st December, 2016 were allocated to the following cash generating units.

22. 商譽之減值測試

為進行減值測試,於二零一六年十二月三十一 日之商譽乃分配至以下現金產生單位。

		Goodwill 商譽	
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	
Consumer finance segment United Asia Finance Limited	私人財務分部 亞洲聯合財務有限公司		
("UAF") SHK Finance Limited	(「亞洲聯合財務」) 新鴻基財務有限公司	5.9 2.7	5.9 2.7
		0.(0.(
		8.6	8.6
Investment and finance segment SHK SHK Hong Kong Industries Limited	投資及金融分部 新鴻基 新工投資有限公司	104.9 9.6	104.9 9.6
Yu Ming Investment Management Limited	禹銘投資管理有限 公司	1.2	1.2
		115.7	115.7
Corporate and other operations segment Cautious Base Limited	企業及其他營運分部 Cautious Base Limited		
("Cautious Base")	([Cautious Base])	9.8	
		134.1	124.3

The recoverable amounts of UAF and SHK Finance Limited under the consumer finance segment, SHK, SHK Hong Kong Industries Limited and Yu Ming Investment Management Limited under the investment and finance segment have been determined based on a value-in-use calculation. The calculation uses cash flow projection based on respective financial budgets approved by respective management covering a 1-year period at a discount rate of 11.0% (2015: 11.0%). The recoverable amounts of UAF, SHK Finance Limited, SHK, SHK Hong Kong Industries Limited and Yu Ming Investment Management Limited were determined to be in excess of its net carrying amounts.

The recoverable amount of Cautious Base under the corporate and other operations segment has been determined based on a value-in-use calculation. The calculation uses cash flow projection based on respective financial budgets approved by Cautious Base management covering a 5-year period at a discount rate of 3%. The recoverable amount was determined to be in excess of its net carrying amount.

Management believes that possible changes in any of the above assumptions would not cause the carrying amounts to exceed their recoverable amounts.

於私人財務分部的亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基 財務有限公司與於投資及金融分部的新鴻 基,新工投資有限公司及禹銘投資管理有限 公司的可收回金額均根據使用價值釐定。該計算方法使用以各管理層批准的一年期 財政預算按折現率11.0% (二零一五年: 11.0%)折讓為基準的現金流量預測。亞洲 聯合財務、新鴻基財務有限公司、新鴻基、新工投資有限公司及禹銘投資管理有限公 司的可收回金額經確定為超過其各自之賬 面淨值。

於企業及其他業務分部的Cautious Base的可收回金額乃根據使用價值釐定。該計算 方法使用以Cautious Base管理層批准的五 年期財政預算按折現率3%折讓為基準的現 金流量預測。可收回金額經確定為超過其 賬面淨值。

管理層相信,上述任何假設可能出現的改 變不會使賬面值超出可收回金額。



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

23. 於聯營公司之權益

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Listed securities (Note (i)) Unlisted shares (Note (ii))	上市證券(註解(i)) 非上市股份(註解(ii))	10,589.2 1,096.6	7,788.5 1,236.7
		11,685.8	9,025.2
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Note (i): Listed securities Cost of investment Share of post-acquisition reserves Less: impairment	註解(i): 上市證券 投資成本 應佔收購後儲備 減:減值	3,987.6 6,641.3 (9.8)	3,441.2 4,376.8 (8.8)
Elimination of unrealised profit	撤銷未變現溢利	10,619.1 (29.9)	7,809.2 (20.7)
		10,589.2	7,788.5
Fair value of listed securities, at quoted price	上市證券公平價值,按報價	3,788.2	3,316.1

Management has reviewed the shortfall between the carrying amount of a Hong Kong listed associate, TACI, and the market value of TACI at the end of the reporting period. The management considers that the fair value less cost of disposal based on discounted future cash flows of TACI is higher than the carrying amount and the fair value of TACI, hence, no impairment needs to be recognised.

On 16th December, 2015, an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group entered into the sale and purchase agreement to acquire approximately 23.9% of the total issued share capital of APAC, which is listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1104), for a consideration of approximately HK\$484.0 million. On 29th February, 2016, the acquisition of APAC was completed as all of the conditions of the sale and purchase agreement were fulfilled. On the same day, APAC became an associate of the Group as the Group has significant influence over the associate. After the acquisition, the Group further acquired an addition 4.54% of the total issued share capital of APAC from the market for a consideration of HK\$47.9 million. In total, the Group held 28.44% of the total issued share capital of APAC as at 31st December, 2016.

管理層已審閱一間於香港上市聯營公司天安的賬 面值與天安於報告期末的市值之間的差額。管理 層認為,按天安之折現未來現金流計算的公平價 值減出售成本較天安之賬面值及公平價值為高。 因此,毋須確認減值。

於二零一五年十二月十六日,本集團之間接非全 資附屬公司訂立買賣協議,以收購亞太資源(一 間於聯交所主板上市之公司,股份代號:1104)全 部已發行股本約23.9%,代價約484.0百萬港元。 於二零一六年二月二十九日,買賣協議之所有條 件均已達成,收購亞太資源亦告完成。同日,亞太 資源成為本集團之一間聯營公司,原因為本集團 對其擁有重大影響。於完成收購事項後,本集團 於市場上進一步收購亞太資源全部已發行股本的 額外4.54%,代價為47.9百萬港元。合併計算,本 集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日擁有亞太資源 全部已發行股本的28.44%。

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

Note (i): (Cont'd)

Management has reviewed the shortfall between the carrying amount of APAC and the market value of APAC at the end of the reporting period. The management has compared the carrying amount of APAC to the fair value less cost of disposal of APAC, which was based on the fair value of APAC's interest in its associate plus its other assets and liabilities, and concluded that there is no need to recognise an impairment allowance. The fair value less cost of disposal has been used by management in the impairment assessment of APAC due to the share of its interest in associate should be marked to market in order to reflect the underlying assets value of APAC.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

註解(i): (續)

管理層已審閱亞太資源賬面值與亞太資源於報告 期末的市值之間的差額。管理層已將亞太資源賬 面值與按亞太資源於其聯營公司之權益的公平價 值加亞太資源其他資產及負債所得之公平價值減 出售成本進行比較,結論為毋須確認減值撥備。管 理層已採納公平價值減出售成本作為對亞太資源 進行減值評估,原因是應佔其於聯營公司之權益 應以市值列報以反映亞太資源相關資產的價值。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Note (ii): Unlisted shares Cost of investment Share of post-acquisition reserves	註解(ii): 非上市股份 投資成本 應佔收購後儲備	1,861.0 (66.9)	1,769.8 22.9
Less: impairment	減:減值	1,794.1 (697.5) 1,096.6	1,792.7 (556.0) 1,236.7

Particulars of the Group's principal associates at 31st December, 2016 are set out in note 51.

本集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日之主 要聯營公司詳情載於附註51。



23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

Summarised consolidated financial information of material associates

The summarised consolidated financial information of the Group's material associates, TACI and SHKFGL, is set out below.

(i) TACI

The summarised consolidated financial information below represents amounts shown in TACI's consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs. The results, assets and liabilities of TACI are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements (Note). 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

重大聯營公司之綜合財務資料概述

本集團重大聯營公司天安及新鴻基金融集 團之綜合財務資料概要載列於下文。

- (*i*) 天安
 - 下文之綜合財務資料概要代表於天安 的綜合財務報表(根據香港財務報告 準則編製)中呈列之金額。天安之業 績、資產及負債乃使用權益法於本綜 合財務報表中入賬(註解)。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流物資產 流動負債 非流動負債	13,875.4 19,816.4 (6,851.2) (4,789.2)	13,020.2 18,540.9 (9,250.3) (5,156.5)
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Revenue Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Profit for the year Other comprehensive expenses for the year Total comprehensive income	收入 出售附屬公司之收益 本年度溢利 本年度其他全面 費用 本年度全面收益	1,894.5 3,937.7 5,708.2 (1,113.2)	1,029.4 3,102.8 2,595.5 (758.4)
for the year Dividends received from TACI during the year	總額 本年度收取天安的 股息	4,595.0	1,837.1 73.3



23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

Net assets attributable to owners

Proportion of the Group's

Share of net assets of TACI

Adjustment on acquisition of additional interest in TACI

Unrealised profit adjustments

interest in TACI

Carrying amount of the Group's

ownership interest in TACI

Summarised consolidated financial information of material associates (Cont'd)

TACI (Cont'd) (i)

of TACI

Goodwill

Reconciliation of the above summarised consolidated financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in TACI recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

天安股東應佔資產

本集團於天安之

擁有權權益比例

應佔天安資產淨值

未變現溢利調整

之賬面值

就收購天安額外權益

本集團於天安之權益

淨值

商譽

調整

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

重大聯營公司之綜合財務資料概述(續)

(i) 天安(續) 上述綜合財務資料概要與綜合財務報 表中所確認於天安權益之賬面值之對 能:

2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
21,513.2	17,138.3
48.66%	48.66%
10,468.3 1.8	8,339.5 1.8
(614.0) (29.9)	(614.0) (20.7)
9,826.2	7,706.6

Note: The Group's 48.66% interest in TACI gives the Group 48.66% of the voting rights in TACI gives the Group 48.66% of the voting rights in TACI. As at 31st December, 2016, the board composition of TACI comprised five executive directors, three non-executive directors and four independent non-executive directors, totalling twelve directors. Of these directors, a non-executive director of TACI is also an executive director of each of the Company and Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited ("APL"), and an executive director of TACI is also an executive director of the Company. China Elite Holdings Limited ("China Elite", a wholly-owned subsidiary of APL that held the 48.66% interest in TACI) has resolved that whilst APL's direct or indirect shareholding in TACI is less than 50%, China Elite will not, without prior public notice required under applicable legislation, exercise its power as a shareholder of TACI to seek to appoint another director to the board of directors of TACI who is or has within the previous twelve months been an employee or a director of China Elite, its holding company or any subsidiary of its holding companies.

> TACI's other three significant shareholders hold a total of 34.89% equity interest as at 31st December, 2016 and were independent third parties from the Group.

> The Group has considered whether TACI is a subsidiary when preparing its consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2016 in view of the provisions of HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and has concluded that it does not have unilateral ability to direct the relevant activities of TACI based on the above facts and circumstances, and accordingly, the Group continues to account for its interest in TACI as an associate.

The principal activities of TACI are property investment and development in the PRC and are strategic to the Group's activities.

註解:本集團於天安之48.66%權益賦予 本集團於天安之48.66%投票權。 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,天 安董事會由五名執行董事、三名非 執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事合 共十二名董事組成。在該等董事當 中,一名天安非執行董事亦為本公 司與聯合地產(香港)有限公司(「聯 合地產」)各自的執行董事,而天安 合地產」)各自的執行董事,而天安 一名執行董事亦為本公司的執行 一名執行董事亦為本公司的執行 董事。China Elite Holdings Limited (「China Elite」,聯合地產全資附屬 公司,持有天安之48.66%權益)議 決,當聯合地產於天安的直接或間接 持股權少於50%,則China Elite在未 根據適用法例知會公眾前,將不會行 使其作為天安股東的權力,尋求委任 另一名董事加入天安董事會,而該董 事於先前十二個月擔任或曾經擔任 China Elite、其控股公司或其控股公 司任何附屬公司的僱員或董事。 司任何附屬公司的僱員或董事

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,天安 其他三名主要股東合共持有34.89% 股權,均為本集團之獨立第三方。

本集團編製其截至二零一六年十二 月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表 時已根據香港財務報告準則第10號 「綜合財務報表」之條文考慮天安是 否屬於附屬公司,並基於上述事實及 情況,認為其沒有單方面之能力可指 示天安的相關活動,因此,本集團繼 續將其於天安之權益作為聯營公司 入賬。 入賬。

天安之主要業務活動為於中國進行 物業投資及發展,對本集團業務有策 略性影響。



23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

Summarised consolidated financial information of material associates (Cont'd)

SHKFGL (ii)

SHKFGL is accounted for using the equity method. The summarised consolidated financial information of the financial performance for the year and financial position at the reporting date represents the amounts included in the consolidated financial statements of SHKFGL adjusted by fair value adjustments made at the time of reclassifying SHKFGL from a subsidiary to an associate.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

重大聯營公司之綜合財務資料概述(續)

(ii) 新鴻基金融集團 新鴻基金融集團使用權益法入賬。綜 合財務資料概要為包括在新鴻基金融集團綜合財務報表內的全年財務表現 及於結算日之財務狀況,並包括於重 新分類新鴻基金融集團由附屬公司至 聯營公司時所作之公平價值調整。

2016

2015

	二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	7,192.1 1,534.2 (3,904.0) (1,400.6)	6,036.4 879.7 (2,258.0) (1,221.6)
	2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
收入 來自持續經營業務之溢利 來自已終止經營業務之 除税後溢利 其他全面費用 合面收益額額	979.6 87.5 - (16.3) 71.2	1,248.3 120.9 92.5 (2.4) 211.0
	非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債 收入 來自持續經營業務之溢利 來自已終止經營業務之 除税後溢利	HK\$ Million 百萬港元 流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債 非流動負債 2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元 2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元 收入 來自持續經營業務之溢利 除税後溢利 其他全面費用

The reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in SHKFGL is as follows:

上述財務資料概要與於新鴻基金融集 團之權益賬面值之對賬如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Adjusted net assets of SHKFGL	新鴻基金融集團之 經調整資產淨值	3,421.7	3,436.5
Group's effective interest	本集團之實際權益	30%	30%
Group's share of adjusted net assets Goodwill Impairment (note 13)	本集團應佔經調整資產淨值 商譽 減值(附註13)	1,026.5 607.7 (680.2)	1,031.0 607.7 (538.7)
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in SHKFGL	本集團於新鴻基金融集團之 權益賬面值	954.0	1,100.0





23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

Aggregate financial information of associates that are not individually material

The aggregate financial information of associates that are not individually material is set out below.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

單獨不屬重大之聯營公司的財務資料總匯

單獨不屬重大之聯營公司的財務資料總匯 載列如下。

本集團之未確認應佔聯營公司虧損如下:

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
The Group's share of profit for the year 本集團應佔本年度溢利 The Group's share of other comprehensive 本集團應佔本年度其他全面	94.1	32.4
income (expenses) for the year 收益(費用)	16.7	(4.6)
The Group's share of total comprehensive 本集團應佔本年度全面 income for the year 收益總額 Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's 本集團於該等聯營公司之	110.8	27.8
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's 本集團於該等聯營公司之 interests in these associates 權益之賬面總值	905.6	218.6

The Group has unrecognised share of losses of associates as follows:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
The unrecognised share of losses for the year Cumulative share of unrecognised losses	年內未確認應佔 虧損 累計應佔未確認虧損	(0.1) (25.3)	(0.4) (25.2)

24. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

24. 於合營公司之權益

		2 二零一 HK\$ Mil 百萬氵	lion	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Unlisted shares Cost of investment Share of post-acquisition reserves	非上市股份 投資成本 應佔收購後儲備		49.0 06.6	219.0 1,970.8
Elimination of unrealised profit	撤銷未變現溢利	,	55.6 33.5)	2,189.8 (33.5)
		2,42	22.1	2,156.3

Particulars of the Group's principal joint venture at 31st December, 2016 are set out in note 52.

本集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日的主 要合營公司詳情載於附註52。



24. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONT'D)

Summarised consolidated financial information of material joint venture

The summarised consolidated financial information in respect of the Group's material joint venture, Allied Kajima Limited ("AKL"), is set out below. The summarised consolidated financial information represents amount shown in AKL's consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs. The results, assets and liabilities of AKL are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements. 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

24. 於合營公司之權益(續)

重大合營公司之綜合財務資料概述

本集團重大合營公司Allied Kajima Limited (「AKL」)的綜合財務資料概要載於下文。 綜合財務資料概要代表於AKL的綜合財務 報表(根據香港財務報告準則編製)中呈列 之金額。AKL之業績、資產及負債乃使用權 益法於本綜合財務報表中入賬。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	176.6 5,115.8 (297.8) (537.5)	365.5 4,495.8 (324.7) (573.3)
The above amounts of these assets include the following: Cash and cash equivalents	以上資產款項包括以下 項目: 現金及現金等價物	86.4	292.2
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Revenue Profit for the year Other comprehensive expenses for the year Total comprehensive income for the year	收入 本年度溢利 本年度其他全面 費用 本年度全面收益總額	676.9 498.5 (4.7) 493.8	697.2 237.4 (2.4) 235.0
The above profit for the year includes the following: Depreciation Interest income Interest expenses Taxation	上述本年度溢利包括下列 各項: 折舊 利息收入 利息費用 税項	56.4 1.1 11.4 32.4	60.2 1.2 9.9 28.8



24. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONT'D)

Summarised consolidated financial information of material joint venture (Cont'd)

Reconciliation of the above summarised consolidated financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in AKL recognised in the consolidated financial statements: 綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

24. 於合營公司之權益(續)

重大合營公司之綜合財務資料概述(續)

上述綜合財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中 所確認於AKL權益之賬面值之對賬:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Net assets of AKL	AKL之資產淨值	4,457.1	3,963.3
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in AKL	本集團於AKL之 擁有權權益比例	50%	50%
Share of net assets of AKL Goodwill Unrealised profit adjustments	應佔AKL資產淨值 商譽 未變現溢利調整	2,228.5 0.1 (33.5)	1,981.6 0.1 (33.5)
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in AKL	本集團於AKL權益 之賬面值	2,195.1	1,948.2

Aggregate financial information of joint ventures that are not individually material

單獨不屬重大之合營公司的財務資料總匯

The aggregate financial information of joint ventures that are not individually material is set out below. 單獨不載列如

單獨不屬重大之合營公司的財務資料總匯 載列如下:

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
The Group's share of (loss) profit 本集團應佔本年度(虧損) for the year 溢利	(55.3)	37.8
The Group's share of other comprehensive 本集團應佔本年度其他全面		
(expenses) income for the year (費用)收益	(1.5)	2.5
The Group's share of total comprehensive 本集團應佔本年度全面(費用)		
(expenses) income for the year 收益總額	(56.8)	40.3



ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following tables provide an analysis of financial assets and liabilities of the Group that are measured at cost less impairment and at fair value subsequent to initial recognition.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債

本集團金融資產及負債按成本扣除減值計 量及於首次確認後按公平價值計量,其分 析載於下表。

			2016 二零一六年		
		Fair value 公平價值		Cost less	
	Level 1 第一級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	impairment 成本扣除減值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售金融資產					
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong 香港上市之股本證券	77.0	-	-	-	77.0
Unlisted overseas equity securities 非上市海外股本證券		-	42.2	52.6	94.8
Unlisted overseas investment funds 非上市海外投資基金 Debt securities 債務證券	-	142.2	-	30.2	172.4
Listed in Hong Kong 香港上市		186.4	-	-	186.4
Listed outside Hong Kong 香港以外地區上市	-	8.8	-	-	8.8
Unlisted debt securities 非上市債務證券	-	92.2	-	-	92.2
Analysed for reporting purposes as 為呈報目的分析為 non-current assets 非流動資產	77.0	429.6	42.2	82.8	631.6

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

				2016 二零一六年		
			Fair value 公平價值		Cost less	
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	impairment 成本扣除減值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Financial assets at fair value through § profit or loss	透過損益賬按公平價值處理之 金融資產					
Held for trading investments Equity linked notes	寺作交易投資 股本掛鈎票據	-	-	17.7	-	17.7
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	香港上市之股本 證券	1,031.2	-	-	-	1,031.2
Equity securities listed outside Hong Kong	香港以外地區上市之 股本證券 香港上主之	345.0	-	-	-	345.0
Exchange-traded funds listed in Hong Kong	香港上市之 交易所買賣基金	139.3	-	-	-	139.3
Over the counter equity derivatives Over the counter currency	場外股本衍生工具 場外貨幣衍生	-	-	0.4	-	0.4
derivatives	工具	-	-	0.1	-	0.1
Forward currency contract Warrants listed outside	遠期貨幣合約 香港以外地區上市之	-	52.9	-	-	52.9
Hong Kong	認股權證	0.7	-	-	-	0.7
Unlisted overseas options Unlisted put right for shares	非上市海外期權 非上市之一間聯營公司股份	-	1.4	-	-	1.4
in an associate	認沽權	-	-	1,052.0	-	1,052.0
Unlisted call option for club memberships Unlisted call option for shares	非上市之會所會籍認購 期權 香港以外地區上市股份之	-	-	8.3	-	8.3
listed outside Hong Kong	非上市認購期權	-	-	12.4	-	12.4
Contracts for difference Unlisted bonds issued by listed	差價合約 上市公司發行之	-	22.3	-	-	22.3
companies	非上市債券 上市公司發行之	-	386.9	-	-	386.9
Listed bonds issued by listed companies	上市債券	-	668.6	-	-	668.6
		1,516.2	1,132.1	1,090.9	_	3,739.2
value through profit or loss	指定為透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之投資					
Unlisted convertible bonds issued by an unlisted company Unlisted overseas equity securities	一間非上市公司發行之 非上市可換股債券 含股份認沽權之非上市	-	-	3.9	-	3.9
with a put right for shares	海外股本證券	-	-	826.1	-	826.1
Unlisted overseas investment funds	非上市海外投資基金	-	-	2,871.6	-	2,871.6
		-	-	3,701.6	-	3,701.6
		1,516.2	1,132.1	4,792.5	_	7,440.8
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	為呈報目的所作之分析:					
Non-current assets	非流動資產					3,650.6
Current assets	流動資產					3,790.2
						7,440.8



