

# DYNAMIC HOLDINGS LIMITED 達力集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

Stock Code: 29

INTERIM REPORT 2018/19

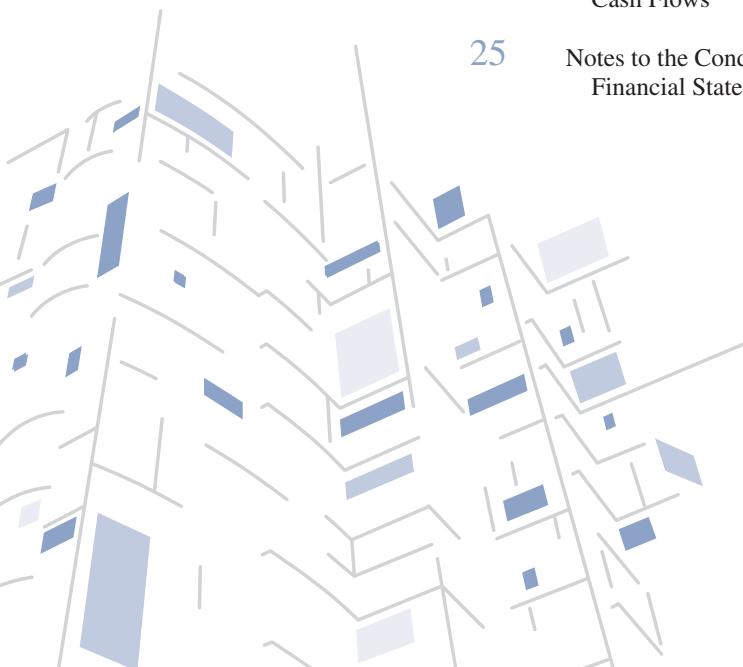


[www.dynamic.hk](http://www.dynamic.hk)



This interim report is printed on environmentally friendly paper.

# CONTENTS

- 
- 2 Corporate and Investor Information
  - 4 Management Statement
  - 17 Report on Review of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
  - 19 Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
  - 21 Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
  - 23 Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
  - 24 Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
  - 25 Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

# CORPORATE AND INVESTOR INFORMATION

As at 12 March 2019

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### *Executive Directors*

TAN Lucio C., *Chairman*  
CHIU Siu Hung, Allan,  
*acting Chief Executive Officer*  
TAN Carmen K.  
TAN Lucio Jr. Khao  
TAN Michael Gonzales  
PASCUAL Ramon Sy  
CHUA Joseph Tan  
TAN Vivienne Khao

### *Independent Non-executive Directors*

CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth  
SY Robin Chua  
FOK Kam Chu, John  
GO Patrick Lim  
TAN Kenway Hao

## AUDIT COMMITTEE

CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth, *Chairman*  
SY Robin Chua  
FOK Kam Chu, John  
GO Patrick Lim

## REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth, *Chairman*  
SY Robin Chua  
FOK Kam Chu, John

## NOMINATION COMMITTEE

TAN Kenway Hao, *Chairman*  
CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth  
SY Robin Chua  
FOK Kam Chu, John

## COMPANY SECRETARY

WONG Oi Yee, Polly

## AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

## LEGAL ADVISERS

Deacons  
Mayer Brown  
Appleby  
Longan Law Firm  
Shanghai Kai-Rong Law Firm

## PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hang Seng Bank Limited  
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China  
Limited  
China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd.  
Bank of China Limited  
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.

## STOCK CODE

## Corporate and Investor Information *(Continued)*

As at 12 March 2019

### WEBSITES

<https://www.dynamic.hk>  
<https://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/dynamic>

### SHARE REGISTRAR

#### *Principal Share Registrar*

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited  
The Belvedere Building  
69 Pitts Bay Road  
Pembroke HM08  
Bermuda

#### *Branch Share Registrar*

Tricor Tengis Limited  
Level 22, Hopewell Centre  
183 Queen's Road East  
Hong Kong

### REGISTERED OFFICE

Canon's Court  
22 Victoria Street  
Hamilton HM 12  
Bermuda

### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

17th Floor, Eton Tower  
8 Hysan Avenue  
Causeway Bay  
Hong Kong

### REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN SHENZHEN

Unit 1321, Shenzhen Kerry Centre  
2008 Renminnan Road, Shenzhen  
The People's Republic of China

### FINANCIAL CALENDAR

Declaration of Interim Dividend (3 Hong Kong cents per share)	12 March 2019
Last Registration Date for Interim Dividend	1 April 2019
Book-close Dates	2 April 2019 – 8 April 2019 (both days inclusive)
Record Date for Interim Dividend	8 April 2019
Payment of Interim Dividend	26 April 2019

# MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

The board (the “**Board**”) of directors (the “**Directors**”) of Dynamic Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”) hereby present its management statement including, among others, discussion and analysis of the performance and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the “**Group**”) for the six months ended 31 December 2018, which have been reviewed by external auditor of the Company, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu.

## INTERIM RESULTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2018, the Group reported a total revenue of HK\$53,286,000 (2017: HK\$54,536,000) and gross profit of HK\$41,505,000 (2017: HK\$42,347,000), both showing slight decrease of 2% compared with those of the previous corresponding period. These results were attributable to the rental income of investment properties of the Group denominated in renminbi yuan (“**RMB**”), with stable gross profit margin at 78% (2017: 78%).

During the period under review, the Group accounted for other income of HK\$6,206,000 (2017: HK\$14,583,000), which was mainly arisen from imputed and bank interest income in the sum of HK\$9,170,000 (2017: HK\$8,263,000) and the net exchange loss of HK\$5,058,000 (2017: an exchange gain of HK\$5,029,000) due to the fluctuation of RMB devaluation against Hong Kong dollar (“**HKD**”). In addition, the Group recognized an aggregate increase of HK\$14,923,000 (2017: HK\$47,408,000) in the fair value of the investment properties.

After taking into account of the above reduced appreciation of fair value of the investment properties and the related effect of taxation and the above devaluation of RMB in the period, the profit for the period attributable to shareholders of the Company was HK\$44,418,000 (2017: HK\$78,876,000), which decreased by 44% from that of the last corresponding period, with basic earnings per share of HK\$0.1969 (2017: HK\$0.3505).

Meanwhile, due to exchange difference on currency translation to presentation currency in HKD from functional currency in RMB, which devalued against HKD at 3.9% (2017: appreciated 3.7%) in the period, the other comprehensive expense was HK\$82,932,000 (2017: other comprehensive income of HK\$78,876,000), and the total comprehensive expense attributable to shareholders of the Company amounted to HK\$37,033,000 (2017: total comprehensive income of HK\$156,376,000).

## INTERIM DIVIDEND

In respect of an interim dividend for the six months ended 31 December 2018, the Company will convene a separate meeting of the Board on 12 March 2019 to consider and, if appropriate, approve, among other matters, the declaration and payment of an interim dividend for such period. (*Note*)

## BUSINESS REVIEW

In the period under review, the overall revenue and results of the Group were principally derived from its operating segment in terms of property rental in the mainland China denominated in RMB, which performed steadily as compared with those of the last corresponding period.

The rental income of the Group generated from its investment properties in two major cities, Shanghai and Beijing, was steady in the amount of RMB46,776,000 (2017: RMB46,244,000), as compared with that of last corresponding period. Such rental income presented in the financial statements in the sum of HK\$53,286,000 (2017: HK\$54,536,000), which represented all (2017: all) of the consolidated revenue income of the Group in the period. And the fair value of these investment properties of the Group comprising shopping mall and carparks in Beijing and office units in Shanghai appreciated in the sum of RMB13,100,000 (2017: RMB40,200,000), translating into HK\$14,923,000 (2017: HK\$47,408,000) in the period. As such, the segment results of property rental reported a profit of RMB50,028,000 (2017: RMB75,750,000), presenting in HK\$56,990,000 (2017: HK\$89,332,000) which shows a drop of 36% as compared with the last corresponding figure, which was primarily due to reduced appreciation in fair value of these investment properties.

In Beijing, the rental income generated from the well-established community mall (including car parks) of the Group in Chaoyang District improved with average occupancy rate about 92% (2017: 95%) throughout the period. In addition, the rental income of this segment in the period totaled RMB16,043,000 (2017: RMB15,214,000), showing an increase of about 5% as compared with that of last corresponding period. This rental translated into HK\$18,276,000 (2017: HK\$17,941,000) which accounted for 34% (2017: 33%) of the total revenue of the Group. The fair value of these investment properties appreciated in the sum of RMB2,100,000 (2017: RMB14,200,000), depicting in HK\$2,392,000 (2017: HK\$16,746,000). Thereby, a profit of HK\$13,175,000 (2017: HK\$27,119,000) was recorded in the segment results in the period, and such decrease was primarily arisen from reduced appreciation in fair value of these investment properties as compared with that of the last corresponding period. Due to limited residential units held for sale by the Group in Beijing, there was nil (2017: nil) proceeds of property sales of the Group making an administrative loss of HK\$94,000 (2017: HK\$95,000) in the segment results of property sales in the period.

## Management Statement *(Continued)*

### BUSINESS REVIEW *(Continued)*

In Shanghai, the quality offices of the Group known as “Eton Place” which is in the prominent financial location of Little Lujiazui in Pudong attained an average occupancy rate of about 92% (2017: 94%) with steady rental during the period. And the rental income was in the sum of RMB30,733,000 (2017: RMB31,031,000). It presented into HK\$35,010,000 (2017: HK\$36,595,000) which shared 66% (2017: 67%) of the total revenue of the Group in the period. The fair value of these investment properties appreciated in the sum of RMB11,000,000 (2017: RMB26,000,000), depicting in HK\$12,531,000 (2017: HK\$30,662,000). Thereby, these segment results recorded a total profit of HK\$43,815,000 (2017: HK\$62,213,000) in the period, and such drop was also primarily arisen from reduced appreciation in fair value of these investment properties as compared with that of the last corresponding period.

During the period under review, Shenzhen Zhen Wah Harbour Enterprises Ltd. (“**Zhen Wah**”, a joint venture in which the Company holds 49%), which holds a piece of land located in Tung Kok Tau, Nanshan District, Shenzhen (the “**Land**”), continued its proceedings of compulsory liquidation which commenced in July 2016 under supervision of the court of the People’s Republic of China (the “**PRC**”) and management of a liquidation committee (the “**Liquidation Committee**”) as appointed by the PRC court.

In the period, the Group continued to closely monitor the liquidation proceedings of Zhen Wah with the assistance of its legal advisers. Meanwhile, the Group kept on working actively with the Liquidation Committee, relevant official authorities and Chinese joint venture partner regarding the liquidation and the proposal for re-zoning/swap of the Land, compensation for demolition, relocation and increase of gross developable area of the Land (the “**Proposal**”). Almost all of the ex-tenants/occupiers of the Land have agreed for relocation and delivered vacant possession. The Proposal has been mostly assessed officially for swap of Land in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations. It is currently under negotiations for planning and adjustment in alignment with the recent city planning of an opera house project near the Land.

As announced on 22 February 2019, due to complexity of historical issues involved in the liquidation of Zhen Wah including the aforesaid matters, the PRC court accepted the application lodged by the Liquidation Committee to further extend the period of compulsory liquidation of Zhen Wah for six months up to July 2019.

## Management Statement *(Continued)*

### BUSINESS REVIEW *(Continued)*

Meanwhile, based on the PRC legal advice and to further strive for the best interests of the Group, the Group lodged an application for international arbitration (the “**Arbitration**”) with South China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission (the “**Arbitration Commission**”) in June 2017 to determine the precise entitlement of the Group regarding rent, income and profit generated from the Land, pursuant to a shareholders’ agreement entered into between the Group and the Chinese joint venture partner on 20 December 1996 in relation to Zhen Wah. In accordance with the arbitral proceedings, the Arbitration after the expiration of the conciliation at the end of July 2018 has been resumed pending for formation of arbitral panel. Irrespective of the result of the Arbitration, Zhen Wah will be wound up in the liquidation process in due course. Further announcement on the progress and/or result of the Arbitration will be made as and when appropriate.

### FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### *Capital Structure*

The financial position of the Group remains sound and liquid, and its financing and treasury policies are managed and controlled at the corporate level and prudent manner during the period. The main objective is to utilize the group funding efficiently and to manage the financial risks effectively. At 31 December 2018, the equity attributable to its owners amounted to RMB1,845,622,000 (30 June 2018: RMB1,811,820,000) with net asset value per share of RMB8.08 (30 June 2018: RMB8.05), translating to HK\$2,106,393,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$2,148,998,000) with net asset value per share of HK\$9.23 (30 June 2018: HK\$9.54). Total unsecured and secured bank borrowings of the Group amounted to about HK\$131,638,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$135,520,000), which were in Hong Kong dollars and repayable within two year on floating rate basis. As at 31 December 2018, the gearing ratio of the Group was 6% (30 June 2018: 6%) based on the total debt of the Group to its equity attributable to owners of the Company. The exposure to foreign currency fluctuations affected the Group in the period under review was mainly the fluctuation of RMB devaluation against HKD, resulting in the net exchange loss of HK\$5,058,000 (six months ended 31 December 2017: net exchange gain of HK\$5,029,000) and exchange difference on translation functional currency of RMB to presentation currency of HKD, amounting to other comprehensive expense of HK\$82,932,000 (six months ended 31 December 2017: other comprehensive income of HK\$78,876,000). No financial instruments were used for hedging purpose in the period. And the Group will continue to closely monitor the impact of fluctuation of RMB in order to minimize its adverse impact.

## Management Statement *(Continued)*

### FINANCIAL REVIEW *(Continued)*

#### *Financial Resources and Liquidity*

In the period under review, there was sufficient cashflow as generated by rental revenue of investment properties in Shanghai and Beijing. As at 31 December 2018, the bank balance and deposits and cash of the Group stood at HK\$270,846,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$257,870,000), in aggregate and denominated primarily in RMB. With sufficient cashflow, the Group maintained an un-utilized credit facilities of HK\$16,000,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$16,000,000) as working capital at floating interest rate as at 31 December 2018. The Group's net current assets amounted to HK\$201,040,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$193,799,000) with current ratio of 2.30 (30 June 2018: 2.30) as at 31 December 2018. And no significant capital expenditure commitments and authorizations was made in the period.