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

				2016 二零一六年		
			Fair value 公平價值		Cost less	
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	impairment 成本扣除減值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Tota 總計 HK\$ Millior 百萬港元
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益賬按公平價值處理之 金融負債	2				
	持作交易用途 嵌入債券及票據之					
and notes Futures and options listed outside	可提早贖回期權 香港以外地區上市之期貨及	-	10.5	-	-	10.
Hong Kong	期權	2.2	-	-	-	2.2
Unlisted overseas options	非上市海外期權	-	0.3	-	-	0.3
Over the counter equity derivatives Over the counter currency	場外貨幣衍生	-	-	2.9	-	2.
derivatives Charle la annual and	工具	-	-	1.9	-	1.
Stock borrowings Contracts for difference	借入股票 差價合約		75.7 27.5	-	-	75. 27.
Foreign currency contracts	貨幣期貨	-	4.8	_	_	4.
Analysed for reporting purposes as current liabilities	為呈報目的分析為 流動負債	2.2	118.8	4.8		125.
				2015 二零一五年		
			Fair value 公平價值		Cost less impairment	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	成本扣除	Tota
		第一級	第二級 HK\$ Million	第三級	減值 HK\$ Million	總言 HK\$ Millio
		HK\$ Million 百萬港元	百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港テ
	ᆕᄴᆈᄮᇫᆋᇩᅕ					
Available-for-sale financial assets Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	可供出售金融資產 香港上市之股本證券	91.9	_	_	_	91.
Unlisted overseas equity securities	非上市海外股本證券	-	80.7	39.7	47.2	167.
Unlisted overseas investment funds	非上市海外投資基金	-	61.0	-	-	61.
	其他非上市投資	-	-	-	31.0	31.0
Other unlisted investment						17.
Debt securities	債務證券 香港上市	_	17 5			17.5
Debt securities Listed in Hong Kong	香港上市	-	17.5 86.8		-	86.8
Debt securities				-	-	
Debt securities Listed in Hong Kong Listed outside Hong Kong	香港上市 香港以外地區上市	- - - 91.9	86.8	39.7		49.2
Debt securities Listed in Hong Kong Listed outside Hong Kong Unlisted debt securities Analysed for reporting purposes as:	香港上市 香港以外地區上市 非上市債務證券 為呈報目的所作之分析:	- - - 91.9	86.8 49.2	39.7	78.2	49. 505.
Debt securities Listed in Hong Kong Listed outside Hong Kong Unlisted debt securities	香港上市 香港以外地區上市 非上市債務證券	- - - 91.9	86.8 49.2	39.7		86.4 49.2 505.0 376.0 129.0

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D) 25. 金融資

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

505.0

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

				2015 二零一五年		
			Fair value 公平價值		Cost less impairment	
		Level 1 第一級	Level 2 第二級	Level 3 第三級	成本扣除 減值	Tota 總言
		HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Millio 百萬港ラ
	透過損益賬按公平價值					
profit or loss	處理之金融資產					
Held for trading investments Equity securities listed in Hong Kong Equity securities listed outside	持作交易投資 香港上市之股本證券 香港以外地區上市	1,237.7	-	-	-	1,237
Hong Kong	之股本證券	295.0	-	-	-	295
Exchange-traded funds listed in Hong Kong	香港上市之交易所買賣 基金	88.0	_	-	-	88
Over the counter equity derivatives	場外股本衍生工具 場外貨幣衍生	-	-	0.7	-	0
Over the counter currency derivatives	场外頁帘们生 工具	_	_	0.1	_	C
Forward currency contract	遠期貨幣合約	-	6.3	-	-	6
Warrants and options listed outside Hong Kong	香港以外地區上市之 認股權證及期權	4.3	_	_	_	4
Unlisted overseas options	非上市海外期權		0.4	-	-	(
Unlisted put right for shares in an associate	非上市之一間聯營公司 股份認沽權	-	-	707.0	-	707
Unlisted call option for club memberships Unlisted call option for shares listed	非上市之會所會籍認購 期權 香港以外地區上市股份之	-	-	9.3	-	õ
outside Hong Kong	非上市認購期權	-	-	25.9	-	25
Contracts for difference	差價合約	-	88.1	-	-	88
Unlisted bonds issued by listed companies Listed bonds issued by listed	上市公司發行之 非上市債券 上市公司發行之	-	359.6	-	-	359
companies	上市債券		488.4	-	-	488
		1,625.0	942.8	743.0	-	3,310
nvestments designated as at fair value 3 through profit or loss	指定為透過損益賬 按公平價值處理之投資					
Unlisted convertible preferred shares issued by an unlisted company	一間非上市公司發行之 非上市可换股優先股	-	_	267.8	_	267
Unlisted convertible bonds issued by unlisted companies	非上市公司發行之 非上市可換股債券	_	_	778.9	_	778
Unlisted overseas investment funds	非上市海外投資基金	_	-	2,286.8	-	2,286
		_	-	3,333.5	-	3,333
		1,625.0	942.8	4,076.5	_	6,644
/ / 01 /	為呈報目的所作之分析:					
Non-current assets Current assets	非流動資產 流動資產					3,484 3,159
						6,644
						0,04



25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

				2015 二零一五年		
			Fair value 公平價值		Cost less impairment	
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	成本扣除 減值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK \$ Million 百萬港元
Financial liabilities at fair value	透過損益賬按公平價值處理 之金融負債					
through profit or loss Held for trading	∠ 並 廠員員 持作交易用途					
Call options embedded in bonds and notes	嵌入債券及票據之可提早 贖回期權	-	2.1	-	_	2.1
Futures and options listed in	香港上市之期貨及 期權	2.0				2.0
Hong Kong Foreign currency contracts	貨幣期貨	2.0	- 1.9	_	_	2.0
Over the counter equity derivatives Over the counter currency	場外股本衍生工具場外貨幣衍生	-	6.8	40.2	-	47.0
derivatives	工具	-	-	0.9	-	0.9
Stock borrowings	借入股票	-	120.1	-	-	120.1
Contracts for difference	差價合約	30.5	_	-	_	30.5
Analysed for reporting purposes as	為呈報目的分析					
current liabilities	為流動負債	32.5	130.9	41.1	-	204.5

Available-for-sale financial assets are intended to be held for a continuing strategic or long-term purpose. As there are no sufficient market comparables as input to measure the fair value reliably, some of the unlisted equity investments are measured at cost less impairment.

On the basis of its analysis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the equity securities, the Group has determined that presenting them by nature and type of issuers is appropriate.

Fair values are grouped from level 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair values are observable.

Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from input other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include input for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data.

可供出售金融資產擬持作持續策略或長期 用途。由於並無足夠市場可比較資料作為 可靠計量公平價值的輸入數據,某些非上 市股本投資按成本扣除減值計量。

基於股本證券之性質、特點及風險分析,本 集團釐定以發行人性質及類別呈列實屬適 宜。

公平價值按其可觀察度分類為一至三級。

第一級公平價值計量按相同的資產或負債 於活躍市場的報價 (無調整)計算。

第二級公平價值計量乃除第一級計入之報 價外,就資產或負債可直接(即價格)或間 接(即自價格衍生)觀察輸入數據得出。

第三級公平價值計量乃計入並非根據可觀 察市場數據之資產或負債之估值方法得 出。



25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

Unlisted equity securities included in available-for-sale financial assets under level 2 are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Based on the relevant agreements, the Group can require the relevant investment manager to redeem the units at net asset value by giving a written redemption notice. The fair value of the unlisted equity securities are provided by the relevant investment managers.

Included in available-for-sale financial assets, there are debt securities under level 2, the debt element of which is recognised at fair value at date of initial recognition and subsequent measurement with fair value change at each reporting date recognised directly in equity until the instrument is sold. As at 31st December, 2016, the fair value of the debt element is approximately HK\$287.4 million (2015: HK\$153.5 million) which was calculated based on the present value of contractually determined stream of future cash flows discounted at the required yield, which was determined with reference to instruments of similar terms. The effective interest rates of the debt element at 31st December, 2016 ranging from 5.63% to 10.83% (2015: ranging from 4.64% to 11.45%). The fair values of the debt element have been determined by a firm of independent professional valuers, Greater China Appraisal Limited ("GCA").

The option element of debt securities under availablefor-sale financial assets was classified as "call options embedded in bonds and notes" under the financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and grouped under level 2. This derivative element is recognised at fair value at initial recognition and subsequent measurement with fair value change at each reporting date recognised in profit or loss. As at 31st December, 2016 and 2015, Hull-White Term Structure Model is used for valuation of derivative element of certain perpetual bonds and guaranteed notes. Significant inputs into the model were mean reverting rate ranging from 0.00 to 0.04 (2015: 0.00 to 0.03), default intensity ranging from 3.80% to 8.70% (2015: ranging from 2.98% to 8.55%) and short rate volatility of 0.01 (2015: ranging from 0.00 to 0.01).

The fair value of bonds and notes under level 2 at the reporting date were derived from quoted prices from pricing services. The fair value of stock borrowings and forward currency contract under level 2 at the reporting date were derived from observable market prices of the underlying financial assets or liabilities.

The fair value of level 3 financial assets and liabilities are mainly derived from an unobservable range of data. In estimating the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability under level 3, the Group engages external valuers or establishes appropriate valuation techniques internally to perform the valuation which are reviewed by the relevant management of the group companies.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

計入可供出售金融資產中有第二級別非上 市股本證券以報告期末之公平價值計量。 根據相關之協議,本集團可發出一個書面 的贖回通知要求相關投資經理以資產淨值 贖回單位。非上市股份之公平價值由相關 之投資經理提供。

計入可供出售金融資產中有第二級別債務 證券,其債務部分於初始確認日按公平價值 確認及隨後按每個結算日之公平價值變動 計量直接於權益中確認,直至該工具售出。 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,債務部分 之公平價值約為287.4百萬港元(二零一五 年:153.5百萬港元),金額乃按所要求之收 益率折現根據合約釐定之未來現金流量之 現值而計算,要求之收益率乃參照相若條款 之工具釐定。債務部分於二零一六年十二月 三十一日之實際利率介乎5.63%至10.83% (二零一五年:介乎4.64%至11.45%)。債 務部分公平價值乃由獨立專業估值師漢華 評值有限公司(「漢華評值」)釐定。

可供出售金融資產下的債務證券期權部 份,乃分類為透過損益賬按公平價值處理 之金融資產或負債之「嵌入債券及票據之 可提早贖回期權」並歸類為第二級。衍生工 具部份於初始確認時按公平價值確認,隨 後按各結算日之公平價值變動計量於損益 中確認。於二零一六年及二零一五年十二 月三十一日,對若干永續債券及擔保票據 的衍生工具部份採用了Hull-White有期架構 模型進行估值。該模型之重大輸入數據為 均值回復率介乎0.00至0.04(二零一五年: 介乎0.00至0.03)、違約強度介乎3.80%至 8.70% (二零一五年:介乎2.98%至8.55%) 及短期利率波動性0.01(二零一五年:介乎 0.00至0.01)。

於結算日,屬第二級之債券及票據之公平 價值乃源自定價服務所報之價格。於結算 日,屬第二級之借入股票及遠期貨幣合約 之公平價值乃源自相關金融資產或負債之 可觀察市場價格。

第三級金融資產及負債之公平價值主要以 所牽涉無法觀察之數據系列計算。於估計第 三級金融資產或金融負債之公平價值時, 本集團委聘外部估值師或由內部設立合適 之估值方法以進行估值,並由集團公司之 相關管理層審閱。



25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

The following table provides further information regarding the valuation of material financial assets (liabilities) under level 3.

综合財務報表附註(續)	
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截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

2016

下表提供有關第三級重大金融資產(負債) 估值之進一步資料。

	2016 二零一六年							
	Valuation technique 估值方法	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	Input values 輸入數據值	Fair value 公平價值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元				
Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售金融資產								
Unlisted overseas equity securities 非上市海外股本證券	Discounted cash flow 折現現金流	Weighted average cost of capital 加權平均資本成本 Average annual dividend pay-out 每年平均派發股息	5% HK\$54.3 million 54.3百萬港元	42.2				
Held for trading investments 持作交易投資								
Fift 又勿及員 Equity linked notes 股票掛鈎票據	Monte Carlo Simulation model	Equity growth rate 權益增長率	-0.07-0.34%	17.7				
	蒙地卡羅模擬模式	Volatility 波幅	2.21-4.36%					
		Risk free rate 無風險利率	0.57%					
Unlisted put right for shares in an associate 非上市之一間聯營公司股份認沽權	Option model 期權模型	Volatility 波幅	41.8%	1,052.0				
		Risk free rate 無風險利率	0.9%					
		Equity growth rate 權益增長率	1.1%					
		Estimated equity value 描述価估仕店	HK\$954.0 million 954.0百萬港元					
Unlisted call option for shares listed outside Hong Kong	Option model 期權模型	權益價值估值 Volatility 波幅	55.0%	12.4				
香港以外地區上市股份之非上市認購期權	房间天王	Risk free rate 無風險利率	-0.15%					
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss 指定為透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產	<u>k</u>							
Unlisted overseas equity securities with a	Market comparable approach and	Price to book ratio 市賬比率	1.23x	826.1				
put right for shares 含股份認沽權之非上市海外股本證券	option model 市場比較法及	Volatility 波幅	5.5%					
	期權模型	Discount rate 折現率	1.9%					
		Equity growth rate 權益增長率	1.5%					
Unlisted overseas investment funds 非上市海外投資基金	Net asset value* 資產淨值*	准血增伐平 n/a 不適用	n/a 不適用	2,871.6				
Financial liabilities held for trading 持作交易用途之金融負債								
特件交易用述之並融具值 Over the counter equity derivatives 場外股本衍生工具	Price quoted by counter parties 交易對手所報價格	n/a 不適用	n/a 不適用	(2.9)				



25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

	2015 二零一五年								
	Valuation technique 估值方法	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	Input values 輸入數據值	Fair valu 公平價值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元					
Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售金融資產									
Unlisted overseas equity securities 非上市海外股本證券	Discounted cash flow 折現現金流	Weighted average cost of capital 加權平均資本成本	5.0%	39.					
		Average annual dividend pay-out 每年平均派發股息	HK\$54.3 million 54.3百萬港元						
Held for trading investments 持作交易投資									
Unlisted put right for shares in an associate 非上市之一間聯營公司股份認沽權	Option model 期權模型	Volatility 波幅	19.2%	707.					
		Risk free rate 無風險利率	0.6%						
		Equity growth rate 權益增長率	3.1%						
		Estimated equity value 權益價值估值	HK\$1,100.0 million 1,100.0百萬港元						
Unlisted call option for shares listed outside Hong Kong 香港以外地區上市股份之非上市認購期權	Option model 期權模型	Volatility 波幅 Risk free rate	63.1% 0.002%	25					
		無風險利率	0.002 /0						
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss									
指定為透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產 Unlisted convertible preferred shares issued by	Discounted	Contractual price of	HK\$267.8 million	267.					
an unlisted company 一間非上市公司發行之非上市可換股優先股	cash flow 折現現金流	an impending sale 即將交易之 合約價格	267.8百萬港元						
Jnlisted convertible bonds issued by unlisted companies 地上式公司発行され上立式体肌信光	Market comparable approach 声地 軟計	Recent transaction price 最近之交易價格	n/a 不適用	778.					
非上市公司發行之非上市可換股債券 Unlisted overseas investment funds 非上市海外投資基金	市場比較法 Net asset value* 資產淨值*	取処之父勿頃俗 n/a 不適用	n/a 不適用	2,286.					
Financial liabilities held for trading 特作交易用途之金融負債									
Over the counter equity derivatives 場外股本衍生工具	Price quoted by counter parties 交易對手所報價格	n/a 不適用	n/a 不適用	(40.					
* The Group has determined that the represent fair value of the unlisted ov			本集團釐定,報告資產淨 資基金之公平價值。	值指非上市海外					

The management believes that possible changes in the input values would not cause significant change in fair value of the financial assets and liabilities under level 3.

There was no change in the valuation technique during the year.

管理層相信,輸入數據值之潛在變動不會 對第三級金融資產及負債之公平價值造成 重大變動。

於本年度採用的估值方法沒有改變。



25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

The reconciliation of financial assets and liabilities under level 3 fair value measurements is as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

第三級公平價值計量下之金融資產及負債 對賬如下:

		2016 二零一六年							
		Balance at 1st January 於一月一日 之結餘 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Transfer 結轉 HK\$ Million 百萬港元		gains or losses <u>这益或虧損</u> Other comprehen- sive income 其他 全面收益 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Purchase 購買 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Disposal 出售 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Balance at 31st December 於十二月 三十一日 之結餘 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Unrealised gain or loss for the year 年內未變 現收益或 虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產								
Unlisted overseas equity securities	非上市海外股本證券	39.7	-	-	2.5	-	-	42.2	-
Held for trading investments	持作交易投資								
Equity linked notes	股票掛鈎票據	-	-	(0.9)	-	18.6	-	17.7	(0.9)
Over the counter equity derivatives	場外股本衍生工具	0.7	-	(0.3)	-	-	-	0.4	(0.3)
Over the counter currency derivatives	場外貨幣衍生工具	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-
Unlisted put right for shares in an associate	非上市之一間聯營公司 股份認沽權	707.0		345.0				1,052.0	345.0
Unlisted call option for	非上市之會所會藉	/0/.0	-	343.0	-	-	-	1,032.0	545.0
club memberships	認購期權	9,3	_	(1.0)	-	-	_	8.3	(1.0)
Unlisted call option for shares listed outside				()					(/
Hong Kong	非上市認購期權	25.9	-	(13.5)	-	-	-	12.4	(13.5)
Investments designated as at fair value Unlisted convertible preferred shares	指定為按公平價值處理之投資 一間非上市公司發行之								
issued by an unlisted company	非上市可換股優先股	267.8	-	0.1	-	-	(267.9)	-	-
Unlisted convertible bonds issued by unlisted companies	非上市公司發行之 非上市可換股債券	778.9	(775.0)					3.9	
Unlisted overseas equity securities with a	含股份認沽權之	//0.5	(773.0)	-	-	-	-	3.3	-
put right for shares"	非上市海外股本證券;	-	775.0	51.1	-	-	-	826.1	51.1
Unlisted overseas investment funds	非上市海外投資基金	2,286.8	-	435.2	-	384.8	(235.2)	2.871.6	426.2
Financial liabilities held for trading	持作交易用途之金融負債								
Over the counter equity derivatives	場外股本衍生工具	(40.2)	-	37.3	-	-	-	(2.9)	19.6
Over the counter currency derivatives	場外貨幣衍生工具	(0.9)	-	(1.0)	-	-	-	(1.9)	(1.0)

#

於二零一五年十二月十日,本集團就認購本 金總額為100,000,000美元的可換股票據與 一間海外非上市公司(「發行人」)訂立可換 股票據協議;並就行使可換股票據協議項下 换股權以認購發行人普通股(連帶向發行 人回沽普通股的權利),與發行人及其控股 公司訂立認購及股東協議。於截至二零一六 年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團行使換 股權,據此發行人按每股1美元配發及發行 100,000,000股,相當於發行人經擴大及已 繳足股本的約4.55%,認沽權被視為一項嵌 入式衍生工具。全部含股份認沽權之非上市 海外股本證券已被本集團指定為透過損益 賬按公平價值處理之金融資產。

On 10th December, 2015, the Group entered into a convertible note agreement with an overseas unlisted company ("Issuer") to subscribe a convertible note in an aggregate principal amount of US\$100,000,000 issued by the Issuer, and entered into a subscription and shareholders' agreement with the Issuer and its holding company, in respect of the exercise of the conversion right under the convertible note agreement to subscribe for the Issuer's ordinary shares with a right to put back the ordinary shares to the Issuer. During the year ended 31st December, 2016, the Group exercised the conversion right and the Issuer allotted and issued 100,000,000 shares at US\$1 each, which represented approximately 4.55% of the enlarged issued and paid up share capital of the Issuer. The put right is considered as an embedded derivative. The Group designates the entire unlisted overseas equity securities with a put right for shares as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

		2015 二零一五年						
				gains or losses 收益或虧損			Balance at	Unrealised
		Balance at 1st January 於一月一日 之結餘 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Profit or loss 損益 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Other comprehensive income 其他 全面收益 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Purchase 購買 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Disposal 出售 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	31st December 於十二月 三十一日 之結餘 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	gain or loss for the year 年內未變 現收益或 虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產							
Unlisted overseas equity securities	非上市海外股本證券	35.5	-	4.2	-	-	39.7	-
Unlisted overseas investment funds	非上市海外投資基金	12.3	-	(0.8)	-	(11.5)	-	-
Held for trading investments	持作交易投資							
Over the counter equity derivatives	場外股本衍生工具	-	0.7	-	-	-	0.7	0.7
Over the counter currency derivatives	場外貨幣衍生工具	-	0.1	-	-	-	0.1	0.1
Unlisted put right for shares in an associate	非上市之一間聯營公司股份認沽權	-	596.0	-	111.0	-	707.0	596.0
Unlisted call option for club memberships Unlisted call option for shares listed outside	非上市之會所會籍認購期權 香港以外地區上市股份之	-	-	-	9.3	-	9.3	-
Hong Kong	非上市認購期權	-	25.9	-	-	-	25.9	25.9
Investments designated as at fair value Unlisted convertible preferred shares	指定為按公平價值處理之投資 一間非上市公司發行之	20.5	005.0		00.4		0.77.0	005.0
issued by an unlisted company Unlisted convertible bonds issued by unlisted companies	非上市可换股優先股 非上市公司發行之 非上市可换股債券	39.5	205.2	-	23.1 778.9	-	267.8 778.9	205.2
Unlisted overseas investment funds	非上市海外投資基金	831.5	134.2	-	1,560.9	(239.8)	2,286.8	80.2
Financial liabilities held for trading	持作交易用途之金融負債							
Over the counter equity derivatives	場外股本衍生工具	(49.7)	9.5	-	-	-	(40.2)	9.5
Over the counter currency derivatives	場外貨幣衍生工具	(17.8)	16.9	-	-	-	(0.9)	16.9

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

There was no transfer in or transfer out of level 3 in current year. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of level 3 as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

下:

本年度概無轉入或轉出第三級。本集團之 政策是當引致轉撥的事件或情況改變時當 日確認轉入或轉出第三級。

本集團金融資產於報告期末之賬面值如

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – Held for trading investments – Investments designated as at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益賬按公平價值處理之 金融資產 - 持作交易投資 - 指定為透過損益賬按公平 價值處理之投資	3,739.2 3,701.6	3,310.8 3,333.5
		7,440.8	6,644.3
Loans and receivables under non-current assets – Loans and advances to consumer	歸類為非流動資產之貸款及 應收款項 - 私人財務客戶貸款及		
finance customers (note 26) – Amounts due from associates	 > 墊款(附註26) - 聯營公司欠款 (附註30) 	2,521.2	2,741.3
(note 30) – Trade and other receivables (note 29)	(附註30) - 貿易及其他應收款項 (附註29)	257.4 507.3	73.5 1,734.6
Loans and receivables under current assets – Bank deposits (note 31) – Cash and cash equivalents (note 31) – Trade and other receivables (note 29)	歸類為流動資產之貸款及 應收款項 - 銀行存款(附註31) - 現金及現金等價物(附註31) - 貿易及其他應收款項 (附註29)	1,257.7 6,296.1 3,924.9	1,501.4 6,926.0 2,306.9
 Loans and advances to consumer finance customers (note 26) 	 私人財務客戶貸款及墊款 (附註26) 聯營公司欠款 	5,752.2	6,080.7
 Amounts due from associates (note 30) Amounts due from joint ventures 	- 柳宮公司入款 (附註30) - 合營公司欠款	121.0	233.3
(note 30)	(附註30)	11.1	14.3
		20,648.9	21,612.0
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	631.6	505.0
		28,721.3	28,761.3



25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

本集團金融負債於報告期末之賬面值如 下:

2010

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		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計算的金融 負債		
Bank and other borrowings (note 36)Trade and other payables	- 銀行及其他借貸(附註36) - 貿易及其他應付款項	5,612.3	6,883.1
(note 32)	(附註32)	181.8	164.2
- Amounts due to associates	- 欠聯營公司款項	7.3	5.5
 Amounts due to joint ventures 	- 欠合營公司款項	0.1	0.1
– Notes (note 37)	- 票據(附註37)	5,017.8	3,316.6
		10,819.3	10,369.5
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益賬按公平價值處理之 金融負債		
– Held for trading	- 持作交易用途	125.8	204.5
		10,945.1	10,574.0

Financial asset and financial liabilities offsetting

The disclosures set out in the tables below include financial assets and financial liabilities that:

are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement that covers similar financial instruments, irrespective of whether they are offset in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group has entered certain derivative transactions that are covered by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association Master Agreements ("ISDA Agreements") signed with various banks. These derivative instruments are not offset in the consolidated statement of financial position as the ISDA Agreements are in place with a right of set off only in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy so that the Group currently has no legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts.