#### *Pledge of Assets and Contingent Liabilities*

As at 31 December 2018, the Group pledged its properties with a total carrying value of HK\$922,164,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$950,065,000), an assignment of rental and sale proceeds from such properties and a charge over shares in respect of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group to financial institutions as security against general banking facilities granted to the Group, and also pledged certain of its bank deposits in the sum of HK\$30,794,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$30,521,000) to banks to secure banking facilities and home loans granted to the home buyers of property project of the Group. As at the end of the reporting period, the Group has given guarantees in respect of settlement of home loans provided by banks to the home buyers of a property project in Beijing. As at 31 December 2018, the Group had given guarantees in respect of such home loans of HK\$1,538,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$1,859,000). The Directors of the Company consider that the fair values of these financial guarantee contracts at their initial recognition and at the end of the reporting period are insignificant on the basis of the low loan ratio.

### PROSPECTS

Although the unfavorable trade war between China and the United States will continue to weigh on the uncertainties in economic outlook in mainland China, it is anticipated that there will be official effort and supportive measures to bolster market expectation and reinforce the economic slowdown, including monetary and fiscal stimulus plans to underpin economic growth and domestic consumption as well as to moderate exchange rate of RMB and local investments associated with focus on deployment of technology for high-end service industry, all that will continue to bolster leasing demand of office and retail sectors.

## Management Statement *(Continued)*

### PROSPECTS *(Continued)*

In Beijing, economic slowdown will lead consumers to become increasingly selective in their purchasing decisions that will in turn hinder retailers' leasing demands. However, it is expected that the resilient middle-class consumption will sustain mid-range and mass-market retailers despite more awareness and demand for consumption experiences, quality and convenience. In order to maintain high occupancy rate and constant revenue to the Group, the Group will endeavor to proactively adjust and transform leasing and seasonal marketing strategies, emphasizing an experience-focused brand mix and outlet stores to fit customers' demands so as to attract the attention of more consumers and stimulate consumption.

In Shanghai, it is expected that competition will continue to stem not only from influx of new office projects but also from intermediary service providers such as co-working spaces, thus take-up of office market will remain in keen competition in Pudong. In Pudong, as financial hub, there will be leasing demand from local insurance, financial and professional enterprises. But the rental growth will face downward pressure amid economic slowdown, considerable volumes of new office supply and unabsorbed vacancies. To maintain high occupancy rate and steady recurring revenue, the Group will continue to adopt competitive rental strategies.

The Group will continue to act proactively for safeguarding the best interests of the Company in Zhen Wah. It will continue to adopt the best available measures and take expedient action with a view to protecting the Company's interests in the context of the compulsory liquidation of Zhen Wah. And based on the PRC legal advice received by the Group, the swapped Land will eventually be sold by way of public auction or disposed of by other applicable means subject to endorsement of the PRC court upon receipt of proposal of the Liquidation Committee in accordance with the PRC laws, and any surplus (after settlement of all relevant liabilities) will be distributed to the joint venture partners in accordance with their equity contributions. However, the issues involved in liquidation of Zhen Wah are complex and sophisticated, involving not only the PRC court but also various governmental authorities. There is no assurance that the liquidation may not be subject to significant delay, oppositions, obstructions and further dispute or litigation with respect to the matters of Zhen Wah and/or its assets.

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES

As at 31 December 2018, the interests and short positions held by the Directors or the chief executive(s) of the Company or any of their associates in the shares of the Company (the “**Shares**”), shares of any of its associated corporations and underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the “**SFO**”)) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”) pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “**Listing Rules**”) were as follows:

Name of Director	Personal interests in number of issued ordinary Shares of the Company (long position)	Personal interests in underlying Shares pursuant to share options (long position) <i>(note 1)</i>	Aggregate interests <i>(note 1)</i>	Total interests as approximate percentage of issued share capital <i>(note 2)</i>
Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao	–	1,500,000	1,500,000	0.66%
Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy	82,000	1,500,000	1,582,000	0.69%
Mr. CHIU Siu Hung, Allan	1,000,000	–	1,000,000	0.44%
Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth	–	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.44%
Dr. SY Robin Chua	–	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.44%
Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John	610,000	–	610,000	0.27%
Mr. GO Patrick Lim	–	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.44%

*Notes:* 1. The Directors' interests in the underlying Shares are through share options granted by the Company on 25 October 2011 under the 2001 share option scheme and 10 November 2015 under the 2011 share option scheme respectively, details of which are set out in note 16 to the condensed consolidated financial statements in this interim report.

2. The calculation is derived from the aggregate interests as a percentage of the total number of issued Shares of the Company (i.e. 228,323,681 Shares) as at 31 December 2018.

## Management Statement *(Continued)*

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES

*(Continued)*

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2018, none of the Directors, the chief executive(s) of the Company or any of their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in the Listing Rules. Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, the chief executive(s) of the Company or any of their associates had been granted or exercised any rights to subscribe for any equity or debt securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) during the six months ended 31 December 2018.

### MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of the Directors of the Company, all the Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standards of dealings as set out therein during the six months ended 31 December 2018.

## Management Statement *(Continued)*

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES

As at 31 December 2018, so far as is known to any Director or chief executive(s) of the Company, persons (other than the Directors or the chief executive(s) of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Name	Capacity	Number of issued ordinary Shares and underlying Shares pursuant to share options (long position)	Total interests (long position)	Total interests as approximate percentage of issued share capital (note 5)
Dr. TAN Lucio C.	Founder of a private discretionary trust Beneficial owner (note 1) Family interests (note 1)	89,321,279 2,190,000 2,190,000	93,701,279	41.04%
Mrs. TAN Carmen K.	Family interests (note 2) Beneficial owner (note 2)	91,511,279 2,190,000	93,701,279	41.04%
Dynamic Development Corporation	Beneficial owner	89,321,279	89,321,279	39.12%
Carnation Investments Inc.	Trustee of a private discretionary trust (note 3)	89,321,279	89,321,279	39.12%
Mr. CHUA Domingo	Corporate interests (note 4) Beneficial owner (note 4)	89,321,279 5,800,000	95,121,279	41.66%

## Management Statement *(Continued)*

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES *(Continued)*

- Notes:*
1. Dr. TAN Lucio C. beneficially held 2,190,000 underlying Shares as derivative interests. Dr. TAN, being the spouse of Mrs. TAN Carmen K. who was interested in 2,190,000 underlying Shares as derivative interests, was deemed or taken to be interested in such Shares as family interests in which Mrs. TAN Carmen K. was interested under the SFO.
  2. Mrs. TAN Carmen K. beneficially held 2,190,000 underlying Shares as derivative interests. Mrs. TAN, being the spouse of Dr. TAN Lucio C. who was interested in 89,321,279 Shares of the Company as a founder of a private discretionary trust and 2,190,000 underlying Shares as derivative interests, was deemed or taken to be interested in such Shares as family interests in which Dr. TAN Lucio C. was interested under the SFO.
  3. Carnation Investments Inc. was taken to be interested in 89,321,279 Shares in the Company as the entire issued share capital of Dynamic Development Corporation was held by Carnation Investments Inc. as trustee for a private discretionary trust.
  4. The corporate interests of Mr. CHUA Domingo were held through Dynamic Development Corporation. Dynamic Development Corporation is wholly-owned by Carnation Investments Inc. Mr. CHUA Domingo is the sole shareholder and director of Carnation Investments Inc. Mr. CHUA Domingo beneficially held 4,000,000 Shares and 1,800,000 underlying Shares as derivative interests.
  5. The calculation is derived from the aggregate interests as a percentage of the total number of issued Shares of the Company (i.e. 228,323,681 Shares) as at 31 December 2018.
  6. The references to 89,321,279 Shares in the Company in which Dr. TAN Lucio C., Mrs. TAN Carmen K., Mr. CHUA Domingo, Dynamic Development Corporation and Carnation Investments Inc. were interested or taken to be interested relate to the same block of Shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2018, no other person (other than the Directors and the chief executive(s) of the Company) had any interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

### EMOLUMENT POLICY

At 31 December 2018, the Group had approximately 50 employees (including Directors) in Hong Kong and the mainland China at prevailing market remuneration with employee benefits such as medical insurance, provident fund schemes and share option schemes.

## Management Statement *(Continued)*

### EMOLUMENT POLICY *(Continued)*

Both the emoluments of the respective Directors of the Company and the emolument policy of the employees of the Group are recommended by the remuneration committee of the Company. They are on the basis of the respective merits, responsibilities and duties, performance, qualifications and competence, taking into account of comparable market level, operating results of the Group, corporate goals and objectives of the Board of Directors and relevant legal requirements, provisions, guidelines and recommendations of regulatory bodies.

The Company has adopted share option schemes as incentive to Directors and eligible employees, details of the schemes are set out in note 16 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

### DISCLOSURE UNDER RULE 13.22 OF THE LISTING RULES

Details of advances given to an affiliated company as at 31 December 2018, which exceeded 8% under the assets ratio as defined under rule 13.16 of the Listing Rules are as follows:

Affiliated company	Percentage of equity held by the Group	Amount of advances at 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
--------------------	--	---

Shenzhen Zhen Wah Harbour Enterprises Ltd. 49% 236,420  
*(Note)*

*Note:* The operation period of Zhen Wah expired on 16 January 2014. Thereafter, Zhen Wah ceased its operation and is now in the process of liquidation. The advances to Zhen Wah by the Group have been accounted for as amount due from a joint venture, details of which are disclosed in note 11 to the condensed consolidated financial statements. The amount of advances are unsecured and to be repayable after the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

## Management Statement *(Continued)*

### DISCLOSURE UNDER RULE 13.22 OF THE LISTING RULES *(Continued)*

Pursuant to the continuing disclosure requirements under rule 13.22 of the Listing Rules, the combined statement of financial position of the above affiliated company, Zhen Wah and the attributable interests of the Group in Zhen Wah as at 31 December 2018 are disclosed as follows:

	Combined statement of financial position HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Group's attributable interests HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Non-current assets	217,548	106,599
Current assets	33,719	16,522
Current liabilities	(11,478)	(5,624)
Non-current liabilities	(236,420)	(115,846)
Net assets	3,369	1,651

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Save for deviation of certain code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the “Code”) stipulated in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules as disclosed below, the Company has applied the principles and has complied with the provisions of the Code throughout the six months ended 31 December 2018.

## Management Statement *(Continued)*

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE *(Continued)*

As announced on 6 December 2018, Mr. TAN Harry Chua after retirement as executive Director has ceased to be the chairman of the Company (the “**Chairman**”) and chairman of Nomination Committee with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting on 6 December 2018 (the “**AGM**”). Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank after retirement as executive Director has ceased to be the chief executive officer of the Company (the “**Chief Executive Officer**”) with effect from the conclusion of the AGM. Thereafter, the Company has not appointed a Chairman or Chief Executive Officer and the provisions of A.2.2 to A.2.6 of the Code could not be fully complied with by the Company. In addition, the Company has not nominated the chairman of Nomination Committee under provision A.5.1 of the Codes.

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the period, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company’s listed securities.

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company has reviewed the accounting practices and principles adopted by the Group and discussed with the management as to auditing, risk management and internal control, corporate governance and financial reporting matters including the review of this unaudited interim report for the six months ended 31 December 2018.

By Order of the Board  
**WONG Oi Yee, Polly**  
*Company Secretary*

Hong Kong, 28 February 2019

*Note:* On 12 March 2019, the Board has resolved that the Company would declared an interim dividend of 3 Hong Kong cents (2017: 2.5 Hong Kong cents) per share for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to the shareholders of the Company whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Monday, 8 April 2019.

# REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Deloitte.

德勤

**TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF DYNAMIC HOLDINGS LIMITED**  
*(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)*

## INTRODUCTION

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated financial statements of Dynamic Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) set out on pages 19 to 44, which comprise the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as of 31 December 2018 and the related condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and certain explanatory notes. The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of a report on interim financial information to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” (“**HKAS 34**”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with HKAS 34. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review, and to report our conclusion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

## SCOPE OF REVIEW

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 “Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of these condensed consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

## CONCLUSION

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with HKAS 34.

**Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu**

*Certified Public Accountants*  
Hong Kong  
28 February 2019

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

	<i>Note</i>	Six months ended 31 December	
		2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
<b>Revenue</b>	3	<b>53,286</b>	54,536
Direct costs		(11,781)	(12,189)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>41,505</b>	42,347
Other income, gains and losses	4	<b>6,206</b>	14,583
Increase in fair value of investment properties	10	<b>14,923</b>	47,408
Administrative expenses		(14,557)	(14,323)
Selling expenses		(469)	(487)
Finance costs	5	<b>(2,209)</b>	(1,562)
Share of loss of a joint venture		(5,084)	(4,852)
<b>Profit before taxation</b>	6	<b>40,315</b>	83,114
Taxation	7	<b>4,833</b>	(2,900)
<b>Profit for the period</b>		<b>45,148</b>	80,214
<b>Other comprehensive (expense) income</b>			
<i>Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:</i>			
Exchange differences on translation to presentation currency		<b>(82,932)</b>	78,876
<b>Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period</b>		<b>(37,784)</b>	159,090

**Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income** *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

	<i>Note</i>	Six months ended 31 December	
		2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
<b>Profit for the period attributable to:</b>			
Owners of the Company		<b>44,418</b>	78,876
Non-controlling interests		<b>730</b>	1,338
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		<b>45,148</b>	80,214
<b>Total comprehensive (expense) income attributable to:</b>			
Owners of the Company		<b>(37,033)</b>	156,376
Non-controlling interests		<b>(751)</b>	2,714
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		<b>(37,784)</b>	159,090
<b>Earnings per share (<i>Hong Kong cents</i>)</b>	9		
Basic		<b>19.69</b>	35.05
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Diluted		<b>18.68</b>	33.13