抵銷金融資產及金融負債

下表所載披露包括金融資產及金融負債, 其為:

受可強制執行總淨額結算安排或涵蓋 類似金融工具的類似協議所規限,不 論其是否於本集團綜合財務狀況表內 抵銷。

本集團已訂立若干衍生工具交易,其受與 各家銀行簽訂的國際掉期及衍生工具主協 議(「ISDA協議」)所涵蓋。由於ISDA協議訂 明抵銷權只可於違約、無力償債或破產時 行使,故本集團目前並無合法可強制執行 權利抵銷已確認的金額,而該等衍生工具 並無於綜合財務狀況表抵銷。



25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

Financial asset and financial liabilities offsetting (Cont'd) Financial assets and liabilities subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements: 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

Not encounte

金融資產及金融負債抵銷(續)

受抵銷、可強制執行總淨結算主協議及類 似協議所規限的金融資產及負債如下:

		Gross amounts of recognised	Gross amounts set off in the consolidated statement of financial	Net amounts presented in the consolidated statement of financial	Related amounts not set off in the consolidated statement of financial position 並無於綜合財務狀況表內 抵銷的相關款項		
		financial assets and liabilities 已確認金融資產 及負債總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	position 於綜合財務 狀況表內 抵銷總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	position 於綜合 財務狀況表 呈列的淨額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Financial instruments 金融工具 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Cash collateral received 已收現金 抵押 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Net amount 淨額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 31st December, 2016 Type of financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit of loss Receivables from brokers	 於二零一六年 十二月三十一日 金融資産類型 透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融資産 應收經紀款項 	1,450.8 1,059.5		1,450.8 1,059.5	(3.8) (111.5)	-	1,447.0 948.0
Type of financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	金融負債類型 透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融負債	115.3		115.3	(115.3)		
At 31st December, 2015 Type of financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit of loss Receivables from brokers	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日 金融資產類型 透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融資產 應收經紀款項	1,654.8 146.5		1,654.8 146.5	(188.6) (5.7)	- -	1,466.2 140.8
Type of financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit of loss Payables to brokers	金融負債類型 透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融負債 應付經紀款項	177.9 16.4		177.9 16.4	(177.9) (16.4)	-	-

Further details on financial risk management of financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in note 40.

金融資產及負債之金融風險管理進一步 詳情載於附註40。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

26. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CONSUMER FINA **CUSTOMERS**

NCE	26.	私人財務客戶貸款及墊款	
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		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Loans and advances to consumer finance customers Hong Kong Mainland China Less: impairment allowance	私人財務客戶貸款 及墊款 香港 中國內地 減:減值撥備	6,989.8 2,193.1 (909.5)	6,839.9 2,932.3 (950.2)
		8,273.4	8,822.0
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current assets Current assets	為呈報目的所作之分析: 非流動資產 流動資產	2,521.2 5,752.2 8,273.4	2,741.3 6,080.7 8,822.0
Movements of impairment allowance de	uring the year were 年內減值	撥備之變動如下:	

as follows:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 1st January Exchange adjustments Amounts written off Amounts recognised in profit or loss Amounts recovered	於一月一日 匯兑調整 撇銷款項 於損益確認之款項 收回款項	(950.2) 23.5 1,054.0 (876.6) (160.2)	(756.6) 19.1 1,363.7 (1,446.9) (129.5)
At 31st December	於十二月三十一日	(909.5)	(950.2)

All the loans and advances bear interest at market interest rates.

所有貸款及墊款均按市場利率計息。



26. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CONSUMER FINANCE CUSTOMERS (CONT'D)

The loans and advances to consumer finance customers have been reviewed by the Consumer Finance division to assess impairment allowances which are based on the evaluation of collectibility, aging analysis of accounts and on management's judgment, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection statistics of individually significant accounts or a portfolio of accounts on a collective basis.

The following is an aging analysis for the loans and advances to consumer finance customers that were past due at the end of the reporting period but not impaired:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

26. 私人財務客戶貸款及墊款(續)

私人財務客戶貸款及墊款由私人財務部審 核,按可收回性評估、賬齡分析及管理層判 斷(包括個別大額賬戶或集體賬戶組合之 現時信譽及過往收款數據)以評估減值撥 備。

以下為於報告期末已逾期但無減值之私人 財務客戶貸款及墊款之賬齡分析:

2016

二零一六年

2015

二零一五年

		HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Less than 31 days past due	逾期少於31日	519.6	571.2
31 to 60 days	31至60日	129.7	147.0
61 to 90 days	61至90日	58.1	124.7
91 to 180 days	91至180日	139.8	397.6
Over 180 days	180日以上	169.8	103.5
		1,017.0	1,344.0

The loans and advances to consumer finance customers categorised as unsecured and secured, are as follows:

At the reporting date, loans and advances to consumer finance customers consisted of HK\$7,388.3 million unsecured (2015: HK\$7,803.9 million) and HK\$885.1 million secured (2015: HK\$1,018.1 million). The table below summarises its credit quality (gross balances net of impairment allowances):

私人財務客戶貸款及墊款分為無抵押及有 抵押,呈列如下:

於結算日,私人財務客戶貸款及墊款包括無 抵押貸款7,388.3百萬港元(二零一五年: 7,803.9百萬港元)及有抵押貸款885.1百萬 港元(二零一五年:1,018.1百萬港元)。下 表概述其信貸質素(總餘額減減值撥備):

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Credit quality Neither past due nor individually impaired Past due or individually impaired	信貸質素 並非逾期或個別 減值 逾期或個別減值	7,238.7 1,034.7	7,420.9 1,401.1
		8,273.4	8,822.0

The amount and type of collateral required depend on an assessment of the credit risk of the customer or counterparty.

所需抵押款項及類別視乎客戶或交易對手 之信貸風險評估情況而定。



26. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CONSUMER FINANCE CUSTOMERS (CONT'D)

The main types of collateral and credit enhancement obtained are as follows:

- for personal lending, mortgages over residential properties; and
- for commercial lending, corporate guarantees, charges over real estate properties, pledge of shares or debentures over the borrower's assets.

In general, the loans and advances which are granted on a secured basis, are made to the consumer finance customers with sufficient amount of collateral provided by them. Management requests additional collateral as appropriate in accordance with the underlying agreements, and monitors the market value of collateral during its review of the adequacy of the impairment allowance.

Estimate of fair value of collateral is based on the valuation techniques commonly used for the corresponding assets at the time of borrowing.

It is the Group's policy to dispose of repossessed properties in an orderly fashion. The proceeds are used to reduce or repay the outstanding loan balances. In general, the Group does not retain repossessed properties for business purpose.

In respect of the secured loans and advances to consumer finance customers with the carrying amount of HK\$808.0 million (2015: HK\$819.1 million), the fair values of the collaterals of such loans and advances can be objectively ascertained to cover the outstanding amount of the loan balances.

The carrying amounts of the loans and advances to consumer finance customers approximate their fair values.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

26. 私人財務客戶貸款及墊款(續)

所獲抵押品及信貸增強措拖的主要類別如下:

- 對於個人貸款,以住宅物業按揭;及
- 對於商業借貸,以企業擔保、房地產物 業抵押、股份抵押或借款人資產債券 抵押。

一般而言,按擔保基準授出之貸款及墊款, 乃供給可提供充足抵押品之私人財務客 戶。管理層會於適當時要求根據相關協議 作出額外抵押,並於檢討減值撥備是否足 夠時,監察抵押品的市值。

估計抵押品公平價值乃於借款時採用一般 適用於相應資產之常用估值方法而釐定。

本集團的方針是有序地變賣沒收物業。所 得款項用作降低或償還未償還貸款結餘。 一般而言,本集團不會保留沒收物業作業 務用途。

就賬面值為808.0百萬港元(二零一五年: 819.1百萬港元)之有抵押私人財務客戶貸 款及墊款而言,相關貸款及墊款之抵押品 之公平價值可客觀確定為足以結付貸款結 餘之未償還金額。

私人財務客戶貸款及墊款之賬面值與其公 平價值相若。



27. DEFERRED TAX

The following are the major deferred tax assets and liabilities of the Group recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

27. 遞延税項

本集團於本年度及過往年度中確認的主要 遞延税項資產及負債以及相關變動如下:

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速 税務折舊 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Revaluation of assets 資產重估 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Provisions and impairment 撥備及減值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Unrealised gain 未變現收益 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Undistributed earnings and others 未分派 盈利及其他 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Tax losses 税項虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 1st January, 2015 Exchange adjustments Disposal of subsidiaries and joint venture Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or loss	於二零一五年一月一日 匯兑調整 出售附屬公司及合營公司 於權益確認 於損益確認	290.9 (0.2) (59.0) – 9.8	35.4 (1.6) (0.1) 5.0 (3.0)	(369.1) 20.4 10.9 - (297.6)	67.6 (3.2) (1.3) - 5.6	7.8 - (5.0) - (0.1)	(95.4) 0.4 15.1 - (3.6)	(62.8) 15.8 (39.4) 5.0 (288.9)
At 31st December, 2015 Exchange adjustments Disposal of subsidiaries and joint venture Recognised in profit or loss	於二零一五年十二月三十一日 匯兑調整 出售附屬公司及合營公司 於損益確認	241.5 _ 	35.7 (0.6) (3.0) 9.1	(635.4) 37.6 - (130.3)	68.7 (4.0) - (9.4)	2.7 (2.7)	(83.5) 0.6 - 1.0	(370.3) 33.6 (3.0) (120.7)
At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	253.1	41.2	(728.1)	55.3	-	(81.9)	(460.4)

For reporting purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the underlying subsidiaries. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

就報告目的而言,若干遞延税項資產及負 債已於相關附屬公司抵銷。以下為本集團 就財務報告所作的遞延税項結餘分析:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax assets	遞延税項負債 遞延税項資產	192.1 (652.5)	173.1 (543.4)
		(460.4)	(370.3)



27. DEFERRED TAX (CONT'D)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had unrecognised deductible temporary differences of HK\$5.2 million (2015: HK\$5.3 million) and estimated unused tax losses of HK\$1,993.7 million (2015: HK\$1,809.8 million) available to offset against future assessable profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of HK\$473.5 million (2015: HK\$398.7 million) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$1,520.2 million (2015: HK\$1,411.1 million) of losses due to the unpredictability of future assessable profit streams. The unrecognised tax losses included a sum of HK\$1.5 million that will expire during 2018 to 2021 (2015: HK\$1.5 million will expire during 2017 to 2020).

Under the Law of PRC on Enterprise Income Tax, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from 1st January, 2008 onwards. Deferred tax has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC subsidiaries amounting to HK\$788.1 million at the end of the reporting period (2015: HK\$897.8 million). The taxable temporary differences have not been recognised as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

There were no other significant temporary differences that are not recognised arising during the year or at the end of the reporting period.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

27. 遞延税項(續)

於報告期末,本集團之未確認可扣税臨時 差額為5.2百萬港元 (二零一五年:5.3百萬 港元)及可抵銷未來應課税溢利之估計未 動用税項虧損1.993.7百萬港元(二零一五 年:1,809.8百萬港元)。其中就473.5百萬 港元 (二零一五年:398.7百萬港元)之上述 虧損確認遞延税項資產。因未能確定未來 應課税溢利流,故並無確認餘下1.520.2百 萬港元 (二零一五年:1,411.1百萬港元) 虧 損之遞延税項資產。未確認税項虧損包括 將於二零一八年至二零二一年到期之款項 1.5百萬港元 (二零一五年:二零一七年至 二零二零年到期之款項1.5百萬港元)。

根據中國企業所得税法,自二零零八年一 月一日起,須就中國附屬公司所得溢利所 宣派的股息繳納預扣税。於報告期末,並無 就中國附屬公司的累計溢利應佔臨時差額 788.1百萬港元 (二零一五年: 897.8百萬港 元)於綜合財務報表中計提遞延税項撥備。 由於本集團可控制撥回臨時差額之時間, 而臨時差額可能將不會在可見將來撥回, 因此並無確認應課税臨時差額。

年內或於報告期末,並無其他未確認之重 大臨時差額。


截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

28. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE AND OTHER 28. 待出售物業及其他存貨 **INVENTORIES**

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Properties in Hong Kong Freehold property outside Hong Kong Other inventories	於香港之物業 香港境外之永久業權物業 其他存貨	44.1 - 0.3	44.1 135.0 0.1
		44.4	179.2

All the properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

At 31st December, 2016, the Group changed the purpose of the freehold property outside Hong Kong, being a property in the USA, with a carrying amount of HK\$135.1 million (2015: Nil) from the purpose of held for sale to the purpose of held for capital appreciation or rental earning or both and was therefore reclassified as an investment property.

In 2015, the use of certain of the Group's properties previously held for sale with a carrying amount of HK\$119.6 million was changed, evidenced by the properties being rented out under operating leases during that year and were therefore reclassified as investment properties.

At 31st December, 2016, the carrying value of properties held for sale pledged as security of the Group's bank and other borrowings amounted to HK\$44.1 million (2015: HK\$44.1 million).

所有待出售物業按成本與可變現淨值兩者 中較低者入賬。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團將 香港境外之永久業權物業(即一項賬面值 為135.1百萬港元之位於美國之物業)(二 零一五年:無)的用途由待出售變更為持作 資本升值或租金盈利或兩者均有,並因此 已重新分類為投資物業。

於二零一五年,若干本集團之前賬面值為 119.6百萬港元之待出售物業之用途已變 更,有關物業已於該年內按經營租約租出, 並因此已重新分類為投資物業。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,賬面值44.1 百萬港元 (二零一五年:44.1百萬港元)之 待出售物業已抵押,作為本集團銀行及其 他借貸之抵押品。



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

29. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

29. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Secured term loans Unsecured term loans Less: impairment allowance	有抵押有期貸款 無抵押有期貸款 減:減值撥備	2,671.9 393.5 (0.4)	3,129.5 438.9 (95.9)
		3,065.0	3,472.5
Trade receivables – accounts receivable from brokers and clients* Less: impairment allowance	應收貿易賬款-來自 經紀及客戶之應收款項* 減:減值撥備	1,096.4 (0.4)	186.5 (2.7)
		1,096.0	183.8
Guarantee and consultancy fee receivables Payments on behalf of customers** Less: impairment allowance	應收保證費及 顧問費 代客戶付款** 減:減值撥備	1.5 59.4 (56.1)	1.7 21.3 (17.0)
		4.8	6.0
Notes	票據	147.4	242.1
Other receivables Deposits Others	其他應收款項 按金 其他	53.8 65.2	80.5 56.6
		119.0	137.1
Trade and other receivables at amortised cost Prepayments	按攤銷成本之貿易及 其他應收款項 預付款項	4,432.2 46.3 4,478.5	4,041.5 38.5 4,080.0
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current assets Current assets	為呈報目的所作之分析: 非流動資產 流動資產	507.3 3,971.2	1,734.6 2,345.4
		4,478.5	4,080.0
* Subsequent to the year ended 31st Decem		至二零一六年十二月 [1]版經紀款項803.6百	

from brokers of HK\$803.6 million was settled in January 2017.

Payments on behalf of customers represented payments made by the Group to reimburse the beneficiaries of the guarantees ** ("Holders") for losses the Holders incurred because the customers failed to make payments when due in accordance with the term of the corresponding debt instruments. 後,應收經紀款項803.6百萬港元已於二零 一七年一月收取。

代客戶付款指由於客戶未能按照相應債務 工具之期限於到期時支付款項,本集團付款 以向擔保之受益人(「持有人」)償付持有人 由此產生之損失。 **



29. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

The following is an aged analysis of trade and other receivables based on the date of invoice/contract note at the reporting date:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

29. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

以下為於結算日之貿易及其他應收款項根 據發票/合約單據日期作出之賬齡分析:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Less there 21 days	小 达 21 日	26.2	20.1
Less than 31 days	少於31日	36.3	20.1
31 to 60 days	31至60日	7.9	14.1
61 to 90 days	61至90日	6.2	5.6
91 to 180 days	91至180日	1.4	4.4
Over 180 days	180日以上	7.9	13.4
Term loans and trade and other	並無賬齡之有期貸款及貿易	59.7	57.6
receivables without aging*	及其他應收款項*	4,429.4	4,099.5
Less: impairment allowances	減:減值撥備	(56.9)	(115.6)
Trade and other receivables at amortised cost	按攤銷成本之貿易及其他 應收款項	4,432.2	4,041.5
* No aging analysis is disclosed for terr	n loans financing, as, in * 管理	層認為,鑒於有期貸	款融資的業務性

No aging analysis is disclosed for term loans financing, as, in the opinion of the management, the aging analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of the term loans financing business.

埋層認為 質,賬齡分析意義不大,因此並無披露有期 貸款融資之賬齡分析。



29. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

The gross amount of impaired receivables at the reporting date and the movement of impairment allowances during the year were as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

29. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

於結算日有減值應收款項總額及年內減值 撥備之變動如下:

		Trade receivables 應收 貿易賬款 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Term loans 有期貸款 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Margin loans 證券放款 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Other receivables 其他 應收款項 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日					
Gross amount of impaired	有減值應收款項					
receivables	總額	1.8	2.0	-	60.9	64.7
Individually assessed impairment allowances	個別評估減值 撥備 結存承上	(2.7)	(05.0)		(17.0)	(115.6)
Balance brought forward Exchange adjustments	距兑調整	(2.7) 0.2	(95.9)	_	(17.0) 3.1	3.3
Amounts written off	撇銷款項	-	59.7	-	12.7	72.4
Amounts recognised in profit	於損益確認之					
or loss	款項	2.1	35.8	-	(54.9)	(17.0)
Balance carried forward	結存轉下	(0.4)	(0.4)	_	(56.1)	(56.9)
Net carrying amount of impaired receivables	已減值應收款項之賬面 淨值	1.4	1.6		4.8	7.8
At 31st December, 2015 Gross amount of impaired receivables	於二零一五年十二月三十一日 有減值應收款項 總額	3.3	320.4	_	23.0	346.7
Individually assessed impairment allowances	個別評估減值 撥備					
Balance brought forward	結存承上	(14.1)	(4.8)	(119.9)	-	(138.8)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	-	-	0.6	0.6
Amounts written off	撤銷款項	0.1	4.4	9.5	-	14.0
Amounts recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之 款項	2.0	(95.5)		(17.6)	(111.1)
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	2.0 9.3	(95.5)	110.4	(17.0)	119.7
Balance carried forward	結存轉下	(2.7)	(95.9)	-	(17.0)	(115.6)
Net carrying amount of impaired	已減值應收款項之					
receivables	賬面淨值	0.6	224.5	_	6.0	231.1



Less than 31 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days 91 to 180 days Over 180 days

29. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

Impairment loss on trade receivables, term loans and other receivables is recognised in profit or loss after review by the management of the relevant group companies, based on the latest status of trade receivables, term loans and other receivables, and the latest announced or available information about the underlying collateral held.