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 December 2018

	Note	At 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 30 June 2018 HK\$'000 (Audited)
<b>Non-current Assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment		<b>2,418</b>	1,859
Investment properties	10	<b>2,070,532</b>	2,136,283
Interest in a joint venture	11	<b>71,816</b>	80,205
Amount due from a joint venture	11	<b>236,420</b>	238,283
Other asset		<b>1,369</b>	1,423
		<b>2,382,555</b>	2,458,053
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Properties held for sale		<b>15,509</b>	16,192
Loan receivables	12	<b>–</b>	–
Trade and other receivables	13	<b>37,510</b>	37,796
Amount due from a non-controlling shareholder		<b>873</b>	907
Pledged bank deposits		<b>30,794</b>	30,521
Fixed bank deposits		<b>151,414</b>	163,799
Bank balances and cash		<b>119,432</b>	94,071
		<b>355,532</b>	343,286
<b>Current Liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	14	<b>45,732</b>	47,008
Tax payable		<b>91,871</b>	94,718
Dividend payable	8	<b>9,133</b>	–
Bank loans – due within one year		<b>7,756</b>	7,761
		<b>154,492</b>	149,487
<b>Net Current Assets</b>		<b>201,040</b>	193,799
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>		<b>2,583,595</b>	2,651,852

**Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position *(Continued)***

At 31 December 2018

		At 31 December 2018	At 30 June 2018
	<i>Note</i>	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Share capital	15	228,324	225,174
Reserves		<b>1,878,069</b>	1,923,824
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the Company</b>			
Non-controlling interests		2,106,393	2,148,998
		<b>37,435</b>	38,186
<b>Total Equity</b>		<b>2,143,828</b>	2,187,184
<b>Non-current Liabilities</b>			
Bank loans – due after one year		123,882	127,759
Deferred tax liabilities		301,994	322,594
Long-term rental deposits received		<b>13,891</b>	14,315
		<b>439,767</b>	464,668
		<b>2,583,595</b>	2,651,852

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

	Attributable to owners of the Company											Non-controlling interests	Total
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Special reserve HK\$'000 (Note a)	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Share option reserve HK\$'000 (Note b)	Other reserve HK\$'000	Statutory reserve HK\$'000 (Note c)	Retained profits HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000			
At 1 July 2018 (audited)	225,174	429,673	55,018	1,644	261,591	6,303	92,451	9,529	1,067,615	2,148,998	38,186	2,187,184	
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,418	44,418	730	45,148	
Exchange differences arising on translation	-	-	-	-	(81,451)	-	-	-	-	(81,451)	(1,481)	(82,932)	
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period	-	-	-	-	(81,451)	-	-	-	44,418	(37,033)	(751)	(37,784)	
Issue of share upon exercise of share options	3,150	1,591	-	-	-	(1,180)	-	-	-	3,561	-	3,561	
Cash dividends (note 8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,133)	(9,133)	-	(9,133)	
<b>At 31 December 2018 (unaudited)</b>	<b>228,324</b>	<b>431,264</b>	<b>55,018</b>	<b>1,644</b>	<b>180,140</b>	<b>5,123</b>	<b>92,451</b>	<b>9,529</b>	<b>1,102,900</b>	<b>2,106,393</b>	<b>37,435</b>	<b>2,143,828</b>	
At 1 July 2017 (audited)	225,066	429,619	55,018	1,644	204,537	6,343	92,451	9,442	953,958	1,978,078	34,731	2,012,809	
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,876	78,876	1,338	80,214	
Exchange differences arising on translation	-	-	-	-	77,500	-	-	-	-	77,500	1,376	78,876	
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	77,500	-	-	-	78,876	156,376	2,714	159,090	
Transfer to other reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85	(85)	-	-	
Cash dividends (note 8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,752)	(6,752)	-	(6,752)	
<b>At 31 December 2017 (unaudited)</b>	<b>225,066</b>	<b>429,619</b>	<b>55,018</b>	<b>1,644</b>	<b>282,037</b>	<b>6,343</b>	<b>92,451</b>	<b>9,527</b>	<b>1,025,997</b>	<b>2,127,702</b>	<b>37,445</b>	<b>2,165,147</b>	

*Notes:*

- (a) The special reserve of the Group arose from the difference between the aggregate amount of the then share capital, share premium, general reserve and retained profits of the subsidiaries acquired, and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition in relation to a previous group reorganisation.
- (b) The other reserve of the Group represents deemed contributions from equity holders of the Company which arose from the difference between the fair value of consideration paid and payable and the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired through acquisition of the subsidiaries during the year ended 30 June 2006.
- (c) The statutory reserve transferred from retained profits are required by relevant People's Republic of China (the "PRC") laws and regulations applicable to the Company's PRC subsidiary. The amount should not be less than 10% of the profit after tax as recorded in the statutory financial statements unless the aggregate amount exceeds 50% of the registered capital.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
<b>Net cash from operating activities</b>	<b>25,769</b>	10,566
<b>Net cash from (used in) investing activities</b>		
Interest received	1,798	1,495
Placement of pledged bank deposits	(1,426)	(10,199)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(803)	(85)
Withdrawal (placement) of fixed bank deposits	6,533	(728)
	<b>6,102</b>	(9,517)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>		
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options	3,561	–
Repayment of bank loans	(4,000)	(4,000)
Interest paid	(2,176)	(1,562)
	<b>(2,615)</b>	(5,562)
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>29,256</b>	(4,513)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period</b>	<b>94,071</b>	128,243
<b>Effect of foreign exchange rate changes</b>	<b>(3,895)</b>	4,984
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period, represented by bank balances and cash</b>	<b>119,432</b>	128,714

# NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

## 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “**HKICPA**”) as well as with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”).

## 2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for investment properties, which are measured at their fair values.

Other than changes in accounting policies resulting from application of new and amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”), the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 31 December 2018 are the same as those followed in the preparation of the Group’s annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018.

### *Application of new and amendments to HKFRSs*

In the current interim period, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 July 2018 for the preparation of the Group’s condensed consolidated financial statements:

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the related Amendments
HK(IFRIC) – Int 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions
Amendments to HKFRS 4	Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts
Amendments to HKAS 28	As part of the Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014–2016 Cycle
Amendments to HKAS 40	Transfers of Investment Property

The new and amendments to HKFRSs have been applied in accordance with the relevant transition provisions in the respective standards and amendments which results in changes in accounting policies, amounts reported and/or disclosures as described below.

## **Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)***

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

## **2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)***

### **2.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies on application of HKFRS 15 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers”**

The Group has applied HKFRS 15 for the first time in the current interim period. HKFRS 15 superseded HKAS 18 “Revenue”, HKAS 11 “Construction Contracts” and the related interpretations.

The Group recognises revenue from the property rental and property sales.

The Group has applied HKFRS 15 retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this standard recognised at the date of initial application, 1 July 2018. Any difference at the date of initial application is recognised in the opening retained profits and comparative information has not been restated. Furthermore, in accordance with the transition provisions in HKFRS 15, the Group has elected to apply the standard retrospectively only to contracts that are not completed at 1 July 2018.