The following is an aged analysis of the trade and other receivables that were past due at the end of the reporting period but not impaired:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

29. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

經相關集團公司之管理層審視應收貿易賬 款、有期貸款及其他應收款項的情況後(根 據應收貿易賬項、有期貸款及其他應收款 項的最新情況及最新公佈或得到的有關抵 押品的資料)之減值虧損於損益中確認。

以下為於報告期末之已逾期但無減值之貿 易及其他應收款項之賬齡分析:

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
少於31日	10.6	12.4
31至60日	5.2	4.0
61至90日	3.7	5.1
91至180日	2.2	3.8
180日以上	0.1	0.9
	21.8	26.2

The carrying amounts of the trade and other receivables at amortised cost approximate their fair values.

Further details on financial risk management of trade and other receivables are disclosed in note 40.

按攤銷成本計值之貿易及其他應收款項的 賬面值與其公平價值相若。

貿易及其他應收款項之金融風險管理之進 一步詳情載於附註40。



30. AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES AND JOINT

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

VENTURES

(i)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

30. 聯營公司及合營公司欠款

Amounts due from associates

聯營公司欠款 (i)

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Advances Less: impairment allowance	墊款 減:減值撥備	395.5 (17.1)	323.9 (17.1)
		378.4	306.8
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current assets Current assets	為呈報目的所作之分析: 非流動資產 流動資產	257.4 121.0 378.4	73.5 233.3 306.8
Gross amount of impaired advances to associates	聯營公司有減值 墊款總額	17.3	17.3
Individually assessed impairment allowances At 1st January and 31st December	個別評估 減值撥備 於一月一日及 於十二月三十一日	(17.1)	(17.1)
Net carrying amount of impaired advances to associates	聯營公司已減值墊款 賬面淨值	0.2	0.2





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截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

30. AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES (CONT'D)

(ii) Amounts due from joint ventures

(ii) 合營公司欠款

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Advances Less: impairment allowance	墊款 減:減值撥備	11.1	53.3 (39.0)
Analysed for reporting purposes as current assets	為呈報目的分析 為流動資產	11.1	14.3
Gross amount of impaired advances to joint ventures	合營公司有減值 墊款總額		44.1
Individually assessed impairment allowances At 1st January Amounts written off	個別評估 減值撥備 於一月一日 撤銷款項	(39.0) –	(13.7) 13.6
Amounts recognised in profit or loss Disposal of amounts due from joint ventures	於損益確認之 款項 出售合營公司 欠款	(1.0)	(38.9)
At 31st December	於十二月三十一日		(39.0)
Net carrying amount of impaired advances to joint ventures	合營公司已減值 墊款賬面淨值		5.1

The impairment is recognised when there is objective evidence of impairment (such as unsustainable operating loss) after the Group's evaluation of the collectibility of amounts due from associates and joint ventures.

Further details of amounts due from associates and joint ventures are disclosed in note 46.

本集團僅會在評估聯營公司及合營公司欠 款之可收回度並發現有客觀證據(例如持 續經營虧損)顯示有減值時方會確認減值。

聯營公司及合營公司欠款之進一步詳情載 於附註46。

^{30.} 聯營公司及合營公司欠款(續)

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31. BANK DEPOSITS, CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 31. 銀行存款、現金及現金等價物

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
ank balances and cash ixed deposits with banks with a term	銀行結餘及現金 於三個月內到期之 知伝完期友勤	2,585.6	3,146.2
within 3 months Cash and cash equivalents ixed deposits with banks with a term	銀行定期存款 現金及現金等價物 於四至十二個月內到期之	3,710.5	3,779.8
between 4 to 12 months	银行定期存款	1,257.7 7,553.8	1,501.4

The carrying amounts of bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents approximate their fair values.

Further details on financial risk management of bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents are disclosed in note 40.

32. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

銀行存款、現金及現金等價物之賬面值與 其公平價值相若。

銀行存款、現金及現金等價物之金融風險 管理之進一步詳情載於附註40。

32. 貿易及其他應付款項

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Accounts payable to brokers and clients Deposit received Other accounts payable	應付經紀及客戶賬款 已收按金 其他應付賬款	4.8 2.0 175.0	19.8 _ 144.4
Trade and other payables at amortised cost Accrued staff costs and other accrued expenses	按攤銷成本之貿易及 其他應付款項 應付員工成本及其他 應計費用	181.8 195.1	164.2 207.9
·		376.9	372.1

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

32. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONT'D)

The following is an aged analysis of the trade and other payables based on the date of invoice/contract note at the reporting date:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

32. 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

以下為於結算日之貿易及其他應付款項根 據發票/合約單據日期作出之賬齡分析:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Less than 31 days	少於31日	43.1	70.8
31 to 60 days	31至60日	9.4	9.1
61 to 90 days	61至90日	8.5	7.2
91 to 180 days	91至180日	1.8	0.2
Over 180 days	180日以上	0.9	0.6
Accrued staff costs, other accrued expenses and other payables	並無賬齡之應付員工成本、 其他應計費用及	63.7	87.9
without aging	其他應付款項	313.2	284.2
		376.9	372.1

The carrying amounts of the trade and other payables at amortised cost approximate their fair values.

按攤銷成本計值之貿易及其他應付款項賬 面值與其公平價值相若。

33. SHARE CAPITAL

33. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	Value 價值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Issued and fully paid: At 1st January, 2015 Shares repurchased and cancelled	已發行及繳足: 於二零一五年一月一日 購回及註銷股份	183,342,118 (5,090,000)	2,221.7
At 31st December, 2015 and 1st January, 2016 Shares repurchased and cancelled	於二零一五年十二月三十一日 及二零一六年一月一日 購回及註銷股份	178,252,118 (1,432,000)	2,221.7
At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	176,820,118	2,221.7

During the year, the Company repurchased 1,432,000 shares (2015: 5,090,000 shares) of the Company through purchases on the Stock Exchange at an aggregate consideration of HK\$57.3 million (2015: HK\$193.7 million). All the shares were cancelled after the repurchases.

Further details of the repurchase of shares are disclosed in the section "Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Shares" in the Directors' Report of this annual report.

年內,本公司透過於聯交所購買,已回 購1,432,000股自身股份(二零一五年: 5,090,000股),總代價約為57.3百萬港元 (二零一五年:193.7百萬港元)。所有股份 於回購後已註銷。

有關回購股份的進一步詳情載於本年報董 事會報告「購回、出售或贖回股份」一節。



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

34. ANALYSIS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (EXPENSES)

34. 其他全面收益(費用)之分析

				e to owners of th 本公司股東應佔			Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	
		Property revaluation reserve 物業 重估儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Investment revaluation 好資 重估儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Capital and other reserves 資本及 其他儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Share of net assets of subsidiaries 應佔 附屬公司 淨資產 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
For the year ended 31st December,	截至二零一六年							
2016 Available-for-sale financial assets	十二月三十一日止年度 可供出售金融資產	-	(22.5)	-	-	-	(1.3)	(23.8)
Reclassification adjustment on disposal of subsidiaries	於附屬公司出售時 重新分類調整	-	-	(0.1)	-	-	-	(0.1)
Transfer of revaluation surplus upon disposal of subsidiaries	於附屬公司出售時 轉撥重估盈餘	-	(4.3)	-	-	4.3	-	-
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	折昇两外兼務賬項而産生之 匯兑差額 應佔聯營公司其他全面收益	-	0.1	(123.8)	-	-	(368.0)	(491.7)
Share of other comprehensive income (expenses) of associates	(費用)	-	(99.7)	(310.4)	14.9	-	(134.1)	(529.3)
Share of other comprehensive income (expenses) of joint ventures	應佔合營公司其他全面收益 (費用)		(0.6)	(2.0)	0.3	-	(1.5)	(3.8)
		-	(127.0)	(436.3)	15.2	4.3	(504.9)	(1,048.7)
For the year ended 31st December,	截至二零一五年 十二月三十一日止年度							
2015 Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	-	(12.0)	-	-	-	(5.5)	(17.5)
Reclassification adjustment on disposal of subsidiaries	於附屬公司出售時 重新分類調整	-	(3.0)	(0.7)	-	-	(5.4)	(9.1)
Reclassification adjustment on liquidation of a joint venture	重新分類調整	-	-	(0.4)	-	-	(0.7)	(1.1)
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Revaluation gain on properties	折昇两外兼務賬項而産生之 匯兑差額 物業重估收益	- 45.6	(0.2)	(82.2)	-	-	(264.7) 65.7	(347.1) 111.3
Share of other comprehensive income 應 應	應佔聯營公司其他全面收益 (費用)	45.0	43.4	(322.7)	_	0.3	(93.2)	(372.2)
Share of other comprehensive income (expenses) of joint ventures	應佔合營公司其他全面 收益(費用)	_	1.0	(1.4)	0.5	- 0.5	(95.2)	1.3
(expenses) or joint rentarce	(A.m. 1 54/147	45.6	29.2	(407.4)	0.5	0,3	(302.6)	(634.4)
		45.6	29.2	(40/.4)	0.5	0.3	(302.6)	(634.4)

35. RESERVES

35. 儲備

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Property revaluation reserve Investment revaluation reserve Translation reserve Non-distributable reserve Capital and other reserves Accumulated profits Dividend reserve	物業重估儲備 投資重估儲備 匯兑儲備 非供派發儲備 資本及其他儲備 累計溢利 股息儲備	244.4 176.0 (294.9) 55.2 31.5 18,997.3 327.1 19,536.6	244.4 303.0 133.8 55.2 15.4 16,085.4 285.2 17,122.4



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

36. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

36. 銀行及其他借貸

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Bank loans Other borrowings	銀行貸款 其他借貸	5,553.3 59.0	6,848.1 35.0
		5,612.3	6,883.1
Analysed as: Secured Unsecured	列為: 有抵押 無抵押	840.8 4,771.5	584.4 6,298.7
		5,612.3	6,883.1
Bank loans are repayable as follows: On demand or within one year	銀行貸款償還期限如下: 要求時償還或一年內	2,054.9	1,995.1
More than one year but not exceeding two years More than two years but not exceeding	一年以上但不超過 兩年 兩年以上但不超過	1,753.4	2,240.9
five years Bank loans with a repayment on	M 中以上但不超過 五年 具有按要求償還條文之	1,074.2	2,027.7
demand clause are repayable as follows:	銀行貸款償還 期限如下:		
Within one year More than one year but not exceeding	一年內一年以上但不超過	210.8	73.2
two years More than two years but not exceeding	兩年	450.8	65.2
five years	五年	9.2	446.0
		5,553.3	6,848.1
Other borrowings are repayable as follows:	其他借貸之償還期限 如下:		
Within one year Over five years	一年內超過五年	24.0 35.0	35.0
		59.0	35.0
		5,612.3	6,883.1
Less: Amount repayable within one year shown under current liabilities	減:須於一年內償還及列 於流動負債之款項	(2,749.7)	(2,579.5)
Amount due after one year	一年後到期之款項	2,862.6	4,303.6

36. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

The Group's bank loans and other borrowings that are denominated in currencies other than Hong Kong dollars are set out below:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

36. 銀行及其他借貸(續)

本集團以港元以外之貨幣列值之銀行貸款 及其他借貸列載如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
stralian dollar dollar	澳元 美元	24.1 424.8	_ 451.5
		448.9	451.5

Further details on financial risk management of bank and other borrowings are disclosed in note 40.

Details of the assets of the Group pledged to secure bank and other borrowings are set out in note 45.

The carrying amounts of the bank and other borrowings approximate their fair values.

37. NOTES

Aus US

> 銀行及其他借貸之金融風險管理之進一步 詳情載於附註40。

> 本集團為銀行及其他借貸抵押之資產詳情 載於附註45。

> 銀行及其他借貸之賬面值與其公平價值相 若。

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37. 票據

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
US dollar denominated notes ("US\$ Note") 6.375% US dollar denominated notes	美元票據 (「美元票據」) 於二零一七年九月到期之		
maturing in September 2017 ("6.375% Notes") 3% US dollar denominated notes maturing in December 2017	6.375%美元票據 (「6.375%票據」) 於二零一七年十二月到期之 3%美元票據	1,777.9	2,270.0
("3% Notes")4.75% US dollar denominated notes maturing in May 2021	(「3%票據」) 於二零二一年五月到期之 4.75%美元票據	464.5	459.6
("4.75% Notes")	(「4.75%票據」)	2,225.5	_
Renminbi denominated notes ("RMB Notes") 6.9% Renminbi denominated notes	人民幣票據 (「人民幣票據」) 於二零一八年五月到期之		
maturing in May 2018 ("6.9% Notes")	6.9%人民幣票據 (「6.9%票據」)	549.9	587.0
		5,017.8	3,316.6
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	為呈報目的所作之分析:		70.0
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動負債 非流動負債	2,261.6 2,756.2	73.2 3,243.4
		5,017.8	3,316.6



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Cont'd)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

37. NOTES (CONT'D)

The US\$ Notes were issued by Sun Hung Kai & Co. (BVI) Limited, a subsidiary of SHK, under a US\$2 billion guaranteed medium term note programme. The US\$ Notes are guaranteed by SHK. The 6.375% Notes are listed on the Stock Exchange and are issued to professional investors only as described in the pricing supplement dated 17th September, 2012 and the offering circular dated 13th June, 2012.

During the year, the Group purchased part of the 6.375% Notes with a total nominal value of US\$9.7 million (2015: US\$19.4 million) from the market at a consideration of HK\$81.7 million (2015: HK\$153.5 million). In May 2016, the Group made an exchange offer for the exchange of the 6.375% Notes with the 4.75% Notes at an exchange ratio of 1.05375, and for its general corporate funding purposes. The holders of the 6.375% Notes with a nominal value of US\$115.5 million (including intra-group holdings of US\$61.2 million) accepted the exchange offer to exchange for the 4.75% Notes with a nominal value of US\$121.6 million (including intra-group holdings of US\$64.4 million). In addition, the Group issued new 4.75% Notes with a nominal value of US\$240.0 million at par, of which US\$4.0 million was subscribed by a subsidiary of the Group.

The 4.75% Notes are listed on the Stock Exchange and are issued to professional investors only. The 4.75% Notes are guaranteed by SHK. The nominal value of the 4.75% Notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings was US\$290.2 million or equivalent to HK\$2,250.3 million at the reporting date. The fair value of the 4.75% Notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings based on the price quoted from pricing service at the reporting date was HK\$2,273.8 million which was categorised as level 2.

The nominal value of the 6.375% Notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings was US\$225.8 million or equivalent to HK\$1,751.8 million (2015: US\$289.8 million or equivalent to HK\$2,246.0 million) at the reporting date. The fair value of the 6.375% Notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings based on the price quoted from pricing service at the reporting date was HK\$1,810.1 million (2015: HK\$2,383.4 million) which was categorised as level 2.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

37. 票據(續)

新鴻基之附屬公司Sun Hung Kai & Co. (BVI) Limited根據20億美元擔保中期票據發行計 劃發行了美元票據。美元票據由新鴻基擔 保。6.375%票據於聯交所上市,並如二零 一二年九月十七日的定價補充文件及二零 一二年六月十三日的發售通函所述,僅向 專業投資者發行。

年內,本集團以代價81.7百萬港元(二零 一五年:153.5百萬港元)在市場購入總面 值為9.7百萬美元(二零一五年:19.4百萬 美元)之部分6.375%票據。於二零一六年 五月,本集團作出按交換比率1.05375將 6.375%票據交換為4.75%票據之交換要 約,作為一般公司資金用途。面值為115.5 百萬美元(包括集團間持有之61.2百萬美 元)之6.375%票據持有者接納交換為面值 121.6百萬美元(包括集團間持有之64.4百 萬美元)之4.75%票據之交換要約。此外, 本集團亦已按票面值發行面值240.0百萬美 元之新4.75%票據,其中4.0百萬美元由本 集團一間附屬公司認購。

4.75%票據已於聯交所上市並僅向專業投資 者發行。4.75%票據由新鴻基擔保。於結算 日,經扣除集團間持有之票據後,4.75%票 據之面值為290.2百萬美元或相當於2,250.3 百萬港元。於結算日,經扣除集團間持有之 票據後,根據定價服務所報價格,4.75%票 據之公平價值為2,273.8百萬港元,分類為 第二級。

於結算日,經扣除集團間持有之票據後, 6.375%票據之面值為225.8百萬美元或相當 於1,751.8百萬港元(二零一五年:289.8百 萬美元或相當於2,246.0百萬港元)。於結算 日,經扣除集團間持有之票據後,根據定價 服務所報價格,6.375%票據之公平價值為 1,810.1百萬港元(二零一五年:2,383.4百 萬港元),分類為第二級。 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Cont'd) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2016

37. NOTES (CONT'D)

The nominal value of the 3% Notes was US\$60.0 million or equivalent to HK\$465.3 million (2015: US\$60.0 million or equivalent to HK\$465.0 million) at the reporting date. The fair value of the 3% Notes measured by discounted cash flow approach at the reporting date was HK\$459.6 million (2015: HK\$462.5 million) which was categorised as level 2.

The RMB Notes were issued by UA Finance (BVI) Limited, a subsidiary of SHK, under a US\$3 billion medium term note programme. The RMB Notes are unsecured and guaranteed by a non-wholly owned subsidiary.

The nominal value of the 6.9% Notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings was RMB488.0 million or equivalent to HK\$544.9 million (2015: RMB488.0 million or equivalent to HK\$582.4 million) at the reporting date. The fair value of the 6.9% Notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings based on the price quoted from pricing service at the reporting date was HK\$570.4 million (2015: HK\$587.0 million) which was categorised as level 2.

38. PROVISIONS

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

37. 票據(續)

於結算日,3%票據之面值為60.0百萬美 元或相當於465.3百萬港元 (二零一五年: 60.0百萬美元或相當於465.0百萬港元)。 於結算日,3%票據以折現現金流方法所計 量之公平價值為459.6百萬港元(二零一五 年:462.5百萬港元),分類為第二級。

人民幣票據由新鴻基之附屬公司UA Finance (BVI) Limited, 根據30億美元中期票 據發行計劃發行。人民幣票據為無抵押及 由一間非全資附屬公司作擔保。

於結算日,經扣除集團間持有之票據後, 6.9%票據之面值為人民幣488.0百萬元或相 當於544.9百萬港元 (二零一五年:人民幣 488.0百萬元或相當於582.4百萬港元)。於 結算日,經扣除集團間持有之票據後,根據 定價服務所報價格, 6.9%票據之公平價值 為570.4百萬港元 (二零一五年:587.0百萬 港元),分類為第二級。

38. 撥備

		Employee benefits 僱員福利 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Others 其他 HK\$ Million	總計 HK\$ Million
At 1st January, 2016 Exchange adjustments Additional provisions for the year Acquisition of subsidiaries Amount written back Amount paid during the year	於二零一六年一月一日 匯兑調整 年內額外撥備 收購附屬公司 撥回金額 年內已付款項	25.0 40.0 1.9 (2.4 (20.3	(0.6 6.0 0.7) –) (0.6) 46.0
At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年 十二月三十一日	44.2	15.1	59.3
			2016 :零一六年 K\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	為呈報目的所作之分析: 流動負債 非流動負債		56.4 2.9	32.6
			59.3	34.0



39. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts (which include bank and other borrowings and notes) and equity attributable to owners of the Company comprising issued share capital and reserves.

Gearing ratio

The Group's management reviews the capital structure on an ongoing basis using gearing ratio, which is the net debt divided by equity. Net debt includes the Group's bank and other borrowings and notes less bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents. The equity comprises all components of the equity attributable to owners of the Company.

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

39. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本旨在透過優化債權平衡, 確保本集團屬下各公司能持續經營並給予 股東最高回報。本集團的整體策略與上年 度保持不變。

本集團的資本架構包括債務(包括銀行及 其他借貸及票據)及本公司股東應佔權益 (包括已發行股本及儲備)。

資本負債比率

本集團管理層運用資本負債比率(即債務 淨額除以權益)持續檢討資本架構。債務淨 額包括本集團的銀行及其他借貸及票據減 銀行存款與現金及現金等價物。權益包括 本公司股東應佔權益之各個組成部分。

於報告期末之資本負債比率如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Bank and other borrowings Notes	銀行及其他借貸 票據	5,612.3 5,017.8	6,883.1 3,316.6
Less: Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents	減:銀行存款、現金及 現金等價物	10,630.1 (7,553.8)	10,199.7 (8,427.4)
Net debt	債務淨額	3,076.3	1,772.3
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司股東 應佔權益	21,758.3	19,344.1
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	14.1%	9.2%



40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk is inherent in the financial service business and sound risk management is a cornerstone of prudent and successful financial practice. The Group acknowledges that a balance must be achieved between risks control and business growth. The principal financial risks inherent in the Group's business are market risk (includes equity risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's risk management objective is to enhance shareholders' value while retaining exposure within acceptable thresholds. Risk management is managed and controlled through relevant group companies.

The Group's risk management governance structure is designed to cover all business activities and to ensure all relevant risk classes are properly managed and controlled by relevant group companies. The Group has adopted a sound risk management and organisational structure equipped with comprehensive policies and procedures which are reviewed regularly and enhanced when necessary in response to changes in markets, the Group's operating environment and business strategies. The Group's relevant independent control functions play an important role in the provision of assurance to the relevant board of directors and senior management that a sound internal risk management mechanism is implemented, maintained and adhered to.

(a) Market Risk

Equity Risk (i)

There are many asset classes available for investment in the marketplace. One of the Group's key business undertakings is investing in equity and is concentrated in the investment and finance operating segment. Market risk arising from any equity investments is driven by the daily fluctuations in market prices or fair values. The ability to mitigate such risk depends on the availability of any hedging instruments and the diversification level of the investment portfolios undertaken by the segment. More importantly, the knowledge and experience of the trading staff of the segment managing the risk are also vital to ensure exposure is being properly hedged and rebalanced in the most timely manner. Proprietary trading across the segment is subject to limits approved by the senior management of the relevant group companies. Valuation of these instruments is measured on a "mark-to-market" and "mark-to-fair value" basis depending on whether they are listed or unlisted. Value at Risk ("VaR") and stress tests are employed in the assessment of risk. Meanwhile other non-VaR limits such as "maximum loss" and "position" limits are also set out to restrict excessive risk undertakings. VaR and stress tests are approaches which are widely used in the financial industry as tools to quantify risk by combining the size of a position and the extent of a potential market movement into a potential financial impact.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

40. 金融風險管理

金融服務業本身存在風險,因此訂立一個 妥善的風險管理制度,是企業審慎而成功 的做法。本集團深信風險管理與業務增長 兩者同樣重要。本集團的業務存在的主要 金融風險為市場風險(包括股票風險、利率 風險及外匯風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風 險。本集團的風險管理目標是將所面對的 風險局限於可接受水平內之餘,同時致力 提高股東價值。風險管理乃透過相關集團 公司管理及監控。

本集團的風險管治架構旨在涵蓋所有業務 活動,以確保所有有關風險類別已由相關 集團公司妥為管理及監控。本集團已採納 一個妥善的風險管理與組織架構,並附有 完善的政策及程序,有關政策及程序會定 期進行檢討,並在有需要時因應市場、本集 團經營環境及業務策略之變動而加強。本 集團的有關獨立監控職能擔任重要職務, 向相關董事會及高級管理層確保實施、維 持及遵守穩健的內部風險管理機制。

(a) 市場風險

股票風險 (i) 市場內有不少可供投資的資產類 別,而本集團所進行之主要業務 之一為股票投資並集中於投資及 金融業務分部。任何股票投資所 產生之市場風險皆因每日市價或 公平價值波動而起,緩和該等風 險的能力視乎有否預備任何對沖 工具及分部所擁有投資組合的分 散程度。更重要的是,分部進行 交易之員工必須擁有管理風險 的知識及經驗,確保風險在最適 當的時機下獲妥善對沖及重整。 分部之自營買賣活動須受有關集 團公司之高級管理層審批之限額 限制,並視乎該等工具為上市或 非上市按「市場價格」及「公平價 格」計算價值。評估風險時會使 用風險值(「風險值」)及壓力測 試。同時,亦設定其他非風險值 限額如「虧蝕上限」及「持倉」限 額以限制所面對的超限風險。風 險值及壓力測試獲金融業廣泛使 用,透過結合持倉之規模及潛在 市場變化對財務產生之潛在影 響,作為量化風險的工具。

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(i) Equity Risk (Cont'd)

The Group's market-making and proprietary trading positions and their financial performance are reported daily to the relevant senior management of the group companies in the segment for review. Relevant internal audit also performs regular checks to ensure there is adequate compliance in accordance with the established market risk limits and guidelines.

The table below summarises the overall financial impact on the Group arising from market movements in global equity indices. The analysis is based on the assumption that equity indices move $\pm 20\%$ with all other variables being held constant and all equity instruments undertaken by the Group moving simultaneously. Declines in the indices are expressed as negatives.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

40. 金融風險管理(續)

- (a) 市場風險(續)
 - (i) 股票風險(續) 本集團所有營造市場活動及自營 買賣活動持倉狀況及財務表現, 均每日匯報予分部內集團公司之 相關高級管理層以供審閱。相關 內部審核部門亦會作出定期審 查,確保充分遵守既訂市場風險 限額及指引。

下表概述環球股市指數變動對本 集團的整體財務影響。該分析乃 假設股市指數上下波幅為20%, 所有其他變數保持不變,而本集 團的所有權益工具隨之變動。指 數下降以負數表示。

		於	At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日		At 31st December, 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日				
				Potential	impact			Potential i	impact
		Potential in	pact on	on other co	mponents	Potential in	npact on	on other components	
		profit or loss f	or the year	of equ	uity	profit or loss t	for the year	of equ	iity
		本年度損	本年度損益賬之 權益其他部分之		部分之	本年度損益賬之		權益其他部分之	
		潛在景	潛在影響 潛在影響		影響	潛在影響		潛在影響	
		20%	-20%	20%	-20%	20%	-20%	20%	-20%
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		Million	Million	Million	Million	Million	Million	Million	Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Local Index	本地指數	441.2	(450.2)	101.0	(101.0)	418.1	(463.7)	25.1	(25.1)
Overseas Index	海外指數	815.8	(881.8)	12.8	(12.8)	676.9	(784.1)	7.9	(7.9)

There is no material financial impact in the form of profit before taxation for the year for the Group arising from market movements in the global equity indices. Futures, options and knock-out options are hedged by other derivatives in view of the volatile markets and wide trading ranges. 環球股市指數變動對本集團本年 度的除税前溢利並無重大財務影 響。鑒於市場波動及交易範圍廣 泛,期貨、期權及限價期權以其 他衍生工具對沖。

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

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(ii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of loss due to changes in interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk exposure arises predominantly from term financing in the investment and finance segment and loans and advances to consumer finance customers in consumer finance segment and bank and other borrowings. Interest spreads are managed with the objective of maximising spreads to ensure consistency with liquidity and funding obligations.

At 31st December, 2016, assuming that market interest rates moved by ± 50 basis points (2015: ± 50 basis points), the profit before taxation for the year for the Group would have been HK\$4.6 million lower or HK\$5.5 million higher respectively (2015: HK\$6.7 million lower or HK\$6.1 million higher respectively). Assets and liabilities bearing interest below 50 basis points are excluded from 50 basis points downward movement.

The exposures of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) bearing variable interest rate to cash flow interest rate risks and the earlier of their contractual repricing dates and contractual maturity dates are as follows: 綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

40. 金融風險管理(續)

(a) 市場風險(續) (ii) 利率風險 利率風險為利率變動所引致虧損 之風險。本集團的利率風險主要 來自投資及金融分部之有期放款 以及私人財務分部之私人財務客 戶貸款及墊款以及銀行及其他借 貸。本集團管理息差,目的在於 盡量令息差符合資金之流動性及 需求。

> 於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 倘市場利率之變動為加減50個 點子(二零一五年:加減50個點 子),則本集團於本年度的除税前 溢利將分別下降4.6百萬港元或上 升5.5百萬港元(二零一五年:分 別下降6.7百萬港元或上升6.1百 萬港元)。減少50個點子之變動 不包括利率低於50個點子之資產 及負債。

> 本集團按浮動利率計息的金融資 產(負債)面對現金流利率風險, 而其合約重新定價日及合約到期 日中較早者如下:

		On demand or less than 3 months 按要求償還 或少於3個月 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	3 months to 1 year 3個月至1年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	1 year to 5 years 1年至5年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Over 5 years 5年以上 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 31st December, 2016 Loans and advances to consumer finance customers Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents Bank borrowings	於二零一六年十二月三十一日 私人財務客戶貸款及 墊款 銀行存款、現金及現金等價物 銀行借貸	684.5 2,004.3 (5,403.4)	(5.0)	(145.0)	- - -	684.5 2,004.3 (5,553.4)
At 31st December, 2015 Loans and advances to consumer finance customers Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents Bank borrowings	於二零一五年十二月三十一日 私人財務客戶貸款及 墊款 銀行存款、現金及現金等價物 銀行借貸	981.9 2,395.3 (6,848.1)	- - -	- - -	- - -	981.9 2,395.3 (6,848.1)

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40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(ii) Interest Rate Risk (Cont'd)

The exposures of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) bearing fixed interest rate to fair value interest rate risks and the earlier of their contractual repricing dates and contractual maturity dates are as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

40. 金融風險管理(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險(續) 本集團按固定利率計息的金融資 產(負債)面對公平價值利率風 險,而其合約重新定價日及合約 到期日中較早者如下:

At 31st December, 2016 $\dot{R}=\bar{q}-\bar{\gamma}E\bar{q}+=\bar{I}=\bar{I}=\bar{I}=\bar{I}=\bar{I}$ $-$ 44.1 $ -$ 44.1 Amounts due from associates $\bar{R}\Delta\bar{y}\bar{R}\bar{s}\bar{p}$ $\bar{R}\Delta\bar{y}\bar{R}\bar{s}\bar{s}\bar{p}$ $\bar{L}\bar{y}\bar{R}\bar{s}\bar{s}\bar{p}$ $\bar{L}\bar{y}\bar{R}\bar{s}\bar{s}\bar{s}\bar{s}\bar{s}\bar{s}\bar{s}\bar{s}\bar{s}s$			On demand or less than 3 months 按要求償還 或少於3個月 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	3 months to 1 year 3個月至1年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	1 year to 5 years 1年至5年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Over 5 years 5年以上 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Amounts due from associates 聯曹公司欠款 - 44.1 - - 44.1 Loans and advances to \overline{A} \overline{V} \overline{B} \overline{B} \overline{B} \overline{D} \overline{D} \overline{A} \overline{D} \overline{A} \overline{D} \overline{D} \overline{B} \overline{D} \overline{B} \overline{D}	At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日					
consumer finance customers $\Delta B \pm N$ $2,113.6$ $3,434.3$ $1,952.6$ 88.4 $7,588.9$ Debt securities included in $\exists \Lambda \Box H \pm \Delta B \oplus B \oplus E^{2}$ $\exists \Lambda \Box H \pm \Delta B \oplus B \oplus E^{2}$ $available-for-sale financial assets \exists R \oplus B \oplus F available-for-sale financial assets \exists R \oplus B \oplus F available-for-sale financial assets \exists R \oplus B \oplus F^{2} \oplus E^{2} $	Amounts due from associates	聯營公司欠款	-	44.1	-	-	44.1
available-for-sale financial assets Bonds included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 度理之金融資產之債券 有期貸款 Term loans $ 278.7$ 8.7 287.4 Bonds included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss receivables $=$ $=$ $ -$ <td>consumer finance customers</td> <td>及墊款</td> <td>2,113.6</td> <td>3,434.3</td> <td>1,952.6</td> <td>88.4</td> <td>7,588.9</td>	consumer finance customers	及墊款	2,113.6	3,434.3	1,952.6	88.4	7,588.9
fair value through profit or loss處理之金融資產之債券 有期貸款 計入貿易及其他應收款項 receivables390.8211.8456.8-1,059.4Term loans有期貸款 計入貿易及其他應收款項 receivables計入貿易及其他應收款項 之票據147.4-147.4Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents銀行存款、現金及現金等價物 聚據147.4-147.4K 31st December, 2015於二零一五年十二月三十一日 杯 31st December, 2015於二零一五年十二月三十一日 私人財務客戶貸款及 前ance customers-44.844.8Loans and advances to consumer valuable-for-sale financial assets債務證券 債務證券-127.08.817.7153.5Bonds included in value through profit or loss之金融資產之債券 之金融資產之債券602.0246.0848.0Term loans有期貸款225.51,284.61,962.4-3,472.5	available-for-sale financial assets	債務證券	-	-	278.7	8.7	287.4
Term loans $f \# g \$$ 540.8 $2,180.5$ 343.7 $ 3,065.0$ Notes included in trade and other receivables $2 = \# \$$ $2 = \# \$$ $ -$			390.8	211.8	456.8	_	1.059.4
receivables之票據147.4-147.4Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents Notes銀行存款、現金及現金等價物 票據4,457.1711.55,168.6(48.3)(2,214.1)(2,751.7)-(5,014.1)At 31st December, 2015於二零一五年十二月三十一日 漸登公司欠款-44.844.8Loans and advances to consumer私人財務客戶貸款及 暫款-44.844.8Debt securities included in infinancial assets前入可供出售金融資產之 之金融資產之債券-127.08.817.7153.5Bonds included in financial assets value through profit or loss之金融資產之債券 之金融資產之債券602.0246.0848.0Term loans有期貸款225.51,284.61,962.4-3,472.5	• •					-	
Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents 銀行存款、現金及現金等價物 4,457.1 711.5 - - 5,168.6 Notes 票據 4,457.1 711.5 - - 5,168.6 At 31st December, 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 - - 44.8 - - 44.8 Loans and advances to consumer 私人財務客戶貸款及 - 44.8 - - 44.8 Debt securities included in 計入可供出售金融資產之 2,759.6 3,098.9 1,853.6 128.0 7,840.1 Debt securities included in financial assets 債務證券 - 127.0 8.8 17.7 153.5 Bonds included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - 2 - 602.0 246.0 848.0 Term loans 有期貸款 225.5 1,284.6 1,962.4 - 3,472.5 Notes included in trade and other 計入貿易及其他應收款項 - - 602.0 246.0 848.0							
Notes 票據 (48.3) (2,214.1) (2,751.7) - (5,014.1) At 31st December, 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日					147.4	-	
Amounts due from associates聯營公司欠款-44.844.8Loans and advances to consumer私人財務客戶貸款及ス/59.63,098.91,853.6128.07,840.1finance customers整款2,759.63,098.91,853.6128.07,840.1Debt securities included in計入可供出售金融資產之-127.08.817.7153.5Bonds included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss之金融資產之債券602.0246.0848.0Term loans有期貸款225.51,284.61,962.4-3,472.5Notes included in trade and other計入貿易及其他應收款項			,		(2,751.7)	-	,
Amounts due from associates聯營公司欠款-44.844.8Loans and advances to consumer私人財務客戶貸款及ス/59.63,098.91,853.6128.07,840.1finance customers整款2,759.63,098.91,853.6128.07,840.1Debt securities included in計入可供出售金融資產之-127.08.817.7153.5Bonds included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss之金融資產之債券602.0246.0848.0Term loans有期貸款225.51,284.61,962.4-3,472.5Notes included in trade and other計入貿易及其他應收款項							
Loans and advances to consumer私人財務客戶貸款及finance customers墊款2,759.63,098.91,853.6128.07,840.1Debt securities included in計入可供出售金融資產之available-for-sale financial assets債務證券-127.08.817.7153.5Bonds included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss之金融資產之債券602.0246.0848.0Term loans有期貸款225.51,284.61,962.4-3,472.5Notes included in trade and other計入貿易及其他應收款項							
finance customers整款2,759.63,098.91,853.6128.07,840.1Debt securities included in available-for-sale financial assets債務證券-127.08.817.7153.5Bonds included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss之金融資產之債券602.0246.0848.0Term loans有期貸款225.51,284.61,962.4-3,472.5Notes included in trade and other計入貿易及其他應收款項			-	44.8	-	-	44.8
Debt securities included in available-for-sale financial assets Bonds included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss計入透過損益賬按公平價值處理 之金融資產之債券-127.08.817.7153.5Call Call Call Call Call Call Call Call			2 750 6	3 008 0	1 853 6	128.0	7 8/0 1
available-for-sale financial assets債務證券-127.08.817.7153.5Bonds included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss計入透過損益賬按公平價值處理602.0246.0848.0Term loans有期貸款225.51,284.61,962.4-3,472.5Notes included in trade and other計入貿易及其他應收款項3,472.5			2,739.0	5,090.9	1,000.0	120.0	7,040.1
value through profit or loss 之金融資產之債券 - - 602.0 246.0 848.0 Term loans 有期貸款 225.5 1,284.6 1,962.4 - 3,472.5 Notes included in trade and other 計入貿易及其他應收款項 - 3,472.5			-	127.0	8.8	17.7	153.5
Term loans有期貸款225.51,284.61,962.4-3,472.5Notes included in trade and other計入貿易及其他應收款項	Bonds included in financial assets at fair						
Notes included in trade and other 計入貿易及其他應收款項	value through profit or loss		-	-	602.0	246.0	848.0
			225.5	1,284.6	1,962.4	-	3,472.5
				242.4			242.4
Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents 27,33 - - - 242.1 - - 242.1 Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents 銀行存款、現金及現金等價物 4,194.4 1,091.8 - 5,286.2			4 104 4		-	-	
Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents 新行行家 先並及先並守貨物 4,194.4 1,091.6 5,200.2 Notes 票據 (66.5) (6.7) (3,243.4) - (3,316.6)					(3,243.4)	_	

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(iii) Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk to earnings or capital arising from movements in foreign exchange rates.

The Group's foreign exchange risk primarily arises from currency exposures originating from proprietary trading positions, and loans and advances denominated in foreign currencies, mainly in Australian dollars, Japanese yen, Malaysian ringgit, New Taiwan dollars, Singapore dollars, Renminbi and Thai Baht. Foreign exchange risk is managed and monitored by senior management of the relevant group companies. The risk arises from open currency positions are subject to management approved limits and are monitored and reported daily.

At 31st December, 2016, assuming that the foreign exchange rates moved $\pm 5\%$ (2015: $\pm 5\%$) with all other variables held constant, the profit before taxation for the year for the Group would have been HK\$7.5 million higher/lower (2015: HK\$21.9 million higher/lower).

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

40. 金融風險管理(續)

(a) 市場風險(續) (iii) 外匯風險 外匯風險乃外幣匯率變動對盈利 或資本造成之風險。

> 本集團之外匯風險主要來自自營 買賣活動持倉狀況及以外幣列值 之貸款及墊款,主要為澳元、日 圓、馬來西亞林吉特、新台幣、新 加坡元、人民幣及泰銖。外匯風 險由有關集團公司高級管理層作 出管理及監察。就外幣未平倉合 約產生之外匯風險須受由管理層 審批之限額限制,並須每日受其 監控及向其匯報。

> 於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 假設外幣匯率上下波幅為5%(二 零一五年:上下波幅為5%),所 有其他變數保持不變,則本集團 於本年度之除税前溢利將上升/ 下降7.5百萬港元(二零一五年: 上升/下降21.9百萬港元)。



40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the failure of a customer or counterparty to meet settlement obligations. As long as the Group lends, trades and deals with third parties, there will be credit risk exposure.

The Group's credit procedures, governed by the relevant executive committee of the relevant group companies, sets out the credit approval processes and monitoring procedures, which are established in accordance with sound business practices.

The table below shows the maximum exposure to and concentration of credit risk. The maximum exposure is shown in gross value before the effect of mitigation through the use of collateral agreements. The percentage figure next to the gross value reflects its concentration. 綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

40. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險 客戶或交易對手未能履行交收責任, 將導致信貸風險。一旦本集團借款予 第三方,並與之交易及買賣,即會有信 貸風險。

> 本集團信貸程序(受相關集團公司有 關執行委員會規管)詳列信貸審批及 監管程序。該等程序乃按照完善的商 業慣例而訂定。

> 下表載列最高信貸風險及集中程度。 最高風險以總值顯示,並未計及使用 抵押協議減少風險的影響。總值旁的 百分比數字反映其集中程度。

		2016 二零一六年		2015 二零一王	ī年
		HK\$ Million 百萬港元	%	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	%
Maximum credit exposure Loans and advances to consumer finance	最高信貸風險 私人財務客戶貸款及				
customers	墊款	8,273.4	35%	8,822.0	37%
Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents	銀行存款、現金及現金等價物	7,553.8	32%	8,427.4	35%
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	4,432.2	19%	4,041.5	17%
Loan commitments Bonds included in financial assets at fair	貸款承擔 計入透過損益賬按公平價	1,412.5	6%	1,157.4	5%
value through profit or loss	值處理之金融資產之債券	1,059.4	5%	848.0	4%
Amounts due from associates	聯營公司欠款	378.4	2%	306.8	1%
Guarantees	保證	186.6	1%	139.2	1%
Amounts due from joint ventures	合營公司欠款	11.1	0%	14.3	0%
		23,307.4	100%	23,756.6	100%



40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

The maximum credit exposure at the Group level is spread between "loans and advances to consumer finance customers" and "bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents", which represent more than two thirds of the total exposure. The breakdown and aging analysis of "loans and advances to consumer finance customers" and the breakdown of "bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents" are disclosed in note 26 and 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

Loans with strategic clients are all properly authorised by the relevant executive committee of the relevant group companies and with other controls in place to monitor their performance.

Concentration risk of loans and advances to consumer finance customers is managed by reference to individual customers. The aggregate credit exposure in relation to the ten largest outstanding consumer finance customers, including corporate entities and individuals, before taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, at 31st December, 2016 was HK\$662.5 million (2015: HK\$465.9 million) of which 47.1% (2015: 77.1%) was secured by collateral. There was no recent history of individual impairment allowance recognised.

The unsecured loans and advances to consumer finance customers of the Group include second mortgage loans in respect of which the Group are not entitled to the first charge of relevant mortgage properties. The management considers that the second mortgage loans are classified as unsecured loans due to the impediment in repossession of the mortgage properties and the practical difficulties to ascertain the residual collateral value after claim by first mortgagee. The carrying amount and the loan commitments of the second mortgage loans are as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

40. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續) 本集團所面對的最高信貸風險分佈於 「私人財務客戶貸款及墊款」與「銀行 存款、現金及現金等價物 | 之間,佔總 風險超過三分之二。「私人財務客戶貸 款及墊款」之細目及賬齡分析及「銀行 存款、現金及現金等價物」之細目披露 於綜合財務報表附註26及31。

> 借予策略性客戶之貸款均獲相關集 團公司之相關執行委員會正式批核, 並設立其他管制措施以監察其履約情 況。

> 私人財務客戶貸款及墊款之集中風 險因應個別客戶管理。於二零一六年 十二月三十一日,與十大未還款私 人財務客戶(包括公司實體及個人) 有關的信貸風險總額(未計持有之 任何抵押品或其他加強信貸措施)為 662.5百萬港元 (二零一五年:465.9百 萬港元),其中47.1%(二零一五年: 77.1%) 由抵押品作擔保。近期概無確 認個別減值撥備。

> 本集團無抵押之私人財務客戶貸款及 墊款包括二按貸款,當中本集團無權 取得相關按揭物業的第一押記。管理 層認為二按貸款須分類為無抵押貸 款,因為收回按揭物業存在困難,及在 第一押記承押人索償後實際情況下難 以確定餘下抵押價值。二按貸款之賬 面值及貸款承擔如下:

> >

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Carrying amount	賬面值	380.0	466.2
Loan commitments	貸款承擔	15.5	23.6

Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents is maintained in reputable banks with high credit rating, the credit risk is considered as remote.

銀行存款、現金及現金等價物存於高 信貸評級之具信譽銀行,信貸風險被 視為極低。



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40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(c) Liquidity Risk

The goal of liquidity management is to mitigate risk that a given security or asset cannot be traded quickly enough in the market to prevent a loss or make the required profit. Another goal is to enable the Group, even under adverse market conditions, to actively manage and match funds inflow against all maturing repayment obligations to achieve maximum harmony on cash flow management.