#### **2.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 15**

HKFRS 15 introduces a 5-step approach when recognising revenue:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, the Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when “control” of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

## **Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)***

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

## **2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)***

### **2.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies on application of HKFRS 15 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers” *(Continued)***

#### **2.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 15 *(Continued)***

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group’s performance as the Group performs;
- the Group’s performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group’s performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

#### **2.1.2 Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 15**

The application of the HKFRS 15 has no significant impact on the timing and amounts of revenue in the current interim period and retained profits at 1 July 2018.

### **2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies on application of HKFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”**

In the current interim period, the Group has applied HKFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” and the related consequential amendments to other HKFRSs. HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for i) the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, and ii) expected credit losses (“ECL”) for financial assets, and iii) general hedge accounting.

The Group has applied HKFRS 9 in accordance with the transition provisions set out in HKFRS 9, i.e. applied the classification and measurement requirements (including impairment) retrospectively to instruments that have not been derecognised as at 1 July 2018 (date of initial application) and has not applied the requirements to instruments that have already been derecognised as at 1 July 2018. The difference between carrying amounts as at 30 June 2018 and the carrying amounts as at 1 July 2018 are recognised in the opening retained profits and other components of equity, without restating comparative information.

Accordingly, certain comparative information may not be comparable as comparative information was prepared under HKAS 39 “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement”.

## **Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)***

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

## **2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)***

### **2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies on application of HKFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” *(Continued)***

#### **2.2.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9**

##### **Classification and measurement of financial assets**

Trade receivables arising from contracts with customers are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15.

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value, including unquoted equity investments measured at cost less impairment under HKAS 39.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Directors reviewed and assessed the Group’s financial assets as at 1 July 2018 based on the facts and circumstances that existed at that date. There was no impact on the amounts recognised in relation to these assets from the application of HKFRS 9. Changes in classification and measurement on the Group’s financial assets and the impacts thereof are detailed in note 2.2.2.

##### **Impairment under ECL model**

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on financial assets which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9 (including amount due from a joint venture, loan receivables, trade and other receivables, amount due from a non-controlling shareholder, bank deposits and bank balances). The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL (“**12m ECL**”) represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessments are done based on the Group’s historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

## **Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)***

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

## **2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)***

### **2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies on application of HKFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” *(Continued)***

#### **2.2.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 *(Continued)***

##### **Impairment under ECL model *(Continued)***

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on these assets are assessed collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

##### ***Significant increase in credit risk***

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument’s external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor’s ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor’s ability to meet its debt obligations.

## **Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)***

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### **2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)***

#### **2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies on application of HKFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” *(Continued)***

##### **2.2.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 *(Continued)***

###### **Impairment under ECL model *(Continued)***

###### ***Significant increase in credit risk *(Continued)****

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if i) it has a low risk of default, ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when it has an internal or external credit rating of ‘investment grade’ as per globally understood definitions.

The Group considers that default has occurred when the instrument is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

###### ***Measurement and recognition of ECL***

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information.

Generally, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

## **Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)***

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

## **2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)***

### **2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies on application of HKFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” *(Continued)***

#### **2.2.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 *(Continued)***

##### **Impairment under ECL model *(Continued)***

###### ***Measurement and recognition of ECL *(Continued)****

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amounts with the exception of trade receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

As at 1 July 2018, the Directors reviewed and assessed the Group’s existing financial assets for impairment in accordance with the requirements of HKFRS 9. The results of the assessment and the impact thereof are detailed in note 2.2.2.

#### **2.2.2 Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9**

##### **(a) Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities**

The adoption of HKFRS 9 does not have any impact on the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities.

##### **(b) Impairment under ECL model**

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure ECL which used a lifetime ECL for trade receivables. To measure the ECL, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics.

Loss allowances for other financial assets at amortised cost mainly comprise of amount due from a joint venture, loan receivables, other receivables, amount due from a non-controlling shareholder, bank deposits and bank balances, are measured on 12m ECL basis and there had been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

As at 1 July 2018, the Group has assessed and reviewed the existing financial assets for impairment using reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort in accordance with the requirements of HKFRS 9 and no additional impairment loss was identified.

Except as described above, the application of other amendments to HKFRSs in the current interim period has had no material effect on the amounts reported and/or disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### 3. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the board of Directors (the “**Board**”) of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of performance focused on the location of the properties for property rental and property sales.

The property rental segment includes property leasing operation in the People’s Republic of China (the “**PRC**”). The Group’s investment properties portfolio, which mainly consists of offices, shopping mall and carparks, are located in Shanghai and Beijing, the PRC. The property sales segment includes sales of the Group’s trading properties in Beijing, the PRC.

The revenue from property rental is recognised over time and the revenue from property sales is recognised at a point in time.

These divisions, property rental and property sales analysed based on distinct geographical locations, are the basis on which the Group reports its segment information under Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard 8 “Operating Segments”.

The following is an analysis of the Group’s revenue and results by reportable and operating segment for the period:

	Property rental			Property sales			Consolidated	
	Beijing		Shanghai Six months ended 31 December (Unaudited)		Beijing		2018 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000		
<b>SEGMENT REVENUE</b>								
REVENUE								
External sales	<u>18,276</u>	17,941	<u>35,010</u>	36,595	-	-	<u>53,286</u>	54,536
SEGMENT RESULT	<u>13,175</u>	27,119	<u>43,815</u>	62,213	(94)	(95)	<u>56,896</u>	89,237
Unallocated other income							<u>4,336</u>	13,522
Unallocated corporate expenses							(13,624)	(13,231)
Finance costs							(2,209)	(1,562)
Share of loss of a joint venture							(5,084)	(4,852)
Profit before taxation							<u>40,315</u>	83,114

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group’s accounting policies. Segment result represents the profit (loss) from each segment without the allocation of central administration costs, exchange (loss) gain, bank interest income, imputed interest income on amount due from a joint venture, finance costs and share of loss of a joint venture. This is the measure reported to the Board of the Company for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### 4. OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Included in other income, gains and losses are:		
Bank interest income	2,299	1,552
Exchange (loss) gain, net	(5,058)	5,029
Imputed interest income on amount due from a joint venture	<u>6,871</u>	<u>6,711</u>

### 5. FINANCE COSTS

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Interest on bank borrowings	<u>2,209</u>	<u>1,562</u>

### 6. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	<u>173</u>	<u>172</u>

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### 7. TAXATION

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
The tax (credit) charge comprises:		
Current tax in the PRC (other than Hong Kong)		
Current period	3,566	3,761
Deferred tax credit	(8,399)	(861)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	(4,833)	2,900

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the condensed consolidated financial statements as the Group has no assessable profit for both periods.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the “**EIT Law**”) and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the Group’s PRC subsidiary is 25% for both periods.

Certain subsidiaries of the Company incorporated in Hong Kong and the British Virgin Islands are subject to withholding tax ranging from 10% to 25% on their taxable rental income, management fee income and interest income in the PRC.

### 8. DIVIDENDS

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Final dividend payable in respect of year ended 30 June 2018 of 4 Hong Kong cents (2017: 3 Hong Kong cents) per share	<hr/>	<hr/>
	9,133	6,752

During the current interim period, a final dividend of 4 Hong Kong cents per share in respect of the year ended 30 June 2018 (2017: 3 Hong Kong cents per share in respect of the year ended 30 June 2017) was declared to the owners of the Company. The aggregate amount of the final dividend declared in the interim period amounted to HK\$9,133,000 (six months ended 31 December 2017: HK\$6,752,000).