The Group manages its liquidity position to ensure a prudent and adequate liquidity ratio. This is achieved by a transparent and collective monitoring approach across the Group involving the management of the relevant group companies.

The exposure of the Group's contractual undiscounted cash flow for financial liabilities and their contractual maturity dates are as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

40. 金融風險管理(續)

(c) 流動資金風險 流動資金管理的目標是減低指定證券 或資產未能及時在市場上買賣以防止 損失或賺取所需溢利的風險,並旨在 使本集團即使在不利的市場條件下亦 可就所有到期償還責任靈活管理及配 合資金流入,並達到現金流量管理之 高度和諧性。

> 本集團監管其流動資金狀況,確保有 審慎而充裕之流動資金比率。本集團 相關集團公司管理層以高透明度及集 體方式進行監察。

> 本集團之金融負債面對的約定未折現 現金流量及其約定到期日如下:

		On demand or less than 90 days 按要求償還 或少於90日 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	91 days to 1 year 91日至1年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	1 year to 5 years 1年至5年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Over 5 years 5年以上 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 31st December, 2016 Bank and other borrowings * Trade and other payables Amounts due to associates Amounts due to joint ventures Notes Indemnities on banking facility made	於二零一六年十二月三十一日 銀行及其他借貸→ 貿易及其他應付款項 欠聯營公司款項 欠合營公司款項 票據 就給予合營公司銀行信貸額之	1,978.5 181.8 7.3 0.1 62.7	885.8 - - 2,364.7	2,920.2 3,130.0	- - - -	5,784.5 181.8 7.3 0.1 5,557.4
available to joint venture^ Guarantees* Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	彌償 [^] 保證* 透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融負債	104.7 33.5 115.3	40.0	- 9.5 -	-	104.7 83.0 115.3
At 31st December, 2015 Bank and other borrowings * Trade and other payables Amounts due to associates Amounts due to joint ventures Notes Guarantees* Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	於二零一五年十二月三十一日 銀行及其他借貸* 貿易及其他應付款項 欠聯營公司款項 欠合營公司款項 票據 保證* 透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融負債	1,789.9 164.2 5.5 0.1 78.6 14.6 177.9	882.4 - 118.7 114.0 -	4,499.2 - - 3,510.8 13.9 -		7,171.5 164.2 5.5 0.1 3,708.1 142.5 177.9

Bank and other borrowings with repayment on demand clause are classified as on demand in the above analysis although the demand clause has not been exercised.

- The amount represents the maximum amount the Group could be required by the counterparty bank to indemnity for the loans drawn by a joint venture under a banking facility guaranteed by the Group. Based on the expectation at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is remote for such contingent liabilities to be materialised.
- The amounts included above for guarantees are the maximum amounts the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantees.

- 具有按要求償還條文之銀行及其他借 貸於上述分析中分類為按要求償還, 然而該條文尚未被行使。
- 以上數額指對方銀行或會就合營公司 根據由本集團擔保之銀行信貸額提取 之貸款要求本集團彌償之最高金額。 按於報告期末之預期,本集團認為上 述或然負債實現之機會極微。
- 以上保證之數額為根據合約下合約另 一方可能向本集團索取全數保證之最 大金額。

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41. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the year ended 31st December, 2016, the Group disposed of two non wholly-owned property holding subsidiaries to an associate for HK\$100.7 million with a net realised gain on disposal of HK\$9.7 million after elimination of HK\$9.2 million to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate. The Group also disposed of the entire interest in a subsidiary to its non-controlling shareholder for HK\$5.9 million. The net assets of the subsidiaries at the dates of disposal were as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

41. 出售附屬公司

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團以100.7百萬港元向一間聯營公司出 售兩間從事持有物業之非全資附屬公司, 出售之已變現收益淨額為9.7百萬港元(經 對銷本集團於聯營公司之權益9.2百萬港元 後)。本集團亦以5.9百萬港元向其非控股 股東出售於一間附屬公司之全部權益。於 出售日期,附屬公司之資產淨值如下:

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		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Non-current assets Investment property Property, plant and equipment	非流動資產 投資物業 物業、廠房及設備	109.0 0.1
		109.1
Current assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 貿易及其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物	2.4
		4.9
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Tax payable	流動負債 貿易及其他應付款項 應付税項	(2.2) (0.1)
		(2.3)
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	2.6
Non-current liability Deferred tax liabilities	非流動負債 遞延税項負債	(26.1)
Net assets disposed of	已出售資產淨值	85.6
Net cash inflow arising on disposal Cash Consideration Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	出售產生之現金流入淨額 現金代價 已出售現金及現金等 價物	(2.5)
		104.1



41. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

综合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

41. 出售附屬公司(續)

The gain on disposal of the subsidiaries is as follows:

出售附屬公司之收益如下:

		2016 二零一六年
		HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Cash consideration received Net assets disposed of Release of reserves and non-controlling interests	已收現金代價 已出售資產淨值 於出售時撥回儲備及	106.6 (85.6)
on disposal Taxation	非控股權益 税項	1.4 (3.5)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Unrealised gain	出售附屬公司之收益 未變現收益	18.9 (9.2)
Net realised gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之已變現收益淨額	9.7

On 2nd June, 2015, SHK completed the disposal of 70% interest in SHKFGL. SHKFGL and its subsidiaries carry out businesses in provision of wealth management and brokerage services and corporate finance services. The proceeds on disposal of HK\$4,095.0 million were received in cash. Upon the disposal, the fair value of the remaining 30% interest in SHKFGL on the disposal date of HK\$1,644.0 million was classified as an interest in associate and the amounts due from the subsidiaries of SHKFGL were classified as amounts due from associates. Such amounts included a 1-year shareholder loan of HK\$1,061.6 million (interest at 6% per annum. for the first 6 months and 8% per annum. thereafter) advanced by SHK to a subsidiary of SHKFGL. The loan was guaranteed by the controlling shareholder of SHKFGL and a subsidiary of SHKFGL and was secured by a share charge over the shares of SHKFGL owned by the controlling shareholder after the disposal. The loan was fully repaid in October 2015.

於二零一五年六月二日,新鴻基完成出售 新鴻基金融集團之70%股權。新鴻基金融集 團及其附屬公司經營提供財富管理及經紀 服務以及企業融資服務之業務,出售之所 得款項為4,095.0百萬港元並以現金收取。 新鴻基金融集團餘下30%權益於出售日之 公平價值1,644.0百萬港元於出售時是分類 為於聯營公司之權益。新鴻基金融集團之附 屬公司所欠款項亦分類為聯營公司欠款, 此等欠款包括由新鴻基貸予新鴻基金融集 團旗下一間附屬公司一項一年期股東貸款 1,061.6百萬港元(利息年利率為首六個月 6%而其後為8%)。出售後,該貸款由新鴻 基金融集團之控股股東及新鴻基金融集團 之一間附屬公司擔保,以及控股股東擁有 之新鴻基金融集團股票作股份質押。該貸 款已於二零一五年十月全數償還。

41. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

The profit from discontinued operations (the consolidated profit of SHKFGL up to the date of the disposal and the profit on disposal of SHKFGL) is analysed as follows.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

41. 出售附屬公司(續)

以下為來自已終止經營業務之溢利(新鴻 基金融集團於截至出售日前之綜合溢利以 及出售新鴻基金融集團之溢利)之分析。

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Revenue	收入	603.5
Other income	其他收入	0.3
Total income	總收入	603.8
Cost of sales and other direct costs	銷售成本及其他直接成本	(8.2)
Brokerage and commission expenses	經紀費及佣金費用	(167.7)
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及市場推廣費用	(5.5)
Administrative expenses	行政費用	(199.1)
Net gain on financial assets and liabilities	金融資產及負債收益淨額	2.1
Net exchange loss	匯兑虧損淨額	(4.3)
Bad and doubtful debts	呆壞賬	11.9
Other operating expenses	其他經營費用	(4.1)
Finance costs	融資成本	(4.8)
Share of results of joint ventures	應佔合營公司業績	1.8
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	225.9
Taxation	税項	(30.1)
Profit after taxation	除税後溢利	195.8
Profit on disposal of SHKFGL	出售新鴻基金融集團之溢利	3,033.5
Profit for the year from discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務之年度溢利	3,229.3
Attributable to:	應佔方:	1,324.0
Owners of the Company	本公司股東	1,905.3
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	3,229.3



41. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

The profit on disposal of SHKFGL included HK\$802.4 million attributable to measuring the 30% retained interests in SHKFGL at its fair value at the date when control was lost. The fair value of the 30% retained interests is based on a business valuation report prepared by an independent qualified professional valuer, Norton Appraisals Limited. The valuation used the discounted cash flow approach and is based on certain key assumptions including an average growth rate of 32.4% from 2015 to 2020, a sustainable growth rate of 3%, a non-controlling interest discount rate of 9% and a discount rate of 13.3%.

The cash flows from discontinued operations is analysed as follows:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

41. 出售附屬公司(續)

出售新鴻基金融集團之溢利包括有802.4 百萬港元是來自於失去新鴻基金融集團控 制權當天所計量其30%保留權益之公平價 值。30%保留權益之公平價值是基於獨立 合資格專業估值師普敦國際評估有限公司 所編製的業務估值報告,估值以折現現金 流方法,是基於若干主要假設,包括於二零 一五年至二零二零年的平均增長率32.4%、 持續增長率3%、非控股權益折扣率9%及貼 現率13.3%。

已終止經營業務之現金流量分析如下:

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
cash from operating activities cash used in investing activities cash from financing activities	經營業務所產生之現金淨額 投資業務所用之現金淨額 融資業務所產生之現金淨額	67.0 (9.5) 58.5
cash inflows	現金流入淨額	116.0



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41. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

The consolidated net assets of SHKFGL at the date of disposal were as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

41. 出售附屬公司(續)

新鴻基金融集團於出售日期之綜合資產淨 值如下:

		HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Interest in joint ventures Available-for-sale financial assets Statutory deposits Deferred tax assets Trade and other receivables Deposits for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 無形資產 於合營公司之權益 可供出售金融資產 法定按金 遞延税項資產 貿易及其他應收款項 收購物業、廠房及 設備之按金	30.0 87.6 43.2 11.9 45.3 2.9 7.4 1.5
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Tax recoverable Amounts due from joint ventures Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries and a holding company Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	- 流動資產 透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產 可收回税項 合營公司欠款 同系附屬公司及一間 控股公司欠款 貿易及其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物	229.8 0.2 2.1 0.3 5.6 6,994.9 539.3
Current liabilities Bank borrowings Trade and other payables Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries and a holding company	- 流動負債 銀行借貸 貿易及其他應付款項 欠同系附屬公司及一間 控股公司款項	7,542.4 (58.5) (3,666.4) (1,155.9)
Provisions Tax payable Net current assets	撥備 應付税項 - 流動資產淨值 -	(22.4) (47.5) (4,950.7) 2,591.7
Non-current liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Provisions	非流動負債 遞延税項負債 撥備 -	(4.1) (12.0) (16.1)
Net assets disposed of	已出售資產淨值 =	2,805.4
Net cash inflow arising on disposal Cash consideration Expenses incurred Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	出售產生之現金流入淨額 現金代價 產生之費用 已出售現金及現金等價物	4,095.0 (12.6) (539.3) 3,543.1





41. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

The profit on disposal of SHKFGL is as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

41. 出售附屬公司(續)

出售新鴻基金融集團之溢利如下:

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	4,095.0
Net assets disposed of	已出售資產淨值	(2,805.4)
Retained interest in an associate	於聯營公司之保留權益	1,644.0
Put right for the retained interest in an associate procured on disposal*	於出售中獲得聯營公司 保留權益認沽權*	111.0
Call option for club membership procured on disposal	於出售中獲得會所會籍認購期權	9.3
Release of reserves and non-controlling interests on	於出售時撥回儲備及非控股	510
disposal	權益	9.1
Transaction costs	交易成本	(29.5)
Profit on disposal of SHKFGL	出售新鴻基金融集團之溢利	3,033.5

The Group may, during the option periods (which are the periods of six months commencing on the third and fifth anniversaries of the completion date) or following the occurrence of certain trigger events, exercise its put right to require the buyer to buy some or all of the shares it holds in SHKFGL at a price per share equal to the consideration per share paid by the buyer for the acquisition of the 70% interest plus a pre-agreed annualised yield of 8.8% compounding less dividends. Further details have been disclosed in the Company's circular dated 27th February, 2015, Company's announcement dated 2nd June, 2015 and note 25. The fair value of the put right at the disposal date was determined by an option model with certain key assumptions including a volatility of 56.0%, risk free rate of 0.6% and equity growth rate of 4.7%.

Upon the completion of the disposal of 70% interest in SHKFGL, the properties that were rented to the subsidiaries of SHKFGL and classified as property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of HK\$16.2 million before the disposal were transferred to investment properties measured at fair value of HK\$132.5 million as the properties were continued to be rented to the subsidiaries of SHKFGL. The difference of HK\$111.3 million between the carrying amount and the fair value of the properties was recognised in property revaluation reserve, net of deferred tax of HK\$5.0 million.

本集團可於購股權期間(即完成交易後第三 週年起計及第五週年起計六個月期間),或 在發生若干觸發事件後行使其認沽權,要求 買家購買其於新鴻基金融集團持有之部分 或全部股份,每股股份作價相當於買家就購 入70%權益所支付之每股股份代價,另加以 複式計算之8.8%預定年息(扣除股息)。進 一步詳情已於本公司日期為二零一五年二 月二十七日之通函、本公司日期為二零一五 年六月二日之公佈及附註25中披露。認沽權 於出售日期之公平價值乃以期權模型連同 若干主要假設(包括波幅56.0%、無風險利 率0.6%及權益增長率4.7%)而釐定。

完成出售新鴻基金融集團之70%權益後,於 出售前租賃予新鴻基金融集團之附屬公司 且分類為物業、廠房及設備(賬面值為16.2 百萬港元)之物業因繼續租賃予新鴻基金 融集團之附屬公司已轉撥至投資物業,並 按公平價值132.5百萬港元計量,該等物業 之賬面值與公平價值之間的差異111.3百萬 港元(扣除遞延税項5.0百萬港元後)已於 物業重估儲備確認。



42. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

42. 或然負債

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had guarantees as follows:

於報告期末,本集團作出之保證如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Indemnities on banking facility made available to joint venture Financial guarantees under loan	對給予一間合營公司的銀行 信貸所作的擔保 貸款保證業務之財務	104.7	-
guarantee business*	保證*	81.9	139.2
		186.6	139.2

The Group had provided guarantees to lenders of its loan * guarantee customers to guarantee the repayment of debts owed by the loan guarantee customers to their lenders. At 31st December, 2016, the outstanding guarantee amount was HK\$81.9 million (2015: HK\$139.2 million).

43. COMMITMENTS

(a) Operating Lease Arrangements As lessee

本集團提供保證予貸款保證客戶之貸方,以 保證貸款保證客戶償還所欠其貸方之債務。 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,該等保證之 結餘為81.9百萬港元 (二零一五年:139.2百 萬港元)。

43. 承擔

*

(a) 經營租約安排 作為承租人

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Minimum lease payments under operating leases recognised for the year Land and buildings	於本年度確認有關 經營租約之 最低租約款項 土地及樓宇	173.4	186.4
Others	其他	0.1	0.2
		173.5	186.6



43. COMMITMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Operating Lease Arrangements (Cont'd)

As lessee (Cont'd)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows: 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

43. 承擔(續)

(a) 經營租約安排(續) 作為承租人(續) 於報告期末,本集團根據不可撤銷經 營租約而於下列期間到期支付之日後 承擔最低租約款項如下:

		20 ⁻ 二零一		20 ⁻ 二零	
		Land and buildings 土地及樓宇 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Others 其他 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Land and buildings 土地及樓宇 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Others 其他 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Within one year In the second to	於一年內 第二至第五年	147.1	0.1	168.0	0.1
fifth year inclusive	(包括首尾兩年)	89.9	0.1	152.2	
		237.0	0.2	320.2	0.1

Operating lease payments represent rental payable by the Group for its office premises and office equipment. Leases are generally negotiated for terms ranging from one to five years. The lease commitments include rental payable to an associate of HK\$5.0 million (2015: HK\$1.9 million) and a joint venture of HK\$15.2 million (2015: HK\$33.1 million).

經營租約付款指本集團就其辦公室物 業及辦公室設備應付之租金。租約之 年期一般議定為一至五年不等。租賃 承擔包括應付一間聯營公司之租金5.0 百萬港元(二零一五年:1.9百萬港元) 及應付一間合營公司之租金15.2百萬 港元(二零一五年:33.1百萬港元)。



43. COMMITMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Operating Lease Arrangements (Cont'd)

As lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was HK\$211.1 million (2015: HK\$210.4 million). The property held has committed tenants with lease terms and rentals are fixed at one to five years.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

43. 承擔(續)

(a) 經營租約安排(續) 作為出租人 年內賺取之物業租金收入為211.1百萬 港元(二零一五年:210.4百萬港元)。 所持有之物業已有租戶承諾租用,租 賃期限及繳租期固定為一至五年。

> 於報告期末,本集團已就下列未來最 低租約款項與租戶訂立合約:

> 租賃承擔包括應收一間聯營公司之租

金0.5百萬港元 (二零一五年:2.5百萬

港元)及應收本公司一名董事之租金 3.6百萬港元 (二零一五年:4.1百萬港

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	於一年內 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	172.0 132.3	149.8 80.7
		304.3	230.5

The lease commitments include rental receivable from an associate of HK\$0.5 million (2015: HK\$2.5 million) and a director of the Company of HK\$3.6 million (2015: HK\$4.1 million).

(b) Loan Commitments

(b) 貸款承擔

元)。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	於一年內 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	1 <i>,</i> 412.5 –	1,021.7 135.7
		1,412.5	1,157.4

(c) Other Commitments

(c) 其他承擔

		· J · MH	
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Capital commitments for funds Other capital commitments	基金資本承擔 其他資本承擔	457.6 4.9	411.5 3.0
		462.5	414.5



44. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The Group operates defined contribution retirement benefit schemes for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group under provident funds managed by independent trustees.

The retirement benefits cost charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents contributions paid and payable to the fund by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes. Where there are employees who leave the schemes prior to vesting fully in the contributions, in accordance with the terms of the schemes, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited employer's contributions.

The scheme has been closed in December 2000 to new employees as a consequence of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance introduced by the Hong Kong Government.

From 1st December, 2000 onwards, new staff in Hong Kong joining the Group are required to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme"). The Group is required to contribute 5% of the employees' salaries, while the employees are required to contribute 5% of their salaries to the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries established in the PRC are members of state-managed retirement benefit schemes operated by the PRC government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit schemes is to make the specified contributions.

Expenses recognised in profit or loss for the contributions to retirement benefit schemes for the current year amounted to HK\$95.3 million (2015: HK\$124.7 million). The amount of forfeited contributions utilised in the course of the year ended 31st December, 2016 was HK\$nil (2015: HK\$0.5 million).

Under the employee ownership scheme of SHK ("EOS"), which was formally adopted by SHK on 18th December, 2007, selected employees or directors of SHK group (the "Selected Grantees") were awarded shares in SHK. Following management's recommendation of SHK, shares of SHK were granted to the Selected Grantees subject to various terms including, amongst other things, the vesting scale whereby awarded shares of SHK will vest and become unrestricted in various vesting periods. During the year, 0.8 million shares (2015: 0.3 million shares) of SHK were awarded to Selected Grantees under the EOS. The fair value of the services rendered (by reference to the market value of awarded shares at grant dates) as consideration of the shares awarded during the year was HK\$3.8 million (2015: HK\$2.2 million) which will be amortised to profit or loss during the vesting period. The amount expensed during the year in respect of shares awarded under the EOS was HK\$2.8 million (2015: HK\$1.4 million).

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

44. 僱員福利

本集團為所有香港合資格僱員提供定額供 款退休福利計劃。該等計劃之資產與本集 團資產分開持有,獨立存於獨立信託公司 所管理之公積金。

自綜合損益表扣除之退休福利開支為本集 團按計劃規則所指定比率而已付及應付供 款。倘僱員於完全達到享用退休福利前退 出計劃,則根據計劃之條款,本集團應付的 供款將扣除僱主應繳之金額。

由於香港政府推行強制性公積金計劃條 例,故此本集團於二零零零年十二月起不 再為新僱員提供上述計劃。

自二零零零年十二月一日起,凡於香港新 加盟本集團之員工按規定均須加入強制性 公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。本集團及僱 員各自須向強積金計劃作出相當於僱員薪 金5%之供款。

本公司在中國成立之附屬公司之僱員為中 國政府管理之國家退休福利計劃之成員。 此等附屬公司需按工資成本若干百分比向 退休福利計劃作出供款,支持有關福利。本 集團就退休福利計劃之責任僅為作出指定 之供款。

本年度就退休福利計劃供款在損益確認之 費用為95.3百萬港元(二零一五年:124.7 百萬港元)。於截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度內使用之被沒收供款額為 零港元(二零一五年:0.5百萬港元)。

根據新鴻基於二零零七年十二月十八日正 式採納之新鴻基僱員股份擁有計劃(「僱員 股份擁有計劃」),新鴻基集團之經選定僱 員或董事(「選定承授人」)獲授予新鴻基股 份。經新鴻基管理層推薦後,向選定承授人 授予新鴻基股份,惟須受各項條款所限, 包括歸屬規模,據此,所授予之新鴻基股份 將歸屬及在各個歸屬期間成為無限制。年 內,根據僱員股份擁有計劃分別向選定承 授人獎授0.8百萬股(二零一五年:0.3百萬 股)新鴻基股份。年內作為獎授股份代價之 所提供服務之公平價值(經參考獎授股份 於授出日期之市值)為3.8百萬港元(二零 一五年:2.2百萬港元),將於歸屬期內於損 益攤銷。年內根據僱員股份擁有計劃獎勵 之股份所支銷之金額為2.8百萬港元(二零 一五年:1.4百萬港元)。



44. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONT'D)

At the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 23rd July, 2012, it was resolved that a director's service agreement entered between SHK group and a director of SHK's subsidiary for a term of ten years be approved. Subject to the terms and conditions of the agreement, SHK group has granted the director of a subsidiary an option ("Option") to subscribe for or purchase up to 20% of the issued capital of a new company ("Newco") to be established to hold all equity interests in subsidiaries incorporated or to be incorporated in the PRC for money lending businesses in the PRC ("PRC Subsidiaries") at an exercise price which is determined based on the aggregate carrying amount of shareholders equity and shareholders loans proportional to the shareholding to be taken up by the director of a subsidiary at the time of exercise of the Option. Prior to the period before the Option becomes vested, the director of a subsidiary is also entitled a bonus calculated based on the performance of PRC Subsidiaries. The transaction constituted a very substantial disposal and a connected transaction and its details were disclosed in the Company's circular dated 29th June, 2012.

The fair value of the Option on grant date of 23rd July, 2012 was HK\$255.1 million which was calculated using the Black-Scholes pricing model and carried out by Norton Appraisals Limited, a firm of independent and gualified professional valuers not connected with the Group. The inputs into the model include an underlying asset value of PRC Subsidiaries as at the grant date of HK\$1,018.1 million, risk free rate of 2.74%, volatility of 39.25% and expected option life of 5 years. No share based payment expense is recognised in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2016 (2015: Nil) since one of the vesting conditions for the Option is the successful completion of the establishment of the Newco, the date of which, in the opinion of the management, could not yet be estimated with reasonable certainty.

45. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, certain of the Group's investment properties, land and buildings and properties held for sale with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$6,827.4 million (2015: HK\$6,153.8 million) together with certain securities in respect of a listed subsidiary with investment cost of HK\$276.6 million (2015: HK\$276.6 million) were pledged to secure loans and general banking facilities to the extent of HK\$1,802.3 million (2015: HK\$1,382.4 million) granted to the Group. Facilities amounting to HK\$840.8 million (2015: HK\$584.4 million) were utilised at the end of the reporting period.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

44. 僱員福利(續)

本公司於二零一二年七月二十三日舉行 股東特別大會,議決批准新鴻基集團與新 鴻基一間附屬公司之董事訂立之董事服務 協議,為期十年。以協議之條款及條件為 限,新鴻基集團授予附屬公司之董事購股 權(「購股權」),按行使價認購或購買將成 立新公司(「新公司」)最多20%之已發行股 本,該新公司成立以持有於或將於中國註 冊成立從事放款業務的附屬公司(「中國附 屬公司」)之全部股權,行使價乃根據附屬 公司之董事行使購股權時將認購之股權比 例應佔之股東權益及股東貸款之賬面總值 釐定。於購股權歸屬前之期間,附屬公司之 董事亦有權獲得按中國附屬公司表現計算 所得之花紅。是項交易構成非常重大出售 事項及關連交易,詳情披露於本公司二零 一二年六月二十九日之通函。

購股權之公平價值於授出日期二零一二年 七月二十三日為255.1百萬港元,由與本集 團並無關連之獨立合資格專業估值公司普 敦國際評估有限公司以柏力克--舒爾斯定 價模式計量。模式之輸入數據包括中國附 屬公司於授出日期之相關資產值1.018.1百 萬港元、無風險利率2.74%、波幅39.25%及 預計購股權期限為五年。截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止年度並無於綜合財務報 表確認股份結算開支(二零一五年:無), 因為購股權其中一項歸屬條件是成功完成 新公司之成立, 而管理層認為完成成立之 日期無法合理估計。

45. 資產抵押

於報告期末,本集團賬面總值6,827.4百萬 港元(二零一五年:6,153.8百萬港元)之若 干投資物業、土地及樓宇及待出售物業,連 同一間上市附屬公司投資成本276.6百萬港 元 (二零一五年:276.6百萬港元)之若干證 券,已用作多達1,802.3百萬港元(二零一五 年:1,382.4百萬港元)授予本集團之貸款及 -般銀行信貸之抵押。於報告期末,已提用 信貸額840.8百萬港元 (二零一五年:584.4 百萬港元)。



46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

During the year, the Group entered into following significant transactions with related parties.

(a) Summary of transactions

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46. 有關連人士交易及結餘

年內,本集團與有關連人士訂立以下重大 交易。

(a) 交易概要

		(Income)/Expense (收入)/支出	
		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		ー奏一八年 HK\$ Million	一令一五年 HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Associates	聯營公司		
Proceeds received on disposal	出售附屬公司已收取之		
of subsidiaries	所得款項	(100.7)	-
Management services fee	管理服務費 利息收入	(34.6)	(24.1)
Interest income Interest expenses	利息費用	(3.1) 2.8	(34.8)
Rent, property management and	租金、物業管理及	2.0	_
air-conditioning fee income	空調費收入	(2.5)	(1.5)
Rent and property management fee	租金及物業管理費	4.1	4.7
Manager's fee	管理人費用	(2.5)	(2.5)
Service fees income	服務費收入	(14.4)	(3.6)
Brokerage expenses	經紀費用	1.4	1.9
Service fees expenses	服務費用	4.7	4.2
Insurance premiums paid	已付保險費	1.9	6.7
Joint ventures	合營公司		
Administration, management,	行政、管理、		
consultancy and agency fee	顧問及代理費		
income	收入	(10.4)	(12.2)
Rent, property management and	租金、物業管理及 空調費	20.0	20.2
air-conditioning fee Manager's fee	空 ···· 至 ····· 至 ···· 至 ····· 至 ····· 至 ···· 至 ····· 至 ····· 至 ···· 至 ····· 至 ····· 至 ···· 至 ····· 至 ···· 至 ···· 至 ···· 至 ···· 至 ···· 至 ····· ④ ····· ④ ····· ④ ····· ④ ····· ④ ······	30.9 (1.3)	30.3 (1.3)
Consideration received from	目 生 八 員 元 出 售 附 屬 公 司 已 收 取	(1.3)	(1.3)
disposal of subsidiaries	之代價	-	(640.5)
Director of the Company	本公司董事		
Rental income	租金收入	(4.1)	(3.9)

Note: None of the above related party transactions constitutes a discloseable connected transaction as defined in the Listing Rules. 註解: 以上有關連人士交易並不屬於上市規 則所界定之須予披露關連交易。

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for the year ended 31st December, 2016

46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONT'D)

(b) Key management personnel compensation

46. 有關連人士交易及結餘(續)

(b) 主要管理層人員酬金

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	短期福利 退休福利	109.4 0.9	81.9 0.8
		110.3	82.7

(c) At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following material balances with related parties:

於報告期末,本集團與有關連人士有以 **(C)** 下重大結餘:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Associates Joint ventures Director of the Company Entity controlled by a director	聯營公司 合營公司 本公司董事 一間本公司董事控制	268.8 11.0 (1.2)	310.4 14.2 (1.3)
of the Company	之實體	(2.0)	
		276.6	323.3

The above amounts are included in the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group in the following ways:

貿易及其他應收款項

貿易及其他應付款項

欠聯營公司款項

合營公司

欠款

票據

上述金額乃以下列方式於本集團之綜 合財務狀況表內入賬:

Notes 註解	2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
	15.3	9.2
(i)	378.4	306.8
(ii)	11.1	14.3
	(4.5)	(1.4)
(i)	(7.3)	(5.5)
(ii)	(0.1)	(0.1)
	(116.3)	_
	276.6	323.3



Trade and other receivables

Amounts due from

Trade and other payable

Amounts due to associates

joint ventures

Notes

Amounts due from associates 聯營公司欠款

Amounts due to joint ventures 欠合營公司款項
46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONT'D)

- (c) At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following material balances with related parties: (Cont'd) Notes:
 - (i) As at 31st December, 2016, the amounts due from (to) associates are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand, except for an unsecured shortterm loan to an associate of HK\$44.0 million, which bears interest at 5% per annum and is due for repayment on 30th June, 2017.
 - (ii) As at 31st December, 2016, the amounts due from (to) joint ventures are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.
- (d) During the year, loans of HK\$491.6 million (2015: HK\$341.6 million) was advanced to associates and HK\$290.8 million (2015: HK\$340.0 million) was repaid by an associate.
- (e) During the year 2015, (i) 1-year shareholder loan of HK\$1,061.6 million was advanced to an associate and HK\$1,061.6 million was repaid by an associate; and (ii) 6% unsecured term loan of HK\$63.9 million was repaid by an associate.
- (f) During the year 2015, a non-interesting bearing loan of HK\$75.0 million was repaid to a joint venture.

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46. 有關連人士交易及結餘(續)

(c) 於報告期末,本集團與有關連人士有以 下重大結餘:(續)

註解:

- (i) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,該等 欠自(欠)聯營公司款項為無抵押、免 息及須於要求時償還,惟授予一間聯 營公司之44.0百萬港元無抵押短期貸 款(此筆貸款按每年5厘計息,並須於 二零一七年六月三十日償還)除外。
- (ii) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,該等 欠自(欠)合營公司款項為無抵押、免 息及須於要求時償還。
- (d) 年內,已向聯營公司墊支貸款491.6百 萬港元(二零一五年:341.6百萬港元) 及獲一間聯營公司償還貸款290.8百萬 港元(二零一五年:340.0百萬港元)。
- (e) 於二零一五年,(i)向一間聯營公司塾 支一年期股東貸款1,061.6百萬港元及 獲一間聯營公司償還一年期股東貸款 1,061.6百萬港元;及(ii)獲一間聯營公 司償還6%無抵押有期貸款63.9百萬港 元。
- (f) 於二零一五年,向一間合營公司償還 免息貸款75.0百萬港元。



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

47. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 47. 本公司之財務狀況表 COMPANY

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Investments in subsidiaries Amounts due from subsidiaries	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 於附屬公司之投資 附屬公司欠款	1.7 1,300.3 2,843.2	2.4 1,230.3 3,118.0
		4,145.2	4,350.7
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Trade and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融資產 貿易及其他應收款項 附屬公司欠款 現金及現金等價物	- 17.8 502.7 69.4	10.8 8.1 437.2 187.2
		589.9	643.3
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Provisions	流動負債 貿易及其他應付款項 撥備	4.8 0.4	5.4 0.4
		5.2	5.8
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	584.7	637.5
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	4,729.9	4,988.2
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	股本及儲備 股本 儲備	2,221.7 1,332.0	2,221.7 1,090.3
Total equity	權益總額	3,553.7	3,312.0
Non-current liability Amount due to a subsidiary	非流動負債 欠一間附屬公司款項	1,176.2	1,676.2
		4,729.9	4,988.2

The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27th March, 2017, and are signed on its behalf by:

本公司財務狀況表經董事會於二零一七年 三月二十七日批准及授權刊發,並由下列 董事代表簽署:

Arthur George Dew 狄亞法 Director 董事

Edwin Lo King Yau 勞景祐 Director 董事



48. RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

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48. 本公司之儲備

		Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Dividend reserve 股息儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 1st January, 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	452.0	275.0	727.0
2015 interim dividend	二零一五年中期股息	(27.5)	27.5	-
Dividend paid	已付股息	-	(302.5)	(302.5)
Second interim dividend declared	宣派第二次中期股息	(285.2)	285.2	-
Share repurchased and cancelled	購回及註銷股份	(194.1)	-	(194.1)
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	本公司股東 應佔溢利	859.9	-	859.9
At 31st December,	於二零一五年			
2015	十二月三十一日	805.1	285.2	1,090.3
2016 interim dividend	二零一六年中期股息	(26.7)	26.7	_
Dividend paid	已付股息	_	(311.9)	(311.9)
Second interim dividend declared	宣派第二次中期股息	(327.1)	327.1	_
Share repurchased and cancelled	購回及註銷股份	(57.3)	-	(57.3)
Profit attributable to owners	本公司股東			
of the Company	應佔溢利	610.9	-	610.9
At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年 十二月三十一日	1,004.9	327.1	1,332.0
2010		1,001.5	527.1	.,,332.0

The Company's reserves available for distribution to owners of the Company at 31st December, 2016 are represented by accumulated profits and dividend reserve totalling HK\$1,332.0 million (2015: HK\$1,090.3 million).

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司可 供派發予本公司股東之儲備以合共1,332.0 百萬港元(二零一五年:1,090.3百萬港元) 的累計溢利及股息儲備呈列。



49. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group that have material non-controlling interests

The consolidated profit or loss allocated to non-controlling interests during the year and the accumulated non-controlling interests in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2016 are as follows:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

49. 於附屬公司之投資

本集團擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬 公司的詳情

年內,分配予非控股權益之綜合損益及於 二零一六年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀 況表內累計之非控股權益如下:

		Profit allo non-controll 分配予非控题	ing interests	Accumulated non-controlling interests 累計非控股權益		
		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	
		HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	
APL and its subsidiaries Other subsidiaries having	聯合地產及其附屬公司 其他擁有非控股權益之	1,836.4	3,020.9	19,052.1	18,383.3	
non-controlling interests	附屬公司	(18.4)	(25.3)	301.2	320.0	
		1,818.0	2,995.6	19,353.3	18,703.3	

Summarised consolidated financial information of APL is set out below.

聯合地產的綜合財務資料概要載列如下。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	19,925.9 34,425.3 (5,676.6) (6,199.0)	18,767.6 32,049.7 (3,435.3) (8,075.2)
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests Revenue from continuing operations Revenue from discontinued operations	支付予非控股權益 之股息 來自持續經營業務之收入 來自已終止經營業務之收入	321.3 3,974.6 -	490.6 4,594.5 603.5
Profit for the year – continuing operations – discontinued operations Other comprehensive expenses for the year	本年度溢利 - 持續經營業務 - 已終止經營業務 本年度其他全面 費用	5,099.8 - (1,025.4)	2,875.3 3,228.9 (622.9)



50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31st December, 2016 which have their principal place of operations in Hong Kong are set out below:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

50. 主要附屬公司資料

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司主 要業務所在地位於香港之主要附屬公司資 料如下:

Subsidiaries 附屬公司	Paid up issued ordinary share capital 繳足已發行 普通股本	Held by the subsic 本公司/附	liaries		Group	Principal activity 主要業務	
		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年		
	HK\$ 港元	%	%	%	%		
Admiralty Eight Limited	1	100	-	42	-	Property holding 持有物業	
Admiralty Eleven Limited	1	100	-	42	-	Property holding 持有物業	
AG Capital Limited 聯合融資有限公司	2	100	100	100	100	Securities trading, money lending and business of consultancy 證券買賣、借貸及 顧問諮詢業務	
AG Investments Limited	50,000,000	100*	100*	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股	
Alaston Development Limited	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業	
Allied Capital Management Limited	2	100	100	100	100	Securities trading 證券買賣	
Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited*** 聯合地產 (香港)有限公司**	4,250,524,762	14* 61	14* 61	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股	
Allied Real Estate Agency Limited 聯合地產代理有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Real estate agency 地產代理	
AP Administration Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Provision of management and consultancy services 提供管理及顧問服務	
AP Corporate Services Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Provision of corporate services 提供公司服務	
AP Development Limited 聯合地產發展有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股	
AP Diamond Limited	US \$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Property trading and holding 物業買賣及持有物業	



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 50. 主要附屬公司資料(續) (CONT'D)

	Paid up issued ordinary		Proportion of ov 擁有權權			
Subsidiaries	share capital 繳足已發行	Held by the subsid		Attribut the C		Principal activity
附屬公司	普通股本	本公司/附		本集團		主要業務
		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	
	HK\$ 港元	%	%	%	%	
AP Emerald Limited	US \$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
AP Finance Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Money lending 借貸
AP Property Management Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Building management 樓宇管理
Best Melody Development Limited 高韻發展有限公司	5,000	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Capital Sharp Investment Limited 昌鍵投資有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Capscore Limited	2	100*	100*	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Charm Force Investment Limited 耀科投資有限公司	18,155,000	57	57	43	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Citiwealth Investment Limited 開鵬投資有限公司	2	100*	100*	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
CMS Investments Limited	1	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Conrad Security Limited 港麗保安有限公司	1	100	100	75	75	Security and guarding services 保安及護衛服務
First Asian Holdings Limited 亞洲第一集團有限公司	2	100	100	25	24	Investment holding 投資控股
Florich Development Limited 景資發展有限公司	10,000	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Front Sail Limited 拓航有限公司	5,000	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Gilmore Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業



綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 50. (CONT'D)

	Paid up issued ordinary		Proportion of ov 擁有權權	vnership interest 益之比例		
Subsidiaries	share capital 繳足已發行	Held by the subsid	e Company/ liaries		table to Group	Principal activity
附屬公司	普通股本	本公司/附			團應佔	主要業務
		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	
	HK\$ 港元	%	-→ ∢ · ⊥⊥ † %	%	%	
Hillcrest Development Limited	20	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Hi-Link Limited	200	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Hong Kong Dementia Services Limited 香港老年癡呆症服務有限公司	US\$1 1美元	100	-	75	-	Provision of elderly care services 提供護老服務
Integrated Custodian Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Itso Limited	2	100	100	42	41	Investment holding, financial services and securities trading 投資控股、金融服務 及證券買賣
Jaffe Development Limited	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Kalix Investment Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Kennedy (Nominees) Limited	10,000	100	100	42	41	Nominee services 代理人服務
Long Rainbow Limited 大利標有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Long Set Investments Limited 朗式投資有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
LYNX Technology Limited 凌睿科技有限公司	1,000,000	100	-	75	-	Medical equipment distribution 醫療設備分銷
Mainford Investment Limited 銘福投資有限公司	1	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Mightyton Limited	10,000	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 50. 主要附屬公司資料(續) (CONT'D)

	Paid up issued ordinary	Paid up Proportion of ownership interest issued ordinary 擁有權權益之比例					
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	share capital 繳足已發行 普通股本	subsid	y the Company/ Attributable to ubsidiaries the Group / 附屬公司持有 本集團應佔		Group	Principal activity 主要業務	
HI A MERINA	自起版个	平平中/ m 2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	工女未加	
	HK\$ 港元	%	%	%	%		
Oakfame Investment Limited 幹美投資有限公司	2	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股	
Ontone Limited 安通建業有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Hotel operations and property holding 酒店業務及持有物業	
Pioneer Alliance Limited 興順隆有限公司	10,000	100*	100*	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股	
Plentiwind Limited	15,000,002	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股	
Polyking Services Limited 栢麗服務有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Building maintenance and cleaning services 樓宇保養及清潔服務	
Protech Property Management Limited 保得物業管理有限公司	5,000	100	100	75	75	Building management and security guarding services 樓宇管理及護衛服務	
Rank Crown Investment Limited 穎坤投資有限公司	2	100*	100*	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股	
Rodril Investments Limited	1	100	-	42	-	Investment holding 投資控股	
San Pack Properties Limited 山栢置業有限公司	10	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業	
Scienter Investments Limited	20	100	100	42	41	Investment holding and provision of loan finance 投資控股及提供 貸款融資	
Senior Care Elderly Limited	US\$1 1美元	100	-	75	-	Provision of elderly care services 提供護老服務	
Senior Care Limited 善頤護理有限公司	1,000	100	-	75	-	Provision of elderly care services 提供護老服務	





綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 50. 主要附屬公司資料(續) (CONT'D)

	Paid up issued ordinary			vnership interest 益之比例		
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	, share capital 繳足已發行 普通股本		e Company/ liaries 屬公司持有	the C	table to Group 團應佔	Principal activity 主要業務
		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	
	HK\$ 港元	-₹ /\+ %	_4 I+ %	—₹ /\+ %	_4 T+	
Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 善頤護老有限公司	1,000	100	-	75	-	Provision of elderly care services 提供護老服務
SHK Finance Limited 新鴻基財務有限公司	150,000,000	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
SHK Hong Kong Industries Limited** 新工投資有限公司**	918,978,271	75	75	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
SHK Investment Services Limited	1,000,000	100	100	42	41	Asset holding 資產投資
SHK Securities Limited	20	100	100	42	41	Asset holding 資產投資
Sierra Joy Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Sunhill Investments Limited 陽山投資有限公司	2	100*	100*	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Sun Hung Kai & Co. Limited** 新鴻基有限公司**	8,731,004,462	56	55	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
Sun Hung Kai Credit Limited 新鴻基信貸有限公司	250,000,000	100	100	36	36	Money Lending 借貸
SHK International Limited	10,000	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
Sun Hung Kai Securities (Overseas) Limited 新鴻基證券 (海外)有限公司	60,000	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
Sun Hung Kai Strategic Capital Limited 新鴻基策略資本有限公司	2	100	100	42	41	Investment holding, securities trading and financial services 投資控股、證券買賣及 金融服務



截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 50. 主要附屬公司資料(續) (CONT'D)

	Paid up issued ordinary		Proportion of ov 擁有權權			
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	share capital 繳足已發行 普通股本	Held by the subsic 本公司/附	liaries	the C	table to Group 國應佔	Principal activity 主要業務
ריי אי שבונוך	E MIKT	2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年	
	HK\$ 港元	%	%	%	%	
Sun Hung Kai Structured Finance Limited 新鴻基結構融資有限公司	137,500,000	100	100	42	41	Securities trading and provision of loan finance 證券買賣及提供貸款 融資
Sun Hung Kai Venture Capital Limited	2	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
Texgulf Limited	20	100	100	42	41	Property holding 持有物業
The Hong Kong Equity Guarantee Corporation Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Tung Wo Investment Company, Limited 同和投資有限公司	10,000	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
United Asia Finance Limited 亞洲聯合財務有限公司	1,502,218,418	58	58	25	24	Consumer financing 私人財務
Wah Cheong Development Company, Limited 華昌建業有限公司	25,100,000	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
Wineur Secretaries Limited 偉略秘書有限公司	2	100	100	42	41	Secretarial services 秘書服務
Yee Li Ko Investment Limited 億利高投資有限公司	58,330,000	100	100	42	41	Property holding 持有物業
Yu Ming Investment Management Limited 禹銘投資管理有限公司	10,000,000	100	100	100	100	Management and investment advisory services 管理及投資顧問服務

With the exception of Alaston Development Limited, AP Diamond Limited, AP Emerald Limited, Hong Kong Dementia Services Limited, and Jaffe Development Limited and Senior Care Elderly Limited, which were incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, all the above subsidiaries were incorporated in Hong Kong.