In respect of an interim dividend for the six months ended 31 December 2018, the Company will convene a separate meeting of the Board on 12 March 2019 to consider and, if appropriate, approve, among other matters, the declaration and payment of an interim dividend for such period.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### 9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
<b>Earnings</b>		
Earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share (profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company)	<b>44,418</b>	78,876
	Six months ended 31 December	
	2018 (Unaudited)	2017 (Unaudited)
<b>Number of shares</b>		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	<b>225,560,909</b>	225,066,181
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares on share options	<b>12,228,316</b>	12,998,662
Number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	<b>237,789,225</b>	238,064,843

### 10. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	HK\$'000
<b>FAIR VALUE</b>	
At 1 July 2018 (audited)	2,136,283
Exchange realignment	(80,674)
Increase in fair value of investment properties	14,923
<b>At 31 December 2018 (unaudited)</b>	<b>2,070,532</b>

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### 10. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES *(Continued)*

The fair value of the Group's investment properties (including commercial and car parking portion and office unit) as at 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2018 has been arrived at on the basis of valuations carried out by Savills Valuation and Professional Services Limited, an independent firm of qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group with appropriate qualification and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. The valuation was arrived at with adoption of the direct comparison approach by making reference to comparable sales transactions as available in the market and where appropriate, adopted the investment method by capitalising the rental incomes of the properties derived from the existing tenancies with due allowance for the reversionary income potential of the properties. The revaluation gave rise to a net gain arising from increase in fair value of HK\$14,923,000 (six months ended 31 December 2017: HK\$47,408,000) which has been recognised in profit or loss. All the investment properties are situated in the PRC.

### 11. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE/AMOUNT DUE FROM A JOINT VENTURE

	At 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 30 June 2018 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Cost of investment, unlisted	<b>161,796</b>	164,826
Share of post-acquisition losses and reserves	<b>(89,980)</b>	(84,621)
	<b>71,816</b>	80,205
Amount due from a joint venture	<b>236,420</b>	238,283

*Note:*

Shenzhen Zhen Wah Harbour Enterprises Ltd. (“**Zhen Wah**”) was a sino-foreign equity joint venture company and indirectly held by the Company. The Group was able to exercise 50% voting power in the joint venture, which was determined by the proportion of the Group's representatives in the board of directors of Zhen Wah.

The Group had lodged petitions for international arbitrations in respect of the dispute with the Chinese joint venture partner as to the percentages of equity interest held in Zhen Wah in prior years. Two arbitral proceedings were heard and two arbitral awards were made by China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission in 2008 and 2010.

## **Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)***

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### **11. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE/AMOUNT DUE FROM A JOINT VENTURE *(Continued)***

#### *Note: (Continued)*

Before the arbitrations, the Group injected RMB42,840,000 as investment cost to Zhen Wah, representing 80% of equity interests in Zhen Wah. Pursuant to the arbitral award made in 2008, the registered capital of Zhen Wah was confirmed to be RMB21,000,000, of which RMB10,290,000 and RMB10,710,000 were contributed by the Group and the Chinese joint venture partner, respectively, and that the equity interests of Zhen Wah were held by the Group and the Chinese joint venture partner as to 49% and 51%, respectively. The additional capital contribution of RMB32,550,000 by the Group was considered as advances to Zhen Wah by the Group.

Also, the arbitral award made in 2010 supported the distribution of profit arising from relevant income generated from a piece of land held by Zhen Wah located in Tung Kok Tau, Shenzhen, the PRC before re-development entitled by the Group should be 80%.

The assets and liabilities of Zhen Wah were deconsolidated and the Group's share of net assets and results in Zhen Wah had been accounted for as a joint venture under the equity method based on the Group's 49% equity interest in Zhen Wah since the year ended 30 June 2009.

The distribution of profit arising from relevant income was accounted for under the equity method based on the Group's 49% equity interest in Zhen Wah. The additional share of 31% up to 31 December 2018 which has not been recognised by the Group amounted to HK\$10,368,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$10,368,000), as the Directors consider the result of the arbitration is subject to the agreement of the Chinese joint venture partner.

The operation period of Zhen Wah expired on 16 January 2014. Both joint venture partners of Zhen Wah determined not to extend its operation period and an application was lodged to liquidate Zhen Wah in prior year. The PRC court accepted the application for liquidation of Zhen Wah and appointed a law firm in the PRC as the liquidation committee of Zhen Wah in July 2016.

Based on the PRC laws and regulations and the related interpretations by an external PRC legal counsel engaged by the Group, after the expiry of the operation period and even under liquidation process, the legal identity of Zhen Wah still exists and the net assets of Zhen Wah will be distributed to the joint venture partners based on their equity contributions after the completion of the liquidation. The Directors expect that the liquidation process is not expected to complete within one year. Accordingly, the Directors continue to account for Zhen Wah as a joint venture of the Group using the equity method of accounting in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

The amount due from a joint venture is unsecured and to be repayable after the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period. The amount is carried at amortised cost at an effective interest rate of 6% (30 June 2018: 6%) per annum.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### 11. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE/AMOUNT DUE FROM A JOINT VENTURE *(Continued)*

*Note: (Continued)*

The Directors have assessed the recoverability of interest in a joint venture and amount due from a joint venture amounting to HK\$71,816,000 and HK\$236,420,000, respectively as at 31 December 2018. Based on the latest financial information and fair value of net assets of Zhen Wah, the Directors have concluded that the amounts will be fully recoverable.

Particulars of the joint venture as at 31 December 2018 and 30 June 2018 are as follows:

Name of joint venture	Place of establishment	The Group's equity interest	Principal activity
Shenzhen Zhen Wah Harbour Enterprises Ltd.	PRC	49%	Operation ceased <i>(Note)</i>

*Note:* The operation period of Zhen Wah expired on 16 January 2014. Thereafter, Zhen Wah ceased its operation and is now in the process of liquidation.

### 12. LOAN RECEIVABLES

	At 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 30 June 2018 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Loan receivables	<b>1,522</b>	1,582
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	<b>(1,522)</b>	(1,582)
	—	—

The loan receivables were unsecured and interest-free. The amounts were all past due at the end of the reporting period.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### 13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

For property sales, the Group allows an average credit period of 30 days (30 June 2018: 30 days) to the buyers. Rentals receivable from tenants are payable on presentation of invoices.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables of HK\$8,309,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$8,619,000), net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$3,584,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$3,299,000), presented based on invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

	At 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 30 June 2018 HK\$'000 (Audited)
0–60 days	3,145	3,769
61–90 days	107	443
More than 90 days	1,473	1,108
	<hr/> <b>4,725</b>	<hr/> <b>5,320</b>

Included in the Group's trade receivable balances are debtors with a carrying amount of HK\$1,913,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$2,077,000) which are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. There has not been a significant change in credit quality and the management considers that the amounts are still recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average overdue age of these receivables is 105 days (30 June 2018: 92 days) overdue.