除Alaston Development Limited 、AP Diamond Limited AP Emerald Limited 香港老年癡呆症服務有限公司及Jaffe Development Limited及Senior Care Elderly Limited於英屬處女群島註冊成立外,以上 所有附屬公司均在香港註冊成立。



50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31st December, 2016 which were incorporated and have their principal place of operations outside Hong Kong are set out below: 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

50. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司在 香港以外地點註冊成立及其主要業務所在 地亦在香港境外地區之主要附屬公司資料 如下:

	Place of	Proportion of ownership interest lace of Paid up issued 擁有權權益之比例					
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 業務所在地	ordinary share capital 繳足已發行 普通股本	ordinary Held by share capital the Compan 繳足已發行 subsidiaries		Attri the 本集 2016	Principal activity 主要業務	
			二零一六年 %	二零一五年 %	二零一六年 %	二零一五年 %	
Allied Properties China Limited	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	US\$1,000 1,000美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Allied Properties Resources Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Boneast Assets Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
Bright Clear Limited 晴輝有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Cautious Base Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	HK\$10,001 10,001港元	100	-	75	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Doco Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Fine Era Limited 佳紀有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Hing Yip Holdings Limited 興業控股有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	41	Property holding 持有物業
Kenworld Corporation	Republic of Liberia 利比里亞共和國	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
KIMA Pan Asia Offshore Fund	Cayman Islands 開曼群島						Investment fund 投資基金
- Management shares 管理股		1,000 US\$1 shares 1,000股每股1美元	100	100	42	41	
- Participating shares 參與股		7,392.805 US\$0.001 shares 7,392.805股 每股0.001美元	100	100	42	41	
- Class B6 participating shares B6類別參與股		223,060.3644 US\$0.001 shares 223,060.3644股	100	100	42	41	
- Class B3 participating shares B3類別參與股		每股0.001美元 7,581.95 US\$0.001 shares 7,581.95股 每股0.001美元	100	-	42	-	



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50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

	Place of Paid up issued incorporation/ ordinary operation share capital		Hel the Co				
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	註冊成立/ 業務所在地	繳足已發行 普通股本		liaries 屬公司持有 2015 二零一五年 %		Group 團應佔 二零一五年 %	Principal activity 主要業務
Lakewood Development Corporation	United States of America 美國	US\$1,000 1,000美元	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
LHY Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	75	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Razorway Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
Rossworth Global Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
Senior Care Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	75	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Shipshape Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
SHK Asian Opportunities Holdings Limited	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	US\$10,000 10,000美元	95	-	40	-	Investment holding 投資控股
SHK Asset Management Holding Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$3,400,001 3,400,001美元	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
Sing Hing Investment Limited 誠興投資有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	41	Property holding 持有物業
Sun Hung Kai (China) Investment Management Company Limited 新鴻基 (中國) 投資管理有限公司	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	100	100	42	41	Corporate marketing and investment consultancy 市場策劃及 投資顧問
Sun Hung Kai & Co. (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	42	41	Financing 融資
Sun Hung Kai Capital Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
Sun Hung Kai International Bank [Brunei] Limited	Brunei Darussalam 汶萊	SGD10,000,000 10,000,000新加坡元	100	100	42	41	International banking business 國際銀行業務
Swan Islands Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$503,000,001 503,000,001美元	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
Swanwick Global Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
SWAT Securitisation Fund ^	Luxembourg 盧森堡	RMB29,968,900 人民幣29,968,900元	100	100	42	41	Securitisation fund 證券化基金



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50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Subsidiaries 附屬公司	incorporation/ ordina operation share capi 註冊成立/ 繳足已發		Proportion of own Paid up issued 擁有權權益 ordinary Held by share capital the Company/ 繳足已發行 subsidiaries 普通股本 本公司/附屬公司持有 2016 2015		益之比例 Attri the 本集團 2016	Principal activity 主要業務	
			二零一六年 %	二零一五年 %	二零一六年 %	二零一五年 %	
Top Marker Limited +	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US \$1 1美元	-	-	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Treasure Rider Limited	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	US\$11,000 11,000美元	86	86	36	36	Investment holding 投資控股
UAF Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
Zeal Goal International Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	42	41	Investment holding 投資控股
上海浦東新區亞聯財小額 貸款有限公司 ^(a)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB200,000,000 人民幣200,000,000元	70	70	17	17	Money lending 借貸
大連保税區亞聯財小額 貸款有限公司 ⁶⁾	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	US\$60,000,000 60,000,000美元	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
大連亞聯財信息諮詢有限公司©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
天津亞聯財小額貸款有限公司的	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	HK\$250,000,000 250,000,000港元	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
北京亞聯財小額貸款有限公司@	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB500,000,000 人民幣500,000,000元	80	80	20	19	Money lending 借貸
成都亞聯財小額貸款有限公司的	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	HK\$350,000,000 350,000,000港元	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
成都亞聯財經濟信息諮詢 有限公司 ⁽⁶⁾	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
亞洲第一信息諮詢(深圳) 有限公司 ^(b)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
亞聯財信息諮詢(上海)有限公司@	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	70	70	17	17	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
亞聯財信息諮詢(深圳)有限公司的	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB25,000,000 人民幣25,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
武漢亞聯財小額貸款有限公司的		RMB300,000,000 2015:RMB500,000,0000 人民幣300,000,000元 (二零一五年: 人民幣500,000,000元)	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
武漢亞聯財信息諮詢有限公司的	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy 財務顧問

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50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Place of incorporation/ operation Subsidiaries 註冊成立/ 附屬公司 業務所在地		Paid up issued ordinary share capital 繳足已發行	ordinary Held by re capital the Company/ 足已發行 subsidiaries			butable to Group	Principal activity 主要業務
rn au a =u	業務所在地	普通股本	平公可/附 2016 二零一六年 %	· 屬公司持有 2015 二零一五年 %	平集 2016 二零一六年 %	國應佔 2015 二零一五年 %	土安耒枌
青島市城陽區亞聯財小額貸款 有限公司 ⁶⁰	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB300,000,000 人民幣300,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
青島亞聯財信息諮詢有限公司©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
南寧市亞聯財小額貸款有限公司的	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB200,000,000 人民幣200,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
南寧市亞聯財投資管理有限公司。	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
哈爾濱市亞聯財小額貸款 有限公司 ^(b)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB200,000,000 人民幣200,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
哈爾濱亞聯財信息諾詢有限公司回	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
重慶亞聯財小額貸款有限公司 (formerly known as 重慶市渝中區 亞聯財小額貸款有限責任公司) ⁶ (前稱重慶市渝中區亞聯財小額負 款有限責任公司) ⁶⁶)	US\$40,000,000 (2015: US\$50,000,000) 40,000,000美元 (二零一五年: 50,000,000美元)	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
重慶亞聯財信息諮詢有限公司©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
深圳亞聯財小額貸款有限公司的	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB600,000,000 人民幣600,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
雲南省亞聯財小額貸款有限公司 ¹⁰	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	HK\$350,000,000 350,000,000港元	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
雲南亞聯財經濟信息諮詢 有限公司 ^(c)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy
新聯財信息諮詢(深圳)有限公司©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	100	100	25	24	財務顧問 Financial consultancy
新鴻基(天津)股權投資基金管理 有限公司 ^(b)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	100	100	42	41	財務顧問 Asset management 資產管理
新鴻基融資擔保(瀋陽)有限公司的	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB300,000,000 人民幣300,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Loan guarantee 貸款擔保
福州亞聯財信息諮詢有限公司◎	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy 財務顧問



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50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

	Propo Place of Paid up issued						
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 業務所在地	ordinary share capital 繳足已發行 普通股本	the Co subsid	d by mpany/ diaries 上零一五年 %		butable to Group 風應佔 二零一五年 %	Principal activity 主要業務
福州市晉安區亞聯財小額貸款 有限公司 ^(b)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB200,000,000 人民幣200,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
濟南市歷下區亞聯財小額貸款 有限公司 ⁽¹⁾	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB300,000,000 人民幣300,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
濟南亞聯財信息諮詢有限公司的	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
瀋陽亞聯財卓越信息諮詢 有限公司 ^(c)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	25	24	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
瀋陽金融商貿開發區亞聯財小額 貸款有限公司 ⁶⁾	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國 (RMB320,000,000 (2015:RMB300,000,000) 人民幣320,000,000元 (二零一五年:人民幣 300,000,000元)	100	100	25	24	Money lending 借貸
深圳亞聯財信息技術有限公司©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB20,000,000 人民幣20,000,00元	100	-	42	-	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
				+ ++ K	+++ nn 4# Dn -4	시크+☆서	ナレネナははい

- * These shareholdings represent the proportion of ownership interest held directly by the Company.
- ** These subsidiaries are listed in Hong Kong and further details about them are available in their published accounts.
- ^ The subsidiary is a fund established and created under Luxembourg laws. As the Group holds all the issued units of the fund, it is classified as a subsidiary.
- * Although the Group has no equity interest in Top Marker Limited, it is classified as a subsidiary of the Group as the Group can control the composition of its board and is exposed to its variable returns. The Group's investment in Top Marker Limited was HK\$188.9 million at the reporting date.
- (a) These companies are sino-foreign equity joint ventures.
- (b) These companies are wholly-foreign owned enterprises.
- (c) These companies are wholly-domestic owned enterprises.

The above tables list the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length. 該等持股權即本公司直接持有擁有權權益 之比例。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

50. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

- ** 該等附屬公司於香港上市,有關該等附屬公司之其他詳情載於其公佈之賬目內。
- ^ 該附屬公司為根據盧森堡法律而創立之基 金。由於本集團持有所有發行基金單位,因 此將該基金分類為一間附屬公司。
- * 雖然本集團於Top Marker Limited並無股本 權益,但由於本集團能控制其董事會的組合 及承受其浮動回報,因此被分類為本集團之 附屬公司。於結算日,本集團於Top Marker Limited之投資為188.9百萬港元。
- (a) 該等公司為中外合資企業。
- (b) 該等公司為外商獨資企業。
- (c) 該等公司為本地獨資企業。

上表所列公司乃董事認為對本年度業績有 重大影響,或構成本集團淨資產主要部分 之本公司附屬公司。董事認為列出其他附 屬公司的詳情,會令資料過於冗長。



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51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL ASSOCIATES

Particulars of the Group's principal associates at 31st December, 2016 are set out below:

51.	主要聯營公司資料
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於二零一六年十二月三十一日之本集團主 要聯營公司資料如下:

Associates 聯營公司	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 業務所在地	Held by t subsidiaries the C 附屬公司持有 本集團			ing rights utable o Group 國應佔	Principal activity 主要業務
		2016 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %	2016 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %	
APAC Resources Limited** 亞太資源有限公司**	Hong Kong 香港	28	-	21	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Dragon Mining Limited*	Australia 澳洲	24	24	18	18	Gold producer 黃金生產商
Learning Ark Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	21	21	9	9	Provision of online education services 提供在線教育服務
Oriental Cashmere Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	25	25	19	19	Manufacturing and trading of cashmere products 羊絨產品生產及貿易
Purple Link Investment Limited 紫聯投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	25	25	19	19	Investment in properties 投資於物業
Sun Hung Kai Financial Group Limited 新鴻基金融集團有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	30	30	13	12	Wealth management and brokerage business 財富管理及經紀業務
Tanami Gold NL*	Australia 澳洲	35	32	26	24	Gold mining operations and mineral exploration 黃金採礦業務及 礦產勘探
Tian An China Investments Company Limited** 天安中國投資有限公司**	Hong Kong 香港	49	49	36	36	Property development, property investment and property management 物業發展、物業投資及 物業管理

* These associates are listed in Australia and further details about them are available in their published accounts.

** This associate is listed in Hong Kong and further details are available in its published accounts.

The above table lists the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

- * 該等聯營公司在澳洲上市,有關該等公司之 進一步詳情載於其公佈之賬目內。
- ** 該聯營公司在香港上市,有關該公司之進一 步詳情載於其公佈之賬目內。

上表所列公司乃董事認為對本年度業績有 重大影響,或構成本集團淨資產主要部分 之本集團聯營公司。董事認為列出其他聯 營公司的詳情,會令資料過於冗長。



52. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL JOINT VENTURE

Particulars of the Group's principal joint venture at 31st December, 2016 are set out below:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

52. 主要合營公司資料

於二零一六年十二月三十一日之本集團主 要合營公司資料如下:

Joint venture 合營公司	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 業務所在地	Hel			table to Group	Principal activity 主要業務
Allied Kajima Limited	Incorporated 註冊成立	Hong Kong 香港	50	50	37	37	Property and investment holding 地產及投資控股

The above table lists the joint venture of the Group which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other joint ventures would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length. 上表所列公司乃董事認為對本年度業績有 重大影響,或構成本集團淨資產主要部分 之本集團合營公司。董事認為列出其他合 營公司的詳情,會令資料過於冗長。

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司 286 Financial Summary

財務概要

		Financial year ended 31st December, 截至十二月三十一日止財政年度					
		2012 二零一二年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	
Results	業績						
Revenue*	₩₩₩	4,316.2	5,181.4	5,766.3	5,304.4	4,101.9	
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	2,764.4	2,650.8	3,237.2	5,978.8	5,081.2	
			2,000.0	5,257.2	5,57 0.0	5,00112	
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔方: 本公司股東 非控股權益	1,394.9 1,369.5	1,333.2 1,317.6	1,655.7 1,581.5	2,983.2 2,995.6	3,263.2 1,818.0	
		2,764.4	2,650.8	3,237.2	5,978.8	5,081.2	
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利	HK\$7.16港元	HK\$7.06港元	HK\$9.02港元	HK\$16.33港元	HK\$18.34港元	
				At 31st Decembe 於十二月三十一			
		2012 二零一二年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債						
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總額 負債總額	40,595.1 (11,226.6)	43,128.4 (12,238.7)	48,777.8 (14,871.4)	49,240.7 (11,193.3)	52,651.8 (11,540.2)	
Total equity Non-controlling interests	權益總額 非控股權益	29,368.5 (14,731.5)	30,889.7 (15,101.0)	33,906.4 (16,739.0)	38,047.4 (18,703.3)	41,111.6 (19,353.3)	
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司股東應佔 權益	14,637.0	15,788.7	17,167.4	19,344.1	21,758.3	

*

* Included revenue from both continuing and discontinued operations.

包括來自持續及已終止經營業務之收入。



Particulars of major properties held by the subsidiaries and joint ventures of the Group at 31st December, 2016 are as set out below:

本集團之附屬公司及合營公司於二零一六年 十二月三十一日所持主要物業資料如下:

Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective% held by the Group 本集團 實益持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段
Hong Kong 香港					
Park Place 7 Tai Tam Reservoir Road Hong Kong 雅柏苑 香港 大潭水塘道7號	2056 +	R	3,475	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Allied Cargo Centre 150-164 Texaco Road Tsuen Wan, New Territories 聯合貨運中心 新界荃灣 德士古道150-164號	2047	G	46,594	75.00	Existing 現有物業
60 Plantation Road, The Peak, Hong Kong 香港山頂 種植道60號	2066	R	639	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Orchid Court 38 Tung On Street	2049	R	791	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Mongkok, Kowloon 安蘭閣 九龍旺角 東安街38號		С	201	75.00	現有物業 Existing 現有物業
The Redhill Peninsula 18 Pak Pat Shan Road	2056 +	R	596	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Tai Tam, Hong Kong 紅山半島 香港大潭 白筆山道18號		СР	79***	75.00	Existing (Phase IV) 現有物業 (第四期)
China Online Centre 333 Lockhart Road Wanchai, Hong Kong 中國網絡中心 香港灣仔 駱克道333號	2026 ++	С	15,680	75.00	Existing 現有物業



Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective% held by the Group 本集團 實益持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段
Hong Kong(Cont'd) 香港(續)					
St. George Apartments No. 81 Waterloo Road	2081	R	10,287	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Ho Man Tin, Kowloon 聖佐治大廈 九龍何文田 窩打老道81號		СР	69 ⁼⁼⁼	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Ibis Hong Kong North Point 138 Java Road North Point, Hong Kong 宜必思香港北角酒店 香港北角 渣華道138號	2083	Н	6,825	75.00	Existing 現有物業
No. 239 Jaffe Road and Nos. 10-12 Steward Road Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港灣仔 謝斐道239號及 史釗域道10至12號	2027 ++	Ρ	5,083	37.50 *	Demolition completed** 拆除完成**
Fu Yue Building 241 & 243 Jaffe Road Wanchai, Hong Kong 富裕樓 香港灣仔 謝斐道241 & 243號	2027 ++	Ρ	2,149	37.50 *	Preparation for demolition** 拆除籌備中**
No. 9 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong 香港 皇后大道中9號	2854	С	1,277	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Allied Kajima Building 138 Gloucester Road Wanchai, Hong Kong 聯合鹿島大廈 香港灣仔 告士打道138號	2047	С	20,452	37.50 *	Existing 現有物業
Novotel Century Hong Kong 238 Jaffe Road Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港諾富特世紀酒店 香港灣仔 謝斐道238號	2047	Н	27,364	37.50 *	Existing 現有物業



Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective% held by the Group 本集團 實益持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段
Hong Kong(Cont'd) 香港 (續)					
Tregunter Tower 3 14 Tregunter Path Hong Kong 地利根德閣第3座 香港 地利根德徑14號	2051	R	745	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Admiralty Centre 18 Harcourt Road Hong Kong 海富中心 香港 夏慤道18號	2053 +	С	2,970 *	42.19	Existing 現有物業
J Residence 60 Johnston Road Hong Kong 嘉薈軒 香港 莊士敦道60號	2054	R	50	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Outside Hong Kong 香港境外					
FM 2100 Road and Diamond Head Boulevard Harris County Texas United States of America 美國德州	Freehold 永久業權	R	13,875,254**	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Sofitel Philippine Plaza Manila Cultural Centre of the Philippines Complex Roxas Boulevard Pasay City Manila, Philippines 菲律賓馬尼拉	2041	Н	73,866	37.50*	Existing 現有物業



Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective% held by the Group 本集團 實益持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段
Outside Hong Kong (Cont'd) 香港境外 (續)					
Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park Futian District Shenzhen People's Republic of China 深圳天安數碼城 中華人民共和國 深圳 福田區	2052	I	3,812	24.55	Existing 現有物業
Tianjin Tian An Cyberpark Zhangjiawo, Xiqing District Tianjin People's Republic of China 天津天安數碼城 中華人民共和國 天津 西青區張家窩	2060	I	2,040	24.55	Existing 現有物業
Optics Valley International Plaza N0.889 Luoyu Road East Lake High-Tech Development Zone, Wuhan People's Republic of China 光谷國際廣場 中華人民共和國 武漢東湖 高新技術開發區 珞喻路889號	u 2043	С	1,535	24.55	Existing 現有物業
The Shuncheng Office Wuhua District Kunming People's Republic of China 順城辦事處 中華人民共和國 昆明 五華區	2046	С	1,237	24.55	Existing 現有物業



Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective% held by the Group 本集團 實益持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段
Outside Hong Kong (Cont'd) 香港境外 (續)					
Block 2 of No. 101 building Cuibai Road, Chunhuilu Street Dadukou District Chongqing People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國 重慶 大渡口區 春暉路街道翠柏路 101號2幢	2061	Ι	2,978	24.55	Existing 現有物業
Times Centre No. 160 Zhengyang Road Chengyang District Qingdao People's Republic of China 時代中心 中華人民共和國 青島 城陽區 正陽路160號	2046	С	1,317	24.55	Existing 現有物業
43, Beizhan 1st Road Shenhe District Shenyang People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國 瀋陽 瀋河區 北站一路43號	2044	С	2,038	24.55	Existing 現有物業
Huaqiang Plaza Lixia District Jinan People's Republic of China 華強廣場 中華人民共和國 濟南 曆下區	2050	С	1,958	24.55	Existing 現有物業



Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective% held by the Group 本集團 實益持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段		
Outside Hong Kong (Cont'd) 香港境外(續)							
SFC Sincere Centre No. 99 Wuyi Road Yuzhong District Chongqing People's Republic of China SFC協信中心 中華人民共和國 重慶 渝中區 五一路99號	2050	С	1,798	24.55	Existing 現有物業		
Sincere Centre No. 25 Fuqing Road Er Duan Chenghua District Chengdu People's Republic of China 協信中心 中華人民共和國 成都 成華區 府青路二段25號	2051	С	1,929	24.55	Existing 現有物業		
Yaopeng Mingzhu Yunling Road Creative Industrial Park Dali City, Yunnan People's Republic of China 耀鵬明珠 中華人民共和國 雲南大理市 創新工業園區 雲嶺大道	2046	С	736	24.55	Existing 現有物業		
Notes:			註解:				
Types of properties: R – Residential, C – Commercial, G – Godown, H – Hotel, I – Industrial, P – Property under construction, CP – Car Parking Spaces				物業類別: R-住宅,C-商業,G-貨倉,H-酒店, I-工業,P-在建物業,CP-車位			
 Indicates properties held through a joint venture Expected construction completion in 2020 With option to renew for a further term of 75 years With option to renew for a further term of 99 years Saleable area Site area Number of car parking spaces 			 預期於: 可續期: 可續期: 可續期: 銷售面: 地盤面: 	 igmn → マ→マ→マ→マ↓ + 可續期七十五年 ++ 可續期九十九年 * 銷售面積 ** 地盤面積 			