*Aging of past due but not impaired trade receivables*

	At 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 30 June 2018 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Overdue:		
0–30 days	193	326
31–60 days	140	200
61–90 days	107	443
More than 90 days	1,473	1,108
	<hr/> <b>1,913</b>	<hr/> <b>2,077</b>

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### 14. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

At 31 December 2018, the balance of trade and other payables included trade payables of HK\$530,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$767,000). The following is an aged analysis of trade payables based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

	At 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 30 June 2018 HK\$'000 (Audited)
0–60 days	<b>458</b>	333
Over 60 days	<b>72</b>	434
	<hr/> <b>530</b> <hr/>	<hr/> 767 <hr/>

The other payables mainly include rental deposits of HK\$12,979,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$15,170,000) and receipt in advance of HK\$6,659,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$5,390,000).

### 15. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	Amount HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each		
Authorised:		
At 1 July 2017, 30 June 2018 and <b>31 December 2018</b>	<hr/> <b>300,000,000</b> <hr/>	<hr/> <b>300,000</b> <hr/>
Issued and fully paid:		
At 1 July 2017	225,066,181	225,066
Issue upon exercise of share options ( <i>Note</i> )	107,500	108
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 June 2018 and 1 July 2018	225,173,681	225,174
Issue upon exercise of share options ( <i>Note</i> )	3,150,000	3,150
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>At 31 December 2018</b>	<b>228,323,681</b>	<b>228,324</b>

*Note:* During the six months ended 31 December 2018, the Company issued 3,150,000 (year ended 30 June 2018: 107,500) ordinary shares of HK\$1 each upon exercise of share options. The exercise price of the share options during the period was HK\$1.13 per share. The new ordinary shares rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### 16. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company previously adopted a share option scheme on 21 December 2001 (the “**2001 Scheme**”). On 9 December 2011, an ordinary resolution was passed by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company approving the adoption of a new share option scheme (the “**2011 Scheme**”) which will expire on 8 December 2021 and the simultaneous termination of the 2001 Scheme with effect from 9 December 2011. Both the 2001 Scheme and 2011 Scheme were adopted for the purpose of providing incentives to Directors, employees and eligible participants.

Under both the 2001 Scheme and 2011 Scheme, the Board of the Company may grant share options (the “**Options**”) to Directors, employees of the Company and its subsidiaries and such eligible participants at the discretion of the Board of the Company pursuant to the terms thereof, to subscribe for shares of the Company (the “**Shares**”), at a price per Share not less than the highest of (i) the closing price of a Share as stated in the Stock Exchange’s daily quotation sheets on the date of grant of the relevant Option, which must be a trading day; (ii) the average of the closing price of a Share as stated in the Stock Exchange’s daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the relevant Option; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the share option schemes shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of the adoption of the relevant share option scheme. Under the 2011 Scheme, such 10% represents 21,910,368 Shares, which continue to represent about 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this interim report. No Director, employee or eligible participant may exercise option(s) granted to him or her under the share option scheme if such exercise would result in him or her subscribing for more than 1% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of such new grant in any 12-month period. The option period for which the options granted are exercisable, shall be such period as notified by the Board of the Company, save that it shall not be more than ten years from the date of grant. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable by the grantee on acceptance of each grant. The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of the offer.

As at 31 December 2018, the number of Shares in respect of which Options had been granted and remained outstanding under the 2001 Scheme and the 2011 Scheme were 11,180,000 (30 June 2018: 14,330,000) Shares and 1,000,000 (30 June 2018: 1,000,000) Shares respectively, representing 5.1% (30 June 2018: 6.6%) and 0.5% (30 June 2018: 0.5%) of the Shares in issue as at the date of approval of the 2001 Scheme and 2011 Scheme.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### 16. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS *(Continued)*

The following tables disclose details of the Company's Options:

*For the six months ended 31 December 2018*

Date of grant	Exercise price per Share	Exercisable period	Number of Options			
			Outstanding at 1 July 2018	Granted during the period	Exercised during the period	Lapsed during the period
<b>2001 Scheme</b>						
25 October 2011	1.13	25 October 2011 to 24 October 2019	14,330,000	-	(3,150,000)	-
Exercisable at the end of the period						11,180,000
Weighted average exercise price (HK\$)			1.13	-	1.13	-
<b>2011 Scheme</b>						
10 November 2015	3.05	10 November 2015 to 24 October 2019	1,000,000	-	-	-
Exercisable at the end of the period						1,000,000
Weighted average exercise price (HK\$)			3.05	-	-	-

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### 16. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS *(Continued)*

*For the six months ended 31 December 2017*

Date of grant	Exercise price per Share HK\$	Exercisable period	Number of Options				Outstanding at 31 December 2017
			Outstanding at 1 July 2017	Granted during the period	Exercised during the period	Lapsed during the period	

#### 2001 Scheme

25 October 2011	1.13	25 October 2011 to 24 October 2019	14,437,500	-	-	-	14,437,500
-----------------	------	--	------------	---	---	---	------------

Exercisable at the end of the period 14,437,500

Weighted average exercise price (HK\$)	1.13	-	-	-	1.13
--	------	---	---	---	------

#### 2011 Scheme

10 November 2015	3.05	10 November 2015 to 24 October 2019	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
------------------	------	---	-----------	---	---	---	-----------

Exercisable at the end of the period 1,000,000

Weighted average exercise price (HK\$)	3.05	-	-	-	3.05
--	------	---	---	---	------

Options exercised during the six months ended 31 December 2018 resulted in 3,150,000 Shares being issued. The related weighted average closing price of the Share immediately before the dates on which the Options were exercised was HK\$7.52 per share.

For the Options granted on 25 October 2011 and 10 November 2015, the fair value of each Option determined as at the date of grant using the binomial option pricing model was HK\$0.375 and HK\$0.930 respectively.

Save as disclosed above, no other option was granted under the 2001 Scheme and 2011 Scheme since their adoption.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

For the six months ended 31 December 2018

### 17. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group has given guarantees in respect of the settlement of home loans provided by banks to the home buyers of a property project in Beijing, the PRC. At 31 December 2018, the Group had given guarantees in respect of such home loans of HK\$1,538,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$1,859,000). The Directors consider that the fair values of these financial guarantee contracts at their initial recognition and at the end of the reporting period are insignificant on the basis of the low loan to value ratio.

### 18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Other than those disclosed in notes 4 and 11, during the period, the Group has entered into the following transactions with related companies:

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Rental income received	55	—
Other income received	225	233
Rental and management fees paid	2,143	1,932
Consultancy service fees paid	1,100	500
Agency fees paid	366	389

Other outstanding balances with the following related companies, which are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand, at 31 December 2018 and 30 June 2018, are as follows:

	At 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 30 June 2018 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Deposits due from related companies included in other receivables	515	515
Amounts due from related companies included in other receivables	1,335	1,541
Amount due to a related company included in other payables	1,688	1,095
Amount due from a non-controlling shareholder	873	907

The related companies are companies controlled by certain Directors.

During the current interim period, the emoluments of key management personnel were HK\$1,723,000 (six months ended 31 December 2017: HK\$2,069,000).